

TRouble AT CITY HOSPITAL.

Board of Regents and Board of Managers Demand Retirement of Dr. Zachary, Resident Physician.

For several days there has been considerable trouble among the officials of the City Hospital, and the affair has culminated in a formal demand on the part of the Board of Managers for the resignation of Dr. R. E. Zachary, Resident Physician and Steward. At this afternoon at 3 o'clock the limit fixed for him to leave the institution which he has thus far refused to do.

The trouble seems to have grown out of a clash of authority between Dr. C. P. Wertenbaker, medical superintendent, who assumed control October 1st and by order of the Board of Managers superseded the resident physician in authority, Dr. Zachary, who has held the latter position since July of 1897. He obtained the position by competitive examination, and claims that he is employed (for two years); hence his refusal to go from the institution at the bidding of Dr. Wertenbaker and the Board of Managers.

STAR readers will remember that Dr. Wertenbaker who is in charge of the Marine Hospital, took only temporary charge of the City Hospital at the request of the Board of Managers to establish the marine system in the management of the institution and subsequently Dr. J. D. Fife, of Virginia, was appointed assistant superintendent, a position over Dr. Zachary who had, hitherto, Dr. Wertenbaker's temporary superintendency, been supreme in authority.

There were frequent clashes between the superintendents and Dr. Zachary, which Dr. Wertenbaker brought to the attention of the Board of Managers and Board of Regents. Both organizations endorsed the attitude of Dr. Wertenbaker, and on November 22d passed a resolution requesting Dr. Zachary to resign on or before November 30th. He refused to do so, and on Monday night the Board passed an order that Dr. Zachary should not vacate the hospital by 9 P. M. to day the Mayor be instructed to send officers and eject him by force.

The following letters furnished the STAR by the chairman of the Board of Managers of the hospital show clearly the attitude of both the Board of Managers and Board of Regents, to-wit:

OFFICE BOARD OF MANAGERS, CITY HOSPITAL, WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 29, 1898.

We desire to say that the Board of Managers of the City Hospital, acting upon the recommendation of the Board of Regents as follows, unanimously resolved to dismiss Dr. Zachary on the 30th of November, and have notified him accordingly previously given him an opportunity to resign.

BOARD OF MANAGERS, City Hospital.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 3, 1898.

To the Board of Managers of the City Hospital:

Great regret it is with regret that we feel it our duty to inform you that after mature reflection we have unanimously concluded that Dr. R. E. Zachary, resident physician at the City Hospital, is incompetent to fulfill the duties of the position, and we recommend his dismissal.

Very respectfully,

THOS. S. BURBANK, M. D., Secretary.

W. J. LOVE, M. D., President Board of Regents, City Hospital.

Third Class Whites.

A Washington special to the Baltimore Sun says:

Rev. J. M. L. White, a prominent colored clergyman, to night addressed a large gathering of colored people at Shiloh Baptist Church on the recent riots in the Carolinas. His views were in direct opposition to those expressed at other colored meetings held in this city and excited much comment. He held that the people engaged in inciting the negroes were Republicans, and that political war between the blacks and the whites will continue as long as colored men are willing to be led by the whites.

NEGRO SOLDIERS IN MACON.

Third North Carolina Regiment Threatens to Destroy the City—One of Their Number Killed by Saloon Keeper.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MACON, November 29.—Rumor has been rife in the city to-night that the negro soldiers of the Third North Carolina Regiment, stationed here, intended to break out of camp and destroy the city, and much uneasiness has been felt both by citizens and soldiers.

The excitement among the negro soldiers was caused by the shooting of private Will Kempin, of Co. F, Third North Carolina, by W. S. Simmons, proprietor of a saloon. Kempin is thought to be fatally wounded. He went to Simmons' bar and called for a drink. On being told that the bar was for white people only, he was scornfully and finally abused a brother of the proprietor, who struck him with a bottle. Kempin went away, but shortly afterwards returned with four or five other negro soldiers, and started towards young Simmons, calling him a vile name. W. S. Simmons, seeing his brother in peril, shot Kempin in the breast. The negroes ran off. Simmons is in jail.

