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11 "	6 00	11 00	16 00	22 00	30 00	40 00	55 00	65 00
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THE WEEKLY STAR.

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WEAVER ON MONEY.

So far in his speeches delivered in this State Gen. Weaver has confined himself mainly to the discussion of the money and transportation questions. He says the country needs more money, which will be pretty generally conceded, and then he goes on to argue that the only way the country can get more money is through the Third party and by voting for Gen. Weaver, as it is useless, he says, "to expect either of the old parties to espouse this new issue."

Gen. Weaver takes it for granted, that the people whom he addresses are intensely ignorant upon this question when he talks in this style. In the first place it is not a "new issue," for the Democratic party has not only advocated it but secured a very large increase in the volume of currency when it remonetized silver (which the Republicans had demonetized), and thereby added $400,000,000 to the volume of currency, the increase still being continued at the rate of $50,000,000 a year. It saved and kept in circulation $300,000,000 of greenbacks which the Republicans would have destroyed as they had been doing up to the time the destroying process was stopped. Thus fully $700,000,000 was added to the volume of currency which would not be in circulation now if it had not been for the Democratic party.

He conceals the fact that the platform adopted by the Democratic National Convention at Chicago contains a plank which demands the repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the circulation of State banks of issue so that State banks may be established and thus give the people all the money they need for the transaction of business, and in a volume that may be expanded or contracted as the business needs may suggest.

If Gen. Weaver had said it is useless to look to the Republican party to espouse this issue he would have spoken the truth, for that party is tied to the National banks, and is stubbornly opposed, not only to any other system, but to any material increase in the volume of currency, but when he couples the Democratic party with the Republican party in this he simply misrepresents the Democratic party and makes a declaration for which there is not a particle of foundation.

THE BANK ISSUE.

The Republican managers have tried to dodge the Force bill issue, and feeling that they are losing ground on the Tariff issue they are trying to bring the bank question to the front and make a leading issue out of that. Mr. Harrison did it in his letter of acceptance and so did James G. Blaine in that "ringing" letter which he wrote shortly before the election in Maine.

As to its being an issue they are right, and they are right as to its being an important issue, for it is, with the exception of the Force bill and the tariff, the most important issue now before the people. Messrs. Harrison and Blaine speaking for themselves and as representatives of the Republican party bring this issue to the front now not so much because they are especially interested it as because they hope by doing so to divert attention from the tariff and the Force bill, the two absorbing questions, and also to make some political capital in those States where the National Banks are numerous, where money is abundant and where there is, consequently, little or no necessity for the establishment of any more, or any other kind of banks.

The Republican campaign managers are now preparing a circular for distribution throughout the country attacking that plank in the Democratic platform which demands the repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the circulation of State Banks of issue. It is said that they have been furnished the material for this document by bankers in the East who are interested in keeping up the present financial system and in preventing the establishment of any other which would make money more plentiful, and their profits as money-lenders less.

The difference between the Democratic and the Republican parties is strikingly shown in this instance, if in none other. The Democratic party, in its endeavors to befriend the people and speedily give them the currency needed to meet the business demands of the country, favors the establishment of State banks in addition to the National Banks as the speediest and most effective way to accomplish it. The Democratic party speaks for the people—the farmer, the mechanic, the laborer, the merchant; for all who live by their labor or who may find it necessary to borrow money to meet their obligations or conduct their business. It did not consult Wall street, nor voice the wishes of Wall street when it put that plank in its platform, notwithstanding that the Third party orators and Third party organs iterate and reiterate a lot of idiotic stuff about the Democratic party being the creature of Wall street, &c. It is not to the interest of Wall street that State banks should be established.

When the Wall street power wanted a party to voice its sentiments on that question it knew where to go, and went right straight to the Republican party and picked out its two leading representative men to utter the first deliverance; first Mr. Harrison, next James G. Blaine, and next the Republican campaign committee, which is to speak soon through the document to which we have referred. The National Bankers, the protected manufacturers and the Pension agents own the Republican party, and never fail to get what they demand from it, so now when there is a popular demand for more money, and the Democratic party suggests a way by which it may be accomplished without resorting to any methods of questionable expediency or constitutionality, the Republican party, true to its instincts, at once becomes the ready and willing tool of the money power to resist it and defeat the measure proposed in the interest of the people. The Democratic party speaks for the money earners and the money borrowers, *versus* the money owners and the money lenders.

Isn't the difference between the two parties strikingly shown in this? The one, the Democratic party, stands as it always does, for the people; the other, the Republican party, as it always does, aligns itself with the money power, champions it, and makes its cause the party's cause.

