### ANOTHER RUMOR.

If the Nicaragua canal doesn't attract attention one way it does an other. A short while ago we had a rumor that the Japanese Govern. ment was intriguing to get control of the franchises. This was shortly afterwards denied. Then we heard another rumor that the company which held the franchises was nego. tisting with an English company, to which it proposed to turn over the ernment in this scheme several franchises, and now we have repeated a rumor which was sent out several months ago to the effect that an English company had secured from the Nicaraguan Government ling it ours. the exclusive right for thirty years to navigate lake Nicaragua and San Juan river, both of waich are to form a part of the proposed canal.

If the concessions to the canal company have not expired this would be a violation of the agreement between the Government of Nicaragua and the company, which will of course protest against it, if there be anything in it. The dispatch states that this reported con cession to the English company may become a subject of investigation by the canal company and by this Gov ernment. Perhaps this Government may feel called upon to have some thing to say about this, and to insist that the canal company, which is composed of American citizens, be protected in whatever rights it may have in that enterprise, for it has spent in round figures about \$1,000,000, which, of course, would be so much sunk if the exclusive right to navigate that lake or that river were given to another company. It would mean a quietus on the canal, for that is what the "exclusive" provision in the reported concession means if it has been made.

There may be some doubt about it and yet there is good ground for the belief that English influence has been long at work in the effort to the regular Republican ticket which either get control of these conces sions or to defeat that enterprise under American auspices. There is more ground for this belief now since it has been announced that English capitalists have secured a controlling interest in the Panama Canal upon which work is now and has been progressing for some time. Two canals through the isthmus will be one too many as profitable ventures, and hence the capitalists who have put their money in the Panama scheme would like to see the other securely tied up for all time. They can't show their hand too openly for fear that it would stimuate interest in the Nicaragua scheme and hasten action by this Government, and hence they play cunningly and under cover. If they can hold it in check until they make the connection between the two oceans, and have their waterway open for business, they have little fear of another canal being built any time in the near future and they will have a sate monopoly, with no competition. Perhaps this may be the secret of this reported concession to this English company, if it be true.

It is not very improbable that the Nicaraguan Government would have granted such a concession for a consideration for there has been so his grip since the middle-of the-road much dallying with the canal scheme since it was first launched that the Nicaraguans have probably abandoned the hope of seeing it built by Butler's mouth." The Russellthe company now holding the con Butler programme seems to be to cession or under the auspices of this Government. There has been so much talk about it, so much said and so little done, and so little assurance that anything ever will be done that the Nicaraguan Government has Probably given up any hope that it might have entertained when the concessions were originally granted, and to which it has once or twice granted an extension of time.

The canal company has been playing the Government of Nicaragua on one side and this Government on the other, holding the concessions from it, which really cost nothing out promises of something in the luture, and working to get this Goverament to build the canal. This is one of the considerations which has operated against this scheme from Who regarded it as a scheme of some it, but it didn't distribute it over the day of 1896. And the prospects are the start, because there were many shrewd man to make a lot of money | country. It struck the wheat grow-Out of nothing, and make the Gov- ing section and helped the men who surprised if it got as low as 5% cents. I among the whites and colored.

# THE WEEKLY STAR

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favorably disposed towards it.

eration, leaving commercial consid-

been sufficient to have enlisted the

active interest of this Gov-

years ago. We may keep on fooling

with it until finally it passes into

other hands and we will lose the op

portunity of controlling it and mak-

MINOR MENTION.

The nomination of Henry George

by the anti Tammany Convention

(after the Tammany Convention

made its nominations) on a platform

so aggressive, uncompromising and

denunciatory of the Tammany Con-

vention, doubtless means that Mr.

George is in for the race and that

there will be four tickets in the field

if Mr. Low sticks. It is evident not

only from the platform adopted, but

from its caustic denunciation of the

influences that shaped the Tammany

platform, that the friends of Mr.

George are not asking any favors of

the gold men, and under the circum-

stances it is not likely that they will

receive any. A united Democracy

can carry New York at any

time, but with a divided Dem-

ocracy the only hope for either

other the opponents of Tammany.

As we see it at this stage of the pro-

ceedings the chances are in favor of

will have the support (under cover,

of course) of the Washington admin-

istration, and more money than

either of other tickets can command.

