THE MEN WHO WORE THE GRAY.

Great Gathering of Confederate Veterans and Their Friends in the City of Atlanta.

THEIR ANNUAL REUNION.

Many Distinguished Men Present-Addresses by Governor Atkinson and General Gordon-Oration by Gen. Charles Hooker.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., July 20 .- A host of heroes, treading historic ground, invaded Atlanta to-day. For two days the Confederate veterans and their friends have been coming in, and a conservative estimate of the people now in Atlanta to attend the eighth annual reunion of the vet erans, is 40,000. The railroads are advised that several special trains are on the way, and as the traffic inward bound is still very heavy, these arrivals are expected to swell the total number of visitors to the 50,000 mark. Receptions to the sponsers have been the order of the day in social circles. The Capital City Club to-night kept open house in honor of the

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Peet, of 469 Peachtree street, received the Daughters of the Confederacy to pight from

There were many reunious of brig-ales, bivouacks of comrades on the grounds and receptions by of the city to-night. To-morrow, the anniversary of the battle of Manassas. routine business will be transacted by the convention and various social functions will be given in the evening. The grand parade of the veterans. which is looked forward to with much interest, is to be held Friday afternoon, the anniversary of the battle of

ATLANTA, GA., July 20 .- Ten thousand veterans and their friends filled to overflowing the big auditorium at Piedmont Park this morning and cheered the living heroes of the Confederacy and the names of the dead. Glowing tributes were showered on the records and achievements of the sons of the South in the war with Spain. A booming July sun sent his hottest rays through the windows of the amphitheatre, but the heat did not diminish the enthusiasm of the assembled thousands. When Gen. Jno. B. Gordon entered the hall the applause General, when he reached the platform walked from one side to the other, bowing his acknowledgements again and again. There was no doubting his place in the hearts of the vet-

time set for the opening of the convention when Gen. Cary Evans, the commander of the Georgia delegation. called the assemblage to order. On the stage, grouped about Gen. Gordon, were Gen. Stephen D. Lee, Gen. Cabell of Texas, Gen. "Tige" Anderson, Gen. Chas. E. Hooker, the orator of the day, Gen. J. I. Anderson, Gen. Wilson of Florida and Adjutant General Moorman of New Orleans. In the first row on the stage were Governor Atkinson and ex-Governors Butler and McDaniel, Mayor Collier, Wm. A. Hemphill and Gen. Asbury

It was one hour and a half after the

Rev. Dr. J. R. William Jones, the chaplain general of the Confederates. invoked divine blessing upon the assemblage, and welcoming addresses. were then delivered by Mayor Collier, Representative Thomas B. Felder. Col. Wm. A. Hemphill and Gov. At

The Governor was heartily received. After extending the freedom of the State and the executive manion, the Governor said: "A great many people have misconceived our relations to the national government. When we surrendered to the opposing forces we granted two things-the negro as a free man and the adjustment of the doctrine of secession. But the States never did surrender the strict construction of the constitution of the United States. Whenever this great question which divides Northern and Southern statesmen is submitted to the Supreme Court, it has always decided in favor of the Southern position."

Gen. Gordon was the next on the list of speakers. As soon as the Governor had concluded, the impatient veterans, unable longer to restrain themselves, began to shout "Gordon, Gordon From all parts of the building the name was taken up, and the greeting was assuming vociferous propartions when the General rose and lased his hand. The audience was stilled instantly. Gen. Evans then introduced Gen. Gordon. The General, notwithstanding his recent ill-ness, the effects of which are plainly visible, was surprisingly strong in voice, and his remarks were heard every part of the auditorium.

oration of the day was de livered by General Charles Hooker, of Mississippi. General Hooker was introduced by General Gordon. He said, when the surrender was made the Confederate soldiers separated with arms in their hands. He said it was a capitulation, the Confederates being allowed to depart in peace, unested, so long as they abserved their parole,

There is not one Confederate but has kept the terms of his capitulation, said the speaker.

Referring to the surrender at Appo matox, Gen. Hooker stated that some of the Federal officers desired to fire a thing was in readiness for the salute, when Gen. Grant, learning of it, said: Stop that firing. We have no great fictory to be proud of, for we have been four years capturing these 8,000 men who have laid down their arms." Gen. Hooker was one of the counappointed by the State of Missisappi to defend Jefferson Davis when was charged with treason. He the President of the Confederacy with me abnegation took on himself the sins of his people. Only one reason, said the General, could be assigned for the failure to hang President Davis! His prosecutors knew he was not guilty. They knew his allegiance was first due to his State, and as a loval citizen of Mississippi when as a loyal citizen of Mississippi when the seceded, it was his duty to espouse her cause.

