Specimen copies forwarded when desired,

WHO PAYS THE DUTY? The high tariff organs have a hard time defending the McKinley monstrosity, but they try it all the same with a zeal worthy of a better cause. Sometimes this blind zeal leads them into absurdities and inconsistencies that, although apparently unseen by them, are as plain to the man with eyes as a towering mountain.

One of the most glaring of these absurdities is the allegation that it is the manufacturer or the exporter abroad who pays the tariff on the article exported when every man with two grains of sense knows that the exporter adds the tariff to the price of his goods when he ships them, or that the importer who buys his goods on the other side adds the tariff paid when he sells to the jobber, the jobber adds it when he sells it to the merchant and the merchant adds when he sells to his customer, and each adds a little more to the amount paid by him to be on the safe side. They would be business idiots if they didn't. The will be \$16,000,000, if not more. Does that the Welsh manufacturers of a present of that amount, or that they will pay the \$16,000,000 this year and make their American customers a present of \$8,000,000 more? cent liberality as this. This \$8,000,000 was paid by some one, and this \$16,000,000 will be paid by some one, and it is the self-appointed mission of the organic ass to show that it is not paid by those who pay it, but by others. It is a little singular that it hasn't occurred to any of these organs to assert that

it isn't paid by any one, but pays The tin-plate tax is a live issue in Ohio, and a very live one, because the acknowledged leader of the tinplate fraud fraternity is a candidate for Governor, and he and his gang have undertaken to defend their work and prove it to be good. The Cleveland Leader, one of the most distinguished organs of the fraternity, is now engaged in the herculean task of convincing the voters of Ohio, that a very insignificant percentage of this tax is paid by the people of this country, not more than ten per cent., while the ninety per cent. is paid by oil companies, canning companies, tinware companies and owners of buildings. According to whom the Leader applied for information, the \$8,000,000 tax of last year was divided as follows: Oil companies \$1,600,000, canning companies \$2,800,000, tinware companies \$800,000, builders of houses (for roofing) \$1,600,000, domestic and other uses \$1,200,000, total \$8,-000,000. According to the estimate of the Leader, based on these figures the oil companies will pay under the McKinley tariff \$3,520,000, the canning companies \$6,160,000, the tinware companies \$1,700,000, owners of buildings \$3,520,000, domestic and other uses about \$2,500,000.

What colossal nonsense this is to assert that because some of this tin is used by oil companies, canning companies, tinware companies, and for roofing upon buildings that the \$14,960,000 which it is calculated they will pay is not felt by the people. Do not the oil companies add to the price of their oil the extra cost of the tin-plate to them in consequence of the duty paid? Do not the canning companies charge the extra cost of their cans? Do not the tinware men charge the extra cost of the tin-plate they use when they put their tinware upon the market? Do not the men who put roofs on buildings charge the additional cost of the tin they use? And don't the people who use oil, canned goods, It is the sheerest idiocy or the most baldfaced lying to assert to the contrary.

But aside from this there are two notworthy points in this statement of the Leader, one when it declares that this tariff is paid by rich corporations, and not by the people, for it and the other organs of a high protective tariff, and of the McKinley monstrosity, have been contending all along that the tariff was paid by the European manufacturers. But the tin tariff, it seems, is paid by rich corporations. The other is that as the tariff falls principally upon rich people therefore it should be continued and that it would be wrong to put tin upon the free list as the Mill's bill pro-

a graduated income tax. This it de- of the third party. clares class legislation, which imposes a tax on rich men because they are rich, while this organ favors retaining the tariff on tin-plate because it is paid by rich companies. It would take a forty-thousand power magnifying glass to distinguish the difference between these two kinds of class legislation, from the Leader's standpoint. But sense or consistency are not things to be looked for in a McKinley tariff or-

WHEAT AND POLITICS. Ordinarily speaking there is not much connection between wheat and politics, but sometimes there may be more than one would suspect, and we think that before the year 1892 the leaders of the third party moyement will discover that there is a good deal more of it than they sus-

The corner-stone of that party, if it has a corner-stone, is the depressed condition of the agricultural industry in this country, and its primary object is to give the farmer relief from his financial embarrassment bylegislation in his special interest. Hence the sub-treasury scheme was contrived, which, although it preceded the organization of that party, is endorsed by it, the Government money loaning scheme at a nominal rate of interest, the Government ownership of railroads, &c., all of which are advocated by the spokes-

men of that party. The idea that runs through all these is relief to the farmer, to put hlm in a condition to realize more tariff on tin-plate, for instance, was for the products of his labor and last year \$8,000,000. This year it fields, and supply him with more money that he may be the better any many with sense enough to able to meet his obligations and get keep out of a lunatic asylum believe from under the burden of debt. which has been weighing him down. this tin-plate paid this \$8,000,000 It is apparent to any one who and made their American purchasers | reads these schemes. They aim at relief, and immediate relief, hence the architects of this new party did not have the patience to wait to see whether they could secure this solved to build a party of their own and strike out upon that line as promising the most speedy results.

