Editor and Proprietor. WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY. - - . March 19, 1897

In writing to change your address always give former direction as well as full particulars as where you wish your puper to be sent hereafter. Unless you do both changes can set be made. Provides of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death. Remittances must be made by Check, Draft Postal Money Order or Registered Letter. Postmas ters will register letters when desired.

Only such remittances will be at the risk of th Specimen copies forwarded when desired.

## Bill Nye

Often spoke his witticisms laden with the greatest truths. Among the most noticeable, most Nyeish and most apropos is the following:

A man may use a wart on the back of his neck for a collar button; ride on the back coach of a train to save interest on his money until the conductor comes around; stop his watch at night to save the wear and tear: "leave his "i" and "t" without a dot or cross to save ink; pasture his mother's grave to save corn; but a man of this kind is a gentleman and a scholar compared to a fellow who will take a newspaper, and when asked to pay for it, puts it into the post-office and has it marked, "Refused."

## PREDICTIONS VERIFIED.

When the Wilson tariff bill, which

the protectionists now want repealed, was under discussion its advocates predicted that if the protective duties were reduced or abolished, and our manufacturers had free raw materials they would be thrown upon their own resources, learn to rely upon themselves, cease to depend so much upon the "home market," and make more effort to extend their trade into foreign countries. How fully these predictions have been verified is shown by the following statement of the exports of manufacturers in the decades from 1860 to 1890 and the years from 1891 to 1896, with the per cent. of the total exports. The statement is furnished by the Washington correspondent of paper :

D 80 (Ü)	Exports of	Per cent. o
Year.	manufactures.	total exports
1860	\$ 40.345,892	19 76
1870	68 277,764	15 00
1880	102 856 015	12 48
1885	147,187,527	20 25
1890	151,102 876	17 87
1891	168 927,815	
1892	158 510,937	
1893	158 023 118	19.02
1894	183,728,808	21.14
1895	188 595 748	
1896	228,489,893	
CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	verification	

of the predictions of the tariff reducers that cannot be questioned. The continued increase in the volume of our manufactured exports from 1860 to the present time shows the ability of our manufacturers to hold their own against foreign competition, while the increase for the past few years foreshadows what they might do if it was an open race between them and their European competitors, and both stood upon the same plane as regards tariff systems, transportation, etc. As high tariff duties interfere to a greater or less extent with the sale of our farm products in foreign against the free exchange of products of this country, so they operate more or less against the sale of for the same reason. If they buy buy our manufactures it is because the American manufacturer can furnish as good or a better article for less money than the manufacturers of the country in which they are sold can.

If one of our manufacturers of agricultural implements, for instance, could ship a cargo to any foreign country and could take in exchange a cargo of some of the manufactures of that country and make a profit on it by bringing it to this country, isn't it reasonable to suppose that he could dispose of more of his manufactures than if he insisted on cash for them? But the tariff duties which the foreign manufacturers prived of this right. have to pay either prevent him from making any profit on them or leave the profit so small as not to ple to govern themselves will be susmake the exchange an object. Thus tained and the one-man power the duties which are ostensibly levied turned down. to protect him in the home market operate to keep him out of the foreign market which he should be anxious to reach.

It is the sheerest absurdity to assert that our manufacturers need high duties to protect them from foreign competition in the home market when it has been demonstrated talks as a business man on the effect that with all the disadvantages under which they have labored they steadily expanded their trade into the very countries from which it is

alleged they need protection. The man who is really anxious to foster American manufactories and make them permanently prosperous without doing so by levying heavy tribute upon and burdening American consumers should desire to see markets opened in other countries and give the manufacturer the benefit of them. It is folly to expect that American manufacturers can permanently prosper if they be confixed to the home market or are encouraged to depend upon it. If they were to prosper it would be a dis- nal duty on raw wool will be fixed at honest prosperity, because it would

is nothing more nor less than legalized plunder. The legislation of this kind which is intended to foster manufactories would in long run prove ruinous, because the prospects of gain in a market practically without foreign competition would stimulate manufactures to such an extent that the busness would in all probability be overdone and bring disaster to many, whereas if the markets of the world in addition to the home markes were opened, the field would be wide enough to leave little danger of overdoing or of one manufacture getting in the way of another.

The home market is very good as far as it goes; it is the best market in the world, because the American people are liberal buyers and liberal payers, but it is not big enough to consume the products of our various industries and keep them constantly and profitably employed. When all are at work on full time it does not take them long to produce more than is consumed and they soon find themselves with a surplus just as our farmers do in an ordinarily good crop year. Foreign markets are the outlet for this surplus, or should be, as they are of the farmer's products. Fariffs may levy tribute upon the American people for the benefit of the protected industries, and put money in the pockets of the protected, but they can never be permanently prosperous and self-dependent until they branch out and build up a business in other countries, as they have been doing, for the past few years especially, and as they would continue to do if this protection cry were hushed and they were not encouraged to look to the home market for their profits.

