

The Weekly Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD, Editor and Proprietor. WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY, September 7, 1894.

In writing to change your address, please give former address as well as full particulars as to where you now live, so that we may be able to send you our paper without delay.

Have you received a bill for subscription to the WEEKLY STAR recently? If so, is it correct? If correct, why not pay it? Is there a man on earth who can print a newspaper for nothing and pay the postage besides? Can a farmer give away his corn, and cotton, and wheat, and chickens, and eggs, and keep out of the poor-house? If so, let us have the recipe. It will be valuable to us just now.

THE NEXT CONGRESS. The Republican managers are laying their plans to get control of the next Senate and to reduce the Democratic majority in the next House of Representatives, and as part of the programme, to accomplish this, we find them pooling their issues with the Populists in the South, and playing double on the silver question to fool the Populists of the West.

They do not expect to elect a majority in the next House of Representatives, but they are going to try to elect all the Populists they can in districts where there is no reasonable prospect of electing a Republican. They are not particularly anxious for a clear Republican majority in the next House, for if they had it they could carry through no party measure with a Democratic President to pass upon the measure, and hence while putting themselves in a position to be held responsible for legislation on the eve of another Presidential election, they would be utterly powerless to do anything. If they should have a majority, the silver Republicans of the West might call on them to redeem some of their free coinage promises and they would thus be forced to do what they didn't want to do, or by refusing to do that they had been playing to humbug the silver people of the West to get them into the Republican party for the Presidential election of 1896.

They have not the plain sailing before them that they have had in former years, for they have not the backing they had in former years when the protected interest contributed their money freely to keep Republicans in Congress and to keep Democrats out. They were interested in having the protective tariff remain as it was, and they knew it would remain as it was, if the Government got into Democratic hands. But the thing which they strove to prevent and spent their money freely to prevent happened in spite of them. The tariff which they didn't want changed has been changed, and they will be far more likely to content themselves with what they have than to contribute their money with the expectation of again revolutionizing politics and securing a return to McKinleyism. Hence the protected manufacturers are not going to take the same interest nor put as many dollars in the next Congressional elections as they did in the habit of doing. This eliminates one very potent factor and deprives the Republican machine managers of some very effective co-operation.

This makes it all the more necessary for the machine managers to seek co-operation in other quarters and from where they can ally themselves directly or indirectly with the Populists in the South, and to give Populism all the moral and material aid they can in this section. They know that the majority of the Populist vote in the South comes from men who have voted the Republican ticket and that therefore the Republican party has nothing to lose by splitting with the Populists, nor by helping to strengthen that party. The way they look at it is that every Populist Congressman elected or every Populist elected to the Legislature, is a gain to the Republicans, by weakening to that extent the Democracy. They would very gladly let the Populists elect a majority of Populist Congressmen and members of Legislatures from all the Southern States, and in doing that they would be accomplishing something that they might turn to good account in settling the question of the next Presidency.

It is not impossible that the election of the next President may be thrown into the House of Representatives. There is no telling what may happen between this and 1896. If the new tariff works well and business revives and the people become prosperous the Democratic party will hold the fort with little effort. If not there will be several Presidential candidates in the field, and the result may be the failure of the Electoral College to elect, and throwing the election into the House of Representatives. It is this contingency that the Republican managers are now scheming to take advantage of by working to secure a majority of the State delegations in as many States as they can, and by helping the Populists in those States where the Republicans can't elect. If they can thus keep the Democrats from having a majority of States they might drive such a bargain with the Populists who would hold the balance of power as to secure the election of a Republican President. It is partly with this view they are playing the Populists now.

The proposed Big Trust of California grape-growers and wine dealers has collapsed. The grape growers would not trust the manipulators of the Trust.

THE DEMOCRATIC CLUBS.

Mr. Julian S. Carr, President of the State Association of Democratic Clubs, has called a convention of the clubs to meet at Raleigh, at noon on the 20th inst. The call has the hearty endorsement of the Democratic State Executive Committee.

Arrangements for reduced rates have been or will be made with the railroads, and the intention is to make this a grand rally, especially of the young Democracy, and the practical inauguration of the State campaign.