> There are thousands of farmers throughout the country who were led into the endorsement of these schemes and into the support of the third party movement by what they conceived to be the necessities of their condition and the promise of relief which these schemes and this third party held out. They favored them not from any stand-point of principle, because there is no principle contained in them, but because they promised the relief which so many of the farmers so much needed In other words, to reduce the whole thing to its simple essence, it was to get money and get it as quickly as possible. If this sought-for relief come by any other way it would dispense with the necessity of the party based upon that idea and lay it out as cold as a wedge. With the relief of the farmer from any cause or agitating that question, and no use

for the party that agitated it. It is now admitted by all who are familiar enough with the situation a New York tin plate importer, to in Russia to speak knowingly that the shortage in the rye and wheat crops is such in that country as to make it impossible for her to export any wheat this year, when she had been in the habit of exporting from 90,000,000 to 100,000,000 bushels a year to other European countries. Not only this but it is believed she will have to import considerable wheat to prevent famine in some of the distressed districts.

In addition to this there is a shortage in the wheat crop of India, from which England has for some years received a considerable portion of her supplies, so that to America England and other European countries which import breadstuffs must

look this year for their supplies. This means an extraordinary demand for wheat abroad, and a market for the surplus crop of this country, which with the large crop of 540,000,000 bushels raised will be a large one, somewhere in the neighborhood of 300,000,000 bushels. Europe must have this wheat, because her people must have bread, and American wheat handlers will

make them pay for it. While this will ensure good prices on the other side it will also have a tendency to keep prices up in the home market. With the foreign demand this wheat ought to command a dollar a bushel, and estimating that tinware and who have houses built the farmers will require for their upon which tin roofs are put pay it? own use and seeding purposes 100,-000,000 bushels, the wheat that they will have for sale will bring them in the large sum of \$440,000,000, which is over twice as much as they would have gotten from Senator Stanford's

> Government loan bill. While this will not meet all their obligations it will ease them up and put them in a much better shape than they were. With it they have the oat and corn crop both of which are good and both of which will command a fair price as they generally do when wheat is high.

With their improved condition, money easier, and their prospects so encouragingly improved the farmers who have been endorsing those schemes to which we alluded in the posed to do. That same paper deconclude that they can get along in which it failed. Try it. Trial bottles free at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. beginning, and the third party, will nounces the Ohio Democratic plat- without them and that will be the Large size 50c. and \$1.00.

form because, among other things it beginning of the end, (which will objects to, it pronounces in favor of soon follow) of these schemes and

MINOR MENTION.

The Insurance Commissioner of the State of Pennsylvania reports that for last year the premiums paid in that State on life insurance policies amounted to \$26,000,000, threefourths of which went to companies of other States. There was an increase of \$2,000,000 in premiums paid over the preceding year, nine-tenths of which went to companies of other States. The number of policies in force was 877,430, insuring \$488, 888,715, the average amount of insurance to the individual being \$500. The proportion of policies issued to the population shows that the Philadelphians believe in life insurance. It seems that in Philadelphia threefourths of the money paid for insurance goes to companies outside of the State, or \$19,500,000, which might have been kept within he own borders. We would like to know as a matter of curiosity how much money North Carolina and other Southern States annually pay to companies of other States for insurance. Doubtless the millions would be numbered by hundreds, every dollar of which should be kept in the

The miners in the coal region of Tennessee, where the trouble about the convicts exists, are firm and at last accounts had the vantage ground, Gov. Buchanan seems to be in a quandary as the number of resisting miners is daily increasing, and he has doubts as to how far he can go under the law. While the miners have shown fine self-control and have abstained from the destruction of property, standing strictly on the defensive, they are armed with shot-guns, revolvers, and some Winchester rifles, which they will use if fired upon by the soldiers sent against them. They had the sympathy of the public in the beginning, and the selfcontrol and the refraining from destroying the properties of the mining Tin making in Wales must be relief through the existing two great companies has increased this sympaan extraordinarily profitable busi- political parties, and therefore re- thy. It is reported that the Governor has called upon the Governor of Georgia for two companies of infantry and two batteries of artillery with Gatling guns. There must be some mistake about this, for Governor Buchanan could hardly show so little thought and sense as to make a request of this kind or Governor Northern so little sense and thought as to comply with it if made, in addition to which he would have no authority to order out State troops for service in another State. It is a family affair that Governor Buchanan ought to be ashamed to acknowledge he couldn't settle at home.

