VOL. XXVII.

es it, "taxed out of existence?"

greenbacks, he helped to make the cate.

specie resumption act, which was in-

tended to destroy them, although he

now declares that the people have

had the benefit of this large volume

without any interest and he is, there-

fore, opposed to retiring them by is-

suing interest-bearing bonds for that

purpose, although he says we have

to pay interest on the gold we bor-

row to secure them. If the inter-

what law or contract required the

borrowing of gold to redeem these

greenbacks, which the people have

without interest, Mr. Sherman would

be compelled to answer, if he an-

swered at all, none. The greenbacks

before the resumption act were pay-

able in "lawful money of the United

States," and the resumption act

made them payable in coin, not gold,

but coin, and when the Treasury un-

dertakes to borrow gold to redeem

these greenbacks or any other paper

of the Government it goes outside

of the law and acts on its own arbi-

We need money with which to pay

our honest debts, and there are many

subscribers to the WEEKLY STAR who

should pay their honest debts. Do

you owe us for subscriptions? If so,

forward the amount without delay.

MINOR MENTION.

Senator Hill seems to be laying.

for the North Carolina Senators. He

put the brakes on Senator Butler

when that gentleman performed the

other day, and Friday he called Sen-

ator Pritchard down by a very perti-

nent question, when the Senator

from Skyland was giving notice of

the amendments he proposed to

officer to the House tariff bill, amend-

ments not for revenue but clearly

for protection only. Senator Hill

called attention to the fact that the

two Senators from North Carolina

were both chosen by the same Legis-

lature and the same combination,

that one of these Senators is a pro-

nounced protectionist and the other

a tariff for revenue man who left the

Democratic party because it didn't

go as tar in tariff reduction as he be-

lieved it should go, and then he

asked the question how, with one side

of North Carolina thus antagoniz-

ing the other, any tariff legislation

could be enacted satisfactory to this

State, which sent two Senators the

vote of one of whom must nullify

the vote of the other. The same

might be said on the financial ques-

tion, for the two Senators are at the

extreme ends on that. This practi-

cally leaves North Carolina a cipher

on the main dividing issues between

the chinning performances that

don't do her any credit. If these

men were elected by different Legis-

latures it would be a different mat-

ter, and the State's misfortune rather

than her fault that she was not rep-

resented, but in this case these an-

tagonizing Senators were both

chosen by the same Legislature, in

pursuance of a bargain, by which the

State lost her influence and her voice

We have several times referred to

the colonization movement in Geor-

gia and to some of the colonies that

in national legislation.

representation at all, save in

trary decision.

Entered at the Post Office at Wilmtgton, N. C., as SUBSCRIPTION PRICE. The subscription price of the Weekly Star is as

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fellows:
Single Copy 1 year, postage paid. \$1 00
6 months 60
3 months 80 We are again sending bills to our

subscribers. In the aggregate they amount to a very large sum. Many of our subscribers are responding promptly. Others pay no attention to the bills. These latter do not seem to understand that they are under any legal or moral obligation to pay for a newspaper.

SHERMAN TALKS.

"Gath," the newspaper correspondent, recently interviewed Senator Sherman and got a good deal of chat out of him, for the Senator seems to have thawed some and talked freely about a good many things, Presidential candidates, the tariff, finances, &c. He took a cheerful view of the situation politically and feels confident that the Republicans will win in the next Presidential election and doesn't think the Populists will figure enough to imperil the success of the Republican candidates or to prevent an election by the people. He doesn't think the Populist strength in the North or West will be viewer had asked Senator Sherman on it to hurt the Democratic party much worse in the South than it can possibly hurt the Republican party in other sections of the country, an opinion probably based on the result of the last election when the Populists lost their hold in the West but made gains in some of the Southern States by fusing with the Republicans, that is if these can be called Populist He expects to see the Populists of

the Struck come from the Democratic party, as they have mainly come, in which ex hafation he is doubtless correct, far as the Republican party is composed of a very small percentage of the whites of the South, the bulk of the Populists must come from the Democratic party. This is one of the things the Republican leaders have been counting on, and this is one of the reasons why they have been playing into the hands of the Populist leaders and giving them all the aid and comfort they could in building up a party to oppose the Democratic party. This will account for the extreme caution they have shown in dealing with the silver question, playing mum on that when they didn't straddle and cunningly permitting the Democrats to do all the fighting over it, realizing, as they did, that the masses of the people, especially on the farms took a deep interest in this question, which the Populists adopted as one of their leading issues. The Republican leaders foresaw that the dissensions in the Democratic party over this question would alienate many voters who would be led to believe that because the Administration stood so unequivocally for gold that the Democratic party was therefore an anti-silver party. It must be admitted that from a purely political standpoint Mr. Sherman's party associates played their game very shrewdly and cleverly, which we regret to admit cannot be said of the gentlemen who essaved the leadership of the Democratic party.