Each club will be entitled to ten delegates, and a like number of alternates, and an additional delegate and an additional alternate for every twenty-five members of a club in good standing.

Senators Ransom and Jarvis, our members of Congress and nominees for Congress are expected to be present and take part in inaugurating the campaign.

Every county in the State should be represented in this convention, which is in reality a convention of the working men of the party, the men who bear the banners and follow them because they believe in the principles and love the cause for which they do battle.

These clubs are powerful factors in our political contests and no time should be lost in organizing them in every county in the State where they may not be already organized.

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MINOR MENTION.

The Stanley News of last week calls attention to the fact that the Populist Convention for that county had nominated for the most important office in the county a man who had candidly told them before the nomination that he was not competent to discharge the duties of the office. But that is not as remarkable as the course pursued by managers of the State Populist machine in nominating for Judges, Judge Clark and ex-Judge Connor, after both had declared emphatically that they did not want the nomination and would not accept it. They were both known to be Democrats, in sympathy in no way with the Populist party, and both had taken occasion to say in public and in print, that there might be no mistake about it, and both repudiated the nomination after it was made. Marion Butler went so far after the nomination as to write to Mr. Connor, from whom he received an answer, stating firmly, but courteously, that he did not want and could not accept the nomination, that he did not want an election to an office which for good and sufficient reasons he had resigned, and yet Mr. Butler persists in keeping his name on the ticket and running him in the face of all these utterances and protests. The result has been that Mr. Connor has been forced to write and publish another letter (the third or fourth) saying emphatically that if in spite of his declarations he should be voted for and elected, he will not accept the office nor serve. For a piece of unadulterated cheek and persistent infidelity this liberty taken with Mr. Connor's name beats anything we ever heard of.

Forest fires are of almost annual occurrence in the Northwest, but those of this year far exceed in the extent of territory swept by the flames, and in the destruction of timber, houses, and in the loss of human life and of stock any on record as far as our knowledge goes. There were great fires raging at the same time in Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and in the far off State Washington, which for mile after mile destroyed everything and left nothing in the wake of the flames but ashes, the charred trunks of trees and the roasted bodies of men, women and children, and of animals. Who can imagine the mental torture of those wretched people who heard the roar of the coming fiery cyclone, saw the red flames running along the earth and bounding from tree top to tree top, travelling with the rapidity of the wind and spreading afar on either side, and felt that they could not escape it, that their fate was to be caught in its embrace and burned alive. Such a death is horrid to contemplate, and yet it is scarcely more so than the agony that preceded it when fathers and mothers looked upon their crouching and pleading children, were powerless to help them or themselves and felt that a tomb of fire would soon be theirs. In the sight of such human holocausts the loss of property counts nothing. It is hard to believe that such tragedies as these should be the work of men who started these fires to secure work in cutting down the injured trees.

The announcement by Senator Jones, of Nevada, published yesterday, that he had withdrawn from the Republican party need not have created the sensation it is alleged to have done in political circles, for Senator Jones has been out of place in the Republican party for several years. Senator Stewart discovered that he was some time ago, renounced his allegiance to the Republican party, and his adhesion to the Populist party, which was in accord with his views on the silver question. Senator Stewart became a Populist on the silver issue, and now Senator Jones follows his example. The politics of both are concentrated on this one issue, to which all others are subordinated. This action of Senator Jones shows that he had no confidence in the declarations of Republican Conventions in favor of the silver dollar, which he was smart enough to see through. With two such leaders in the silver States as Stewart and Jones (for they are both very able men) the Populist party ought to be able to present a pretty aggressive front, but the trouble with it is that the only real interest they take in it is on the one question of free and unlimited coinage, and instead of the party using them to further their aims, they will be using it to carry out their silver programme.

RAILROAD RUMORS.

