The Weekly Star.

BEES AND A BEAR. in Finds a Rich Store of Honey In a

Hollow Tree. In Mr. W. H. Shelton's serial story, "The Last Three Soldiers," in St. Nicholas, is the following account of the pranks of a pet bear belonging to the three soldiers, who are castaways on a mountain top in the south :

It was Philip who caught the first view of him, well up on the trunk of the tallest chestnut on the plateau, which, growing in a sheltered place under the northwest hill, had not been dwarfed and twisted by the winds, like its fellows higher up. At the moment he was discovered he was licking his paw in the most peaceful and contented way, while the air about his head was thick with a small cloud of angry bees, darting furiously among the limbs and thrusting their hot stings into his shaggy coat, seeming to disturb him no more than one small gnat can disturb an ox. The soldiers had been deprived of sweets since the last of the sugar had been used in the early winter, and a supply of honey would just fit the cravings of their educated taste. Share and share alike, bear and man, was the unwritten law of Sherman Territory, and so while Philip shouted for the ax he began to throw clubs at Tumtler, which were so much larger and more persuasive than the stings of the bees that the bear began promptly to back his way down the trunk of the tree. -

Coleman and Bromley appeared in a jiffy, casting off their jackets and rolling up their sleeves as they came. When the chips began to fly, Tumbler sat down to watch, evidently feeling that some superior intelligence was at work for his benefit, while the stupid bees kept swarming about the hole above, except a few stray ones which had not yet got tired of burrowing into the shaggy coat of the bear, and these now turned their attention. to the

men and were promptly knocked down by wisps of grass in the hands of Coleman and Philip, while Bromley plied the ax. If only they had had a supply of sulphur, by waiting until the bees were settled at night they could have burned some in the opening made by the ax, and with the noxious fumes destroyed the last bee in the tree. Then, too, if they had been in less of a hurry that they proposed that the Pinkerton they might have waited until a detective agency have the watching of frost morning in November had the pier, and they wou'd advise the

A LITTLE SUFFERER

Face, Hands and Arms Covered With Scrofulous Humars-How a Cure Was Effected.

"When five years old my little boy had arofuls on his face, hands and arms. It was worst on his chin, although the sores on his cheeks and hands were very bad. It appeared in the form of red pimples which would fester, break open and run and then scab over. After disappearing they would break out again. They caused intense itching and the little sufferer had to be watched continually to keep him from scratching the sores. We became

greatly alarmed at his condition. My wife's mother had had scrofuls and the only medicine which had helpd her was Hood's Barsaparilla. We decided to give it to our boy and we noted an improvement in his case very soon. After giving him four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla the humor had all been driven out of his blood and it has never since returned." WILLIAM BARTZ, 416 South Williams St., South Bend, Indiana. You can buy Hood's Sarsaparilla of all

druggists. Be sure to get only Hood's. Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills : easy to take.

FILIBUSTERING EXPEDITIONS.

Beoretary Gege's Beport as to American Vessels-The Case of the Silver Hoels. By Telegraph to the Morning Stat.

WASHINGTON, December 8 .- Secretary Gige has submitted to the Department of State his report upon the ac tion of the Treasury Department in suppressing filibustering expeditions to Cuba in violation of the neutrality laws synopsis of which is furnished by the Department as follows :

"Secretary Gage points out the lact that during two years and a hal: only six American vessels of an aggregate of 881 registered tons are alleged to have successfully landed expeditions from the United States in Cuoa. With the exception of the Laurada the six Amer.can vessels alleged to have successfully taken part in expeditions in Cuban waters are small tugs and a pilot boat, each of less than 100 net tons, and obviously inca pable of carrying large numbers of men or large quantities of ammunition. Three foreign vessels of an aggregate of

1,773 registered tons are alleged to have been successful in the same effort. "The case of the Silver Heels is included, as the vessel may have been suc cessful, though nothing has been heard of her since her departure, six weeks ago; she may have perished in the severe storm a' few days after her depariure. Concerning that case, however, it is to be observed that the colector at New York reports that Mr. Hand, representing the Spanish consul, stated to him that he did not desire the vessel de aned at the dock, but seized alter departure therefrom. Mr. Hand and Mr. Thornhill stated to me

will, a dozen people in real life awaiting in a room a verdict that means life or death to one so dear as

son and friend. Are they quiet? Here is one pacing nervously to and fro, perhaps more than one. Here is the mother waiting. She may be of man over natural productions, crying. Here are two or three little knots of people talking together in an undertone. What interest would that sort of thing have for an audience? Bill rushes in, crying almost before he gets through the door, 'They've convicted him!' In an instant there is tumult. Three or four of the men swear. The mother is crying, loudly perhaps, and immediately two or three run to her to soothe and quiet her. It is a scene an audience wouldn't have.

