THE PRESSING QUESTION.

This country presents the3 discreditable spectacle of a "billion dollar" country (as T. B. Reed called it), having to go upon the market as a borrower when it wants a few million dollars in gold to "maintain its credit." It keeps, or tries to keep, a gold reserve, to show that it intends to redeem its obligations in gold, and when the money manipulators wish to get rid then urge the necessity of an issue they had drawn from the Treasury.

This is an unfortunate predicament for a Government of a great and rich country to find itself in, but this is precisely the predicament that this country is in to-day. It is unfortunate for the Government and it doesn't do any credit to the states. manship that made it possible.

serve without providing the ways and means to keep it up without going before the world as a borrower was one blunder, and a great one, and undertaking to redeem in gold out of this reserve paper which was redeemable at the option of the Treasury in coin-either silver or gold-was another blunder, scarcely less if not greater magnitude. From these two causes have sprung the embarrassments of the Treasury which have forced it twice within a year to become a borrower

Is there no way to remedy this and put the Treasury in such a posi tion that a few of the money lenders can't squeeze it? Must it always be at their mercy and be compelled to become a borrower when they have more surplus money in their vaults than they can put out safely and profitably, which they would like to put into interest-bearing bonds, which they can utilize as banking capital if they care to expand the volume of their currency? This Government collects from the people in the form of revenue -tariff duties or excise taxes-about \$500,000,000 a year. Some \$300,000,000 of this comes in the form of duties on imports. Why not require these duties to be paid in gold, as they were during the war and for some time after the war? If this were done the Government would have some way of keeping up its gold reserve besides borrowing and depending on American or foreign bankers to lend it the gold which they could draw out inside of six months again if they

It might be said that this would operate to enhance the value of gold. by stimulating speculators to sell to importers who would need the gold to pay duties. Perhaps it might, but if it did it might at the same time lessen imports, which would be to the advantage of our home manufacturers, giving them more to do and the American workman more work, so that what was lost in one way would be more than made up in another. But the Government can't take care of itself and of the importer at the same time, and when it becomes a question as to which shall be squeezed, its first duty is to itself. It might be said again that such action by the Government would be a practical dishonoring of its other money by establishing such a discrimination between it and gold, but it would not, for it would only be a step taken to ensure the ability of the Consessed and the State."

now predict that 1896 will bring back the Democratic party to its former status in the State." the Government, without depending upon outside help to maintain the parity between its other money and offers as a cotton manufacturing secgold by providing the means to tion are now pretty generally recogpromptly redeem such as are re- nized in the North and especially deemable upon presentation. It is among the mill men of the New Engsimply a question whether the Gov- land States. The Boston Journal of ernment will take the precaution to Commerce sees a bright future for the

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1894. VOL. XXVI.

haphazard way and be always at the takes. After exhibiting the prognercy of any combination of money ress that has been made since 1880. manipulators who may see fit to giving figures to show the increase combine against it. If it is to be a in the number of mills, looms, spingame of wits between them and the dies, etc., in these States-North money sharps then it ought to exercise its wits and use the power it can legitimately use to protect itself.

With such a provision as this to bring gold into the Treasury, if the Secretary of the Treasury exercised the "option" which he has under the law and redeemed such obligations as are redeemable in coin, with such coin as was most convenient, pay out silver if he was short on gold, there would be less need for gold and less disposition to present paper for redemption when the object was simply to tap the Treasury to force another bond issue. There would be no more rushing upon the Treasury if when the rush began the Treasury would plank down silver dollars and thus demonstrate that the "option" he has under the law means what it says and wasn't intended to be altogether exercised by the man presenting notes for redemption.

The fact is that this Government has been too much victimized and has been made to suffer from an exaggerated fear that if it asserted its rights its credit might become impaired and the value of its money depreciated, a fear which the money powers have taken advantage of to control the Treasury and dictate the financial policy to be pursued, the result of which has been in their interest, to the detriment of the Government and of the people.

MINOR MENTION.