About the Projects of the Louisville and Nashville and the Atlantic Coast Line. The Orangeburg correspondent of the Charleston News and Courier recently had an interview with Col. Gardner, the engineer of the Atlantic Coast Line system, during the course of which Col. Gardner is reported as having said that he had heard it rumored that the Louisville and Nashville had bought the South Carolina and Georgia road. Col. Gardner did not vouch for the statement, but merely gave it as a rumor which had reached him. Discussing the matter further, Col. Gardner is reported as having said that the line recently surveyed by the Louisville and Nashville was built if the Louisville and Nashville did not succeed in purchasing the South Carolina and Georgia property.

Concerning the above the News and Courier says: The fact that Col. Gardner is officially connected with one of the lines which propose to build the new road leads a weight to whatever he may say on the subject, but it would not otherwise have. There is no reason for presuming that Col. Gardner was speaking ex cathedra, yet in cases of this kind the public will tend to believe that he is an Atlantic Coast Line official, and that the name of the Atlantic Coast Line has been intimately associated with that of the Louisville and Nashville system.

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The State of Pennsylvania is suffering from a drought which not only threatens the destruction of growing crops but has so dried up the streams that many towns are cut off from their water supplies and are suffering much. With the long and destructive drought in the West, 1894 has made a record which has probably never been equalled for the length of the drought and the area covered.

An English syndicate has bought the thirty-four paper and pulp mills in Wisconsin for \$14,000,000, half cash. A number of the leading English journals are now printed on American-made paper. If with this they would import some American managers, editors and reporters, the English press might become interesting.

It is said that when Tom Reed puts up at a hotel and doesn't want to be bothered with callers after night he slips his shoes out into the hall to make them believe he has gone to bed. There is no danger of the shoes being stolen, for outside of Chicago there isn't one man in a thousand who could wear Tom's brogans.

Hon. Levi P. Morton has just completed his new barn, built of Georgia pine, 300 feet long, 65 feet wide and 65 feet high, to accommodate his 100 Gurney cows. He has attached to it a hen house large enough for 4,000 chickens. And with all this they have persuaded him to run for Governor.

The Territory of Utah will hold her convention to frame a State constitution next March. The constitution will be voted on in November 1895. If ratified by the people and there is nothing in it to prevent its approval by the President, the new State can come in in time to take a hand in the election business in 1896.

A Boston man has struck on the idea of the revolving brush, similar to that used in street sweeping, as a car-fender. It sweeps everything before it clear off the track.

A chemist claims to have hit upon a way of solidifying whiskey and other liquors into tablets, so a fellow can chaw his liquor and carry around two or three jumbores in his vest pocket.

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Lockhart Opens the Campaign in This District. A dispatch to the Charlotte Observer from Wadesboro says: James A. Lockhart, the Democratic nominee for Congress, addressed a large crowd of Democrats, Republicans and Populists here to-day. He made one of the best speeches of his life and was enthusiastically cheered all the way through. His many friends were delighted with the speech. It was a powerful and convincing one and all are saying, "Lockhart is the man."

Senator Jarvis. Mr. Wiley Rush, secretary of the Democratic Executive Committee, Raleigh, N. C., writes the STAR: "Please mention in your paper of this week that Senator Thomas J. Jarvis will speak in Goldsboro Monday, September 10th, and at Burgaw Tuesday, September 11th."

Beware of Quack Remedies for Catarrh that Contain Mercury, as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure and get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Monthly Meeting—Reports—Registers Adjusted—Delegates to the Road Congress. The Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county met yesterday afternoon at 9 o'clock. Present: H. A. Baggett (chairman), B. G. Worth, E. L. Pearce, B. S. Montford, J. C. Stevenson.

County Treasurer J. A. Montgomery submitted report showing balance of \$17,238.62; the general, educational and special funds.

Register of Deeds Haar reported 34 marriage licenses issued during the month of August and exhibited the treasurer's receipt for fees paid therefor.

The Board then turned over to the Board two coupons, \$3.00 each, which had been redeemed and cancelled and the same were destroyed in the presence of the Board.

Col. Jas. G. Burr, tax lister for Wilmington township, turned over the completed books, containing lists of taxable lands in said township for 1894, and on motion the same were ordered to be given to the sheriff of the county with instructions to collect the taxes.