"In Shakespeare's time acting was forced. Now it is not forced, but it is not natural. You admire a great painting. You think it looks exactly like nature, but it doesn't. An artist uses his imagination to create artistic effect. You see pictures of a battle. Take the picture of Napoleon after Waterloo. It all looks he is, with his officers, on horse, but you don't suppose Napoleon and his officers ever stood in a group so artistic after the excitement of a bat-

"After all, it is the audience you must please. The audience is the jury."-Stuart Robson in Kansas City Times.

GRANT AS A WRITER.

His Style Was Vigorous and Terse, With Little Ornament

General Horace Porter in "Campaign, ing With Grant" in The Century expresses the following opinion of Grant as a writer: His powers of concentration of thought were often shown by the circumstances under which h wrote. Nothing that went on around him, upon the field or in his quarters, could distract his attention or interrupt him. Sometimes, when his tent was filled with officers talking and laughing at the top of their voices, he would turn to his table and write the most important communications. There would then be an immediate "Hush!

and abundant excuses offered by the company, but he always insisted upon the conversation going on, and after awhile his officers came to understand his wishes in this respect, to learn that noise was apparently a stimulus rather than a check to his flow of ideas, and to realize that nothing short of a gen-eral attack along the whole line could divert his thoughts from the subject upon which his mind was concentrated. In writing his style was vigorous and terse, with little of ornament. Its most conspicuous characteristic was perspicuity. General Meade's chief of staff once said, "There is one striking feature about Grant's orders-no matter how

TERRA COTTA. The Material Grows In Usefulness In th Builders' Hands.

Terra cotta has been described as the great and only lasting triumph for it will last longer than iron, stone, wood and all other materials that will succumb to fire and other destroying influences. Because it predominates in that respect and because it can be used for the protection of iron and steel, and the enrichment of brickwork and stonework of various designs, it is used extensively in these days of lofty buildings and artistic and elaborate ornamentation.

Taking into consideration only architectural terra cotta, the product is immense, and, as the process of production is interesting, it may be worth while to describe some parts of the industry that has increased so rapidly. Decorative and artistic qualities are employed in very nice and very artistic. Here the productions, and good results cannot be obtained without careful attention, technical skill and exhaustive experiments. The composition of clay and the effect of heat must be known, and the combinations of certain colors must be determined before the plastic mass can be molded and fired. The colors of clays in the pits do not determine the colors of the finished product. A very dark clay may be white after it has been in a kiln, and a red clay may be redder. Some clays cannot be used alone for terra cotta. They require a mixture with other clays, and the requisite quantities of clays for proper production are kept secret in the business because the proportions have been ascertained after many failures. The combinations of clays and the results of firing having been determined, architects and builders take the product and employ it to the best advantage for interior or exterior work.

Sample blocks of terra cotta are furnished by the makers to the architects, and after the selection of any particular tint tons of the material with the same tint can be produced. From an architect's drawings the draffsmen at the terra cotta works copy the parts that are indicated for the use of terra cotta and develop working drawings for the modelers and moldmakers. Some architects furnish their own working drawing, with each detail indicated. Others suggest what they want, permit the artists and draftsmen to elaborate the ideas and aphurriedly he may write them on the prove the results after photographs field, no one ever has the slightest and blue prints of the models and doubt as to their meaning or ever has drawings have been submitted. It to read them over a second time to unis very often the case that the modderstand them." The general used Anelers have more talent than the arglo-Saxon words much more frequently chitects for producing a decorative than those derived from the Greek and effect in terra cotta, because certain Latin tongues. He had studied French limitations must be considered. The at West Point and picked up some draftsmen also understand by exknowledge of Spanish during the Mexiperience how to place the supportcan war, but he could not hold a conversation in either language, and rarely ing partitions of the hollow pieces. employed a foreign word in any of his In a few instances architects have writings. His adjectives were few and indicated large pieces of the matewell chosen. No document which ever rial that could not be produced by came from his hands was in the least the present process. It is difficult to degree pretentions. He never laid claim make and handle a very large piece to any knowledge he did not possess and from a single design, but almost any seemed to feel, with Addison, that "peddesign can be reproduced by makantry in learning is like hypocrisy in ing the piece in parts and joining religion-a form of knowledge without them together. The weight of the He rarely indulged in metaphor, but clay in a large piece is often too when he did employ a figure of speech great for its tenacity. During the it was always expressive and graphic, drying the tenacity of the clay as when he spoke of the commander at should enable the piece to move or Bermuda Hundred being "in a bottle travel, as the workmen say, in prostrongly corked" or referred to our arportion to the shrinkage .- New mies at one time as moving "like horses York Times. in a balky team, no two ever pulling together." His style inclined to the epigrammatic without his being aware of THE SULTAN AS HE IS.



