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SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

The subscription price of the Weekly Star is as follows: Copy 1 year, postage paid, \$1.00; 6 months, 60 cents; 3 months, 35 cents; 1 month, 5 cents.

DIVERSIFIED INDUSTRIES.

That country is the richest and most independent which makes what it needs itself to supply its own wants and what other countries need to supply their wants. Gold mines and silver mines are a source of wealth, but the country which has gold mines and silver mines however abundant their yield, which has no manufactures, but is compelled to buy what it needs from other nations, will see the product of the mines pass into their hands to enrich them and remain poor itself. Spain some time owned the richest mines in the world. England had under the surface of her sea-girt isle coal, iron and copper and tin. She utilized these, turned her attention to manufactures and became the richest and most powerful nation on the face of the earth, while Spain, once proud and rich in gold and silver, now ranks among the poorest and most insignificant.

As an illustration nearer home:

The New England States, the wealthiest section of this country, with but few advantages and but little to attract, with a poor soil and a poorer climate, driven into manufacturing from sheer necessity if not from inclination, furnishes the capital for the greatest enterprises of the country, is virtually the owner of great Western cities and of millions and millions of the grain-growing acres of the fertile West. She couldn't raise on her soilless hills enough to eat, but she had the genius and the enterprise to manufacture everything from a wooden toothpick, or a wooden wagon, to a jumbo locomotive. Will water-power and steam she turned her humming wheels and shipped the money of other sections into her coffers. She has not the unendowed way in this line that she has had for other sections have entered the field which was once almost exclusively hers, and are proving potent competitors, especially the South, which in the past decade has reaped a large portion of her trade from her in one of her leading industries, the manufacture of cotton goods.

What diversified manufacturing is to a country or section of country:

Diversified agriculture is to the agricultural country or section. That agricultural section is the most independent and on the shortest way to wealth which raises the greatest variety of marketable products, and comes nearest supplying the wants of the consumer at home and abroad. No agricultural country or section ever acquired permanent prosperity from the one crop system, and but few men, and these men of rare talent and ability, ever became rich by following it for the reason that the uncertainties attending, and the mishaps to one crop may destroy the profits of several.

The planters of the South have raised within the past five years \$2,000,000,000 worth of cotton.

Where is the money? Gone to pay for the cost of cultivating the cotton, for manufactured articles of necessity on the farm and in the household, and for supplies for man and stock, which were not raised upon the plantation. Much of it went to the grain-growers and stock-raisers of the West for bread and meat. In addition to this the South raised millions of bushels of corn, wheat and oats, but none for market, and not enough to supply the home demand. There is improvement in this respect, however, for the South is gradually growing out of the one-crop system and is realizing the fact that to accumulate and reap the largest benefit there must be diversification of production upon the farm. Some farmers act upon this principle, and as a rule they are the most prosperous and independent of the tillers of the soil.

There are many things which might be added to the products of Southern farms as incidentals, which in the aggregate would bring in a good deal of money to Southern farmers, such as sorghum, berries, silk, wool, hops, nuts, to be grown, which the South is well adapted to. To these the Manufacturer's Record of last week adds the cranberry, which is a very profitable crop, yielding at the

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rate of 300 bushels to the acre on lands well adapted to them. They are worth \$5 a bushel. We know of nothing else that is grown in this country that will yield \$1,000 an acre. The Record is surprised, considering the luxuriance with which this berry grows in the South, especially in the boggy sections of eastern North Carolina, that it has received no attention. It would take more than twenty-five average acres of land to produce cotton enough to equal in value one good acre of cranberries, which require practically no cultivation and about the only cost of which is for picking and marketing.

With intensive and diversified agriculture there is no telling what the future or the wealth-producing powers of the Southern farm may be.

These point the way to independence and to fortune for the Southern farmer.

STATE TOPICS.

The Tarboro Southern says that the number of fine cattle in that county is being increased every year by additional purchases of thoroughbreds, as fine stock is found to pay. There is no doubt about that, for it has been fully demonstrated by the success of those who have given fine stock their attention. The first cost of a thoroughbred is something more than a scrub but the thoroughbred costs no more to raise than the scrub, and when it is raised one has something worth raising, something in which there is not only pleasure to look at but profit in keeping. There are herds in this State which would delight their eye of any lover of fine stock, and we are glad to know that the number steadily increases.

The Oxford Day says that although many houses have been built in that town for the past few years and this year a vacant house can't be found in the town.