Pains in the chest when a person has a cold indicate a tendency toward pneumonia. A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the chest over the seat of pain will promptly relieve the pain and prevent the threatened attack of pneumonia. This same treatment will cure a lame back in a few hours.

Sold by R. B. BELLAMY, druggist.

TERMS OF THE PEACE TREATY.

U. S. Government Officially Advised of Successful Termination of Negotiations.

WILL BE SIGNED THIS WEEK.

Apprehension felt in Washington as to Attitude of Aguinardo and the Philippine Insurgents—Americans Force Equal to Emergency.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The government has been officially advised of the successful termination of the peace negotiations with Spain. A cablegram to this effect which had been received from Chairman Day was read at today's cabinet meeting by the secretary of state. By the terms of the treaty, which will be signed during the present week, Spain surrenders to the United States her sovereignty in the Philippines, Spanish possessions and Guam island, one of the Ladrone group. In lieu of all claims to indemnity the United States will pay Spain the sum of \$20,000,000 in gold, or its equivalent. Before returning to the United States our peace commissioners will secure from the Spanish representatives, if possible, property for the sale to the United States of Strong Island, one of the Carolina group, some distance east and south of Lunenburg, for a cable station. Should Spain, however, decline to sell the island for a reasonable sum, the matter will be dropped for the present at least. The possible cession of this island is not to be confused with the treaty and no pressure will be brought to bear to induce Spain to part with it. A large part of the time at today's cabinet meeting was consumed in the discussion of the new custom tariff which is to be put into operation in all parts of Cuba as soon as the United States takes formal possession.

Aguinardo's Attitude. The apprehension which manifested itself some time ago over the attitude of Aguinardo and the insurgents has not entirely disappeared, though the administration believes they will accept the situation without any conflict with the United States. The matter was discussed at the meeting to-day and it was agreed that the possibility that the insurgents may yet have to be dealt with. On the whole, however, the President expects the negotiations with Aguinardo will be avoided, but at the same time has guarded against an outbreak by taking precautionary measures. The American forces already in occupation of the Philippines are regarded as altogether equal to cope with any emergency that may arise. The future government of the islands came up incidentally and Secretary Root's remarks indicated a possibility that a military government of the islands.

Formulating the Articles. PARIS, Nov. 29.—The secretaries of the treaty negotiations, Messrs. Moore and Ojeda, began their joint task of formulating the articles of the peace treaty at 3 o'clock this afternoon at yesterday's conference. This work will be easy and rapid, as to the relinquishment and cessation referred to in the protocol, the terms of which document will be transferred bodily to the treaty.

The secretaries, moreover, will embody tentative articles, for discussion on Wednesday, the subjects of the treaty are: the evacuation of the islands, a naval station for the United States in the same group, cable landing rights at other points within Spain's jurisdiction, the release of the American prisoners and the revival of the treaties broken by the war. Thus, the commercial and general treaty of 1795 will be revived, to be recast later; the treaty of 1854, for the settlement of the boundary between the United States and Mexico, will be revived; the treaty of 1877, providing for extradition, will be revived; the trade mark treaty of 1858 will be revived, in addition to the several minor treaties.

It is expected that the secretaries will submit the treaty articles at the joint session to-morrow, when all the other points in the treaty will be discussed. Thus the commissioners to-morrow will have before them the entire treaty for amendment, approval or rejection.

All the points outside of the protocol there will be friendly negotiation only, Spain having the right to name the prices she wants for her territory and to accept or reject the Americans offer. The Spaniards, no less than the Americans, now are anxious to conclude the business which brought them here.

The Release of Prisoners. As the result of the work of Mr. Moore and Senator Ojeda, the draft of the articles embodying the protocol agreements was completed this evening. The subjects that are now before the commissioners to-morrow; in the morning, at their separate sessions and at the afternoon at the joint session, when it will receive final consideration. There will be little delay on these articles.