The concluding portion of this interview is the most interesting because in this he discourses on the money question on which he is regarded as the Mentor of the Republican party. In answer to the question whether he meant to say in his recent speech that the greenbacks were intended to take the place of the State bank notes in circulation

"Yes; that was the meaning. It was so stated at the time. The old State banks rather melted into the national banks, but they date to 1864, while the the parties and practically without greenbacks were made a legal tender. The State bank notes had been made redeemable, but they were not legal tender, and we taxed them out of exis:ence. That tax stands unrepealed, though the last Democratic platform declared in favor of its repeal. We have had the benefit without interest of the national notes of the Government—a large profit compared to paying that loan in bonded interest; but we have had to pay an interest on the gold which secures them.

The book-keeping has been in favor of the people. The Treasury Department should have been a better banker, and discriminated between paying loose run ning expenses in the better currency and keeping that better currency to re-place its gold. Practical banking sense would have observed the distinction. The reserve is the guarantee for all the rest. The banks all act on that."

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1896.

that the greenbacks were intended to these schemes, which are being take the place of State bank notes' pushed with vigor and with pros-If that was the intention it was care- pects of success. The Savannab FOUND CONTY ON THE FIRST COUNT fully concealed at the time. In all | News of a few days ago quotes exthe discussion bearing upon them it | Governor Northen, who is the leadwas never suggested that they were | ing spirit in these movements, as meant to take the place of State saying that he has now three new bank notes. Senator Sherman, who colonies in prospect, all to be set was then in the House of Represen- | tled by substantial farmers and busitives, might have thought they could ness men. One is to be composed be so used, and desired that they of members of Congregational might be, as he never did believe in | Churches in Kansas, another of farm-State banks, and doubted their con- ers from Indiana and a third of stitutionality, although they existed farmers from Ohio. The Ohio colfor over three quarters of a century onists want a tract of 10,000 acres of before the greenbacks were issued. | land, and seem to prefer South Geor-We do not believe this idea occurred | gia. There are now in the same portion

to one in a hundred of all those of the State several gentlemen who had anything to do with the from Pennsylvania prospecting for a ssuing of the greenbacks, which site for a colony from that State. were issued as a military necessity to Georgia seems to be the objective point for so many of the colonies furnish money that the government needed and must have to carry on simply for the reason that the movethe war. It was purely a military | ment has been pushed vigorously money, the issuing of which was jus- by leading Georgians, and followed tified as a war measure. It was made up with systematic and industrious a legal tender because that was ne- method, by which the State was cessary to give it vitality and that brought directly to the attention of made it better than State bank notes home seekers of other sections and which were not a legal tender. If It her resources and inducements made was the purpose to make the greenknown to them. The State is fortubacks take the place of the State nate in the acquisition of so many bank notes why did they pass the substantial and thrifty people from specie resumption act, the object of other sections, and especially fortuwhich was to call all the greennate that they come from different backs in and destroy them, the State sections, bringing with them new bank notes having already been deideas and different methods which stroyed or, as Mr. Sherman expressmust have a salutary influence from an educative and progressive stand-Mr. Sherman helped to make the point on the State in which they lo-

> Please pay your indebtedness, if any, to the WEEKLY STAR.

> Mr. Charles L. Stevens, President of the N. C. Press Association, addiesses a communication to the press of the State, which will be found on the 2nd page of THE STAR to day. It is on a subject in which he has taken a warm and patriotic interest, and we have no doubt that it will, as t should, meet with a generous response, not only from those to whom the appeal is directly made, but from the people of the State.

Ex-Attorney General Garland has contributed to the Washington Post anyelaborate article on the question of a third term for Presidents. With his usual lucidity of statement he makes an unanswerable argument against the third-term principle. Mr. Garland's arttcle occupies a full page of the Post, and abounds in quotations and references to sustain

John Sherman is as much or more Raleigh has two atternoon dailies responsible for this than any living now, the Call, published by P. W. man, for it was he who invented the McGowan and W. A. Jones, and "gold reserve" and without authority edited by P. W. McGowan, being the of law sold bonds to establish it. He new candidate for popular favor. was the evil genius who brought It is a sprightly, newsy five column trouble to the Treasury, and brought paper, which flies at its masthead ills to the American people that he the legend, "The Laborer is Worthy couldn't atone for in an eternity of of His Hire." We wish the Call success, and trust it may realize its

> Please pay your indebtedness, any, to the WEEKLY STAR.