Is there any man with sense enough to go in out of the rain, who can't see which party is in sympathy with the people on this question? and that the Democratic party is with the people on the money question, as it is on the tariff question, the pension question and all other questions where abuse has taken root and where reform is demanded?

MINOR MENTION.

The Third party orators in the South pronounce the Force bill a mere bugaboo conjured up to scare people into the support of the Democratic party and declare that it is not an issue in this campaign. They say that in spite of the fact that the platform adopted at Minneapolis endorses the Force bill, that President Harrison was an is an ardent supporter of it, and that Tom Reed, Senator Hoar and numerous other Republican leaders insist that it must be pushed, and that it is to-day a live topic of discussion on the Republican stump North and South. The negroes are standing by the Republican party because they are told and believe that a Force bill will be passed if the Republicans elect their President and secure a majority in the next House of Representatives. Some of the negro leaders are desperately in earnest in the demand for it, in which they have been egged on and encouraged by such firebrands as A. W. Tourgee, Fred Douglass, Col. Shepard of the New York *Mail and Express*, and others. A meeting of the Afro-American Press Association was held this week at Philadelphia. Among the speeches made was one by a negro named Mitchell, who presided over the meeting, in which he said the editors then assembled should make "a declaration of independence here to-day; there should be no more cowards among the negroes of the South, but that they would fight it out there with the ballot or, if necessary, with the bullet." This, of course, is mere bluster, but it shows how much in earnest the negroes have become and how they have been encouraged in their aggressive assertion by the incendiary teachings of the Force bill advocates. The Third party man who doesn't see that the Force bill is an issue must be very blind or pitiably stupid.

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Mrs. Lease, the female part of the Weaver-Lease combination, seems to be the most taking and conspicuous feature in it. This is, perhaps, because she appears in female costume, is a better speaker than Weaver and lets her tongue wag more freely and boldly. She isn't as much of a politician and lacks the discretion of the male half of the combination. In her speeches in Georgia she thanked God that the Third party had "obliterated distinctions of race, sex and color." In her speech at Raleigh, Thursday, she declared that the Third party proposed to "treat all men, black and white, alike," giving, from force of habit, doubtless, the black precedence. It proposed, she said, "to establish a system of fraternity and justice between all men." It must be remembered that Mrs. Lease got her political training and launched out as a political "reformer" and evangelist in "bleeding Kansas," which gave to the world John Brown, whose "soul is still marching on," and Jerry Simpson and Senator Peffer, old time negro equality Radicals, now Third party luminaries. Mrs. Lease was not talking for "justice" for the negro, but for "fraternity," equality and for the wiping out of all distinction politically and otherwise between the black man and the white man. The negroes who crowded around her as she spoke took it in and were wild in their applause. Mrs. Lease deserves credit for her candor. The Third party must logically be just what she says it must be unless it proposes to humbug the negro as the Republican party has done.

North Carolinians abroad do not forget their old mother State, a fact which is eloquently illustrated by the interest which native North Carolinians in business in the city of Baltimore are taking in our pending election. They have raised by subscription among themselves $1,236.49, which they have forwarded to Chairman Simmons, to help defray the campaign expenses, in addition to which they have expended about $30 for political documents which they have sent for distribution in this State. In forwarding this money they make an urgent and eloquent appeal to North Carolinians at home to do their full duty to prevent North Carolina becoming a victim of Republican rule and Republican despotism, an appeal which will surely not be made in vain.

The *National Watchman* says the Georgia Democrats want to murder Tom Watson, and now Ignatius Donnelly rises to remark that the Republican party managers in that State are plotting his murder. Verily the Third party rousicators have a rough time of it when they go around thus as prospective martyrs with their lives in their hands. But they continue to get outside of three meals a day, as usual.

When Weaver looked on the marshals of the crowd that escorted him to the place of speaking at Raleigh, with their anti-trust cotton bagging regalia and corn-shucks pinned on their coat lapels, he exclaimed: "Solomon, in all his glory, was not arrayed like one of these." No, verily, he was not. That was, probably, one of Weaver's little jokes.

As one of the results of the quarantine squabble between the New York and the National authorities, New York claims that Sandy Hook belongs to her instead of Uncle Sam who has been lodging claim to it, and has been trying to hook it, so to speak.

Weaver spent much of his time on the stand in Raleigh telling of his stumping tour, and what a fair prospect the Third party had. The sum and substance of his horoscope was, that he felt pretty sure of Colorado and Nevada.