Mr. Moore will also submit to-morrow to the United States commissioners the subjects to be presented to the Spaniards for negotiations. These, for convenience, and great dispatch, are being drafted into the form of articles. The release of the insurgent prisoners in return for the release of the Spanish prisoners by Spain will go into the protocol agreements, it having been already agreed that Spain is to release them upon the United States undertaking to secure the release of Spanish prisoners in the hands of Aguinardo. This question is so intimately related to the peace treaty that it has been removed from the subjects that are now before the commissioners and has been embodied in the articles containing the protocol agreements.

PARIS, November 29.—The Temps says: "From the outset the Americans have been firm in their attitude and to take it or leave it and have covered their claims by a sort of satiety." The Temps also says: "If the triumph, to call it so, is complete, may it not contain the seeds of a new danger and lead to a new war?"

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Senator Sagasta asserts that if the United States insists upon Spain paying the Cuban and Philippine debts, she will honor her signature to the extent of her resources, and that the government will not refuse to accept this burden."

RACE QUESTION IN ILLINOIS.

Circuit Court Decides Against Colored People Who Protested Against Separate Schools.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, November 29.—The celebrated Alton school case was today decided by a jury in the Circuit Court at Edwardsville, Illinois, against the colored people who had protested against separate schools. Recently, because of a new order issued by the school authorities of Illinois, white and negro children were assigned to different public schools. The colored people resented this and refused to send their children to school. Finally Scott Bibb, a colored man whose children had been attending school, brought mandamus proceedings in the Supreme Court of Illinois against the mayor and the school board of the town of Alton, to compel them to admit his children to Washington school, assigned to white children, which is nearest and the most convenient to his place of residence. He claimed that colored children were discriminated against. When the case came to trial in Madison County Circuit Court, to which it had been referred, the defense contended that the colored people in Alton have the same opportunity for securing an education as the whites and that no discrimination had been practiced. The case will now go to the Supreme Court.

THE NEWS FROM RALEIGH. Pritchard Opposed to Formation of a "Lily White" Reg. Party—Married—The Negro Regiment. Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 30.—Senator Pritchard is out in an interview against the formation of a "lily white" Republican party, as was predicted that he would do in the STAR several weeks since.

This afternoon in Christ Church Mrs. Nannie Branch Jones, daughter of Mr. Armistead Jones and grand daughter of Gen. L. O. B. Branch, was married to Mr. Thomas Martin Smith, son of Captain S. A. A. Smith. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. M. Marshall. The groom is a young architect of this city.

The first three articles were mutually agreed upon to-day, as was also the fourth article, which was agreed upon to-day. The fifth article, which was agreed upon to-day, was the mutual relinquishment of military prisoners.

TALK OF A FORCE BILL. Senator Pritchard and Other Republicans Will Urge Repressive Legislation by Congress. (Special to the Baltimore Sun.)

WASHINGTON, November 29.—As already intimated, it is not improbable the President may, in his message to Congress next Monday, refer to the recent election riots in North and South Carolina and perhaps make some recommendation in the matter. Even if this does not prove to be the case, the subject will be brought up in the Senate and it is said by Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, who will ask for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the riots in his State and recommend such legislation as may be deemed to prevent a recurrence. President McKinley, while a member of the House, voted for the force bill, which gives ground for the belief that he would favor such a measure.

BLANCO LEAVES HAVANA. Sailed with His Suite on the Steamer Villaverde for Spain. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, Nov. 30.—The Spanish mail steamer Villaverde, with Marshal Blanco, the former Captain General of Cuba and his suite on board, left this port at 1 A. M. to-day. The departure of Marshal Blanco is not accompanied by the pomp and ceremony marking his departure in previous years. An affectionate farewell took place on the wharf between Marshal Blanco and a number of his old friends, and he warmly embraced General Rubier, his old companion in arms and trusted friend. Only personal friends and a few officers accompanied General Blanco, none of the members of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, Conductors and Telegraphers, and the mayors of Norfolk and Portsmouth. Hon. W. A. Young, Congressman-elect from this district, presided.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by R. B. BELLAMY, druggist.

