THE WEB OF LIFE. A thousand busy fingers,

Day and night,

Weave a wondrous web of mingled

Shade and light.

Oh, the glory of its beauty As is swiftly is enrolled! Oh, the shining of its silver threads,

he flashing of its gold! The devices quaint and rare, Which the flickering and the gleaming Of its mystic tissue bear! Bright as the dew To the lily cup given.— Soft as the blue Of the midsummer heaven. Slowly, slowly, slowly,

The glowing gold grows dim.

The busy fingers stlently instead eave in the darkness of a sable thread. The early splendor waxeth cold and dead, As when at vesper hour
As one in the seper hour
A cry of human wee shall overpower
The jubilate of a choral hymn.
For the child asleep on the mother's breast
Is the marvelous web begun.
When the daisies bloom on the cid man's grave The web of life is done.

Bending from heaven,

Joyous or grieving, Angels watch over The web in its weaving. O tried and true. How shall the garment be wrought for you, That your souls may stand Crowned and exultant at God's right hand? No richer gem in the diadem No richer gem in the diadem Encircling a monarch's brow appears Than the priceless pearls of a mother's team For a charm against the tempter's snaros Weave in the gold of a mother's prayers. Tinsel of falsehood

Glisten there never; Truth alone dureth Forever and ever. Weave in the might of a woman's heart The strength of a hero's soul.
So shall your garments be silken soft
When you reach the distant goal,
But strong as the knights of long agone.
When they went forth to fight with their s

mor on.
O dearly loved.
When the day is done, In a victory won!

And your robes be free from travel stain hed in the blood of the Lamb that was slat —Gail Hamilton.

The Lion Killer. At a table d'hote a Marseillais was seated near an old army captain. The Marseillais was relating to a third guest his remarkable experiences in Algeria. "The very evening of my arrival in Algiers," he said. "I took a walk on the Constantine road, and what should I meet in the path but a lion! I put my gun to my shoulder, pressed the trigger, and, biff! the monster bit the dust. The ball had pierced his heart." The old captain glared and fidgeted. The Marseillais went on: "The second evening, when I went for a promenade on the Oran road, I met another lion square in the path. - It was but the work of an instant to put my gun to my shoulder, take deliberate aim and fire. The lion fell dead. The ball had gone in between

his eyes." The old captain rose and eyed the bold hunter. "If you kill another lion," he said, "I will pull your nose." He resumed his seat and his eating. The Marseillais did not appear to have heard the captain and went on in the same tone: "The third evening I took the Bone road. I had not gone far when I perceived an enormous lion coming toward me. Up went my gun. I pulled the trigger-the cap snapped-it would not go off. I had barely time to save myself by flight to a neighboring house."—San Francisco Argonaut.

No Wonder Her Hair Turned White. "Mr. Dusenberry, here's the story of a man's hair turned white from fright. Now, that's a little hard to

believe, isn't it?" "Oh, no, my dear! The medical books are full of such cases. I once saw a girl's hair turn white right before my own eyes. She was on a chair back reaching for preserves on the top shelf of a pantry. The chair tilted, and she fell heavily to the

"And her hair turned white?" "When I helped her up, her hair was as white as the wall." "Oh, that's an exaggeration, Mr. Dusenberry! Caused by fright, was

"Well, I don't know that I'll insist upon that part of it, my dear. She had landed her head in the flour barrel."-Philadelphia Times.

Naval officers tell many amusing stories of Robert Louis Stevenson's life in Samoa He was once invited to a lunch on one of the warships. He presented himself in loose, flapping trousers, above his ankles, a short white jacket and without stock ings. The officers were in full regalla. But when the lunch was under way, in the brilliance of his conversation, they forgot the nondescript costume and realized the honor of his company. At his home they found the family in native costume This on the part of Mrs. Stevenson was a and her feet bare. Mr. Stevenson and his on wore strips of cotton cloth wound shout them and short sleeved knit cotto shirts above. Mr. Osborne is very tall and thin, and his appearance in this garb was something to be remembered. But for a gentleman in town Robert Louis Stevenson would have not gone to Samoa. He had finished the cruise he had undertaken and was about to return home, when h met this English yachtsman, who advised him that he had not seen the South See slands until he had visited Samon. Mr. Stevenson was impressed by his account, and a visit to Samos ended in making it

How fortunate it is that man's feminine sors do not leave him without hope of lation in the future! Fallen as the saby man is, woman—the new woman 'holds out a strong hand to the child man and insists, but with infinite tender ness and pity, upon helping him up." Our feelings in return, Mrs. Grand may est assured, will be those of unutterable ard and gratitude.

ere we lie wallowing, we will stretch forth our hands to meet those of the lady velist and her angel helpmates. With infinite tendernesa" will we welcome heir clasp, and when they have assisted us to rise and set us on our legs again— why, words fail to express the emotions we shall experience then.—Blackwood's

Queen Margherita. The tendency to embonpoint which so distresses Queen Margherita is probably due to her fondness for Italian cookery, with its oils, spices and pastry. She is especially fond of cakes fried in oil, spa-chettl with cheese and olives, and when there are no foreigners present at the royal board the national cookery is always in the ascendant, and garlic and onions literally "rule the roast."—Rome Letter.

