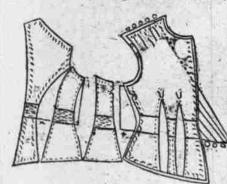
Evening Gowns.

[Copyright, 1806, by American Press Associa-In drafting patterns the beginner will find it rather difficult to draft for persons whose

figures are out of the usual proportions-for instance, one that is short and stout being the hardest of all figures to fit. So when the dressmaker has to make a waist for such a person the better way is to draft a diagram, with the bust and waist measure as the only guides, and then measure the length of the waist under the arms and draw a line around the waist to the right length and one-quarter inch over. Then draw another which comes just to the bend, where waist line finishes and hip flare beins, and cut the intervening space out, bringing the bottom up to the upper line, and the waist will then be in proper proportions all over, and no difficulty will arise that a couple of pins will not rectify.



METHOD OF DRAFTING PATTERNS.

The diagram shows the two lines between which to cut, and whatever is cut out should be taken from the exact center. This diagram makes an allowance for shortening three inches. If one inch only is needed, let it be taken from the middle, and the proportions of the whole will remain unchanged.

When the waist is for a very slender person, the center back should be cut down and enough taken off to bring it to nearly the right width, and half an inch should be cut off both sides of both side back and side front pieces.

The darts should not be cut in so deep, and the whole front is narrowed by taking off from one-half an inch to as much as is necessary on the front and also on the sides

Once the dressmaker has drafted a well proportioned diagram it is better to follow making what changes are necessary to adapt it to different figures. The process of basting the seams and try

ing on the gown and then fitting it by pin ning it in is as old as dressmaking itself and no matter how scientific a "system may be made to look by means of tin or brass apparatus the waist has to be fitted

When the waist is made for a very sler ler person, it can be made to take a graceful form by stitching a piece of wigan or tailor's buckram across the chest pare taking it up in the darts and quilting it onto the lining. This will hold the waist out sufficiently full to give it a graceful shape without being cumbrous or too warm. Habits are made this way very often. When the dress waist under the dressmaker's hands is to be cut short and round, it should be cut off at the lower line on the

a smooth edge, as is preferred. If a waist is to be a gathered French or spencer style, the front under arm piece is omitted, and the front parts are cut off at the waist line and extended out under the arm, following the line marked x, and no darts are cut in the outside, though if desired the lining can be fitted with darts and the outside gathered down.

diagram and finished under a belt or with

For a French waist or blouse only three pieces are required, the two fronts and the ack, which is all one and can be cut by laying back and side back pieces togethe and following the line marked x, which gives the required fullness. If the dress is for a slender person, the back part should not be so wide and can be cut down the center of the side back to the waist line and square to center of back. There should be no seam in the center of the back, which should be cut lengthwise of the cloth.

To make a surplice waist the goods should be gathered onto the shoulders, as marked with O, and drawn across the bust to the left side, leaving the neck V shaped. The left side finishes at the closing line, with flat buttons or hooks and eyes. The fastening is not seen, and the folds on the left side are arranged in the same way, coming from the shoulders. The belt for the part which laps extends over on the left side about four inches. The surplice waist is one of the prettiest, particularly for summer gowns and slender figures, but it must be draped either on the person or on a tin figurine which has much the same form as the person, as the folds must be arranged so that as soon as the belt is fastened they will fall naturally into place. They cannot be tacked or fastened except at shoulder and waist. Surplice fronts have plain gathered

In gathering French waists the gathers should not reach under the arms, but all that space under the arms that would be occupied by the side pieces should be left

In cutting or diagramming for evening gowns the dressmaker must diagram first for a basque, which is the fundamental principle of all waists, and then cut out the top as desired-V-shaped, round shouldered, heart shape or square neck-first mark ing about where it is to be cut and allow ing it at least two inches higher than it i expected to be. The neck should never be cut to finish until tried on. Drooping ber thas or ruffles make it appear lower than it really is. Puffed trimmings of tulle, lace or ribbon make it appear higher. Pointed waists look more slender, but round ones are rather preferred just now.

To have a waist lace or fasten in the back the fronts must be cut in lining first and sewed together and carefully fitted, after which the outside can be put on and should be tried on again until not one wrinkle shows. The back pieces are cut so as to have the outside lap under, as the fronts usually do. If eyelet holes are worked, there must be a piece which laps under a least two inches of the same goods, so that if the cords stretch no gap is seen. Hooks and eyes more often fasten the under side and the lacing is more for style. The back must be strongly boned when it closes in that way. No style is so pretty for even-

ing and none more difficult. OLIVE HARPER. NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, October 4.--Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 281/2@29c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good \$1 15@1 171/2.

CHARLESTON, October 4.—Spirits turpentine firm at 251/c. Rosin firm at 90c for good strained.

SAVANNAH, October 4-Spirits turpentine firm at 26c for regulars; receipts light and demand light; sales 400 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 1.000 barrels.

The H. M. Moses Jewelrv Company, Richmond, Va., assigned yesterday. Liabilities \$9,000; assets sufficient to cover indebtedness.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may re-turn the bottle and have your money Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions refunded. We could not make this offer, did we not know that Dr. King's required. It is guaranteed to give perfect at New Discovery could be relied on. It

Large size 50c. and \$1.00.

HOME DRESSMAKING.

