1: 11:11 11:11:1

We are again sending bills to our embscribers. In the aggregate they amount to a very large sum. A any of our subscribers are respon ing promptly. Others pay no attente s to the bills. These latter do not seem to understand that they are under any legal or moral obligation to pay for a newspaper.

DOLLAR VS. MEN.

Ever since the protective tariff became an issue between the Democratic and the Republican parties the people of this country have had to fight money in their elections, and a great deal of it, for the protected manufacturers who wanted to retain the protection they had and to get more contributed very liberally to the Republican campaign funds and got their money back with good interest when they won the elections; but never in all the political history of this country has the contest been so emphatically one of dollars against men as now. Never has the Democratic party had concentrated against it so many agencies of combined wealth as now. It is eminently and literally a campaign of dollars on one side against reason, argument and the masses on the other, and is so regarded by the people and so practically confessed by the agents of the combines against the people.

This is illustrated in the typical representative, of these combines, the distinguished Mark Hanna, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Who is Mark Hanna?

He is a wealthy iron manufacturer that city. He has made most of the money which constitutes his large fortune out of the practical monopoly which he and others engaged in that industry enjoyed through that "protection" given them by Republican tariffs. He was the man who, after McKinley be came financially wrecked by the failure of some manufacturing establishments in which he was interested, started the subscription to pay his debts, amounting to something like \$100,000.

This does not reflect upon Mr. McKinley, who acted squarely in the premises and surrendered all his property to make good his obligations, and if the interest taken by Mr. Hanna had been inspired only by his high regard or friendship for Mr. McKinley it would have been highly creditable to him, but there is ground for the suspicion, at least, that there was an ulterior motive in this not so creditable, and that ulterior motive was to put Mr. Mc-Kinley under obligations to him which would enable him to use Mr. McKinley later.

When the time came he put Mr. McKinley forward as his candidate for the Presidency, as the typical representative of himself and other, protected manufacturers.

He went about securing the nomination of McKinley in a businesslike way, and the campaign of dollars was inaugurated, a campaign which has grown since Hanna's success at St. Louis into one of phenomenal and almost incredible proportions.

The Republican aspirants for the nomination against McKinley could make no headway against the power of the dollars that Hanna secured to further the candidacy of his man. After being frequently charged with "fat frying" and corruption, and after frequent denials, he admitted, when he had won his game and nominated McKinley, that the nomination cost him \$100,000, \$60,000 of which was contributed by others and \$40,000 of which was furnished by himself. It is perfectly natural and consistent that the manager who started out to nominate his candidate with dollars should rely upon

dollars to secure his election. The money issue having become the looming issue of the campaign, n spite of Hanna, who wanted to put the tariff issue to the front, he has been enabled to secure the cooperation of numerous agencies which he could not have enlisted if the tariff had been the leading issue, and securing the co-operation of these he has been enabled to commake this the shameless campaign of dollars which it has become.

The Republican organs openly boast of the colossal campaign fund Post, gold standard paper, hits the leave "an ugly trail" in Massachuthat Hanna has at his command, and esteemed World on the head, and setts, too?

VEEKLY STAR.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1896.

CAROLINA CENTRAL R. R. CO.

ing Year.

pany was held yesterday atternoon, at

1 00 o'clock, at the general office of the

Mr. Jas. C. Stevenson was called to the chair, and Mr. J. H. Sharp, by re-

quest, acted as secretary.

Report of the committee appointed to verify proxies showed that the total

of 11,840 shares of stock 11,285 were

represented in perso or by proxy.