Time's Corners. Much may be done in those little shreds patches of time which every day prosuces and which most men throw away, but which nevertheless will make at the end of it no small deduction from the lit-ic life of man.—Exchange.

SNEEZING CUSTOMS.

ORIGIN OF AN ANCIENT SALUTE AND ITS WIDE OBSERVANCE

in Omen Which Must Be Read According to the Surrounding Circumstan Speering Is Considered a Sign of Returning Health-English Folklore.

"Why do we salute the sneezer?" asked Pliny 18 centuries ago. We still ask the question, and one wonders if Pliny could collect so many ingenious replies as the ana of the nineteenth century furnish. In Caxton's 1483 edition of "The Golden In Caxton's 1483 edition of "The Golden Legende" is an account of a pestilence in Rome in the time of Gregory the Great, from which many died suddenly. "In this manere, sometyme snesying they dayed, so that when any persone was herd snesying, anone they that were by said to hym, God helpe you, or Cryst helpe, and yet endureth the custome." As Pope Gregory reigned in the sixth century. Pliny's query reigned in the sixth century, Pliny's query far antedates the explanation in "The

Golden Legende."

In the Buddhist Scriptures, dating at least 250 B. C., it is related that Buddha, when preaching one day to his disciples, speczed. Whereupon all exclaimed: "May the Blessed Lord live! May the welcome one live!" thus seriously interrupt-ing the discourse. Buddha said, "Tell me, when a person sneezes, if the bystanders say 'May you live,' will he live the longer or die the sconer for it?' "Certainly not, lord." So he forbade them to say it. But the people took offense because the priests did not thus salute them and Buddha re-

voked his command.

The Talmudic tradition is that the custom dates from Jacob. Before his time man did not die of disease, but when his appointed time was come he sneezed once and was dead. Jacob petitioned for exemption from this law, and his prayer was granted on condition that among all na-tions a sneeze should be hallowed by the words, "God bless you."

words, "God bless you."

The Greeks traced the custom back to
the myth of Prometheus, who made an
image of clay and wished to give is life.
From the sun be stole a reedful of rays,
and hastening back to his statue he placed the reed under its nestrils, producing sneeze—a phenomenon we may at any time produce by standing in the sun. At this sign of life in his creation, Prometheus ejaculated a blessing and a prayer for its preservation, and this response to a succeed has been handed down through all gener-

Also in the story of the Shunamite child restored to life by the prophet Elisha do we find the idea that this convulsive effort of nature is the first sign of life. "The child sneezed seven times, and the child opened his eyes." According to Scottish folklore, a newborn child is under the fairy spells until it sneezes. Aristotle mer tions the practice of physicians who, when death seems near, give medicines to induce sneezing, hoping thereby to arouse the failing faculties. Aristotle seems to have given much attention to omens of sneezing. He says a sneeze on the right hand brings good fortune; on the left hand it betokens ill. In the Odyssey, when Penel-ope calls on the absent Ulysses to punish

The smiling queen the happy omen blessed "So may these impious fall by fate oppresse And in the Anabasis it is related that while Xenophon was haranguing the army some one sneezed. "Immediately the general voice addressed ejaculations to p testing Jupiter, whose omen it was supposed to be. A sacrifice to the gods was then proposed, a universal shout declared approbation, and the whole army in one

chorus sang the pæan." St. Augustine records that when the anclents arose in the morning, if they sneezed while putting on their shoes, they immediately went back to bed again in order to get up more auspiciously and so escape misfortunes likely to occur during the day. If a Hindoo sneczes while performing his morning ablutions in the Ganges he touches his forehead, nose, chin and cheeks with the tips of his fingers and re commences his prayers from the very be-ginning. In illness sneezing is considered a good omen, a sign of returning health. Howell, in 1659, said, "He that hath sneezed twice, turn him out of the hospi tal." Among the ancients, if any one sneezed directly after dinner a dish was ought back and tasted to avert misfor

The custom of saluting belongs to every nation and clime. In Ethiopia, when the king sneezed, those about him saluted so loudly that they were heard and echoed through the whole city. In 1543 De Soto had an interview in Florida with a cacique who, during conversation, happened to sneeze. All his attendants bowed their heads, opened and closed their arms and saluted the prince with "May the sun guard you, shine on you, defend you, pros-per you," and similar phrases. An Italian child's primer of 1553 says, "Being prompt in saluting any one who may sneeze, and returning thanks to any who on such ar

occasion may have wished you well."