TO THE PRESS OF NORTH CARO-

GENTLEMEN-For several months past it has been your pleasure to endorse and encourage through the columns of your papers, what is known as the "Leader's Popular Fund," a fund to be collected with

which to purchase some testimonial for the United States cruiser "Raleigh," the war-ship named in honor of our Capital city. Your hearty, sincere and unselfish endorsement in support of the raising of this fund, has given its promoter inspiration and courage to persevere in the work; and no less confidence in the successful result of this fund has been given by the untiring and patriotic efforts of those ladies who

have acted as sponsors for the fund in their respective towns and cities. To the unflagging zeal and endeavor of these sponsors, is the present amount now collected and deposited to the credit of the fund, largely due. Gentlemen of the Press of North Carolina, as it was your Press which conceived and put into positive execution this plan of saving the State from the reproach which rested upon her good name and thereby aroused the pride and patriotism of our peowhich has found material expression through the efforts of those

sponsors, who have forwarded the sums collected, it now remains for you to happily complete the work so ably begun and thus far so successfully carried out. The Press has given public approval and it now remains for it to give material expression in way of contributions, and to this end the undersigned requests that every newspaper in the State make up a contriin each newspaper office can give

some amount, from editor to press-

man, and if so desired, contributions

may be solicited from among the

friends and constituents of each news-Let every printer in the State add his or her mite to this fund, and the sum thus raised for the testimonial, which will be presented to the cruiser "Raleigh," will do credit to the pa-triotism, liberality and name of the

Old North State. Every contribution will receive recognition and credit. It is requested that contributions be sent as soon as possible to the "Leader's Popular Fund," Southport, N. C.
Fraternally,
CHARLES L. STEVENS,

There are several points in this have already been established. There President N. C. Press Association. worthy of note, the first of which is is no abatement in the interest in Weekly papers please copy.

SATTERFIELD'S TRIAL The Co-operative Cotton Factory-The

OF THE INDICTMENT

For Franculent Enfollment of the As signment Act-Clerk Brown's Trial Comsenced-Other Matters in Raleigh-The Cotton Factory Industry - Treasures Worth's Construction of the Law Taxing Boarding Houses.

[Star Correspondence.] RALEIGH. N. C., Jan. 14. The case against Satterfield is the absorbing subject just now. Auditor Furman, who was so long an officer of the House, says he believes Satterfield will be found guilty as to the first count and not guilty as to the second. The first count is that of gross negligence and the second that of corruption.

Maj Jack Hayes, U. S. A., and Col.

Eugene Harrell have organized a min-tary company at the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, It was done for the amusement of the pupils.

Rev. D. H. Tuttle, who is pastor of the Central Church, has received an offer to the chair of theology and meta-physics at Asbury College, Wilmore, Kentucky. Mr. Tuttle says he does not

consider the matter. This morning in Court Thos. R. Pur nell began a two hours' speech in Satterfield's behalf. The Court room in crowded. Mrs. Arrington and son are also in Court. The Judge will, when she is brought up for sentence this morning, likely dismiss her. Gov. Carr has returned from Wash

want to leave his native State, but will

ington with his daughter, who is much improved in health.

Gov. Carr has offered a reward of \$100 for the arrest of Weldon Watkins. Watkins is the supposed murderer of Augustus Landis, of Halifax county. The murder was committed Decem-

Governor Carr to-day issued the death warrant for Thos. Covington, o Catawba county, Covington in September murdered the general superintendent of the Long Island cotton mills, who was a part owner and stockholder. Covington was convicted at the Spring term of Catawba Superior Court, o murder and sentenced to be hanged April 4th, 1895. Appeal was taken to the Supreme court and no error was found. The case came to Governor Carr to fix time of death penalty. Governor Carr has set the day for execution on the 18th of February, 1895.

The cotton fectory industry in North Carolina is continually moving forward. The announcement of the building of new lactories is not an unirequent occur rence. This week a new factory in Franklinton was opened for operation and looms and spindles are humming in that hustling town Pittsboro has the milling fever. The

enterprising citizens of that town had a meeting last night for the purpose of At Chapel Hill there has been some

doubt as to the full meaning of the clause in the revenue act imposing a tax of 50 cents on each bed kept in boarding and lodging houses. The sheriff was unable to solve the construction of the law and an opinion from Treasurer Worth was

Mr. Worth holds that the law does not contemp'ate taxing a private family that rents a spare room, but does not keep "rooms to let." The families who do not make a business of letting such rooms, are not liable to the tax imposed by Section 84, Laws 1895.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star-RALEIGH, N. C., January 11 - The trial of S. P. Satterfield, principal clerk of the House of Representatives, ended to-day with arguments by T. R. Purnell, of his counsel, and State Solicitor Pon. who attacked Satterfield's statement that the bill had never left his possession and sald it was false if the statement made by Miss Daisy Bronson was true that she was given the identical bill from the enrolling clerk's office to copy. He said if Miss Bronson, Representa tive R. L. Smith and Wm. E. Christian told the truth, Satterfield was surely guilty on both counts of the indictment, and the bill was proved to have been falsely stamped as to the date of