After the reading of the annual reports of the President and Treasurer of the Company, Mr. T. Aug. Johnson, of the William street, New York city, who

represents over two million dollars of the securities of the Company, addressed the meeting. He stated that he had read

in the New York Sun and other papers, attacks upon the management of the affairs of the Seaboard Air Line, of which the Carolina Central constitutes a part, which articles alleged that the interests of the security-holders of the company were ruthlessly sacrificed and the physical condition of the roads being impaired by the mismanagement of the

paired by the mismanagement of the

Line, and he deemed it expedient upon the part of the stockholders, in view of

the totally different condition of affairs

of the company as presented in the an-nual reports exhibited to them, to pass

resolutions in approval of the business sagacity and excellent management which had characterized the conduct of

Mr. Johnson then submitted the reso-

lutions, which were read, as follows:

WHEREAS, alarmist reports have re-cently appeared in the daily press indi-cating great losses and grievous mis-

management on the part of the officers

of the Seaboard Air Line; and, whereas,

the official report presented by the man-agement of the Carolina Central Rail-

road Company, a part of said system,

shows a large increase in net

earnings over last year, and a large sur-

plus over operating and fixed charges together with many valuable improve-

ments and betterments to roadway

Carolina Central Railroad Company

hereby express their grateful recognition

to the management for such increase of

earnings and increase of the company's

plant, and their confidence in the prac-

tical wisdom and business capacity of its

officers in conducting the affairs of the

Mr. G. J. Boney expressed his high

appreciation of the facts as stated in the

resolution, and moved the adoption of

Mr. J. C. Stevenson, the chairman,

stated that he took pleasure in putting

the resolution before the meeting, the

conclusions and sentiments expressed

The resolution was unanimousl

dopted, and Mr. Hoffman expressed

his appreciation of the compliment paid

The resignation of Mr. John Gill, o

Baltimore, as a member of the Board of

An election for directors was then

seld and the following were chosen, viz

R. C. Hoffman, Baltimore; J. Aug. Johnson, A. J. Onderdonk, New York

G. J. Boney, J. C. Stevenson, Wilming-

J. L. Mims, Baltimore; J. H. Sharp Portsmouth, Va.; D. A. Tompkins

Charlotte; Charles D. Fisher, Baltimore

The only change made in the old Board

of Directors was the election of Mr

Moale, of Baltimore, in place of Mr. John

Mesars, John F. McNair and W. E.

Springer were elected directors to rep

resent the Carolina Central Railroad

Company in meetings of the Wilming-

Officers for the ensuing year were

Secretary and Treasurer-John H.

After adjournment of the meeting resident Hoffman, Vice President St

ohn, Treasurer J. H. Sharp and others

accompanying the party, left in a special

car on the 8 20 p. m. train on the Caro-

hooner Lost at Sea-Only Two Sur

Messrs, Geo. Harriss, Son & Co., shir

rokers, received information yesterday

of the loss of the American schooner

Gov. Jas. Y. Smith, which foundered at

sea while on a voyage from this port to

Ponce, P. R., with a cargo of lumber.

Report says that two of the crew (names

not mentioned) were picked up by a

passing yessel and landed at Macoris

Hayti. The Gov. Jas Y. Smith sailed

from Wilmington on the 8th of Septem

ber. Her master, Capt. Andrew Pat-

rick, was a well known frequenter of this

and has many friends here who will hear

with sorrow of his death. The first

mate of the vessel, Harry Pierce, was a

The Fayetteville Observer says that

four prisoners escaped from the jail there

last Saturday morning. The escapes are:

Henry Simpson, in for rape, whose trial

for his life at the last term of the court

resulted in a disagreement of the jury;

Henry Dickson, a Federal prisoner, and

said to be a desperate man; Colin Mc-

Neill, awaiting trial for larceny, and

Isaiah McDaffie, in for non-payment of

The tide at Ocean View yesterday

about noon was the highest in twenty

years; yet very little damage was done.

Mr. S. VanAmringe, who went down to

the beach and returned last evening.

said that outside of the loss of some pll-

the damage would not exceed twenty-

five dollars. Some of the steps to the

cottages were washed up by the high

waters, but not carried off. The wind

The only residents now on the beach

are the families of Mr. B. F. Hall and

Mr. E. J. Powers. The latter yesterday

went over to Wrightsville to spend the

Joe West, a young colored man about

It years of age, was drowned in the

river near the Champion Compress yes-

terday morning. He was standing on

the end of a pier at Mesers. Sprunt &

Sons' wharf, when he was seized with a

fit and fell into the river. His body had

not been recovered up to a late hour last

ng out down in front of the bath house

native of Beaulort, N. C.

