dor is rich in it and will produce hun-

dreds of thousands of tons of it annually for an unlimited period whenever the demand requires it. "How will this control the shipbuilding industry? Why, in this way: It has been demonstrated by conclusive tests at your proving grounds at Sandy Hook and elsewhere that steel mixed with, say, 5 per cent of nickel is double the strength of ordinary steel. In the construction of men-of war the advantage is obvious. and in building merchant vessels the benefit to be derived from the use of nickel steel is equally plain, as it will enable them to be built much lighter than they are now, which means less coal and less engine power with an equal amount of security and equal amount of speed. It will only be a few years when a wooden vessel in the port of Chicago will be something of a novelty and the new vessels will before very long, for the reasons indicated, be made of nickel steel, and this will be the only metal in demand for the purpose at your great

shipbuilding yards in Cleveland, Detroit, South Chicago and other points . "Another advantage which steel having nickel in its composition possesses wer ordinary steel is that it will not corrode and that barnacles cannot get a foothold on it, so that nickel steel ships' bottom will never require to be scraped." -Chicago Times-Herald. A CONJURER'S TALE OF WOE.

confederate Produced a Handful of Change Instead of a Marked Dollar. Carl Hertz, the illusionist, was talk

ing of some of the accidents that sometimes spail the art of the conjuror. "It was in Nashville," he said, "that I experienced a real knock down blow. was performing the well known trick of passing a marked coin into the center of an uncut orange; at least that's what a good many people thought I was doing. I used a silver dollar, and emphasized the trick by passing the coin into the pocket of some boy whom I had enticed on to the stage. "I will openly confess that the boy

had to be a confederate, and that the marked dollar had its fellow in one previously prepared by me. One night, as I was entering the theater, I looked around for a likely youth to aid me in my double dealing. I picked a boy and promised to pass him in if he would follow my instructions. 'I am a conjurer,' I said. 'I want

you to put this dollar in your right hand ropsers pecket. I'll get you a seat in tie front row. When I ask for somebody to come on the stage, you must some. Then I will ask you to produce

'The boy promised everything, and, after making arrangements for him at the door, I left him. When I was ready for the dollar trick, I saw my young confederate sitting open monthed in the frontrow. I had prevailed upon another member of the audience to lend me a dollar marked exactly as was that I had given to the boy.

"I passed that borrowed dollar into he orange, cut the fruit open, and out propped the cain. Then I went on:

'And now, ladies and gentlemen, I will perform a still more difficult feat. Phave passed that dollar into an orange. Now I will ask some member of the audience to step on the stage, and, without going anywhere near him, I will pass the same dollar, marked, as you have seen, into his right hand trousers pocket. "True to his bargain, the boy stepped to the stage. I stepped opposite him and

"'Now, sir, have you ever seen me "'No, sir," was the answer. "I have here a dollar, I continued.

I am going to pass it into your right hand trousers pocket. One-two-three "I made the preper magician's pass and smiled confidently upon my audi-

"'Now,' I said to my assistant, 'put your hand into your right hand trousers pocket and give me the dollar.' "The boy looked a bit sheepish, but he dived his fist down. Then, to my unutterable horror, he produced a handful

of silver and said : " 'I've only got 90 cents of it left, sir. "I went out in a hurry and took a drink."-New York Times.

A MAN FOR AN EMERGENCY.

Surprising Experience In a Car of a Boy Who Was Headstrong. A poorly dressed woman with a boy about 9 years old boarded one of the Union Trolley company's cars in White Plains avenue recently. There was no vacant seat, and she grabbed a strap in front of a young man and prepared to hang on. The young man got up and tipped his hat to her. Quick as a flash the boy dropped her hand and leaped into the seat on his knees, taking care to wipe his muddy feet on the clothing of the passengers on either side. The young man looked first at the woman, for whom he intended the seat, and then at the boy. The woman shook her head

"Poor boy! I gness he's tired. He can The young man looked from one to easily for a moment. The other gots in the car giggled. That decided him. Holding to a strap with one hand, he reached for the boy with the other and got him by the nape of the neck. He lifted him clear of the seat and held him dangling and kicking in the air. The woman was about to protest. Then she thought better of it and sat down in

the vacant seat. "Madam," said the young man, throwing the boy at her, "here is your

"Thank you, sir," she said. "He is a bit headstrong, it's true, sir." The boy looked astonished. He whimpered a little. The woman patted him on the head, and there wasn't a peep heard from him from that time until the Harlem bridge was reached and the crowd got out.—New York Sun.