Marvelous appliance and ene month's remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, without any advance payment, by the foremost company in the world in the treatment of men weak, broken, dis-ouraged from effects of excesses, worry, over-work, &c. Happy marriage secured, compute res-toration or development of all robust conditions. The time of this offer is limited. No C. O. D. Schemer, no deception; no exposure. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y. my 90 D&W tf th su ta

rear 891.

nushel

ushel.

Sides, 7 to 8c.

3.50 per M.

at 8 p. m.

Strained

of 280 fbs.

rear 891.

bushel

Sides. 7 to 8c.

8.50 per M.

Strained.

of 280 fbs

69

240

Receipts-2,705 bales; same day last

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime.

10@45c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra

CORN-Firm; 47%@50 cents per

to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c;

SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch,

hearts and saps, \$1 60 to 2.25; six inch,

\$2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER-Market steady at \$8.00 to

STAR OFFICE, December 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market

ROSIN-Market 'dull at \$1 15 per

bbi for Strained and \$1 20 for Good

TAR .- Market firm at \$1.05 per bbl

CRUDE TURPENTINE.-Market

quiet: \$1.40 per barrel for Hard, 1 90

Quotations same day last year-Spirits

turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm,

\$1.45. \$1.50; tar steady. \$1.10; crude tur-

RECEIPTS.

Receipts same day last year-52

casks spirits turpentine, 862 bbls rosin,

COTTON.

Ordinary 2 15-16 cts 2 1b

Good Ordinary..... 414 " " Low Middling...... 4 15-16 " "

Same day last year, middling 7c:

Receipts-9 055 bales; same day last

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime,

40@45c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra

Prime, 50c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia-

CORN-Firm; 47%@50 cents per

ROUGH RICE --- \$1.00@1.05 per

N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams,

to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c;

SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch,

bearts, and saps, \$1.60 to 9.95; six inch.

TIMBER-Market steady at \$8.00 to

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For month of November, 1897.

18,653

RECEIPTS.

For month of November, 1896.

Rosin.

EXPORTS.

For month of November, 1897.

EXPORTS.

For month of November, 189

(8,8:3 8,484 20,265

STOCKS.

Ashore and, Afloat, Dec. 1, 1897

19,619 4,142

Cotton, Spirits. Rosin, Tar. Crude

60,826 1,957 13,026 5,143 1,548

Cotton, Spirits, Rosin, Tar. Crude

2,984 1,1 5 4,978 5.0 19,080 0.00

Ashers, Afloat,

14 869 .8.3°5 48.204 2,269 241

STOCKS.

1,957 1,055 00J 18,9/0

Tar.

6 813

Tar.

5,149

4,978

16.926 653 9,700

19

Crud

1,171

Crude

1,039

1,549

94

943

Total

80 575

5298

8,3-1

Spirits. Rosin.

9,948

Soivits.

8,935

2, 59

51,4.7

8,107 63,726

.....

\$2.25 to 8 25; seven inch. \$5.50 to 6.60.

Market steady on a basis of 5%c for

121

801

145

82

64 . 46

Spirits Turpentine.....

Rosin

Tar

Crude Turpentine.....

65 bbls tar, 43 bbls crude turpentine.

middling. Quotations:

ycar, 896.

bushel.

Sides 7 to 8c.

8.50 per M.

65 2:6

Cetton

53,061

Domestic...