In commenting on the fact that the South's representatives were taking a prominent part in the war with Spain, he took occasion to attest to the bravery and gallantry of Gen. Wheeler. They may beat him for Congress in Alabama, said the speaker.

"They'll never do it," shouted a score of voices from the audience.]
They may beat him for Congress in Alabama, continued the speaker, but we will erect a magnificent monument to him." monument to him."

Gen. Hooker referred, in the course of his remarks, to the fact that at the graves of the Confed-

erates in the National cemetery at Arlington were headstones bearing the inscription "Rebel." He told of a visit to the cemetery with some ladies, visit to the cemetery with some ladies, who said it was an outrage that such a thing should be. "It is eminently proper" said the Generat to them, "that these poor boys who wore the ragged Confederate coat of gray, should be buried here on the round which belonged to the second greatest rebel this country ever produced—Robert E. Lee George Washington being the first. Yes, they were rebels —rebels against what they believed was wrong and asserted what they thought was right."

The chairman announced that committee on resolutions would be announced to morrow and each State was requested to sand in a name.

TO TRANSPORT PRISONERS.

Contract Awarded the Spanish Trans. Atlantic Company—To be Completed in Twenty-one Days.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WASHINGTON, July 20 .- Arrangements were practically concluded by the government to-night for the transportation of the Spanish prisoners at Santiago from Cuba to Spain.

The contract was awarded to the Spanish Trans-Atlantic Company, represented by J. M. Ceballo & Co., of New York. The company agrees to carry the prisoners from Cuban ports to Spain at the rate of \$20 for each enlisted man and \$55 for each com missioned officer, subsistence to be furnished by the company on the army ration basis, as provided for in the government's advertisement for

The award provides also that the company shall have five ships at Sanliago in nine days from to morrow (the 21st instant), two in seventeen days from to morrow, and enough to complete the transportation of the prisoners in twenty-one days from to-

Two days ago Col. Hecker, in charge of the transportation of troops in the quartermaster general's department of the army, went to New York to consult with shipping companies concerning the transportation of the Spanish troops surrendered at Santiago. Bids, which he had previously advertised for, were opened at the army building in New York today. Col. Hecker returned to Washington this evening. To-night he had a conference at the War Department with Secretary Alger, Quartermas-ter General Luddington and Adjutant General Corbin. The bids of the several companies were considered, that of the Spanish trans-Atlantique company finally being accepted, as, in all respects, it was regarded as the best made. On the basis of twentyfour thousand enlisted men and one thousand officers, it will cost the government \$535,000 to transport the

The ships will fly the colors of Spain tirely, by Spanish crews. It was remarked to-night as one of the curious developments of the war that the United States government should enter into friendly contract with a company, many of whose vessels are auxiliary cruisers to the Spanish navy and some of which have been captured or destroyed by the navy of the United

SAILED FROM CHARLESTON.

Expedition to Porto Rico-Illinois, Wisconsin and Pennsylvania Troops. Gen. J. H. Wilson in Command.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHARLESTON, July 20. - With bands playing and 30,000 people cheering, the first expedition to follow Gen. Miles to Porto Rico got away from here at 7 o'clock. The expedition is under the command of Major General J. H. Wilson and will, when com-plete, consist of the Second and Third Wisconsin, the Sixteenth Pennsylvania regiments and two companies of the Sixth Illinois. The first two regiments are on the transports Grand Duchess and "No. 30," respectively, and they are at sea. "No. 21," the Sixteenth Pennsylvania and the Illinois men are in the stream and will follow them early to-morrow morning. Each of the ships carries a vast quantity of supplies for the troops and on the "No. 21" there are 1,000 head of mules and the wagon train of General Wilson's division. These men, together with those of the Sixth Illinois and Sixth Massachusetts, which sailed from here last week for Santiago, constitute the First brigade of the First division of the First Army Corps. The Second brigade of the