ARTICLES OF PEACE TREATY.

General Discussion of the Protocol By the Joint Commission in Paris.

NO DECISION WAS REACHED.

The First Three Articles Concern Relinquishment of Cuba, the Cession of Porto Rico and Guam and the Cession of the Philippines. By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, Nov. 30.—The joint peace commission devoted two hours and a half to-day, from 2 to 4.30 P. M., to drafting the three first articles of the peace treaty protocol, dealing with the cession of Cuba, Porto Rico and the West Indies, together with Guam, in the Philippines, upon which the commission agreed in principle. A general discussion on the other articles followed, but no decision was reached and the joint commission adjourned until to-morrow.

There were thirteen articles laid before the two commissions, covering the following subjects: First, The relinquishment of sovereignty over and claim of title to Cuba. Second, The cession of Porto Rico and other Spanish possessions in the West Indies, together with Guam, in the Ladrone. Third, The cession of the Philippines. Fourth, The terms of the evacuation of the Philippines of Cuba and Porto Rico. Fifth, The pledge of the United States to preserve order in the Philippines pending the ratification of the treaty. Sixth, The release of military prisoners mutually. Seventh, The cession by Spain of the island of Luzon, or Strong Island, in the Philippines. Eighth, The mutual relinquishment of military claims.

Ninth, The religious freedom of the Carolinas, assuring the rights of American minorities there. Tenth, Cable landing rights at points within the Spanish jurisdiction. Eleventh, The release by Spain of political prisoners for offenses in Cuba and Porto Rico. Twelfth, The pledge of the United States to inaugurate in the Philippines an "open door" policy and to guarantee the same to Spain for at least twenty years. Thirteenth, A revival of the treaties broken by the war.

A CARLIST RISING. The Greatest Existing Danger to Spain. 140,000 Troops Ready to Take the Field to Suppress a Revolt. By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, December 1.—The Biarritz correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Senator Sagasta, who has hitherto been so cheerful on the point, now admits that Carlism is the greatest existing danger to Spain. The authorities are seriously alarmed at the indications of a rising. A Carlist plan has been already devised, even to the extent of appointing a governor of Madrid. The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Lieut. Gen. Correa, Minister of War, declares that the government law to be enacted at this session, to be field in the event of a Carlist rising and will soon have 200,000 available. He says, however, he does not believe that the Carlism intend to move yet."

TO OUST NEGRO TRAINMEN. Object of the Meeting of Railway Brotherhoods Now in Progress at Norfolk. Special to Baltimore Sun.

NORFOLK, November 29.—The real object of the union meeting of all the railway train service organizations held here to-night was not made known until Frank E. Sargent, of Peoria, Ill., grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, made his speech. In the course of his remarks, Mr. Sargent said that the object of the meeting in the South is to supplant with white men the negroes who at present fill the positions of trainmen and firemen throughout the South.

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COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET. STAR OFFICE, Nov. 28.

SPICITS TURBENTINE.—Market firm at 37 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 36 cents per gallon for country casks. ROBIN.—Market nominal at \$1.05 per bbl for strained and \$1.10 for good strained. TAR.—Market firm at \$1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURBENTINE.—Market firm at \$1.25 per barrel for hard, \$1.20 for Dip and \$1.90 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm, 30 1/2 @ 32 1/2; crude turpentine steady, \$1.40, \$1.30, \$1.20. RECEIPTS.—Spirits Turpentine 189 280 Tar 309 Crude Turpentine 105 Receipts same day last year—188 Spirits turpentine, 776 bbls; tar, 201 bbls; tar, 15 bbls crude turpentine.