The Board then went into an election of registrars for the November election and the following were chosen: First ward—First division—E. C. Woodbury. Second division—W. C. Evans. Third division—Chas. F. Craig. Second ward—J. G. Love. Third ward—S. A. Craig. Fourth ward—Ed Daniel. Fifth ward—First division—Asa N. Biggs. Second division—A. H. Leslie. Cape Fear township—R. W. Bordeaux.

Harnett township—Jas. N. Macomber. Masonboro township—D. J. Ferguson. Federal Point township—John A. Biddle.

The Board took up the matter of appointment of delegates to the meeting of the N. C. Road Improvement Association to be held in Charlotte on the 18th and 19th of September, 1894. The following were appointed as delegates: Messrs. J. T. Kerr, D. J. Ferguson, B. S. Montford, W. Manning, H. S. Taylor, O. Pearsall, G. W. Westbrook, J. C. Stevenson, C. W. Worth, Roger Moore, T. W. Clawson, J. D. Bellamy, Jr., W. H. Bernard, W. P. Oldham, H. C. McQueen, Josh T. James, A. Adrian, I. Schrier, J. W. Jackson, D. H. Russell, Joseph H. Hanby.

It was ordered by the Board that the compensation of the registrars of election for the wards and township be the same as for the registration in 1893.

The Board revised the jury list for 1894. Commissioner J. C. Stevenson, of the Committee on County Home, reported that five prisoners had recently escaped from the house of correction—A. J. McAllister, Anna McAllister, Pearsall, Fred, Waddell and Mary Lavin—and no report thereof had been made.

Board adjourned. Death of Mrs. R. W. Wallace. A very sad death took place in this city Sunday afternoon at 5.15 o'clock, that of Mrs. R. W. Wallace, who had only been sick for a few days. She was the young wife of Mr. R. W. Wallace, book-keeper for the firm of W. E. Springer & Co., and well known by many in the city. They were married only sixteen months ago. She was Miss Annie Middleton, a sister of Mr. Amos Middleton, formerly of this city but now living at Warsaw. She was born at Kenansville, and was 36 years old.

The funeral took place from their residence on Fifth street between Market and Princess, at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Rev. W. C. Norman officiating. His remarks were extremely touching. The service was attended by a large number of friends.

The remains were interred in Oakdale Cemetery, where the newly made mound was literally covered with beautiful floral offerings.

The pall bearers were Messrs. J. C. Springer, Graham Herring, W. C. Peterson, W. H. Gilbert, A. M. Hubbard and J. F. Whitaker.

[FOR THE STAR.] BLADEN COUNTY. Democratic Convention—Platform Adopted—Candidates Nominated—A Primary Election for U. S. Senator to be Held. The largest, most determined and harmonious Democratic Convention that has been held in Bladen County for several years, assembled in Elizabethtown, Saturday, September 1st. The Convention on Form and Resolutions was held in the forenoon, and was unanimously adopted:

VIRGINIA PEANUT TRUST.

A New Move to Drive Outside Concerns from the Business—The Bohems Condemned to Be an Increase of Freight Rates from Norfolk to New York. What is alleged to be the latest move of the Virginia Peanut Trust is thus stated by the New York Journal of Commerce:

The Peanut Trust, or Virginia Peanut Association, as it is called, is making a strong effort to drive the few outsiders of the business, and its latest move has been to obtain the increase in freight rates from Norfolk to New York on all lots less than a car-load, which is said to have proved an injury to the outsiders.

The American Peanut Association was formed about a year ago of most of the cleaners in Virginia. The firms entering into it were the Merchants & Farmers, the Norfolk & Virginia Peanut Co., the Waverly Peanut Co., the Blaine Peanut Co., the Norfolk Storage Peanut Co., the M. Levy Co., Williams Peanut Co., Standard Peanut Co., and Gwaltney & Bunkley Peanut Co.

The new combine the firms keep their former names, but all orders hereafter to be sent to the Association, which distributes them among the different cleaning firms according to their stocks and business. It is dealer here wants Merchants & Farmers' goods he writes to that effect when he sends his order to the Association, but if the Merchants & Farmers' Co. has already filled its quota of orders the order is sent to some other concern and the Northern buyer must take the goods shipped him.

