DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY

In Convention at Richmond—Tablets to Memory of the Davis Family Unveiled. Monuments to be Unveiled To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., November 8.—The United Daughters of the Confederacy assembled in their sixth annual convention at the Jefferson Hotel roof garden here this morning. Mrs. Kate Cabell Currie, the president, called the body to order. Mrs. Norman V. Randolph welcomed the Daughters and Mrs. E. C. Minor, on behalf of Mrs. Jos. Bryan, president of the Ladies' Memorial Literary Society, who could not be present, also read a welcoming address. Mrs. Currie responded. Mrs. James G. Leigh, of Norfolk, president of the Virginia State division, presented a gavel made by a Confederate soldier from the tree under which General Lee made his last speech to the Confederate soldiers. The gavel will be used during the convention and will then be returned to Mrs Attwood, of Appomattox.

The convention then adjourned, in order that the delegates might attend the unveiling of the tablets in St. Paul's Church to Miss Winnie Davis and the Davis sons. The church was crowded and the services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Louden R Mason, and Bishop George W. Peterkin, of the Episcopal Diocese of West Virginia, delivered the addressed, which he paid a beautiful tribute to Mr. Davis, Miss Winnie and the women of the South.

Immediately after this, Jefferson Hayes Davis, the grandson of President Davis, released the veil covering the tablets, and they were exposed to view.

Mrs. Davis was accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Hayes; Mrs. George Ross; Judge and Mrs. John H. Regan, of Texas; Mrs. Hart, of New York, and Mr. Edgar R. Farrar, of New York. They occupied a pew in the centre aisle.

The tablet to Winnie Davis has a bronzed bas relief of Miss Davis and rests on a slab of colored marble. The inscription is:

"Daughter of the Confederacy, Varina Anne Davis, born July 27, 1864, entered into eternal life September 18, 1898. 'Blessed are the pure in heart for they shall see God.'"

The tablet to the children is to the memory of the four sons of President Davis, Samuel Emory, Jefferson, Jr., Joseph Evans and William Howell Davis. The former was erected by friends, and the latter by Mrs. Hayes.

The monument to Winnie Davis, erected in Hollywood cemetery by the Daughters of the Confederacy, and the monuments to Mr. Davis and Jefferson Davis, Jr., will be unveiled to morrow with imposing ceremonies. General Fitzhugh Lee will be one of the speakers at the unveiling.

The afternoon session of the United Daughters of the Confederacy was devoted to routine business. The only feature of the session was that the convention united in singing "Dixie."

Before final adjournment the convention will take up the question of assuming charge of the building of the Davis monument in this city, the corner stone of which was laid some time ago. There was no night session, the delegates attending a reception given by the local chapter.

RELATIONS WITH CHINA.

Nothing Under Consideration Between Great Britain and the United States of a Sensational Character.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 8.—Officials here are at a loss to know what is meant by the mysterious London dispatch relative to Anglo American relations as to China, which was of such a startling character that it could not be published. It is stated that there is nothing under consideration in this line at present between Great Britain and the United States that can be said to be of a sensational character.

The Chinese government, through its minister in Washington, We Ting Fang, is keeping a watchful eye on the recent developments relating to China. Within the last few days Minister Wu conferred with Secretary Hay, with a view to learning to what extent the United States had acted. The response of the Secretary of State is understood to be quite full and frank, and to the effect that at the request of the President our ambassadors and ministers abroad had been asked to secure difinite assurances that there should be no interruption to the access of American trade and commerce to the interior of China through the treaty ports.

The view prevails that while there will be no difficulty in securing general assurances of a favorable character, it is not so certain that a definite statement in writing or other tangible form will be given. Those best acquainted with the subject hold that Great Britain, Germany and Russia will coincide with the American view, and that if any objection comes it is likely to arise in France, as the French policy in Madagascar and Cochin China is to give preferential rates to French goods and discriminations against foreign goods. From this it is implied that France would not give a definite assurance that American commerce will be on equal terms in China where French spheres of influence prevail.