> Cholera seems to be raging in Mecca, the deaths last Sunday numbering 380. For some time hundreds have been dying daily of this disease, the treatment of which they seem to know little or nothing about. The strict quarantine regulations adopted last year, which are in force this year, have prevented the spread source there will be no further use of of the disease westward, but it is not altogether sure that they will continue to prove entirely effective. If the spread of the disease depended only upon its being carried by persons this might be so, but when the breezes which passes over Mecca pick up the germs there is no telling where they may waft them. It would be a good thing for humanity if Mecca, or at least the mosque to which the thousands of these deluded people make their annual pilgrimages in the months of June and July, were swept from the face of the earth, for while it stands and these pilgrimages continue the cholera scourge will continue to exist.

> > Mr. H. G. Owen, of Warsaw, has shown us a journalistic relic highly prized by him, a half sheet of the Wilmington Gazette, of the issue of January 9, 1800. It was a five column paper, and doubtless a good one for its time. The relic is somewhat the worse of age and wear, but was evidently highly treasured for it is braced in the rear by the application of an old deed which is stitched to it. The printing is somewhat dimmed, but the first thing that struck our eye, which was partially legible, was a report to the Honorable Assembly by a committee appointed to investigate alleged frauds in the office of "the Seceretary of the State," from which it seems they had 'em in those good old days. It was something about issuing duplicate land warrants, which were not warranted under the law.

Rudyard Kipling says he writes ill his poems on an empty stomach No wonder that his poems are a bust There is nothing in an empty stomach to inspire poetic thought. It is the very last thing in the world that any other poet would have selected to 'write on," and if Rud expects to succeed he must show more discrimnating judgment and choose more poetic themes for his muse to maul.

Guaranteed Cure for La Grippe.

We authorize our advertised druggis: to sell you Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with La Grippe and will use this remedy according to directions, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We make this offer, because of the wonderful success of Dr. King's New Discovery during last sea-son's epidemic. Have heard of no case

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

nial Session of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina, The Grand Lodge of Knights of Honor of North Carolina convened yesterday morning at the hall of Carolina Lodge No. 434, with the following officers present:

E. M. Nadal, Past Grand Dictator, Wilson.

W. G. Brinson, Grand Dictator. New-

D. A. Covington, Grand Vice Dictator, Monroe. W. H. Call, Grand Chaplain, Wash-

P. C. Carlton, Grand Reporter, States-

S. C. Scofield, Grand Treasurer. Davidson College. N. Jacobi, Grand Guide, Wilmington. T. B. Douthitt, Grand Guardian, Win-

Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy, State Medical Examiner, Wilmington.

Grand Trustees-C. M. Brown, Washington; S. P. Clark, Wilson; T. B. Wyatt, Wadesboro.

Finance Committee-M. Bellamy, Wilmington; J. W. Burkhead, Concord: K. R. Jones, Newbern. Committee on Laws and Supervision

-E. M. Nadal, Wilson; J. F. Murrill, Hickory; W. H. Call, Washington. Supreme Representatives-S. J. Pemberton, Albemarle; J. T. LeGrand, Rockingham. Alternates-P. C. Carlton,

Statesville; E. M. Nadal, Wilson. The reports of the Grand Dictator. Grand Reporter and Grand Treasurer were read and referred to the committee on Distribution.

The report of the Grand Dictator shows that the Order has made great progress. In North Carolina in December, 1877, the membership in the State was 258; in December, 1890, it was 2,056. At the first named date it was 30,025 in the United States, and in 1890 it had increased to 135,830. There are now 74 lodges of the order in this State.

The Grand Dictator appointed the usual standing committees, The roll of the lodges was called and

representaties from over fifty were found present. They were admitted and duly instructed in the Grand Lodge degrees. Various resolutions were offered and reported to appropriate committees, to report to the Grand Lodge to-day.

The election of officers for the ensuing term and selection of the next place of meeting will be made at today's session, and this will probably conclude the labors of the Grand Lodge.

It will meet at 9.30 a. m. ---

IT S Commissioner's Court. Robert Hewitt, of Shallotte, Brunswick county, was brought before U.S. Commissioner R. H. Bunting yesterday, charged with selling tobacco from other than original packages-selling manufactured plug tobacco from a cracker-box Hewitt was required to give bond in the sum of \$200 for his appearance at the next term of the U. S. Court.

Hewitt was not arrested for "selling without license," as previously stated Tobacco dealers are not required to have

Miss Helen Fowle.

A special telegram to the STAR from Raleigh last night says: Miss Helen Fowle, daughter of the

late Gov. Fowle, was married this afternoon at 4:12 o'clock, to Mr. Thos. D. Knight, of Chicago, cousin of Mrs. Chas. M. Busbee and nephew of Mrs. Zeb Vance. The wedding was at Christ Church and many distinguished North Carolinians were present, including some of the Judges of the Supreme Court and State officers.

A Big Bear Killed. Early yesterday morning a bear was discovered about three miles from Wrightsville, on the Gordon road, jeading from the old plank road to Frank's landing, and the neighbors were soon notified and started in pursuit. As the arms were all adapted for small game and loaded with small shot, many charges were fired, but the bear was finally killed. He measured eighteen feet in length and five feet around the

A STAR subscriber, writing from Dawson's Landing, July 19, says: Crops are generally good through this section, Cotton is very good; better than it was last year. Corn is looking very well. The rainfall was very heavy here yesterday; it was some over two inches. I know of no damage to the crops so far. The health of the neighborhood is generally good.