#### SELF GOVERNMENT.

A correspondent asks our opinion as to the power of the Legislature assuming that it has the constitutional right to appoint Aldermen for city) to delegate that power to the Governor. We do not believe that the Legis-

lature has a constitutional right to

appoint Aldermen of a city, and therefore we do not believe it has the New York Journal for that the Governor, or any one else, and t has as much right to delegate it to any one else as it has to the Governor. But if it had the right to exercise this power itself, it has not the right to delegate it to another. It might as well delegate to the Governor the power to appoint magistrates, sherlffs, county commissioners, and even members of the Legislature, for in one case the right of popular government, the right of the people to choose the agents who are to administer their city, county and State governments-one of the fundamental constitutional rights—is as much invaded as in the others. The whole spirit of our form of goverament is against the one man power, and that is all that this delegating to the Governor the right to appoint representative officers means. Such appointees would not be representatives of the people of the city but of the man who appointed them, and if a conflict should come between the people and this man in any matter of municipal government they would, unless they were made countries, because they operate of very superior stuff, stand with him against the people.

Reference to section 2 and 3 of article 1 (declaration of rights) in our manufactures in those countries our State Constitution will show what emphasis was laid upon the our farm products it is because they right of the people to govern themmust have them and cannot get selves, and what is therein said apthem in other countries, and if they plies as much to the people of a city or a county as it does to the people of the State at large, for the State is simply a larger community than the city or the county. There is no intimation here of a one man power contingency or of the Legislature to constitute itself an arbitrary and supreme power.

Some of the best authorities on constitutional law and on constitutional limitations, and some of the decisions of our courts hold that the right of the people to elect their municipal legislators is as inherent as to elect the members of their State Legislature, and that they cannot under our form of government be de-

If this question go to the courts we predict that the right of the peo-

# MINOR MENTION.

Ex-Congressman Straus, of New York, a Democrat, who supported McKinley, is about sorry he did it. He is a member of the firm of Macy & Co., of New York, and in the following to the New York Herald of the proposed increase of duties:

"The woollen schedule will advance every article that the poor man needs from 25 to 88 per cent., and, with the extra rate on wool, the temptation to use shoddy and other substitutes will deprive the only people who need it most of woollen clothing in the honest

sense of the word. "There is no disguising the fact at this time that the tax which they put on the needs of every one is not for revenue to be derived from that tax. But for every \$10 worth of protection to the domestic producer only one dollar will go into the Treasury. In other words, for every dollar's worth of woollen goods which will be imported there will be probably \$10 worth manufactured here and there will be paid into the pockets of the producers of this \$10 worth just sufficient of the tax as will keep the price below what the

imported article will cost.
"If I am correctly informed the nomi-"If I am correctly informed the nominal duty on raw wool will be fixed at about the same rate as existed under the and Strength are guarafteed by its use. McKinley bill, with some changes in come from a species of taxation that I classification, which it appears to me is Drug Store.

w thin the bounds of reason to say that there will be an increase in the cost

all woollens of thirty three per cent. "The argument that I have applied to woollen goods will apply to every other in which there is an increase ih the taroff, and this time the Republicans can't make any denial of it. The evident purpose of the bill is protection, with incidental revenue as is inseparable from it. The sound money Democrats who voted for Mr. McKinley, of whom I am one, are certainly very much taken aback. If the newspaper reports of Mc-Kinley rates have been substantially agreed upon and are going to dominate the tariff bill, the Republicans themselves-and I have talked to hundreds of them-to say nothing of the reports gathered from newspapers-admit that McKinleyism is a mistake, goes too far and never can be repeated. In voting for Mr. McKinley we thought we were denouncing free silver. We were prepared to have a change in the tariff along moderate line, but the cry of those who looked after their own individual interests seems to have overwhelmed the Ways and Means Committee, and they have lost sight entirely of the millions of consumers throughout the country and of the hundreds of thousands of Democrats, without whom Mr. McKinley could not have been elected."

We infer from the conclusion of this that Mr. Straus and many other Democrats who helped elect McKin ley are about sorry they did it. But they were gudgeons to expect anything else.

Ex President Harrison is being lauded for refusing to write a letter to President McKinley in behalf of his son Russell, who wants the collectorship for his district, a \$4,000 job, or to sign his petition. But in declining Mr. Harrison took occasion to remark that he would be very much pleased if Mr. McKinley would appoint Russell, which, as we see it, was endorsement enough.

German papers accuse England of playing a double game in Crete. That would be just like her.