With a population of 8,725,000 Scotand has 6,500 university students, while with a population about six times as great England has only 6,000 university

NEW WOMAN IN LITERATURE.

ette Gilder Gives Her Ideas Con ing the Talked of Creature. The new woman of the novelist merely one of Dr. Max Nordan's degen-She is the creation of a writer who is hysterical and degenerate, and the world takes her as something that really exists. To be sure, there are plenty of women with "pasts" and with "yearnings," and there always have been and probably always will be, but I doubt if any woman outside of an insane asylum talks the rubbish about spiritual impacts, tells that "we are tones of one chord," and about the "vile slavery" of marriage, as do the women of Miss Pendered and Mr. Grant Allen. Writers of this sort do not represent the women of the day any more than the painted women of the streets represent the wom-

en of good society. The janudiced writers of "The Yellow Book" cannot be expected to give us pictures of healthy lives. Their tastes run to worm eaten fruit. They have no liking for that which is red with the hue of health. They prefer the yellow hue of decay. Dr. Nordau is quite right when he calls it disease. The heroines of "The Yellow Book," of "Discords" and of "Wreckage" might have been taken from Lombroso's study of the female offender. If they exist outside of their creator's brains, their cases will be found recorded in scientific studies of criminology or in the ordinary police re-

The new woman as I find her outside of the pages of fiction is an industrious, healthy minded, healthy bodied young person, with a certain amount of independence, who cares more for out of door sports than for indoor follies, and who if she has work to do does it and does not waste her time in telling about it. Her spirits run high over the adventures of "A Gentleman of France," she laughs and cries by turns over "Trilby" and thinks "The Dolly Dialogues" great fun, but for "Yellow Discords" and the like she has no use.

I am happy to say that little of the hysterical literature of the day originates in this country. It is almost entirely of English origin. Some of our younger writers have tried their hands at it, but they do not take to it naturally, and it is fast going out of fashion.

There always will be a handful of people who like erotica, but I think there has been a turn in the tide which even at its highest never swamped the writers of purer fiction. Rudyard Kipling and Mrs. Humphry Ward have many more readers than Grant Allen and Mary L. Pendered, and in this country our writers of clean fiction are the most popular. - Jeannette Gilder.

THE JESUIT FATHER IN CHINA.

A Fearfully Narrow, Barren Life and Its Mental Effects. Up summer and winter before sunrise. he reads the matins and his day's work is often done, says Blackwood's Magazine. Sometimes he reads the angelus and vespers; usually they are undertaken by the native catechist. Perhaps in the rse of the long morning Ah San or Ah Si will present himself and pour forth complaint about a buffalo and a trampled padi field; or he may be called to adjudicate in what should be an action for a divorce. Sometimes of a morning he sallies forth, his yellow pigtail coiled around his head and an enormous satchel slung across his back, with a store of iron shot and wadding for his rickety muzzle loader, and if he is lucky will bring back a pigeon or two, or even pheasant, to supplement the inovitable pork or fowl and rice.

The mail comes in once a fortnight and a day slips by unnoticed, thanks to home letters and a dozen numbers of La Croix, where, squeezed between the latest miracle and the life of some worthy saint, the doings of the outer world may be found recorded in a ten

line notice on "a l' Etranger." Sometimes an afternoon is whiled away in curing the rank tobacco of the place or in brewing rice wine or malt beer-because ten years of solitude have taught him to do things for himselfand when he has no such pastime on hand, he gets through the day absorbed as one hopes in his little mediæval library of religious books-lives of the saints and sermons and essays.

Then is it wonderful that even a mind as broad and gentle as his should in constant journeyings on the one road have worn a rut for itself, deep sunk and gloomy as the traffic channeled paths of the loess land in the north, till, when a rare glimpse of the cutside world does break upon his view, his dazzled eyes can see nothing but trees walking schismatics and Freemasons, Jews and atheists, spiritualism and table turning, with the fiend himself in a fiery cloud, over all?

CHAMP CLARK'S STORY.

How It Impressed a Youngster Who Heard It In a Speech. In the Garfield-Hancock campaign there was a big Democratic meeting at a certain place in St. Charles county, in this state. 'A number of distinguished Democratic speakers were there, and we had a day of it. The writer was then a small child, but one of the speakers made a very profound impression upon his mind. The speaker was no other than Champ Clark.

No one asks now, "Who was Champ Clark?" but then he was a new star in the firmament. We had a number of speeches, and the

children were very tired. I can't speak for the grown people, because the good Democrats there would not have owned to being tired, I know, after such a display of eloquence from their great party leaders. At any rate I was tired, but my mother whispered:

"There is only one more speech, and I was much relieved. A blond young man was introduced as Champ Clark of Pike county. He came forward with a pleasant face and manner that at once attracted my attention. He began in this way:

"I am reminded of the boy who killed a possum and expected to enjoy a possum dinner the next day. The family was about to sit down to the dinner table when a wagon drove up and a neighbor's family came in. The head of the house announced that the visitors had come to dinner. There was no room at the table for our young friend, the sportman, and he waited, with his eyes anxiously fixed on the dish of possum. The guests had good appetites. Finally there was only one piece of possum the other again. He shifted about un- left, and one of his own family took that. Then the possum lover busted right out a-crying. The disappointment was too much for him.