Three firms of peanut cleaners refused to go into the Trust, the principal of which is the Edwards Peanut Co. These outsiders have been doing a large business with New York for the reason that they have supplied goods in small or large lots cheaper than the Association has furnished them. In other words, the outsiders have delivered goods in this market at the same price charged by the Association for the same goods at the same price. Dealers here claim that they could save 12c per 100 pounds on the outsiders' goods. The Trust charged 13c per bag to go to the Trust, the principal of which was never done before in the history of the trade, and that added to the 18c per 100 pounds freight from Norfolk to New York, the cartage here and the cost of the peanuts in Norfolk, which was 4c per pound, brought the price of the Association's goods up to 43c delivered here, while the outsiders would deliver their goods at 4c.

The Trust charged more for small bag lots than for car-loads, while the outsiders would sell small lots at the same figures as large. It is said that the outsiders got so deeply into the trade of the Trust in this city that its officers began to cast about for some means to regain their control, and it is said that it was through their influence that the Old Dominion Steamship Co. recently advanced its freight rates on all lots of peanuts less than a car-load from 18c to 28c. While this does not put a stop to the business of the outsiders, it puts an effective check upon it for a large portion of their trade was in lots of 25, 50 or 100 bags. Dealers here are considerably exercised over the matter, and they say that some interesting developments may be expected later.

A gentleman prominent in the peanut trade in this city, in conversation with an active member of the Trust the other day, asked him this question: "I suppose the next move of the Trust will be to refuse to sell us goods, we who have bought from outsiders when peanuts were scarce, will it not?" "No," such action has been taken by the Trust as yet," was the reply, "but, of course we cannot tell what may be done."

"From the way he answered me," said this dealer to the writer, "I was led to believe that the Trust was already contemplating such a step."

The supply of old peanuts begins to give out the first of September, and then the new crop is hardly ready for shipment, so that for a time there is a lack of supplies, and it is feared that the outsiders will be unable to supply their customers, who will then be obliged to go to the Trust for goods.

EDWARD J. FULLER. On His Way to Rockingham, to be Again Tried for the Murder of B. C. Parker—Attempt to Assassinate Daniel C. McDougal. [Special Star Telegram.] MAXTON, N. C., September 4.—Edward J. Fuller, of Fayetteville, who was convicted of the murder of B. C. Parker and sentenced to be hanged at the March term of Cumberland Superior Court, and was afterwards granted a new trial by the Supreme Court of North Carolina, is here, in custody of Sheriff Smith of Cumberland, on his way to Rockingham, where the case will be called for trial in Richmond Superior Court next week. In addition to his former counsel, Fuller has retained Mr. John D. Shaw, a noted criminal lawyer. Notwithstanding his long confinement in jail Fuller is looking fairly well, and is in good spirits.

Last night an attempt was made to assassinate Daniel McDougal, who was tried at Fayetteville some time since for the murder of his uncle, Simon P. Conoly, in this county. McDougal was sitting on the piazza at the old Conoly homestead, about eighteen miles from Laurinburg, when he was fired upon by an unknown party with a gun loaded with mixed shot. Several shot of different sizes struck McDougal in the head and neck. He went immediately to his home, at Laurinburg, where the shot were extracted by Dr. Prince. His wounds are not dangerous. There is a suspicion as to who fired the shot, but no positive evidence.

BUSINESS FAILURE. J. B. Griffin, Goldsboro, Makes an Assignment. [Special Star Telegram.] GOLDSBORO, N. C., September 4.—J. B. Griffin, stationer and confection dealer, made an assignment this evening to S. C. Sutherland. Liabilities \$3,000.

Twenty-six Parts of the American Encyclopaedia Dictionary may now be ordered. Send one coupon and 17 cents (which includes postage) for each Part. Take advantage of this opportunity to secure the best Dictionary and Encyclopaedia combined at a very low price.