THE BASQUE IS THE FOUNDATION OF ALL DRESS CUTTING.

A Few Facts That Must Not Be Forgotten. How to Cut Blouses and Bolero Jackets. Various Kinds of Fastenings-How to Finish a Basque.

[Copyright, 1898, by American Press Associa-The basque being the foundation of all dress cutting, the novice should learn at the very outset all its possibilities. With a good diagram of a basque fitting in measurement the prospective wearer of the gar-ment planned one can cut a princess robe, a wrapper of any style, a tailor gown, a rid-ing habit, an evening dress, a blouse, a bla-zer and a coat of any description. The principle is exactly the same, with such varia tions as the exigencies of the case may re-quire. It needs but to be lengthened to make a tight coat or ulster and to have its different parts lengthened and widened to form a princess dress.

To do this the different parts should be cut to four inches longer than the skirt from waist downward and the front pieces cut on a slant so that the bottom of each front measures 20 inches, the front side pieces the same, the back side gores 27, and the back breadths should measure the whole width of the goods, and if that is narrow another breadth should be added to the back and plaited in close so that the whole skirt may fall free and open in the approved shape. The four inches extra length are taken up in fitting to the figure. The princess should be tried on with the

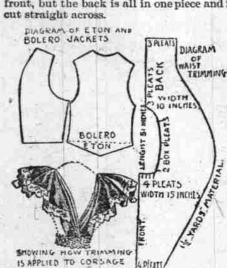
seams outward and fitted like any other waist. The skirt is to be faced with wigan or crinoline about 12 inches deep, and to the inner side is stitched a facing of linen or alpaca, and where the dress is a very handsome one several narrow pinked ruffles are sewed to a silk foundation and cat stitched

Riding habits are cut in the same way. but the lines are drawn rigidly and with angles wherever they can be introduce notably the square high collar and the square postilions and square pocket lids. In cutting jackets the dressmaker only needs to know the style wanted. If a reefer or blazer, the basque is lengthened, and the darts are not taken in. Pockets are added. If a long jacket is desired, the same genera rules prevail, and it is easy to make one with strict attention to the pressing and care that all outside stitching should be perfectly straight. Blouses are cut like the French waists,

but the lower part should be three to four inches longer, cut perfectly straight around and hemmed. An elastic is then drawn through, and the waist buttons so that the superfluous length falls down over the top of the skirt.

Bolero jackets, Eton jackets and figaros are all cut from the original basque pattern. For Eton the waist is outlined with the two side back pieces and is cut down to a point just overlapping the gathers of the back of the skirt and cut in front like the diagram, and it is easy to cut, as it is perfectly simple and seamless. Eton jackets may or may not have sleeves, but if they do they should be plain coat sleeve gath ered rather full at the top, having a suspicion of gigot only, and they are worn over a

The bolero is cut just like the Eton in front, but the back is all in one piece and is cut straight across.



DIAGRAMS FOR JACKETS AND TRIMMINGS. The present mode of trimming waists is so distinctive that it requires a description. It consists principally in some form of a bertha or bretelles, and these are so com plex in appearance as to frighten the novice, yet they are really simple when one understands the first principle, which is thisthe half circle. All the berthas and high plaited capes and like trimming gain their style by the plaiting of goods that are cut out in a half circle, so that what is a small plait at the point becomes a large and loose one at the outer edge. The diagram shows one style of this trimming both applied and in outline, and with that as a guide every woman can understand the principle, and the clever one will vary it according to the needs of the case. This can be applied to high or low necks for children and old women. It can be plain, trimmed with lace, fringe or passementerie, or it can be lined with contrasting material. The corners may be cut off, or it may be vandyked. There is no limit to the variations an intelligent dressmaker may evolve. Made of

wide lace over light silk it would garnish the plainest frock. Waists are made with high collars and with the neck cut quite low, finished with ruffles. The latter require little care, as the neck has but to be piped or bound, but the high collar requires special treatment, It must be made with a silk lining, a wigan or crinoline interlining and the outside. The lining and outside are basted on together, the interlining on the other side. Then it should be stitched around the upper edge, beginning from the center and sewing forward. Then turn the collar, bringing the lining on one side and the dress goods on the other. Baste this strongly with the outside and interlining together to the waist, beginning with a notch in the center of the collar, carrying it forward from each side from the center seam in the back.

Then face it down very neatly. The dressmaker will do well to measure the fronts of the waist before she puts the collar on to see if they are exactly alike. Otherwise she will have to rip it off, and it never looks so well again.

The finish of a basque is a very nervous job, and the coreful dressmaker will see that the finishing touches to the basque or waist are put on before the skirt is done, for in the rush and hurry of the last work some detail may be slighted and spoil the appearance of

Whether buttons or hooks are used as fastening depends upon the style of waist, but the most of waists now close invisibly with hooks. The space where these are to be sewed on should be marked with a blue pencil at exact distances. They can never be sewed on correctly "by the eye," and put on unevenly they pucker the waist. OLIVE HARPER.

TWINKLINGS.

- Important Information .- Professor—How are the bivalves divided? Student-They ain't divided at all. You swallow 'em whole with a little emon juice and pepper sauce.—Texas Siftings.

- After the Game.-Poore-Well, did you think of it? Smarte-Oh, I supposeit was all right; but I'll tell you what, Poore, next time you undertake first base do it in a church choir.—Boston Transcript.