High Tide at Ocean View.

was not high.

Colored Man Drowned.

fits for some time.

Escaped from Jail.

ort for the past fifteen years or more.

President-R. C. Hoffman

The meeting then adjourned.

lina Central for Portsmouth, Va.

Vice President-Emitt St. Iohn.

Geo. N. Moale, W. H. Blackford

Directors, was read and accepted.

being fully coincided in by him.

im and his officers.

ton Bridge Company.

ected as follows:

Resolved, That the stockholders of the

the company's operations.

company in this city.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Com-

taunt the Democrats with the pover- thus shows how that kind of talk ty of their treasury as if this was an idence of a bad cause. Heretofore they were rather disinclined to admit that they had much money to spend or were spending much, but now they gleefully herald the announcement that Hanna has more money than any chairman of a Republican committee ever had before, boast of It and glory in it as if it was something to be proud of, and while thus boasting admit that they are placing their dependence on the corruption fund that Hanna has secured, for that is what it is. There is need for money in all political campaigns, for there are legitimate expenses which must be met, but there is no need in an honest campaign for the millions

that Hanna has gathered.

VOL. XXVII. -

Isn't this an evidence that he and the men who are co-operating with him for the election of McKinley are afraid of the American people and realize that if McKinley wins it must be by the free use of money, and thus confess that this is an election where dollars are arrayed against men, and where fraud and corruption are counted upon to do a mighty part? But if they realize this so do the people, and that makes the task of Hanna and his lieutenants all the more difficult. If it is a contest of dollars versus men so the men realize that it is a contest of men versus dollars, and when the manhood of Americans is thoroughly aroused as it is being by these defiant boastings of Hanna's hirelings their manhood will assert itself and the horde of corruptionists with their dollars will be vanguished.

WATCH THE BORDERS.

The Republican managers in this State have been using extraordinary efforts to get the names of Republican voters on the registry lists, and there is little doubt that they are registering many who are not voters in the State. Under the present registry law this is not a difficult matter if the man who registers is willing to take the chances of prosecution afterwards for illegal registering, but as very few of those who are corralled for this purpose know any thing about this law or the penalties attached to illegal registering, and those who corrall them take good care not to let them know anything about it, the prospect of punishment isn't a serious obstacle in the way of this vilaliny.

Along the border counties there are good opportunities for the Republican hustlers to get in this kind of work, and that they are doing it is shown by the following, which we clip from the Charlotte News of Thursday last:

"The Democratic managers have re liable information that South Carolina negroes are being colonized by the wholesale in this city and county for the purpose of swelling the Republican

"A number are already spotted, and will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law if their names are illegally found on the registration books. 'It is important that every Democra

be on the lookout for floating negroes mittee posted about the presence of sus icious characters.

"The registration feature of the new ection law renders this colonization mparatively easy. "The registrars must register every

ian who applies, no matter if they know that he is not properly entitled to vote at that precinct. He must be registered without question. That is the way the Populists and Republicans construe the "It is well known that the registra-

tion of negro voters is larger than ever before, and it has been time and again reported that negroes from South Caroina are being brought over into this and adjoining counties, and rushed to the "It is the duty of every white man to

look out for these frauds at every precinct in the county, and to report every nstance to the Democratic committee so that it may be investigated and the raudulent voter prosecuted.

The Republicans have no hope of carrying South Carolina, but have some hope of carrying this State, which is clearly shown by the interest they take and the efforts they are making to get their voters registered. While nothing is lost by taking voters out of South Carolina, which they look upon as beyond their reach, every voter they import from that State helps them in this

This rascally game can be played in this end of the State and all along the Southern border as well as it can Mecklenburg and adjoining counties, and it doubtless will be played unless Democrats are wide awake and keep an eagle eye on the egistering and spot the imported

MINOR MENTION.