Judge McIver charged the jury upon the first count, that if it was satisfied that Satterfield had the bill in his pos session after it had been tabled, and that it was found in Brown's possession, it would be circumstantial evidence tend ing to show negligence on Satterfield's part; or, if the jury found that the bill was stolen or taken from his office without his knowledge or consent or fault he was not guilty. He charged upon the second count that if the jury was satisfied that he knowingly and wilfully delivered the bill to the enrolling clerk for enrollment, knowing it had been

tabled, he was guilty of misdefneanor. The jury took the case at 2 o'clock and soon after 6 returned a verdict of guilty on the first count, which charged him with negligently and wilfully failing to perform the duties of his office in de ivering the bill to the enrolling clerk which had been tabled, and of not guilty on the second count, which charged him with corruptly procuring its enrollment The jury on the first vote stood eight to four for conviction on the second charge. The case of the State against Enrolling Clerk J. W. Brown, for permitting

the enrollment of the bill, was taken up this afternoon. The main question at issue was whether the bill enrolled was the original bill. Miss Daisy Bronson identified the original bill as the one given her by the enrolling clerk or one of his assistants and copied by her. Brown's coursel admitted there was no receipt on Brown's book for this bill and some others given her. Miss Bronson said she and Brown read the bill and her copy to compare them. -R. L. Smith identified the bill as the one tabled the night of March 11th, though stamped as tabled March 18th.

Half a dozen witnesses, some prom nent, and among them Speaker Walser, testified to Brown's good character. Walser also testified to the good character of Satterfield. State Librarian El ington testified as to the search for the bill and his finding it, and said there was no other at all like it.

prise by declaring that Brown was not an officer and therefore not liable, and that the State had introduced no evidence to prove that he was an officer: that while they admitted he was the enrolling clerk he was not an officer and cannot be convicted, and that this was the answer to the whole bill of indict-

The Court took recess until Monday morning. Puneral of the Late Wm. Wescott.

FAYETTEVILLE MOVING.

Company Organised by Progressive The following from the Payetteville Observer is encouraging to all friends of

that good old town: The Board of Directors of the Poceaix ton. Mr. Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr., presi-Cotton Manufacturing Company at a dent, was in the chair and Col. John L. meeting last week elected Mr. Herbert Cantwell secretary. Lutterioh President, Col. W. S. Cook.

Vice President, and Capt. J. D. McNeill Secretary and Treasurer. The following is the Board of Directors of the Pacenix Manufacturing Com-

w. S. Cook, Mayor of city of Fayetteville, General Manager C. F. Transportation Company, Director Fayette-H. W. Lilly, President Bank of Fayetteville, President Beaver Creek and Bluff Cotton Mil's and of Fayetteville

Printing Company, and Director of Fay-etteville Cotton Mills. W. L. Holt, President Lakeside Cotton Mills, and one of the Proprietors of Eluma Cotton Mills, Burlington, N. C., and President of the Holt Cotton Mill in Course of erection in this city.

Ino. P. Thomson, President Favetteville Cotton Mills, Merchant, Director Bank of Fayetteville, Director Fayette-

Charles Haigh, President Payetteville Real Es ate Agency, Merchant, Director ayetteville Cotton Mills Chas. A. Rankin, Lumber Manufac-turer, Member W. L. Rankin & Co. J. A. McLauchlin, Official C. F. & Y 7. Railway. H. Lutterloh, Director Bank of Fayetteville Member R. B. Lutterloh & Co. J. D. McNeill, Manufacturer, Proprietor Merchant Mills.

FALSE ALARM OF FIRE.

E. B. Burkhismer Aerested and Held Under Bond for the Oriminal Court. Mr. E. B. Burhiemer was arrested yeserday morning by police officer Bender. charged with sending in a false alarm of fire Thursday at about 4 o'clock p. m., from Box No. 85, corner of Ninth and Princess streets. He had a hearing before Mayor W. N. Harriss at twelve o'clock noon. The testimony offered by eight witnesses for the prosecueight witnesses for the hiemer and Norwood G. Smith were standing at the box when the slarm sounded. Mr. Burkhiemer admitted being there in company with Mr. Smith and that he opened the door of the box, which he says Was unlocked, When it had rung the number only one time he went back and drew the switch.

our rounds. Mr. R. J. McIlhenny, Superintendent of the Fire Alarm System, said it was impossible to send in an alarm by slamming the door; it had to be open and the lever pulled down. Mr. Jno. C. Yates then testified that he had known of two alarms of fire being sent in without the box being

which prevented it from finishing the

After hearing other testimony, the Mayor bound the defendant over to this term of the Criminal Court in the Mr. Norwood G. Smith went on the ond as surety. The case will be called

to-daw probably.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Cases Disposed of Yesterday-The Grand Jury's Report-Recess Taken Until Tcmorrow Meraing. The following cases were disposed of

State vs. Josie Drew, keeping a disrderly house. Verdict not guilty. State vs. David Jones, larceny. dict guilty. Defendant fined \$5 and the county commissioners authorized to hire him out for non-payment of fine. State vs. Alex Mallett, abandonment.

