The Weekly Star. WILMINGTON, N. C.,

\$1.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE. #325885885855E 2883286286364748 5288888442588888888 38888888888888888 38888888888888 8888888888888888 888888888888888

VOL. XXIII.

to people thus burdened?

only because she is a heavy tribute-

payer, and is discriminated fearfully

against in the tariff legislation, but

because while the Republican party

exists she may at any time, when it

gets in full possession of power, be-

come the victim of proscription and

persecution, as she was when that

party had full sway, and therefore

we say that the Southern man who

would, to carry out visionary and

impossible schemes, contribute di-

rectly or indirectly to prolonging the

life of that party is deficient in sense

When the Republican party is

dead and beyond the power of resur-

rection then these economic ques-

tions on which Democrats may differ

in opinion may be taken up and dis-

cussed without inviting disaster or

courting calamity, which the men

who would now make free comage a

HOW TO EXPAND IT.

There are two measures in which

the American people have a vital in-

terest, and which if enacted into law

would do more to relieve the de-

pressed industries, help the farmer,

and the toilers generally and put the

perity than any two measures

that have ever been proposed or

One of these has become an issue

in our politics, and party lines are

drawn on it, but the other, as impor-

tant as it is, seems to have become

tangled up by the contentions

of men who have run to

wild and impracticable extremes

in the endeavor to accomplish what

might be accomplished in a

much more effective way by a much

shorter and more practicable meth-

One of these is tariff reform, sub-

stituting for the present oppressive,

plundering and ruinous protective

system a tariff for revenue only. If

this were done there would be an

earn in their own pockets,

circulating

tion from it and got the people to

debating sub-treasuries, silver coin-

age, the issue of stacks of treasury

notes &c., to supply the desired vol

the

medium

paramount issue are doing.

or patriotism, or both.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE. . The subscription price of the Weekly Star is

Por Governor: For Lieutenant-Governor:

For State Treasurer: For State Auditor:

For Attorney-General: FRANK I. OSBORNE, MECKLENBURG.

For Presidential Electors at Large:

R B. GLENN, OF FORSYTH. GEO. A. SHUFORD, OF BUNCOMBE.

NO IT DOESN'T.

issue of the Progressive Farmer, and may remark that it is as poor a guessing as it is at predicting:

is that it wants them to act the fool both parties choose to put up. This is strange advice. It admits that the opponents of free coinage—and that means opponents of all financial legislationdo it if they mean business, and whip

The STAR does not "advise the people to drop all financial legislawho may be nominated at Chicago, if Cleveland should not be.

we quote had read as carefully as he should have read the article upon if every ounce taken from our mines were coined into money, and would at the same time take the coinage question out of politics as there would no longer be ume of currency, which the people cause for the agitation. If the writer | would supply themselves with if the in the Progressive Farmer didn't more effective and practicable way

politics, and such a thing as nonsense. The man of sense always reaches out for the possible and practicable, and does not waste his eflosing all that his former efforts lars and cents which is controlled by bearing upon the prosperity of the

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1892.

ry vessels up to 5,000 tons burden. The building of the road he is convinced would compel the enlargement of the lower canals. It is utterly impossible, he says, to provide for the enormous commerce of the lakes by any possible enlargement of the Erie Canal, and the best and cheapest route to the seaboard is by the St. Lawrence River route, of which the ship railway will be an essenwill be heartily supported by the North-west and the Western States. A company known as the Hurontario Ship Railway Company has been organized to undertake the project, and several of the promoters will shortly leave for England

o interest English capitalists in it. This is but one of a half dozen or more of great schemes which have been recently proposed, the object being to expedite and cheapen transportation, the greater number, if not all, of which may eventually be

A singular accident occurred at Niagara gorge a few days ago. German boy was dumping garbage into it when his horse became unruly and began backing. The boy, frightened, pulled on the lines when horse, cart and driver went over into the gorge together. The horse and cart fell a distance of two hundred feet, lighting on the rocks below, the horse being, of course, killed and the cart mashed into splinters. The boy couldn't be seen and it was thought that he fell into the stream and was carried over the talls. But after three hours search he was found sitting on a ledge of rock eighty feet below the place where he went over, crying but uninjured. He was caught in the branches of a tree which broke the fall and saved his life.

Wm. J. Hurley, a Brooklyn man aged 72 years, had gotten over his fondness for candy, but he married a young girl who hadn't. As he didn't where the clans have been gathering ante up on the candy she dropped him but before doing so she dropped him a line informing him that she was going where she could get all candy she wanted.

A WILMINGTONIAN'S INVENTION.