The New York, World has for some time been making itself conspicuously ridiculous by creating a great silver trust, alleged to be worth, in round numbers, \$700,000,000, which is backing the fight for free silver, and it makes itself ridiculous again by publishing semi-occasionally attractively headed accounts of the dilapidated condition of the treasury of the National Democratic Committee, in which there is much more mand a fabulous sum of money and truth than in the silver trust fake, which has been repeatedly exposed. But if there were any truth in the silver trust canard the Washington

doesn't count in this campaign:

"We have more than once already pointed out the stupidity of the New York World's cackle over the alleged "silver trust" and its wicked and nefari-Ous designs upon the United States Treasury. It seems fair to assume that if there were such a trust and if that trust had any sort of comprehension of its own welfare the campaign fund of the Bryan committee would not be so emp-ty. Trusts of all kinds look out for their selfish interests. They are established for that purpose. The oil trust, the sugar trust, the whole lot of them, were organized for the purpose of making money. They seek legislation which protects and oppose legislation which threatens them. That is their right as well as their profit, and they would be well as their profit and they would be fools and cowards if they did not exercise it. We argue, therefore, that if there were a silver trust, and if it were animated by intelligence enough to equip a canary bird, it would be fighting for Bryan just as resolutely and industriously as the other trusts are now fighting for McKinley.

"And why not? Is there anything wicked in a business corporation seeking its own advantage? How long would any commercia" or industrial concern.

any commercia or industrial concern last which made a practice of neglecting that advantage? Men do not put their money into such enterprises for the purpose of frittering it away. They do not organize industrial or financial schemes and then sit idly by when their fortunes, for good or evil, are at stake. Nobody seems to see any barm in the banks, the manufacturers, the representatives of aggregated wealth, contributing to the McKinley cause, nor does any-body doubt that they are prompted in this by the pure and simple and uniluted desire to promote their own, interests. Only very ignorant and very credulous persons take stock in the tears that are shed over the workingman by the corporations. Every one of in-telligence understands that the corporations are anxious chiefly for themselves. And, as we have shown, this is as proper as it is natural and logical.

"Why, then, supposing that a combina-tion of silver mine owners really exists, should these gentlemen refrain from do-ing what other capitalistic combinations are doing? We see no evidence of the alleged silver trust, but why, if there be one, should it not consider its interests? Why should it be reviled and denounced for action that is regarded as noble and patriotic in other trusts? Is the liberty of which we boast reserved for sound money corporations only?"

It is said that Manager Hanna is now giving attention to the wheat market, because he has come to the conclusion that the condition of the wheat market will have no little influence on the chances of his candidate, McKinley. Wheat has raised in price lately because of a foreign demand in consequence of a shortage in the world's supply, but for all this the market is speculative and fluctuates, being up one day and down another. If it should drop materially it would seriously affect McKinley, and hence it is to the interest of the men who are backing him to keep it up, and to boom it as the time of election draws nigh. They can do this very easily and without putting a great deal of money in it or losing much. These schemers who buy and sell under this arrangement need never deliver, and they can fix the little matter of margins between themselves without anybody else being the wiser. This also accounts to some extent for the advance in the price of stocks which they hasten to inform the public is the result of "returning confidence" and the "growing conviction" that McKinley will be elected. There is plausibility in the report that Hanna has organized a big pool, commanding about \$5,000,000, to buy and boost wheat in Chicago, but whether the amount be exaggerated or not there is little doubt that he and his co-workers are manipulating the wheat pit.

There is one thing that bothers the Washington Post, which is for gold, which it gives expression to thus : "The truth is that the only features of the present campaign which tend to shake our absolute faith in the virtue of the gold standard is the unanimity and the eagerness with which the British newspapers are urging us to perpetuate it." British financiers roped this country into the adoption of the gold standard and it is only natural that they and the papers which speak for them should urge its perpetuation. It is business with them. They are sucking the