The Atlanta Journal publishes

special dispatch from Washington

stating that the President is in favor of the repeal of the State bank tax of some of their idle money they and of State banks, and that he goes break into the gold reserve and further in this respect than Secretary Carlisle. The fact that Secretary of bonds to replace the gold which | Hoke Smith is largely interested in the Journal gives its Washington news of a special character more than ordinary importance, for the presumption is that such information comes directly or indirectly from him, and he ought to be in a position to be able to speak with some positiveness on a subject like this. It has been understood all along that The establishment of a gold re- the President was in favor of the repeal of the State bank tax, but whether conditionally or unconditionally has not been stated, but if he throws his influence in favor of the repeal it will have great weight. There is no shadow of doubt that the financial question will be a leading if not the leading one in the next campaign, and it is therefore to the interest of the next Democratic party to so deal with that question while it has the power as to put itself on a good footing with the people and at the same time remove as many of the perplexing features as possible. Unless something be done to neutralize the free silver agitation that will be a distracting and dangerous factor, more dangerous to the Democratic party than to the Republican party because the Democratic party is in power and will be held responsible for what is or is not done. If the bank tax be repealed it will do much to eliminate the silver question and stop the mouths of the agitators who have been creating dissensions within the party, and driving thousands of good men out of it.

> There was in the Republican party great deal of opposition to the fusion with the Populists by men who were not aspirants to office and were not looking for any spoils. The job was accomplished because certain men who were aspirants to officewith two U. S. Senatorships included -had control of the party machines. They took their chances on being able to command the votes of the rank and file, and succeeded in doing so, and, owing to the apathy in the Democratic ranks, won. But they have won for the last time. for the object of the fusion having been secured there will be nothing to hold it together and it will fall to pieces. This is the view taken by observant Republicans, one of whom writes the editor of the Raleigh News and Ob-

> server as follows: "My rejoicing over the result has not been excessive for the reason that I fully understand that the result will probably be reversed at the next election. I have not the slightest doubt that the same elements which were accidentally brought together during the recent campaign will fall to pieces and that in the long run be present victory will be no advantage to the Republican party. I am glad that a number of my friends have secured good positions, particularly as the majority in the Legislature will insure the election of Pritchard to the Senate. I beat you prophesying as to the result, and I propose now to put myself in a position that will not be likely to reverse the matter at the next election, for

The advantages which the South protect itself or continue to do busi- | South, and presents an array of facts ness in an unbusinesslike, allo shod, and figures to justify the view it | rectitude.

Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia-the immense increase in the amount of wages paid, and cotton

consumed it concludes thus: "The large percentage of gain in cotton manufacturing in the South, shown in the above figures, has been more than maintained in the past four years. In fact, it can be confidently looked forward to in the next four years that the gain in cotton spindles will be mostly confined to the South. Northern mills will be changed over on to finer goods, and the coarser goods will be made in the South, where they can be made so much cheaper than in the North. It would not be at all surprising to see before long a large pro-portion of the print cloths now being turned out on our Northern loom transferred to those of the South. Many of the new mills of the South not only have the advantage of cheaper cotton and cheaper labor, but also of the very latest improved modern machinery besides. A Northern mill even with its greater skilled labor, unless it is equally well equipped with the latest improvements in machinery, would be heavily handicapped in successfully competing with the South in the cost of productions. tion, even leaving the factors of cheaper cotton and cheaper labor entirely out of

This is no Southern optimist or enthusiast writing but a cool, calculating, observant New Englander who sees the situation and tells his readers the truth as he sees it that they may act wisely and plan accord-

ALDERMAN E. A. NORTHROP

Died Yesterday in New York City After Short Illness-A Meeting of the Board Held-Resolutions Adopted.

The sad intelligence of the death of Mr. E. A. Northrop, a member of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Wilmington, was received here yesterday afternoon. He died in New York city from an attack of pneumonia after an illness of a few days. His wife, infant daughter. and his father, Mr. Sam'l Northrop, were at his bedside, and he was attended Polk, of New York city. His remains are expected to arrive here this afternoon at 5.45 o'clock by train on the A. C. L., and the funeral is announced to take place to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock from the First Presbyterian Church.

Mr. E. A. Northrop was the eldest son of Mr. Samuel Northrop, of this city. He was born in Wilmington March 4th. 1867, and in November, 1891, married Miss Annie J. Thomas, of Petersburg, Va., who with an infant child, seven months old, survives him.