They Will Have a Good Time. The gentlemen assisting Col. E. D. Hall in making arrangements for the approaching encampment of the Confederate pensioners, and veterans who are not pensioners, are meeting with hearty aid and encouragement from our

The veterans will have a good time in camp, and "don't you forget it." Pic-nic at Catharine Lake

The annual pic-nic by citizens of On slow county at Alum Springs, near Catharine Lake, will be given on Tuesday, August 4th. It is expected that a very large crowd will attend.

- Mr. W. J. Caddell, of Hartsville, S. C., called in to renew his subscription to the STAR yesterday. - Mr. E. G. Moore, of Point Cas-

well, was one of the many visitors at - Prof. Joseph Kinsey, Principal of the Kinsey Female Seminary at

LaGrange, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday. - W. J. Balkcum, of Waycross, Sampson county, called at the STAR office to renew his subscription. He

reports fine crops, especially corn, in his part of the county. - Mr. B. F. Haney, of Lilesville, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday. Mr. Haney for years past has sent the first cotton bloom of each

season from his county to the STAR. Hucklen's Arnica Salve. The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum

Fever, Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay is required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 5 eents per box. For sale by Robert R. Bellamy, Wholesale and Retail Drug-

CRIMINAL COURT. Grand Jury for the Term-A True Bill f

Murder Against Robt. H. Trask. The Criminal Court for New Han over county convened yesterday morning, with his Honor Judge O. P. Meares on the bench. The grand jury for the term was empanelled as follows: John McLaurin, foreman; J. E. Register, J. R. Guthrie, T. F. Bagley, John Dyer, J. A Lockfaw, S. M. Taylor, H. McL, Green T. P. Sikes, S. Reaves, R. B. Freeman Jr., Jos. Berg, B. F. Penny, A. W. Allen

I. B. Failes. The three Schedule B tax cases brought before this Court on appeal by detendants from Justice Cashwell's Court, were set for trial this (Tuesday)

The grand jury found a true bill against Robert H. Trask for the mur-

der of Matthewmann. A few cases of assault and battery were settled on submission and payment

CRIMINAL COURT.

Schedule B" Tax Cases and the Trash Matthewman Murder Case.

The Criminal Court was occupied from its opening at 10 o'clock yesterday morning until 4 p. m. with the "Schedule B" tax cases, wherein Messrs. Geo. R. French & Sons, Worth & Worth and Stevenson & Taylor refused to list and pay the tax on the alleged ground that said tax is unconstitutional and action was brought agains defendants by the County Commissioners. Messrs. A. M. Waddell, Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., and Thos. W. Strange appeared as counsel for the State, and Messrs. George Davis and George Rountree represented the defendants. The jury empanelled to try the case were C. H. Robinson, W. B. Savage, C. N. Brewer, R. McRae, Jr., Jas. M. Holland, J. T. Hopewell, Ed. Jones, Jas. F. Rulfs, J. L. Barker, J. C. Roan, A. W. Rivenbark, Robt. Everett. The case was argued at length by counsel. The jury, under instructions from the Court, returned a verdict of guilty, and upon the Solicitor's praying judgment the Court ordered that each of the defendants named in the bill of indictment be fined the sum of one dollar, and to pay one-half of the bill of costs.

From this judgment the defendants craved an appeal, which was granted; and the appeal bond was fixed at \$20.

THE TRASK-MATTHEWMAN MURDER. Robert H. Trask, the insane man charged with the murder of Mr. Matthewman, of Brooklyn, N. Y., on Market street in this city, a few weeks ago, was brought into court-about 4 o'clock in the afternoon and placed in the prisoner's box. Marsden Bellamy, Esq., appeared as counsel for the prisoner and stated to the Court that Trask being insane could not plead to the bill of indictment. Judge Meares, addressing the jury, said: "This is a novel case. You will understand that this man (Trask) is charged with murder, and he comes into Court and, through counsel, says he cannot plead, as he is insane. If he is insane he cannot be tried." The Judge then instructed the jury that it was for them to decide it

Trask is insane at this time. Some ten or fifteen witnesses were called and being sworn, testified to the behavior and language of the prisoner, all facts going to show that he is insane The first witness was Miss Andrews, an elderly, lady who said she was Trask's aunt, and had had charge of him ever since his mother died. She had always thought Trask to be insane, but conconsidered him harmless, did not apprehend that he would do harm to anyone but himself. He was not kept in confinment but had to be watched like an infant. When Trask came to Wilmington he ran away from home, and as soon as she heard of his being in this city she wrote to Mrs. W. G. Fowler, and asked that he should be looked

During the time that Miss Andrews was giving her testimony Trask sat with his face in his hands blubbering like a baby. Previous to her taking the witness stand he appeared to be unconcerned in what was going on around him. His face was very pale and he looked weak and feeble.