First division is at Chickamauga and

will follow Gen. Wilson to Porto Rico,

either going from this port or Nor-

folk. The departure of the expedition this afternoon was a fine spectacle, and the water front was crowded for three miles with citizens anxious to catch a last glimpse of the soldiers and to cheer them on their way. For two days and nights the work of loading baggage and provisions on the transports has been going forward, under rush orders. All the stevedores in the city were employed at it. They were assisted by details of men from the various regiments, and the 500 negro laborers employed here by the government and destined for work on he roads and bridges in Cuba. The weather has been very warm for two days, but just as the troops were embarked a heavy rain storm came up. As in the case of the Rita expedition, ten days ago, the clouds broke away just as the ships pulled out into the harbor and they went down to the sea under the arch of a perfect rainbow. The scene which accompanied the departure of the vessels from their docks was one of indescribable enthusiasm. Practically the entire population o the city was in evidence. As the vessels made the stream the bands on shipboard and ashore played national airs and the thousands of people cheered like mad. The expedition will sail directly for Porto Rico and join

THE LAW'S DELAY.

spoke feelingly of the way in which A Jail Stormed and a Prisoner Riddled

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Sr. Louis, Mo., July 20.-A special to the Republic from Natchez, Miss.,

A telegram received here to-day announced that a mob had stormed the Simpson county jail at Westville, killing W. T. Patterson, who was confined there on the charge of murdering Lawrence Brinson. The building and the body of the prisoner were burned. The body of the unfortunate man was literally riddled with bullets. Patterson killed Brinson in April, 1897, as the result of a quarrel. He had had four trials, but always escaped sentence on a technicality and the mobintervened, wearied by the law's de-



THE SITUATION AT SANTIAGO.

A General Feeling of Good Fellowship Between Victors and Vanquished.

RESUMPTION OF BUSINESS.

Stores Open and Merchants Busy Receiving Goods-Ships Crowd the Harbor-Food Being Distributed Among the Suffering.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 19, via Kingston, Jamaica, July 20, 10 A. M. -Hundreds of American and Spanish soldiers who but a few days ago were shooting at each other, crowd the streets of Santiago to-day, meeting and mixing on the most friendly erms. A general feeling of good fellowship is evinced everywhere, victors and vanquished apparently being equally rejoiced that the strife and bloodshed are over, and that the

horrors of the siege are ended.

Quaint stores with gaudy diswares are opening rapidy and the storekeepers eagerly accept American money and courteously receive American customers.
The narrow, cobble-paved street, grilling in the fierce sunshine, are crowded from morning till night by chattering groups of uniformed Spanish soldiers and crowds of laughing rollicking men belonging to Gen. Shafter's army. Great barge loads of provisions and supplies have been going to the wharves all day from the Red Cross steamer State of Texas and the United States army supply ships, and there is evidence that privation is rapidly disappearing. Along the water front, under every awning, dozens of women and children may be seen munching American hardtack, and food is being distributed very rapidly about the plaza facing the police station. In the numerous airy cafes the officers of the opposing armies lounge throughout the day; the Americans buying swords. medals and buttons from their late foes, and all talk cheerily whenever an

interpreter can be obtained. Business Resumed.

Santiago to-day presents a brigh and cheerful picture to what it did two weeks ago. Over thirty steamers fly the stars and stripes proudly in or near the harbor. Small boats are plying briskly to and fro on the blu waters, and in short everything de notes bustle and activity. The im-mense sheds along the water front are already packed with merchandise, and the large stores along Marina street are busy receiving goods which are being steadily unloaded. Everywhere there are signs of a revival of com-

mercial activity and prosperity. Miss Clara Barton yesterday began distributing supplies, releiving thou-sands of cases of distress from hunger and sickness. The ice factory has resumed work and the water supply will be turned on to-day.

The change in the appearance of the city is kaleidoscopic, and a couple of days, when further shipments arrive, will suffice for the normal business to revive. All the stores are open this morning, by Gen. McKibbin's orders, but the saloons remain closed for the present in order to avoid the possi-pility of a clash between the soldiers

n case of drunkenness. The electric light plant is working. The pawnshops are doing a rushing business, their counters being crowded by people of all sorts of color and condition, pawning heirlooms, clothes, dresses and furniture. Officers tender their medals, spurs and swords, and civil employes offer their tortoise shell, gold-headed canes for a mere song, and which are in turn bought at fancy prices by American soldiers, officers or newspaper correspondents as relics of the war. There have been more machetes sold to our men as souvenirs than were laid down on the

morning of the surrender.

Spanish Troops in the City. About 4,000 Spanish troops still re main in the city, but the majority will be removed as soon as a camping ground beyond the rifle pits can be arranged. The American troops are being removed from their old encampments behind the trenches to coole and better spots on the hills north of the town. Officers assert that there is not a case of yellow fever in Santiago and that there are but few cases of smallpox. The streets look fairly clean and

Spaniards to prevent an epidemic durng the siege. Gen. Shafter has placed a censor in harge of the cable office and only charge of the cable office and only knowledge. As a result, General government dispatches are allowed to Toral will be rigorously tried by be sent to-day. It is said, however, that press and commercial dispatches

how signs of care being taken by the

will be received, subject to the censor's olue pencil, soon, probably to morrow. Spanish merchants who have been nterviewed on the subject, say they expect business to revive at once and hope for large i nvestments of American capital within the next year.