This is true of many other towns in the State, probably of all the towns situated on lines of railroads, which are well located for business. Our towns are all growing, the tendency of the population being that way. There are in many of our towns Building and Loan Associations which are proving advantageous, and through which a great stimulus has been given to building. These might be supplemented by the organization of building associations, organized simply for the purpose of erecting houses. They could easily dispose of the houses at a reasonable advance on the cost of construction, and then supply nice, comfortable, attractive houses at a less figure than such houses could be built for by parties desiring them. By building many under the same management the cost of construction would be reduced to the minimum.

We are glad to see the interest which is being manifested in the district and county fairs which are to be held throughout the State this fall.

From all the indications which we see and the reports of the State papers, we think the fairs as a general thing will be unusually good this year, and will show up well for the respective sections in which they will be held. It is a good sign to see the people taking so much interest in these local fairs, which exert a good influence, and one which extends beyond the immediate neighborhood in which they are held. We believe in fairs of all kinds, including the fair sex, for they are educators and stimulants to noble exertion. When a spirit of emulation is aroused on the farm it always results in good, and the whole community is directly or indirectly benefited.

If you owe for subscription to the WEEKLY STAR why don't you pay it?

Is it fair to subscribe to a paper, read it regularly for one or more years, and then pay no attention to a bill when received?

The Anti-Lottery bill having been signed by the President is now a law.

It is regarded as a death-blow to the lottery business. It forbids carrying in the mails or delivery of any printed written circular or letter concerning lotteries, any lists of drawings, money checks, postal notes or money orders, for the purchase of tickets, or the carrying of the mails of any newspaper, pamphlet, circulation or publication of any description containing any advertisement or a list of prizes of any lottery. It forbids any person from mailing or causing to be mailed any such matter, and it furthermore provides that proceedings for the violation of this law may be instituted either at the place of mailing or at the place of delivery, or at any place where it may be delivered to the person addressed.

At any time during the past few months you received a bill for subscription to the WEEKLY STAR? If so, do you have not already paid the amount, do so at once. It is wrong to read a paper without paying for it.

REV. SAM JONES.

Some of His Pungent Sayings at Round Lake and Lynnhaven.

The Lynchburg, Va., News reports the following among the latest sayings of the Rev. Sam Jones at the meetings now in progress in that city: 'I'm sometimes asked if I don't think a dancing church member can go to heaven. Oh, yes, I think any boy dancer will get there; but it will be under the clause that makes special provision for idiots. Often Sam Jones is criticized for his bad grammar. Well, I do splutterdash the thing some; but it's like the difference between the slug and the bird shot. The slug is rough and uneven, but when it hits a fellow it does powerful execution. The bird shot is nice and smooth and shiny, but it don't hurt big game a bit. Fact is, I'm sorry for a preacher that can't get there only through grammar.'

I've long ways more respect for a saloon-keeper than for a dancing master. The saloon-keeper is only after my boy while the damnable old hook-necked dancing-master is after my girl. You will hear a lot of old fools right here that down say to sensible people: 'Now, if you want to get into good society join our church.' But why don't you keep right along and tell it all? They don't you tell them. 'If you want to go to hell come and go long with us.' A fashionable wine-supper is simply an ante-room to a saloon.

At Round Lake, N. Y., Mr. Jones concluded his summer engagement last week. The New York Sun quotes him as saying there:

'To be a Christian you must be a prohibitionist. I don't mean a third party man but you must be a man that is against everything that favors whiskey, and in favor of everything that is against it. "Amen," when Jones said, "never you say "amen" to this man, if you vote the Republican ticket again. "I'm so glad that I don't preach like other preachers; and I'm so glad that whenever any one tries to preach like I do he makes an ass of himself. "Most preachers could leap from the old darkey down South, who said: "My sermon will be divided into three parts - the text, the subject matter, and the arousments; and seeing it is so warm, we'll leave off the first two parts and attend to the arousments." "You said a vulgar thing in the pulpit, never. When a horse has sore spots on him he thinks a curycumb is vulgar, but when he is sound he likes it. "The dog barks and whines at the moon, but the moon shines on; and so your uncle Jones is going to tell folks scold and howl, and he will try to look straight right on. "The homes of this country are the key to success, or to failure. And as many homes have been turned over to the devil, and all multitudes are going to the devil. "A man will pay a dollar a day to have his horse trained aright, and he would rather have it shet off every danger; but we let our children come up as they will. "The thing now most to be dreaded in your home is yellow-backed literature. "Don't let bad children into your yard, even if their parents are rich. "You say I don't preach the Gospel; but you poor soul, you wouldn't know the Gospel if you should meet it coming down the road. "Nine-tenths of the old people are after the new religion, and nine-tenths of the young are after a good time, and it is hard to tell which are the biggest fools. "God loves everybody, then will not everybody be saved? No; for love never saved anybody. If it did, not another mother's son would ever go to a drunkard's grave. "A man gives his wife \$50 to buy a new dress, and she needs it; but she takes the money to buy coal and pay rent for some poor woman. She has more religion than one who rides to a missionary meeting in a \$600 carriage and then pays her monthly subscription of 10 cents. "At least two things to make you a Christian; first, to realize that God loves you, and second, for you to pitch in and love God all you can. "A good man begins to crown upon who the world doesn't want it; if he did, the rascal would go and sell it the first chance he got. "A better fellow in the world are the ministers. (Then, turning to those on the platform.) True, you don't get very big salaries; but you get all the fun. "And now I begins to give liberally, folks begin to think he is losing his mind."