"My friends," continued Mr. Clark. "I am in that same condition. When I heard the first speech, I thought, wellthat is pretty bad, but still I have something left to say. Then there came the next speech, and the next, and when the last speaker finished I just busted right out a-crying, because there was not another thing left for me to say." But there was, and he said it too.

He awakened that audience till you could hear its applause a mile away. I think that that was probably the first time Champ Clark ever spoke in St. Charles county. He carried back home with him the thanks and appreciation of a good many of his hearers that day. -St. Louis Republic.

"I shall be so happy when you confide all your troubles to me." "I have no tropbles."

"You'll have them when we are mar-led."—Now York Times.

Much in Little Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medi

cine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine oods ways efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills,

The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparille

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION IN SES SION AT ST. LOUIS.

SILVER PARTY MEN.

Four Hundred Delegates and Two Sec Speciators-Ohairman Newlands' Suggestion That the Convention Unite Upon Bryan and Sewall Greeted With Applause.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Sr. Louis, July 22.-The National Silver party, which holds its convention here to-day, may not be able to boast of a controlling influence in the great triangular contest which is to decide the policy of the country for the four years, beginning on the 4th of March next, but it will be able to declare truthfully that not one of the three parties has had a handsomer or more convenient convention hall than itself. Music Hall is part of the Exposition building. Itis a very pretty place of entertainment, capable of seating some five or six thousand people, and it is decorated for the

occasion with a good deal of taste. At 12.80 p. m., Chairman Dr. Mott. of North Carolina, called the convention to order, announcing that proceedings be opened with the reading o the call for the convention by J. M. De-vine, secretary of the Bimetallic League, which was accordingly done. At this time there were probably 400 delegates

in their seats and two score spectators. At 8.15 Dr. Mott introduced Hon. Francis J. Newlands, representative in Congress for Nevada, as the temporary chairman, who addressed the conven tion. Mr. Newlands' references to the declarations by the Democratic platform for free comage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without international agreement, and to the qualities of the Democratic candidates were received with much favor by the delegates. His suggestion that bimetallists, retaining independence of conviction and action upon non-essentials should unite upon the essential issue of the campaign with the Democrats, and under the gallant young leader name by that party, march to victory, received tumultuous response, which indicated he intention of the delegates to do that very thing. Mr. Newlands' question as to the date when the commercial nations of Europe would probably be brought up to the point of wetting the United States in an international agreement for the free coinage of silver, was answered by one of the delegates saying, amid laughter,"When Gabriel blows his horn." Delegates from all parts of the floor said, in response to Mr. Newlands' questions, that they did not like the gold

standard of this country for three years. Mr. Newlands spoke fifty minutes and was warmly applauded at the close. A permanent organization was then undertaken, committees being named by calling the roll of States. Some of those which were represented failed to

After naming the Committee on Credentials the temporary chairman suggested that the State delegations get ogether and select their representatives on the several committees, and pending this, Miss Sallie Pierce, of St. Louis, was escorted to the platform. She was arrayed in a garb of white, over which was draped the American flag, and with a Liberty cap on her head. On her left arm she wore shoulder and wrist bracelets connected with chains of gold coins, and on her bosom a delegate's badge, the color of which was of old gold. She stood in front of the presiding officer's desk, which was draped with yellow silk bordered with gold bullion fringe. Miss Pierce carried a small flag, and waving t, said: "Americans, under the folds of our grand old flag, I salute you." She then recited the Declaration of Independence, and the swelling periods of that document were greeted with rapturous applause. The conclusion of the recitation, which was very effectively rendered, was marked by a wild outburst of applause, while the band played 'Red. White and Blue."

A delegate from Coiorado moved that the thanks of the convention be given Miss Pierce for her recitation of the charter of American liberty and it was adopted by a rising vote and more cheering. It was finally agreed that the State delegations should hand the names of the different members of the committee to the secretary. While the lists were being prepared Chairman Newlands read the following telegram

rom Senator Teller: "I. N. STEVENS, St. Louis: The money question overshadows all other questions. On its rightful determination depends the prosperity of the people and perpetuity of republican institutions. All other questions must be subordinate to it. A vote for Bryan and Sewall is a vote for industrial and financial independence of the American people from foreign domination and control, and they should have the support of all opponents of the gold standard."