No Race Hatred. There seems to be no race hatred the bitterness being all directed against the Madrid government, which is charged with gross mismanage-ment of Cuba and bungling during

the conduct of the present war. The hospital headquarters are still located at Juragua, Two deaths from yellow fever were reported there yesterday, but the names of the victims have not been made public. The physicians say there are but few new cases appearing, and that the epidemic under control. They also think that the danger to the army is about

Commodore Schley with a party of officers visited the city this morning, coming up the bay in a steam launch The Commodore called on Gen. Mc. Kibbin and strolled about the streets. making several purchases and apparently greatly enjoying shore leave. He was received with great respect by the Spanish officers who learned his

Lieut. Miley, of Gen. Shafter's staff, left here this morning, with a troop of the Second cavalry, under Capt. Breitt, to make the rounds of the entire military district of Santiago de Cuba, and for the purpose of receiving the formal surrender of the Spanish forces. He goes first to San Luis, where there are about 4,500 of the enemy's troops, Lieut. Miley will then receive the sur-render in order, of 700 men at Cobre, 1,200 at Catakina, 2,500 at Guantanamo and 3,500 at Baracoa. A total of 10,000 Spaniards are expected to yield their

arms to this one troop of American cavalry.

To reach Baracoa, Lieutenant Miley will be compelled to ride straight across the island to the Northern coast, led by a Cuban guide. He will ride under a white flag for protection, but Gen. Toral has sent members of his staff ahead of them to notify the post commanders of the terms of the sur-

linen uniforms and many of our men ' no other.

are dressed in these Spanish uniforms They present a strange appearance and are greeted with laughter. The readiness and avidity with which the store-keepers accept greenbacks is remark-

Gen. Shafter's orders to close all the rum shops has had the effect of keep-ing the city quiet and peaceful. So far there have been no drunken brawls

Anxious to Become American Citizens. Many of the Spanish soldiers are anx-

ious to become American citizens and are applying for naturalization. A number of the officers of high A number of the officers of high rank in the Spanish army condemn their government's policy in dividing its forces in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines, instead of concentrating them and possibly saving one colony. The cutting of the fleet is also strongly censured, and the Spanish naval officers all argue that it is impossible, under the present crippled condition of Spain, to make a successful resistance anywhere.

The usable ammunition of the Spanish troops here was exhausted before the surrender, as the 2,000,000 car-tridges found in the magazines of San-tiago do not fit the Mauser rifles.

The Battle at El Caney.

The Spaniards say our troops fought like tigers and that their discipline was excellent, but they insist that more lives were lost on either side than was warranted by conditions July 1st. They assert that our troops could have walked into the city without having a shot fired at them, as there were no soldiers left within the walls at that time. It appears that they had only a few thousand men and they all went to El Caney at the time that battle was fought, leaving Santiago unprotected. Reinforcements, how-ever, arrived later and brought the number of Spanish troops up to 8,000

At the battle of El Caney our casu-alities exceeded those of the Spaniards While they had one hundred men killed to our 200, they had only 500 men wounded to our 1500. The list of the wounded has been increased since to over 2,000 men who are lying in the Mercedes and other hospitals

Gen. Linares cabled to Madrid on July 3, before Gen. Shafter's demand for the surrender of Santiago, setting forth the inability to hold out against an enemy superior in numbers with the Spaniards dying of fever and star-vation and demoralized by the loss of the fleet. He urged the government, for the sake of humanity, to offer to capitulate, but added that, if ordered to remain to die like a rat in a trap, he would do so, as his soldiers were doing their duty, although realizing that mistake had been made.

Somehow information in regard to the message leaked and the Spanish officers are loud in their condemnation of Gen. Linares, whom they accuse of faintheartedness throughout the war to the extent of "under the plea of a slight wound," laying the mantle of shame of surrender upon Gen. Toral's shoulders instead of facing the disgrace himself. This feeling among the men who, passing the palace where the stars and stripes are lying, clench their fists and mutter: "Que verguenza para la Patria? Poro lo merece bien." (What shame to our country. But, she deserves it well.)

A CHILD ENJOYS

The pleasant flavor, gentle action, and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

SURRENDER OF SANTIAGO.