The gold Democrats, who voted for

Mr. McKinley last year, are not go-

ing to let Mr. George win if they can

prevent it, and if they find it

rough paddling for the Tam-

many candidates, and their chances

doubtful, they will cast their votes

for the Tracy ticket. And the prob-

abilities are that a good many of the

present supporters of Mr. Low will

An impression seems to prevail

that Hon. Marlon Butler is playing

Governor Russell to carry out his

own schemes. We do not know how

that is, whether Mr. Butler is play-

ing the Governor, or the Governor

is playing Mr. Butler, but they are

probably trying to play each other

and for that reason they are playing

together. Russell is brash and bull-

headed, while Butler is cunning, un-

scrupulous and wary. He will sug-

gest and put the Governor in the

front to assume the responsibility,

while he will keep in a position to

slip out if it should be advisable to

slip. Butler may find support from

the Republicans necessary to hold

fellows have begun to kick, and

Otho Wilson has put on his

war paint and threatened to "mash

nake the North Carolina railroad

lease the issue in the next campaign,

and they have an idea that a good

many Democrats will bite at that

and go with them in it, but they are

reckoning without their host if they

suppose that the Democrats of this

State are going to let them make

issues to divert attention from the

short comings and the devilment of

the Rep. Pop. combine, which has

done so much to disgrace and humil-

late this State since it has held the

reins. There are differences of

opinion among Democrats on that

lease question, but the Butler-Russell

combine can't play that to catch

There has been much glorification

over the return of the long-looked-

for prosperity. High wheat brought

Democratic votes.

do the same.

erations out of view, should have party principally legislates, although

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1897.

ernment of the United States as- had wheat to sell to pay some of sume all the responsibility and take their debts and to buy things they all the risks. If the canal company needed, and thus others were benewere out of it altogether, and the fitted by the prosperity that came to work to be done and the responsithe wheat grower. But so far the bility assumed by the Government prosperity has been sectional, and in other words, if it was to be excluvery little of it has spread southsively a Government enterprise withward. Cotton is to the South what out any company mixed up in it to wheat is to the West. High priced reap the profits, they would be more wheat means prosperity for the West; high priced cotton means

But be this as it may, whether this prosperity for the South; but incompany is taking advantage of the stead of high priced cotton, we see situation to make some money for cotton five or six dollars a bale itself or not, the scheme is a good lower than it was this time one and should have been pushed to last year, while nearly everything completion long ago. There are the cotton planter has to buy is few people who have given it any higher. If he has to buy flour or thought who do not admit that it corn, he has to pay more for them would be a grand thing for this coun- than he did last year when he got try and of inestimable importance more for his cotton, and everything from a naval standpoint, as opening else he has to buy has gone up, while a short route for the passage of our cotton has gone down, with very litwar ships from the Atlantic to the tle prospect of its going up much. Pacific, for the protection of the Pa-We are not disposed to do an unnecific coast, which has become all the cessary amount of grumbling, nor to more important since Japan is loom look on the dark side of things, but ing up as a naval power and showthe prosperity over which the Re ing a disposition to contest suprempublican papers are making so much acy in Pacific waters. This consid-

> this time. The women of Montreal, Canada struck a lot of cheap bicycles lately. The bishop prohibited his priests from riding the bike and as the kind they used are the kind used by women, they were thrown on the market cheap.

ado, seems to be confined to that

section for which the Republican

it didn't legislate the prosperity in

Is a recent election in a New Jersey township there wasn't a single vote cast for coroner, although two and Col. A. M. Waddell and Jao. D. candidates were running. This puts both of these citizens above the suspicion of having voted for them-

A paper bottle, a German idea, is among the latest inventions. It is made impervious by some chemical process. They are intended principally for use on vessels at sea, where the rocking plays smash with glass

A lot of those colored Liberian colonists who left Savannah about a year ago, singing and rejotcing, reached Liverpool the other day, but were not in a festive mood. They were sufficiently amused with Li-

faction is in division on the other side. That's the situa-Congressman Livingston, of Geortion now. Two Republican candigia, predicts that Cuba will be free dates in the field, one representing and doing business on her own acthe regular Republican organization, count by the 1st of January. This the other an independent; two Demisn't giving Mr. Weyler much time ocratic candidates, one representing to pack up and pull out. the Tammany organization, the

A Catholic pastor in Pittsburg, Pa; will not admit the public to weddings in his church. He thinks that people about to marry have ordeal enough to go through without running the gauntlet of a mob.

Bismarck says the Kaiser's hatred of England has almost isolated Germany. Well, what of that? Hasn't Germany got the Kaiser, and can't he entertain it and keep it

Canada juries do not put a high price on the kiss in the family. A young woman who sued her 76-yearold uncle for \$2,000 for kissing her while driving her somewhere, got a verdict for 20 cents.