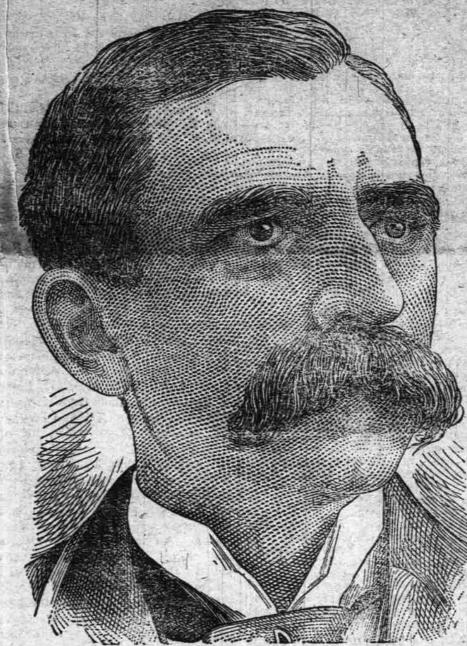
Does the Louisville Courier Journal give it up? It reproduces the New York Herald's table forecasting the result of the election, which gives Bryan 210 votes and McKinley 237. Included in the States given to Mc-Kinley are Michigan, with 14 votes, and West Virginia with 6, The Courier- Journal marks these with a star, and adds in a foot note that these States are "likely to incline to Bryan." As Bryan needed only 14 votes, in the Herald's showing, to be elected, and as Michigan and West Virginia would supply 20, or 6 more than necessary, this looks as if the L. C .- J. might be giving it up.

Judging from some of the pictures we see W. D. Bloxham, Governorelect of Florida, resembles Hon. Tom Reed. But politically he isn't built like Tom, and doesn't resemble him any more than a nice red apple does a pumpkin.

Hon. Tom Reed announced that he would speak only in the doubtful States, and now he has been talking to the Bostonians. Did Bryan

From Maine to Texas dorsing the Management of the Com-pany—Directors and Officers Elected For the Ensu-

The Tide of Public Opinion Is All Payorable to Paine's Celery Compound



Congressman Bell of Colorado One of Those Recently Restored to Health by Paine's Celery Compound.

There is just now the Western States. Public opinion in Colorado and Iowa s as promptly and accurately heard of as from any New Englang State.

From all over the West come reports that Paine's celery compound occupies practically a clear field in the cure of diseases arising from a tired or otherwise impaired nervous system.

No other remedy was ever used by so many men of sound and reliable judgment. No remedy but Paine's celery compound has ever been recommended by so conspicuously fair-minded a body of men and women. The half-hearted experimental efforts of scores and scores of sarsaparillas, tonics and so-called nervines, with which the market is constantly recruited, are in startling contrast with the confident-because thoroughly scientific-way in which Paine's celery compound sets about restoring health and vigor to the worn out body. Why will prople be silly enough to jeopardize their lives and lessen their chances of getting well by taking any-

thing else? There is no help so sure and so immediate as one gets from the use of Paine's celery compound. Detailed information of innumerable cases of rheumatism, neuralgia and dyspepsia, completely cured, has established this great lavigorator as the most valuable remedy

those run down in health can make

Women whose stock of nervous energy was well nigh exhausted have been re-

DOCKERY SPEAKS

AND CONFRONTS M'KINLEY, PRITCH-

ARD, RUSSELL AND OTHERS

WITH THEIR RECORDS.

Free Silver Our Only Salva ion from the

"Rule of the Money Combines and the

Crushing Despotism of Gold.

MANGUM, N. C., September 30 .-

To the Voters of North Carolina:

and brain restorative. Paine's celery compound is the greatest achievement in modern medicine. It banishes weakness and pain as surely as its famous contemporary, the electric light, dispels darkness.

body and mind by this same great nerve

body of vicious humors that cause kidney and liver complaints. Only a great remedy based on a deep knowledge of these diseases could do the work that Paine's celery compound is now doing. Better nutrition for the nerves, an awakened appetite, purified blood and conscientious use of Paine's celery comound as surely as day follows night, If you are alarmed by a throbbing of

the heart, an irritable stomach, or general debility, be fair with yourself, use the best means there is, examine what Paine's celery compound is doing. It has cured an astonishing number of men and women of Bright's disease, rhenmatism, neuralgia, heart and liver trouble. No sufferer can pass lightly over the remarkable record that Paine's celery compound has to show to every

Among the thousands of testimonials eceived this year is one recently sent by Congressman John C. Bell, of Colorado. who says he has used three bottles of this best of all remedies for dyspepsia and rheumatism, with the most satisfactory results. Among the testimonials received since January there have been no less than 16 from Congressmen from different States.

nection temporarily with a party that n order to secure the end in viewfriends, not the enemies, of silver. Furthermore, in advocating this cause Kinley, up to four years ago. Nor Pritchard, Pearson and Russell, who.