The Commander at Guantanamo Refuses to be included in the Capitulation.

Toral to be Court Martialed. By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, July 19-(Delayed in transmission).-Gen. Parreja, the Spanish commander at Guantanamo, refuses to be included in the capitulation of Santiago de Cuba. According to Spanish military law, a commander can surrender the troops which he personally commands, but he cannot oblige other commanders at distant points, even though under his authority, to follow suit. Consequently it is held here that the capitulation embraced only about 7,000 troops actually at Santiago.

MADRID, July 20, 3 P. M.-The government has received a dispatch from Captain General Blanco, in which he announced that he had not authorized the capitulation of Santiago de Cuba and asserting that the place was surrendered without his court martial.

TROOPS EMBARKING.

Heavy Artillery and Infantry Regiments At Tampa. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, Fla., July 20.-The heavy artillery under General Rodgers, and the Fifth, Eleventh and Nineteenth under General Schwan's command are at Port Tampa, embarking as fast as possible. Some delay is anticipated owing to the scarcity of transports, but as others are expected hourly, no serious inconvenience will be expe-

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for years and always with good results," says My W. B. Cooper, of El Rio, Cal. small children we find it especially effective." For sale by R. R. BELLA MY, druggist.

SENATOR PRITCHARD.

Had a Narrow Escape From Drowning in Western North Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 20.-United States Senator J. C. Pritchard, of North Carolina, left his home Sunday, to attend court at Burnsville. It has just been learned that when crossing a swollen mountain stream his buggy was overturned and the Senator had a narrow escape for his life. He had an exhausting struggle with the flood. His horse and buggy were swept away and the Senator came to Burnsville bruised and moist, and with several ugly cuts, none of which is serious.

For over Pifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW! SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by mil-hons of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, render.

The wound of Gen. Linares is much more serious than reported. His left arm has been amputated and to-night he is in a serious condition.

There is no ready-made clothing in the city except blue and white striped liner uniforms and many of our men.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 14. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- Market firm at 24 cents per gallon for ma-chine-made casks and 23 ½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at 95c per
bbl for Strained and \$1.00 for Good

TAR.-Market steady at \$1.25 pe obl of 280 fbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE. - Market firm at \$1.00 per barrel for Hard, \$1.50 for Dip, and \$1.50 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year.— Spirits turpentine firm, 23%, 23c; rosin firm, \$1.25, \$1.30; tar steady, \$1.15; crude turpentine firm, \$1.30, \$1.80, \$1.90.

Spirits Turpentine.... Rosin.... pentine.

Low Middling 5 5-16 " " Middling 54 " "
Good Middling 6 " "
Same day last year, middling 74c.
Receipts—4 bales; same day last rear, 0. COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime

60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia— Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish, CORN.-Firm; 50 to 521/2 cents per ROUGH RICE. \$1.00 to \$1.05 per N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c;

SHINGLES.-Per thousand, fiv inch, hearts and saps, \$1.60 to \$2.25; six inch, \$2.25 to \$3.25; seven inch, \$5.50 to \$6.50. TIMBER. - Market steady at \$2,50 to \$6.50 per M. STAR OFFICE, July 15.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE. - Market firm at 25 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 24½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at 95c per bbl for Strained and \$1.00 for Good TAR-Market quiet at \$1.25 per bbl of 280 fbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE. - Market firm at \$1.00 per barrel for Hard, \$1.50 for Dip, and \$1.50 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year.— Spirits turpentine, quiet, 23½, 23c; rosin quiet, 1.25, \$1.30; tar firm, \$1.15; crude turpentine firm, \$1.30 \$1.80, \$1.90. RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine ...

COTTON. Market firm on a basis of 5%c Good Ordinary 43% Low Middling..... 5 5-16 " "

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime

60 to 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Exra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia -Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spansh CORN-Firm; 50 to 521/2 cents per ROUGH RICE .- \$1.00 to 1.05 per N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c;

SHINGLES .- Per thousand, fiveinch, hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2,25: six-six, \$2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch; \$5.50 TIMBER-Market steady at \$2.50 to

6.50 per M. STAR OFFICE, July 16. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Nothing

ROSIN.-Market steady at 95c per bbl for strained and \$1.00 for good strained TAR.—Market quiet at \$1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Market irm at \$1.00 per barrel for Hard, \$1.50 for Dip, and \$1.50 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year: Spirits turpentine nothing doing rosin nothing doing; tar steady, \$1.15; crude turpentine quiet, \$1.30,