- "I hear your husband has gone into art for a lad." "Yes," replied Mrs. Lardly. "Tom says he's going to have a collection of pic-

tures even if he has to paint them himself."—Harper's Bazar, - A High Stepper-She-Why does Walker affect that knee action? Because he looks more horsey?

He—He has been spending the sum-mer on his New England farm, and has contracted the habit of avoiding the cobbles .- Life.

Bucklen Arnica Salve. The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum never disappoints. Trial bottles free 25 cents per box. For sale by Robert at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. R. Bellamy, Wholesale and Retail Drug-

gists.

YELLOW FEVER EPIDEMIC.

THE SITUATION AT BRUNSWICK AND OTHER PLACES.

Surgeon General Wyman Orders Mails at Jesup to be Fumigated-One Death at Brunswick and Sixteen New Cases-Provisions Needed-Demand for Relief Increasing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.-Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service, received the following telegram from Surgeon Murray at Brunswick, Ga., this morning:

"Terrell, at Atlanta, wishes to have an

have this done at the Jesup office. Branham is at St. Simons, to remain; he is very efficient, and, in my opinion, an immune. Lincoln will do medical work at Jesup. Will send for Dr. Wall for practice here. We have surrounded Jesup by guards and have fumigated the house where Warren died. The people are very poor; too poor in clothing to go to imp in numbers. Will soon need assistance. I will return to-morrow with nurses to care for two fatally ill women, as there are but a tew immunes n the place. Will carry the first load o camp to-morrow, if a special train can provided. St. Simon's people cannot pass the back river guard en route to Darien. I have been very busy for the ast week, and was out all last night and to-day in the rain. Dr. Robert Burford was taken down to-day. The loss of his active labor will cripple us for a few days. DeSaussure says Waresboro has only one case of sickness in town and that is a plain case of malarial fever. There is not a refugee, and Waycross

Bluffs one case of malarial fever only but four new cases at Jekyl." Surgeon Murray, in his report regarding lesup, says that six cases have been declared in four parts of the town: evidently the disease has been there for three weeks. He will send some per sons to the camp to-morrow. He also eports that he visited Gardi and thinks here are cases there, but had no time

town is clear. Crowley was ill twenty-

wo days from malarial. All of his

amily were exposed but none are sick.

Since then Faget reports from Fancy

prove them. Dr. Wyman complied with Terrell's suggestion by requesting the Superin-tendent of the Railway Mail Service to have all mail leaving Jesup disinfected. Surgeon Carter left here this morning for Waycross, Ga., with orders to inspect all neighboring towns and the raiload service.

officially reported to-day one death. Tim Hennepen, and sixteen new cases as fol-Whites-Thomas Larentzson, Dr. R E. L. Burford, Louis Walter, Mrs. H.

BRUNSWICK, GA., Oct. 4.-There was

Olsen, S. B. Davis, Irene Wood, Alfred Wood, Diana Briggs. Colored-John Berry, Willie Trim-mens, Dick Allen, Will Johnson, Venus Wheeler, Jane Jones, Willie Andrews,

Julia Jones. Discharged-Tom Larentzson, Carrie Larentzson, Mrs. Larentzson, Mrs. H. Olsen, S. B. Davis, Abe Richarson, John Bailey, Lizzie Robison and Sarah Bland,

Recapitulation: Cases under treatment 88, discharged 51, died 14-total 148. Ratio of mortality 9.4 per cent. Dr. Burford's attack is very mild. One death unofficially reported to-day as yellow fever, the child of Mrs. Ford, was not confirmed. The case was malaria. Surgeon Murray is at Jesup and will return to-morrow. State Health Officer Porter writes Surgeon Murray to-day that until otherwise ordered, identification cards and health certificates will be required of all persons crossing the Florida line. Such certificates must definitely tell where the holders have been within the past ten days. No one will be passed through unless their certificates are signed by Surgeons Murray or Geddins, or Dr. Porter or his agents, All certificates, however, bearing the signature and official seal of the Mayor, city official or city health officer, will be respected and honored.

There is now only about one week's supply of provisions on hand and the demand for relief is increasing. The rocord books at the commissary prove that 60,522 three days rations have been issued in the 36 days, omitting Sundays, since the depot has been opened. This means a total of 181,566 meals that have been supplied the needy women and children, and does not include the fever medicine and free nursing given the sick to be paid for by the relief committee. Only the extremely destitute women and children are fed free, the supplies being not nearly equal to the demand made by those really deserving. The country has been generous to Brunswick. She still needs help, as this unvarnished statement proves. The condition confronts the people, and the outside world is looked to for help and it is believed that help will continue to come when this is published. An average of 1,600 people are daily fed. Surrency, Valdosta, Atlanta, Shellman, Columbus, Quitman, Savannah, and others sent liberal donations to-day as did Montgomery, Ala. Three hundred and twenty people are quartered now at Camp Detention, supported by the Gov-

WAYCROSS, Oct. 4 .- The following telegrams passed between Mayor Knight and Surgeon Wyman to-day: To Surgeon-General Wyman, Washing-

ton, D. C .: Mrs. Bowers and two children, refugees from Brunswick, passed here yesterday with three days' detention certificate. If you permit any refugees to leave camp before the ten days are up will not honor any more of your surgeon's certificates. As this is the only egress from the camp, it will inconvenience a great many people. Please put on inspector between Wayaross and

(Signed) A. M. KNIG Mayor. The following is the reply! WASHINGTON, October 4.-A. night, Waycross, Ga: I have wired the Detention Camp for an explanation. Ten days will be insisted upon. Trains are not allowed to stop at Jesup. A cordor s drawn around Jesup. Surgeon Carter leaves for Waycross to-day. Pending his arrival, name and place an inspector between Waycross and Jesup. Forward bill for services.