In view of the complicated political conditions by which we are surrounded, I deem it proper to state fully my position. I believe the approaching election is the most important one that you have been called upon to participate in. Whatever may be the result, the strong common sense of the manhood of America will array itself on that side which believes in the arbitrament of the ballot, and while this election may not be accepted as final recourse will continue to be had to the ballot, until prejudice, ignorance and pernicious thought shall have been eliminated from the contest, and by a process of iudicious reasoning, has gained a permanent victory. The silver forces will not disband. It is the battle of the great common

metal."

people for the people's money, and their standard will not be furled until the victory is won and they are Financial reform overshadows all other issues in this campaign, and until that is settled, the people cannot be casoled or driven into political byways. He that is not for the rehabilitation of silver, is against it, nor can a profession in favor of silver to-day and for gold after next March

must be squarely met. I am a silver Republican, and, such, am constrained to cast my vote for Bryan for President as the only feasible way to secure the free coinage of silver, and with this declaration goes my support of every man down to constable who is favorable to that cause. I fail to see any honesty in a genuine silver man supporting a gold bug for President, or any other office whereby he may be enabled to further retard the course

The issue is squarely with us, and

of silver money.
Unlike Mr. McKinley, I have not changed my views on this question. Only about four years ago, in Congress, he voted for silver—to-day he stands for the gold standard and for all the evil it carries along with it. I limit the volume of money among

has honored me, and one which I have gone out in all weather to serve, yet my conscience tells me it is right financial reform at the hands of the I do not feel loneseme in company with a Grant, a Blaine, a Matthews, a Teller, a Dubois, and even a Mc do I consider myself more of a traitor than the aforesaid illustrious Republican statesmen, and Mc-Kinley's body-servants and satellites, within a twelve months were setting the woods afire for free silver, but having been Hannaized, are now goldbugs. Only last spring their cry was McKinley and silver, and it is well known that a goldbug had little chance to be elected as a delegate to

the St. Louis convention-the aforesaid combination swept this State and went to St. Louis for free silver. Why this precipitous change of base? How much brazen effrontery does it require to denounce others who did not go to St. Louis to be hypnotized by Hanna in a short interview, and then flop over to the gold standard? At our State convention, just one month before, the platform, a creation of Senator Pritchard, and supposed to be inspired from Ohio, said: "We favor the use of gold and silver as standard money and the restoration of silver to its functions and dignity as a money

at the behest of the gold syndicate, our currency of to impair the credit of | tion and our people are alarmingly hoodwink even the most ignorant. our country. We are, therefore, opposed to the free coinage of silver except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge our-selves to promote, and until such

Whereas the creation of Hanna

agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be pre-Mr. McKinley, in a speech by him in the Presidential campaign of 1892, before the Ohio Republican league, in speaking of Mr. Cleveland, said:

"During all his years at the head of the Government he was dishonoring one of our precious metals one of our great products, discrediting silver and enhancing gold." "He was determined to contract the circulating medium and demone

tize one of the coins of commerce,

value of money and diminished the value of everything else, making money the master and everything else its servant. He was not thinking of the 'poor' then. He had left 'their side.' He was not standing forth in 'their defense.' Cheap coats, cheap labor and dear money. He cheap labor and dear money. He the sponsor and promoter of these, professing to stand guard over the poor and lowly! Was there ever more glaring inconsistency or reckless assumption? He believes that poverty is a blessing to be promoted and encouraged, and that a shrinkage in value of everything but money is a National benefaction."

In his letter of acceptance Mr.