The sentiments contained in the telegram were vigorously applauded. A delegate from Pennsylvania read the following letter from ex-Congressman J. C. Sibley, dated Franklin, Pa., July 20th:

"I find it absolutely impossible to get to St. Louis. I hope success will attend the efforts of the friends to have only one ticket. Let the issue be squarely joined and the verdict of the people re-A recess until 480 p. m, was finally

agreed to and at 2.22 o'clock the convention separated. At 4 50 o'clock Chairman Newlands dropped his gavel. Mr. Williams, a delegate from Nebraska, moved that a committee of three be appointed to in-vite the delegates to the Populist Convention to take seats in the galleries for the afternoon, the Populists not being in session. It was unanimously adopted. The Committee on Rules made its re-

port and the Committee on Credentials reported no contests. The Committee on Permanent Organization reported officers as named served in the Lyons gardens, between above and the report was accepted with cheers. While a committee was escorting Mr. St. John to the chair, Mr. Newlands announced that Mr. Towne would address the convention to-morrow. The delegates appeared delighted to know that the business of the convention was not to be rushed through and a final adjournment reached to-night, as had been rumored. Mr. Newlands then intro-duced Mr. St. John as permanent chairman. Mr. St. John prefaced his remarks by saying that it had been intimated that he would be asked to preside over the convention and he had put his remarks in writing, so that what he had to say might be in a shape which he would

not regret having said.

The effect of the speech upon the delegates was most happy, nearly every sentence being followed by enthusiastic manifestations of approval. When Mr. St. John concluded many delegates rose to their feet and cheered.

Great sales prove the great merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and great merit en-ables it to accomplish wonderful cures. t (that is, skin) your hare."

18 THIS A NATION OF GRUMBLERS!

A Hetel Man Says That Guests Here Are Extremely Hard to Please. "Americans are said to be the best natured people in the world, and it is also often said that they will put up with more inconvenience and discomfort without grumbling than the people of other countries." So spoke a prominent hotel proprietor one evening last week. He went on: "I do not wish to contradict these broad statements only so far as they relate to our people and our hotels. We have by far the best hotels in the world, and this is no idle, Fourth of July boast, and yet of all the people on earth our own are the greatest grumblers and the most exacting after they have placed their names on a hotel reg-

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ical ills, which vanish before propef-forts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts— rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual dis-ease, but simply to a fed condi-

not

OVICEMO Of

"OLD RELIABLE"

For CHILLS and FEVER

NEVER FAILS.

READ!

Mr. Jos. Atkins, Greensboro, Ala. "In th

rug business for twenty-five years and new ave sold anything that gave such satisfaction

Mr. Irvin Miller, Walnut Grove, Miss. ...
have been selling Hughes' Tonic for years,
has superseded all others in my trade. For the

Mr. E. Petri, Glasg'w, Ky., writes: "My laughter contracted chills. No prescription ever ave more than temporary relief. Two bottles of thughes' Tonic cured her completely. She had no chill after the first dose,"

Mr. R. W. Walton, New Albany, Miss. "Of Hughes' Tonic sold, not a failure reported. A physician here has been cured by using Hughes Tonic after trying to cure himself. It is a pleas-ure to handle such a remedy."?

Ask for Hughes' Tonic, insist on IT, and

50c. and \$1.00 BOTTLES.

Notice.

ONE NEW TURPENTINE LOCATION TO

APPOINTMEN'S WILMINGTON DIS-

TRICT.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder.

Columbus circuit, Wootens, July 25,

Brunswick circuit, Zion, August 1, 2.

Wilmington, Bladen Street, night,

Carver's Creek circuit, Hebron, Au-

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville,

Waccamaw circuit, Lebanon, August

Elizabeth circuit, Purdie's, August

Magnolia circuit, Trinity, August

Bladen circuit, Bethel, August 29, 30.

Clinton circuit, Kendall's September

Mission, Haw Branch, September

Onslow circuit, Swansboro, Septem-

CHARLESTON, July 22.-Spirits tur-

pentine-nothing doing; sales - casks

Rosin firm; sales - barrels; B. C. \$1 30

D, E \$1 80, F \$1 85, G \$1 40, H \$1 45, I \$1 50, K \$1 55, M \$1 60, N \$1 65, W G

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended July 17, 1896.

5,088

4 990

Cotton, Spirite, Rosin, Tar. Crud

Cotton, Spirits. Rosin, Tar. Crude

1,497 : 286

1,825 8,806

EXPORTS.

For week ended July 19, 1895.

STOCKS.

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, July 19, 1895.

8,526 15,989 2,675

Spirite. Rozin.

When Baby was sick, we wave her Castorth.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

town, H G Smallbones.

Steamship Croatan, Ingram, George-

Schr B I Hazard, 878 tons, Rafford

Fr barque Rosa Eliane, 550 tons, Le Croix. St Pierre, Mar. Heide & Co.