An epigram in the Greek anthology shows it was customary to say, "God bless you." The ancient Romans said "Salve." The modern Roman of the lower class says, "Figli maschi!" (May you have male children.) The North Germans say, "Your good health;" in Vienna, "God be with you;" in Ireland the peasant says, "God bless your honor," "Long life to your The Russian form is "To you good health," or "How do you do?" Eng-lish folklore is full of rhymes about sneezing on certain days. In Devonshire they

Sneeze on Sunday morning fasting. You'll enjoy your own true love everlasting. In Lancashire:

Sneeze on a Monday, you sneeze for danger; Sneeze on a Tuesday, you kiss a stranger; Sneeze on a Wednesday, you sneeze for a letter; Sneeze on a Thursday, for something better; Sneeze on a Friday, you'll sneeze for sorrow neeze on a Saturday, your sweetheart tomor

row; Sneeze on a Sunday, your safety seek; The devil will have you the rest of the week An old Puritan book had for its title, "The Spiritual Mustard Pot, to Make the Soul Sneeze With Devotion."—M. A. N. in New York Post.

THREE FOR A NICKEL.

The business world of the village of Johnstown, in Ohio, had succumbed to

the heat and had lain down for the summer siesta. Plainly things needed a stirring up, and it was Postmaster and Editor W. A. Ashbrooke who did it. His humble instruments were merely a piece of white pasteboard and some black paint, the latter, however, mixed with shrewd quality of brains.

When his preparation was finished, a large placard challenged the notice of all passersby with the startling legend, 'Postage stamps, three for 5 cents.' The first response to this alluring state ment was from a drummer. He accosted the postmaster, "Do you mean to say that you actually sell three postage stamps for a nickel?" The postmaster replied that this was undoubtedly the case. "Well." said the drummer. never saw a reduction in stamps before. I'll take \$2 worth. I don't need 'em, but it's the best bargain in stamps I

ever heard of." He waited with a gratified smile while Mr. Ashbrooke put his \$3 bill in the drawer and counted out the stamps. By this time his expression of complacency had given place to one of chagrin, and as he pocketed the stamps he re-marked, "Well, that's one on me."

Presently a winsome girl came tripping up with a letter to her sweetheart. When she read the placard, her eyes sparkled with pleasure to think that the stream of coin she was steadily pouring into Uncle Sam's coffers was to be even slightly diminished. She laid down a nickel with a confident air and said, 'Give me three stamps.'

The obliging collector of government revenues pushed her out two twos and a one. Then perhaps he didn't pay for his little joke. Feminine scorn held the floor in that office for the next five minutea. Then, with the somewhat feeble peroration, "Will Ashbrooke, you think you're smart, don't you?" the offended maiden flounced out of the office.—

WHEN GREEK HEETS GASER, Could That Other Woman

Where they all came from was a mystery. And why so many women had solected this day to shop was incomprehensible—at least to the finite massuline mind. But the big shop was pecked and jammed with them. They all looked utterly fagged out, and many flowed signs of growing irritation.

Two women of widely contrasting types paused for a moment on the outskirts of this human vortex. They stood at opposite points, equally distant from that portion of the long counter dedicated from "remnants." Neither was young. The one, evidently a country weman, had the placidly stupid gaze of a ruminating cow. The other was distinctly a product of New York. She was dressed in runty black. Bits of crape were pinned at uncertain intervals upon her costume. Her shabby bonnet, with its drunken plume, was very much over one car. She were the suspicious but alert air of a terrier that has been fooled too often by the cry of "rats!" The Illusion was heightened by a peculiar habit of carrying her elbows close to her sides and letting her hands flop down from her extended wrists, as if "sitting up, begging." Two women of widely contra

begging."

common impulse put both women in metion. On the floor by the remnant counter lay a purso. Apparently no one else

The small woman, by a vigorous application of her sharp elbows, worried her way toward the prize. But here size defeated agility. By sheer force of her own weight the country woman projected herself upon it. Victory was here.

The little woman gave a yelp of disappointment as she saw her rival's hand open the purse and disclose a goodly sized roll of bills. Instantly her face gleamed with malicious triumph.

Leaning over the counter, she called in a shrill voice: "Miss, here's a lady"—with scathing emphasis—"as has found a purse with money. Won't you take her to the department for lost arthulest"

The country woman's eyes filled with tears of rags. "I guess it ain't your business. I kin take care of it myself, I reckoon."

But it was too late. The ever present floorwalker had heard the request, and he condescended to lead the crestfallen coun-try woman to the cashier's desk. With a last exultant snarl the small woman corkscrewed her way through the crowd and disappeared.—New York Herald.

Philadelphia Lawyer's Idea of Thrift and How It Worked. Over in Philadelphia dwelt a young law student who fell in love just as he was about to be admitted to practice. The girl's father also belonged to the profession

and was reckoned pretty smart, as Phila-delphia lawyers go. The old fellow gave a partial consent to the young man's pleadings, but concluded he would try the student and see if he was worthy to be his "The case of Blank against Blank has been on the calendar several years. It has been tried, appealed, decision reversed, tried again and comes up again for argument at the next general term. I am counsel for the plaintiff. I have had the case four years, but now I turn it over to

you. Here are the papers. See what you The young man took the papers and went to work with a vim born of love-for bride? At last life seemed to him worth the living. He studied the case thorough ly. He consulted the authorities and was loaded and primed for a brilliant argu-ment when the court convened. He made his plea and won the case without any

With a heart overflowing with joy, he re-turned to his prospective father-in-law, and, slapping down the papers, he ex-

"See here, sir! The case is won! These are the proofs. What you tried for years to do I have accomplished at a single term of court. Now, may I have your daughter?" The old fellow looked up with a smils

upon his face as he replied:
'I think you a fool and you can't have
my daughter. But I will just give you a
little gratuitous advice: It is true I had the case four years without winning it, and it is also true that I made tho of dollars out of it. But you have gor and settled it, and what have you made! About \$50. No, sir, you can't have my daughter!"-New York Journal.