\$1.80, \$1.90. Spirits turpentine..... Rosin.... casks spirits turpentine, 719 bbls rosin, 34 bbls tar, 56 bbls crude tur-

pentine. COTTON. Market firm on a basis of 5%c per pound for middling. Quotations: Good Ordinary..... 3 5-16 cts 景 b Good Ordinary 4% Low Middling, 5 5-16 " " Middling..... 5% Good Middling 6 Same day last year, middling 7%c. Receipts-0 bales; same day last

rear, 0. COUNTRY PRODUCE PEANUTS - North Carolina Prime, 60 to 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 70c; fancy, 75c. Virginia-Extra prime, 75c; fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@80c. CORN-Firm; 50 to 521/2 cents per ROUGH RICE-\$1.00 to 1.05 per N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; SHINGLES-Per thousand, five-

inch hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, \$2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$2.50 to 6.50 per M. STAR OFFICE, July 18.

ROSIN.-Market quiet at 95c per obl for Strained and \$1.00 for Good he is the senior partner of the firm of TAR.-Market quiet at \$1.25 per bbl of 280 fbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.-Market firm at \$1.00 per barrel for Hard, \$1.50 for Dip, and \$1.50 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year.— Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm, \$1.20, \$1.25; tar steady, \$1.15; crude turpentine firm, \$1.30, \$1.80, \$1.90. RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin 933 171 Crude Turpentine..... Receipts same day last year.—114 casks spirits turpentine, 501 bbls rosin, 92 bbls tar, 43 bbls crude tur

Market firm on a basis of 5%c per pound for middling. Quotations:

5-16 Middling Good Middling Same day last year, middling 74 c. Receipts—2 bales; same day last

5-16 cts. 18 1b

COUNTRY PRODUCE PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 0@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia— Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish, CORN.-Firm; 50@52% cents per

ROUGH RICE. \$1.00@1.05 per N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES .- Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, \$1.60 to \$2.25; six inch, \$2.25 to \$3.25; seven inch,

TIMBER. - Market steady at \$2.50 to \$6.50 per M. STAR OFFICE, July 19. SPIRITS TURPENTINE. - Market steady at 24 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 24 cents for country casks. ROSIN.—Market dull at 95c per bbl for Strained and \$1.00 for Good Strained TAR.-Market dull at \$1.20 per bbl of 280 fbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE. - Market firm at \$1.00 per barrel for Hard, \$1.50 for Dip, and \$1.50 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year. Spirits turpentine steady, 23½c, 23c; rosin firm, \$1.20; \$1.25; tar steady, \$1.15; crude turpentine firm, \$1.30,

\$1.80, \$1.90. RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine..... Crude Turpentine..... Receipts same day last year.—181 casks spirits turpentine, 667 bbls rosin, 86 bbls tar, 54 bbls crude turpentine.

Market firm on a basis of 5%c per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary...... 3 5-16 cts. # lb. Good Ordinary 45% Low Middling 5 5-16 Middling 5% "
Good Middling 6 "
Same day last year, middling 7%c.
Receipts—0 bales; same day last

rear, 1. COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75. Virginia Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70 CORN-Firm; 50@521/2 cents ROUGH RICE-\$1.00@1.05 N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7

SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, \$1.60 to \$2.25; six inch, \$2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady STAR OFFICE, July 20.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE. - Market firm at 25 cents per gallon for ma-chine-made casks and 24½ cents for ROSIN.-Market dull at 95 cents per bbl for Strained and \$1.00 for Good

TAR.-Market quiet at \$1.10 per obl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.-Market firm at \$1.00 per barrel for Hard, \$1.50 for Dip, and \$1.50 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year.— Spirits turpentine firm, 23 1/2c, 23c. rosin, firm, \$1.20, \$1.25; tar steady. \$1.15; crude turpentine firm, \$1.30

\$1.80, \$1.90. RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin.... Crude Turpentine..... Receipts same day last year.-11! casks spirits turpentine, 310 bbls rosin, 36 bbls tar, 70 bbls crude tur-

pentine. Market firm on a basis of 5% per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary...... 3 5-16 cts. \$ 15 Good Ordinary 4% Low Middling 5 5-16 Middling 5% Good Middling 6

Same day last year, middling 7%c. Receipts-1 bale; same day rear, 0. COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina--Prime 30@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia-Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish

CORN.-Firm; 50@521/2 cents per ROUGH RICE.-\$1.00@1.05 bushel. N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; SHINGLES.-Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, \$1.60 to \$2.25; six inch, \$2.25 to \$3.25; seven inch,

TIMBER. - Market steady at \$2.50 \$6.50 per M. Cotton and Naval Stores.