Br schr Tacoma, 209 tons, Hatch,

Schr Seventy-six, 187 tons, Leo, New

Steamship Oneida, Chichester, New

Schr Gov J Y Smith. 305 tons. Pat-

CLEARED.

son, Bristol, Eng. J T Riley & Co; cargo

JT Riley & Co; cargo by S & W H

Nor barque O.e Smith Plough, Ander-

Schr Drisko, Bunker, Jacmel, Hayti

New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

York, H G Smallbones.

by S P Shotter Co.

Northrop,

Ashore and Afloat, July 17, 1896.

.......

blatt

929

236

Ashore, Afloat.

Tar.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended July 19, 1895.

EXPORTS.

For week ended July 17, 1896.

1,477

Tar.

Tar.

797

Crude

Total

4,550 1,297 21,618 7,058

Spirits. Rosin.

\$1 75, W W \$1 85.

D. DUBBERLY.

Pennick, Ga.

For sale by Druggis's and Merchants, mar 20 W 26w

ase or one old one. Apply to

je 20 D&W 1m

August 2.

August 9, 10.

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"To say that they simply want the earth is sometimes putting it mildly. They want not only that, but want a roof garden on top of it which will permit them to grab the moon. They want the best of rooms, food and drink, baths in every room, electric bells, speaking tubes, stationery and an amount of waiting on that to satisfy some of them would necessitate providing a 'front' for about every guest. "And, then, if this is all made satis-

factory, and there is nothing else to kick about, they kick about the charges. Now, one often hears comparisens made between this country and Europe, to the decided detriment of the United States. If anything goes wrong, it is immediately said that such a state of affairs would not be tolerated in Europe. But one will notice that unfavorable comparisons made between our hotels and those abroad are generally made by Americans who have never visited Europe. Europeans know better. We have the best hotels in the world, and those of London, Paris or Berlin are not to be compared with them. Enlightened foreigners will generally readily admit this themselves. Just now every guest we have wants a private bathroom, and no matter how full the house is feels aggrieved if it cannot be had. There is a man staying in the house who recently returned from Paris. While there he staid at the best or at least the highest priced hotel in the city. But no matter what he was willing to pay he could not get a private bath. He could not even get a bath on the same floor with his suit of rooms, but had to go down

stairs to the hotel's public baths. "Then, again, much has been said about the cost of living in this country compared with that abroad. The truth is, good living costs more in London and Paris than it does in New York. Of course I speak of the comparative prices of the really first class hotels and restaurants. I like to see our people go abroad, as when they get home they are, as a rule, far better satisfied with their own country than they were before, and especially with our hotels and modes of traveling."-New York Trib-

The Last of the Garrison In the course of the giant struggle before Metz, a handful of chasseurs flung selves into a small red roofed far house, determined to sell their lives dearly. They barricaded the ground floor as strongly as they were able, and from the upper story opened fire on their assailants. For nearly two hours the Prussians were kept at bay. The storm of rifle bullets riddled the roof and upstandard, which he said had been the per walls, and finally, one by one, the chassepots were silenced. Concluding that the ammunition of the little stronghold had at length been exhausted, and prepared for a savage hand to hand tussle with the garrison, the Prussians burst through the barricade and effected

an entrance. To their amazement the ground floor was unoccupied save for a little girl of , who looked up into their faces with smile of happy unconcern. She had been playing with her doll, and evidently thought that the heavy firing had been an odd new game which the "grown ups" had been having especially for her amusement. As the big blue eyed sergeant caught her up in his arms and kissed her, she asked, with an air of disappointment, why they had stopped the pretty "boom boom." Through the terrible death wrestle of two mighty nations this happy little house mother had been pleasantly absorbed in family cares. The wrath of kings, the savagery of ancient race hatreds, were things she could not understand, even the hurricane of fire and lead had seemed to her but such strange elemental music as the wren in its nest hears when a thunder

shower sweeps over the woodland. A ladder led to the upper floor of the farmhouse, and when the conquerors asscended they found among the wreckage of shattered roof and crumbling walls the rest of the garrison-no more than nine in all—lying dead. Beside them lay the mother of the child, with a chassepot still clutched in her hand .-Good Words.

Rossini's Memory. Rossini's memory was lacking in retentiveness, especially in respect to the names of persons who had been introduced to him. This forgetfulness was frequently a cause of amusement whenever Rossini was among company. One day he met Bishop, the English composer. Rossini knew the face well enough, and at once greeted him. "Ah, my dear Mr."- but the name escaped his memory, and to convince him that he had not forgotten him Rossini began whistling Bishop's glee, "When the Wind Blows," a compliment which "the English Mozart," as Bishop had been dubbed, recognized quite as readily as if his ecclesiastical surname had been mentioned.

Mme. Rostowska. Mme. Rostowska of Lille, France, is 112 years old and a major's widow. She was the cantiniere of a Polish regiment in the Russian campaign, was under fire 12 times, received three wounds and was decorated with the silver cross. Besides this, she has survived her 15 children, the last of whom she buried at the age of 80.