Chris. Magee, the Pennsylvania Republican manipulator, who went down to Alabama to "harmonize" the hair-pulling Republican factions, says that State will surely go for Harrison. It will "go for him" in the usual able-bodied style.

Gen. Weaver dilates freely upon the cordial reception he has had in all the Southern States he has visited—except Georgia. This disposes of the allegation that there is "no free speech in the South."

Mrs. Lease says Gen. Weaver was egged at Macon, Ga., by the "son of a sneak thief." Now Mrs. Lease cannot hold the Democrats of Macon responsible for an egg shied by the son of a sneak thief.

Mrs. Lease announces in her speeches that she is a lawyer, and that she practices in the higher and lower courts. She is practicing in the lower courts now, and she is getting down pretty low too.

The Norfolk *Virginian* thinks that Mrs. Lease ought to be at home in Kansas "mending her husband's trousers" instead of galavanting around the country. Why, man, she wears the trousers.

Masonboro and Harnett.

Maj. Wm. M. Robbins will address the people of Masonboro township October 12th, and of Harnett township October 13th. Maj. Robbins is one of the finest stump speakers in the State, and should attract large crowds at both of these appointments. If every Democrat will carry a well stocked lunch basket it will add to the pleasure of the meetings.

They'll Burn the Wind.

The Weldon *News*, referring to the two improved locomotive engines recently purchased for their fast trains by the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, which can make seventy-five miles an hour, says: "These locomotives are known as four cylinder Vauclair compound locomotives. One of them passed through here last week for one of the Southern roads. It took the "Shoo-fly" to Wilmington, and on the run made a mile in fifty-five seconds. This locomotive has four cylinders—two high pressure 11¼ inches, and two low pressure, 16 inches. The stroke is twenty-four inches, and there are eight driving wheels five feet eight inches in diameter. The truck wheels are wrought iron, and are also Vulclair's patent. It is said that one of these Vauclair locomotives, with six feet drivers, has made a mile in 39¼ seconds, or at the rate of ninety-two miles an hour.

Funeral of the Late W. N. Jacobs.

The funeral of the late W. N. Jacobs took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock from Grace M. E. Church South. Rev. Mr. Norman, the pastor of the church, conducted the solemn and impressive services, assisted by Rev. Mr. Swindell. The attendance at the funeral is said to have been the largest ever seen on a similar occasion at Grace Church. Besides the relatives and numerous friends of the family, there were several organizations of which the deceased was a member, including Cape Fear Lodge No. 2, Wilmington Lodge No. 189, and Campbell Encampment No. 1, I. O. O. F., Stonewall Lodge No. 1, Knights of Pythias, Eyota Tribe of Red Men, and St. John's Lodge of Masons. The pallbearers were Messrs. W. W. Hodges, Geo. G. Lewis, J. W. Fleet, J. T. Riley, Victor Zoeller and Sam'l Davis.

Superior Court.

The case of John L. Wescott vs. Hester J. Craig—suit to obtain possession of property belonging to Mrs. Craig and sold to plaintiff by John C. Davis—begun Friday last, was concluded yesterday, the jury returning a verdict for the defendant, Mrs. Craig. Counsel for plaintiff gave notice that the case would be carried on appeal to the Supreme Court.

A recess was taken by the court at 5 p. m. until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Col. Staples, of Winston, counsel for E. L. Hawks in the case of J. H. Barnard vs. E. L. Hawks, made a motion to dissolve the attachment on shares of stock of defendant in the Wilmington Street Railway Co. Argument on the motion will be heard to-morrow.

The Leslie Accident.

Concerning the accident to Mr. Thos. Leslie, advance agent of George Wilson's minstrels, at Florence, the *Times* has this to say: "The evidence taken by the railroad authorities is that he had been drinking heavily. He came in on 23, and is thought to have registered at the Central Hotel and returned to the depot. He must have laid down between the track and the eating house. The shifting engine was backing the Columbia coaches around the Y, with a flagman on the end, but on the curve side, and did not see the man. His right arm was cut off near the shoulder. He was taken, when found, into the waiting room and physicians sent for. As soon as practicable he was taken back to the hotel and the crushed arm amputated."

The K. S. Schedule.

Under the new schedule which goes into effect on the Carolina Central tomorrow, Capt. Tom Alderman will punch the tickets between Charlotte and Rutherfordton, Capts. Bowden, Beery and Welsh will have charge of the night trains between Wilmington and Charlotte, while Capt. Billy Hall will "do" the local freight between Wilmington and Laurinburg. There will be no Sunday trains as was thought probable at one time, and George Welsh's grasshopper train will have to be provided with an electric plant in order to guarantee a "fair count."