A Stunning Speech A distinguished traveler who had made the ascent of an Asiatic mountain (which may be here called Upapol) was to return thanks for the visitors at a dinner of the Alpine club, but though he was a bold mountaineer, he was a timid orator. to make a speech?" said a friend whom he consulted at the club. "Then there is nothing like taking a glass of sherry and bitters first." So said other friends, one after the other, and on each occasion the prescribed dose was conscientiously swallowed. The effect on a nervous organization was nothing less than confusion

When his achievement had been described in glowing terms by the proposer of the toast and the celebrated explorer rose to reply, he contented himself at first with smiling blandly at his audience for a minute or two as he swayed backward and forward. Then he began: "Gentlemen, Upapol is 17,000 levels above the feet of the sea." There was a roar of Homeric laughter, but the orator smiled still and continued: "No, that is all—nonsense. Of course I mean 90,000 seas above the level of the feet." Another shout made him think that this statement, too, had something wrong about it, and then he gave up his task in despair, and we never heard particulars of an ascent which we were quite prepared to celebrate as the most remarkable feat of modern climb-

ing.—Blackwood's Magazine. Mary Mapes Dodge and Emerson. It is interesting how strong the influence of a face sometimes is. A friend of Mary Mapes Dodge, who had occasion one day to go with her into a private room in her charming apartment in Fifty-eighth street, stopped for a moment by the door to examine a large framed photograph hanging on the wall. It was a very beau-

hanging on the wall. It was a very beau-tifully finished head of Emerson.

Mrs. Dodge turned back and exclaimed:

"You are admiring my Emerson! It is one of the dearest things I possess. It goes with me everywhere, though I do not of-ten carry about his essays. The face is con-stant enough help."—New York Herald.

What man in his right senses, that has wherewithal to live free, would make himself a slave for superfluities? What does that man want who has enough? Or what is he the better for abundance that can never be satisfied?—L'Estrange.

"Yes," said little Jim to his juvenile "I'm gointer run away from

"And fight Indians?" "I don't know about that. But I'm gointer get away from whut's comin. I've had paw's trousers cut down to fit me, an never found fault. But since maw got a wheel an is wearin bloomers, I'm takin no more chances."—Washington Star.

Rough on the Doctor. Neueste Nachrichten affirms that the office of physician to the sultan of Zanzibar is far from being a sinecure. Probably, to guard against poisoning, the unhappy doc-tor is compelled to swallow one half of the medicine prescribed by him for the sick

In parts of Austria and Italy there is a superstition that the human saliva is a sure for blindness. The idea probably riginated in the miraculous healing of a iiud man recorded in one of the gospels.

Elegance is something more than ease; it is more than a freedom from awkwardness or restraint; it im. plies, I conceive, a precision, a polish, a sparkling, spirited, yet delicate. - Hazlitt.

In 1780 the harbor of New York was frozen over, and a roadway for teams was made from New York to Staten Island. In 1821 the harbor



KNOWNEDER

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the cemedy, Sy. up of Figs.

taxative principles embraced in the cemedy, Sy.up of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently caring constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not eccept any substitute if offered.

CONGRESS YESTERDAY

WO LONG SPEECHES AGAINST FUR-THER ISSUE OF BONDS

By Senators Mills and Peffer-Resol Introduced by Benator Pugh Declaring All Government Bonds Payable in Silver Dollars-General Pension Bill Discussed in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 .- The Senate istened to-day to two long speeches against the further issue of United States bonds and in favor of the use of silver money. The first was made by Mr Mills and the second by Mr. Peffer. Mr. Mills' speech was bitterly denunciatory of the National banking system and was an araignment of the financial policy of the resident and of the Secretary of the freasury, while Mr. Peffer denied that there, was any authority in existing statutes for the issue of United States bonds. Although the Kansas Senator spoke for two hours and a quarter, he did not conclude all that he desired to say, preferring to go on with the remain-

er of his speech to-morrow On the same general subject a jaint esolution was introduced by Mr. Pugb. being a reproduction of what is known as the Stanley Matthews resolution, declaring all Government bonds payable, principal and interest, at the pleasure of the Government, in standard silver dollars. Mr. Pugh said that he would ask a vote on the resolution to-morrow without debate, but subsequently, on account the absence of several Senators, be said he would not ask a vote until

Mr. Mills' speech had for its text his esolution offered yesterday in favor of the coinage of silver and for other pur-House bond bill, with the silver subs i-

tute reported from the Finance Com-A bill heretofore introduced by Mr. Allen of Nebraska, Populist, and then relerred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, to prevent United States citizens from accepting titles or patents of nobility from foreign nations, was reported back to-day from the committee dversely and was postponed indefi-

aitely. A joint resolution appropriating \$75,-000 to defray the joint expense of locating the boundary line between Alaska and the British North American territory was passed.