A New Race of Roses Perpetual. The Gardeners' Chronicle calls attention to a new race of roses which has been introduced by some Paris growers. They belong to the Polyantha groupthat is to say, they bear their flowers in trusses. The new roses have the advantage over the others of being "perpetual," and consequently they flower continuously all through the summer. This advantage they owe to their origin, a natural cross (croisement naturel), obthe flowers of the first specimens of Polyantha introduced from Japan and some hybrid perpetual roses. By repeated and careful selections, a new race of roses has been produced which, like annuals, germinate, flower and produce seeds in less than a year. The term "dwarf" is justified by the height, which in adult plants is only about 20 inches. The flowers are single, semidouble or double, in almost equal proportion, and present almost all the variations of color observed in cultivated roses. Flowering commences in the first year, and even a few months after sowing. This precocity is one of the most remarkable and interesting features of this new type. -

Westminster Gazette. Catch Your Hare. The well known saying, "First catch your hare," is generally credited to "Mrs. Glass' Cook Book," written by Dr. John Hill in the eighteenth century. But in an early edition of the book the reading of the sentence is, "First case COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE July 16. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 22 % cents per gallon for ma-chine-made casks, and 21% cents for country casks. ROSIN—Market steady at \$1 89 1/2 per bbi for Strained and \$1 87 1/2 for Good

TAR-Market quiet at \$1 10 per bbl of 380 lbs, CRUDE TURPENTINE—Dull, Hard \$1 80, Yellow Dip 1 70, Virgin 1 80 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpestine 25% @25%; rosin, strained, \$117%; good strained,1 22%; tar, 1 80; crude turpentine, \$1 20, 1 70, 2 20.

RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine Rosin Crude Turpentine..... Receipts same day last year—254 casks spirits turpentine, 557 bbls rosin, 114 bbls tar, 41 bbls crude turpentine. COTTON.

Market nominal on a basis of 7c for middling. Same day last year, middling 6%c. Receipts-1 bale; same day year 00.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime. 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia— Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c. CORN-Firm; 88 to 49 cents per bushel N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams,

to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c Sides, 7 to 71/4c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch hearts and saps, \$1 60 to 2.25; six inch \$3 50 to 3.50; seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50 TIMBER-Market steady at \$8.00 to .50 per M.

STAR OFFICE, July 17. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market duil at 221/2 cents per gallon for ma-chine-made casks, and 211/2 cents for country casks. Sales later at 29 cents for machine made and 21%c for country

ROSIN-Market steady at \$1 821/2 per bbl for Strained, and \$1 87% for Good Strained.

TAR.-Market quiet at \$1 10 per bbl of 280 fbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE. -- Dull Hard 1.80, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1.80 per barrel Quotations same day last year-Spirits

turpentine 25% @25%; rosin, strained, \$1 17%; good strained \$1 22%; tar \$1 80; crude turpentine \$1 20, 1 70, 2 20. RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin....

Tar Crude Turpentine Receipts same day last year-187 casks spirits turpentine, 908 bbls rosin, 74 bbls tar, 56 bbls crude turpentine. Market nominal on a basis of 7c for

to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Same day last year, middling 6%c. Receipts-00 bales; same day last \$2.50 to 3.50; seven inch \$5.50 to 8.50.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia— Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c. CORN.-Firm; 88 to 40 cents per N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, 8

to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 71/c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch. hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2 25; six inch, \$2.50 to 3.50; seven inch; \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.00 to 7.50 per M.

STAR OFFICE, July 18. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market quiet at 23 cents per gallon for ma-chine-made casks, and 211/2 cents for country casks. ROSIN-Market firm at \$1 821/4 per

bbl for Strained and \$1 871/4 for Good TAR.-Market quiet at \$1 10 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Steady. Hard 1.80, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1.80

per barrel. Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine 25%@25%c; rosin, strained, \$1 17%; good strained \$1 22%; tar \$1 80; crude turpentine 1 20, 1 70; 2 20. RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin.... Receipts same day last year-209 casks spirits turpentine, 694 bbls rosin, 108 bbls tar, 107 bbls crude turpentine.

Market nominal and nothing doing Same day last year, middling 6%c. Receipts-00 bales; same day last COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime, 15@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia-Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c. CORN-Firm; 88 to 40 cents per

N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Soulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 716c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six inch, \$2.50 to 8.50; seven inch; \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market Steady at \$8.00 to 7.50 per M.

STAR OFFICE, July 20. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market firm at 22 cents per gallon bid for ma-chine-made casks, and dull at 211/2 cents for country casks. ROSIN.-Market firm at \$1 821/4 per bbl for Strained and \$1 37% for Good Strained. TAR.-Market quiet at \$1 10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Steady.

