

The Weekly Star. WILMINGTON, N. C. \$1.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

Subscription Price. The subscription price of the Weekly Star is \$1.00 per year, postage paid.

Coming Issue. The Pension issue is one of the growing issues in this country and cannot much longer be kept in the background.

Winding It Up. This coming week will in all probability decide the fate of the Force bill and settle the question whether it can pass the Senate or not.

Minor Mention. We had a report from the scene of Indian hostilities a few days ago in which it was stated that three hundred Indians were shot down and "several" soldiers killed and wounded.

Look Out For These Bills. A Description of the New Counterfeit \$2 Note. Here is a description of all which is being extensively circulated throughout the country, especially the Western States.

Washington. NEW YEAR'S DAY AT THE CAPITAL. Official Reception by the President and Others—Five on Dupont Circle—One of Secretary Blaine's House Burned.

THE WEEKLY STAR.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 9, 1891. NO. 8

tion, and it will not be long before the people will say so in thunder tones. It is a coming issue which will not and cannot be downed until this great wrong is righted, and pension laws be framed which while they recognize and do justice to the deserving soldier will also do justice to the people, who have some claim upon their servants who frame pension laws.

WINDING IT UP.
This coming week will in all probability decide the fate of the Force bill and settle the question whether it can pass the Senate or not. The silver Senators have become restive under the protracted debate, and have given Mr. Hoar to understand that he must do something, or throw up the sponge and acknowledge himself whipped. They insist that he shall bring his bill to a vote or abandon it, and let the Senate turn its attention to some other more important matters which await its consideration, among them the financial bill in which they have an special interest.

Mr. Hoar would like very much to "do something," but the trouble with the old gentleman so far has been that he hasn't been able to "do something" for the reason that every Democratic Senator was chock full of a speech, some of which were so long that they had to be cut into sections, and there wasn't any gag rule handy to choke them off. In addition to this it always so happened that when the Codfish statesman got ready to "do something" it turned out that there wasn't a quorum of Republican Senators around nor within call, to help him out. It wasn't his fault that he didn't "do something," because he couldn't.

While the silver men have become restive and impotent, other Republican Senators have become impatient and chafe under the delay in bringing the Force bill to a test, and the ridiculous attitude in which they are placed by Hoar's shuffling management.

The result of this is that a caucus will be held to-morrow to formulate a plan of action and arrange some programme for getting the gag rule applied as a necessary preliminary to the passage of the Force bill, for it is now conceded that without a gag rule, they will never be able to put the Force bill through.

But they are not over-sanguine as to their ability to do that, for the Western Senators are not enamored of it. On the contrary they are disposed to sit down on it pretty heavily, or jump on it with both feet, because they think they can see in it a sneaking scheme to choke off the free silver coinage men when the Financial bill comes up for consideration, and they are a good deal more interested in the free discussion of that than they are in the passage of the Force bill.

There is another obstacle in the way of the easy success of the gag scheme and that is their failure so far to get vice-President Morton to ignore precedents and rule to suit them. Last Monday refrigerator John Sherman tried his hand on that by urging Mr. Morton to pay no heed to a Democratic Senator who called attention to the fact that there was no quorum present to proceed to business, when Mr. Morton quietly rebuffed him by ordering a call of the roll to test the presence of a quorum. Sherman wanted him to count a quorum as boss Reed had been doing in the House. Later he sustained Senator Morgan in a question between him and Senator Edmunds, very much to the disappointment of the latter and Codfish Hoar, both of whom betook themselves to the cloak room to indulge in some presumably unparliamentary remarks and confer on the situation.

MINOR MENTION.
We had a report from the scene of Indian hostilities a few days ago in which it was stated that three hundred Indians were shot down and "several" soldiers killed and wounded. The guns were turned upon the flying savages and they were slaughtered as they fled. Three hundred was probably an exaggeration. The dispatches of Friday report another brush, and that the Seventh Regiment was ambushed in a narrow canyon, surrounded by about 1,800 blood-thirsty warriors and another Custer massacre prevented only by the timely appearance of the Ninth Regiment which attacked the Indians in the rear and put them to flight. Here again the flying savages were shot down and women and children shared the fate of men. Sentiment has no place in Indian fighting, and the white soldier shows as little of the milk of human kindness as the Indian does. But it is deplorable that a number of soldiers have lost their lives, and hundreds of Indians have been butchered in a war which might have been averted by timely investigation and prompt action by the Government. Before a blow was struck or a man hurt the Indians made complaint that they were being defrauded out of the rations that were due to them and that many of them must perish from starvation. Gen. Miles said their complaints were well founded, and as proof that there was something in them Congress, too late, appropriated an additional \$100,000 to buy them food. The rations that should have gone to them were stolen by the Indian King, who are the primary cause of all this trouble and bloodshed. The Indians are plundered, driven to desperation, their complaints unheeded, and when they resist it are butchered to make "good Indians" out of them. If the thieves who steal the rations were put in the front to catch the bullets and save better men's lives it wouldn't be so bad, and Indian wars would not be without their compensating results.

Statesmen Hoar and Edmunds, who of late seems to be giving old Codfish all the aid and comfort he can in the Force bill business, seem to be in an uneasy state of mind, for notwithstanding the fact that statesman Ingalls has his hands pretty full in trying to manage the opposition to his re-election and had pitched his camp at Topeka for thirty days, they telegraphed him to come to Washington post haste, immediately, if not sooner, that they were in sore need of his presence and aid, and the sky-scraper, despite the blizzards and sleet, posted. The reason of this uneasiness and this urgent summons to Ingalls to hasten eastward, is that the Republican Senators are weakening on the gag rule which the Force bill engineers are to try to run through this coming week, and without which the Force bill will be in the classic vernacular of Murat Halstead, "a skinned hoss." As they will do some caucusing, and probably some cussing, to-morrow night, we will perhaps know how the cat jumps within the next few days.