Middling...... 5% Good Middling...... 5%

Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50c.

for Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

pentine quiet, \$1 40. 1 90, 1.80.

Prime, 50c; Fancy, 55c. Virginia-

ROUGH RICE-\$1.00@1.05

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET. STAR OFFICE, December 2. SPIRIIS TURPENTINE-Market firm at 80 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 29% cents for country casks. ROSIN-Market dull at \$1.15 per bl for Strained and \$1.20 for Good Strained. TAR .- Market firm at \$1.05 per bbl CRUDE TURPENTINE -- Market quiet: \$1 40 per barrel for Hard, 1.90 or Dip and 1,90 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year-Spirits urpentine firm, 94%, 24c bid; rosin firm, \$1.45, 1.50; tar steady, \$1.10; crude turpentine quiet, \$1.40, 1.90, 1.80 RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine..... 105 Rosin 861 Tar..... Crude Turpentine..... 157 Receipts same day last year-22 casks spirits turpentine, 143 bbls rosin, 74 bbis tar, 13 bbis crude turpentine. COTTON. Market firm on a basis of 5%c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary..... 9 15-16 cts 🍞 🛙 Good Ordinary..... 41/4 " " Low Middling...... 4 15-16 " " Middling 5% Good Middling 5% Same day last year, middling 7c. Receipts-3,178 bales; same day last year 1,668.

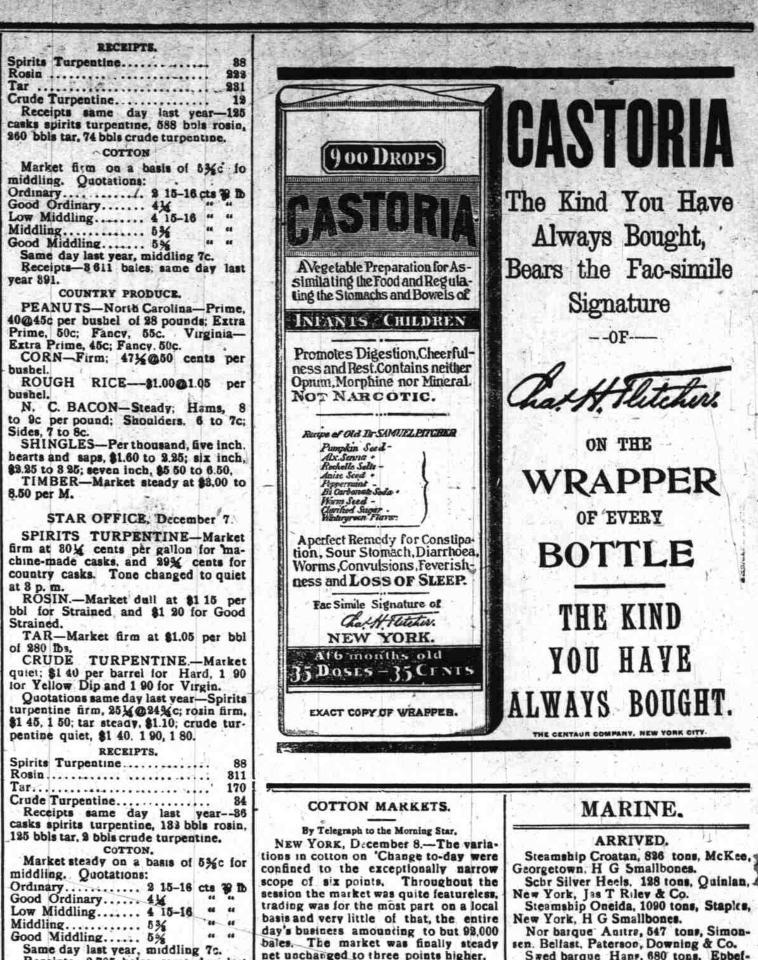
COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime 10@15c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 50c; Fancy, 55c. Virginia-Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50c. CORN-Firm; 47%@50 cents per

ROUGH RICE-41.10@1.15 per N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, Hams

to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five Inch

hearts and saps, \$1.60 to \$ 25; six inch, \$2.25 to 8.25; seven inch. \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.00 to 8.50 per M. Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50c.