LONDON, November 8.—The *Morning Post* publishes the following dispatch from Washington:

"Negotiations in London have resulted in an agreement between Great Britain, China and the United States to maintain their "open door" policy in China, which power will undertake to develop both British and American trade. It is understood that Germany and probably Russia will give the United States written assurances as to the maintenance of the open door."

WORK OF PROFESSIONALS.

Sheriff's Safe at Hillsboro, N. C., Cracked and Robbed of $5,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RAREIGH, November 8.—News was received here to day that the safe in the office of Sheriff Hughes, at Hillsboro, was cracked last night. The robbers got $5,000 in cash, $1,000 being in $20 gold pieces. No clue has been obtained as to the identity of the thieves, and the robbery is supposed to have been the work of professionals.

Proof of the pudding lies in the eating of it. Proof of ROBERTS' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC lies in the taking of it. COST NOTHING if it fails to cure. 25 cents per bottle if it cures. Sold strictly on its merits by

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
mar 24 1y Wholesale and Retail Druggist.

Persons wishing to locate in the truck region of North Carolina should correspond with the East Carolina Real Estate Agency, Burgaw, N. C. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

BRITISH HOLD THEIR GROUND.

General White Maintains His Position Against the Boers at Ladysmith.

BOERS ABANDON COLENSO.

British Force Assembled to Re-occupy the Place—Reinforcements From Durban Arrive at Estcourt—Troopships Have Not Yet Arrived.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The most interesting news to-night is a dispatch from Estcourt, announcing the departure of a strong force of mounted troops and artillery for a destination not given in the advices. Another message announces the arrival at Estcourt and Pietermaritzburg within the last few days of reinforcements from Durban, and that thirty-five hundred troops are assembled, ready for an advance to Colenso when the opportune moment arrives. The latter dispatch throws light upon the former and the force which left Estcourt Monday has doubtless re-occupied Colenso and possibly is now advancing cautiously up the railroad toward Ladysmith. General White's sortie of Friday, almost to the banks of the Tugela river, encourages its commander with the hope of joining hands with him.

General Joubert, the latest advices would indicate, drew in his horns after Friday's engagement and has since withdrawn the southern Boer contingents, leaving only outposts on the line from Ladysmith to Colenso. The Boers who occupied Colenso about the middle of last week, retired without damaging Bulwer bridge over the Tugela river, or the railroad as far north as the village of Nelthrope, seven miles south of Ladysmith. Evidently, they nurse a hope of eventually utilizing both in their descent on Pietermaritzburg. Meanwhile the British are also able to use both, as they have already done, in running up an armored train which may at the present moment be covering the advance of the Estcourt force.

Troopship s Have Not Arrived.

None of the troopships has arrived. The one which it was predicted might reach Cape Town at the earliest on Monday is as yet unannounced, and even when it does arrive there, it will have three days steaming to reach Durban. As many as six transports with 4 500 troops are expected to be in Cape Town harbor by this time, but the war office last evening issued a statement to the effect that the only arrivals at Cape Town were the Sumatra, from Durban, with wounded, the Southern Cross from Gibraltar with mules and the collier Wenvoe.

Of course it is possible that dispatch boats have been sent to meet the troopships with instructions to proceed direct to Durban, and in that event the War Office statement that not one has arrived at Cape Town would be literally accurate, even though several should be half-way between Cape Town and Durban.

Situation at Mafeking.

The situation looks brighter at Mafeking, where the Boers are apparently disheartened at the unexpected resistance, a large body of their force having been detached to the South to assist in the investment of Kimberly, around which the cordon is drawing tighter. Evidently the Boers intend to make a concentrated effort to capture Kimberly and their arch enemy, Cecil Rhodes.

The reported departure of a Boer contingent from Pretoria, with German artillery gunners, moving in a southerly direction, is taken to mean co operation in the invasion of the northern portions of Cape Colony, an undertaking which, thus far, has not progressed very rapidly.

Reports of a treacherous use of the white flag by the Boers, coming from native sources, are not received with complete credulity, but, at the same time their reiteration is making an unfavorble impression.

Battle of Nicholson's Nek.