Defendant recognized in the sum of \$50 for his appearance at the March term and show to the Court that he has paid to the clerk \$1.25 per week toward the support of his wife, Julia Mallett. State vs. Jane Gause, trespass.

Judgment suspended on payment of

At five o'clock the grand jury came into Court and handed their report for the January term to the Judge, as His Honor Judge O. P. Meares, Judge

Circuit Criminal Court: We, the grand jury for the January term of the Criminal Court of New Han-

over county, submit the following report of our labors: We have acted on sixty-eight bills o

indictment, resulting in the finding of forty-nine true bills and eleven not true. We have made eight presentments finding true bills in each case. We have visited the County Jail and County Home and House of Correction. The jail we found in good condition and the prisoners well cared for. At the County Home we found the inmates apparently wel cared for and heard no complaint from any of them. The covering and bedding was in some cases; we thought, inade quate, and some of the inmates' rooms. we think, should have more attention in the way of cleanliness. We found only one prisoner in the House of Correc-

We would recommend that the heating apparatus in the main building be comfortable in cold weather. This heating system, we understand, has been of no service whatever since put in. We would recommend that the water pipes running to the wash basins on the piazza of the colored ward be supplied with a stop-cock to prevent the bursting of the pipes in cold weather, and that the broken pipes be removed and new

There has been complaint made to this jury about the locality on Fourth street between Church and Castle streets, and we would respectfully recommend that be kept continually on duty for the beqe-fit and protection of those living in that neighborhood and those who pass and re-pass on this street as a public high-

Respectfully submitted. H. M. FOARD, Foreman, HENRY A. BURR, Clerk. The grand jury were then discharged and the court took a recess until to-mor-

- Concord Standard: For such Chapel of the Good Shepherd. The interment was in Bellevue Cemetery and the pall-bearers were Miles Costin, W. J. Cornwall, Gaston Evans, B. F. King, John W. Hewett, William Simpson.

Deceased was a brother of John L. Wescott, Jr., (pilot) of Lockwoods Fol. John W. Hewett, William Simpson.

Deceased was a brother of John L.

Wescott, Jr., (pilot) of Lockwoods Folly, Brunswick county, not John L. West cot, of Southport.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Proceedings of the Meeting Held Yeste day-Reports of Committees-New Mem bers-Blanding Committees Announced The Chamber of Commerce met yes terday at 12.15 p. m. in the director's room of the National Bank of Wilming-

The special committee on Coast De fences, through its chairman, Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, reported progress.

The matter was discussed at some

length. It was argued that this port is ncluded in the general plan for coast defences, and until the policy of the authorities is developed, action by the Chamber would be premature. It was also argued that it would be proper for the Chamber to address a communication to the Government authorities, and on motion of Mr. P. B. Manning the special committee was requested to take such action in the matter as may seem

The report of the committee appointed to consider the matter of the Standard Oil Co.'s tank steamers was received and ordered filed. The report is as fol-

Jas. H. Chadbourn, Ir., Esq., Presiden Chamber of Commerce, Wilmington

DEAR SIR-Your special committee phointed at the last meeting of the Chamber to look into the subject of oil tank steamers coming to this port, beg leave to submit their report thereon. Upon investigation we found that the Standard Oil Company was considering the practicability of making this port the distributing point for its products for several Southern seaboard States, but that the insufficient depth of water at available wharves threatened to defeat the project. Your committee deemed it a matter of such importance that steps were at once taken to accertain what could be done to remove the obstacle to the consummation of so great an enterprise. A little enquiry developed the fact that the harbor lines at this port have never been legally established, and in consequence wharves were built very irregularly, with the result that those projecting farthest out obtained more water than those pro-

ecting less far. Upon consultation with the Commis oners of Navigation and Pilotage and Colonel D. P. Herp, U. S. Engincharge of our river and improvements, we were ininformed that were the harbor lines established and wharves built to conform thereto, a sufficient depth of water would be attained to accommoof large steamers. Your committee promptly requested the proper munici- gus Russell. This week the editorial pal and harbor authorities to apply to he War Department to have these lines established. The request was readily complied with, and the application was referred by the department to Col. Heap for his approval, which being at once given, the lines were forthwith made. and all that is now wanting to legally establish them is the signature of the Secretary of War to the chart.

The result of your committee's work s to make this port the distributing point for the products of the Standard Oil Company, and the object for which his committee was appointed has thereore been accomplished.