motion of Mr. Wolcott, it was ordered that when the Senate adjourn to-morrow it adjourn till Monday next. After a short executive session the Senate, at 4.85 p. m., adjourned until to-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Mr. Johnson of Indiana, Republican, presented the report of Elections Committee No. 2 upon the contest of Root, H Chesbrough for the seat occupied by Geo. B. McClellan, from the Twelth district of New York. The report recited the facts in the case, which showed that Mr. Chestrough had shandoned the contest, and was accompanied by a reso-lution declaring that McCleilan had been duly elected and was entitled to the seat. The report was agreed to and The House then, in Committee of the Whole, resumed consideration of the

General Pension bill. Mr. Morse o Massachusetts, Republican, announced that he would offer at the proper time an amendment to the bill giving the widow of a soldier the minimum pension of \$19 a month, notwithstanding that the so'der died from disease not

contracted in the service. After a long discussion Mr. Stone gave notice that to-morrow he would ask the House to proceed with the con-sideration of the bill, under the five minute rule, with the expectation of reaching a vote before adjournment. The committee then arose and at 105 o'c ock the House adjourned

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By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Bell Telephone Co.

its Prenchise in Archmond, Va., (Bevoked

RICHMOND, Jan. 15 .- The Southern Bell Telephone Company which has been in operation here exclusively for a number of years, was to-day denied the privilege of paying a tax recently imposed upon poles in use upon the streets here. The City Auditor refused to accept the money on the ground that the company's franchises in the city had been revoked recently, and that his acceptance might bind the city so as to allow the Southern Bell to continue business in Richmond for another year. This may open the way for a legal fight to decide as to the right of the company to coatinue in business.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Talegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, January 15.—Spirits tur-83168816c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good \$1 6061 6316. CHARLESTON, January 15.-Spirits turpentine firm at 29c; sales — casks. Rosin steady: A B and C \$1 10, D \$1 20, E \$1 25, F \$1 85, G \$1 40, H \$1 45, I \$1 55, no demand for other grads; prices not

SAVANNAH, January 15.—Spirits tur-centine firm at 80c for regulars, with sales 500 casks; receipts 498 casks. Rosin firm for M and below; pales neminal; sales of \$ 400 barrels; quotetions were; A B and C \$1 15. D \$1 80 E \$1 40 F \$1 51. G \$1 55. H \$1 65, I \$1 70, R \$1 90. M \$2 30. N \$3 70, window glass \$3 90 water white \$3 15.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castor

WARM WIRELETS. W. E. Aldrich, treasurer of Caspe county, Neb., is alleged to be \$7,500

short in his accounts and has disappeared. The Ketcham Lumber Co., Chicago, has filed an assignment. The resources are estimated at \$500,000 and the obli-

ations at \$800,000. The creditors are nostle banks. The President has nominated Chief

Engineer Geo. W. Melville, U. S. N., to be Engineer in Chief and Chief of the Bureau of S cam Engineering with the rank of commodore. The Senatorial question continues the all absorbing topic in Mississippi and prominent men and politicians from all sections of the State. Col. Money con-

inues the favorite lacking only twelve votes of a majority. The City Bank of Minneapolis is temporarily closed to allow the Superintendition. The capital is \$300 000, and deposits December 18th were \$500 000.

No serious trouble is anticipated. For Over Fifty Years MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has

been used for over fifty years by million of mothers for their children while teeth ing, with perfect success. It soothes the cures wind colic, and is the bes' remedy for Diarrhoza. It will relieve the poor little suffdrer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow a Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES. WEEKLY STATEMENT.

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Rosin 1 35@1 40 \$1 0914@1.	CAMPAGE STATE

EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK. FUREIGN. BRISTOL-Barque Glenndal-4,561

obis rosin. KINGSTON-Schr Henry Crosby 108 411 leet lamber. PORT-AU-PRINCE-Schr Wm F Camp bell--127,271 ft lumber. PORT PLATA, S D-Schr Julia Fow-Jer-188,104 ft lumber, 1 crate of doors, 40 loose doors. DUNKIRK-Nor barque Emma Bauer

-1.771 pales cotton. COASTWISE. NEW YORK-Stmr Clyde-150 bales cotton, 569 casks spirits turpentine, 175 bb's rosin, 96i do tar, 17 do crude turpentine, 25 da pitch, 25,000 feet lumber,

111 pkgs mdse. DANVERSPORT, MASS-Schr R Graham - 261,055 ft lumber.

MARINE.

ARRIVED. Br Stmr Rydal Holme, 1955 tons, Brown, Chatham, N B, Alex Sprunt &

Str Geo W Clyde, Robinson, George-town, H G Smallbones, British steamship Gienloig, 2,018 tons, Hay, Charleston, Heide & Co. Steamship Croatan, Hansen, New Nor barque Iona, 549 tons, Olsen, Tybee, J T Riley & Co. Swed berque Svea, 514 tons. Anderson, Tybee, Paterson, Downing & Co.