CAPE TOWN, Sunday, November 5.—The following is an official description from Pretoria of the battle of Nicholson's Nek:

"General Joubert was in supreme command. The Britishers advanced in the darkness on the Republic forces, on the right of the hill, formed by the Free Staters, commanded by General Cronje. A stampede of their mules threw the whole force into disorder. The British batteries were observed in a long line on the plains in the direction of the Boers' centre, along the table hill, from which our artillery opened on the English batteries coming into position from Lombardskop with a creusot. The second shell fell in their midst. It was followed by shot after shot, drawing the British concealed batteries. From six to twelve the hill was a veritable inferno of hissing, whistling fragments of shells. At first the British failed to reach the hill, while the Boer fire told heavily. Eventually the British reached the Boers and showered shells on our gunners. The Boers could only occasionally fire their guns. While a wounded gunner bandaged himself, another fought, oblivious of the fragments of shells at his back. Dr. Hohls was killed while bandaging the wounded.

"In the meantime the burghers got their howitzers further forward and into play and the extreme end of Meyer's battery got in deadly work." [The remainder of the dispatch has not been received.]

To Protect Free State Border.

COLESBURG, November 6.—It is reported that 3,000 Boers have left Pretoria and are going to protect the southern border of the Orange Free State. They are said to be accompanied by a large contingent of German artillery with quick-firing guns of heavy calibre.

ESTCOURT, NATAL, November 6.—The Natal field artillery left camp today, escorted by troops of the Imperial light horse, carbineers and Natal police. The destination of the force is unknown.

Firing was heard this morning in the direction of Colenso, from which it is believed the Boers have resumed the bombardment of Ladysmith.

QUEENSTOWN, CAPE COLONY, November 5.—It is reported that the Boers have blown up the Stormburg Spruit bridge, as a terrific explosion was heard in the direction of the bridge.

Boers Badly Cut Up.

DURBAN, Nov. 5.—Other information confirms the statement of native eye witnesses respecting the severity of the fighting on both Friday and Saturday at Ladysmith. The natives assert that the Boers were so cut up that they howled for mercy on the field and covered their bodies. Ladysmith is crowded with Boer prisoners and wounded, the latter presenting horrible evidence of the swordsmanship of the cavalry. The Gordon highlanders suffered severely in the fighting.

PARTITION OF THE SAMOAN ISLANDS.

A Deal Between the Governments of Germany and Great Britain.

THE UNITED STATES' SHARE.

So-Called Neutral Zone in Africa to be Divided Between Germany and Great Britain — A Relinquishment of Certain German Rights.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, Nov. 8.—It was officially announced this morning that an agreement, subject to the approval of the United States, had been arrived at between Great Britain and Germany, by virtue of which the Samoan act is repealed and the islands of Upola, Savaii and the small adjacent islands fall to Germany as free property, and the island of Tutuila and the subsidiary islands go to the United States. Great Britain, it is added renounces any claim to the Samoan islands and Germany, in turn, renounces any claim to the Tonga islands and to Savage island, in favor of Great Britain, and also concedes Choiseul and San Isabel, the two easterly islands of the Solomon group, with their insular surroundings to Great Britain. The consular representatives of the two powers in Samoa and the Tonga islands are to be withdrawn for the present, and German subjects are to have the same rights as British subjects in regard to the free and unimpeded enlistment of native laborers in the whole of the Solomon group in the possession of Great Britain, including Choiseul and San Isabel.

Territory in South Africa Divided.

At the same time an agreement has been arrived at between the two powers, by virtue of which the so-called neutral zone in the hinterland of German togoland the British gold coast will be divided in such manner that the boundary of the German and British territories will be formed by the Paka river up to a point where the latter cuts the ninth degree of latitude, thence north by a line to be fixed by a mixed commission. To this is appended a reservation that the countries of Mamprusi and Gambasa shall fall to Great Britain and the countries of Yeudi and Chakosi to Germany. Finally, according to the decision of the colonial council, Germany has promised to renounce her extra territorial rights in Zanzibar till the expiration of the commercial treaty in 1902, with the proviso that the renunciation is only effective when the other nations abandon their extra-territorial rights in Zanzibar in favor of Great Britain. Regarding this agreement, it is observed that the United States' assent is regarded as assured.