For the State Fair.

The Atlantic Coast Line announces special rates to Raleigh, on account of the State Fair, October 18th to 21st. Round trip tickets including one admission to the Fair will be on sale October 17th to 21st, at the following rates: Wilmington $3.30, Burgaw $3.80, Magnolia 2 40, Faisons $2.15, Dudley $1.75, Fayetteville, $2.10, Rowland $3.20, Rocky Mount $2.25, Tarboro, $2.50, Whiteville $4.30, Chadbourn, $4.40, and other points in proportion.

Convicted of Manslaughter.

Charles and Will. Barringer were tried at Florence, S. C., this week for the murder of W. J. Tolbert, and, after about an hour's deliberation the jury returned a verdict of guilty of manslaughter against both. Counsel for the defendants gave notice of a motion for a new trial. The trial attracted a great deal of attention. The young Barringers have a good many acquaintances in Wilmington.

Mr. Morton's Competitor.

The Republican convention for the Senatorial district composed of New Hanover and Brunswick counties met in this city yesterday and nominated W. J. Groves (white) of New Hanover, for State Sentor. The convention met in the office of Mr. C. P. Lockey, who was made chairman, with B. J. Waters (colored) of Brunswick, secretary.

The Maxton Fair.

The Border Exposition of the Carolinas will open at Maxton October 26th and close October 28th. This is one of the most popular of the North Carolina fairs, and indications now point to one of the most successful ever held. Mr. McNair is President and Col. E. F. McRae Secretary; both men of intelligence and energy. They have the STAR's best wishes for a grand time.

— It will be a tight race between Gore and Groves for the Senate, and it is hard to guess who will get the smaller vote. Morton will beat both of them combined by a good majority.

CANADAY'S CHECKERED CAREER.

Some Further Particulars Concerning His Checkered Career—His Suicide Not a Surprise.

In the following, from the Philadelphia *Times*, some additional particulars are given concerning the late W. P. Canaday which have appeared in no other paper we have seen:

Another note was left by the suicide, said to have been addressed to a Miss Moore, which note the police have and will not make public until the inquest. Miss Moore is a young lady of excellent family and good reputation, whom Colonel Canaday knew in North Carolina. She is a daughter of Judge Moore, for many years on the bench of one of the higher State Courts in North Carolina, and is living here with her sister, whose husband is assistant curator of the National Museum.

Colonel Canaday was a Confederate soldier and came into public life with the advent of Mahone and Riddleberger from Virginia. He was the Southern manager of Senator Sherman for some years prior to that period, and was chosen Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate upon the earnest solicitation of Mr. Sherman. He was a close political friend of Mahone and Riddleberger for some time, and then they became enemies. It was he who took charge of Riddleberger at one time when the latter arose in an intoxicated condition and insisted upon speaking on the floor of the Senate. Riddleberger threatened to kill Colonel Canaday for his interference, and never forgave him. Canaday's trouble with Mahone grew out of business relations.

Mahone was one of the Senatorial pool which invested largely in creosote works at Wilmington, N. C., managed by Canaday, and which made a dismal failure. The mismanagement of Canaday, referred to by the Senator as "dishonesty," was the direct cause of Colonel Canaday's retirement as Sergeant-at-Arms. During the campaigns of 1880 and 1884 Colonel Canaday almost carried North Carolina's vote in convention in his pocket. He cast it solid for Senator Sherman.

After the campaign of 1884 he began to lose cast with his own people, and finally lost all political prestige. When he returned to private life here and opened an office for law practice in the executive department and before Congress he had lost all political power.

Nearly all of the old Senatorial friends he once had had deserted him except John Sherman. When Colonel Canaday left the Senate's employ he owed quite a number of individual debts, "borrowed money," to employes of the Senate, and his creditors there added their mite to his rapid decline in public favor. The Colonel became almost an outcast. He had little practice, seemed despondent and was by many sincerely pitied.

His suicide to-day, while shocking, was not a surprise. His public career was checkered, and yet it was not without redeeming features. He was a steadfast friend, but unfortunate in his calculations. He was energetic and painstaking. Everybody here knew him, and at one time there were few men in Washington who wielded more power. He was a great admirer of Senator John J. Ingalls, of Kansas, and it is probable that up to his last hour there were few men who would have gone farther to have done him a personal kindness than the great orator from the grasshopper State.

AGRICULTURAL FAIRS

To be Held at Various Points in the State this Fall.