It is seldom that it falls to the lot of any one to chronicle the death of a young man more generally beloved than Edwin A. Northrop. He was a man of the highest ambition and great capabilities. During his short life he held many positions of trust and honor. Before he became of age he was connected with the Standard Oil Company, Blodgett, Moore & Company and the Carolina Oil and Creosote Company. In 1887 he removed to Philadelphia, where he became a member of the firm of Harriss and Northrop. During the next year he returned to Wilmington to again cast his lot among his friends, and in March, 1892, was elected a member of the Board of Aldermen and served that body with distinction and ability.

The Board of Aldermen met last night in called session to adopt suitable resolutions in regard to the death of Alderman E. A. Northrop.

Mayor Fishblate called the meeting to order and said that it was his sad duty to inform the Board of the death of Mr. E. A. Northrop, one of its members, and that suitable action should be taken. Alderman Harriss arose and said : "I rise to perform one of the saddest duties

of my life, and beg to tender the follow-Edwin A. Northropt a member of the Board of Aldermen of the City of Wilmington, died in New York city this 24th day of November, at 12.10 p. m., in the 27th year of his age. A true man, a faithful friend, a public spirited and pro-gressive citizen, a tender and affectionate

husband and father, has passed away. For the past few years Edwin A Northrop has served the City of Wilmington as an Alderman of the Fifth Ward, with fidelity to every duty and obligation, and his wise counsel has made him an invaluable member of the

Therefore be it resolved, First. That the City Hall be appropriately draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, and that the chair occupied by our deceased member be also draped for the same length of time.

Second. That the Mayor and Board of an escort to his remains, and that all of the city officials be requested to attend

his funeral in a body. Third. That these resolutions be spread upon a page of the record book of this Board, and a copy thereof be sent to the press of this city for publication.

Fourth. That a copy of these resolutions be engrossed and sent to the fam-

heartfelt sympathy. Alderman Moore moved adoption o the resolutions, and Alderman Gore amended by a rising vote. Carried

Alderman Moore then moved that a with name and age of deceased, which | be put on, leaving here at 8 p. m. This was carried unanimously.

Alderman Harriss moved that all city business be suspended Monday and the City Hall be closed in honor of the deceased member that day. The motion was adopted.

Mayor Fishblate said : "He was a manly man with a heart as soft and tender as the gentlest of women

"He possessed the highest and the keenest sense of honor; his word and his promise were religiously kept. It was impossible to know him and not to love "It has not been the lot of many as i

was his, to have made so many friends and to have created so few antagonisms and this without deviating one jot from the highest and strictest principles of DEATH OF WE. T WALTERS.

Eminent Citizen of Beltimore, Clo

light at 7.45 o'clock, from a stroke of Patron and Financier, aralysis, at his residence corner of Sec-Mr. William T. Walters, art patron ond and Orange streets, in the 71st year of his age, leaving a wife, one son and two daughters to mourn the loss of a loving and devoted husband and

Dr. Freeman was born in Orange county, near Company's Shops, January 10th, 1825. While a boy, he removedfrom Orange to Hertford county, and equently came to Wilmington, where he has since resided, with the exception of a few years spent in Fayetteville during the late war. He was engaged in the practice of dentistry over forty years, and was eminently successful in his chosen avocation. He was a most estimable gentleman, genial, kind-hearted. and highly esteemed by every one who

SUDDEN DEATH.

Dr. John E. Freeman-An Old and Re-

specied Citisen of Walmington.

Dr. John H. Freeman, one of the old-

ens of Wilmington, died last

The funeral will take place this afterson at 880 o'clock from the First Baptist church.

The following extracts from editorial ributes of leading Northern papers to the late W. T. Walters will be read with nterest in Wilmington:

New York Sun: "His reputation was international in all matters pertaining to the fine arts. He gave with full hands and always with the condition that is should be unheraided. His friendship was something to be prized."

New York Evening Post: "No less an authority than Albert Wolff, the critic, said that Mr. Walters' collection of French pictures and sculpture was unri-valed anywhere. Mr. Walters' taste was f a high order.