A Sufferer for Twelve Months Cured. Mr. Allen Leard, Pharmacist, Chester, S. C., writes: "Gentlemen: We had just as soon be without quinine as to be out of Hughes' Chills Tonic. We believe we give our customers more value for their money in this than any other chills cure. One of the most wonderful cures of Chills and Fever came under my observation. A man suffering for about twelve months from a most obstinate attack of Chills and Fever tried every remedy that he could hear of, all to no purpose. He persuaded me to try a bottle of Hughes' Tonic, from that time, over twelve months ago, he has not had a chill. I am perfectly willing for you to use this letter as you may see fit."

Sold by Druggists.

SLAVES TO THEIR HOMES.

There are thousands of tired women to-day on the verge of breaking down because they are martyrs to their own ideas of domestic duty after being properly fed, exactly so the nervous system feels right away the equalizing, restoring action of Paine's Celery Compound.

A fair trial of this greatest of all remedies brings strength to tired "run-down" men and women, and frees them permanently from debility, heart palpitation, dependent feelings and inability to sleep because of nervous weakness.

Mrs. S. E. Welch of Lynn, Mass., whose portrait appears above, writes as follows: "I was taken ill last January with the grip and it left me with the rheumatism in my hands and feet. My feet were swollen so bad and were so sore that I found it hard work to walk. My husband brought me home two bottles of Paine's Celery Compound, seeing that it was doing me good, I continued its use until I had taken five bottles, when I was free from rheumatism and have not had it since."

"To-day I can truly say that I am as well as I ever was in my life." That's it. Paine's Celery Compound makes people well.

ALABAMA DEMOCRATS. Congressional Conventions—Nominations—Cleveland's Administration Endorsed. By Telegram to the Morning Star.

MOBILE, September 4.—The First Congressional District Convention met here to-day. Hon. R. H. Clarke was re-nominated without opposition. The convention adopted a resolution which says: "We heartily endorse the administration of Grover Cleveland as wise, patriotic and in all things tending to the interests of the people of the whole country."

ROCKINGHAM, Sept. 4.—In the Sixth district there seems to be a dead-lock. Bankhead leads, with Foster second, Long third, and Chapman fourth. Six ballots were taken with no result. A nomination may not be reached for two or three days.

O. W. Underwood, of Jefferson, was nominated on the first ballot for Congress to-day from the Ninth district. Wm. J. Denton, of Etowah, was nominated on the first ballot in the Seventh district.

Morris Wood, of Dallas, was nominated in the Fourth district and Joe Wheeler was unanimously nominated in the Eighth district.

MONTGOMERY, September 4.—In the Second district Hon. J. E. Stallings was re-nominated for Congress by acclamation. In the Fifth district Hon. J. E. Cobb was re-nominated by acclamation. These conventions endorsed the Cleveland administration and the construction placed on it by Mr. Cleveland. The nominees were instructed to vote to uphold Mr. Cleveland in his course on the tariff and currency.

The Third District Convention, after nominating Gen. Geo. P. Harrison, passed resolutions unqualifiedly endorsing the administration of Cleveland, the people's President, and closed with: "We commend him for his unflinching integrity, his bold adherence to the right, his uncompromising loyalty to his party and his country, and we look forward for such results from his administration as shall secure the fulfillment of our party's pledges, and the discomfiture of Republican misrule."

SENATOR JONES, OF NEVADA, Formally Renounces His Allegiance to the Republican Party and Joins the Populists. [By Telegram to the Morning Star.] WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The Evening Star to-day says: "To-day furnished a genuine sensation in political circles, the statement that Senator John P. Jones, of Nevada, who has represented his State in the United States for over 21 years as a Republican, has formally renounced his allegiance to that party and cast his lot with the Populists."

Senator Jones has written a letter to his constituency which will be published in Nevada to-morrow and will be the first intimation to the people of that State that he has doffed the political hat which he has worn with such distinction for so many years, and will don the garb of the Third party. His intentions have been kept secret from all but his most intimate associates, and it was his intention to have the first public announcement of his action made in the letter which will be published in his political home. With that end in view, he has declined to-day to speak of the contents of his letter, but it is understood that his change of policy is based almost entirely upon the question of silver.