A further agreement concluded between Germany, Great Britain and the United States is to the effect that the question of compensation for claims for damage during the late trouble is to be submitted to an imperial court of arbitration, which will decide the claims.

Confirmed in London.

LONDON, November 8.—The British Foreign Office to-day gave out a statement in regard to the Samoan agreement similar to that issued in Berlin, showing that the United States gets the Tutuila and other Samoan islands east of the 171st degree of longitude.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Daily Mail* says he has learned that the Samoan agreement contains secret clauses relating to South Africa, whereby the plans of Cecil Rhodes are advanced a step toward realization.

WASHINGTON, November 8.—The State Department has not yet been advised of the agreement between Great Britain and Germany respecting the Samoan group. It is gathered, however, that if the outline of the agreement set out in the cable advices is accurate, there will be no disposition to withhold our approval, provided certain minor conditions are included.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by ROBT. R BELLAMY, druggist. †

IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Gen. MacArthur's Forces Capture Mabalacat Without Loss.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, November 8.—General MacArthur has occupied Mabalacat. His entire line, including the Twelfth, Seventeenth and Ninth infantry and part of the fourth cavalry, is extended three miles in front of Angles in a good tractional position.

Major Bell took Mabalacat. Being ordered to reconnoitre yesterday until he located the enemy, be pushed to the town, driving out two companies of insurgents, and killing several Filipino officers. The Americans suffered no loss.

The Best Prescription for Chills

and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure; then why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money bach if it fails to cure.

WITHDRAWING FROM THE BORDER.

LONDON, November 9.—The *Daily Mail* has the following dispatch from Queenstown, Cape Colony, dated Sunday night:

"The railway staff is withdrawing from all the border stations, between this and De Aar. There is no cause for alarm, however, with reference to the border towns. General Buller has taken effective steps to check the Boer advance. Censorship prevents particularizing, but you may expect good news soon."

Word has reached Chattanooga from Ducktown, Tenn., that serious trouble is brewing there between the miners and operators. Six hundred miners are out on a strike and the company has arranged to put men in their places.

Mr. Maxey G. Lee, of a well known family of Darlington, S. C., who killed his father, Dr. Lee, several months ago, was found guilty, "with a recommendation to mercy," which probably means life imprisonment in the penitentiary.

AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all druggists. †

GOEBEL ELECTED IN KENTUCKY.

Plurality of Over 15,000 for the Democratic Candidate for Governor.

LEGISLATURE IS DEMOCRATIC

Contested by Republicans—The Legislature Will Decide — Ohio's Election—The Result in Other States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 8.—No matter what result the face of the returns of yesterday's State election shows, a contest is very likely to occur. Additional returns received to-day and to night, continue to show Republican gains, and basing an estimate upon the normal complexion of the precincts still unreported indicate a plurality of six thousand or eight thousand for W. S. Taylor for Governor. The belated returns are mostly from mountain counties which are strongly Republican.

The Goebel people cling to their claim of a plurality of 5,000 in the State, these figures being the estimate made by the nominee himself to-night.

At Republican headquarters, in this city, Taylor's plurality is placed at 8,000. In neither case is it possible to get the figures upon which the claim is based, each side evidently fearing that giving publicity to the reports of its agents throughout the State might work to the advantage of its opponent in the event of a contest.

Legislature Will Decide.

LOUISVILLE, KY., November 8.—In view of the probability of a contest over the vote for Governor, this statement, made by Chairman Long at 11 o'clock to-night, is significant:

Said Mr. Long: "The Legislature is close, but I think we have lost both houses. From semi-official returns from all counties except twelve and careful estimates from these we have carried the State by eight thousand plurality for Taylor."

In the event of a contest it will come before the Legislature. This is the case only with the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor. The law covering this point provides that a board for determining a contest for Governor shall be chosen in the Legislature by lot, the Senate selecting three and the House eight members. The decision of this board is not final nor conclusive. It must report to the General Assembly, where further action may be taken.