THE CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS FIGHT Esgerness Displayed to Hear the News

from Carson - Great Enhusiasm Among Pitssimmons Adherents Over His Victory. At 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon the

"sports" commenced to gather to await the returns from the Corbett-Fitzummons fight. Shortly before 1 o'clock bulletins, stating the usual preliminaries, began to arrive and were devoured on sight. Before 8 o'clock the sidewalk in front of J. R. Smith's cigar store, where the right to delegate that power to the STAR displayed buildins of the fight, was packed with people, and a been prepared for this especial purpose and where bulletins of the fight by rounds were also received, was crowded, many veteran sports being present.

Corbett's admirers were numbered by scores, while "Lanky Bob" only had a few to champion his cause, yet they were "game" and stuck to their favorite faithfully. At 8 o'clock bulletins, describing the fight by rounds, began to arrive, and the excitement began to rise. Up to the sixth round it was looking pretty squally for the Cornishman, and his advocates began to get shaky, while the Corbett men became more pronounced. The Australian's stock was way below par, but when the tenth round was reached his stock arose rapidly, and his admirers once more commenced to smile and look confident. While the eleventh round was being sent over the wires the operator sending the message cut it short to announce that Robert Fitzsimmons had just defeated Jas. J. Corbett in fourteen rounds. The Firzsimmons men then went perfectly wild, and during the excitement many hats were smashed, but what cared these "sports" for bats and the like, for their man had won.

Judging from the telegraphic accounts of the fight Fitzsimmons certainly showed his ability as a pugilist, and also his gameness and power of endurance. Many thought that Fitzsimmons would actientirely on the defensive, while others expressed the opinion that he would taunt Corbett into madness. Both opinions were highly probable, but "Lanky Bob" knew his own ability, and at once started victously fighting an opponent several pounds his superior in weight. Many predicted that it would be a short fight. for if it happened to be a battle of any length, to use a trite expression. Firzsimmons would be "in it." In this respect, too, the Cornishman fooled 'em, and displayed better power of endurance than the man who fought sixty-

one rounds with Peter Jackson. The fight yesterday was the hardest battle that has been fought for many years, with Corbett the winner. so far as the scientific feature of the

As in all battles for the championship, new fighters constantly arise to challenge the winner, and yesterday Tom Sharkey Joe Goddard, and old John L., once the greatest fighter of them all, put in a bid

o fight the champion. Fitzsimmons defeated Jack Dempsey in thirteen rounds, thereby gaining the middle-weight championship of America, and it only took one round more to win the heavy-weight championship of

The A. P. Hurt to Be Repaired at Once. Col. W. S. Cook, of Fayetteville, manager of the Cape Fear Transportation Company, arrived in the city yesterday on business connected with repairs on the A. P. Hurt. The contract for repairing her was awarded to Capt. S. W. and will have the Hurt ready to resume her trips within ten days.

Too Wide For the Bridges. The steamer Frank Sessoms came down from Fayetteville last Thursday, and went up North East river, with a view to making regular trips. She could not get through the bridges, how-ever, and a smaller boat, the Lisbon will go instead. The Sessoms came in

Sunday night, and loaded at the Navassa Guano Works for Favetteville.

Did You Ever Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Ner-yous, Sieepless, Excitable, Melancholy or Fifty cents and \$1,00 at R. R. BELLAMY'S

# **Biliousness**

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents diges-tion and permits food to ferment and putrify in KNOCKS CORBETT OUT IN THE FOURTEENTH ROUND.

Settled-A Clean and Speedy Fight-Oorbett's Version of His Defeat-The Fight by Rounds. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH NO STRAIGHT REPUBLICAN TICKE IN MUNICIPAL ELECTION. Gov. Russell Arrives-Base Fall Game Next Month-Chamber of Commerce and the Army Post Question-Penitentlary Directors Elect Offiners-The A. & N. C. Rail-[Special Star Correspondence.] RALEIGH, N. C., March 17. Governor Russell arrived from W The Baltimore base ball team meet the Wake Forest nine here on the 6th of April. Oa the 3rd of April the University and the Wake Forest teams play Jim Young, the negro leader and Re-

county, tells me that the Republicans will not put up a streight ticket in the coming municipal election. He says the Republicans will join in with the Independent League which claims to have a membership of 250 votes, mostly Dem. oerats. The league is something new aud just where the 250 voters come from no one seems to know. At the Chamber of Commerc meeting last evening the quesuniting in an to establish an "army post" at Raleigh was acted upon favorably. The truth o the matter is that nothing will be done until the district gets an energetic and intelligent representative in Congress

publican boss in Raleigh and Wake

rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, c stipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggi The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsapari

nington this morning.

championship game here.

who is living in the present age. Uncle Strowd, our present representative, i an honest, good meaning old man, but he has become fossilized. I asked him several months ago why he did no push the military post bill for Raleigh "Well," said he, "it ain't worth the time. North Carolina can't get any thing, and its no use to ask for it. Old man Strowd honestly thinks that he cannot accomplish anything, and he'l never make the effort

