Stewart of Nevada Talked for Three Hours About the Mining Laws.

LIVELY TIME IN THE HOUSE.

Naval Appropriation Bill Under Consideration--Sensational Colloguy Between Mr. Grosvenor and Mr. Williams of Mississippi.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WASHINGTON, April 18 .- During almost the entire session of the Senate to day the Alaskan Civil Code bill was under consideration. In this connection Mr. Stewart, Nevada, delivered an address of nearly three hours upon the mining laws of the United States and their relation to the proposed amendment of Senator Hansbrough as to the rights of alien locators of claims Senator Nelson, Minnesota, Senator Carter, Montana, and Senator Teller, Colorado, discussed the pending amendment at length: both Senator Nelson and Senator Teller being particularly vigorous in their denunciation of it.

Senator Hale reported from the committee on Naval Affairs a joint r. solution drawn originally by Senator Mason, Illinois, authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to have struck bronze medals for distribution among certain officers and men of the North Atlantic squadron, commemorating naval engagements between the forces of Spain and the United States in the waters of the West Indies and off the Cuban coast. The measure, which appropriates \$25,000, was adopted.

A resolution was passed asking the Secretary of War to inform the Senate how many inmates of the national soldier's homes and insane asylums are colored men or Indians. Senator Hoar explained that the object was to ascertain whether there was a sufficient number of colored inmates to justify separate institutions. A resolution was offered by Senator Gallinger calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for the aggregate revenue derived from the tax on notes, bank checks, insurance policies, leases, mortgages, telegrams, express ship-

ments and medicinal preparations.
Senator Platt, Connecticut, suggested that as there was a desire to amend the war revenue act, the information should cover its entire operation. The resolution went over.

An effort was made by Senator Money, Mississippi, and several of his Democratic colleagues, to obtain consideration for the bill to revive and amend an act to provide for the collection of abandoned property and the prevention of frauds in insurrectionary districts within the United States, and acts amendatory thereof. The effort led to a long discussion as

to the effect the present consideration of the measure would have upon the Quay case and the unanimous consent that now obtains with respect to that case. It was developed that strong opposition to the bill existed in the Senate by Senator Hale, of Maine; Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire; Senator Warren, of Wyoming, and others, indicating that the measure must be fully discussed.

Senator Hale declared that the bill. if passed, would subject the United States Treasury to a drain of probably \$150,000,000. He would, therefore, strenuously oppose its passage. Senator Money challenged Senator Hale's statement, saying that the bill

would take no such amount from the treasury; that it involved only \$5,-000,000, and that a trust fund, for which the measure provided, was the means of distribution to its proper

Senator Teller, Colorado, as a friend to the bill, urged Senator Money not at this time to press the measure, as some further information was needed by the Senate before it acted upon the bill. The bill needed amendment, he said, but he thought it would be passed without serious delay when understood by the Senate.

Senator Money then gave notice that he would call up the bill next Wednesday. The Senate then resumed considera-tion of the Alaskan Civil Code bill,

Senator Stewart addressing the Senate on the pending Hansbrough amend ment, in opposition to any change in the mining laws of the United States. Senator Nelson also defended the rights of the so called aliens who had located claims in the Cape Nome dis-

Senator Tillman, South Carolina, agreed with Senator Nelson in what he had said of the rights of the Swedes, Norwegians, Laplanders and Finns, and speaking of the Hansbrough amendment said that "Senators ought to take it by the nape of the neck and kick it out of the Senate."

Senator Carter, Montana, made an earnest and forceful appeal to the Senate that the American minerseither native born or properly naturalized-should have the first claims. Senator Carter intimated that Senator Teller, Colorado, and others were seeking to change the mining laws.

Senator Teller said nobody had proposed any change of the mining laws except Senator Hansbrough and Senator Carter, who by their proposed legislation were protecting the scallawags and scoundrels and blackmailers who were making a business of jumping claims. "These people," declared Mr.
Teller with emphasis, "are blackmailers or thieves, and since mining was begun in this country they have been the curse of every mining camp. They are among the worst scoundrels that ever went unhung."

Without further debate the Alaskan bill was laid aside. The Senate at 5.25

House of Representatives.