(Signed) Surgeon General. Mayor Knight has placed Dr. A. P English as Government inspector beween Waycross and Jesup. Surgeon Carter will arrive here Thursday or Fri-Mayor Knight wired Surgeon day. General Wyman yesterday asking for the author of the rumor that necessitated | clined %@%c further, ruled steady and This morning the following telegram

was received: WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 .- A. M. Knight, Mayor, Waycross, Ga .- Inspection necessary to remove unfounded suspicion. Other clean towns will be inspected also. WYMAN, (Signed) Surgeon General.

- C. A. Lorman, of Detroit, proposes to present to the Loyal Legion a log 11 feet long and 15 inches in diame-ter, which had been cut on Wilkinson's farm on the battlefield of Chickamauga. and which contained imbedded deep in its body and firmly fixed six shells un-exploded and remnants of others that had struck the same tree and been discharged, leaving the pieces of iron im-bedded almost out of sight beneath the bark of the tree.

WRECK AND RUIN.

THE GREAT GALE ON THE GULF COAST.

Reports of Additional Disasters and Tidings of More Lives Lost. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MOBILE, ALA., October 4.-The tale of the storm has not been half told. Not only daily but hourly reports reach here of additional disasters, and with it come the sad tidings of more lives sacrificed upon the altar of the Storm King.

From Baldwin county, which skirts the eastern shore of Mobile Bay from order to lumigate mail at Jesup. I can-Blakely to Mullet Point, a distance of forty miles, and the shores of Bonsecour Bay to Fort Morgan, a distance of twenty miles, comes reports of great destruction to property, but thus far there has been no news of other human sacrifices from this direction. At Blakely, the destruction wrought

among the forests and turpentine orchards, is reported to have been very great and many fences were swept away and gardens damaged. All reports are unanimous that forty miles along this shore forests have been devastated to an extent unknown in the history of this section. Every steamboat wharf, private wharf and bath house along this entire stretch of coast, on which are numerous summer resorts to which the citizens of Mobile flock to spend the heated term have succumed, partially or wholly, to the devastating powers of the winds and waves. Parties who witnessed the storm from some of the summer resorts give graphic descriptions of how the waves ripped the planking from the wharves with much more ease than a lady rips the thread from a seam, and when the waves had done their part in the work of destruction the wind took up the broken debris and dashed it away, as if to give vent to its ungovernable fury.

Some idea of the devastation wrought in the forests of Baldwin county may be gleaned from the fact that there are 1,500 trees across the public road from Daphne, the county seat, to the Loxley logging camp, a distance of fifteen miles. In a distance of two miles, 240 trees were counted across the logging road of the Loxley's, who also had their warehouse at Spanish Fort swept away. At Howard's, the hotel pavilion and magnificient grove of oaks and hickory escaped injury, but the entire wharf is swept away, while water was six feet deep at the foot of the bluffs, and when it subsided it was discovered that a new beach had been made.

A quarter of a mile below Howard's slight trace of frost in the mountains and extreme northest section of the at Daphne, the county seat, about half of the fine wharf which extends from State. the high bluffs fully a half mile into the bay, has been swept away. The pier head and several spans of the seaward and cloudy, with some rain. The end are gone and about twenty-five feet or more of the shore end. The wharf at | temperature was nearly low enough Montrose, further south, is also gone, as | for frost in the northeastern portion are all the fine private wharves and of the district on the morning of bath houses, while many of the summer | September 30th. All labor is homes have been damaged, and the well employed now in saving little Catholic church that stood on the summit of the bluffs two hundred yards ing weather. Cotton opened with from the water, was completely wrecked." great rapidity and the entire crop This is said to be the highest point on the Atlantic coast from Tampico, Mexico, to Montrose.

Further South at Battle's wharf, the wharf was demolished and some thirty or forty yards of the bluff and roadway were washed away. A half mile further south, Point Clear, the Long Branch of the South, extends westward into the bay. On this point stands the Grand Hotel, facing south, while in the rear of the hotel the North wharf extends iuto the bay nearly half a mile. The storm seems to have taken special delight in demolishing this wharf, leaving nothing but the gaunt piling to stand sentinel