To-night's developments bring the Legislature into prominence, because of the probability that it ultimately will have to determine who is to be the next Governor of Kentucky. In all expressions upon the result of the election, coming from Democratic headquarters, the Legislature has been claimed as safe for that party. No statement of its make up has been given, but it is probable a number of the members claimed by the Democrats are not Goebel men. If the strength of the two great parties is nearly equal these anti Goebel Democrats probably would hold the balance of power, thus furnishing all the elements for a repetition of the exciting and bitter contest of 1897, which resulted in the defeat of Blackburn for the United States Senate. While the returns on the head of the tickets are incomplete, but little attention has been paid to the figures on members of the Legislature, and until the contest between the leaders is cleared up somewhat it will be hard to get an accurate estimate of the relative strength of the parties in the Assembly.

Goebel Claims His Election.

FRANKFORT, KY, November 8.—Senator Goebel arrived here at 8 o'clock to-night and was met at the train by a crowd of 1,500 enthusiastic followers. From the balcony of the Capital hotel where his headquarters is located, Mr. Goebel made a speech in which he said:

"I believe I have been elected in fact I know I have. I see my friend General Taylor says he will resume the office of Governor. All I have to say is, if I have been elected, as I believe, I will be inaugurated in spite of the Louisville and Nashville railroad and Bradley's bayonets."

Ex-Senator Blackburn also spoke, claiming Goebel's election by a slender majority and calling on the people to see to it that he is seated.

LOUISVILLE, KY., November 8.—Returns received by the *Courier-Journal* up to midnight give Goebel a plurality in the State, outside of the Eleventh district, of 15,300. The Eleventh district, as far as received, shows the usual Republican majorities. Six counties in this district which last night reported Taylor pluralities, to-night send revised figures increasing these pluralities by 1,500. On the other hand the First district, in the the extreme western part of the State, the banner Democratic district, increases its plurality for Goebel several hundred over the figures returned last night.

Warrants have been sworn out against upward of 200 elections officers and others in Louisville, alleging intimidation of voters. The cases will be presented to the Federal grand jury.

Democratic on Joint Ballot.

FRANKFORT, KY., November 8.—Chairman Blackburn of the Democratic State campaign committee, at this hour, mid-night, gave the following figures of the complexion of the next Legislature: Senate—Democrats, 7; Republicans, 11. House—Democrats, 55; Republicans, 45; with chance of 58 to 42.

CINCINNATI, O., November 8.—Unofficial returns have been received by the Western Union from all counties in Ohio, with a few scattering precincts estimated. The footings give Nash, Republican, for Governor, a plurality of 49,205. The reports in most cases give only the pluralities and hence it has not been possible to give the total vote of the candidates. The Jones vote, however, has been reported from forty-seven counties, including Cuyahogo, Lucas, Hamilton and Summit, where the largest vote for him was cast. It shows a total in forty-seven counties of 82,787.

In Maryland.

BALTIMORE, November 8.—Unofficial returns from Baltimore city and all the counties of the State show that the Democrats swept practically everything before them in yesterday's contest. John Walter Smith, Dr. Joshua Herring and Isidore Bayner, their candidates for Governor, Comptroller and Attorney General, respectively, were elected over the Republican candidates by approximately 11,300 majority. The official count, it is thought, will not materially change these figures. The Democrats elected eleven State Senators for four-year terms, which, with their four holdovers, will give them fifteen out of a total membership of twenty six in the upper house of the General Assembly.

In the lower house, composed of ninety-one members, the Democrats elected sixty six, while the Republicans will have only twenty-five delegates in the Legislature to meet in January of next year.

Iowa Returns.

DES MOINES, November 8.—Returns from ninety of the ninety-nine counties in the State, with estimates on the others, show that the Republican claim of 60,000 plurality for Governor Shaw is easily maintained and may go slightly above that figure. His majority over all candidates for Governor is estimated at 48,000, largest in the history of the State on the gubernatorial vote. The Legislature will stand: Senate—35 Republicans and 15 Democrats. House—83 Republicans and 17 Democrats; a gain of 17 votes on joint ballot for the Republicans. Both the Gear and Cummins forces claim a majority of the Republican votes for the U S. Senatorship.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Returns received from up the State increase the Republican Assembly membership to 93, against 57 Democrats; a Republican gain of 12.

In New York county the largest Tammany plurality was that of the candidate for surrogate, Abner C. Thomas, 55,670.