Extracts from One of His Sermons Delivered in Lynchburg.

'Did you ever think how far a bad boy must go to alienate the affections of a mother? I point you to the saddest and most pitoeus voice on earth: 'Where is my wandering boy to-night?' 'A mother's love! If she has five boys and four of them are preachers and the fifth a vagabond and a scamp, she loves the mean boy best. You may say what you please about the preachers; but begin to abuse the scamp and she'll halt you on the spot. And why? The father loves the one who is weak and she loves the one because he most needs her. I said to my wife some time ago: 'Laura, I believe you loved me better when I was a good-for-nothing old vagabond than you do now.' 'Well, suppose I did, old fellow,' was her reply, 'you needed it worse then. Now you can't tote your own skill!' I repeat, that God loves the wandering better than the good man. Now you will say: 'Pshaw! Jones; that can't be so!' If it isn't so, and I can't prove it, I'll take it back and beg your pardon. And I'm going to prove it by the book. A man had an hundred sheep, and one of them went astray, leaving ninety-nine safe in the fold. The man in a fret says: 'Well, let him go. It ain't but one, and he'll no business to be troubling off. Is that what happened? No. The man said: 'Well, I'll go a little way and see if I can find the sheep,' doing which, he failed to find the sheep, he said: 'I won't search any more, but return to the ninety and nine safe in the fold. That's the way back to the fold? No. He tenderly lifts it up, trembling and fatigued, footsore and hungry, and placing it gently against his breast, bears it back lovingly to where he had left the ninety and nine

CRIMINAL COURT.

A Verdict of Guilty in the Pejory Case -The Maynor-Palls Murder Case Continued to the November Term.

The jury in the Barker perjory case came into court at half-past five o'clock yesterday afternoon and returned a verdict of 'Guilty' with recommendation to the mercy of the Court.' The defendant -Jno. A. Barker-was in the Court room at the time, but none of his attorneys was present. The Court did not pronounce judgment. The jury were out 87 hours. It is said that during the forenoon yesterday they sent a communication to the Court stating that they stood nine for conviction and three for acquittal, and that it was impossible to come to an agreement; but no attention was paid to the communication, and in the afternoon, finding that arrangements had been made to give them supper, and that they would be detained another night, an agreement was reached. In the case of Charles Maynor, the colored man in the County Jail indicted for the murder of Nathan Palls, the Solicitor asked for a continuance for the State until the November term, 1890, on the ground that W. A. Berry, the detective, and an important witness, was not present. The case was ordered continued.

THE NEW GRAND SIRE.

Sketch of One of North Carolina's Favorite Sons Who Will be Elected to the Highest Position.

Hon. Charles M. Busbee, elected Grand Sire of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., of the world, is a native of North Carolina, and lives in Raleigh, in the household by his grandfather in 1816. He is 44 years of age, and is the youngest Grand Sire ever elected. Mr. Busbee is a lawyer of the prominent and well known law firm of Reade, Busbee & Busbee of Raleigh, and a very prominent man in his State and country with his worthiness.

REGISTRATION LAW.

The following synopsis of the new law providing for the registration of voters, prepared for the Goldsboro Dispatch by a lawyer of that town, and to which we make two important additions, will be found useful both to registrars and voters:

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3. The registration books shall be kept open for registration from sunrise to sunset each day, except Sundays.

4. On Saturday, October 23, 1890, it shall be the duty of the registrars and judges of election to attend at the polling places of their townships, or precinct, with the registration books, from 9 a. m. till 3 p. m., when any objections to the registration books shall be open to the inspection of the voters, and objections to voters shall then be made, and the registration books shall be closed; and a time and place before election day shall be appointed to hear such challenges, upon giving notice to the person whose name has been challenged.