The following is a list of the fairs and the places at which they will be held in various counties in this State during the Fall:

Alamance Fair Association, October 12, 13, 14 and 15, Burlington; North Carolina State Fair, October 18, 19, 20 and 21, Raleigh; Cumberland county Agricultural Society, October 11, 12, 13 and 14, Fayetteville; Piedmont Alliance I. M. Fair Association, October 4, 5, 6 and 7, Salisbury; Rutherford Fair Association. October, Rutherfordton, Warren county Agricultural Fair, October 19, 20 and 21, Warrenton; Barke County Fair Association, October 11, 12, 13 and 14, Morganton; Edenton Agricultural and Fish Fair, October 25, 26, 27 and 28, Edenton; Clinton County Agricultural Fair, November, Clinton; Border Exposition of the Carolinas, October 26, 27 and 28, Maxton; Albemarle Park Association, October 3, 4, 5 and 6, Elizabeth City; Rocky Mount Fair Association, November 9, 10 and 11, Rocky Mount; Catawba Agricultural and Industrial Association, September 27, 28, 29 and 30, Newton.

Capt. Alexander Home—How Things Look in Robeson.

Capt. S. B. Alexander arrived at his home in Charlotte Tuesday night from Robeson county, of which he and Mr. Sol. C. Weill, of Wilmington, have just completed a thorough canvass. Capt. Alexander, the *Observer* says, speaks hopefully of the situation in that section. Hs says things looked dark when he and Mr. Weill began work, but there has been a marked improvement within the past four weeks; the Democracrats have waked up and are working with might and main; the lukewarm are getting "hotter" in the Democratic cause, and altogether he thinks Robeson will be found on the right side when the general roll is called. On the 10th of next month Capt. Alexander and Mr. Weill will begin a canvass of Richmond county and all the counties beyond there.

Schooner Lorenzo Lost.

The small coasting schooner *Lorenzo*, Capt. Moore, plying between Wilmington and Tar Landing on New river, in Onslow county, sprung a leak while on her trip from Wilmington Tuesday last, and sunk in New river. She had a quantity of merchandise on board, which, with the vessel, is reported to be a complete loss. The *Lorenzo* is owned by Col. S. B. Taylor, of Catherine Lake.

Navassa Guano Company.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Navassa Guano Company, held at their office yesterday, Mr. David G. Worth was unanimously elected President *pro tempore*, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Donald MacRae.

— Look here, Jeff. Blackburn! Your trap must have caught the cholera instead of a rabbit.

WEAVER AT ROCKY MOUNT.

About Three Thousand People Assembled to Hear Him—Democrats, Republicans and Negroes—Mrs. Lease Breaks Down—A Fair Showing Given the Speakers.

[Special Star Correspondence.]

ROCKY MOUNT, Sept. 30.—Weaver, the Third party candidate for President, came in this morning on the Shoo-fly from Weldon. There was a large crowd in town to hear him, the majority of whom were Democrats, Republicans and negroes. Several adjoining counties are represented in the Third party.

A little before 12 o'clock the crowd began to wind their way to the fair grounds, where a stand was erected and from which place Weaver delivered his speech. It was undoubtedly the largest gathering of his party ever spoken to in this State, being as it were right in the hot-bed of the Third party element.

The Democrats are more charitable than they, for they were out in strong force, and paid close attention and gave him a fair showing and hearing.

Mr. Horton came down on the train with Weaver with his Tennessee affidavits, but as Weaver made no allusion to them, the affidavits were not produced.

After Weaver closed, his quondam friend, Mrs. Lease, led off. Her remarks were clearly memorized, and being thrown off her guard she lost the connection and had to take her seat, making no argument whatever. Neither discussed the main issues of the day, the theme with Weaver being mostly "money." He quoted a good deal of scripture and calling on the Lord's name made it sacreligous. Some negroes said he was preaching a good sermon and wanted to know his church.

The hatred of Democrats is so bitter that the Third party men would not attend (the leaders) yesterday to hear Gen'l Ransom at Battleboro, who made—to my certain knowledge—converts of an old gentleman and his four or five boys, and many others. If they would hear the Democrats speak there would be many more conversions; but they won't. The gods first make mad whom they destroy. They are doing so now, and next November will tell them a doleful tale.

The crowd was estimated at about 3,000, and everything passed off quietly, the Third partyites being highly elated with their day's proceedings. J.

HOMESTEAD TROUBLES.

Warrants Issued for the Arrest of Strikers on the Charge of Treason.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, PA., October 1.—Nothing done since first trouble at Homestead, except possibly the attempt on the life of H. C. Frick, has caused more talk than the act of Chief Justice Paxson in issuing warrants for the arrest of thirty-three Homestead men charged with treason.