Interest in the prize fight in Raleigh was general. Bulletins were read by [Special Star Telegram]

The penitentiary directors elected Claude Dockery chairman. Committees and inspect farms. Dr. J. R. Rogers was elected physician, Reinhardt superintendent Anson farm, and Wnite Steward of Caledonia farm. Other offices will be filled at an adjourned meeting thirty days hence. Robert Hancock is here to get the Governor to appoint new directors of the A. & N. C. Railway immediately. Governor Russell is inclined to allow the present management to continue until September.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD. Raleigh News and Observer March 14th

The Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company has filed a mortgage in the office of the Register of Deeds of this county

This mortgage is to secure 5 per cent. bonds to the amount of \$1 500,000 which the company has succeeded in placing. One million of this will be used taking up the 8 per cent. bonds to that amount now outstanding and due January 1. 1898

The remaining half million will of course be a fund belonging to the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company. It is said that it will be used in backing De-Witt Smith and his associates in the construction of the road from Ridgeway o Petersburg. This road will shorten the distance from Raleigh to Petersburg about forty miles. In other words, it will move this city forty miles further north or one hour's travel nearer Richnond, Washington, Philadelphia and

The wisdom of the company in taking up these outstanding 8 per cent. bonds with new 5 per cent. ones is seen when t is remembered that the company by this decreased rate of interest gets \$1,-500,000 for \$5,000 a year less than it has heretofore been paying for \$1,000,-

For the \$1,000 000 at 8 per cent, the company paid \$80,000 a year; for the \$1, 500,000 at 5 per cent. it will pay only \$75,000 a year.

This means much for the Seaboard system and has already created a flurry in Raleigh & Gaston stock. Those who have are loath to part with it at any price until they can realize the full meanng of this deal. This mortgage comprises seventeen

written pages and is propably the largest instrument of the kind, both as to its ength and the amount involved, ever recorded in Wake county.

Fell Fifteen Feet and Landed on H

Yesterday morning while the tug Blanche, Capt. Craig was loading at Market dock preparatory for her trip to Southport, E1 Slain, a colored deck hand, fell from off a rail in the engine room, a distance of about fifteen feet. landing on his head. He was picked up, although conscious, and carried to the cabin of the boat. Drs. Shepard and Russell were immediately sent for, and in a few minutes were in attendance. Slain appeared to be all right, except for a severe gash on his head, and went with the Blanche on her journey to Sout bport.

Death of Mr. Kelly Sessoms, of Stedman. The STAR is sincerely grieved to hear of the death of Mr. Kelly Sessoms, of Skinner, who will begin work at once Stedman, which took place vesterday

> and most highly respected citizens of Cumberland county, and leaves many friends in this city and elsewhere who will be pained to learn that he is no more. He is survived by a large family of sons and daughters among whom are Mr. J. D. Sessoms, of Stedman; Messrs. Theodore and Frank Sessoms, of Ivanhoe; Mr. Alex. Sessoms, of Hope Mills, and Mrs. W. M. Corbett, of Ivanhoe. The deceased had reached a ripe old age, being between seventy and seventyfive years old.

For Over Fifty Years MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP bas been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrheea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world.

# FITZSIMMONS WINS.

Heavy-Weight Championship of the World

CARSON, NEV., March 17 .- After two rears of doubt and vexations postponements, the heavy-weight championship of the world was decided beyond cavil when Robert Fitzsimmons sent James J. Corbett helpless to his knees with a lefthand blow under the heart after one minute and forty-five seconds in the fourteenth round of their battle in the arena here this afternoon. The great contest was won in the simplest manner, and the knockout was the result of one unwary move on the part of Corbett. After the first minute of the fourteenth round had been spent in a few harmless clinches and counters Fitzsimmons made a fake lead with his right for the aw. It was a simple ruse but it caught the Californian napping. Instead of keeping his body inclined forward and throwing back his head just a trifle to allow the blow, which was of the very lightest kind, to slip by. Corbett contemptuously bent his head and chest backward and thus protruded his abdomen. Fitzsimmons' small eyes flashed, and like lightning he saw and availed himself of his advantage. Drawing back his left he brought it up with terrible force, the fore-arm rigid and at right angle to the upper arm. With the full ower of his wonderful driving muscles brought into play, the Australian fairly ripped the blow up the pit of Corbett's stomach at a point just under the heart. Corbett was lifted clean off his feet, and as he pitched forward firz immons shot his right up and around, catching Jim on the jaw and accelerating his downward fail. Corbett sank on his left knee and with his cutstretched right hand grasped the ropes for support. His left arm worked convulsively up and down. while his face was twitching with an expression of the greatest agony. Referee Siler threw up his hands on the call of ten and left the ring. There were some cries of "loul" when the referee declared Corpett out, but they were unheeded by anybody, as the battle was won fairly and equarely. The defeat nearly drove Corbett wild. When he was able to feel his feet after his seconds had helped him to his corner, he broke away from them and rushed at Fitzsimmons, who had not left the ring. A scene of dreadful confusion ensued. The ring was crowded with an excited mob, but Corbett burst through them and struck at Fitzsimmons. The Australian kept his arms by his sides and with a great deal of generosity made allowance for Corbett's halfdemented condition. Bob merely dacked under the blow, and when Corbett clinched with him and struck him a