After the testimony of witnesses had been taken the jury decided that the prisoner was insane, and he was re manded to the custody of the sheriff It is probable that Trask will be sent to the State asylum for the insane at Mor-MINOR CASES.

Wm. Robinson and Robert Evans two colored boys, arrested at Wrightsville Monday, were convicted of larceny and sentenced to five years in the State penitentiary.

Export Foreign. German barque O. Von Winter cleared yesterday for Antwerp with cargo of 5580 bbls. rosin valued at \$7,900, shipped by Paterson, Downing & Co.

Italian barque Osanna, for St. Pierre Martinique, with 334,688 feet of lumber and 147,000 shingles, valued at \$6,362 and shipped by E. Kidder's Son. Norwegian barque Emma Parker, for

Harburg, Ger., with 4,307 barrels rosin, valued at \$5,500 and shipped by Jno. W. German barque Prince Frederick Carl, for Hull, Eng., with cargo of 3,300

bbls, rosin and 765 casks spirits turpentine, shipped by Williams & Murchison and valued at \$18,494. Brig Edith, for Jacmel, Hayti, with 93,000 feet lumber and 2 bbls. rosin.

shipped by J. H. Chadbourn & Co., val-

ued at \$1,191.23. SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS. Construction of a Light House Off Cape Hatteras. Anderson & Barr, of New York, contractors for the construction of a light-

house on Diamond Shoal, off Cape Hatteras, have informed the Lighthouse Board that notwithstanding the great loss they have already sustained paper, and write Dr. E. O. Elliott & in that work, they will make another endeavor to secure a solid foundation phlets. on that treacherous reef. It will be impossible, they say, to do anything before next year beyond the construc-Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of tion of a caison, which will be larger and stronger than the one that was destroyed a few weeks ago while being placed in position. They feel confident that a permanent light can be established at that point, but think it cannot be done for much less than two million dollars. Their contract price is \$485,-000, being within \$15,000 of the availa-

ble appropriation. - Mr. W. Walker, of Currie, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

HORRIBLE TRAGEDY.

DISTRACTED MOTHER'S FEARFUL

Mrs. Pattie Lochridge Kills Her Three Children and Herself, at Nashville,

By Telegraph to the Morning Star,

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 20 .- Mrs. Pattie Lochridge, wife of Mr. Thos. Lochridge and sister of Col. J. J. Odel, a well known produce merchant of this city, shot her three children and herself about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon at her home, three miles south of Spring Hill, Maurice county. The oldest child was four years and the youngest four months. After dinner yesterday Lochridge went to church, leaving his home n its usual state of quietness. His wife had been complaining for some time past, but that particular afternoon she was no worse than during the past week. The children were playing around as usual. About 3 o'clock he returned and found the door locked. This seemed strange to him, but concluding his wife had gone on a visit he went around the house, intending to enter by the back door. This too was locked, and he was compelled to force a window sash in order to gain an entrance. As he climbed through the window a feeling of some impending evil came over him Not, however, until he had gone into the living room and the full meaning of the sealed doors and windows burst upon him. There, upon a pallet nicely arranged, lay his three darlings, dead, and across the room, with her

feet turned to their's, was his wife. A double barrelled breech-loading shot gun lay between them. As near as can be learned from the surroundings Mrs. Lochridge had drawn up her children's clothes, one by one, placed the gun against their hearts and ired. Then she placed them side by side on the pallet which she had made for the purpose and arranged their dresses neatly, and standing at their feet and probably gazing down upon them the distracted mother placed the muzzle of the gun at her heart and fired. After killing the first two she must have reloaded the gun, and that she did it shows that she was at least partially calm. How she pulled the trigger when the gun was against her own breast is a mystery, unless she did it with a stick held in her hand or with her foot. It is thought the woman poisoned or chloroformed both herself and the children before she used the gun.

BOY MURDERERS.

Two Tennessee Lads Charged With Killing a Peddler for His Money. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 20 .- A Tracy City special says: There are well grounded rumors affoat that two boys who reside in Grundy county, a few miles from Pelham, named Sanders and Weeks, waylaid and murdered a Sicilian peddler at Lusks Gap a few days ago. and the boys were detected in the act of burying the body. The object of the murder was money, though but \$17 were secured. Details of the crime are meagre, but it is understood Sanders has been arrested and is in jail.

JACKSON'S STATUE.

Lexington Filled With People to Witness the Unveiling.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star LEXINGTON, VA., July 20.-From present indications there will be an enormous crowd here to-morrow, and the unveiling of the Jackson statue will be a grand success, Already the town is full of people. Gen. Jubal A. Early, the orator of the occasion, arrived to-night. Gen. Thomas L. Rosser, Gen. Jas. A. Walker, Gen. Wade Hampton, sculptor Valentine, Gen. Wm. H. Payne, and several military and civic organizations have already reached Lexington.