An Improved Steam Engine Governor In vented by Mr. H. J. McIlhenny. The last number of the Scientific American gives an illustration and description of an improved steam engine governor, invented and patented by Mr. Richard J. McIlhenny, of this city, who has quite a genius for mechanics. A governor which is positive in operation, and designed to admit steam quickly and in proper proportion to overcome the resistance of any load carried, as well as to shut off the steam and prevent undue increase of speed after clease of the load is shown.

The technical description would not be inderstood by the general reader without reference to the illustration, which is too large for the columns of the STAR Briefly stated, the equalizing valve i provided with an auxiliary valve, which permits the steam to escape from above the valve at the time the engine cuts off and steam is expanding. By this improvement the initial pressure in the engine cylinder operates a piston which controls the movement of the steam inlet valve. The cylinder of the governor is preferably steam-jacketed, and the governor is intended to be set on top of the engine cylinder. The device is designed to be equally applicable to high or low pressure, stationary or marine

Bad for Rivers and Harbors.

A special dispatch from Washington, says: "The friends of the River and Harbor bill are becoming somewhat anxious as to its fate. At present it stands on the House Calendar with the Senate amendments pending. Should it again, as according to rules it must rate paragraph a little feeler as fol- | do, run the gauntlet of the Committee of the Whole, the time of its final passage would be wholly problematical, as every amendment would be subject to further amendment, and its enemies could take advantage of the present depleted condition of the House to postpone its passage. Confronted with this condition the advocates of the measure have decided to ask the House to suspend the rules on Monday and to nonconcur in the Senate amendment and to agree to a conference. As this will require a two-thirds vote the Committee on Rivers and Harbors are using means to make sure that every friend of the bill shall be present on that day."

> The Sesson at Carolina Beach, The season at Carolina Beach may be said to have fairly opened-and much earlier than heretofore. The hotel Oceanic has seventeen boarders-most of them from the up-country-and numbers of others are expected next week. In a short time all the cottages along the silvery sands will be filled with summer residents, and the restless surf will be sporting with bathers from morn till

dewy eve. The Raleigh Chronicle of yesterday says: "The railway commission yesterday issued a notice to all the railway companies in the State that they must either lower the steps of their passenger cars or else build platforms which will place passengers nearer the cars. There are many complaints that the steps are too high."

Wool-Gathering to Some Purpose. Mr. Elisha Walton, of Jacksonville,

N. C., (an old subscriber to the STAR by the way) says that he sheared from his flock, at one shearing, eleven and a half pounds of wool. The sheep was 14 months and 12 days old.

- Mr. J. A. Forneyduval, of Hallsboro, who has been a subscriber to the STAR for twenty years, called to senew his subscription yesterday.

BURGLARS LAST NIGHT. The Residence of Mr. J. W. Perdew En-

Last night about half-past 1 o'clock urglars effected an entrance into the residence of Mr. J. W. Perdew, on North Seventh street. After entering the sleeping apartments of Mr. Perdew and and his son, Mr. Herbert Perdew, and securing their valuable gold watches and a sum of money, the burglars opened the door to the sleeping apartment of Mr. Perdew's daughter, Miss Minnie, but seeing a bright light in the room the robber slammed the door and beat a hasty retreat. The noise aroused the young lady, who called her father, and then it was that they discovered their

Cotton Compress at Hamlet. A correspondent of the STAR writing

from Hamlet, N. C., says: The Seaboard Air Line system have purchased fourteen acres of land here, on which they propose building a cotton compress. Superintendent Moncure, of the C. C., and Superintendent Smith, of the R. A. A. line, are here with two Northern men (machinists) making a survey of the premises and selecting a suitable spot to place the plant. Their intentions are to select a spot and go right to work and make all arrangements necessary to have the plant in operation by the Fall. Rumor has it that the plant is now in Norfolk awaiting shipment. The site is beautifully and conveniently situated on a hill at the curve on the R. & A. road as you leave Hamlet for Raleigh,

This enterprise will wake up the old place from its lethargy and may give rise to some other developments. The Devil's Own Luck."