Philadelphia Ledger: "He was born with a love of art, Mr. Walters did a great deal to promote art culture in Balimore and was one of its best and most useful citizens.

Philadelphia Record: "His death un-doubtedly means for Baltimore the legacy of one of the finest private art col-lections in the world. Mr. Walters was learned Maecenas of art and artists."

The show windows at Mr. A. D. Front street, have been elaborately decorated for Welcome Week, and one of them "takes the cake." It is a perfect and beautiful representation of "Brooklyn Bridge" and East river, New York. The bridge is constructed of cakes of soap of varied colors, is perfect in every detail, and as may be imagined is most artistically constructed. It is said that there are 9,580 cakes in the structure. There is also a train of cars and a horse and cart crossing the bridge. The representation of East river, below the bridge, with boats on its surface is perfect. The exhibit will no doubt be a leading attraction to visitors this week. It is the work of Mr. L. L. Dortch, of New York, with the assistance of Mr. D. D. Hankins of this city.

Albert Watkins, colored, about 45 years of age, was killed last evening about half-past six o'clock on the W. & W. R. R. track near Sixth street bridge. No one knows how the accident occurred. The body was found about 7 o'clock by the night yard crew, lying on the track with the head and neck crushed. Watkins was employed in the A. C. L. roundhouse; his home was at Rocky Point. Yesterday his wife was in town, and when the "Shoo-fly" train left he got on the train with her and it is supposed jumped off after accompanying her part of the way, and was killed The coroner was sent for and viewed the body, but did not consider an inquest

sed & Co. Branch Out. It is announced in the Journal the Messrs. Sneed & Co., of this city, will soon open in Newbern a branch of their furniture house, with Mr. P. N. Hewin as manager. The Journal says:

"Many of the mattresses, lounges, etc will be manufactured in Wilmington, Mr. Hewin, the manager, recently of St Louis, is now making his preparations for opening. He informs me that he will carry a very select line, as good as any trade around calls for."

The representative of the STAR wh ttended the sessions of the Southern Associated Press in Norfolk during the past week, was wonderfully impressed with the commercial progress and possibilities of that city. What nature has done for Norfolk, is now being supplemented with capital and energy; and it is claimed by some of her people that her present population of 50,000 will be loubled in the next ten years.

There is a large and beautiful painting executed by Miss Bennie Bagg, a daughter of Mr. H. A. Bagg, on exhibition at Mr. W. R. Morrison's crockery store on Market street, which attracts much attention. It is a lovely piece of art and the young lady deserves credit for it.

It seems that the long-talked-of Wilmington morning papers than the present schedule for all points this side of Hamlet.

The Trap-Shooting

Teams and individeal competitors to take part in the trap-shooting tournament this week are now expected from six different States, and it is probable that even more States will be represented. The days set apart for the trapshooting are Thursday and Friday. The STAR long ago predicted that this would be one of the most popular features of Welcome Week.

- The American Encyclopædic Dictionary is now complete in 49 Parts. Send in orders at once.

ified with Wilmington in Connec ion with the Atlantic Coast Line System of Raffroads-Philanthropist, Art

nd financier, owner of the worldamous Walters Art Galleries in Baltimore, the principal stockholder in the Atlantic Coast Line system of railroads and the wealthlest man of Baltimore died yesterday morning at 10,80 o'clock in that city at his residence, No. 5 Mount Vernon Place. The cause of his

leath was paralysis of the stomach. Intelligence of the serious illness of Mr. Walters was received in Wilming-Wednesday afternoon while the annual meeting of officials of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company was in progress, andfhis son, Mr. Harry Walters, Vice President of the company, left at once by special train for Baltimore. The sad announcement of the death of Mr. W. T. Walters followed yesterday aftersoon and was received with sincere sorrow and regret by many in the community, especially personal friends and acquaintances of Mr. Harry Walters, who sympathize with him deeply in this sad affliction. A number of them, including prominent citizens and business men of Wilmington. will go to Baltimore to attend the fuperal which will take place to-morrow in

that city. An official announcement of the death of Mr. Walters was issued from the office of the Atlantic Coast Line in this city vesterday afternoon, as follows:

To the Officers and Employes of the At-lantic Coast Line: The Presidents of the several roads

composing the Atlantic Coast Line announce to the officers and employes, with deep regret, the death of Mr. WM. T. WALTERS, whose official connection with the companies of this line is well known to all, at his residence in Balti-mere, on Thursday, the 22d day of November, 1894.