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 4.- The first authentic news came from Grand Isle this morning when a lugger reached the company canal from the island. The man in charge reports that the steamer Joe Weber was blown to pieces and that several of the crew were drowned. The storm was terrible at Grand Isle and and Cheniers Gaminada. At the latter place only two houses were standing, and the lugger man reports that several hundred people have been drowned. The loss of life caused by the storm will probably reach 1000. The Joe Weber was not alone in her trouble; the J. M. Sweeney, consort of the Weber, also met a total demolition. With these two steamboats went the entire crews to a watery grave. Such survivors of the frightful scenes of Sunday night as reached the city, were mostly Austrians, ignorant of the English language, and besides that by reason of their excitement caused by the strain on their nervous systems, they were unable to give an intelligible ac-

count of what they had seen. Capt. John Telsanzoo, through an interpreter, told the Associated Press a harrowing story. He says: "I made my lugger fast to her moorings on Sunday and had gone on shore to camp. Was at Grand Bank, about one mile from Grand Island. The weather had been beautiful all the forenoon, and toward evening it began to close up, and I knew that a storm was brewing. Heavy rain storms set in, accompanied by strong winds, blowing from all quarters of the compass. I made all preparations on board the lugger, as I anticipated the storm, and then went ashore and waited events. Luggermen are accustomed to bad weather, but this storm proved to be the worst I ever was in. The wind howled, and about 11 o'cleck it was blowing a full gale. The shanty I was sheltered in stood the storm very well, but about midnight the end came. I thought the world was on us. The sea came up high; well, it seemed to be like a wall, and then I found myself fighting for my life in the midst of the ruins of my shanty, and how on earth I escaped, I cannot say. After this it seemed to me as if the storm had expended itself, and from that time on the wind continued to abate. I got back to the Socola canal in a skiff appened to pick up on the beach when daylight came. From the Socola canal came to the city by the North Jackson

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS. Wheat and Corn Lower-Pork Products

Dull and Declining.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star CHICAGO, Oct. 4.-Prices for wheat to-day were lower and the amount of business transacted was not very large. The opening was 36@1/sc lower for December and 1/2c lower for May. After considerable fluctuation the price deat the close December was 1c lower and May %c lower than the final figures of yesterday.

The feeling in corn was quite steady throughout the entire session, but the amount of business was only moderate. The opening was unchanged from yes-terday, an advance of about 1/4c being made shortly afterwards. Later the market declined 1/0 %c, rallied, ruled steady and closed about 1/2 lower for May and 1/2 for the other futures. The market for oats was quiet and steady. There was nothing of interest to be noted. The range was very narrow, May fluctuating between 31% and

32c, and closing at the former, 1/2c below yesterday. Provisions were featureless. Outside orders were scarce. The opening was steady, but on selling by packers the feeling became easy. The market continued to decline with wheat. A little

STAR OFFICE, September 28. Good Strained.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market quiet at \$1 00 for at 75 to 85 cents per bushel of 28 pounds.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and

tends to personal enjoyment when

rightly used. The many, who live bet-ter than others and enjoy life more, with

less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and place.

in the form most acceptable and pleas-ant to the taste, the refreshing and truly

beneficial properties of a perfect lax-ative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and

every objectionable substance.

ap 26 D&W 1y 4thp

WEATHER CROP BULLETIN.

For the Week Ending Monday, Oct.

CENTRAL OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

The reports of correspondents of

the Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin,

issued by the North Carolina State

Weather Service, for the week end-

ing Monday, October 2d, 1893, indi-

cate that owing to cool weather the

past week was not as favorable as

the preceding one for farm work.

Rain fell on the 26th and 27th and

October 1st, averaging about one

inch for the State. The days since

September 26th have been much be-

low the normal in temperature, with

EASTERN DISTRICT.—The weather

during the past week has been cool

crops, before approach of freez

will be harvested much earlier than

usual. Three-fourths to two-thirds

crop is expected. Potatoes, turnips

and field peas all good crop. Corn,

average. Harvesting rice in pro-

gress, with good yield. Hogs never

better; suffered very little with dis-

ease this year. Crimson clover seems

CENTRAL DISTRICT .- On account

of the cold weather which set in Sep-

been very favorabe for farm work or

being harvested with great rapidity-

open, there being very little August

crop, and if the weather is favorable

cotton will all be picked by October

20th. Curing tobacco nearly finished

everywhere. Average crop as to

quantity, but quality poor. Sweet

potatoes, turnips, field-peas, good.

Planting wheat and oats progressing

slowly, the weather not being quite

favorable for this work. Cows and

stock in good condition. Milk and

WESTERN DISTRICT .- Rains oc-

curred on 26th and 27th, and on Sun-

day, October 1st, which, with the

cold weather, rendered past week

unfavorable for gathering crops; the

rain, however, put ground in good

condition for sowing wheat and oats,

which is progressing. All grain was

good in this district this year except

cotton, which is about four-fifths

Appointments-Wilmington District.

FOURTH ROUND.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder. Wilming-

ton, N. C.

and 8.

and 22.

butter of superior quality.

to be in favor with farmers.

-2, 1893.

COTTON-Quiet: cts # Middling...... 734 "
Good Middling..... 7 1-16 "

STAR OFFICE, September 29. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market quiet and steady at 241/4 cents per gallon. ROSIN-Market firm at 80 cents per bbl. for Strained and 85 cents for Good Strained.

met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every Market quiet. package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not eccept any substitute if offered.

COTTON-Quiet: cts # 1b Middling..... 734 Good Middling..... 7 1-16

STAR OFFICE, September 80. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market quiet and steady at 241/2 cents per gallon bid. Held higher. No sales. ROSIN--Market firm at 80 cents per bbl. bid for Strained and 85 cents for Good Strained.

of 280 Ths. CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market quiet at \$1 00 for Hard and \$1 60 for Yellow Dip and

PEANUTS-Farmers' stock quoted at 75 to 85 cents per bushel of 28 pounds. Market quiet.