The Charlotte Observer says of the

electric cars in that city: The 4 C's have had the "devil's own luck" lately with the cars. The motors have burned out on several of the cars, and as soon as one gets repaired another gets disabled. On occasions of big crowds-as yesterday-something is sure to occur to disable one or more of the cars, which loads the other cars down almost beyond the point of endurance to those who are on board. The crowds carried on the cars on extra occasions at the park are simply tremendous. It is a great pity for the comfort of all parties that a more general patronage could not be had, so as to warrant the company

Receipts of naval stores at Wilmington for the first two months of the naval stores year, beginning April 1st, 1892, as compared with receipts for the same months last year, are as follows: Spirits turpentine, 9,544 casks; last year, 8,429. Rosin, 35,303 barrels; last year, 47,975. Tar, 21,585 barrels; last year, 10,316. Crude turpentine, 2,153 barrels;

> U. S. CIRCUIT COURT. Proceedings Before Judg

Nathan Goff. The U. S. Circuit Court convened here yesterday, by appointment, with Judge Nathan Goff on the bench. The "seed law" case was first taken

up, and petition of Simon W. Sanders. for habeas corpus, was argued for petitioner by D. L. Russell, Esq., who submitted a brief of Alfred Russell, of Detroit, Mich. Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., Esq., argued the case for the State of North Carolina, and obtained leave to file a brief within two weeks.

In the case of W. S. O'B. Robinson, eceiver of the First National Bank of Wilmington, vs. B. F. Mitchell & Son, for foreclosure of mortgage, decree was signed ordering sale of property.

Case of Minnie E. Bogart vs. W. H. Alderman and Alice Alderman, for foreclosure of mortgage. Decree issued The injunction case of bank receiver

Robinson vs. The City of Wilmington will be heard next week in Raleigh before Judge Seymour. Judge Goff left last night for Baltimore, Md., but expects to return some time next month and hear some

POLITICS IN BRUNSWICK.

Third Party Men to Hold a Convention on the 11th Inst. SUPPLY, N. C., June 2d.

Editor Wilmington Star: DEAR SIR:-I have been informed the Third party fellows will hold a convention in this county on the 11th inst., for the purpose of electing delegates to the Congressional Convention to be held in Rockingham, N. C., on the 16th of une. Also, to decide whether or not to run a third ticket in this county. If they do decide to put out the third ticket, it will tickle the Republicans out of their boots for they (the Republican) and everybody else, with common mule sense, know that that trick will play high, low, jack and the game for them. That's the only chance for the Rads in old Brunswick, and we trust that that move ma e killed out of existence on the 11th o

So, Mr. Editor, I will close by saying brethren and friends, Democrats and Alliance men, take my advice and stick stick together, and victory will be ours. DEMOCRAT.

Low Prices of Naval Stores.

Like the cotton farmers the turpentine manufacturers are suffering from low prices, resulting from over-production; and the outlook for them, almost at the beginning of the season, is not at guards or any other person or persons all reassuring. Prices of all articles of naval stores have declined steadily since the first of April, and apparently the end is not yet in sight.

As compared with prices last year at this time there is a decline of 81/4 cents per gallon in spirits turpentine, 27 cents per barrel on common rosin, 15 cents per barrel on tar, and 40 and 60 cents per barrel on crude turpentine.

Stocksat Wilmington yesterday were Spirits turpentine, 2,787 casks; rosin. 18,814 barrels; tar, 6,920 barrels; crude turpentine, 1,987 barrels.

Death of a Methodist Minister. A telegram to the STAR last night from Shelby, N. C., announces the death at that place Friday of Rev. Dr. J. W. North, of the N. C. Conference, aged 64 years. His funeral took place at Shelby yesterday.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

A Profound Sensation Caused by Secretary Blaine's Resignation. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BLAINE AND HARRISON.

The Secretary of State's Resignation

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

correspondence explains itself;

President.

Tendered and Promptly Accepted by the

WASHINGTON, June 4 .- The following

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHING-ron, June 4, 1892, 12:45 P. M. To the