CLEARED. Schr Henry Crosby, Stubbs, Kingston Ja. J T Riley & Co; cargo by J H Chadbourn & Co. Nor barque Glenndal, Tonnesen, Bristol, J T Riley & Co; cargo by S P

Shotter Co.
Str Geo W Clyde, Chichester, New
York, H G Smallbones,
Schr Wm F Campbell, Stout, Portau Prince, J T Riley & Co; cargo by S&W H Northrop.
Schr R S Graham, Outten, Danversport, Mass, Geo Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by Cape Fear Lumber Co.
Schr Julia Fowler, Cummings. Port Plata, S D. Geo Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by Jas H Chadbourn & Co.
Ger barque Emma Baner, Nieman, Dunkirk, France, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Steamship Croatan, Hansen, Georgetown, H G Smallbones. S&W H Northrop.

COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARK

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 9. NAVAL STORES. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- Steady at 27% cents per gallon for country and 28 cents for machine-made

casks.

ROSIN-Market firm at \$1 30 per bbl for Strained, and \$1-85 for Good

TAR .- Market quiet at 90 cents per obl of 280 hs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE -- Market duil at \$1 40 for Hard, \$1 80 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. Sales at quotations. Quotations same day last year—Spirits tuppentine 25%c; rosin, strained, \$0 97%; good strained \$1 03%; tar \$0.95; crude turpentine \$1 10, 1 50, 1 70.

RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpenting..... Rosin Tar Crude Turpentine. Receipts same day last year—106 casks spirits turpentine, 191 bbls rosin, 107 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET. Firm. Quotations: Ordinary 5% cts
Good Ordinary 6% "
Low Middling 7 5-16 "
Middling 7% "
Good Middling 8 1-16 " cts T 1 Same day last year, middling &c. Receipts—878 bales; same day last year 814.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 10. NAVAL STORES. SPIRITS TURPENTINE -Firm at 25 cents per gallon for coun-try and 26% cents for machine-made

ROSIN.—Market steady at \$1 85 per bbl for Strained and \$1 40 for TAR .- Market quiet at 90 cents per bbl of 280 fbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Market dull at \$1 40 for Hard, \$1 30 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. Sales at quotations. Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine 25c; rosin, strained, \$0.971/4; good strained \$1.021/4; tar \$0.95; crude turpentine 1 10, 1 50, 1 70.

RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin Crude Turpentine Receipts same day last year-61 casks spirits turpestine, 888 bbls rosin, 78 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET. Firm. Quotations: Ordinary 5% cts
Good Ordinary 6%
Low Middling 7 5-16 Middling 7% "
Good Middling 8 1-16 "

Same day last year, middling &c.

Receipts-595 bales; same day last year, 500. STAR OFFICE, Jan. 11. NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- Firm at 281/4 cents per gallon for country and 29 cents for machine-made ROSIN-Market steady at \$1 85 per bbl for Strained and \$1 40 for Good

TAR.-Market quiet at 95 cents per bbl of 980 De. CRUDE TURPENTINE -- Market nominal at \$1 40 for Hard, \$1 80 for Yel-Now Dip and Virgin. Quotations same day last year-Spirits

turpentine 25c; rosin, strained \$6 971/6; good strained \$1 021/6; tar \$0 95; crude turpentine \$1 10, 1 50, 1 70. RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine..... Roma Receipts same day last year-98

casks spirits turpentine, 810 bbls rosin, 148 bbls tar, 0 bbls crude turpentine. COTTON MARKET. Steady. Quotations: Ordinary 5% cts \$1 Good Ordinary 6% " Low Middling 7 5-16 " " Middling...... 7½ Good Middling...... 8 1-16

Same day last year, middling &c. Receipts-567 bales; same day last STAR OFFICE, Jan. 18. NAVAL STORES. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- Firm at 28% cents per gallon for country and 29 cents for machine-made

ROSIN-Market steady at \$1 85 per bbl for Strained and \$1 40 for Good TAR.-Market quiet at 95 cents per bbl of \$80 fbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market nominal at \$1 40 for Hard, \$1 80 for Yel-

low Dip and Virgin. Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine 251/c; rosin, strained, 30 971/c; good strained \$1 081/c; tar \$0 95; crude turpentine \$1 10, 1 50, 1 70. RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine...... 115 Receipts same day last year-18 casks spirits turpentine, 6 bbls rosis, 86 bbls tar, 78 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET, Steady. Quotations: Ordinary 5% cts % b Good Ordinary 6% "
Low Middling 7 5-16 " Middling...... 7% " "
Good Middling...... 8 1-16 " "
Same day last year, middling 5c,
Receipts—1,088 bales; same day last rear, 211.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 14. NAVAL STORES. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- Firm at 39 cents per gallon for cous-try and 39% cents for machine-made ROSIN.-Market steady at \$1 85 per

obl for Strained and \$1 40 for Good

TAR .- Market steady at 95 cents per obl of 280 fbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Market firm at \$1 40 for Hard, \$1 80 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. turpentine, 26c; rosin, strained, \$1.00; good strained, \$1.05; tar, \$0.95; crude

turpentine, \$1 10, 1 50, 1 70. 784 bbls Receipts same day last year—128 casks spirits turpentine, 771 bbls rosin, 78 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine. COTTON MARKET.