STAR OFFICE, December 8. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market



Swed barque Hans, 680 tons, Ebbefsen. Bristol, Heide & Co. Schr Roger Moore, 277 tony, Miller,

Cotton dull; middling 5%c. Cotton lutures opened steady at the Savannah, Jas T Riley & Co. Schr May Thompson, 60 tops. decline and clused steady, with sales of 92,800 bales; January 5 72. February

Caboon, Savannah, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

CLEARED.

Swed barque' Friedrich, 635 tons, Cronberg, Bristol, Paterson, Downing

benumbed the bees, but in that case Tumbler would have eaten all the honey he could reach with his paws. As it was, the swarm extended so hands. low that as soon as the ax opened the first view into the hollow trunk the bees began to appear, and the opening had to be stuffed with

grass, and a bucket of water which Philip brought did not come amiss their efficiency. before the chopping was done. All this time Tumbler licked his jaws and kept his beady eyes fixed on the top of the tree like a good coon dog, and never stirred his stumps until with the last blow of the ax the old tree creaked and swayed at the top and fell with a great, crash

down the hill. The three soldiers ran off to a safe distance as soon as the tree began to fall, while Tumbler, after regarding their flight with a look of disgust, walked deliberately into the thick of the battle and began to crunch the dripping comb as coolly as a pig eats corn. The brittle trunk of the old tree had split open as it fell, and for 20 feet of its length the mass of yellow honey lay exposed to the gaze of the men, while the infuriated bees darkened the air above it and made a misty halo about the head of the happy bear.

ROBSON AND SHAKESPEARE.

The Modern Actor Rejects the Advice the Players In Hamlet,

"Hamlet says, 'Speak the speech, I pray you, as I pronounced it to you, trippingly on the tongue, but if you mouth it, as many of your players do, I had as lief the town crier spoke my lines,' That's all right, but when he says, 'Suit the action to the word, the word to the action'-never. Nothing could be worse. If one did that, he would run the risk of being natural, and, say what you please, to be natural is to be inartistic.

"You hear a man say: 'I like Jones. He is a good actor.' Why? 'Because he is so natural.' As a matter of fact, Jones isn't natural. He simply seems to be.

"As to the word and the action, the action should always precede or follow the word, never go with it, For example," and Mr. Robson took his hands out of his pockets, "let's take a line from real life.- We are talking together, and you insult me. Immediately I exclaim, 'You ---scoundrel!' and as I say it I strike you. That would be natural, but it of Haves. Oconto county, has elcped wouldn't do for the stage. It would be too quick for an audience. Both the word and the action would be over before an audience had comprehended what it was all about, and the dramatic effect would be lost. You insult me on the stage. I say, not in the same tone I would use in the heat of the real passion, a little slower perhaps, but more impress-

ively, 'You --- scoundrel!' Here I leave a pause of a few seconds and then deliver the blow. "Take a scene from my own play, 'The Jucklins,' " said Mr. Robson,

Daited States marshal promptly of the departure of the sloop, and that they desired the matter to be left in their own Secretary Gage makes no estimate of

the cost involved, which has evidently been very large, deeming the extent and results of the work performed by the department a better measure of the fidelity of its officers to their oaths and a better standard by which to measure

FINANCIAL LEGISLATION.

A Sharp Debate in the House Committee Bat king and Currency. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 8-The House Committee on Banking and Currency, which will have the shaping of a considerable portion of the finanthe power of it." cial legislation before the House, held its first meeting this morning and outlined its general-plan of action. In view

of Secretary Gage's recommendation of a comprehensive revision of currency and banking affairs, a resolution was adopted inviting the Secretary to embody his views in a bill. The committee was informed that the Secretary was now at work on a measure, and that it would be available for the committee in it. There was scarcely a document writabout a week. ten by him from which brief sentences

Mr. Hill, of Connecticut, then precipitated a sharp debate by moving that the committee act at once by reporting to the House a bill embodying three of the financial features which had the President's approval. These were embodied

in a bill heretofore offered by Mr. Bro sius, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Hill now proposed that the first three secs ons be placed before the House immediately. The three sections provided: Bank cir-

culation up to the par value of bonds deposited; reduction of the tax on circulation to one-lourth of one per cent.; the establishment of small barks in rural communities.

The debate was proceeding with animation when at 18 o'clock the meeting went over, a vote on the Hill motion not baving been reached.

some and disgusting disease, may be entirely cured by a thorough course of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

HooD's PILLS cure nausea, sick head. ache, indigestion, biliousness. All drugsts. 25 cents.