Mrs. Luetgert, who is supposed to be dead, must be out on a prospecting tour, if she was seen in Wisconson and shorty afterwards in Nebraska.

The Russian police have discov ered another conspiracy against the life of the Czar, and have made 120 arrests, among them two officers of Kaiser William's army.

Several slight shocks of earthquake were felt in Maine the other day, but it was probably only Tom Reed doing some of his emphatic

Boss Quay, of Pennsylvania, ad mires the dexterous manner in which Boss Platt runs the machine in the Greater New York.

Meat is said to be so scarce in Cuba that there is none to be found n Havana, and poor people are eat ing cats and dogs.

That X ray machine, with which it is said that a man may be seen clean through, has been constructed for a Washington doctor, who will use it.

Hars Instead of Horns, The Observer is responsible for the

following horrible story: "Three well known Fayetteville gentlemen went deer hunting this morning. At noon a telegram was received from Manchester stating that one of these gentlemen, a popular railroad official, had killed one of Mr. John Clark's mules,

mistaking it for a deer." Cotton Drops Again. The cotton market seems never to make a change now, except for the worse. The quotation for middling yesterday was exactly 2 cents per pound lower than it was on the corresponding

remarked yesterday that he wouldn't be

SUPERIOR COURT.

Jadgment for the City in One ( f the Back Tax Cases-An Appeal Taken by D:fandant - Other Basiness-Cores

Bet for Tetal To-morrow. When the Superior Court reassem bled yesterday morning at 10 o'clock the trial of the case of City of Wilmington vs. Mrs. R. C. Stolter, et al., suit brought by plaint ffs to recover back taxes, was resumed, and argument was made in behalf of the defendants by Jno. D. Bellamy, Esq., and C. P. Lockey, Esq., and in behalf of the plaintiffs by Geo. Rountree, Esq., A. G Ricaud, Esq., and E. K. Bryan, Esq. Judgment was given to the plaintiffs for \$418, taxes for years 1891, 892 and 1893, with interest from the time due at 8 per cent. per annum. Counsel for the defendants appealed and notice of appeal was waived. The appeal bond was fixed at \$25 and the defendants were allowed thirty days in which to make a statement of the

In the case of Sol Bear & Co. vs John Gill, receiver, et al., judgment was given for the plaintiff.

The sunt brought by The B. F. Mitchel Co. vs. C. M. Whitlock consumed the time of the Court for the remainder of the day. A verdict was rendered for the defendant.

Shortly after 6 o'clock Court took a ecess until 10 o'clock to-morrow morn-

T. B. Burnett vs. W., N. & N. Railway Company, an action brought by the plaintiff to recover damages sustained while a passenger on that road, is the first case docketed to be tried to morrow. This case was tried at the September, 1896. of Court, and a judgment given the plaintiff, but upon au appeal of the counsel for the defendant the Supreme Court granted a new trial, C. P. Lockey, Esq. A. J. Marshall, Esq. and Bellamy & Bellamy will appear for the plaintiff

Bellamy, E q, for the defendants. suits brought by the city of Wilmington is stated that all will be continued until

OCTOBER MOVING.

Changes in Places of Susiness Since the

Messrs. Wm. E Worth & Co., ice manufacturers, bave moved their down town ice department to No. 10 Dick street, between Front and Water. The capacity of their ice plant now is 100 tons daily.

Messrs. R. R. Love & Bro. give notice of the removal of their wholesale grocerv and commission business from 21 North Water street to 110 North Water street, the store formerly occupied by Mr. J. A. Montgomery. A growing business compels Messrs. Love & Bro. to seek more room.

M P. TAYLOR JR., & CO.

M. P. Taylor, Jr., & Co. have ther bicycle partors, work shops and renting department in the old National Bank building, into which they have moved in the last few days. This is a good stand, centrally located, and the "bike" business ought to thrive there. C. D. FOARD.

Mr. C. D. Foard has removed his stock of hardware and house furnishings to No. 29 South Front street, formerly occupied by the Alderman Hardware Company. This has been a hardware store for some time and is in a good business portion of the city. Mr. Foard an nounces that he will keep always on hand a complete stock of everything in

THE SNEED COMPANY, as announced previously, will occupy the large building on the southeast corner of Second and Market streets, and will have it fitted up in good shape for the furniture business.