MARKET FIRM ON A BASIS OF 4 1/2 PER CENT FOR MIDDLING. QUOTATIONS: Good Ordinary 7-16 @ 9 1/2; Middling 4 1/2 @ 5-16 @ 1/2; Same day last year middling 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2. RECEIPTS—4,905 bales; same day last year, 2,429.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 28. SPICITS TURBENTINE.—Market steady at 37 cts per gallon for machine-made casks and 36 cents per gallon for country casks. ROBIN.—Nothing doing. CRUDE TURBENTINE.—Market firm at \$1.30 per barrel for hard, \$1.20 for Dip, and \$2.00 for Virgin. SPIRITS TURBENTINE.—Market firm at 30 1/2 @ 32 1/2; rosin steady, \$1.15, \$1.20; tar quiet, \$1.10, crude turpentine steady, \$1.40, \$1.30, \$1.20. RECEIPTS.—Spirits turpentine 62 Resin 326 Tar 127 Crude Turpentine 90 Receipts same day last year—297 Spirits turpentine, 734 bbls; rosin, 281 bbls; tar, 125 bbls crude turpentine.

MARKET FIRM ON A BASIS OF 4 1/2 PER CENT FOR MIDDLING. QUOTATIONS: Good Ordinary 7-16 @ 9 1/2; Middling 4 1/2 @ 5-16 @ 1/2; Same day last year middling 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2. RECEIPTS—2,076 bales; same day last year, 3,820.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 28. SPICITS TURBENTINE.—Market quiet and steady at 36 1/2 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 36 cents per gallon for country casks. ROBIN.—Nothing doing. CRUDE TURBENTINE.—Market firm at \$1.20 per barrel for hard, \$1.20 for Dip and \$2.00 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm at 30 1/2 @ 32 1/2; rosin steady, \$1.15, \$1.20; tar quiet, \$1.10, crude turpentine steady, \$1.40, \$1.30, \$1.20. RECEIPTS.—Spirits turpentine 98 Resin 326 Tar 127 Crude Turpentine 90 Receipts same day last year—297 Spirits turpentine, 734 bbls; rosin, 281 bbls; tar, 125 bbls crude turpentine.

MARKET FIRM ON A BASIS OF 5 PER CENT FOR MIDDLING. QUOTATIONS: Good Ordinary 7-16 @ 9 1/2; Middling 4 1/2 @ 5-16 @ 1/2; Same day last year middling 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2. RECEIPTS—2,335 bales; same day last year, 2,385.

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COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 50 per cent for middling. QUOTATIONS: Ordinary 2 5-16 cts. @ 7 1/2; Good Ordinary 2 5-16 cts. @ 7 1/2; Middling 2 5-16 cts. @ 7 1/2; Same day last year middling 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2. RECEIPTS—3,744 bales; same day last year 3,567.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS.—North Carolina—Prime, 45 to 55¢ per bushel of 56 pounds; extra prime, 60¢; fancy, 65¢; Virginia—Extra prime, 55¢; fancy, 70¢; Spanish, 70¢. CORN.—Firm, 52 1/2 to 55 cents per bushel. ROUGH RICE.—Lowland (tide-water) 90¢ @ \$1.10; upland, 65¢ @ 80¢. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 30. SPICITS TURBENTINE.—Market steady at 36 1/2 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 36 cents per gallon for country casks. ROBIN.—Nothing doing. CRUDE TURBENTINE.—Market firm at \$1.30 per barrel for hard, \$1.20 for Dip, and \$2.00 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm at 30 1/2 @ 32 1/2; rosin steady, \$1.15, \$1.20; tar quiet, \$1.10, crude turpentine steady, \$1.40, \$1.30, \$1.20. RECEIPTS.—Spirits Turpentine 96 Resin 326 Tar 127 Crude Turpentine 90 Receipts same day last year—297 Spirits turpentine, 734 bbls; rosin, 281 bbls; tar, 125 bbls crude turpentine.

MARKET FIRM ON A BASIS OF 5 PER CENT FOR MIDDLING. QUOTATIONS: Good Ordinary 7-16 @ 9 1/2; Middling 4 1/2 @ 5-16 @ 1/2; Same day last year middling 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2. RECEIPTS—2,335 bales; same day last year, 2,385.