smiled. It was with great difficulty that Billy Brady and the seconds succeeded him back to the dressing room. The fight was clean and speedy. demonstrated two facts-that Corbett is the cleverest boxer of his weight in the world, and that Fitzsimmons is able to hit him. The California boy smothered the Cornishman with left jabs in the face and right and left body blows. Fitz simmons' most effective attack was semi-fake left swing, followed with quick half arm hook. The first time he tried it, which was in the third round, lim threw back his head from the fake, coming forward for a counter when he thought Fitzsimmons' glove was comfortably past his jaw. Quick as a flash Bob doubled back and barely missed Jim's jaw with the hook. Corbett's smile died away for an instant and he took no more chances on countering on that particular form of lead afterwards. Corbett's version of his own Waterloo did not yary greatly from Fitzsimmons "I made a mistake in not keeping away" was the way he put it. "Fitzsimmons knew to be a terrific puncher, but I never

feeble blow on the ear the champion only

calculated on his being able to reach me. If the sixth round had lasted ten seconds longer I would have landed him to a certainty. His nose was clogged with blood and his legs were wobbling. The goog sounded just as I was about to plug him with my right and end the battle, He recuperated wonderfully and I stayed away from him until I thought he was about ripe for another drubbing at ing off when he tapped me on the check in the fourteenth round lost me the championship. That heart punch simply choked me up. I could not breath or move for fifteen seconds, and it was several minutes before I realized that had committed a breach of etiquette in trying to follow up my opponent after he put me out. I meant it when I said would be his friend hereafter. He whipped me fair and square, but I don't think he is the best man yet, and we will have another go if money can bring him

First Round-Sparring for an opening. Firzammons forcing Corbett to corner. Tries left swing, which Jim ducks cleverly. Jim smiling. Fuzvery aggressive and lands light one on Corbett's neck. Jim feints and lands left hook on stomach, and follows with left hook on Fitzsimmon's jaw. They clinch. but no damage was done in the breakaway. Corbett lands right swing on Fitz's ribs, clinch, no damage. Fitz lands left on Jim's head. Jim lands hard right on Fitz' short rits Clinch. and Fitz lands heavy right on Jim's nead. Jim says "Oh," and laughs. Jim

ands right on Fitz ribs as the gong sounds. Second Round-Corbett advances to centre, faces it for a minute, clinch and no damage in breakaway. Fitzsimmons short on ribs and left swings. More clinching. Jim very cautious and looking for the slightest opening. Lands. two stiff left swings on Fitz' head. Fitz swings left and lands lightly on Corbett's head. The fight is of a rapid character and both men very lively on their feet. Jim landed hard left half round jab on Fitz's stomach, and follows with another in the same place. He is jabbing Fitz right and left on the ody when the bell rings. Third Round-Corbett starts right in with that hard left book on body. Fitz gets savage and tries left and right at Corbett's head, but does very little dam. age. Corbett lands another left jab on

body and follows with right on short Jim clinches. Corbett lands right hard over heart. Fitzsimmons mixed it up and puts heel of his glove in Corbett's face. In the clinch Jim keeps his right working like a piston rod on Fitz's ribs. They clinch and Fitz roughs it in breakaway. As gong sounds Fitz seems | Brady and others of Corbett' unable to continue but Corbett sticks | dragged him away from Fitzsimmons. his right glove in Fitzsimmons' face and they go to their corners. ,

Fourth Round-Corbett rushing lands his left again on body. Fitz is short with his left. Fitz follows it with stiff left on Jim's stomach and they clinch. Roughs it again. They are fighting at a terrific rate and it is a beautiful contest. Fitz rushes and Jim meets him with a stiff right hand jolt on stomach. Fitz is face, taking no notice of the blood doing the rushing and hitting and roughing it in breakaway. Corbett is by long oddsmaking the cle verest fight. He s playing systematically with right and left on the body. An exchange of lefts at head and time is called.