CITY MARKETS.

The Usual Assortment-Oysters Beginning

to Come In-Fruit Growing Scarce. There was the usual assortment of edibles on the city markets yesterday. In addition, oysters are beginning to be in abundance. There were a few dressed birds on sale, rice birds at 40 cents a dozen and coots at 50 and 60 cents per dozen. Of fruits, watermeions are playing out and North Carolina apples beginning to be replaced with Northern fruit. Grapes are still plentiful. Eggs sold at 16% and 18 cents per dozen.

Vegetables-Sweet potatoes, 20c per peck; Irish potatoes, 85c per peck; tomatoes, 5: per quart; collards, 5c per head; field peas, 5c per quart; butter beans, 10c per quart; string beans, 5c per quart; okra, 5c per quart; onions, 5 to 10c per quart; cabbage, 5 to 10c each; turnips, 5c per bunch; roasting ears, 20c per dozen;

lettuce, 5c per head. Meats-Steak, loin, 121/c; round, 10c; chuck beef, 6 to 7c; stew, 5 to 6c; mutton, 10 to 1816c; veal, 10 to 1916c; tongue, 191/4 to 15c; fresh pork, 10c; sausage 10c.

Clams, Crabs and Shrimps-Clams, 15c per quart; soft crabs, 80 to 40c per dozen; channel crabs. 10c per dozen; shrimps, 10c per quart.

grapes, 21/4 to 5c per quart; apples, 80c per peck; pears, 40c per peck. Poultry-Grown fowls, 25 to 85c each Spring chickens, 20 to 30c each; dressed

Fruit-Watermelons, 5 to 15c each;

chickens, 80 to 35c. Fish-September mullets, 10 to 15c per bunch; drum, 15c each; pig fish, 15c per bunch; blue fish, 15c per bunch; spots, 15c per bunch; flounders, 10c per

Oysters-New River, \$1.00 per gallon; Stump Sound, 75c per gallon.

- During the past week marriage licenses were issued to two white and three colored couples, and during the month of September thirty-two marriage licenses were issued, divided equally COTTON EXPORTS.

Expants of Cotton Have Bean Unuanally Large in the Month Just Had d-Calculation Shows the Value of a Bile of Cotton to by 8'x or Bevan Dollars Less Then Last Year.

A comparison of the cotton shipments for the month just ended with those of September, 1896, is decidedly in favor of this year, as is also a comparison of the number of cotton steamers in port and cleared during the month. In September, 1896, six steamers ar rived, with a net tonnage of 9,143 tons;

three steamships cleared, of which the net tonnage was 4,840 tons, and they carried out 21,288 bales, or 10,646,831 pounds, valued at \$853,000. In September, 1897, there were nine arrivals of steamships, with a net ton-nage of 16 485 tons. Counting the Vera, cleared by J. H. Sloan last night, there were in September, 5 clearances,

the net tonnage being 8,011 tons. These vessels carried out 88 674 bales. 19,983,134 pounds, valued at \$1,838,048. The increase in arrivals is 8; in clearances, 2; in tonnage of arrivals, 7,295; in tonnage of clearances, 8 671; in number of bales taken out. 17 886; in pounds, 9,315,308; in value, \$485,048.

The calculation shows that a bale of this year is worth on an average \$34 60; a bale last year was worth \$40.07. At the prices ruling now there would be a greater difference in the values for this year and last, but early in the season, as will be remembered, the price was higher. The average bale this year is heavier by fifteen or twenty pounds than the average bale in September. 1896, and that makes the average value seem higher in the comparison.

The Artesian Well at Hilton.

The work of boring the artesian wel for the Clarendon Water Works Company, as contracted for with Messrs Thompson & Storey, of Wheeling, W. Va., and which is to be located at Hilton at the station of the company, will not commence until about the 18th inst., as Superintendent W. F. Robertson, of the Clarendon Water Works Co., has received a letter to that effect from Messrs. There are also several more of the Thompson & Storey. The derrick and all the necessary tools, however, will aragainst individuals for the recovery of rive in a few days and will be immediback taxes set for trial to-morrow, but it ately transported to Hilton so as to cause no delay when the force of hands arrive. The force will be divided into two parties, one working during the day and the other at night. When the well is bored sufficient to yield pure water the suction and force pump of the com pany will be attached to the well and the water distributed through mains around the city. In Fayetteville, an artesian well has been bored to a depth of from 200 to 237 feet, and fine water is

QUARANTINE AFFAIRS.