A FLORIDA FEUD.

One Man Killed and Another Fatally Wounded at a Country Dance, JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 22 .- A Starke, Fla., special says: Willie Dowling was shot and killed, and his father, Jos. Dowling, perhaps fatally wounded, George Futch,

one o'clock: ifteen miles west of here. trouble occurred at the house of Ancrum Adkins during the progress of a country dance. An old feud had existed for many years between the Dowling and Futch families. Young Futch and young Dowling quarrelled just before the dance broke up and they fought, old man Dowling finally taking hand. Futch got enough asked to be turned loose. The Dowlings let him go. Then Futch slipped back, pulled out his pistol and began firing. The first shot struck Willie Dowling over the region of the heart, killing him instantly. Futch next fired three shots at Jos. Dowling, the father, the first entering the upper part of the right thigh, the next entering the right lower portion of the abdomen, and the last entering the right groin. Futch then ran through the front gate, turned and fired another shot into the crowd, dangerousy wounding an orphan boy named

Varnes. A posse started in pursuit of Futch at once, but so far nothing has been heard from him. These people are well connected and amoung the best citizens of Bradford county, in fact, Joseph Dowling bears the reputation of being one of the best and most prosperous farmers in this county.

POSTPONED.

The Hall-Fitzsimons Fight Declared Off. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. PAUL, MINN., July 29 .- The Hall-Fitzsimons fight, announced for to-night has been formally declared off. The conference between the management of the entertainment and others which closed at 1.30 o'clock, resulted in this decision on account of the positive action of Governor Merriam in calling on the State militia to aid the sheriff in enforcing the law and his order to the sheriff that the law must be enforced. The management saw that to attempt to carry out their plans would provoke serious tronble and rather than to have what promised to become almost a riot. definitely.

Health seekers should go to Sparkling Catawba Springs. Beautifully located, in Catawba county, 1,000 feet above sea-level, at the foot of the Blue Ridge mountains. Scenery magnificent, Waters possess medicinal properties of the highest order. Board only \$80.00 per month. Read advertisement in the

Son, proprietors, for descriptive pam-Good Looks.

all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive, you have a Bilious Look, if your stomach be disordered you have a Dyspeptic Look, and if your Kidneys be afected you have a Pinched Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and Tonic, acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blotches, Bolls and gives a good complexion. Sold at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store, 50c.

STONEWALL JACKSON.

UNVEILING THE MONUMENT AT LEX-

INGTON, VA. A Great Gathering of Distinguished Ex-Confederates-Oration by Gen. Jubal A.

Early, Etc. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. LEXINGTON, VA., July 21.-This is the 30th anniversary of the first battle of Manassas, and Lexington, in which was spent the life-time of Stonewall Jackson, the most picturesque figure of all the notable men of the Southern Confederacy, is bright and bustling with life and color, while ten thousand strangers are assembled within its environs to participate in the exercises incident to the unveiling of the monument, symbolic of the esteem and veneration felt for the great soldier whose brilliant career was

cut short in the height of his fame. The crowd of admirers of the great General began arriving Saturday and vesterday, when a number of leading survivors of Jackson's command gave a banquet at the Virginia Military Institute, in which Jackson was one of the professors at the breaking out of the war. The town was full of veterans. Each train since yesterday afternoon has been filled with former Confederates. their number being so large that the town's accommodations, stretched to theirutmost by the hospitality of its residents, was unsufficient for the gathering throng. There is not a house in the city-public or private-that is not fill-

The programme of exercises provided the proceedings should begin at 10 o'clock, but owing to the condition caused by the presence of so many people, it was considerably later than that time when the procession was ready to move. The parade ground of the Virginia Military Institute was the place of ormations under the direction of Chief Marshal Gen. James A. Walker, of Wythe county, Va. the only surviving commander of the Stonewall brigade. The staff was followed by the Stone-

wall band, with twenty pieces, heading the Rockbridge (Va.) Battery, under command of Col. Wm. T. Poague, with guns of the battery which operated under Gen. Jackson at the battle of Manassas. The guns belong to the Virginia Military Institute. The remainder of the procession was

made up of survivors of the Stonewal brigade, consisting of the Second Fourth, Fifth, Twenty-seventh and Thirty-third Virginia regiments, under command of Colonel Andrew Jackson Grigsby, and Colonel J. K. Edmonson of Maryland, Confederate veterans of the army and navy from Maryland under General Bradley T. Johnson, various Confederate camps and carriages containing General Jubal A. Early, orator of the day: General Wade Hampton, who presided over the ceremonies: Edward V. Valentine, the sculptor, It was twelve o'clock when the pro-

cession arrived at the campus. Gen. Wade Hampton at that hour introduced Rev. A. C. Hopkins, Chaplain of the minutes' prayer. Gen. Hampton then introduced Col. T. M. Semmes, of Virginia Military Institute, who recited most beautifully three poems. "Stonewall Jackson's Way," "Over the River' and "Slain in Battle." Gen. Jubal A. Early, orator of the oc-

casion, was next introduced, and began speaking from manuscript. Gen. Early appeared in good health, but showed painfully signs of old age, He was twice interrupted by bands that had just arrived. He stopped speaking and turning sharply around asked if there was no way to stop that fuss.