Hard 1.30, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1.80

per barrel. Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine 25%@25%c; rosin, strained, \$1.20; good strained \$1 25; tar \$1 30; crude turpentine \$1 20, 1 70, 2 30. RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine.....

Rosin 631 Tar Crude Turpentine.....

Receipts-1 bale; same day last year 00. COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c, Virginia— Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c. CORN-Firm; 88 to 40 cents per

N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 71/c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch. hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six inch, rick, Gibara, Cuba, at Southport quar-\$2,50 to 3.50; seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50, TIMBER-Market steady at \$8.00 to 7.50 per M.

> STAR OFFICE, July 21. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market firm at '2814 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and dull at 21% cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at \$1 83% per bbl for Strained and \$1 87% for Good

TAR.-Market quiet at \$1 10 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Steady. Hard 1.30, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1.80 per barrel

Wilmington, noth ng doing, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, noth ng doing, net receipts — bales; Philadelphia, firm at 7%, net receipts 918 bales; Savannah, dull at 6%, net receipts 6 bales; New Orleans standard of 61 Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine 25%@25%c; rosin, strained, \$1 20; good strained \$1 25; tar \$1 30; crude turpentine \$1 20, 1 70, 2 20. Orleans, steady at 61. net receipts 550 bales; Mobile, nominal at 61. net receipts - bales; Memphis, easy at 611-16,

RECEIPTS. Crude Turpentine..... Receipts same day last year—361 casks spirits turpentine, 768 bbls rosin, 142 bbls tar, 65 bbls crude turpentine. COTTON.

Market nominal and nothing doing. Same day last year, middling 7c. Receipts—2 bales; same day last year, 00.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime. 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia— Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c. CORN-Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel. N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, 8

to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 71/6c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six inch \$9.50 to 8.50; seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$8.00 to

ROSIN-Market firm at \$1 821/2 per

Quotations same day last year-Spirits

turpentine 25% @25% c; rosin, strained, \$1 20; good strained \$1 25; tar \$1 30; crude turpentine \$1 20, 1 70, 2 20,

RECEIPTS.

Receipts same day last year-140 casks spirits turpentine, 218 bbls rosin,

Market nominal and nothing doing.

Receipts-0 bales; same day last

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime,

45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—

CORN-Firm; 88 to 40 cents per

N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams,

SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch.

TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.00 to

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morping Star.

FINANCIAL.

COMMERCIAL.

middling uplands 71/4c.

Cotton futures closed very steady

France - bales; to the Continent

Total so far this week-Net receipts

5,985 bales; exports to Great Britain

13,806 bales; to France 29 bales; to

Total since September 1-Net receipts

1,154,299 bales; exports to Great Britain

2,815,881 bales; exports to France 462,689

bales; exports to the Continent 1,888,-

Flour was quoted easy and unchanged;

Southern flour quiet and easy; com-

g.800 bales; stock 101,408 bales.

the Continent 9.898 bales.

unchanged.

March 6 44. Sales 185,600 bales.

New York, July 32-Evening.-Cot-

hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six inch.

Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

Same day last year, middling 7c.

76 bbls tar, 86 bbls crude turpentine.

Spirits Turpentine.....

Rosin

Tar

Crude Turpentine.....

Strained.

per barrel.

bushel.

Sides, 7 to 71/4c.

7.50 per M.

was firm.

bbl of 280 lbs.

7.50 per M. STAR OFFICE, July 22. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 23% cents per gallon for ma-chine-made casks, and 21 cents for country casks.

bbl for Strained and \$1 871/4 for Good TAR .- Market quiet at \$1 10 per CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Steady Hard 1.80, Yellow Dip 1.60, Virgin 1.70

Practically

Preparation

NEW YORK, July 28-Evening .-Money on call was quiet at 21/2 per cent; last loan at 2, closing offered Children's 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5%@6 per cent. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 488 for sixty days and 488% for demand. Commercial bills quoted at 4881. Government bonds were higher; United States coupon fours 107; United States twos 95 bid. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 98 bid; North

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles BAGGING-

Standa d VESTERN SMOKED— Sides # B
Shoulders # B
Shoulders # B
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—
Second-hand, each
New New York, each
New City, each
BERSWAX # B
BERICKS—

Adamantinel.

CHEESE - B b
Northern Factory

Dairy, Cream. COFFEE-19 15-

American.
On 125 b Sacks.
SHINGLES, 7-inch, 9 M.....
Common Cypress Saps.
SUGAR, 9 b Standard Granu'd Standard A

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

July 22.—Galveston, quiet at 6%c, net receipts 8 bales; Norfolk, nominal at 6%, net receipts — bales; Baltimore, dull

at 714, net receipts - bales; Boston,

net receipts 18 bales; Augusta, nominal

at 7, net receipts 1 bale; Charleston,

nominal at 6%, net receipts 25 bales.

sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property. "Castoria is so well adapted to children that recommend it as superior to any prescription mown to me." H. A. Arches, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. Osgoon,

Lowell, Mass.