COTTON.-Firm : Ordinary...... 5½
Good Ordinary..... 6¾
Low Middling..... 7 1–16 Middling...... 71/2 Good Middling..... 7 13-16

firm at 25 cents per gallon. Sales at ROSIN.-Market firm at 80 cents per bbl. for Strained and 85 cents for

TAR.—Steady at \$1 10 per bbl. of CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market "quiet at \$1 00

Virgin. PEANUTS-Farmers' stock quoted at 75 to 85 cents per bushel of 28 pounds. Market quiet.

tember 26th, the past week has not COTTON-Ouiet: Ordinary..... 51/8 Good Ordinary..... 63/8 gathering crops. Corn estimated nuch below average; very good on Low Middling..... 7 1-16 " " uplands, but seriously damaged on Middling..... 71/6 Good Middling.... 7 13-16 bottom lands. Fodder saved, Cotton probably four-fifths of the crop is

> firm at 25½ cents per gallon. Sales at 28%; 28c; December 28%, 28%, 28%, firm at 25½ cents per gallon. Sales at 28%c; May 32, 32, 31%, 31%c. Mess quotations. ROSIN.-Market firm at 80 cents 15 50, 15 621/2; January \$14 10, 14 10,

for Good Strained. TAR.-Steady at \$1 10 per bbl. of 280 Ths.

Hard and \$1 60 for Yellow Dip and PEANUTS-Farmers' stock quoted at 75 to 85 cents per bushel of 28 pounds. Market quiet.

Ordinary..... 51/4 cts 32 Good Ordinary..... 61/2 Low Middling..... 7 Middling...... 75% Good Middling..... 7 15-16 corn. No young bolls to mature on

STAR OFFICE October 4 open and will be harvested very early. Cutting and curing tobacco in progress; crop late in this district firm at 251/2 cents per gallon. Sales at and a considerable quantity is still H. B. BATTLE, PH. D., Director.

Good Strained. TAR.-Firm at \$1 15 per bbl. 280 fbs.

Scott's Hill circuit, at Union, Oct. 7 Carver's Creek circuit, at Shiloh, Oct. Virgin. 4 and 15. Bladen circuit, at Windsor, Oct. 21 Wilmington, Fifth street, Oct. 22.

Elizabeth circuit, at Union, Oct. 28 nd 29. Columbus circuit, at Evergreen, Nov. and 5. Whiteville station, Nov. 5 and 6. Waccamaw circuit, at Old Dock, Nov.

Onslow circuit, at Queen's Creek Nov. 11 and 12. Brunswick circuit, Nov. 18 and 19. Kenansville circuit, at Wesley Chapel, Nov. 25. Magnolia circuit, at Wallace, Nov. 26 and 27.

COMPARATVE STATEMENT. Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The follow ing is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

Clinton circuit, at Clinton, Dec. 2

1893 United States ports during the week Total receipts to this Total exports to this date...... 145,828 188,760 Stock in all United 416,962 582,976 States ports..... Stock at all interior 55,278 towns...... 50,668 59,378 Stock in Liverpool..1,980,000 1,124,000 50 668 American afloat for Great Britain 27,000 65,000

- Belva Lockwood was in a reminiscent mood during an interview the other day, and gave some interesting inormation in regard to her early career. She was born sixty-three years ago on a farm in New York, and her youthful characteristics included a fondness for walking on the top of rail fences, a fear lessness of snakes, and an utter inability Johnson's Oriental Soap is the most delecate facial soap for ladies' use in existence. Sold by J. H. HARDIN. † tinued to decline with wheat. A little lessness of shakes, and an utter maching to keep her face clean. When she was istence. Sold by J. H. HARDIN. †

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market uiet and steady at 241/2 cents per gallon. ROSIN-Market steady at 80 cents per bbl. for Strained and 85 cents for TAR.-Steady at \$1 10 per bbl. of 280 fbs.

Hard, \$1 60 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. PEANUTS-Farmers' stock quoted Market quiet.

TAR.-Steady at \$1 10 per bbl. of CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market quiet at \$1 00 for Hard, \$1 60 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. PEANUTS-Farmers' stock quoted at 75c to 85 cts per bushel of 28 pounds.

TAR .- Steady at \$1 10 per bbl.

Virgin.

STAR OFFICE, October 2. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market

Good Strained.

for Hard, \$1 60 for Yellow Dip and

STAR OFFICE, October 3. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Distillers quote the market quiet at \$1 00 for

COTTON-Firm:

SPIRITS TURPENTINE,—Market

ROSIN-Market firm at 80 cts per per bbl for Strained and 85 cents for

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market quiet at \$1 00 for Hard, and \$1 60 for Yellow Dip and PEANUTS-Farmers' stock quoted at 75 to 85 cents per bushel of 28 pounds,

Market quiet. COTTON-Firm: Ordinary..... 5½ Good Ordinary... 61/2 Low Middling.... 7 3-16 Middling..... 75% Good Middling.... 7 15-16

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES. MONTHLY STATEMENT. RECEIPTS.

For month of September, 1898

Rosin. 13,224

RECEIPTS.

For month of September, 1892.

EXPORTS.
 Spirits.
 Rosin.
 Tar.
 Crude.