NO. 51

In his letter of acceptance Mr. McKinley says, near the beginning and under the subject "No benefit of labor," referring to silver as fol-

"It would not make labor easier, the hours of labor shorter, or the pay better. It would not make farming less laborious or more profitable. It would not start a factory nor make a demand for an additional day's la-bor. It would not add to the comfort of the masses, the capital of the people or the wealth of the nation."

If McKinley was right then he is wrong now, but the syndicate made him take his medicine and his henchmen here who went to St. Louis for silver gladly say "me too" and want what was left to this medicine. How about Senator Pritchard's re-

cord? In a speech in Congress, he sald: "I am a friend of silver and believe it should be restored to its dignity as a precious metal." And he signed a paper with Senators Teller, Mantle, Dubois and other Republican Senators declaring that, "The unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1 by the independent action of the United States" is the only method possible of securing the people of the United States from the impending danger of the difference of exchange between gold standard countries." Senator Pritchard further said: "I have proved my loyalty to the cause of silver by my vote in the Senate. My record will parallel Senator Butler's on that great and vital question. They reflect not only the sentiment of the people that I represent, but they express my honest convictions and my honest purpose to secure an American system of finance.

But the Senator also said October 17, 1895: "I consider that free trade and gold monometallism are twin brothers, and he who courts gold monometallism invites the disasters which must follow in the wake of free trade."

The Senator might now add that the McKinley plank now favoring a continuance of civil service is another free trade idea imported from

But when was the Senator conscientious on the money question-then, or now when he is trying to switch off the tariff, well knowing that no tariff brings employment in the protected cotton factories to a single one of the 100,000 Nort's Carolina ne-groes. The Senator's views on the money question have likewise been shared by Pearson, Russell and others who are for McKinley, and also by Walser, who unfortunately occupies a straddling attitude on the co-operation ticket in the hope of fooling both Republicans and Popu-

lists out of an office. I have shown you not only the inconsistencies of some of the so-called leaders, but also that they have been very favorable to the 53-cent dollar until recently. But as to the 53-cent dollar-was it not amenable to the same charge in 1888, when McKinley voted for free coinage, and was it not on the same grounds equally to be discredited in 1892 when Mc-Cinley so ably defended silver? What became of this charge only a few months ago when Pritchard. Pearson and Russell so gallantly espoused the cause of the white metal? They claim to be Republican leaders; now what sort of a devious lead

is this? The fact is demonetization alone has caused the decline in the value of silver bullion. When that infamous act was surreptitiously passed the silver dollar was worth more than the gold dollar, but since then it has been steadily declining, and now, when silver has been discredited by the Government, refused mintage and the law for its payment of Government obligations openly violated, the demand for it has decreased and the bullion has value only for its use in the arts-it is no longer a money metal.

Remonetize it, admit it to the mints, coin it into the standard dollars and then contrast the money value of each metal. If conditions were reversed and the seal of condemnation set on gold, and silver alone was honored, then, indeed would like results follow. The people should see to it that the jugglers and their henchmen, the pie counter fellows, keep their hands off the money of the fathers.

Bismarck the wisest statesman Europe, advises America to go it alone, take the lead and other na-

Shall we longer submit to the selfish greed of England whose statesmen declare that as she is the creditor nation of the world, debts must "We are unalterably opposed to be paid in gold. Ours is a debtor nambarrassed by this monied strain upon their every interest—this destruction of the money in which they might pay their indebtedness. How need we fear results with our abundant resources, our unrivalled facilities and our unprecedented vim and

We want and must have good money-no sane man thinks or desires otherwise; and the term sound money is merely a catch phrase used by demagogues for purposes of de-

If, then, the gold standard has prostrated your dear interests, of what remedial use will the election of McKinley be when he proposes to pursue the line of policy dictated by Wall streets Shylocks?

The effort to maintain the present gold standard under Cleveland has evening. West was regarded as a half witted fellow, and had been subject to fits for some time.

Church and E. F. Rice's greety, the latter quite an extensive establishment, therefore dear."

The total loss is estimated at about \$40,
Which compels me to sever my con
"He would have increased the in bonds, which will hang as a mort-

A Cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.