Police Captain Green on a Tour of Inspection Captain of Police Robert Green left last night on the 7.15 o'clock north bound Wilmington & Weldon railroad train for Wilson to inspect the different quarantine officers now out and to see f everything is working all right. From Wilson Captain Green will go to Florence, S. C.

Oil Barge No. 58, of the Standard Oil Company, arrived in port yesterday afternoon, and Dr. McMillan, accompanied by a STAR representative, went aboard, to see if there was any sickness mong the crew, which was found not to be the case, and Dr. McMillan issued health certificates to Capt. August Neilson, the master of the barge and his

BURNED WITH MOLTEN METAL. Young Waite Man of Clarkton Sustains

a Painful Injury. W. C. Eason, of Clarkton, a young white man, arrived in the city yesterday

suffering from a very painful accident. Yesterday morning about 8.80 o'clock he was pouring some melted babbit into a box at a saw mill, when the metal exploded in some way, owing to gas formation probably, and flew into his face and eyes, causing great pain and temporary injury of the sight.

He came in over the Seaboard Air Line, and called on Dr. W. C. Galloway for treatment. An examination showed that the metal had struck the balls of both eyes, and of the left in such a way as to make it probable that the sight will be weakened lor a time at least. All the lashes were burnt from the left eyelids, and the tear-ducts of the right eye were seared, so that Mr. Eason will shed tears habitually until medical treatment corrects the defect.

The Quarantine Affects the Newsboys'

Under present quarantine regulations news dealers on the trains are not al lowed to sell bananas or any other fruits coming from infected districts, so the news dealer on the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad was informed yesterday by the quarantine officer at Fayetteville. This restriction will lessen the newsboys' receipts quite a little, as the sales of bananas are larger than of any other fruit it not of every other article sold on the train.

The record in the office of Dr. W. D. McMillan, superintendent of health, for the past week shows twelve deaths, two white and ten colored, and fourteen

hirths six white and eight colored. During the week five residences were quarantined, two on account of diphtheria and three on account of scarlet fever.

Deaths the past week were caused by the following diseases, viz: Paralysis, 1; typhoid fever, 2; gasteo entritis, 1; tuberculosis, 2: malarial fever, 1; meningitis, 1: accident, 1; unknown, 8.

Weather in September.

The meteorological summary for September, furnished by Mr. Chas. M. Strong, local forecast official of the Weather Bureau, shows that the mean temperature during that month in Wilmington was 73°; highest, 94°; lowest, 52°. The prevailing direction of wind was northeast; maximum velocity 26 miles, on the 22d. The total rainfall was 1.54 inches; average rainfall this month for 37 years, 5 17 inches. There were 17 clear days; 5 partly cloudy; 8

- Before many moons have wax ed and waned, middling cotton will seil for more than six cents.

BASE BALL.

The National Lesgue-Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting

Since Baston beat Brooklyn Thurs day and Biltimore lost on the same day to Washington, which assured the Beaneaters of the ownership of the pennant for '97, the ball games between the clubs of the first division have been merely farces, as none of the clubs in that division can possibly lose their standing, while Brooklyn and Wash-

ington will remain neck and neck. So it was with a feeling of relief that we hail the news that Baltimore and Boston have run their championship race. But our interest is once more aroused and excitement gets the best of us when it is announced that the Temple Cup series commences to morrow at Boston; and that both of the two leaders will be at their best. Umpires Ainslie and Hurst will fofficiate during the games, as they were both acceptable to manager Hanlon, of the Orioles, and

To those who have not a clear understanding of the "Temple Cup" series the following article, from the Baltimore Sun of yesterday, will prove of interest

manager Selee, of the Beancaters.

According to the stipulation of the donor of the cup, Mr. W. C. Temple, of Pittsburg, it is to be played for by the two clubs finishing first and second, the series of games to consist of seven, unless one of the clubs win four before the full seven be completed. The cup was given in 1894, when New York, the second place club, won from the champion Baltimores in four straight games. Cleveland, which was second in '95, won it from Baltimore by taking four games to Baltimore's one. Last year, as it is well known, the three-time champions beat Cleveland four straight and got the cup for the first time. The receipts are divided among the players. the victorious club getting 60 per cent of the profits.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES. Brooklyn,15; Boston, 6. Washington, 6; Baltimore, 8 Pailadelphia, 18; New York, 5. Pittsburg, 7; Cleveland, 4. Chicago, 8; St. Louis, 2. Cincinnati, 9, Louisville, WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Cincinnati at Louisville. Chicago at St. Louis.