President:—I respectfully beg leave to submit my resignation of the office of

Secretary of State of the United States,

to worch I was appointed by you on the

fifth of March, 1889. The condition of

public business in the Department of

State justifies me in requesting that my

resignation may be accepted immediate-

ly. I have the honor to be very respect-

To which the President replied, as

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON,

une 4th, 1892 .- To the Secretary of

State:- Your letter of this date tender-

ing your resignation of the office of

Secretary of State of the United States

has been received. The terms in which

you state your desires are such as to

leave me no choice but to accede to your

wishes at once. Your resignation

The Washington agent of the Asso-ciated Press called at Mr. Blaine's resi-

dence shortly after the correspondence had been made public and asked him i

he would not supplement it with an ex

planation. Blaine smilingly but de liberately replied: The "correspondence

explains itself, and I have not a word to

The President was next called upon

and asked if he was willing to say any-

thing in regard to it. His response

though made with entire courtesy o

tone and manner, was equally emphatic

Both the President and Mr. Blain

were seemingly in excellent spirits and

each of them, after declining to say any-

thing for publication about the great

event of the day or its effects upon the

situation at Minneapolis, turned the con-

versation to other topics with marked

composure. Mr. Blaine's appearance

and manner of tone and voice, however

were especially noticeable as indicative

of a feeling of great relief and satisfac

tion which made him even buoyantly

So far as can be learned, the resigna-

tion volunteerd by Blaine to-day

had not been preceded by any notice or

intimation to the President that it

the President only once this week,

when was during his half hour's atten-

dance at a Cabinet meeting yesterday,

conference with the Canadian Commis

sion, and returned to the State Depart

ment. The resignation appeared, there-

fore, to have been determined upon

very suddenly; but for a long time

a close observer in Washington as a sort

selief that the resignation, though un-

doubtedly precipitated by occurrences of

very recent date had its origin a long while

ago and in causes essentially personal

rather than political. These causes may

ties of temperament, developed and em-

phasized at times by impatient disagree-

ments over public questions, such as the

ficulty with Chili: invidious comparisons

and comments on the part of injudicious

friends concerning the credit due to

the reciprocity project and the general

conduct of foreign affairs of this govern-

ment, including the management of the

Behring Sea controversy and lack of

cordial relations between their respec-

tive families. These causes had un-

doubtedly created a feeling of constraint

in the personal relations of the Presi-

dent and the Secretary of State months

before the writing of the letter in

not a candidate for the Presidential

nomination, and recent publications au-

thorized by various members of the

Cabinet concerning Blaine and the

Presidency. The closely following other

published statement attributed to

member of the President's family, and

to some of his close political friends,

regarding the Secretary's physical and

mental condition, etc., are understood

to have made him feel that longer con

tinuance in President Harrison's Cabi-

net would be intolerable to him, wholly

rrespective of any questions of right or

duty to accept the Republican nomina-

tion for the Presidency if tendered him.

But whatever may have been the genesis

or immediately impelling cause of

Blaine's resignation, to-day there seems

to be no doubt whatever among his

friends in this city that by it he has

placed himself in a position of readiness

the sudden termination of the confer-

ence between himself and Gen. Foster

on one side and the British Minister

and Canadian Commissioners Foster

and Bowell on the other, looking to

readjustment of differences between the

United States and Canada, growing out

of discriminating tolls imposed on

American vessels passing through the

Welland and St. Lawrence canals. This

conference began at the State Depart-

ment vesterday, and was resumed this

morning. To.day's session, however,

did not last more than an hour, and it is

understood was brought to an abrupt

termination by Blaine's unexpected

tatement that it was useless to continue

present negotiations for the reason that

ne was about to sever his relations

with the Government. It is said further

that this announcement was a great sur-

prise to the other members of the con-

erence. At any rate, the deliberations

were brought to a sudden close, and the

Canadian Commissioners were passen-

gers on the afternoon train, bound

who saw them at their hotel prior

to their departure say that they

were in a very unpleasant frame of mind,

nd were quite free in stating that they

had not been fairly treated by the Ad-

ninistration. Blaine's letter to the

President is dated "June 4th, 12.45

written almost directly after the British

Blaine's office, which had been used as

the council chamber, and it was but

fifteen minutes later when he instructed

his private secretary to take it over to

THE PORT JERVIS OUTRAGE.

Arrest of the White Man Charged With

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., June 3.—P. J. Foley, the young Irishman suspected of

complicity in the outrage for which a

negro was lynched yesterday, was ar-

rested to-day and it took all the force

the authorities could muster to save

him from lynching long enough to smug-gle him on a train for transfer to Goshen

the outrage at the spot where the deed

jail. It is charged that he incited the

Complicity in the Crime. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

the White House.

p. m." It therefore must have been

the Dominson capital. Persons

One effect of Blaine's resignation is

either for enactment and execution

management of the war-threatening dif

be briefly summarized as incompotabil

"open secret" which warrant the

there have been various facts known to

which he made a report concerning his

Very respectfully, yours, BENJ. HARRISON.

therefore accepted.

add to it.

nothing whatever.'

JAMES G. BLAINE.

fully, your obedient servant,

WASHINGTON, June 4.- The news of the resignation of Blame created a profound sensation at the Capitol. The Senate was not in session, but the House was. The effect of the reception of the Associated Press bulletin, announcing the event, was magical. The telegram was read by the Speaker and by Representative Dingley, and almost instantly the news spread over the hall like a wave of sound. Within two minutes the space in front of the desk was filled by a throng of Pepresentatives, struggling to get a glimpse of the bit of yellow paper, which was suatched from one hand to