This is the first time that the charge of treason has been brought in any State for acts arising from a strike or labor trouble, and it is the talk among a great many that it certainly is proper that the great industrial State of Pennsylvania should be first to settle this question as to whether armed resistance to the law is treason. All Judges of the Supreme Court now present in the city consulted over the cases yesterday in their chamber in the court house. District Attorneys Burleigh and B. C. Knox were sent for and held a long consultation with the Chief Justices, after which the Justices again consulted and then District Attorneys Burlegh and Knox were instructed by the Chief Justice to prepare information and county detective Beltzhover ordered by the Chief Justice to make information, and the Chief Justice signed the warrants for the arrest of the accused

The most novel part of the cases will be their subsequent disposition. The Chief Justice will hear the application for bail, and before the cases go to the grand jury, he will call that body before him and deliver to it the special charge on treason, fully defining the crime and commenting on the cases. Should true bills be found proceeding never seen before will occur. Chief Justice Paxson is *ex-officio* Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and will sit in that court for Alleghany county and try the cases. This will, indeed be a novel and heretofore unknown thing, and will attract the attention of the world and make the cases, by reason of their peculiar circumstances, of world-wide notoriety.

Brennan & Cox, attorney's for the strikers, are highly indignant over what they term persecutions of the defendants, and made some very uncomplimentory remarks about the cases and those engaged in prosecuting them. They claim to have no fear about the outcome and say it will not be possible to make treason out of the acts of the advisory committee. They hinted long-contemplated suits for treason against the Carnegie people would now be pushed. O'Donnell, Cretchen and Clifford, three of the accused, are now in jail, making nine already under arrest. It is expected that more arrests will follow.

POLITICAL EXCITEMENT.

Republicans Don't Want the Australian Ballot System.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 1.—Excitement has been created in local political circles by the development of a plan to mollify the Australian ballot law, although the expected decision of the Supreme Court declaring the legislative apportionment of 1885 unconstitutional, has not been made yet. It is said that as soon as the court decides the apportionment act void, suit will be filed to set aside the Australian ballot on the ground that the Legisiature of 1889, by which the law was enacted and which was elected under the apportionment of 1885, was an illegal body under the courts' decision. It the aportionment suit now pending related only to the act of 1891, no such question could be raised, for no legislature had been elected under its provisions. But three sessions of the legislature were held under the act of 1885, and if these were unconstitutional bodies, every act which they passed can be nullified.

ELECTRIC SPARKS.

The Supreme Court of Wisconsin today finally passed upon the recent apportionment act, and declared it unconstitutional. An extra session of the Legislature will be called.

A Liverpool dispatch says: A recount of the stock of cotton here shows the total to be 1,099,820 bales, of which 937,468 are American, instead of 1,124,000, and 988,000, respectively, as previously reported.

A Norfolk, Va., dispatch says Gen. James B. Weaver and Mrs. Lease spoke there yesterday afternoon. A small crowd was present, composed mainly of Democrats. The speaker was listened to attentively and treated with the utmost courtesy.

STATE POLITICS.

— Settle is in a fix. It he favors the Force bill the whites will be against him. To oppose it is to put the blacks against him. If he straddles it he will catch it from both sides. In the meantime your Uncle Baldy is whooping up things, and the people are rallying to his standard.—*Reidsville Weekly.*

— Henderson and Holton had a joint discussion at the court house last night. Henderson made a splendid speech and was loudly and frequently applauded. Holton made an appeal to the colored people, and advocated squarely the Force bill with all its attendant horrors.—*Concord Times.*

— An Alliance lodge in Yadkin county held a meeting one night recently for the purpose of resolving itself into a Third party lodge. After taking the census it was ascertained that only two Democrats belonged to the lodge. Thereupon it was resolved to adjourn till after the election.—*Statesville Landmark.*

— Dr. Hardy, the gentleman who nominated Exum for Governor and subsequently withdrew from the Third party, now states that his reason for withdrawing was the "information he had that the leaders of the movement were to receive $50,000 if they succeeded in placing North Carolina in the Harrison column."—*Raleigh Chronicle.*

— The Third party has so thinned down that you can hardly hear them grunt. From some cause they have got remarkably quiet, but the ring-leaders are bush-whacking and working on the sly. It is early in the campaign for such work, but possibly this is the way they propose to conduct their entire campaign.—*Maxton Union and Scottish Chief.*