-y-	Dec - 75				
STAN	DING	OF T	HE CL	UBS.	18
			Won.	Lost.	Per
Boston			93	89	.70
Baltimore			- 90	40	.69
New York			83	48	.68
Cincinnati			75	56	.57
Cleveland			68	62	.52
Brooklyn			61	71	.46
Washington			61	61	.46
Pittsburg			60	70	.46
Chicago			58	71	45
Philadelphia			55	77	.41
Louisville			52	78	.40
St. Louis			29	101	.22

To-day ushers out the league games or '97 and the strife is o'er, although there are several postponed games that ought to be played, but will probably not be, as the outcome will in no way effect the standing. The Orioles merely went through the necessary movements yesterday, and that was all. The day was on the stormy order and less than two hundred people saw the Senators

win a dull and tiresome battle. The Boston and Brooklyn teams placed their men yesterday anywhere and everywhere. Lewis pitched for the Bridegrooms, but didn't exert himself. It is whispered that he is slated to shove the sphere against Boston in one of the "Temple Cup" series games. The Phillies certainly yesterday made the Gants remember the closing of the sea-

## RALEIGH NEWS ITEMS.

New Republican Organ-Penitentlary Con victe to Work the Halifax Farm-Rain Needed-Saloons to Have Full Swing Fatr Week.

[Special Star Correspondence.]

RALEIGH, N. C., October 9. Col. W. W. Hayward will soon begin the publication of a weekly paper at Hendersonville. It is his intention to ransfer the property to Raleigh before the next campaign gets under way. He says Russell and his element have not the least bit of following in western North Carolina. Col. Hayward returned to Hendersonville to-day. The Republicans are very desirous of establishing a weekly paper here. Of

course it would be hostile to Russell. That worthy is never classed as a Reoublican at present. Superintendent John R. Smith will ferring with the county commissioners

end every prisoner that can work to the Halifax farm on Monday. He is now conwith the view of borrowing fifty convicts from the county workhouse for immediate use. Superintendent Smith proposes to repay the county later in the Fall by giving the workhouse the use of the same number to work the roads. The scheme is a new one and it is possible that the laws of the State may in-

The aldermen decided last night to allow the saloons to remain open al night Fair week. Rain is very much needed here. The

streams are very low. Senator John W. Daniel, who has been in the city for several days, said, in speaking of the late Senator Vance, that were that honored statesman living North Carolina would have a united licanism and Populism before it.

HENRY GEORGE.

Movement on Foot Among Tammanyites to Further His Nomination on the Chicago Platform. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8 .- Henry George is attracting more attention from politicians than any other factor in the municipal campaign. It was learned to-day that a movement is on foot among the rank and file of Tammany Hall to overthrow the regular nomination and in a monster mass meeting nominate Henry George on the Chicago platform, with such additional planks as the local situof death he was compelled to sign a re-traction of an article he had written reation may call for. The movement has developed to the extent of a meeting of its promoters informally and to-morrow they will meet and formally organize. A program has been prepared and at tomorrow's meeting it will be formally adopted.

University between The Franklin and Mills, Wilson S. wyer, S.anley, Mrs Marshall, and the University teams, the Elia J. Newell; Thermal City, L. D. latter won by a score of 38 to 0.

NO. 49 POLITICS IN ENGLAND.

PEOPLE WEARY OF LORD SALISBURY'S

BLUNDERING Signs of Prouble Brewing in West Africa -The Prench Encrosching on British Territory - The Monstary Commission-Tarkey Neg tating with

Germany for a Defensive Alliance. By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, October 2 - The recent byelection in East Denbighshire, resulting in a greatly increased Liberal majority. seems to be a warning that the people are wearying of the blundering which has marked Lord Salisbury's policy. Mr. Russell recalled several instances in which he said the Premier always started with a fine display of vigor which oozes away so soon as his opponent shows fight." Continuing. Mr. Russell said Lord Salisbury backed before Secretary Olney and is now backing down before Secretary Sherman, and that during the course of the peace negotiations between Greece and Turkey the Cza and Emperor William bandled Lord Salisbury so effectually that he was

made to eat his own appouncement. Unless the signs are deceiving, trouble s brewing in West Africa between the British and the French, who since 1889 have doubled their protectorate in the Western Soudan, and the great bulk of the accession to French territory has been carved out of country generally regarded as being within the British

sphere of influence. There are mysterious stories affoat of disturbances at Lagos, on the west coast of Africa, and the movements of Brulsh troops to that part of the world from adjoining colonies, coupled with the news that the French Colonial Minister is going to the Senegal coast, and other signs lead to the belief that the situation is threatening and that the conflict of in logial Office official said to a representative of the Associated Press: "The native ferment amounts to nothing; but the fact is the French are pushing us into the sea and unless we are rehabilitated by a commission to deliminate the Anglo-French troptier more successfully than formerly there is bound to be trouble.