The funeral will take place at Grace oiscopal church, Baltimore, at 2,00 p Saturday, the 24th inst. The officers of the line are invited to be present as far as possible, consistent

The general offices of the line will be closed on Saturday from twelve o'clock. as a mark of respect

F. R. SCOTT, W. G. ELLIOTT, C. S. GADSDEN,

Mr. Walters was born on the Juniatia iver. Penn., in 1820, and was conseuently seventy-four years of age. He was educated as a civil and mining engineer. Before he was twenty-one he was put in charge of an extensive smelting establishment at Lycoming Pa., and produced the first iron made with mineral coal in this country. He came to Baltimore when of age, and after embarking in the produce commission business established the firm of W. T. E. Walters & Co., spirit importers and distillers, and amassed great wealth, In this business he was associated with Mr. John W. Coy, also a lover of art, whose munificent bequest to the Johns Hopking University has resulted in a great university hall and a magnificent collection of rare art works.

About fifteen years ago Mr. Walters gave up the spirit business and devoted imself exclusively to his financial and ably seconded by his son, Mr. Harry Walters. He was president of the first steamship line between Baltimore and Savannah and a director in every line established between Baltimor the South. At the close of the he was the most active of al munication. It was in art that Mr. Wal-He was intimately known to the best American and European artists, and his life in Europe from 1861 to 1865 brought him into contact with the most celebrated painters there. The nucleus formed by his purchase of art works with the first year's profits of his business in Baltimore has grown to a collection which in many respects is superior to any other in private hands anywhere Not only are his paintings a notable as semblage of the greatest works of modern masters, but his Oriental collection of rare artistic skill i the costliest and most representative o any private collection in the world These treasures have been thrown oper to public view on certain days in each year, and all the money arising from admission fees, amounting to large sums annually, have been given to the poor of Baltimore. Similar liberality has been extended by him in other direction A few years ago a gift of \$10,000 from him enabled the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York to be opened on Sundays. He gave to Baltimore for the ornamentation of Mount Vernon Place a number of Barye's bronzes, including massive hon. To these he added Dubois's figure of "Military Courage," He also gave a statue of Chief Justice Taney by Rinehart. Rinehart, the sculptor of 'Clytia" and other great works, was especially benefitted by Mr. Walters, being enabled to study his art in Italy six years, during which time Mr. Walters' purse was always open to him. Mr. Walters was especially interested in the breeding of Percheron horses, He brought a large number of them from France, and to them may be traced many that are now in various parts of the A Press dispatch to the STAR las

aight from Baltimore, says: William T. Walters, one of the wealth iest and best known citizens of Balti more and the owner of the finest private change of schedule on the Karolina art collection in the world, died this morning at 10.40 o'clock, at his home on Sentral will soon be made, and that a Mount Vernon Place. The immediate blank page be left on the minute book, fast train for passengers and mails will cause of his death was paralysis of the will be an improvement so far as speed is concerned, but it will be worse for the

portant enterprise in Baltimore. He was in his 76th year and a widower.

Wm. T. Walters, justly distinguished in many ways, was beyond all question Baltimore's foremost, most liberal and most discriminating friend of art. At the age of 21, in 1841, he came to Baltimore from Lycoming county, Penn., where his father was a merchant and banker. Mr. Walters at first established a commission business and a few years later opened what subsequently developed into the great whiskey house of Wm. T. Walters

Mr. Walters was prominent in the or-ganization of nearly every steamship line out of Baltimore. He was President of the first steamship line to Savannah. His early fondness for art induced Mr. Walters to devote part of the profits of his first year in business to the purchase of fine pictures. Each year he has added serve the wishes of their patrons.

to this lot until now the world knows that Wm. T. Walters had one of the nnest collections of pictures and bric brac in existence. He bought the famo Peachblow vase, it will be remembered, for \$15,000. He was one of the permanent trustees of the Corcoran Art Museum at Washington and chairman of the Purchasing Committee. He was a trustee of the Peabody Institution and chairman of the Committee on Art. In 1848 he married Anna D. Henrich 1845 he married Anna D. Harper, of Philadelphia. She died in London in 1862. Two children, a son and daugh-

ROBESON COUNTY FAIR. Large Attendance-The Races-Tar Heel

ter, was the result of the union.