The Chamber of Commerce should congratulate itself on being instrumental in making possible the establishment of an enterprise that not only brings direct benefit in incidental labor, etc., but that advertises our splendid port advantages and harbor facilities in so conspicuous

In closing the report your committee wish to bear testimony to the generous interest manifested and the valuable services rendered by Col. Heap.

All correspondence pertaining to the conduct of this matter is hereto at-Resp'y submitted, WALKER TAYLOR. Ch'm Com.

Upon application Drs. T. S. Burbank, G. G. Thomas and A. H. Harriss, Mr. Junius Davis and Mr. J. W. Craig, were elected members of the Chamber. The President announced the apcointment of the following committees: Arbitration-B. F. Hall, W. L. De-Rosset, W. H. Chadbourn. Finance and Grievances—Geo. French, Jno. W. Atkinson.

tee must sign every bill before it could Banks and Currency-Jno. S. Armbe ratified. He acknowledged his signastrong, H. C. McQueen, Frank Stedture to the act. The much-talked of original bill was produced as evidence. Chief Clerk Batchelor, of the State Industries and Business Enterprises-Department, testified that he had the Walker Taylor, W. E. Worth, Marcus

Transportation and Insurance-Chas. Borden, Chas. Worth, E. S. Ten-Schools, Education and Art-H. Walters, D. G. Worth, M. C. S. Noble. Agriculture and Immigration-H.

Nash, Jas. F. Post, Jr., T. D. Meares. Harbor, Shipping and Commerce— I. G. Smallbones, W. N. Harriss, J. T. Towage and Pilotage-Capt. S. Skinner, Sam'l Northrop.

Legislation-Geo. Rountree, fartin, P. B. Manning. Health and Sanitarion-Drs. Geo. Thomas, T. S. Burbank, A. H. Harriss. Postal Telegraph and Express Service D. McRae. Isaac Bear, B. F. King. Streets, Parks and Public Roads-

Chas. C. Chadbourn, Jno. H. Hanby, J Reception and Exposition-Wm. alder, James Sprunt, W. R. Kenan. Information and Statistics—A. J. Howell, Jr., W. R. Barksdale, DeWitt C. Love. Advertising-J. E. Montague, Roger

Moore, D. McEachern. Membership-J. H. Boatwright, Geo. Morton, A. W. Rivenbark. The Executive Committee (elected) Geo. Harriss Jas. F. Post, Jr., Jas. H. Chadbourn, Thos, Evans, F. W. Kerch-

LETTER FROM GEN. MILES

In response to a letter recently written o General Nelson A. Miles by the editor of the STAR, the following was received yesterday. Considered in connection with the proceedings of the Chamber of Commerce at their meeting yesterday. it will be read with interest : HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 7, 1896. Mr. William H. Bernard. "The Morning Star," Wilmington, N. C.

My DEAR SIR—Your very kind let-ter of December 27th was duly received. I regret that it is impossible for me to visit Wilmington at this time. I remember that place with much interest, as I spent some time there soon after my transfer from the volunteer army to the regular service, and shall always feel a deep interest in that vicinity. I sincerely hope that the efforts now being made to secure the appropriation by Congress of the necessary funds for the protection of our principal ports will

meet with success, Yours, very truly, 18th he was standing by the Speaker's desk watching the carolled bi is, and did not remember this one being passed up

Another witness swore to Satterfield's Argument then began. T. R. Purnell, I defendant's counsel, asked for special instruction to the jury, and contended that the assistant cierks were State officers, and that they were equally re-

NO. 12

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

TRIAL OF CLERKS S. P. SATTERFIELD

AND J. W. BROWN

For Braudulent Barollment of the Assign-

ment Act-Mrs Atrington's Case-Con-

tributions for Cumnock Sufferers-Re-

Star Correspondence

Committee to Assemble.

publicans Want Their State Executive

Major Stephenson, a colored boy thir-

en years of age, was arrested here to-

day on a capias issued from Durham.

Stephenson is almost a midget in

stature. He became involved in a quar-

rel with a much larger boy, who tried to

intimidate him. Then Major lost his

temper and stuck his knile in the larger

boy. He fled to Raleigh and was ar-

It is thought that Judge Mcleer wil

not impose a sentence upon Mrs. Ar-

rington. He seems to have much sym-

pathy for the woman. Speaker Z. V. Walser said he thought she would be

dismissed. He says the sentiment in

North Carolina is against punishing a

Nothing further has been heard about the man who was found dead in a creek

Sunday the First Baptist Church takes

up a collection for the Cumnock suffer-

ers. The amount Raleigh has given ex-

ceeds \$260, in addition to a lot of cloth-

ng and supplies.