eagerly waited by the United States monetary commissioners. While the chancellor of the exchequer may communicate a message immediately to the commissioners, it is not unlikely that it will be a notification that the govern ment is still unable to give them a defi nite reply to their proposals, but hopes to be able to announce its conclusions at some specific future time. Public men, who are in the best position to udge, think that recent developments oreshadow a negative answer.

Mai, Moses P. Handy, the special United States commissioner to the Paris Exposition of 1900, has had a cordial interview with the French minister for foreign affairs, M. Hanotaux, n regard to the objects of his visit to Europe; but he and his associates are dissatisfied with the small amount o space allotted to the United States, and threaten to withdraw. It is practicaly impossible for the authorities to extend the space. Apart from the fact that the ground has been definitely chosen, the horse car and railroad lines approved and the concessions granted. there is no available space whatever in proximity to the building.

BERLIN, October 2 -The reports in the Turkish newspapers to the effect that Turkey is negotiating with Germany for a special defensive alliance and that Turkey is on the point of joining the Dreibund, are denied emphatically at the German general office. The correspondent of the Associated Press, however, learns from diplomatic circle that approaches to that effect have repeatedly been made by Turkey during the past three months and there is a variance of opinion between Emperor William and Baron von Buelow and Prince Hosenlohe, the imperial chanceller, the lat ter distinctly rejecting all such overtures.

The burried arrival in Berlin of Count von Munster Ledenburg, the German Ambassador to France, and his subsequent movements have created a sensa tion. Immediately after the ambassador arrived here from Paris on Monday, he had a lengthy conference with Dr. Miquel, Prince Hohenlohe being still away, and the same day he started for Rominten to see the Emperor. After the ambassador's return to Berlin on Wednesday there was a special session of the cabinet and Count von Munster-Ledenburg then returned to Paris. There are many surmises regarding the mysterious movements of the ambassador; but nothing definite has been ascertained concerning them.

LUETGERT MURDER TRIAL. It Will Last at Least Three Weeks Longer -Luctgert Himself to Testify.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHICAGO, October 2.—The close of the sixth week of the celebrated trial of Adolph Luetgert for the alleged murder of his wife showed the case far from completed. Luetgert's story has not been heard. The big sausage maker may

be on the stand a week. The greater part of last week was devoted to threshing over old straw. The consensus of opinion at the close of the week this afternoon by close observers of the trial since the opening was that the prosecution had the better of the argument. Experts of the defence have contradicted each other on cross-exami-They have also made blunders amused the jurors and apparently weak-

ened their testimony. Both of the hands of Charles Boos, a stenographer in the State's Attorney of fice, are swollen badly and much inflamed. Boos has been reporting the Luctgert trial and has handled the bones placed in evidence quite freely. A physician who to day examined the stenographer's hands, said they showed evidence of tubercular germs. The result may be serious.

The trial will last at least three weeks

MOBBED BY STUDENTS. An Editor at Wago, Who Had Reflected on

Taylor University. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WACO, TEX, October 2.-W. B Brann, editor of Brann's Iconoclast, was the victim of a mob of 200 students of Taylor University, a Baptist institution, this afternoon. Mr. Brann was sitting in his publishing house, when four men took

him by force to the college campus and

threatened to hang him. Under threats

flecting on Taylor University. The following fourth class postmasters were appointed yes:erday in North Carolina: E k Park, Henry T Norman; Lorin the foot ball match at the Virginia Taylor; Rodaths, F. P. Modget; South

Allen.



Royal makes the food pure

### THE FEVER SITUATION

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YOR

GROWING STEADILY WORSE AT NEW ORLEANS.