Minstrels Perform to a Orowded House. [Special Star Telegram.]

LUMBERTON, November 28.—The reather cleared to-day and a very large crowd was in attendance on the Fair. The racing was fine. The trotting race was won by "Billy Wilkes." The trains brought visitors from Wilmington, Fayetteville, Raleigh, Maxton, and other places, while the country folk came in all kinds of vehicles. Taken all in all it was an immense success for the day, there being about three thousand persons in

The exercises of the day wound up with a performance of the Tar Heel Minstrels to a crowded house at night. The managers have decided to con tinue the Fair through Saturday,

KNITTING MILLS. They Seem to Be Profitable Elsewhe

Why Not in Wilmington? Surely, there are some enterprising people in Wilmington who will read with interest the annexed article. The mills referred to are at Scatland Neck, Halifax county, and the article is from

the Democrat, published there: Last Saturday we made it convenien to be at the knitting mills at 4 o'clock, the pay-off hour, and it was interesting to see 125 operatives come to the pay

window and receive their money for two weeks' work. The pay-roll is carefully made out before pay hour and every operative's money is put into an envelope, sealed and directed. As the names are called the operatives march to the window of the office at the mills and receive their pay for honest toil. Their faces were

right as they turned away with the

happy satisfaction that they are taking care of themselves. These mills give employment to goodly number of girls and grown up ladies, who are glad of the opportunity to make the money that they spend Manager McDowell said that last Satur day s pay-roll was the largest since the mills have been at work. He says he needs more girls. Some of the girl who stick to their work closely make more than a dollar a day. We noticed that some of the envelopes containing

the pay for two weeks were labeled

New machinery is being placed and the mills are still running day and night and the manager does not see when their orders will be so well filled that they can stop at night.

Manager McDowell said that his ship we, therefore, ask your Honor to disnents of goods last week, which are

imply regular orders, amounted to

An Evidence of Prosperity. The Charlotte Observer says:

"Day and night the wheels of the cotton mills of Charlotte are to run, ceasing only during the Sunday hours. This means a double force of hands for each mill, and consequently a doubling of the weekly pay roll. The Victor Mills now pay out in wages \$88,000 annually. Its pay roll hereafter will be \$65,000 annu-ally. The Charlotte Cotton Mills (Oates thers) has been running day and light regularly, and now all the other mills are arranging for continuous day and night work. The Victor will begin night work within a week, and the other

milis will fall into line as soon as they can get the necessary force of hands." of the Fair, who showed them all the The greater part of the session of the Criminal Court yesterday was occupie with the case of Jos. Nixon, colore charged with manslaughter. After the selection of a jury the testimony of wit-nesses was heard by the Court, when apon motion of the Solicitor, the Court irected that a verdict of not guilty be rendered, and the prisoner was dis-charged. Nixon killed another negro named Solomon near Castle Hayne, this county, some weeks ago, and the coroner found that the killing was in Isaac Chapman, charged with being

nuisance, was found guilty. Judgment was suspended on payment of costs. Court took a recess until 10 a. m. to-

The STAR's correspondent at Weldon writes that in the case of Kee vs. the Petersburg and Weldon Railroad Com-pany, suit for damages growing out of the killing of husband of plaintiff (heretofore reported in the STAR) the jury were unable to agree and were discharged. The jury stood ten for damages and two against. The Judge charged the jury that if the trouble grew out of an old grudge the company was not re-sponsible, but if it grew out of anything oncerning the storage charged on aggage they were.

THE FUSION MAJORITY. [Raleigh News and Observer.]