Princeton Tigers, in a game of foot ball, defeated the University of North Carolina at Princeton, N. J, by a score of thirty to nothing. The game was slow and neither team put up noticeably strong work.

Sunday-School Workers Read.

County Sunday School Convention Institute under the auspices of the North Carolina State Sunday School Association, will be held as follows:

Duplin County, Kenansville, Saturday and Sunday, November 11th and 12th.

Pender County, Burgaw, Wednesday, November 15th.

New Hanover County, Wilmington, Thursday and Friday, November 16th and 17th.

Brunswick County, Southport, Saturday and Sunday, November 18th and 19th.

Columbus County, Whiteville, Wednesday, November 22d.

Sampson County, Clinton, Saturday and Sunday, November 25th and 26th.

The purpose of these meetings is to increase interest and stimulate and help to better work in the Sunday school, and to reorganize local associations as a means to this end. All interested in this work are urged to attend and help make the meetings successful. Meetings begin at 10:30 A. M. J. W. BRYAN,
Field Sec'y N. C. State S. S. Ass'n.

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

November 12th, Sunday, twenty-fourth after Trinity, M. P., Holy Innocent's, Lenoir county.

November 12th, Sunday, twenty-fourth after Trinity, E. P., St. Mary's, Kinston.

November 16th, Thursday, Dawson's School House.

November 19th, Sunday, twenty-fifth after Trinity, M. P., St. John's, Pitt county.

November 21st, Tuesday, E. P., St. Paul's, Greenville.

November 22d, Wednesday, Com., St. Paul's, Greenville.

November 26th, Sunday before Advent, E. P., Trinity, Chocowinity.

November 26th, Sunday before Advent, E. M., St. Peter's, Washington.

November 30th, Thursday, Thanksgiving, M. P., Zion Church, Beaufort county.

December 3d, Sunday, first in Advent, M. P., St. Martin's Hamilton.

December 10th, Sunday, second in Advent, M. P., St. Peter's, Gates county.

December 10th, Sunday, second in Advent, E. P., St. Mary's, Gatesville.

December 11th, Monday, Com., St. Mary's, Gatesville.

December 13th, Wednesday, St. Barnabas', Murfreesboro.

December 17th, Sunday, third in Advent, M. P., St. Mark's, Roxobel.

December 17th, Sunday, third in Advent, E. P., Grace Church, Woodville.

December 21st, Thursday Fest, St. Thomas, St. Thomas', Windsor.

December 24th, Sunday, fourth in Advent, M. P., Advent, Williamston.

December 25th, Christmas, Grace, Plymouth.

December 31st, Sunday after Christmas, St. Thomas', Atkinson.

M. P., morning prayer; E. P., evening prayer.

Holy communion at all morning services.

The children catechised when practicable.

The vestries will pleased be prepared to meet the bishop.

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Clinton, Clinton, Nov. 11-12.
Onslow, Tabernacle, Nov. 18-19.
Burgaw, Burgaw, Nov. 24.
Kenansville, Wesley's Chapel, Nov. 25-26.
Magnolia, Rose Hill, Nov. 28.
Scott's Hill, Scott's Hill, Dec. 2-3.
Wilmington, Bladen Street (at night) Dec. 3.
R. F BUMPASS,
Presiding Elder.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 8.—Rosin dull. Spirits turpentine quiet at 50½@51c.

CHARLESTON, November 8.—Spirits turpentine quiet; nothing doing; quotations are omitted; sales — casks; receipts 1 cask. Rosin firm and unchanged; receipts 550 barrels.

SAVANNAH, November 8.—Spirits turpentine firm at 47½c; sales 1,001 casks; receipts 862 casks; exports 607 casks. Rosin firm; sales 172 barrels; receipts 3,427 barrels; exports 1,444 barrels.

EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.

FOREIGN.

BREMEN.—Br steamship Barlby, 8 512 bales cotton, valued at $305,400, cargo and vessel by Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BREMEN.—Br steamship Slingsby, 10,094 bales cotton, 5,022,941 pounds, valued at $376,720, cargo and vessel by J H Sloan.