 8,860
 1,429
 4,729
 1,293

 000
 6,244
 000
 000
 8,900 1,293 3,860 7,666 4,729 9,618 EXPORTS. For month of September, 1895. Cotton. Spirits. Rosin. Tar. Crude. Son. Domestic.. 928 3,279 1,525 6,296 Foreign... 5,150 2,200 7,867 000 2,733 2,733 6,078 5,479 7,867 6,296 STOCKS. Ashore and Afloat, October 2, 1893 Atkore. Affoat. 9,289 700 2,412 000 48,895 2,123 3,893 00 149 00 STOCKS.

Ashore and Affoat, October 2, 1892. Spirite. Rosin. Tar. Crude. 2,089 4,893 44,603 4,412 QUOTATIONS. October 1, 1892 October 2, 1893. Cotton... 734
Spirits... 25
Rosin ... 80@ 85
Tar... 1 10
Crude... \$1 00@1 60 85@ 90 1 26 90@1 55

DIED, BARLOW.—At Sloop Point, Friday Morning, Sep tember 29, at 4 o'clock, Rev. JOHN B. BARLOW, aged 71 years, 6 months and 20 days. Well done, good and faithful servant; enter tho into the joy of thy Lord.

DOMESTIC MARKETS. (By Telegraph to the Morning Suar.)

Financial.
NEW YORK, October 4—Evening— Money on call has been easy, ranging from 2 to 31/2 per cent.; last loan at 2, closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile papers 7@8 per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4821/ @482% for sixty days and 4841/64841/4 for demand. Commercial bills 481/64811/4 for sixty days and 4881/6481 for demand. Government bonds firm; United States conpon fours 110; United States twos 98. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 92: North Carolina sixes 112. Railroad

bonds stronger.
Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was neglected.

NEW YORK, October 4-Evening-Cotton firm; middling uplands 81/4c; middling Orleans 81/4c; new cotton offered at 1/2c under quotations; sales to-day of Cotton futures closed steady, with sales to-day of - bales: October

8.05c; November 8.17c; December 8.30c; Thus the child is rendered healthy and its January 8.41c; February 8.50c; March sleep natural. Castoria contains no 8,60c; April 8.69c; May 8.78c; June 8.84c. Flour dull and about steady at prices; winter wheat low grades, \$2 05@2 45; fair to fancy \$2 45@3 45; patents \$3 50@ 4 00; Minnesota clear \$2 50@3 00; patents \$4 10@4 60. Southernflour dull but steady common to fair extra \$2 10@8 10; good to choice do. \$3 15@4 25. Wheatspot fair to active and easier; No. 2 red n store and at elevator 70%@71c;afloat 70%c; options fairly active, closing weak at %@1c decline; No. 2 red October closed at 71c; November 72c; December 73%c. Corn-spot dull and easier; No.2 at elevator 48%c; affoat 48%@48%c; No, 2 white 841/2c at elevator; options declined 1/4 @ 3/4c and closed weak, with a fair trade; October 48%c; November 48%c; December 49c. Oats steady and less active; options dull and easier; October 343%c; November 343%c; December 84%c; No. 2 white October 36 4c; spot No. 2, 341/2@35c; No. 2 white 361/2@ 361/c; mixed Western 35@36c; white do.

36@39%c. Wool steady; demand fair. Beef firm; family \$12 00@13 50;extra mess \$10 50@11 00; beef hams quiet at \$16 50 @17 00; tierced beel firm; city extra India mess \$22 00@23 00. Cut meats dull, firm; pickled bellies 12@12%c; pickled shoulders 71/2c; pickled hams 101/2. Middles are nominal. Lard quiet and steady; Western steam closed at \$10 05; city \$9 25@9 50; October \$9 90; November \$9 40; refined quiet; Continent \$10 25; South America \$10 50; compound \$8 121/6. Pork firm; demand fair; new mess \$18 25 @19 00. Butter quiet and unchanged. Cotton seed oil dull;crude 34@36; yellow 40c. Petroleum quiet; crude in Washington barrels \$5 50; do. in bulk \$3 00; refined in New York \$5 15; Phladelphia and Baltimore \$5 10; do. in bulk \$2 60 @2 65. Rice firm and demand fair; domestic, fair to extra, 3%@5%c; Japan 44@4%c. Molasses-foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice, dull butsteady at 30@38c. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 41/8@41/4c. Coffeeoptions barely steady and unchanged to 10 points up; October \$16 85@16 95; December \$15 85@15 95; May \$15' 85; spot Rio steady No. 7, 1814c. Sugar -raw dull and firm; fair refining 31/2c; and fairly active; No. 6, 4% @4 15-16c; standard A 5 3-16@5%c; granulated 5 3-16@51/c; cut-loaf 5%@5 13-16c;

pool quiet and steady; cotton, by steamer, kd; grain, by steamer, 2d. CHICAGO, October 4.—Cash quotations. Flour 10@15c lower; feeling easy. Wheat-No. 2 spring 64%c; No. 2 red 64%c. Corn-No. 2, 40%c. Oats-No. 2, 28@2814c. Mess pork-per bbl., \$16 95@17 00. Lard-per 100 lbs., \$9 40@ 9 4216. Short rib sides, loose-per 100 lbs \$9 45@9 50. Dry salted shoulders, oxed-per 100 lbs \$7 371/2@7 50. Short clear sides, boxed-per 100 lbs., \$9 75@ 10 75. Whiskey \$1 12. The leading tutures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing Wheat-No. 2 October 65%, 65%, 64%