5. All male persons, twenty-one years old and upwards, (not being idiots or lunatics, or insane, or convicted of an infamous crime committed after January 1, 1877, and not having been legally restored to rights of citizenship) born in the United States, or who shall have legally naturalized, who shall have resided in the State twelve months next preceding the election and 90 days in the county in which he proposes to vote, shall be entitled to vote.

6. The residence of a married man shall be where his family resides, and that of a single man shall be where he resides, and should he stay in one precinct and board in another, his residence shall be where he sleeps.

7. If a voter has previously been registered in any ward, precinct or town, ship in the county, he shall not be allowed to register again, until he procures a certificate of the register of the former township, ward or precinct, that he has removed from the same, and that his name has been erased from the registration books of said ward, township or precinct.

8. And the identity of any person claiming a right to be registered in any precinct of the same county by virtue of such certificate, with the person therein named, shall be proved by the oath of the claimants, and when required by the registrar, by the oath of at least one other elector.

9. Every person who shall present himself for registration shall state under oath how long he has continuously resided in this State and in the county in which he offers to vote; whether he is an alien, and if so, how long he has been in the country; or whether he is a free man of twenty-one years of age; whether married or single, and where or with whom he resides. Upon the request of any elector, the registrar shall require the applicant to prove his identity or age and residence by such testimony, under oath, as may be satisfactory to the registrar.

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THE CROP.

Damage Not so Great as Reported. The reports now from the Savannah river planters and also from those on the Ogechee are not so gloomy as they were, and the damage is smaller than was formerly estimated. This, says the Savannah Morning News of yesterday, is usually the case every season after a bad spell of weather. The greatest danger to the growing rice during the continuous rains of the last two weeks was that of its becoming overripe, and thereby losing in its value by reason of its poor grading, as well as the additional cost of gathering it. When rice becomes over-ripe it becomes chalky in the grain and falls over and breaks off the stock at the top, or in other words hangs down heavily, so that the laborer who is cutting and gathering into the stacks cannot cut it so rapidly as he could were the plant straight up and down; so that it entails longer time and greater labor, and consequently more pay. The fears of its being over-ripe were well grounded, but not to the extent or percentage of last week's estimates.

It is now thought that the damage by over ripeness will probably be 10 to 15 per cent; the very conservative say 10 per cent.

ANOTHER AUTHORITY.

In the issue of the Financial Chronicle it gives the totals of the American crop of cotton, as made up by them for the year 1889-90, showing the crop to have been 7,313,726 bales, averaging 496.13 pounds per bale, against 6,936,082 bales, averaging 498.60 pounds per bale for the previous year. In its summing of the crop and its marketing, there are a great many facts and figures of interest about cotton and cotton fabrics. It shows that spindles have increased year by year, and especially in the South. It states that manufacturing, however, in the south has been unsatisfactory, from the fact that the kind of goods that the South is most largely producing is the kind that is suffering greatly from overproduction, and that, taken as a whole, the manufacturing industry of the cotton States is very unsatisfactory, and it has been the prevailing tendency for several years. It claims, however, that the cotton industry is as firmly and permanently established at the south as it is at any other manufacturing center in the world, and is certain to develop.

A PERTINENT INQUIRY.

If it is Right in Massachusetts, why not in Mississippi?

Mr. N. P. Brown, a democrat of Mississippi, observes of the state convention: 'The incorporation of the educational qualifying clause in the new constitution, as I admit, for the main purpose of disfranchising the great majority of the blacks. By it about 120,000 negroes will be debarred from voting, and between 10,000 and 15,000 whites.' Upon which the Lowell Morning Mail remarks: 'By such statements the democrats of that state are convicted out of their own mouth.' But what of the reckless and cruel disfranchisement of the illiterate voter in Massachusetts? Does the Morning Mail hold that the adoption of such sections from popular elections, which practically had sole reference to the foreign-born, citizens, "convicted" the Massachusetts republicans "out of their own mouth"!

LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

A Rose Bush in Mobile Which is Said to Beat the World.

The largest rose bush in the world is probably that which adorns the residence of Dr. E. B. Matthews, Mobile, Ala. It was planted in 1813 by the doctor's father: when a young man, and is green and flourishing after its eighty-seven years of service's heat and winter's snow. Its branches have entirely covered the house and extend to the surrounding trees, so that when it is in bloom it forms a perfect bower of roses. Its trunk for upward of five feet from the ground is nearly a foot in circumference, and it has been estimated that if growing as one continuous vine its branches would exceed a mile in length.