Fifth Round-Corbett lands his left on Fitz's jaw. Again that left goes on on purely scientific and almost new the jaw. Fitz's blows have plenty of principles. Neither of the men took steam behind them but are not as fre- any advantage of the privileges allowed quent as Corbett's. They clinch and exchange compliments with one arm loose. Corbett leads very slowly. Fitz clinches. Corbett made no attempt to lands his left on Jim's neck. Jim throws bring around his right in breaking away, stiff half round with left on Fitz's nose, probably because Fitzsimmons held up

left on chin. This round is in favor of

Corbett.
Sixth Round -Tacy ciab, and Fitz immons tries to wreatle Corbett down Loud cries of "Oa, oh.' Corbett lands light left jab on face. Fits counters on aw. Corbett upper cuts freely with right and has Fi z going. Fi z is literally covered with blood, but is fighting like a demon. Corbett is showing signs of rast work. Fiz is down on one knee and takes time limit. He is full of fight. Corbett is slaughtering him with upper cuts. Corbett's leads are wild, and he misses many well intended blows. Time called with Fitz looking very much the worse for wear and Cor-

bett puffing. Seventh Round - Corbett, forcing misses left swing at head, and Cornett upper cuts Fitz on the face Fitz is beeding, but is fighting like a mon, They are both looking for a knock out blow. Jim lands light left on Fitz' sore mouth. Fitz misses right and lett swings Fitz tries left swing, which is ducked by Corbett and countered with heavy right over heart. Corbett is very tired. Fitz looks like a stuck bullock, but is as strong as the other man.

Eighth Round-Fitz is forcing it. An exchange, no damage. Fitz misses left swing and is lifted off his feet by a straight left jab from Corbett on the mouth. Fitz is doing all forcing in this round. Fitz tries right hand cross, but Corbett ducks. Fitz lands his left on Corbett s face and Corbett counters with right on body. They spar for wind. Fitz tries his hard fight at Corbett's bead, but is countered heavily on jaw with Corbett's good left. Fitz has the worst of this round when the gong

Ninth Round-Long range sparring Both very active ou their feet. Fitz lands below belt and is cautioned by Corbett lands stiff left on Frz's Fuz rushes Cornett but does very little damage. I m is jabbing and clinch ing, upper cutting with right on breakaway. Fitz lands very hard left hand swing on Jim's jaw and tries right cross. but lim is inside. Firz again trics right cross, but he is short. He is landing

more often than Corbett now. Tenth Round-Fitz spits blood out of his mouth and tries hard left swing at Corbett's head. Fitz comes back with stiff left and right on Jim's head and body. He is very much cooler and stronger than Corbett at this stage. Corbett stops left swing with straigot left on mouth. Fitz is bleeding rapidly but forces Corbett back, apparently being the stronger man. They mix it up and honors are about even. Both are fighting hard. Fitz catches Corbett around the neck and drags him to the ropes when time is called. Corbett lands light left on Fitz's mouth. Corbett's blows are lacking force but he is fight ing very cautiously.

Eleventh Round-Clinch, Corbett lands his right on ribs and is countered with a jah on the chin. Fitz is bearing strength. Corbett misses half round book in the jaw. Fitz lands hard left straight on Corbett's face. They clinch and Fitz crosses with his right in the clinch. They mix it and Fitz bas decidedly the better of the roughing. Fitz fights Corbett to his corner and ng sounds Twelfth Round-Corbett rushes it misses left and is countered on the face. Fitz is bent on rushing it and Corbett is keeping away. Fitzsimmons is worse off

n the rush. More clinching. Corbett lands left on Firz's sore nose and follows up with half round at the body. He forces Fitz to the ropes and smashes hard on short ribs. Fitzsimmons spits blood copiously. Corbett is now rushing and lands one two, right and left, on the Australiaa's face. Corbett lands left on Fitz's face again and follows with a right at the body. He tries a knock out oper cut with right, but is a hair too short. Corbett's round. Tairteenth Round-Fits lands right

short on Corbett's ribs and left on jaw. Jim finds Fitz with a good left. Fitz rushed Jim over to his corner but does little damage. Corbett jabs Fitz lightly on head and he is back again with same on body. Corbett is sparring beautifully and ducking out of some very dangerousposition

Fourteenth Round-Jim missed the pening lead with his right, but on his next attempt put his left on the jaw, Figsimmons countering stiffl, with a right on the side of the head. The Australian sent in a right and left on the iaw which jarred Jim and then piled in. a left upper cut, and as Jim turned around to skip out of reach Fitzsimmons pasted him on the back of the head Fitzsimmons seemed to have more power than ever behind his blows. Jim hooked his left on the jaw, but Fitzsim nons retaliated with a heavy right on the same spot and they clinched. They broke clean. Fitzsimmons made a fake lead with his right. Instead of keeping his body rigid and throwing his head back as was his usual custom in allowing blows of this kind to slip by his face Corbett, under-estimating his opponent's cunning, contemptuously threw back his head and chest, thus throwing his stomach forward. The Australian's small eyes twinkled and with pantherike speed he drew back his left with the forearm rigid, and ripped it up into the pit of Jim's stomach, a little under the heart. Corbett was lifted about a foot off the ground, and as he pitched forward Fitzsimmons swung his right on the jaw, and Corbett came heavily down on his knees. He remained down for fifteen seconds and Fitzsimmons retired to his corner while Referee Siler slowly announced the fatal seconds. Reaching the last count he threw up both his hands and left the ring. A scene of indescribable confusion