— The Third party held a meeting Friday at Tilghman's X Roads, in this township. We are informed that there were about forty white men and seventy-five negroes present. The speakers were Capt. E. A. Thorne, Hon. W. E. Bowers, Messrs. Thad. Bowers and Geo. H. Skinner. Dr. Green, chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, asked for a division of time for Capt. Day, but it was refused.—*Weldon News.*

— C. W. Bell, late secretary of the People's party convention, says: "I am frank to confess that I was disgusted with the convention and do hereby withdraw from the People's party and come back to the old Democratic party soul and body, and will work and vote for the success of the entire ticket from constable up to Grover Cleveland.—*Marion Free Lance.*

— Red Springs township failed for want of material to have the Third party convention and send delegates to the county convention. Mr. Daniel McLeod, a self-appointed delegate, was on hand, and when the voting time came cast five votes, representing 135 voters, when there were not more than five Third party voters in the township.—*Red Springs Comet.*

— Col. Lon J. Moore, of Newbern, will at an early day take the field for Cleveland and the State ticket. The Colonel, until recently, has affiliated with the Republican party, but the Force bill, urged by the Republicans, and the wild silver scheme put out by the so-called Third party, were pills that no man could swallow and at the same time love the country that gave him birth.—*Raleigh News and Observer.*

— Our farmers are awakening to the fact that they must stand up like men for the protection of their rights as citizens as well as their homes, and the news from each township in the county grows better each day. Some of our good citizens who have been counted for the Third party, cannot get the consent of their minds to follow Dr. Dalby into the Republican party and turn our government over to Radical misrule. They are coming about in numbers.—*Oxford Ledger.*

— ASHEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 29.—This has been a grand day for Democracy in Buncombe. J. G. Field, the Third party candidate for Vice President, spoke in the court house. By actual count there were only eight Third party people in the house, only three of whom were formerly Democrats. Butler was present, but failed to remain to hear Glenn. ——In introducing Field, Butler incidently mentioned the name of Cleveland and the applause was so deafening and prolonged that Butler with difficulty continued. The only persons who gave Butler any attention were a few insignificant Republicans.—*Raleigh News and Observer.*

— While in Winston last Saturday Dr. Exum' it seems, talked to several gentlemen on the political situation. When asked about his coming down the Doctor said it was a benefit to the Demcrats for him to run; that were he to pull out from the race his party would at once put up another candidate who in all probability would poll more votes than he could ever hope to. A citizen who has known known Exum for several years says he don't know of but two striking features about the Doctor. One is that he has made a success in his farming pursuits, and the other that he is a fine judge of a horse and is ever ready for a trade. The man who gets ahead of him on the latter, says our informant, will have to get up before day. —*Winston Sentinel.*

— MARION, N. C., Sept. 26.—Glenn and Butler spoke to a crowded court house to-day. The Third party put out its full county strength, about twenty. Glenn spoke for an hour and a half, and completely annihilated Butler and his crowd. He was bold, fearless, aggressive, eloquent and convincing. Butler winced beneath the sledge-hammer blows that were plied thick and fast upon him. No better speech has been made here in years. He forced Butler to abandon his position on the tariff, his government ownership of railroads, and made him take water on the money question. Butler consumed forty minutes in trying to explain his inconsistent record. His reasons satisfied no one, not even his own party friends. Butler's speech was a flat failure, and made a poor impression on all. Butler seemed sullen and ill at ease. —— Mr. N. J. Hodge, of Milburnie, has left the Republican party, and has joined the Democratic party. He has always heretofore voted the straight Republican ticket.—*Raleigh News and Observer.*

KENTUCKY TOBACCO.

Crop Prospects More Encouraging After the Late Rains.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Oct. 1.—The crop report of the State Commission of Agriculture for the month of September says: Late rains have brought reasonable development of many crops of tobacco from which poor and unsatisfactory returns were expected. Returns from portions of the State known as the Burley district, show a percentage of about seventy-five, and taking the State as a whole, show a percentage of eighty-eight, which includes the Burley district. This is the general average of all tobacco.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: W. H. Jernigan, Co. I, 26th N. C. regiment, died at the Soldiers Home at 10 o'clock Wednesday night.

— Concord *Standard*: Old Mr. Sloop, 84 years of age, attended the speaking at Glass's on Wednesday. He has been a Democrat since his first vote in 1832, for Hickory Jackson, and knows a good thing when he sees it.

— Newbern *Journal*: Mr. Isaiah Wood, an old and respected citizen, died at his residence in this city yesterday morning, aged 70 years. He was a native of Jones county, but he spent a good portion of his life in Kinston afterwards moving to Newbern.