During the past spring three and a half bushels of roses were gathered from it in one week, while when sheathing the house with a billiard ground about it is white with its fragrant snow. It is of the variety known as the cluster musk rose.

TWINKLINGS.

No vice goes alone - except advice, which is always a loan - Drake's Magazine.

There is one thing I'd like to know - She-What's that?

He-What do you girls say when your collar button slips down the back of your neck? -Life.

Emma - We saw a sea serpent from the hotel I was at.

Bertha - Huh! That's nothing. There were two young men at the hotel where I spent my vacation. - Boston Herald.

Dignified Stranger (at newsstand) - How much are the papers is the most highly respected?

Newsman - This one, I guess. Nobody buys it. - N. Y. Weekly.

Gen't - 'Pon my honor, madame, I should hardly have known you; you have changed.

Lady (archly) - For the better or for the worse?

Gen't - Ah! madame, you could only change for the better. - Journal Amant.

Mistress (during a heated term) - 'Get dinner to-day on the gasoline stove, Bridget.' Bridget - 'Plaze, mum, I did thry, but th' stove went out.

Mistress - 'Try again, then.'

Bridget - 'Yis, mum, but it's not come back yet. It went out 'rough th' roof.'

New York Weekly.

St. Peter - You were, a very, very good little boy on earth, and now you enter to your reward.

Boy Spirit - Can I have a tin horn and a drum and a horse fiddle?

'Oh, no, but you can have a harp and a crow.' 'I wish I'd been bad.' - Street & Smith's.

FOR THE STAR.

Zeb Vance was the Moses of North Carolina in 1876, and is now the Joshua of the American working people, and the Progressive Farmer would do well to take due notice and govern itself accordingly.

H. D. MURRELL, Lecturer.

Middle Sound (New Hanover county) Alliance, No. 2,106.

POSSIBLY THE VERMONT DEFLECTION

was caused by Reel's colonizing the voters in Maine. - Phil. Times, Ind.

COTTON CROP STATEMENT.

Authorities Agree that Last Season's Crop was Immense.

The cotton crop statement for the year 1889-90, as made up by Alfred B. Shepperson, the statistician of the New York Cotton Exchange, has just been received. Mr. Shepperson makes the total of the American crop 7,397,117 bales, averaging 498.14 pounds to the bale, against a crop of 6,936,082 bales, averaging 497.06 for the previous season. He says that the spinning quality of the last crop was about 3 per cent. better than that of the previous season, and that if this is taken into consideration it will make last year's crop fully equal to 7,500,000 bales of the same weight and quality as the crop of 1888-89.

It shows that the overland movement was smaller than the two previous years, while there was a very large and increased consumption by Southern mills, and of the latter, Georgia has regained considerable ground for the lost previous year, showing up the consumption of Georgia mills to be greater than ever before. The South Carolina mills head the list with Georgia a very close second. The takings by northern spinners was slightly less than the year previous.

Real Estate Springs.

Real estate maintains a steady and increase in value, as it has done ever since the town got out from under the shadow of the big oaks several years ago. The business outlook for Real Springs has never been more favorable than it promises to be this season. With the most bountiful corn, pea and potato crop already made throughout this section of country, tribarney, Spring Springs, and with an average cotton crop which has been grown with less expense than the former than in several years, together with a good business staple, there is every reason for looking on the bright side of the case. Fayetteville Observer. The Fayetteville Graded school opened Monday with two hundred and twenty-five pupils, answering to the roll-call, compared with about two hundred and fifteen last year. Lick Lovett, a well-known colored man, was being put down and beaten, near the Carver place on the oley Western Plank Road, by a negro named Farmer, last Saturday evening. His injuries are serious. Two young men, Pate and McLeod, who were in the city last Saturday, became engaged in a bitter altercation. On the way home (all persons concerned in the quarrel were another one of the McLeods and a young Carver becoming involved, - which comprised a billiard case in which both Carver and one of the McLeods were badly cut with knives.

Tarboro Southern: The new Baptist church is being slated. It is beginning to look handsome. There will be a big fall fair at Tarboro, Va. if there is much more rain. - More fine cattle is bought by the stock raisers every year and stock raising will be one of the chief features of the fair. A farmer told the reporter that owing to the excessive rains, cotton had begun to sprout in the bolls. There is a stalk of cotton of last year's crop in the hand of Mrs. L. M. Sugg that has large full grown bolls on it that will soon mature. - Charlotte News: A deplorable accident occurred