Secretary Blaine's resignation was taken to the White House by his private secretary, Mr. Dent. who placed it into the hands of the President. This was a little before 1 o'clock and within fifteen minutes after it was written. Soon after reading it, the President retired to the East room, and held his usual Saturday afternoon reception to the public. There were about two hundred people present not one of whom as he shook the President's hands could have told from his cool and collected manner that anything unusual had happened. Indeed, officials of the mansion said the President really seemed to be in better spirits than usual, and made felicitous replies to the greetings of some of his visitors. The reception over, the President returned to his library and addressed the letter to Mr. Blaine, accepting his resignation. This was given to Private Secretary Halford, with instructions that it be delivered at once, and Mr. Halford thereupon took it over to Mr. Blaine's house and placed it is his hands. The whole transaction did not consume more than an hour's

The Secretary remained at the Department until 1.15 o'clock arranging some private papers. While he was doing this one of the messengers laid an official document before him for his signature. He told him to take it away, remarking quietly, "I am no longer Secretary of State.

It is said that this was the first intimation that he had given any of his official assistants of his resignation, News of Blaine's resignation spread

through the city like wild-fire and was the sole topic of conversation in all quarters. The White House was the bjective point for the President's friends who naturally were anxious to President had hardly finished luncheon when he was visited by Secretaries Elkins, Rusk, Noble. Foster and Attorney-General Miller. During the informal conference that followed the President calmly told his Cabinet what had happened, and suggested in the interest of harmony and good taste, that they make no public comments whatever on the situation Therefore, the Cabinet officials refused positively to talk for publication on the subject. Secretary Tracy and Postmaster General Wanamaker are not in city, the former being in New York and the latter in Philadelphia.

During the afternoon the President ent word to the State Department that Wharton. That gentleman going to the White House the President informed him briefly of Blaine's resignation, and that he desired him to act as Secretary of State for the present.

FOR THE USUAL CRIME.

A Negro taken From Jail and Lynched by a Mob at Port Jervis, N. Y.

By tele raph to the Moining Star. PORT JERVIS, N. Y., June 2.- A negro named Bob Jackson outraged a young white girl named Lena McMahon on the outskirts of this village to-day in the presence of a number of young girls and of two young negroes who were kept at bay by Jackson's revolver. The girl's injuries will probably kill her. Jackson fled but was pursued and captured nine miles from Port Jervis and brought back. Jackson confessed the crime and implicated William Foley, a white man, who he claimed was in a conspiracy to ruin Miss McMahon. Foley has been paying attention to the girl, contrary to the wishes of her parents. Jackson was placed in the village lockup and a large crowd gathered outside. Some person raised the cry "lynch him, and it was promptly done. The village police were powerless to protect him. The noose was adjusted about his neck and he was strung up to a neighboring tree in the presence of a howling mob of over one thousand people. For over an hour the body hung suspended from the tree, where it was viewed by crowds of peoole. Jackson was about 22 years of age and had resided in Port Jervis about a year. His parents live in Paterson,

FLORIDA TRAIN ROBBERS.

One of the Gang Denies That He Wa Tortured to Make Him Confess.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. ORLANDO, FLA., June 2.-W. H Futch, one of the ring leadars in the Monroe Junction express robbery and murder, and the first man of the gang to be arrested, has made the following sworn statement for publication: It is dated "In Orange County Jail, June 1st, 1892," and he says: "It has come to my knowledge that various newspapers throughout the United States published a false report relating to my treatment by county officials-namely, that I have been submitted to torture by them in order to compel me to make a confession of my part in the recent train tragedy near Sanford, Fla. I hereby certify under oath that I was not handled roughly or in any way mistreated. No persona violence was inflicted on me; on the contrary, I was kindly, humanely and gentlemanly treated. Further, no threats, unkind words or threatening acts towards me were used by officers, whomsoever. Further, I pronounce the authority for any such reports as an un-The statement is signed by Futch, in

the presence of three witnesses, repu-table and respected citizens of Orlando, and is sworn to before M. R. Marks, notary public.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Proposition for a Fusion with the Demo cratic Party in Kansas. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KANSAS CITY, June 4.-Terms of agreement looking to a fusion of the Democratic and People's party in Kansas were made public to-day. The agreement provides that the Democrats be given the candidates in two of the seven Congressional districts, the Congressman at large, Attorney-General, and Judge of the Supreme Court. All the other nominations on the Congressional, State and Electoral tickets were conceded to the People's party.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro Argus: The death of Miss Henrietta Wood, 68 years of age, occurred at her home in this city on John street, Wednesday evening, after a decline and patiently borne illness of many means the street of t

- Greensboro Workman: The trial of Charles, Blackburn was finished last night about 15 minutes to 11 o'clock NO. 29 when the jury brought in a verdict of guilty of murder as charged in the bill of indictment.