— Maxton *Union and Scottish Chief*: Mr. Archie Smith killed a monster eagle near Lumber Bridge a few days ago. It measured seven feet from tip to tip of wings. —— A. McDougald, a young man from Columbia, S. C., (now visiting in Laurinburg) is no slouch of a sprinter. Last Friday he ran from Laurinburg to Maxton, a distance of seven miles, in 45 minutes.

— Red Springs *Comet*: The farmers are busy gathering their cotton and saving their pea-vine hay. Large quantities of the latter will be made around here this year. —— Mr. William Conoley, a respected citizen who lived near Shannon, dropped dead last Saturday morning. He had gone out to his horse lot about daylight and was found shortly afterwards with life extinct. Supposed to be apoplexy. Mr. Conoley was aged about 60 years.

— Salisbury *Herald*: We were shown this morning an ear of corn and the tassel of a stalk raised by Mr. M. C. Reinhardt, of Gold Hill township, which was rather extraordinary. The grains are each incased in a seperate shuck, while the whole is covered with a shuck like a common ear. The tassel is also full of small grains, each in a case or shuck. The grains on both the ear and tassel are incased much like grains of wheat, only the small shuck is apparently much lighter than chaff.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: Some miscreant fired three shots from a shot-gun, into the residence of Mr. W. F. Teal, who lives about three miles from town, on the Camden road, last Saturday night. Several of the shot penetrated one of the windows of Mr. Teal's house, but did no further damage. The shots were fired about 10 o'clock, Mr. Teal having just retired for the night. —— Uncle Mike Edwards, one of the best known colored men in the county, died here last Thursday, about 85 years of age. Uncle Mike has alway been a Democrat from principle, having voted that ticket every election since the war. He was buried at the expense of the Democratic club of Wadesboro township.

— Charlotte *News*: The Franklyn (Ky.) *Favorite* notes the death at that place, September 21st, of Rev. J. M. M. Caldwell, a native of this county. Mr. Caldwell was 81 years old. —— There is a prospect of a new industry being developed near Statesville in corundum mining. A Mr. Collins has leased the R. B. Joyner lands near town and is opening up a shaft. He is finding fine ore in good quantities. One day last week he took out a lump of good ore weighing 20 odd pounds. The supply is thought to be abundant. —— Mr. William Todd, familiarly known as "Uncle Billy," died yesterday, aged 94 years and six months. His mind was perfectly clear aud unimpaired by age up to the time he was stricken down; he was as active as a man of 40. He never used a stick, but walked erect, and quickly.

— Shelby *Aurora*: The serenity of Mooresboro was disturbed Tuesday night by a loud explosion, but no one at first knew the cause or motive until next morning. T. D. Scruggs' safe in the Masonic building at Mooresboro, was blown open by gun powder or dynamite, and $650 in cash stolen from Jas. Beason, a cotton buyer for Heath Cotton Company, of Charlotte, also notes, mortgages and other papers belonging to T. D. Scruggs. Entrance was gained into the Jno. Martin store in the Masonic building by a window, then the safe door-knob was broken off, a hole was drilled and the door blown open, then the robber or robbers rifled the safe and went off happy with their booty. A track of about number 8 foot was left, but no money.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Henry Daniels, a negro, who says he is from Nasheville, and who has been working in the Dover saw mills, got very badly beaten Tuesday night, and is now resting in jail here, after having his injuries attended to by Dr. C. B. Woodley. There are various reports about the way the negro received his injuries, but the most probable is that he stopped with another negro, a railroad section hand, who lives in a hut near the railroad, about a mile and a half from Kinston, towards Falling Creek, to spend the nignt, and that about 11 o'clock, thinking the other negro, his host, was asleep, was asleep, he left. The other negro was not asleep, however, and on finding that Daniels had taken his clothes along, followed him and beat him with an old gun barrel. One of Daniels' arms was broken and he was cut in several other places, it is thought with the tube of the gun barrel. Another account is that Daniels says he was set upon by a white man and two negroes, but that is a very improbable tale.

— Charlotte *Observer*: This beautiful weather is making cotton roll in right lively. The fields are white, the cotton in this entire section being reported fully open. All hands are busy picking, and just as fast as the cotton can be gotten out of the fields and through the gins, it is brought in and put on the market. The farmers are in a hurry to get the benefit of the present price. —— There was a slight freight wreck on the Air Line, near Toccoa, Tuesday night. Several freight cars collided, and mashed things up considerably. Two tramps were the only persons hurt. They were stealing rides and were in one of the cars which