\$5.50 to \$6.50.

WEEKLY STATEMENT. RECEIPTS For week ended July 15, 1898. Rosin. 4,840 RECEIPTS. For week ended July 16, 1897. Spirits. Rosin. 1,354 5,506 EXPORTS. For week ended July 15 1808 Cotton. Spirits. Rosin. Tar. Orude 26 850 59 459 263 00 000 00 000 000 350 EXPORTS. For week ended July 16, 1897. Cotton. Spirits. Rosin. Tor. 394 672 20 875 000 1,000 12,198 1,100 1,672 12,218 STOCKS. Ashore and Afloat July 15, 1898 Ashore. Aftost. 6,640 64 1,601 91 56,402 1,542 2,734 8 226 000

STOCKS. !Ashore and Affoat July 16, 1897. Sprrits. Rosin. Tar. 1,793 23,535 1,898 STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, \$ 88. LUCAS COUNTY. FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that

F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribes in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, SEAL Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co. Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have **Always Bought** Avegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of Bears the INFANTS CHILDREN Signature Promotes Digestion Cheerful ness and Hest Contains neither Opnum, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. Recipe of Old Dr SAMMEL PERCHAN Kind Aperfect Remedy for Constipa-ion, Sour Stomach, Diarrioea, Worms Convulsions, Feverish-You Have ness and Loss of SLEEP Pac Simile Signature of Always Bought. Chatt Petetie. NEW YORK. At6 months old

COTTON MARKETS.

35 Doses - 35 CENIS

EXACT COPY DE WRAPPER

900 BROE

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, July 20.-The cotton market was dull and heavy to-day and lower on liquidation by the tired holders and disappointed bulls, influenced by the absence of outside spec ulative demand, apathy of the foreigners and continued bearish sentimen

generally prevailing here. Closed easy; net loss 3 to 6 points. NEW YORK, July 20. - Cotton steady middling uplands 61/6c.
Cotton futures closed easy; sales 53,500 bales at quotations: July 5.90c, August 5.90c, September 5.91c, October .92c, November 5.93c, December 5.96c. January 5.99c, February 6.03c; March 6.05c, April 6.09c, May 6.13.

Spot cotton closed steady and 1-16c lower; middling uplands 6%c; mid-dling gulf 6%c; sales 1.818 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 939 bales; forwarded 16 bales; sales 1,818 bales; sales to spinners 952 bales; stock (actual) 101,739 bales. Total to day-Net receipts bales; exports to Great Britain 7.153 bales; stock 269,400 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 20 .- Flour was moderately active and steady. Wheat —Spot easy; No. 2 red 82% @83c; options were moderately active all day at first, influenced by bearish French crop estimates and disappointing cables, but later rallied on Northwest frost; new No. 2 red July closed 82%c; September 73%c; December closed 72%c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 39c options opened easier on rain talk which, proving exaggerated, led to a covering and a late advance, the close being partly ke net higher; July closed 37 %c; September closed 38c; December closed 38%c. Oats-Spot firm; No. 2 27 1/2027 1/2; options were influenced by corn and closed %c net higher; July closed 26%c. Beef quiet and steady; beef hams \$22 00. Cut meats steady. Lard firm; Western steam closed at \$5 .871/4; city \$5 25; July closed \$5.83, nominal; refined steady. Pork dull. Butter-the market was firm; Western creamery 131/@171/c; do. factory 11@13c; Elgins 17c; imitation creamery 12@14%c; State dairy 12@ 15%c; do. creamery 14c. Cheese firm; large white 71/08c. Potatoes steady Jerseys \$2 25@2 50; Long Island \$2 25 @2 50. Cotton seed oil steady prime crude 16@17c; prime summe yellow 231/2024c. Petroleum steady Cabbage strong. Freights quiet and steady. Coffee Spot Rio was dull and easy; No. 7 invoice 6 %c; No. 7 jobbing 6 %c; mild inactive; Cordova 8%@15c. Sugar-raw firm; fair refining 3 9-16c; centrifugal 96 test 4 3-16c;

refined firm. CHICAGO, July 20 .- A condition of softness in wheat to-day acquired from last night's rain was hardened by reports of frost in the northwest. September closed #@lc lower and Decen ber lost to. Corn left off unchanged Oats advanced tc. Pork quiet, 7t cent, higher; lard and ribs are up 21@5