—Latest United States Government Food Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co.

gage over your children for generations to come. Let us come back to genuine bimetallism -the mintage of both gold and silver-the metals of the constitution, the money of our fathers and the poor man's only acquaintance and friend. Dear money makes cheap labor, cheap products, cheap clothings, cheap food and a cheap people. Dear money makes it easier for the few to control the masses. Already our country is rapidly losing the prestige of an immensely prosperous people through the concentration of all money into the hands of a few men and the consequent destruction of the great middle class, the backbone of every country-and the making of millions of paupers.

The West and South must come together and redeem the fame of the nation by securing the enactment of wise, just and equal laws for all citizens alike.

When a Presidential nomination is put up for sale through a "fat frying" process it is time for the people to resent it. No more glaring instance of public degeneracy and debauchery ever characterized the later days of the Roman Empire than we have lately witnessed in the Hannaizing system adopted in our country. When money is plentiful the peo-

ple are prosperous, not otherwise. If you have plenty of money go ahead and help the Shylocks make that money harder for others to get and therefore delude and content yourself in the belief that everybody is happy, that everybody can get embody wants an office except for the honor of the thing. If you are a gold-bug vote that ticket, if not, don't stultify your principles by helping to put a gold-bug in any sort of an office. I would remind Republicans that free silver is one of the most cherished principles of the Populist party, and also that but for this party some Republicans would not have made such an unseemly scramble for nominations. The sudden mersaults and flimsy reasons the refor ca only be equalled by Russell's audacity in seeking the support race whom he denounced in 1888, in declining to run on the Republican savage and rogues." How can any self-ing colored man endorse h not the brand of savage and thief be indefaceably stamped upon his brow? Won't he be a self-admitted outcast

unworthy the high privileges of citizenship? "Truth is irresistible in a time when public confidence is badly shaken; the people's measure of oppression, misery, misleadings and disappointments is full; as also in a time when the ball of fate has fallen into the easy reach of almost every honest and patriotic citizen, and when there is intelligence and wisdom enough to put it in motion."

The ballot is your power-start that ball in motion and secure your disenthrallment.

Respectfully, O. H. Dockery. SEABOARD AIR LINE.

President Hoffman Makes a Statement Con cerning Negotiations for a Controlling Interest in the Froperties. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, October 10 .- Mr. R. Curzon Hoffman, President of the S. A. L. Railroad, returned from a Southern trip to-day. To a Southern Associated Press ment regarding the status of the negotiations for the controlling interest in the Scaboard & Roanoke Railroad, which is the parent company of the Seaboard

Air Line system : 'I am operating the Seaboard Air Line in the interest of its stockholders. Warned of coming trouble a number of large owners have pooled our shares in the hands of a committee in whose ability and integrity I have absolute confidence. That committee is in control of the situation, and advise all stockholders to sign the pooling agreement without hesitation or delay, as it ensures fair treatment to all signers alike. Beyond this, I have nothing to say, except that I have given four years of unceasing care to the property at great cost to myself, and have received for my service \$10,000 salary per annum.

and not \$87,000, as has been reported."
Mr. Hoffman's admission that the situation is in control of the pooling com-mittee is regarded as significant. This is believed to mean that the New York syndicates will have to secure control through the committee Mr. Hoffman re-

Gen. Gill, however, is still receiving options and reports that stockholders are signing his agreement daily.

COLUMBIA, S. C., October 10,-In accordance with the constitutional provision prohibiting one road from purchasing within the limits of the State of South Carolina a parallel line, the Attorney General of the State has written Messrs. Ryan & Thomas requesting them to furnish the State Railroad Commission with evidence that in vision prohibiting one road from the purchase of the Port Royal road they are not acting for the Southern Railway.

FIRE AT MURFREESBORO. An Batire Block Burned-Loss \$40,000.

With Small Insurance. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., October 10 .- A special to the Virginian from Murireesboro, N. C., states that a fire, which orlemated in a kitchen, swept away an entire block in that town to-day. Among the buildings burned was the Episcopal Church and E. F. Rice's greezy, the