Mr. J. C. Logan Harris says that

number of prominent Republicans have written Chairman Holton of the Repub-

lican Executive Committee, requesting

him to call a meeting of the committee

at an early day. Though this is a Rus-

sell move, there seems to be very little

opposition on the part of any of the op-

Senator Fortune told a Press Visitor

reporter that he was in favor of an early

meeting of the committee and thought

hat this would be the course pursued

Mr. Fortune thinks that the committee

should meet at once and call the coa

The tobacco market has been very

ulet since the reopening, January 1st.

This is due in a measure to the dry

weather. Big breaks are expected soon.

Senator Pritchard that be will be pro-

vided for when the Senate reorganiza-

ion occurs. He thinks it will take place

be latter part of the month, when the

The Gazette (colored organ) advances

Utah Senators take their seats. Sena-

tor Fortune has not been to his home i

column starts off with a heading, "Goy-

At 10.20 a. m. Solicitor Pou called

the first batch of State's witnesses in the case of S. P. Satterfield and J. W.

The first witness to be examined to V. Walser, Esq. Speaker of the last

On direct examination he stated that

ne was Speaker and that he thinks he

remembered administering the oath of

office to S. P. Satterfield, as Chief Clerk

of the House: that Mr. Sattterfield per-

formed the duties of Chief Clerk during

On cross-examination by Victor Bry-

to the position of rooms for the enroll

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

of the last Legislature, for fraudulently

procuring enrollment and ratification of

the Assignment Act, which never passed

the other branch of the Legislature and

which was tabled in the House. The

Speaker of the House, Mr. Walser, was

the first witness, and testified that on

March 18th he ratified 861 bills and that

he had no doubt the title of this bill was

read aloud in both Houses; also that a

majority of the Enrolled Bills Commit-

riginal journal of the House for March

18th, and State Librarian Ellington testi-

fied that it showed this bill had been

presented for ratification. He also testi-

fied that the journals did not show that

R. L. Smith, member of the House

testified that on the night of March 19th

he met Satterfield with several bills in

his hand, and that the latter told Smith

he had some of Smith's bills and then

showed him the Assignment Act, but

that the latter was not stamped tabled

and that Satterfield said he was taking

the bills to the enrolling clerk to be en-

rolled; that Smith told him this particu-

lar billewas tabled, and Satterfield then

Miss Daisy Branson swore that she

made the enrolled copy of the original

bill, having been given the bill by Enroll-

ing Clerk Brown, or a clerk in his office

that she took it back there; that Brown

verified it. This was the most damag-

Wm. E. Christian confirmed the testi-

Then the defendant's witne ses testi-

fied. House Journal Clerk Ed. Stan-

ford said he and his assistants made up

the journals; that on the 12th of March

he saw the Assignment bill in the

Speaker's room, stamped tabled; that

atterfield did not examine the journals

that there was no entry of the tabling o

the bill, but that this omission was by

mistake; that the House corrected such

Satterfield swore he did not deliver

the bill to the enrolling clerk. An

ave been on the night of the 11th, and

that he might not have stamped it until

the 12th, though it was his duty to

The examination of Satterfield by

Solicitor Pou was very searching, and

witness did not make a favorable im-

Branson was mistaken when she swore

she copied this identical bill.

He said he never said anything about

stamp it as soon as acted upon.

mistakes and not the clerk.

ing evidence of the day and created

These were all State witnesses.

turned back towards his desk.

mony of R. L. Smith.

the bill was tabled.

he session of the Legislature.

to Chief Clerk Satterfield.

Cleveland county since November.

ernor Daniel L. Russell."

General Assembly

Brown.

Senator Fortune has assurances from

vention for some time in May.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 10.

possible with Satterfield.
Solicitor Pou said il Satterfield was so negligeat as to allow the bill to be taken from the office and enrolled he was guilty of misdemesnor, whether with corrupt intent or not, or if he permitted it to be enrolled, he was guilty of corruption. The Solicitor said it was in-comprehensible that this great crime could have occurred without Satterfield's knowledge, and that the first step towards fraudulent rollment was the silence of ournal as to the bill being tabled: that he was seeking to shift the responsibility on his associates, that the identical bill was copied for enrollment, and be asked from whom did the enrolling c'erk get it except from Satterfield, and if there was no collusion between them, why did he not put the enrolling clerk

on the witness stand. Victor Bryant, of counsel for Satterfield, contended that the offence alleged against him was not covered by the statute which refers to acts of omission. refusal or neglect, and that this act. if act at all, was of commission. At the conclusion of his argument, the

Court took a recess until to-morrow. NOW 99 YEARS OLD.

Mrs. Grinnell Credits Her Vigorous Old Age to Paine's Celery Compound.