CHICAGO, July 20.—Cash quotations: Flour-the market was steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring 75c; No. 3 spring 70@80c; No. 2 red 77@771/c. Corn— No.2 33 4 @33 %c. Oats—No.2 23c; No. 2 white free on board, 27c; No. 3 white free on board, 26c. Rye—No. 2 47½@48c. Mess pork, per bbl., \$9 82½ @9 87½. Lard, per 100 fbs., \$5 52½@ 5 55%. Short rib sides, loose, \$5 50@ 5 80. Dry salted shoulders, \$4 75@5 00. Short clear sides, boxed,

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 July 76, 7714, 76,77%; September 67%@68, 68%@ 68%, 67%, 68% @68%; December 67% @68%, 68%, 67%, 68%c. Corn—July 32% @32%, 33%, 32% @32%, 33%c; September 32%@33, 33%@33%, 32%, 333 December 32% @33%, 33%, 32%, 33%;
December 33% @33%, 34%, 33%, 33%
@34c; May 35% @35%, 36%, 35%, 36%
@36%. Oats—July 23%. 24%, 23, 23%;
September 19% @19%, 19% @19%, 19%,
19% c; May 22@22%, 22%, 22, 22%@
22%. Pork, per bbl.—July \$9 80;
September \$9 85, 9 97%, 9 85, 9 95.
Lard per 100 bs—September \$5 60 Lard per 100 lbs—September \$5 60, 5 65, 5 60, 5 65; October \$5 62½, 5 70, 5 62½, 570. Ribs per 100 lbs.—September \$5 62½, 5 70, 5 62½, 5 70; October \$5 70, 5 75 5 70, 5 75.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Advices at Madrid from the Philippine islands say that the natives are ill-treating four thousand Spanish prisoners, but that it is hoped that the friendly offices of the French government will rescue many of the Span-

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, July 20. -Rosin quiet.

SAVANNAH, July 20.—Spirits tur-pentine firm at 25 ½c; sales 782 casks; receipts 1,134 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2 250 hamala manifestation of the control of 2,259 barrels; receipts 4,224 barrels; A, B, C, D 95c@\$1 00, E \$1 05, F \$1 15, G \$1 30, H, I \$1 40, K \$1 45, M \$1 50, N \$1 60; window glass \$1 75, water white \$1 85.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

CLEARED. Schr Margaret B Roper, 394 tons, ranmer, New York, Geo Harriss,

The following quotations represent Whole-Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. WESTERN SMOKED-

North Carolina 9 D..... Northern

Spirits turpentine quiet, CHARLESTON, July 20.—Spirits tur-pentine firm at 24c; no sales. Rosin

quiet and unchanged; no sales.

Schr Albert L Butler, 291 tons, Leland, Boston, Geo Harriss, son & Co. Steamship Croatan, 826 tons, McKee, Georgetown, H G Smallbones. Schr Josie, 140 tons, Dionne, Baltimore, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Steamship Croatan, 826 tons, McKee, New York, H G Smallbones. Nor bargue Parnass, 609 tons, Nilsen. London via Tybee, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Brig Starlight, Rhodes, Trinidad Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are arways given as accurately as possible, but the star will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

DRY SALTED-BARRELS-Spirits Turpentine— Second-hand, each..... New New Mork, each..... New City, each..... BEESWAX 9 D..... BRICKS—
Wilmington W M....
Northern

Laguyra..... Yarns, & bunch.

BALTIMORE, July 20.-Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firmer—Spot 801/20801/c; month 801/20801/c; August 75 1/2; September 741/4c. Southern wheat by sample 73@811/c. Corn steady—spot and month 37@371/c; August 374@37%c; September 38@ 38%c; Southern white and yellow corn 41c. Oats firm; No. 2 white 32@

CORN MEAL— Per bushel, in sacks... Virginia Meal..... COTTON TIES-W bundle. Northern Factory. Dairy, Cream.... OMESTICS-EGGS-W dozen .. llets, pork barrel FLOUR B Extra boxed HIDES-W D-Syrup, in barrels. 12
NAILS, # Seg. Cut. 60d basis. 140
PORK. # barrel—
City Mess. 11 50
Rump.
Prime. BOPE, W B. SALT, W sack Alum..... Liverpool Common Cypress Saps SUGAR, S D Standard Gran'd Standard A...
White Extra C.
Extra C. Golden.... Mill, Prime
Mill, Pair
Common Mill
Inferior to Ordinary
SHINGLES,N. C. Cypress sawed
9 M 6124 heart.

Sap

Bears the Signature of Cat H. Witches