followed. Cries of "foul" were repeated throughout the arena and the crowd clambered through the ropes and surrounded both men. Of course there was no foul, as Corbett was knocked on fairly and no notice was taken of the clamor. When Jim rose to his feet with difficulty he seemed about to fall prone on his face again, but he steadled himself with a desperate effort, and Charles White and McVey came on either side of him and threw his dressing gown over his shoulders and supported him until he recovered himself somewhat. When got his senses back, partially, worked himself hysterical mania. He broke away from his seconds and rushed at Fitzsimmons, who was standing at the side of the ring opposite his own corner. When Fitzsimmons saw the halfdemented pugilist coming at him, he dropped his hands by his side and stood upright. Corbett swung at him wildly. and Fitzsimmons, without raising his hands, ducked the blow, and Corbett clinched him, striking with his right and back of the ear as he did so. The olow was not hard. as the unfortunate Californian was very weak. Fitzsimmons took no notice of it, and Billy

He was pacified and taken to his dressing-room shortly afterwards. Fitzsimmons started a dance of victory when he saw his opponent down. He waved a little flag above his head and stepped lightly down the ladder and into the arms of his wife, who sat awaiting him iu a box right behind his chair. Mrs. Fitzsimmons kissed her husband's which was trickling freely from his nose and mouth. Martin Julian headed the procession to the dressing room, followed by Fitzsimmons, with Mrs. Fitzsimmons at his side, the crowd cheering the victor beartily.

The battle, as predicted, was fought them under the London prize ring rules, and there was very little hitting in Druggists in every part of the world.
Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind."

Syrup," and take no other kind."

Stiff half round with left on Fitz's nose, drawing first blood. They mix and his elbows too high. Jim's only effort in the way of a parting shot was a full after year because it does them good.

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Compound Pine's Celery Breakdown.



Spring has come.

It is time for all persons to think seriusly of their health.

But that doesn't mean taking the first pring remedy that happens to be of-Persons who make it their business to

get the most effective remedy to be had are sure to carry home Paine's celery compound. No other remedy is capable of cleansing the blood, nourishing the nerves and regulating the bowels and digestive organs like Paine's celery com-If you are troubled at all by rheuma-

ism, neuralgia, headache or sleepless ness, even if the attacks come only now and then, now is the time to purify your system of them. Don't prograstinate great remedy: and dally till frightened into doingsome thing when you find the task of getting well has assumed desperate propor-Paine's celery compound will cure

kidney trouble, heart palpitation and disordered liver accurately, intelligently and permanently when other remedie only raise hopes that are never fulfilled. Paine's celery compound, which owes

ts origin to the most distinguished ever produced. Prcf. Edward E. Pnelps. M. D. LL. D., of Dartmouth college, has been publicly indorsed among medical experts as the only spring remedy in any sense entitled to that name. It can be said without fear of contradictien that no other remedy can truth

fully refer to men and women so responsible, so trustworthy, so convincing, because of their straightforward, en fect health.

thusiastic and easily-verified testimo around very clumsily and failed to land by at least a foot every time be tried. He did get in one good upper-cut in the fourth round, splitting Bob's upper-lip and starting the blood in a thick stream. Several times the men clinched and parted with both hands up. Frequently Bob worked Jim into a corner and reached for him right and left with blows that would win any championship battle if they had landed. Fitzsimmons himself

stepped his way to safety in a manner which simply dazed him. "I never saw such a clever man in m ife," said Fitzsimmons this evening. 'He got away from me time and again when I thought I had him dead to rights. I knew I could wear him out, so kept coming right along until my opportunity arrived He was weak in the last round and all his cleverness could not keep him out of that left -punch under the heart. The only blow that really worried me was the one which split my lip. The others I never felt. He fought fair and hereafter he may have my respect if he continues to merit it.' Green defeated Smith in the thir teenth round.

admits that Corbett shuffled and side

Hawkins put Flaherty out with a left wing four seconds after the bell tapped or first round.

INSANE ASYLUMS.