- Winston Sentinel: The Wilkesboro Chronicle says: Mr. G. M. Foster, of Miller's Creek, is confident that he has about completed a wheel or machine that will run by perpetual motion. He has been working and experimenting with the wheel for three years and thinks that at last he has accomplished his object. He will apply for a patent upon his discovery. Dr. Samuel Martin, of Winston, invented a similar machine a few years ago and the "old thing" worked satisfactorily. The Doctor has already applied for a patent and he is confident of securing it.

- Sanford Express: One year ago the wife of Henderson Browdy (col.) died. About the same time Frank Mc-Iver (col.) died leaving a widow. Their funerals were preached on last Sunday. Henderson Browdy and the widow Mc-Iver will be married on next Sunday.

Deputy Collector S. M. Jones captured and destroyed a one hundred gal-lon blockade whiskey still between Mer-Oaks and New Hill on last Monday. le destroyed about 25,000 thousand gallons of beer. Two men were seen running from the still. He recognized one them. This is one of the biggest hauls Mr. Jones has ever made.

- Stanly News: A young cyclone visited our section Sunday eve. Some few trees were blown down in this place, and two miles above here. Mr. Lindsay Lowder sustained considerable damage to property. Some two or three little buildings and his barn shelter, near his residence, were blown down. The storm is reported as having been severe in that section. — Judy Burris was placed in jail here Tuesday. Some time ago she and Alex. Whitley left the county together for the West Whitley gether for the West. Whitley was cused of the murder of D. B. Tucker, and the return of Judy Burris at this juncture gave rise to suspicion, and the charges made against her places her in peculiarly close circumstances.

- Red Springs Comet: Mrs. Maynard, wife of Mrs. Charlie Maynard, died in this place on Tuesday evening after a brief illness. She left and intant only a day old. - The recent rain have been of immense value to the farmers. Oats are very fine and the yield will be large—cotton and corn are looking well.—Mr. McMillan shipped the first new crop of Irish potatoes from this place on Monday last. They were the early rose va-Jity and well grown. They were shipped to Washington. - A merchant of our town received an order that read this way: "Dere sir: Ples send me 4 pounds of cofe and sum te. My wife had a boy last night, also 10 pounds of cheese and a rat trap. He wayed 71/2

might be expected. Blaine had seen pounds, and a hatchet and nails. - Tarboro Southerner: Almost every county in this district has a candidate for Congress to present to the Democratic Ronvention. Well, Edgecombe will not be greedy. candidate for Governor she is content. - A correspondent writes: In traveling from Tarboro to Nashville via Batcounty farmers have the appearance of more prosperity and life in their farming operations than the Edgecombe farmers. There are some mammoth tobacco houses through the section from Battleboro to Nashville. Some small farms ave buildings on them that must have cost as much to build them as the farms would have sold for when the people commenced raising tobacco. I learn that some of the farmers who were in debt seven years ago have done their building and made other improvements, and now have small amounts of money ahead.

> - Raleigh Chronicle: There are in the freshman class at the Agricultural and Mechanical College 56 students, in the sophomore class 33, and in the junior class 21; in all 110. - The bed-spring factory here now turns out ten bedsprings daily, and has a capacity of thirty. The machinery, simple, yet ingenious, is the invention of Mr. Purefoy, the manager. - One cotton factory three, and here is where a bit of good news comes in. There is to be a third actory, and the location will be alongside the railway north of th hosiery yarn mill. — There is a new phase of the C. D. Upchurch matter. Col. A. W. Shaffer, who has been regarded as the "backbone" of the trustees, and who it was said would have the "bag to hold;" in other words, to pay out some \$16,000, is said to have no property. Yesterday the sheriff's people laid off his homestead. He has paid two or three of the earlier claims, it is learned, but some \$12,000 is yet outstanding.

- Charlotte News: W. M. Smith,

secretary, and C, B. Smith, the engineer of the Concord Southern railroad have just inspected a proposed route of their line leading from Concord to Wadesboro by Mt. Pleasant, Big Lick, and Ansonville. We are informed that in each township along the line they not only found a satisfactory route but had such assistance offered the company as will in all probability insure the placing in the field a full force of engineers for active work. Inasmuch as prominent citizens have agreed to take up this road from Concord and extend it to Salisbury it will beyond any doubt, if built, be the ern terminus of the R. - Professor Frank Zelno, the young and daring æronaut, came near losing his life vesterday afternoon. At 7 o'clock a high wind blew up and at 8 o'clock when the ropes were let loose, the balloon shot upward like a flash, and after going 2,000 feet it commenced to drop. The wind was blowing the balloon down, and the young aronuat, looked upward and saw his danger, cut his parachute loose in about 300 feet of the ground, the wind blew it over and it failed to open and he fell 50 feet like a stone. He hit the ground with a thud and was unscious for several hours but is better this - Wadesboro Messenger-Intelligen-

cer: Oats are now being harvested, and the yield is very satisfactory to the farmers. - It there is any such thing as a Third party organization in this county, we have been unable to locate it, after diligent search. The white people of Anson are still true to the grand old Democratic party. - The hard times that are prevailing now are not without mitigating circumstances afreres had left as for instance the fact that not a bushel of corn has been shipped into this market this year. There was enough corn made in the county last year for all domestic uses, and the prospect is that much more will be raised this year than will be needed for home consumption.