Steady. Quotations: Ordinary 814 Good Ordinary 63 7-16 * Middling 7% Good Middling 8 8-16 Same day last year, middling &c. Receipts—481 bales; same day last year, 488.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 18. NAVAL STORES. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- Steady at 29 cents per gallon for country and 20% cents for machine-made

bl for Strained and \$1 40 for Good TAR-Market steady at 95 cents per

30

CRUDE TURPENTINE.— Market firm at \$1 50 for Hard, \$1 90 for Yellow Dip and Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 36c; rosin, strained, \$1 00; good strained \$1 05; tar \$0.95; crude turpentine \$1 10, 1 50, 4 70,

RECEIPTS. pirits Turpentine..... Rosin.....

COTTON MARKET. Dall. Quotations: Ordinary 514 Good Ordinary 6% Low Middling 7 7-16 Middling..... 7% Good Middling..... 8 8-18 Same day last year, middling 5c. Receipts—638 bales; same day last

> DOMESTIC MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star

PINANCIAL. NEW YORK. January 15 .- Evening-Money on call was easy at 8@5 per cent; last loan at 8 and closing offered 8 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 667 per cent. Sterling exchange was quiet; actual business in bankers' bills diet; actual business in bankers bills 487% 6487% for sixty days and 489 6488% for demand. Commercial bills 486% 6487%. Government bonds were a rong; United States twos 96, State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 102; North Carolina sixes 120. Railroad bonds were firm. were firm. Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day

COMMERCIAL NEW YORK, January 15-Evening-Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8 7-16c; mid dling 8 8 16c. Cotton futures—market barely steady; anuary 7 80, February 7 81, March 7 88, April 7 93, May 7 96, June 8 00. July 8 03, August 8 08, September 7 80c October 7 79, November 7 67. Sales 189 800

Cotton-net receipts -- bales; gross 1,887 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 1.815 bales; forwarded 479 ales; sales 815 bales, sales to spinners 115 bales; stock (actual) 191,815 bales. Total to-day-Net receipts 15,092 bales; exports to Great! Britain 18,487 bales: to France -- bales: to the Continent 1,315 bales; stock 1,054 845 bales, Total so far this week- Net receipts 76,990 bales; exports to Great Britain 60,423 bales; to France 900 bales; to

the Continent 15.815 bales. Total since September 1—Net re-ceipts 8,792,991 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,187,777 bales; exports to France 810,132 bales; exports to the Continent 987,682 bales. NEW YORK, January 15-Flour was quiet and unchanged. Southern quiet

and unchanged; common to extra fair Wheat-spot dull and stronger; No.3 red store and at elevator 701607016; affoat 71%@79c; options were fairly active and strong at 16 %c advance; No. 2 red January 68%c; February 68%c; March 69%c; May 67%c; June 66%c; July 66%c. Corn—spot quiet and stronger; No. 2 at elevator 84%c; afloat 36%c. options were dull and firm at 160 %c advance; January 85%c; February 85%c; May 84%c; July-c, Oats-spot duli and firmer; options du'l and steadier; January 24c; February 24c; March 244c; May 244; spot prices—No. 3 240344c; No 3 white 254; mixed Western 2440 25%c. Hay steady; demand fair, spring 75@80c; good to choice 95c@\$1 05. Wool was in moderate demand and unchanged. Beef quiet and unchanged; beef hams dull at \$15 00@15 50, tierced beef quiet;city extra India mess \$15 50@16 00: cut meats steady, quiet and unchanged. Lard firmer and quiet; Western steam \$5 35 65 80; city \$5 80 65 85; January \$5 70, nominal; refined quiet; Continent \$6 20; South America \$5 50; compound \$4.75@5 00. Pork firmer and quiet; mess \$10 25@10.75. Butter in moderate demand and unchanged. Cotton seed oil quiet and firmer; crude \$41/4; yellow prime 28@28%c; do off grade 27@27%c. Rice firm and unchanged. Molasses in fair demand and unchanged. Peanuts

quiet; fancy hand-picked 41/04%c. Coffee weak and 5@15 points down; February \$18 80; March \$18 20@18 80; May \$19 75@12 90; June \$12 50. Sep tember \$19 50; December \$11 70@11 80; spot; Rio dull but steady; No 7 \$14 00. ugar-raw dull but steady; fair refining 8%c; refined dull and anchanged. Freights to Liverpool quiet and firm; cotton by steam 1/2d; grain by steam 8d. CHICAGO, January 15 - Cash quota-66d;prices unchanged in flour. Wheat-8@6d;prices unchanged in flour. Wheat—No.3 spring 56%@57½c; No.3 red 51%@68c. Corn—No. 3 26%. Oats—No.3. 17%@18c. Mess pork, per bbl, \$9 63%@9 75 Lard, per 100 lbs, \$5 47%@5 50 Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs \$4 70 @6 80. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per @4 80. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs \$4 50@4 75. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs. \$5 00@5 12%. Whis-