The oration was received with atten tion and great enthusiasm. A touching incident on the stand was then Mrs. Jackson met her little grand children whom she had not been permit ted to see for a long time. She embraced them warmly, and appeared much affected, holding little Thomas in her arms during the oration. Iulia sat

After the oration, the parade was continued to the cemetery, forming in rear of it at 2 o'clock. At 2.15 Mrs. Stonewall Jackson and her two little grand children, Julia Jackson Christian and Thomas Jackson Christian, descended from the stand, accompanied by Capt. John Carmichael. Two minutes afterwards, amid the firing of cannon by the Rockbridge Artillery, the cord was pulled by little Julia and the veil fell, xposing to view the statue.

of Gen. Early, while near her were Miss Mary Custis Lee, daughter of Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Miss Lucy B. Hill, daughter of Gen. A. P. Hill, and Miss Hampton, daughter of Gen. Wade Hampton. The stage was crowded with distinguished people. There was no accident during the whole day, the affair passing off pleasantly.

On the stand Mrs. Jackson sat in rear

After the unveiling a mad rush was made for the stand on which stood Mrs. ackson and children, and in a few moments not a vestige of anything was left of it that could be carried away by relic

Gen. Early's speech throughout was mild and full of argument, being little more or less than an eulogistic sketch of lackson's life. He ended his speech as follows: "Let me conclude by sayng, and let every honest-hearted Confederate who fought bravely in the war, say, If I should ever apologize for any part or action taken by me in the war, may the lightning of a righteous heaven blast me from the earth, and may I be considered as the spawn of the earth by all honest men.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

Mutiny in the British Army-A Bad Situation of Affairs in China-Manchester Cotton Markets-Measures for Relief of Suffering in Ireland.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON," July 22 .- Truth to-day prints a startling story of another mutiny the British army; the famous Cold Stream Guards this time being the offenders. The trouble, like the precedng mutiny, grew out of work imposed on soldiers. The Cold Stream Guards were out constantly doing extra duty when Emperor William was here. On

his departure they expected a day's re-

lief and on being immediately ordered

to duty openly rebelled. Officers were

compelled to march them back to the

barracks, where they were confined three MANCHESTER, July 22.- The Guardian in its commercial article says: New nquiry is not abundant, and the ter dency is in favor of buyers. Weakness in cotton is the most unsettling factor, and this condition of the market encourages buyers to expect lower rates, although they are extremely low. The extent of production under contract

prevents general wakning. VICTORIA, B. C., July 22.—Advices received here by steamer Empress of India, state that while the southern portion of China is in a turmoil, law and' order are set at defiance, and armed bands of plunderers make business almost impossible, Lee Wing Chuen, Governor General of Formosa, is expected to die soon. It is believed his death will be the signal for revolts, and a general uprising against Chinese rule. The feeling around Shanghai is one of disquiet on account of late riots. Foreign residents are apprehensive that attacks will be made upon them at any

Lithia Water in this paper. Unequaled for Dyspepsia and all diseases of kidney and bladder. Price within reach of and Prof. J. L. Ludlow.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

- Winston Daily: This is the number that a gentleman says attend the different schools, academies and colleges within a radius of 25 miles of oak Ridge. While it takes in Winston-Salem, Greensboro and High Point, its a pretty large number and shows the interest this section is taking in the matter of education. We do not believe that there is another place in the South of similar size that can make such a show-

- Beaufort Seaside: Abel Mur. rell, colored, a tenant upon the Thomas farm on North rive, became violently insane on Friday while eating dinner. He so frightened the inmates of the house that they all left and ran for help. Mr. T. M. Thomas, with several others. went to the house and found him trying to cut his throat. - Dave Henry and Cicero Haywood became involved in a row Saturday night which resulted in the cutting of Henry in several places upon the breast. They were both employed to unload a freight train. Cicero. an old hand, told Henry to desist from smoking in the car, which he refused to do, hence the row.

- Windsor Leager: We received a letter from Mt. Gould last week giving an account of a large bear, being killed after a long chase. -- While George Mitchell, living near Aulander, was examining a pistol last Sunday morning it went off and the ball longed in the fleshy part of the thigh of Johnson Mitchell his 10 year old brother. — On Friday of last week news reached our town of sad accident on Greenleaf Johnson's lumber road about six miles from town, A negro boy who had been picking briar berries became tired and laid down on the railroad track and fell asleep. In a short time the train came along and the engineer failing to see him, run over him and cut both arms off.