pork, per bbl-October \$15 5214, 15 25. per bbl. bid for Strained and 80 cents 13 95, 13 95. Lard, per 100 lbs—Octo-ber \$9 40, 9 40, 9 40, 9 40; January \$8 25, 8'25, 8 25, 8 20. Short ribs, per 100 lbs-October \$8 80, 8 80, 8 75, 8 80; January \$7 371/4, 7 371/4, 7 25, 7 271/4. BALTIMORE, October 4.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat weak; No. 2 red

on spot and October 681/2@685/sc; December 71%@71%c; May 79%c asked steamer No. 2 red 65%@65%c; milling wheat, by sample, 70@701/c. Corr quiet; mixed spot and October 48560 asked; white corn, by sample, 53@55c yellow, by sample, 52@53c. Oats quiet No. 2 white Western 361/2@87c; No. 2 1b mixed western 341/2035c.

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. October 4-Galveston, firm at 7 13-160 -net receipts 6,434 bales; Norfolk, firm at 7%c--net receipts 1,520 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8c-net receipts 1,731 bales; Boston, quiet at 8 1-16c-net receipts 25 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8%c-net receipts - bales; Savannah, firm at 7%c -net receipts 7,146 bales; New Orleans, firm at 814c-net receipts 11,656 bales; Mobile, firm at 7 13-16c-net receipts 668

bales; Memphis, no report-net receipts

- bales; Augusta, firm at 7%c-net re-

ceipts 2,149 bales; Charleston, firm at 7%c -net receipts 3,456 bales.

EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK. DOMESTIC. New York-Steamship Croatan-79 pkgs mdse, 50 cases goods, 232 bags rice chaff, 381 casks spirits turpentine, 372 bbls rosin, 255 do tar, 40 do pitch, 6,859 juniper bolts, \$7,700 feet lumber, 279 bales cotton.

FOREIGN. BRISTOL-Nor barque Bonita-5,700 Bremen-Steamship Swainby-8,900 HAMBURG-Nor barque Salem-4,070

MARINE.

Br steamship Ramleh, 1,666 tons, Ainslie, Montreal, Alex Sprunt & Son. Schr Orlando, 180 tons, Thorburn, Port au-Prince, Hayti, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Schr Jennie S Hall, Watts, Boston, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Steamship Pawnee, Ingram, New York, H G Smallbones. Br steamship Greatham, 1,581 tons,

Porto Rico, E Kidder's Son. CLEARED. Nor barque Bonita, Ugland, Bristol, S P Shotter & Co. Steamship Croatan, Hansen, New York, H G Smallbones. Br steamship Swainby, Dennis, Bre-men, Alex Sprant & Son.

LADIES Seeding a tonic, or children who want build-BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It is pleasant; cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness, Liver Complaints and Neuralgia oct 5 D&W 1y | change daily BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Stomach, Diarrhosa, and Feverishness.

Morphine or other narcotic property. "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children."

ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D.,
1057 2d Ave., New York. THE CENTAUR Co., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

Valued

of Scott's Emulsion

Scott's Emulsion

of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites can be administered when plain oil is out of the question. It is almost as palatable as milk-easier to digest than milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists. sa tu th

The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles

VESTERN SMOKEDcubes 5 7-16@5%c. Freights to Liver-DRY SALTED— Sides 19 10.... Shoulders 20 15 ARRELS— Spirits Turpentine— Second-hand, each Second-hand, each ... 1 40
New New York, each ... 1 40
New City, each 1 40
BEESWAX B D BRICKS-North Carolina, # 15...... ANDLES-9 D-COFFEE-B D-..... LOUR—# barrel—
Western, low grade
Extra
Family
City Mills—Super.

HIDES, # D-LARD, 18 10-Northern 9 0 1136

North Carolina 1236

IME 8 barrel 1 25 0 1 40

LUMBER(city sawed) 9 M feet—

Ship Stuff, resawed 18 00 0 20 00

Rough-Edge Plank 15 00 0 16 00

West India cargoes, according to quality. 13 00 (3 18 00

Syrup, iu bbls NAILS, 19 keg, Cut, 10d basis.... 60's on basis of \$2.00 price.. OILS, \$8 gallon-Irish, B barrel.,

RAGS, P D-Country..... ROPE, W D.,

Schr Max, 177 ton, Patrick, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Schr Roger Moore, 318 tons, Miller, STAVES, WM-W. O. Barrel 8 00 @ TIMBER, & M feet-Shipping.... 12

cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion & Debility.

STOP AT THE BURNS HOUSE. WADESBORO, N. C.,

ness part of the Town, and convenient os Commer cial Men. Table Board the best the market affords. Omnibu meets all Trains. on 27 tf

is contained in letters from the medical profession speaking of its gratify. ing results in their practice. Wholesale Prices Current.

Corn, from store, bags—White,
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White,
Corn, cargo, in bags—White,
Corn, mixed, from store....

MOLASSES, # gallon— New Crop Cuba, in hhds

SALT, \$ sack-Alum Lisbon.... n 125-19 Sacsk..... SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M Gowing, Philadelphia, Alex Sprunt &

R. O. Hogshead

Nor barque Salem, Pedersen, Ham-burg, Paterson Downing & Co.

OCATED IN THE HEART OF THE BUSI