Large Number of New Cases-But the Death Hate Continues Small-More Hocouraging Advices from Mcbile-Only One N w Case and One Desth-At Bile zi the Disesse More Malignart.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star, NEW ORLEANS, October 2 .- Numerous cases of yellow fever appeared here to-day, as was expected. The weather is warm and the foct of injection have increased. The malignancy of the disease, however, has not been emphasized. There have been four deaths to day and thirty-one new cases, but there have been many discharges of patients, among them being Mr. R. P. Reynolds, of the Illinois Central road. Mr. Roddy, of the same road, is doing well. The new cases are widely scattered. No section

of the city escapes infection. Gov. Foster to-day wired Gov. Culberson, of Texas, and Gov. McLaurin, of Mississippi, asking for a conference of health officials on the question of mov-

ing mail and freight matter. Gov. Culberson to-night wired the following answer to Gov, Foster: "In view of the spread of yellow fever there, it is not believed to be safe to admit The chancellor of the exchequer Sir | freight, express or passengers to Texas Michael Hicks-Beach, returns to Lon- from New Orleans or other infected logen will confer with the au nor ues named at any time and place you may appoints

EDWARDS, MISS., October 9 - U to .80 seven new cases of veilow ever have been reported, all of which are whites. Two of these cases are nurses sent from Vicksburg, who did not carm to have been immunes. Total case 291: number under treatment, 118; number convalescent and discharged, 168; num ber seriously ill, 8.

MOBILE October 2 -Frank Pierre, a nulatto, is the only new case to day. There was one death, that of Alexander Sellers, on Bayou street near Eimira. Iwo patients were discharged. Total cases to date, 83; total deaths, 18. The occurrence of one case only is aken as evidence that the work of disniection is having its desired effect.

Cassibry, Jr. Mary Deckle and Miss Rosline Deckle. At Scranton, Miss., there is reported to-day five new cases and three sus-

picious cases. BILOXI. MISS. October 2.- A study of the week's report does not offer much encouragement as to any effective measures having been put in practice to check the fever. The disease has probably invaded every quarter of the city do not report cases of fever. From two to three new cases the list has gradually increased to 20 or 25 cases a day. The type is becoming more malignant. The Health Board reports: Total yellow ever cases to date, 208; deaths to date, new cases to day, 16.

McHenry, Miss, reports all fever pa-LOUISVILLE, KY., October 9.-At a citizens' mass meeting to-day a signed statement was issued declaring untrue the rumors that vellow lever had broken out in Louisville. The only two cases in Louisville were imported and there has been enough frost to prevent any fear of

THE SPANISH CRISIS.

MADRID, October 27.-Senor Sagasta he Liberal leader, has been entrusted by the Queen Regent with the task of forming a new cabinet in succession to the Azcarraga ministry, which resigned on Wednesday last.

Senor Sagasta, after leaving the Queen Regent, had a long conference with the Marquis Vega de Armijo, who accepts the presidency of the Chamber. Admiral Bermejo becomes Minister of Marine, in succession to Admiral Be-The financial question is demanding the greatest attention and the Liberals

of Parliament, frankly expose the position of the Spanish treasury. WASHINGTON, October 2 - The news rom Madrid to the effect that the Queen Regent had invited Sagasta to form a cabinet to succeed the Azcarraga cabiiet was hailed with a feeling of relief in

will at the outset of the coming session

fficial circles here. In view of the administration the Joited States and Cuba bave all to pain and nothing to lose in the Liberal accession to power. Even if the party is not willing to go as far as the extreme Cuoan sympathizers in the United States, it is felt that there certainly will be a most liberal offering of concessions to

ecure peace in Cuba. Sagasta is said to have stood from the first in opposition to the policy pursued by Spain for the last year. Those familiar with affaire in Spain say that the Sagasta view has become very popular in Spain, mainly because the wa policy had served to draft most of the young men from the interior and expose them to disease and death. As a result of this sentiment, it is said that an election would give Sagasta a Liberal majority in the Cortes and thus permit him to carry on the government without being hampered by the Conservative majority of over one hundred.

which now exists in the Cortes. The retirement of Senor Dupey de Lome is probable as a result of the formation of a Liberal ministry, and it is believed the minister will tender his resignation as soon as he is officially advised of the advent of the Sagasta cabinet.

TO THE EDITOR: I have an absolute Cure for CONSUMPTION and all Bronchial, Throat at ung Troubles, and all conditions of Wastin away. By its timely use thousands of apparent Away. By its timely use thousands of apparently hopeless cases have been permanently cured.

So proof-positive am I of its power to cure, I will send FREB to anyone afflicted, THREE BOTTLES of my Newly Discovered Remedies, upon receipt of Express and Postoffice address.

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T.'A. SLOCUM, M.C., 183 Pearl St., New York.

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