A white woman, who gave her name as Laura Harris, and who said that she was on her way from Alabama to Cheraw, claims that a negro attempted to assault her in the waiting room at the depot on Wednesday night of last week, sometime after 12 and before 5 o'clock. The woman arrived at Wadesboro on Wednesday night and expected to take the 5.40 a. m. train the next morning for Cheraw. Several negroes were arrested on suspicion and taken before her, but she failed to identify any of them and they were all released. She negro to the act and invited the girl to was alone in the waiting room at the take a walk and left her at a place agreed | time, but her screams aroused a gentleupon with the negro. He was seen in man who was sleeping in a coach on the his company only a few minutes before Cheraw & Salisbury Railroad, near by, but before he could reach her the negro had fled.

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State Democratic Ticket.

ELIAS CARR, OF EDGECOMBE. R. A. DOUGHTON, OF ALLEGHANY.

For Secretary of State: OCTAVIUS COKE, OF WAKE. DONALD W. BAIN, OF WAKE.

R. M. FURMAN, OF BUNCOMBE,

For Sup't of Public Instruction: . C. SCARBOROUGH, OF JOHNSTON,

C. B. AYCOCK, OF WAYNE, For Judge Twelfth Judicial District:

We clip the following from the last

"The Wilmington STAR advises the people to drop all financial legislation for the present-and do what? It does not explain what. All we can guess once more, vote for Cleveland and Blaine, or whoever the plutocrats of id the balance of power. It further admits that a large majority of the people of the United States favor financial reform. Now why is it not just as practical for this 'large majority' to hold the balance of power? They can

out the gold bugs on the first round." tion for the present," and it does not want them to vote for Cleveland and Blaine, but wants them to vote for Cleveland or any other Democrat

end to this exorbitant tribute paying, and the money the workers earn would remain in their own pockets If the writer of the extract which instead of going into the pockets of a comparatively small number of persons in whose interest the prowhich he comments, he would have tective tariff legislation was enacted. It would leave the money the peoseen that we were discussing the free coinage question, and that we advised the people not to make that a paraand mount issue in the coming campaign, but to subordinate it to greater and to the centers where it is locked up and where it remains until it bemore vital issues, issues that must be met and settled before free coinage comes the interest of the money can amount to anything if it were an kings to unlock it and turn it loose established fact. But the STAR has never "advised the people to drop all The other is the financial question financial legislation for the present." involving several schemes, some of which are possible and practicable, On the contrary it has advocated the some not, but, strange to say, the repeal of the tax on the circulation of State banks of issue, and the most practicable, most effective and establishment of a system of banks least objectionable of all is the least thought of and the least discussed. by the people which would give the This is because the men with hobdesired expansion of the currency and give ten times the relief that bies of their own have made such a the free coinage of silver would noise that they have diverted atten-

catch on to our meaning, it was pro- were adopted which is simply puttbably not because he couldn't, but | ing the monetary system back where it was up to the time when the Rebecause he didn't want to. publican financiers destroyed it to There is such a thing as sense in give the national banks a monopoly of the money of the country. Repeal the ten per cent tax on the circulation of State banks of issue, which was imposed to crush State forts on the impossible, especially when by doing so he runs the risk of banks, and that is all that Congress would have to do. The people of the States would attend to the rest had won and other things that he had been struggling for for years, and supply themselves with all the and was in a fair way of money they needed as they did prior winning. The coinage ques- to the advent of the Republican partion is not a question of ty, with its money-monopolizing, principle, it is a question of dol- currency-contracting legislation. With State banks established there would be no further clamoring for the interests of individuals, localities or sections. It is simply a question sub-treasuries, no further clamoring

of expediency, whether it is better for the issuing of stacks of treasury to agitate the coinage of silver and notes by the Government, and no lose sight of more vital questions, or real necessity for the free coinage of silver, for the people would then subordinate that to the more vital. We believe it should be subordinated have it in their power to supply themselves with all the currency and precedence given to those questions which now have a more direct they needed in their business and would be entirely independent of the Federal Government and each State country at large and of all the peoor section could establish such sysple, regardless of class or of sectem as would best meet their wants

without consulting the interest or In comparison with tariff reform the free coinage of silver is a cipher. | convenience of any other State or It wouldn't add, if every ounce section. Then the farmer, or metaken from our mines were coined, chanic, or store-keeper could make a dollar a head to the vol- his land or whatever other property ume of currency, while the tariff he might have available when he | \$15,500,000.