From the official returns thus far re eived, and the unofficial estimates from the counties whose exact vote is unknown, it appears that the Fusion ma-jority in the State will be about 20,612. Taking the vote of the State Treasurer as a basis, the estimate is as follows: Pop. and Rep. vote reported....115,841 Net reported but estimated..... 29 200

Total......144,541 Democratic vote reported.....101,699
Democratic vote estimated..... 28,280 Total......128,929 Fusion majority...... 20,719 It may be interesting to know that the majority on the Treasurer's vote is probably about 2,100 less than on the Judi-

ably about 2,100 less than on the Judicial ticket. On the Congressional ticket the Democratic vote is about the same as on the Judicial ticket, while the Fusion Congressional vote will probably be somewhere near 148,000, being an increase of some 8,000 over the State

In the above calculation no account is taken of the votes thrown out on either Sunday Mail Service.

CRIMINAL COURT. Disposed of Yesterday-Grand Jury Report and Are Dispharged.

The Criminal Court yesterday disposed of the following cases: W. L. Johnson, colored, forgery, Verdict guilly. Defendant sentenced to two years in the Penntentiary. Jno. Beasley, abandonment. Not

The grand jury having finished the ousiness before them, visited the County Jail, the Home, and House of Correc tion and submitted the following report,

To the Hon. O. P. Meares, Judge of the Criminal Court: DEAR SIR—We the grand jury for the November term of the Criminal Court have faithfully investigated all cases that have come under our observation, as well as those that have been reported to

us. We, therefore, beg leave to make the following report: During our session, we found nine

true bills and one not true bill that were sent before us by the Solicitor. We executed six commitments, and found true We visited the county Juli in a body on the 20st inst., and found the sanitary

condition of the same perfect and the health of the prisoners good, with one exception. We examined the food and found that a sufficient quantity of bread and meat was furnished, but we would recommend that vegetables be furnished at least three days in each week, and that the prisoners be given two meals per day, served hot. It now appears that they are allowed only one meal a day and that is cooked the day before

t is given to them. We also recommend that the lowe floor of the Jail be repaired, as the cement of the same has begun to give way and is now in holes. On the 22d inst. we visited the House Correction and County Home. We found the wards occupied by the whites in good sanitary condition, but those of the colored people filthy and in some cases very offensive. We examined the

food and found it good and wholesome but are of the opinion that the manner of serving it could be improved. We examined the beds and bedding, and found that the mattresses were very light weight, and in some cases there was only one single cotton blanket allowed to a bed. Therefore we recommend that the sanitary condition be looked after and the inmates be furnished better beds and bedding, and slop buckets in each room.

We examined into the health of the inmates and found several sick, and recommend that the county physician be instructed to visit the institution at least twice a week, instead of once, as he now does, and oftener if necessary. On our way out to the Home we found the street from Hutafi's corner to the railroad crossing leading into the county road in very bad condition, so much so that you have to leave the public highway to get along with any comfort. We therefore recommend that the attention of those in charge be called to this matter and requested to repair the same It appears that no fourther business will claim our attention for this term,

H. McL. GREEN, Foreman. TAR HEEL MINSTRELS. The Performance Given at Lumberton

Thursday Night. [Star Correspondence.] LUMBERTON, N. C., Nov. 28 .- The Tar Heel Minstrel Company, fifteen strong, gave one of their delightful performances to a crowded house at Lum berton last night. From the momen the boys touched Lumberton's soil until their departure, they were right royally treated by all Lumberton, and especially by Dr. R. Vampill, manager of the Opera House, and Mr. Frank Gough, Secretary

courtesies. The boys gave the citizens a street parade at 5 o'clock, headed by the Lumberton Cornet Band. The curtain rose promptly at 8.15 o'clock on the first part, with Cowan, McEachern, Croom and Turrentine on the ends, and they held it down in a way that added another link to their already long chain of fame. The next thing on the programme was Cowan and James. "Kings of Mirth," which was much enjoyed. Mr. Turrentine, drummer of the and, next held the audience's attention. The hit of the evening next followed, it being Messrs. Croom and Marshall's acrobatic act, which was, indeed, marvelous. One of the most enjoyable hits of the evening was the musical act, and the

boys deserve great credit for the way in which they handled the instruments.