Directors and Officers to Contest Validity of the Act Changing Management-Dates Fixed for the State Fair. [Special Star Telegram.]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 15 -The excutive committee of the Agricultural Society selects October 18th to 28rd as State Fair dates. The directors and officers of the in

sane asylums at Raleigh, Morganton and Goldsboro intend to contest the validity of the act passed by the Legislature providing for change of manage ment in these institutions. Ex Chie Justice Shepherd, Busbee & Busbee, ex-Attorney General Osborne, Monroe, Dortch, and Daniels of Goldsborn, have been retained as counsel to appear for the directors. It claimed that the bill was badly drawn and its provisions go no further, if it has any effect, than to change the name of some of the asylums; that the charters of the asylums have not been repealed, and they were by the same act re-enacted; that the corporations having the same identity and the officers the same duties, the rights and duties of the present officers cannot be transferred to others. The new directors meet

RECEIVER APPOINTED For the Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk Bailroad.

The State Trust Company of New York, on a bill in equity filed by it as plaintiff against the Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk Railway Company, on the application of Jao. D. Bellamy, Esq., attorney for the plaintiff, had the railroad company placed in the hands of a receiver by Judge C. H. Simonton. Judge of the Circuit Court of the United States, at Charleston, S. C., Monday. The State Trust Company is a trustee of the mortgage bondholders. These are numerous and the bonds are quite widely scattered. The bondholders are all non-resident, living in New York city. They are represented by Stetson, Tracy, Jennings and Russell, of New York, and Mr. John D. Bellamy, attor-

ney-at-law, of this city. Mr. H. A. Whiting was named as re-ceiver. It is learned that the mortgage debt of the company is about \$1,250,000.

pound. It is foolish to take poor health "phi-

nials in

praise of Paine's celery com.

osophically" these spring days. There is no reason why any one should sit hands in lap, and submit to headaches. poor appetite, continued tired feeling of constipation. If every disheartened in valid will go right at getting well by using Pain's celery compound, that person will be astonished and delighted with the quickness with which this wonderful remedy is able to call a halt to wasting diseases, diseases of debility and a "run-down" condition.

Paine's celery compound does wonders in making people well. Here is what a woman, an ambitious and hard-working member of the legal profession in New York city, says of this 220 4th Ave., New York.

While a student in the New York Jaiversity law school and under great ressure from work and study, I was advised to take Paine's celery compound. I did so, and its beneficial results to one whose nerves are under the trial of severe mental effort, I am only too ready to assert. After taking three bottles I loued that it produced quietness of nerves and health. For those troubled with insomnia I can beartily recommend it as a harmless inducer of sleep on account of its quieting effect on the nerves. [Signed] Yours, very truly,

FLORENCE H. DANGERFIELD. Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Paine's celery compound, which makes e weak strong, has received testimonials from thousands of people who had almost despaired of ever being in per-

STEAMER HURT Badly Damaged by Running Into the Draw

of Hilton Bridge. Calamity seems to have marked the steamer A. P. Hurt for its own. Three years ago she took fire and was burned down to the water. She was rebuilt only to meet with another mishap yesterday by running into one side of the draw of Hilton bridge and getting badly smashed

The steamer was returning with a load of guano taken on at Powers, Gibbs & Co.'s works. When she neared the bridge it was observed by the crew that the draw was not fully open, but the assistant pilot-Irving Parker-thought he could steer the boat safely through and didn't signal the engineer to back water. The result was the Hurt was raked from bow to stern.

The damage was estimated as being between \$500 and \$1,000. The hurricane, promenade and lower decks were all badly crushed on one side. The ladies' cabin and two state rooms were also damaged. The stanchions, hog chains and king posts were torn from their places, and one of the davits broken. There was no damage to the engine or to the hull.

The Hurt is owned by the Cape Fear and Black River Steamboat Company, ome of the stockholders of which are Messrs. W. S. Cook, A. H. Slocumb, and R. M. Nimocks of Fayetteville, Mr. D. McEachern of this city, and Captain Sandy Robeson The disabled boat was towed to her wharf by the tug Imperial.

William L. DeRosset, Major General commanding the North Carolina Division U. C. V. has issued the following General Order: HEADO'RS NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION,

UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS. WILMINGTON, N. C., March 13th, 1897. General Order No. 22. 1. Miss Nannie Branch Iones, of Raeigh, N. C., a granddaugnter of that gallant soldier, General Lawrence O'Brien Branch, has been appointed

ponsor of the North Carolina Division. United Confederate Veterans, at the next Annual Reunion to be held at Nashvill, Tennessee, on the 23nd, 23rd and 24th days of June next. 2 Our Sponsor will hereaftr. in due ime, select and appoint ten maids of onor, whose names will be duly announced to the Camps. By order of

WILLIAM L. DEROSSET. Major General Commanding. JUNIUS DAVIS, Adjutant General and Chief of Staff \$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the me cal fraternity. Catarrh being constitutional disease, rebuires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundaiont of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building jup the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it ails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Toledo, O - Mr. S. O. Middleton, of Halls-

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO.,