ELOPED WITH A NEGRO. The Young Daughter of a Wealthy Couple

in Osonto County, Wisconsip. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GREEN BAY, WIS, December 8.-Prince family is wealthy and prominent in the town of Hayes. John Prince, the father, swears vengeance on Smith and has disloberited his daughter, insisting that she can never be forgiven.

Frenchman's Vivid Description of could not be selected fit to be set in

Ruler of Turkey. mottos or placed upon transparencies. Victor Berard, in writing on Tur-As examples may be mentioned: "I key and the sultan for a Parisian propose to move immediately upon your review, has told some very interestworks," "I shall take no backward ing facts. For several years he was steps," the famous "I propose to fight a college professor in Constantinoit out on this line if it takes all sumple and knows his subject thorough mer," and, later in his career, "Let us have peace," "The best means of securly. He blames the sultan and Russia ing the repeal of an obnoxious law is its for the Armenian massacres, and vigorous enforcement," "I shall have holds the sultan up to scorn as perno policy to enforce against the will of haps the most abject coward holdthe people" and "Let no guilty man escape." ing a high position in Europe.

So fearful is the sultan of dynamite that he will not allow electric We continually hear of the Israelity to be used in Constantinople, as itish race. It is spoken of as the it is generated by dynamos. Here is the pen picture he draws

> of the sultan: "Abdul Hamid is a gentle, shy, civil man, rather cold at a first interview, but whose manner becomes winning on better acquaintance. His temper is even, his address affable, his native intelligence above the average, but his culture is nil. The gross farces of the Turkish stage for Dip and 1.90 for Virgin. and 'penny horrible' French literature are his great delight. He has ordered the whole of 'Xavier de Montepin' to be translated for him. His piety, perhaps simulated, is narrow and superstitious, and his private life serious, and, indeed, austere. The most severe Young Turks admit that for centuries the Ottoman throne has not been occupied by a man so little sensual. Embassadors have all been charmed by Abdul Hamid, and many have not got over this pleasant impression. It is due to the extreme politeness of this autocrat, to his attention to their remarks, his apparent assent to every one of their conclusions. The proofs he gives of hard work, good will and scrupulousness appeal to even the most liberal Young.

Turks, like Murad Bey. "A great effort or long habit is necessary to mistrust or disbelieve a man who seems so upright and Extra Prime. 45c; Fancy, 50c.

firm at 80 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 291% cents for country casks. ROSIN-Market dull at \$1.15 per

bbl for Strained and \$1.20 for Good Strained. TAR .- Market firm at \$1.05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Market quiet; \$140 per barrel for Hard, 1.90

for Dip and 1 90 for Virgin. . Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine firm, 241%, 24c; rosin firm firm at 80% ceats per gallon for ma-\$1 45, 1.50; tar steady, \$1 10; crude tur chine-made casks, and 29% cents for pentine quiet, \$1.40, 1 90, 1.80. country cashs.

RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine...... 127 Rosin Tar

Crude Turpentine 43 Receipts same day last year-11 casks spirits turpentine, 108 bbls rosin, 89 bbls tar, 22 bbls crude turpentine. COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5%c for middling: Quotations: Ordinary \$ 15-16 cts # 1 Good Ordinary..... 414 Low Middling..... 4 15-16 Middling 53% Good Middling..... 5% Same day last year, middling 7c. Receipts-2.333 bales; same day last

year 824. COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime 40@45c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 50c; Fancy, 55c. Virginia-Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50c. CORN .- Firm; 47%@50 cents per bushel. ROUGH RICE-\$1.10@115 per oushel. N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, I o 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 9.95; six inch

\$2.25 to 8.25; seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.00 to 3.50 per M.