- Concord Times: The wheat turns out very irregular. Some coops turn out very good while others are not worth anything. — Last Saturday evening considerable excitement was created out on Cold Water by the dangerous way in which a little child of Mr Ino. H. Hudson's was hurt. The child was playing with a hammer and got hold of a jug that contained kerosene oil. It partook freely of the contents and then proceeded to break the jug. After this was accomplished it put the jug handle in its mouth and swallowed . The child came very near dying from the effects but was given some sweet milk and vomited the jug handle. The child is now doing well.

- Lumberton Robesonian: A great religious awakening is reported from Antioch. Rev. J. M. Clark, pastor of the Presbyterian Church there, has been assisted by Rev. A. R. Shaw. - A rumor has reached this town to the effect that our versatile and talented staff correspondent, Mr. J. W. Fuller, is seriously if not fatally ill at the residence of Maj. J. A. P. Conoly, near Lumber Bridge. He took the grippe last spring

and it seems to have settled on his lungs. — The crop reports do not improve, about 74 being the average for cotton. We have an idea that that is considera bly below the average in this county, but it is only a surmise with us. There is, however, too much rain and too little sunshine for cotton. The corn crop is now nearly made and is good, especially where the land is not too low.

- Charlotte News: Mr. James B. Magill, one of Charlotte's well known residents is dead. His death occurred to-day at 12 o'clock. - The commissioners of Alexander county have brought suit against the bondsmen of the sheriff to recover a shortage of about \$4,000. — There were a good many farmers in the city to-day, and they came from all sections of Mecklenburg. They all tell of good seasons lately and a more hopeful crop outlook. - Five nen took refuge from a storm in a gin house, in the Honewell section of Long Creek township yesterday afternoon. During the progress of the storm the gin house was struck by a bolt of lightning. A negro named Edmund Anderson was instantly killed, and Mr. Neal Sample and a young negro boy were fatally injured. The other two men of

- Raleigh News and Observer Mr. James H. Scarborough, a noted North Carolinian and an A. B. graduate of Trinity College, of the class of 1887, has been elected to the chair of Mathematics in the Pacific Methodist College of Santa Rosa, California, and will leave or the Pacific slope at once. — Mr John T. Patrick, of the Southern Immigration Bureau, has just received \$10,-000 worth of lithographing illustrating the great exposition, which will be sent out and posted up all over the country. - The bondsmen of ex-Sheriff J Rowan Rogers held a conference here vesterday and arranged for a settlement of the sheriff's account with the County Commissioners. The bondsmen came to the front and made good the deficit

the party were not in the least injured

with the exception of a few. Eight thousand dollars of the amount was raised by them, leaving a residue of about \$2,500. The entire shortage will be amicably arranged with the commissioners by the bondsmen. - Charlotte News: The Teachers institute opened at the Z. M. C. A. hall this morning at 11 o'clock. Over forty teachers were present, twice as many as were present on the opening day last --- A negro woman named Minnie Partee, living at Concord, had a

child two months old. Saturday it was

very fretful and cried a great deal. To quiet the child she gave it a morphine pill. The child was buried yesterday. - Mr. Preston Bynum died at Lincolnton at 8 o'clock last Saturday afternoon, after an illness of fully two months of typhoid fever. He was a student of the University at Chapel Hill, but just before the last commencement he fell ill and was sent home. - A special over the private wire of Smith & Watts to-day, says that caterpillars are reported in Bullock county. Ala. In Lowdns county. Ala., two plantations report boll worms, and some rust, but of no consequence. It is claimed that Montgomery

will get more cotton in August than it

- Raleigh News and Observer A sensational case came up before Justice J. C. Marcom here yesterday. case was to have come up before Justive M. B. Barbee, but was removed before Justice Marcom, and a number of witnesses were in the city yesterday morning to be in attendance. The case was that of the State against Blanche Winfrey, Allen Upchurch and Mrs. Sarah Urchurch, of this county. The parties are charged with concealing the birth of a child, of which Blanch Winfree is the reputed mother. Blanch Winfree was living in the house of Mr. Upchurch, and had been partially raised by him. The child is supposed to have been born about the latter part of June, and no traces of it can be found now, except the supposition upon strong circumstances that it was born about that time. Upchurch and wife are charged with complicity in concealing the birth of the child. The case was postponed till Thursday on account of previous engagements of Justice Marcom. - Gov. Holt yesterday pardoned J. R. Bolton, convicted of larceny in Pender county in 1886 and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary, and also pardoned Francis Hood, convicted in Mecklenburg county of infanticide in July, 1880 and sentenced to life imprisonment. — The Executive Committee of Trinity College met here yester-

day and decided upon October 1st as the opening date of the new College at Durham. Trinity High School will open Read advertisement of Otterburn 6th. — Gov. Holt yesterday appointed as members of the North Carolina Board of Health for a term of two years: Dr. J. H. Tucker, Prof. F. P. Venable