The show was brought to a close by the ludicrous farces "Old Dad's Cabin" and "The Famous Cake Walk." The performance as a whole was a most enoyable one and will be the seven-day alk of the town. The management was as follows: Mr. W. L. Jacobs, treasurer, J. H. Cowan, stage manager; W.W.Vick, representative; B. H. McGarity, property manager; James H. Myers, musical di-rector; B. W. Marshal, business mana-

The boys contemplate a brand new show, to be given early in December at the Wilmington Opera House. They deserve a full house.

Badly Mangled.

A special dispatch to the STAR last night from Weldon, N. C., says: "A tramp attempted to board a northbound freight here to-night, and had both legs badly mangled. The railroad company is giving him the best medical attention. Don't think he can live."

For four to five cents each you can

get novels by Charles Reade, A. Conar Doyle, Rider Haggard, Miss Mulock, Miss Braddon, Wilkle Collins, Robert L. Stevenson, Alex. Dumas, Mrs. Henry Wood, Mrs. Southworth, Emerson Bennett, Nathaniel Hawthorne, W. M. Marryat, Jules Verne and many others. These books can be obtained through the STAR. Read announcement in another column,

- The pulpit of the Synagogue Beth Ahaba of Richmond, Va., will be filled on next Thursday, Thanksgiving day, by Rev. Dr. Moses D. Hoge and Rabbi Edward N. Calisch.

They "Aiways Ask for the Star," [Progressive Age.]

Sunday mail service begins on the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley to-day. The STAR made a special effort to secure this additional service by informing the people interested that any post-office could have it if the patrons of the office wanted it. The postmasters have nothing to do with it further than to observe the wishes of their patrons.

During the political campaign just closed we were so fully engaged that we neglected to notice the enlargement, we will not say improvement, of the Wilmington STAR, as in our opinion that as a State paper it has never been surpassed or equalled. The STAR is our favorite State paper, and the visitors to our office always ask for the Wilmington STAR. Sunday mail service begins on the

FUNERAL OF W. T. WALTER

Attendance-The Pall-Bearers. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. BALTIMORE, November 24 .- The remaios of the late William T. Walters. art collector, philanthropist and financier, were quietly laid to rest in Greenmount Cemetery to-day. In accordance with his wishes the ceremonies were of

the simplest and most unostentatious

Numbers of the friends of the deeased collected at the residence, No. 5 Mount Vernos Place, this morning, and took a farewell look at the dead. At 1.40 the members of the family and the hon-orary pall-bearers assembled at the house and proceeded in carriages to Grace Protestant Episcopal Church, corner of Park avenue and Monument street. The spacious church was filled with friends of Mr. Walters, many having come from New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Washington and other cities. The remains, incased in an elegant, but severely plain casket, were placed in front of the altar. The rector, Rev. Arthur Chilton Powell, read the short and simple were beautiful bostones. and simple, yet beautiful burial ser-vice of the Church. The casket was carried into and from the church by employes of the undertaker. After the brief but impressive service, the inneral party, consisting of the immediate lamly, a few personal friends and the houseold servants, moved slowly to the cemeery, where the body was placed in the family vault beside that of Mrs. Walters, who died in London four years ago.

The honorary pall-bearers, who were the friends and business associates of Mr. Walters, were Senator Dou Cameron, of Pennsylvania; Gen. Geo. M. Dodge, U. S. A. New York, C. M. McGhee, Tennessee; F. R. Scott, of Richmond, Va.; H. B. Plant, of the Southern Express Co., S. P. Avery, New York; Wm. Laffan, New York; Henry G. Marquand, of the Metropolitan Art Museum; Dr. Dan'l C. Gilman, Prot. of Johns Hopkins University; Henry James, Dr. S. C. Chew, J. P. McCay. Francis White, Thomas W. Hall, Enoch Pratt and Michael Jenkins, of Baltimore.

A Most Valuable Exchange.

[Goldsboro Headlight.] The Wilmington STAR, the oldest daily paper in the State, is twenty-seven years old. It celebrated this event last Sunday, by a permanent enlargement to eight columns, which makes it the heapest daily paper of its size in the state. It is a most valuable exchange, nterestingly gotten up and a model of eatness in typography. We wish it continued success.

The American **ENCYCLOP** ÆDIC DICTIONARY

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