STAR OFFICE, December 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market firm at 80 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 291% cents for country casks. ROSIN-Market dull at \$1 15 per obl for Strained and \$1 20 for Good strained TAR .- Market firm at \$1.05 per bbl of 280 fbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Market COTTON AND NAVAL STORES. quiet; \$1.40, per parrel for Hard, \$1.90 Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine firm, 2414, 24c; rosin firm, \$1 45, 1 50; tar steady, \$1 10; crude turpentine quiet, \$1 40, 1 90, 1 80. Catton RECEIPTS. 86

Spirits Turpentine..... 821 Rosin..... 80 Tar Crude Turpentine 107 Receipts same day last year-74 casks spirits turpentine, 822 bbls rosin, 87 bols tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine. COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5%c for middling. Quotations: Ordinary 2 15-16 cts # 1 Good Ordinary..... 414 " " Low Middling..... 4 15-16 " " Same day last year, middling 7c. Receipts-8,838 bales; same day last

year, 581. COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime. 40@45c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 50c; Fancy, 55c. Virginia-

aplands 5%c; middling gulf 6%c; sales 26 bales. N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams. 8 Cotton-net receipts 1-541 bales; gross

tinent 59 185 bales.

NEW YORK. Dec. 8 .- Evening .-

576 March 5 80, April 5 85, May 5 91,

June 5 95, July 5 99. August 6 03. Sep-

tember 6 08. October 6 05 December 5 69.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK. D.c. 8-Evening.-

Flour firmiy heid but quiet; no higher;

Wheat-spot firm; No. 2 red 99c f. o.

afloat; options opened firm and with few

exceptions ruled strong all day, influ-

enced by another squeeze of December

shorts, small Northwestern receipts, un-

expected decrease in the world's stock

and French export buying: closed 36

@1c net higher; No. 2 red January

closed 971%c; May closed 98%c; December

closed 97%c Corn-spot firm; No. 2

88% c f o.b. afloat; options opened steady

and were dull all day, with some firm-

ness on near months, owing to heavy

export purchases; closed unchanged to

%c net higher: May closed 88%c: Decem-

ber closed 81%c. Oats-spot dull; No. 2

26% @97c; options were dull all day. clos-

ing unchanged: May closed 27%: Decem-

ber closed 26% ce Lard steady; Western

steam \$4 25; December \$4 50. nominal;

refined steady; Continent \$4 75. South

American \$5 15. compound 4@4%c.

Pork steady. Butter-market steady;

Western creamery 14@24c. do. factory

11%@14c: Elgins 24c; imitation cream-

ery 18@19c; State dairy 18@20c; do.

creamery 14@34c. Cheese firmer; State,

large white September 816@816; light

skims 6@6%c; part skims 4%@5%c. full

skims · 8@4c. Petroleum dull. Rice

steady. Coffee-spot Rio firm; No.7 in-

voice 61/c; No. 7 jobbing 7c; mild quiet;

Cordova 8%@15c. Sugar-raw strong; fair refining 8%c; centrifugal 96 test

CHICAGO December 8 .-- Wheat sold

to-day at \$1 01 and closed at \$1.0 %c, or

2c above yesterday's closet May also

advanced %c. Receipts in the North-

west at last are falling below those of

last year. This fact caused anxiety

among the shorts and was undoubtedly

he principal reason for the advance.

Other markets were uninteresting. Corn

CHICAGO. Dec. 8 .- Cash quotations:

Flour market was steadier. Wheat-No.

2 spring 88@98c; No. 8 spring 81%@

93c; No. 2 red \$1 00@1 00 4. Corn-No 2,

25% @25%c. Oats-No. 2. 21% @22c; No.

2 white f. o. b. 24% c: No. 8 white f. o. b.

pork. per barrel \$7 85@7 40. Lard, per

boxed. \$4 75@5 00. Short clear sides.

boxed, \$4 45@4 65. Whiskey, distillers'

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Wheat-December 99, 101, 981, 1001

Mess pork, per bbi-December \$7 30, 7 8216. 7 80, 7 8216: January \$8 25, 8 25.

3 20. 8 22%; May \$8 47%, 8 50 8 48%

8 45. Lard.per 100 lbs-December \$4 15

finished goods, per gallon, \$1 19.

and provisions \$%@7%c lower.