It is an uncommon thing to learn of persons reaching the age of Mrs. Emyle Hyde Grinnell, and years of good health such as hers come only to those who can make use of the very best means of keep-

ing well. No one will wonder that the brighteved old lady, whose mind to-day is asalert and clear as ever, should be anxious for others to try Paine's celery com-

Mrs. Emyle Hyde Grinnell was born in Bennington, Vt., July 6, 1796, and is to day living with her granddaughter, the wife of Martin Fowler, of Colchester, Vt., a beautiful town near Fort Ethan Allen. Her father was a farmer and hotel keeper, and she lived upon the farm until her marriage. Mrs. Grinnell has none of the infirmities of old age. She rises at daylight, works about the house, and when the weather will permit walks outdoors. Her eyes ght is so good that she threads a needle and spends many hours crocheting and duing lancy work. She keeps abreast of the times, and is remarkably well-informed upon many subjects. She declares that

for years, and if people half her age en-

joyed such good health as she they would consider themselves fortunate. She has seven children, four boys and three girls, two of whom are living to-Mrs. Grinnell writes: COLCHESTER, VT., Oct. 11, 1895

'Paine's celery compound has been my health preserver during the last few vears. Whenever I have an ache or a pain a few doses of this medicine gives me relief and strength. Few women, even though younger than I, enjoy as good health, for my appealte is natural, my sleep refreshing, and I can walk quite a distance without feeling tired. People are surprised at my vigorous appearance and activity, which I believe, is the sult of my using Paine's celery comant, E.q., he said that he could not positively state that he administered pound. It has cured me of consting-

he oath to Mr. Satterfield. He thought tion, and is of great help to me when he did so tecause it was his duty to adover-tired. Gratefully yours, MRS. EMYLE HYDE GRINNELL." minister it. After various questions as Paine's celery compound is especially ment and engrorsment of bills, Mr. valuable for recruiting the strength and Walser said that he gave up his office spent energies of men and women advanced in years. It is the preparation considered worthy the name of a true nerve food and blood remedy by physi-RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 10,-The county cians throughout the country. It is precourt room here was filled to-day, the attraction being the trial of S. P. Satterscribed by them in every State in the Union to tone up the system, regulate the nerves and restore health and ield, principal clerk of the lower House

strength. Nothing in the past has ever approached it in power of building up weakened nerve tissues and giving strength to the tired body. In severe cases of persistent headaches, dyspensia. neuralgia and sleeplessness, due to nervous feebleness, Paine's celery compound has a record of rapid and lasting cures that embraces every city and town in the wide sweep of the United States. Its remarkable power over disease lies

in its active replacing of worn-out parts by new, healthy ones, and in its healing, and purifying action among the most minute tissues of the body. It searches out the weak parts at once, and sets to work to build them up. The tired body feels the strengthening effects of Paine's celery compound forthwith. Give the nerves a chance to recover, and the entire body will regain its health

and strength. Take Paine's celery com-MRS. A. E. VANDERBILT.

The Divorced Wife of Wm. R. Married to O. P. H. Belmont. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

New York, January 11 .- The Evening Telegram says: Mrs. Alva E. Vanderbilt, the divorced wife of Wm. K Vanderbilt, was married to Oliver Hazard Perry Belmont, by Mayor Strong this morning. The ceremony was per-formed at No. 24 East 72nd street, the residence of the bride, at 10 o'clock, and only Miss Smith, Mrs. Vanderbilt's sister, and a very few personal friends immediately after the couple had been wedded they left the house, and it is understood started for the Marble House at New-

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

The Death of Bepresentative Wilson Gives Republicans a Mejarty of One on Joint By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 11.—Representative saac Wilson, of Nelson county, who gotup from a sick bed to go to Frankfort article in a newspaper written by him and vote for Mr. Blackburn in last was read in which he said positively that night's caucus, died this morning. Wiland vote for Mr. Blackburn in last the bill was tabled March 18th, when son's death breaks the Legislative tie stamped, but to day he said it might and gives the Republicans a majority of

FRANKFORT, Jan. 11.-The Democratic members who stayed out of the joint caucus are preparing a manifesto to be sent broadcast and in which they define their position with regard to Senator Blackburn, for whom there is now absolutely no possibility of their voting at the joint assembly. The manifesto states that Blackburn has broken faith with the party by preaching free silver after a sound money platform had been pression. He swore that as far as he knew the bill never left his possession to go to the enrolling clerk. He denied the evidence of R. L. Smith, and said he had never taken any bils to the enrolling clerk. He declared Miss adopted by his party, and in fighting the Democratic nominee for Governor. These acts give him no right to their allegiance, and they would decline to vote for his election as U. S. Senator.

He said he never said anything about the tricinity. I sinthat the efforts now being that the efforts now being the necessary funds for the for it. He was summoned here to join in the search and found the bill. He said the public had access to his office.

Necessary funds for the for it. He was summoned here to join in the search and found the bill. He said the public had access to his office.

Representative Hillman swore that the bill was tabled on the night of March 11th, and that on the night of the recent weeks.