wanted to borrow money, which he cannot do now under the present monetary system, and this is why costs every man, woman and child wanted to borrow money, which he in the United States at least ten dollars a year paid in needless tribute money, although there are millions on the increased cost of tariff proupon millions of it locked up in tected articles consumed. How much relief would free coinage give Eastern vaults, is scarce and not within the reach of the people who need it the most. This is one of the Tariff reform can never come, free principal reasons of the "hard times" coinage or any other financial measand the low price of farm products; ures with relief in them can never come, economical, non-plundering the money of the country is centered tial part. The scheme, it is believed, in certain sections, and not distrigovernment can never come until buted nor available as it should the Republican party is defeated, be to perform the full functions of routed and crushed, While it exists money. This is why the farmers of as a political factor it is an obstacle in the way of all these and of all the South and of the West have to pay such exorbitant rates of interest other reforms. The South is partifor the use of the money they need cularly interested in this not

to meet their necessities. We believe as firmly as we believe that the continent upon which we live lies between two oceans that the restoration of the State banks is the true and only solution of the financial problem which the effort is now being made to solve in so many different ways, some of which are impossible or impracticable, others of which would solve it only partially. The State bank covers the ground and it is the only system that does.

MINOR MENTION.

"That's all right," is the latest atterance, according to the Washingon dispatches, from Hon. James G. Blaine, on the Presidential question, When approached by a representative of the Associated Press who in formed him that the wires were at his service if he had anything to communicate, that was all he had to say. He said it pleasantly, as if he felt assured that it was all right. He was coming out of the White House at the time, where he had been chatting, doubtless, with his chief, on recent developments as announced by wire from Minneapolis, for several days, and where the atmosphere about the respective headquarters is becoming quite warm. Blaine and Harrison may understand each other, and possibly do, while the adherents of each do not, and it is possible that there may be an understanding between them that either will get out of the other's way when the sentiment of the convention is so fully expressed as to show beyond doubt which is the choice of the party. Several months ago, when Blaine was looming up as a candidate the friends of Harrison said there was such an understanding between them, and this may have been renewed since the revival of the Blaine boom. This is the only way in which the continued friendly relations (if they are friendly) between the President and the Secretary can be accounted for. Without such an understanding it would be exceedingly difficult for the gentleman from

Maine to play the role he is playing without an open rupture. There has been some doubt expressed as to whether the Republican party managers in this State will put a ticket for State officers in the field, but there is no longer much room to doubt that now. The last issue of the Greensboro North State, the leading Republican paper in the State, declares that no one has been authorized to say that no ticket will be put in the field, and intimates pretty plainly that while there are some men in the party who recommend the passive course they are not the representative men nor the men who shape party action. Supplementary to this it throws out in a sepa-

How would an independent State

ticket strike the average voter? Don't all speak at once. The object of this, doubtless, is not so much to draw out Republicans as to get an expression of views from that element which the North State says in a leading editorial are dissatisfied with the work of the Democratic State Convention and the ticket nominated. If an independent ticket were put in the field it would be to all intents and purposes a Republican ticket and would depend upon Republican votes for its main support.

These are days of great enterprises. The latest is a proposed ship railway between lakes Huron and Ontario, the object being to divert the commerce of the lakes seaward through the St. Lawrence river. We gather the following in reference to it from the New York Commercial

Advices from Montreal state that scheme has been launched by a number of prominent Canadian capitalists to connect the Georgian Bay and Lake Ontario by a mammoth ship railway. Mr. E. L. Corthell, an engineer of Chicago, who was associated with Capt. Eads in the construction of the Tehuantepee ship railway across the Isthmus of Panama, has been consulted by the promoters. and has given his opinion that the scheme is thoroughly practical. Mr. Corthell has just returned from a thorough inspection of the proposed route along the small divide between the two bodies of water from near Collinwood, on Georgian Bay, and the neighberhood of Toronto, on Lake Ontario, a distance of about sixty-six miles. He expresses the opinion that there could not be found anywhere a strip of country better adapted in easy grades for a natural

The roadbed will be fifty feet wide and will have six parallel steel tracks. The original estimate of cost of the work was

tered-Two Gold Watches and a Sun of Money Taken.