CONFEDERATE SURVIVORS.
Editor Star: On the 20th of August, 1864, six hundred Confederate officers, who were prisoners at Fort Delaware, were removed from that point to be placed under the fire of the Confederate guns at Charleston, S. C. It is greatly to be regretted that a number of these survivors of an organization so big as to bring us closer together once more in an intimate manner, have passed away. Living will be a great auxiliary to the cause, and I suggest that he be requested to take the matter in hand.

SAD ACCIDENT.
Eddie Yopp's Death from Lock-Jaw, Resulting from a Shot from a Parlor Rifle.
Eddie Yopp, a lad of fourteen or fifteen years, son of Mr. Andrew Yopp, died last Wednesday night about 8 o'clock, at the residence of his parents, Fifteenth and Princess streets, from lock-jaw.

Death of Mr. N. N. McMillan.
Mr. N. N. McMillan, of Onslow, died at his home in that county on Thursday last, of malarial fever, in the 40th year of his age. His remains were brought to Wilmington last evening for interment, and the funeral is announced to take place this morning at 9:30 o'clock from the First Presbyterian Church.

Books of Naval Stores at the Ports.
Stocks of naval stores at the ports January 1st are reported as follows: Spirits turpentine—Wilmington, 2,880 cases; New York, 3,770; Savannah, 9,247; Charleston, 1,650. Total 17,108 cases. Rosin—Wilmington, 20,977 barrels; New York, 28,445; Savannah, 107,747; Charleston, 18,982. Total, 171,151 barrels.

LOOK OUT FOR THESE BILLS.
A Description of the New Counterfeit \$2 Note. Here is a description of all which is being extensively circulated throughout the country, especially the Western States. The counterfeit is exceedingly dangerous. It is on the issue under the act of Aug. 4, 1888, Department series 1888, and bears the large spid' seal and also the check letter B and plate number 2,282. It is signed W. S. Rosecrans, Register of the Treasury, and James W. Hyatt, Treasurer of the United States. It is well executed and is likely to deceive even the experts in handling money. The blue figures or Treasury numbers are clear cut and closely resemble those on the genuine note. The portrait of General Hancock is well engraved, but the hair and mustache do not appear brushed as smoothly as in the genuine; also, the star on right shoulder is imperfect. The color of the seal is good, but a shade lighter than the genuine. In the upper left and lower right corners in the figure "2" of the genuine are engraved in three places the word "two." Under a good microscope it will be observed that in all the "2's" on the counterfeit the letters "ow" are engraved, but this defect would be discovered except by the aid of a good glass. In the words "United States" in the center of the note, the "t" is not engraved, but is a mere black line. In the words "United States" under signature of James W. Hyatt, the "i" and "t" extend a little below the other letters. An attempt has been made to imitate the silk fibre of the genuine note, but the back of this counterfeit is exceedingly well executed.

WASHINGTON.
NEW YEAR'S DAY AT THE CAPITAL. Official Reception by the President and Others—Five on Dupont Circle—One of Secretary Blaine's House Burned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—The year 1891 opened here disagreeable and gloomy, and the streets filled with slush and melting snow that pedestrianism with most people was decidedly unpleasant. New Year's day, however, was generally observed notwithstanding the weather. The President's reception was of course the social feature of the day, and the fact that the Chief Magistrate of the nation gives the anniversary official sanction, explains to a large extent why the custom of "calling," on the first day of the year continues to be so observed in Washington.

The reception began at 11 o'clock, the receiving party taking their places in the Blue parlor at that hour, to the familiar strains of "Hail to the Chief," played the full Marine band, which was stationed in the vestibule. Just inside the main entrance Vice President Morton and Mrs. Morton and all the members of the Cabinet, and the ladies of the families, with the exception of Mrs. Blaine, had previously joined the President and Mrs. Harrison, and followed them down stairs to the reception of the guests. The guests, with the exception of the President, retired to the Blue parlor, where a large number of the guests had already gathered, scattering them in every direction between the entrance and exit doors in the following order: The President, Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Morton, Mrs. Windom, Mrs. Proctor, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Wanamaker, Mrs. Noble and Mrs. Rusk.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The year 1891 opened here disagreeable and gloomy, and the streets filled with slush and melting snow that pedestrianism with most people was decidedly unpleasant. New Year's day, however, was generally observed notwithstanding the weather. The President's reception was of course the social feature of the day, and the fact that the Chief Magistrate of the nation gives the anniversary official sanction, explains to a large extent why the custom of "calling," on the first day of the year continues to be so observed in Washington.

NEGRO EXODUS.
Twenty Families, Consisting of One Hundred People, from Mississippi, Bound for Oklahoma—Large Numbers to Follow.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

THE INDIANS.
PITIFUL SLAUGHTER OF SQUAWS AND CHILDREN. Further Account of Recent Engagements—Troops Again on the Move and Seeking the Hostiles.

SPRITIS TURPENTINE. Oxford Day: Early in the Christmas gloom was cast over our city by the death of Charles B. Jones, which sad event occurred Friday morning, December 20.

ALABAMA.
A Fight at Catherine That was Magnified Into a Riot.

ALABAMA.
A Fight at Catherine That was Magnified Into a Riot.

ALABAMA.
A Fight at Catherine That was Magnified Into a Riot.

ALABAMA.
A Fight at Catherine That was Magnified Into a Riot.

ALABAMA.
A Fight at Catherine That was Magnified Into a Riot.

ALABAMA.
A Fight at Catherine That was Magnified Into a Riot.

ALABAMA.
A Fight at Catherine That was Magnified Into a Riot.