PONCE, PORTO RICO.—Schr Alma, 122,736 feet lumber, valued at $1,748.99, by Chadbourn Lumber Co.; 15,000 brick; vessel by Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Br steamship Moonstone, 1,363 tons, Foster, St Michaels, Heide & Co.

Schr B I Hazard, 323 tons, Blatchford, New York, Geo Haariss, Son & Co.

Clyde steamship Oneida, Staples, New York, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Br steamship Barlby, Maxfield, Bremen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Br steamship Slingsby Morck, Bremen, J H Sloan & Co.

Schr Alma, Small, Ponce, Porto Rico, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Sales at 48¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 47¾ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per barrel for strained and $1.00 for good strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1 50 per barrel for hard, $2.80 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin dull at $1.05@1 10; tar firm at $1.15; crude turpentine firm at $1.25, $1.90, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	55
Rosin	192
Tar	132
Crude Turpentine	7

Receipts same day last year.—113 casks spirits turpentine, 565 bbls rosin, 152 bbls tar, 56 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7½c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 11 16 cts.	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6 1 16	" "
Low Middling	6 11-16	" "
Middling	7⅛	" "
Good Middling	7½	" "

Same day last year middling 4⅞c.

Receipts—2,315 bales; same day last year, 3,471.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 85c. Extra prime, 90c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, $1 05. Virginia—Prime 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c.

CORN—Firm, 52 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to $5.00, seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to 9.00 per M.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market quiet at 48 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 47½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per barrel for Strained and $1.00 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.50 per barrel for hard, $2.80 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 33@33½c; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at $1.15; crude turpentine firm at $1.25, $1.90, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	99
Rosin	360
Tar	184
Crude Turpentine	48

Receipts same day last year.—64 casks spirits turpentine, 245 bbls rosin, 81 bbls tar, 25 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7⅛c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 11-16 cts.	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6 1-16	" "
Low Middling	6 11 16	" "
Middling	7⅛	" "
Good Middling	7½	" "

Same day last year middling 4⅞c.

Receipts—1,007 bales; same day last year, 1,640.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 85c. Extra prime, 90c per bushel f 28 pounds; fancy, $1.05. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c.

CORN—Firm; 52 to 52½ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch. $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to 9.00 per M

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 6.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 47½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 47 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl for Strained and $1.00 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.50 per barrel for hard, $2.80 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 33½@33c; rosin dull at $1.05@1.10; tar quiet at $1.15; crude turpentine firm at $1.25@1.90, 1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	71
Rosin	218
Tar	130
Crude Turpentine	15

Receipts same day last year.—45 casks spirits turpentine, 208 bbls rosin, 170 bbls tar, 67 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 13-16 cts.	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6 3 16	" "
Low Middling	6 13 16	" "
Middling	7¼	" "
Good Middling	7⅜	" "

Same day last year middling 4⅞c.

Receipts—2,409 bales; same day last year, 3,616.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime. 85c; extra prime, 90c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, $1.05. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c.

CORN—Firm; 52 to 52¼ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland 65@80c. Oats—Spot dull; track white Western 30@34c; options nominal; no business. Lard easy; Western steam closed $5 45; city $5 15; November closed $5 50, nominal; refined easy. Pork steady. Butter firm; Western creamery 18@25c. State dairy 17@23¼ Cheese quiet; large October finest 11½c. Rice steady. Potatoes quiet; Jersey $1 00@1 25; New York $1 00@1 25; Long Island $1 12½@1 50; Southern sweets $1 12½@1 25; Jersey sweets $1 50@2 00 Petroleum firm. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 26¼d. Cotton seed oil firm; prime crude 26c. Cabbage dull; Long Island $2 00@3 00 per 100. Coffee—Spot Rio firm and tending upward; mild firm. Sugar—steady; fair refining 3 13-16c; centrifugal 96 test 4 5 16c; molasses sugar 3 9-16c; refined steady.