125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City

What is

Complaints

Carolina sixes 115 bid. Railroad bonds Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day

on quiet and steady; middling gull 7%c; The following quotations represent Wholesel rices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhosa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so s it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PARDES, M.D.,

S 0

CASTORIA

uly 6 89, August 6 91, September 6 87 October 6 37, November 6 29, December 6 32, January 6 35. February 6 39, Cotton-net receipts - bales: gross - bales; exports to Great Britain - bales; to France - bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded — bales; sales 499 bales; sales to spinners 249 bales; stock (actual) 92,176 bales. Total to day-Net receipts 1,605 bales; exports to Great Britain 681 bales; to

WHISKEY # ga lon Northern.
North Caro ins.
WOOL # D-Washed......

Corn—No. 2, 26%c. Oats—No. 2, new quoted at 17% 18%c. Mess pork, per bbl, \$6 60 65. Lard, per 100 lbs, \$3 8563 90. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs, \$3 2063 25. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, \$3 76 64 00. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs \$3 5063 67%. Whiskey \$1 22.

CHICAGO, July 39.—Cash quotations: SOAP, \$ B — Northera.
STAVES, \$ M — W. O. barrel...
R. O. Hogshead.
TIMB \$ R. \$ M feet—Shipping.
Mill, Prime...
bill, Fair.
Common Mill.
Inferior to Ordinary.
TALLOW, \$ B.
WHISKEY \$ galon—Northern. Flour firm; prices unchanged, Wheat-No. 2 spring 55%c; No. 2 red 58@58%c. Corn—No. 2, 26%c. Oats—No. 2, new

mon to fair extra \$2 00@2 60; good to choice \$2 60@2 90. Wheat—spot dull and easier; options were moderately active and steady at 160%c decline No. 2 red July 61%c; August 62%c; September 6214c; October -c; December -c. Corn-spot dull and easier; No. 2 83@821/c at elevator and 88@881/c afloat; options were dull and closed weak at 1/2% decline; July 8%c; August 8%c; September 8%c; October—c; May—c. Oats—spot quiet and strong; options dull and firm; July 21%c; August —c; September 21 %c; spot—No. 2 22c; No. 2 white 2314 24c; mixed Western 22@28%c. Hay fairly active, steady; shipping 62%@65;good to choice 87%c@100. Wool dull but steady; domestic fleece 16@22c; pulled 15@88c. Beef quiet and steady; family \$8 00@ AIN—B bushel—
Corn, from store, bags—White,
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White,
Coin, cargo, in bags—White,
O. ts, from a ore
Oats, Rust Proof 9 00; extra mess \$6 00@7 00; beef hams dull at \$14 50@15 00; tierced beef quiet: city extra India mess \$11 00@19 00. Cut meats steady and quiet; pickled bellies 5c; do shoulders 8% 04c; do hams 9010c. HAY, \$ 100 Bs-Lard dull and lower; Western steam \$8 55; city \$8 00; September \$8 57; refined easier; Continent \$8 90; South America \$4 50; compound \$7 75@4 00. Pork quiet and easier; old mess \$7 50@ Northern
North Carolina
LIME. 9 barrel
LUMBaR(ci y sawed), 9 M fee.—
Ship Stuff, resawed
Rough-tdge Plank
West India cargoes, according
to quality 7 75; new mess \$7 75@8 25. Butter in moderate demand and steady at prices; State dairy 10@141/c; do. creamery 111/4 @15c; Western dairy 9@12c; do cream-Receipts same day last year—184
casks spirits turpentine, 545 bbls rosin, 86 bbls tar, 97 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market nominal and nothing doing.
Same day last year, middling 6%c.

Same day last year middling 6%c.

Same day last y New Crop Cuba, in hhds....
Porte Rico, in hhds....
in bbls....
Sugar-House, in hhds...
in bbls... prime 2814@84c; do.off grade 3814@84c. prime 28½ @94c; do.off grade 28½ @94c. Rice steady and quiet; domestic, fair to extra 8@5%c; Japan 4@4¼c. Molasses dull but steady; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 27@37c. Peanuts steady. Coffee steady and 5 to 30 points down; July \$11 20; September \$10 10@10 20; December \$9 40@9 45; March \$9 85@9 9 40; May \$9 86@9 40; spot Rio dull and lower; No. 7. \$13 50. Sugar—raw was quiet and steady; fair refining 2%c; centrifugal, 96 test—c; refined quiet and unchanged.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."