8 15-16c; refined firm.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling

Br steamship Ormsby, 1828 tonr, Robinson, Bremen, Alex Sprunt & Sor, 5,297 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,-Br steamship Corinthia, 888 tons 094 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 51 bales; forwarded Roberts, Ghent. Alex Sprunt & Son. Nor barque Vineta, 629 tons, Peder-2,845 bales; sales - bales; sales to spinsen. Antwerp, E Peschau & Co, ners 26 bales; stock (actual) 87 570 bales. Nor barque Daphne, 565 tons, Mad-Total to-day-Net receipts 69 620 bales; exports to Great Britain 87,762 bales; to France ---- bales; to the Con-

sen, London, Paterson, Downing & Co. Schr Gao Tanlene, 68 tons, Bloodood, Swansboro, Geo Harriss, Son tinent 20 609 bales; stock 1.063,971 bales. Consolidated-Net receipts 256,816 Br steamship Kelvingrove, 1714 tons,

bales; exports to Great Britain 99,682 Ryder, Brunswick, Heide & Co. bales; to France 88.692 bales; to the Con-Br steamship Oceanic, 1868 tons,

Marshall, Liverpool, Alex Sprunt & Son. Steamship Oceida, 1090 tons, Staples, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CASTONIA.



Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any rariations from the actual market price of the articles

uoted. EW The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING-Standard WESTERN SMOKED-WESTERN SMOKED-Hams # D Shoulders # D Shoul BRICKS-Wilmington ♥ M..... NortherD.... BUTTEK-BUTTER-North Caroling & D..... Northern CORN MEAL-Per Bushel, in sacks Virginia Meal COTTON TIES-& bundle..... CANDLES-& D-Sorrm Northern Factory OFFEE-# Dguyta......................... DOMESTICS-Sheeting, 44, 9 yard... Yarns, 9 bunch...... No 1, 9 barrel No 1, 9 half-barrel No 2, 9 barrel..... No 2, 9 half-barrel Mackerel, No 2, W half-barrel Mackerel, No 3, W barrel Mallets, W barrel Mullets, W barrel N C. Roe Herring, W keg.... closed a shade lower, oats unchanged Dry Cod, 9 10 LOUR-W barrel-Low grade..... Choice Straight First Patent RAIN-b bushel-284@28%c. Rye-No. 2. 46%c. Mess 100 bs \$4 25@4 27%. Short rib sides, loose. \$4 15@4 50. Dry salted shoulders, HIDES, W D-HAY, \$ 100 B-CD Hay lice Straw Koc Straw Western North River.... HOOP IRON, **B b**..... opening, highest, lowest and closing: January 90, 91%. 90. 91%c: May 89%@ 90 91, 89%@89%, 90%@90%c. Corn-North Carolina December 2516. 2516 @ 2516, 2516. 2516; May 28% @28%, 28%, 28%, 28%, 28%, Oats - December 21%, 21%, 21%, 21% @21%; May 22%, 23%, 23%, 22%;

West India to quality Dressed Flooring, seasoned... 18 Scantl'ng and Board common. 17 MOLASSES, \$\$ gallon-Barbados, in hhds...... is hids......

Porto Rico, in hhds..... January \$4 25, 4 25, 4 25, 4 25, May \$4 40. Bagar-House, in hhds..... 4 48%. 4 40, 4 48%. Short ribs, per 100

the first type belong the Sephardim Jews, the Spanish and Portuguese Jews, and even the larger part of the Jews of Italy and southern France. To the second belong the Askenazim Jews-that is to say, the Polish, Russian and German Jews. In Africa we find agricultural and nomadic Jews allied to the Kabyles and to the Berbers near Setif, from Guelma and Biskra to the frontiers of Marocco. They travel in caravans to Timbuktu, and some of their tribes upon the confines of the Sahara are black, as for instance the Daggatomis, as are also the Falachas Jews of Abyssinia. In India white Jews are found in Bombay and black Jews in Cochin. As to the Jews in China, they are not only allied to the Chinese who surround them, but they have even adopted their customs and the religion of Confu-

cius. It is well known that in Italy they speak Italian, as in France they speak French and in Germany German. A language is learned and spoken by two peoples which have no other point of contact.-Monist.

Jews Anthropologically Considered.

EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.

FOREIGN.

BRISTOL-Swed barque Friedrich-400 obis rosin and 1,005 casks spirits turpentine, valued at \$29.781; vessel and cargo by Paterson, Downing & Co. BREMEN-Br steamship Ormsby-

Gertrude Prince, the pretty 19 year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Prince, with William Smith, a negro. The couple were married yesterday by a justice of the peace at Mountain, Wis. The

most homogeneous of races, and the most refractory. But it is strongly CATARRH IN THE HEAD, that trouble diverse. Anthropologists are accustomed to divide it into two parts well distinguished - the dolichocephalic and the brachycephalic. To