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CASORA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co. The Kind You Have Always Bought. CASORA. Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS AND CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. Approved Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 30.—The course of today's cotton market was somewhat irregular, with the general tendency of prices lower under efforts to realize on long contracts that showed a moderate margin of profit. The market was increased by moderate selling for short account. The pressure on the market were not numerous, but included indications of a subsiding demand for spot cotton. Liverpool, Nov. 30.—The English market for futures and for this country better weather conditions in the cotton belt with the movement running a little ahead of estimates at the ports. The market opened barely steady at unchanged prices to a decline of two points and further declined two and three points, after which there was a partial rally on covering following smaller stimulated receipts at New Orleans for to-morrow. Accounts from New England were also bullish. The market closed barely steady; three to seven points net lower.

New York, November 30.—Cotton steady; middling upland 9 1/2 @ 10 1/2. Cotton futures market closed steady; December 5.35, January 5.45, February 5.55, March 5.65, April 5.75, May 5.85, June 5.95, July 6.05, August 6.15, September 6.25, October 6.35. Spot cotton closed steady; middling 9 1/2 @ 10 1/2; middling upland 9 1/2 @ 10 1/2. Net receipts, 2,290 bales; gross receipts, 6,732 bales. Total to-day—Net receipts, 78,414 bales; exports to Great Britain, 29,857 bales; exports to the Continent, 32,319 bales; stock, 1,278,515 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

New York, November 30.—Flour was quiet and barely steady. Wheat—Spot quiet; No. 2 red 75 1/2 @ 75 3/4; No. 3 red 74 1/2 @ 74 3/4. Corn—Spot quiet; No. 2 yellow 51 1/2 @ 51 3/4; No. 3 yellow 50 1/2 @ 50 3/4. Sugar—Raw strong but inactive; fair refining 4; centrifugal 96 test 4 1/2; refined firm. Chicago, Nov. 30.—Liquidation of December wheat by discouraged holders was the feature of to-day's trading on change. December closed at 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2; No. 2 yellow 51 1/2 @ 51 3/4; No. 3 yellow 50 1/2 @ 50 3/4. Sugar—Raw strong but inactive; fair refining 4; centrifugal 96 test 4 1/2; refined firm.

MARKET FIRM ON A BASIS OF 5 PER CENT FOR MIDDLING. QUOTATIONS: Good Ordinary 7-16 @ 9 1/2; Middling 4 1/2 @ 5-16 @ 1/2; Same day last year middling 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2. RECEIPTS—2,335 bales; same day last year, 2,385.

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MARINE.

ARRIVED. Scher Wm F Campbell, Strout, 168 tons, New York, J T Riley & Co. Scher Gem, Foss, 435 tons, Boston. George Harris, Son & Co. Scher D J Sawyer, Kelly, 337 tons, Norfolk, Geo Harris, Son & Co. Scher Roger Moore, Small, 377 tons, New York, J T Riley & Co. Scher William H. Brown, 1,091 tons, Cardiff, Alex Sprunt & Son. Scher steamship Karoon, Freeman, 1,343 tons, Gibraltar, Huelva, Powers, Gibbs & Co. Scher steamship Rifaftwood, Dixon, 1,166 tons, Hamburg, A S Heide & Co. Scher steamship Buckingham, Cole, 1,876 tons, Hull, England, Alex Sprunt & Son. Scher steamship W C Wlyde, 1,514 tons, Robinson, New York, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED. Dan barque Pandur, Schmidt, Bristol, 569 tons, vessel by A S Heide & Co; cargo by Peterson, Downing & Co. Scher steamship Naraja, Tucker, 435 tons, Barcelona, Spain, Alex Sprunt & Son. Scher steamship Amaranth, 1,210 tons, Chevers, Liverpool, J H Sloan & Co. Scher steamship Onyx, 1,091 tons, Staples, Charleston, H G Smallbones. Scher S S Chabrun Douglas, Bremen, Alex Sprunt & Son. Scher S S Hurwold, Keith, Liverpool, Alex Sprunt & Son.