Senator Jones has long been a power for New York. His bolt makes the Nevada Congressional delegation solidly Populist. Senator Stewart having left the Republican party some time ago, Representative Newsoms having been elected as a silverite.

SOUTH CAROLINA. Congressional Nominations by Democratic Primaries. By Telegram to the Morning Star. COLUMBIA, S. C., September 4.—The Democratic Executive Committee met to-night and tabulated the vote of the recent primary. Following are the Congressional nominations: First district, John L. Elliott; Second district, W. J. Tackett (incumbent); Third district, A. C. Latimer (incumbent); Fourth district, Stanyan Wilson; Fifth district, Dr. T. J. Straight (incumbent); Sixth district, John C. McClain (incumbent); Seventh district, Dr. J. William Stokes.

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND FOR SUCH WOMEN.

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MONTGOMERY, September 4.—In the Second district Hon. J. E. Stallings was re-nominated for Congress by acclamation. In the Fifth district Hon. J. E. Cobb was re-nominated by acclamation. These conventions endorsed the Cleveland administration and the construction placed on it by Mr. Cleveland. The nominees were instructed to vote to uphold Mr. Cleveland in his course on the tariff and currency.

The Third District Convention, after nominating Gen. Geo. P. Harrison, passed resolutions unqualifiedly endorsing the administration of Cleveland, the people's President, and closed with: "We commend him for his unflinching integrity, his bold adherence to the right, his uncompromising loyalty to his party and his country, and we look forward for such results from his administration as shall secure the fulfillment of our party's pledges, and the discomfiture of Republican misrule."

SENATOR JONES, OF NEVADA, Formally Renounces His Allegiance to the Republican Party and Joins the Populists. [By Telegram to the Morning Star.] WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The Evening Star to-day says: "To-day furnished a genuine sensation in political circles, the statement that Senator John P. Jones, of Nevada, who has represented his State in the United States for over 21 years as a Republican, has formally renounced his allegiance to that party and cast his lot with the Populists."

Senator Jones has written a letter to his constituency which will be published in Nevada to-morrow and will be the first intimation to the people of that State that he has doffed the political hat which he has worn with such distinction for so many years, and will don the garb of the Third party. His intentions have been kept secret from all but his most intimate associates, and it was his intention to have the first public announcement of his action made in the letter which will be published in his political home. With that end in view, he has declined to-day to speak of the contents of his letter, but it is understood that his change of policy is based almost entirely upon the question of silver.

Senator Jones has long been a power for New York. His bolt makes the Nevada Congressional delegation solidly Populist. Senator Stewart having left the Republican party some time ago, Representative Newsoms having been elected as a silverite.

SOUTH CAROLINA. Congressional Nominations by Democratic Primaries. By Telegram to the Morning Star. COLUMBIA, S. C., September 4.—The Democratic Executive Committee met to-night and tabulated the vote of the recent primary. Following are the Congressional nominations: First district, John L. Elliott; Second district, W. J. Tackett (incumbent); Third district, A. C. Latimer (incumbent); Fourth district, Stanyan Wilson; Fifth district, Dr. T. J. Straight (incumbent); Sixth district, John C. McClain (incumbent); Seventh district, Dr. J. William Stokes.

A VILE SLANDER.

Concerning the Daughter of the Late President Jefferson Davis. By Telegram to the Morning Star. RICHMOND, Sept. 6.—The Dispatch will say editorially in the morning: "There is a newspaper story about that Miss Winnie Davis, being in favor of woman's suffrage, being in favor of the Republican ticket if she had the right to do so."

We have it from the best authority that this statement is false in all its particulars. Indeed such a monstrous proposition from one of Mrs. Davis' family would be impossible. The fact is that Miss Winnie Davis is opposed to woman suffrage; but were she in favor of it, she could never consent to joining a party which has so bitterly reviled her father, to say nothing of its hostility to our people.

The hearts and lot of Mrs. Davis and her children are with the South, and the integrity of the person who attempts to put them in any other position is inexcusable.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she became a Child, she clung to Castoria. When she became a Mother, she gave to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave to Castoria.

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