CHICAGO, November 8.—Liverpool weakness was the chief factor in the grain markets to-day. Wheat closed 1c and corn ⅛@¼c lower. Corn sympathetically ¼c. Provisions were heavily sold. January pork closed 5@7½c lower, January lard a shade under and January ribs 2½c higher.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Cash quotations: Flour easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 65½@67c; No. 2 red 69¾. Corn—No. 2 32¼. Oats—No. 2 23@23¼c; No. 2 white 25¾@26¼c; No. 3 white 24¾@25c. Pork, per bbl, $7 75@8 25. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 06@5 20. Short rib sides, loose, $4 85@5 30. Dry salted shoulders, $5 37½@5 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 20@5 25. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 23½.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 December 68⅝@68⅞, 68¾@68⅞, 68⅛@68¼, 68⅛@68¼c; May 72½@72⅝, 72¾, 72⅜, 72½c. Corn—No. 2 December 31⅛@31⅛, 31⅛, 31⅛, 31⅛@31¼c; January 31⅛, 31⅛, 30⅝, 30⅝c; May 32⅝@32¾, 32⅞, 32½, 32½c. Oats—December 22½@22⅝, 22⅝, 22⅜@22½, 22⅜@22½; May 24, 24@24⅛, 23⅞@23⅞, 23⅞c. Pork, per bbl—December $8 22½, 8 30, 8 20, 8 20; January $9 77½, 9 82½, 9 70, 9 70; May $9 90, 9 90, 9 77½, 9 77½. Lard, per 100 lbs—December $5 07½, 5 07½, 5 05, 5 05; May $5 25, 5 30, 5 25, 5 25 Short ribs, per 100 lbs—December $4 92½, 4 92½, 4 92½, 4 92½; January $4 97½, 5 05, 4 97½, 5 00.

BALTIMORE, November 8.—Flour quiet and steady, unchanged. Wheat dull—spot and month 68¾@68⅞c; December 70¼@70½c; Southern wheat by sample 62@69½c. Corn firm—mixed spot and month 38@38⅛c; November and December, new or old, 37@37¼c; January and February 36¾c; Southern white, new corn, 35@38c. Oats firm—No. 2 white 30@31c.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 8.—Flour easy and more active without quotable change in prices. The easier ruling of wheat caused more liberal offerings. Wheat—Spot dull; No 2 red 74¼c; export demand disappointing; options opened dull at a decline of ⅜c under disappointing cables, reacted a trifle in local covering, but again turned easier, following Chicago and under local liquidation and an entire absence of outside support. Closed dull at a net decline of ⅛@⅜c; No. 2 red March closed 76⅝c; May closed 77⅛c; December closed 73⅛. Corn—Spot firm but quiet; No 2 40¼c; options opened dull but nominally steadier on ¼c advance at Chicago, but turned easier with wheat and closed dull at net unchanged prices to ⅛c advance; May closed 38⅛c; December closed 39⅛c. Oats—Spot dull; track white Western 30@34c; options nominal; no business. Lard easy; Western steam closed $5 45; city $5 15; November closed $5 50, nominal; refined easy. Pork steady. Butter firm; Western creamery 18@25c. State dairy 17@23¼ Cheese quiet; large October finest 11½c. Rice steady. Potatoes quiet; Jersey $1 00@1 25; New York $1 00@1 25; Long Island $1 12½@1 50; Southern sweets $1 12½@1 25; Jersey sweets $1 50@2 00 Petroleum firm. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 26¼d. Cotton seed oil firm; prime crude 26c. Cabbage dull; Long Island $2 00@3 00 per 100. Coffee—Spot Rio firm and tending upward; mild firm. Sugar—steady; fair refining 3 13-16c; centrifugal 96 test 4 5 16c; molasses sugar 3 9-16c; refined steady.

CHICAGO, November 8.—Liverpool weakness was the chief factor in the grain markets to-day. Wheat closed 1c and corn ⅛@¼c lower. Corn sympathetically ¼c. Provisions were heavily sold. January pork closed 5@7½c lower, January lard a shade under and January ribs 2½c higher.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Cash quotations: Flour easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 65½@67c; No. 2 red 69¾. Corn—No. 2 32¼. Oats—No. 2 23@23¼c; No. 2 white 25¾@26¼c; No. 3 white 24¾@25c. Pork, per bbl, $7 75@8 25. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 06@5 20. Short rib sides, loose, $4 85@5 30. Dry salted sho