17%, 17%, 17%c; May 19%, 20%, 19%, 19%, Mess pork, per bbl, January 89 55, 9 75, 9 55, 9 75; May 89 80, 10 05, 9 80 10 00. Lard, per 100 ibs, January \$5 50, 5 50, 5 50, 5 50; May \$5 72%,5 82% 5 7934, 5 80. Short ribs, per 100 lbs, January \$4 75. 4 75, 4 75, 4 85; May \$4 80, 5 0914, 4 90, 5 00.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 15.-Flour dull Baltimore, Jan. 15.—Flour dull Wheat firm; No. 3 red. spot 67% 66%; January 87% 667%; March 67% 668c; May 68% 688%; Southern by sample 68@70c; do on grade 65@ 68c. Corn firm; mixed spot 82% 688c; January 82% 688c; February 82% 688c; January 82% 688c; February 82% 688c, March 88% 688%; May 85% c asked; Steamer mixed 81% 681%; Southern white 82% 688%; Oats steady; No. 2 white Western 24624%; No. 2 mixed do 22% 628c.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. January 15 Galveston, quiet at 7%, et receipts 3 684 bales; Norfolk, steady at

Governor Stone of Muselssippi received a telegram last night from Gen. S. D.
Lee, president of the A. & M. College at
Starkville, stating that a student named
Rimes had smallpox. He was isolated
a mile from the other students and little

In Denver, Col., the grand jury last week found indictments against Matt Adams, ex clerk of the District Court,

Infants and Children, MOTHERS

Do You Know that Paregoric, Bate-man's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups and most remedies for children are composed of optum or morphine? Do You Know that oplum and morphine are stupelying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely regetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle? Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher? That it has been in use for nearly thirty years,

permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well and that you may have unbroken rest?

FOR PITCHER'S

AND FLATDLENCY. CASTORIA

WIND COLIC, RELIEVES. TEETHING

TROUBLES AND CURES CONSTIPATION

For Infants and Children Do not be imposed upon, but insist u is on the wrapper. We shall
protect ourselves and the public at all hazards. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MUTTRY St., N. Y.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately possible, but the Star will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles WESTERN SMOKED-Hams 9 5..... Sides 9 5..... Shoulders 9 5.... DRY SALTED Sides 9 b.
Shoulders 9 b.
Shoulders 9 b.
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—Second-hand, each.
New New York, each.
New City, each.
BEESWAX 9 b. BRICES—
Wilnington, W M.
Northern
BUTTER—
North Carolina, W B.
Northern Northern
CORN MEAL—
Per bushel, in sacks
Virginia Meal.
COTTON TIES— 9 bundle CHEESE-9 D-

LOUR-W barrel-

do 23%@23c. COTTON : MARKETS

7%c, net receipts 1,986 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8% net receipts - bales;
Boston, quiet at 8-16c, net receipts 983
bales; Wilmington, duil at 7%, net 8 7 16c, net receipts 110 bales; Savan-nah, quiet at 7 11-16c, net receipts 2,590 bales; New Orleans, casy at 7 18 16, net receipts 8,788 bales; Mobile, casy at 7 18-16c, net receipts 584 bales; Memphis, easy at 7%c. net receipts 1,015 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7 18 16c, net receipts 688 bales; Charleston, steady at 7%, net receipts 1,047 bales.

fear was felt of a spread of the disease

for alleged embezziement of \$39,200, and against W. R. Perry; on the charge of embezzing \$1,700 of county money. Perry was arrested yesterday. It is said Adams is in South America.

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poison?

and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Well These Things are worth know-

Children

CASTORIA DESTROYS WORMS, ALLAYS FEVERISHNESS, CURES DIARRHOLA AND

Northers 6140
North Carolina 6140
IME, 9 berrel 7
UMBER(citry sawed) 9 M feet 18 00 0, 20 0
Rough-Edge Plank 15 00 0 16 0
West India cargoes, according to quality

Dressed Flooring, seasoned.
Scanting and Board, common MOLASES, W galon—
New Crop Cube, in hide
in bils.... Rum.
Prime

ROPE, 9 b.
SALT wask Alum. *************

Cypress Sape.
Cypress Hearts.
UGAR, 9 9—Standard Grass'd SUGAR, \$ B — Standard Grass'd
Standard A ...
White E.J. C
ExtraC, Golden.
C, Yellow
SOAP, \$ B — Northern
STAYES, \$ M — W. O. Barrel ...
R. O. Hogshead
TIMBER, \$ M less — Shipping.
Mill, Pair
Common Mill. Mill, Fair
Common Mill,
Interior to Ordinary
TALLOW, & B.
WHISKRY, & gallon—Morthern,
Morth Carolina,
WOOL, & B.—Washed,
Carolina of burn,

Old Newspapers. YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quant

At Your Own, Price, At the STAR Office,

Spinable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under Carpets