The debate on the Naval appropriation bill under the five-minute rule to day drifted into politics and for a good portion of the atternoon members fought hammer and tongs across the political aisle. The partisan rancor almost culminated in a sensational scene between Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, the champion of the administration, and Mr. Williams, of Missisworrying Mr. Hawley, of Texas, by pointedly asking if the President had not changed his mind on the Porto Rican tariff question, and Mr. Gros-venor finally threw himself into the

Mr. Williams made an interruption that drew a sharp-rejoinder from the Ohioan about the "unfair" advantage taken by the Mississippian. This aroused the wrath of the latter, and after Mr. Grosvenor had concluded he made a stinging response in which he said parliamentary language would not permit him properly to characterize Mr. Grosvenor's offence. Later, Mr. Grosvenor disclaimed intentional affront, and there the matter ended. Some progress was made with the bill, but most of the controverted points went over. A motion to strike

from the bill the contingent fund of

the appropriation of \$350,000 for the new naval academy at Anapolis was pending when the House adjourned. Mr. Kitchin, North Carolina, a mem ber of the Naval Committee, made a point of order against the provision in the bill appropriating \$500,000, to be expended under the direction of the President to meet unforseen contingencies. The point was overruled by he chair aud Mr. Kitchin appealed. The chair was sustained—94 to 70.

Mr. Kitchin then moved to strike the appropriation from the bill. Mr. Wheeler, Kentucky, supported the motion.

Mr. Foss read from the hearing given by the committee to Secretary Long, detailing the necessity for this emergency appropriation. Mr. Foss thought present circumstances war-

Mr. Williams asked Mr. Grosvenor, who had joined in the debate, if it was not true that the President had changed his mind on the Porto Rican question.

There was considerable fencing, Mr. Wheeler, Kentucky, taking a hand in trying to force the Ohioan. At last Mr. Grosvenor made an allusion to Mr. Williams' method of interrupt ing him, which the latter resented with an emphasis that portended a personel quarrel on the floor, but Mr. Williams finally allowed Mr. Grosvenor to proceed, reserving his reply un til the Ohioan had finished. "Does the gentleman deny that the President has changed his mind?" asked Mr. Kitchin, Democrat, of North Carolina, addressing Mr. Grosvenor.

"As soon as it became manifest to

the President that money had to be raised in some way and that the Ways and Means Committee of this House had brought in a tariff bill providing for fifteen per cent. or twenty-five per cent.," replied Mr. Grosvenor, "the President recognized the right and power of this House to originate that tariff bill. But I call the gentleman's attention to the fact that in the message of the President he gave no sign or indication of when he desired that free trade measures should go into effect. We, by our vote, put it so that within the next sixty days, ninety days, four months, any time after the organization of the civil govern-ment, the people of Porto Rico can have free trade. The President has signed it and thereby given his approval to it."

"The gentleman says the President bows to the will of Congress," interposed Mr. Wheeler. "In the debate on the Porto Rican question when the gentleman appealed to his colleagues to support the pending bill he charged it to be true that the President of the United States was then in accord with

Mr. Grosvenor—I say so now. Mr. Wheeler—He changed

Mr. Grosvenor-I say he did not change his opinion in any material respect; he simply changed from the riginal idea of free trade to what was almost the condition of free trade, that we appended to the measure. The country understands it. Congressman after Congressman who stood here in defence of the bill has been sent back here with a unanimity almost un-paralleled. The Republican party will tion because of its action on the Porto Rican bill. We are not holding back by the coat-tails of the world and hallowing with laughter. We have got something to show for our opinions. Witness the splendid organization by the government of Hawaiian terri-Look at the liberal, generous, Christian laws that we have bestowed upon the people of Porto Rico. In due time under the wisdom of the Republican party and under the blessings of God we will send liberty and equal rights, as rapidly as they can comprehend them, to the people of Porto Rico and to the people of the Phillippine islands." [Applause on the Republican side.]
When Mr. Grosvenor took his seat

ty to reply and time was accorded "Mr. Chairman," he said speaking with deliberation, "as a man grows old, he learns something. I have learned something to day. I will never again, while a member of the Ameri-

Mr. Williams demanded an opportuni-

can Congress, undertake to ask a ques tion of any member on this floor who is not sufficiently well versed in the ordinary courtesies of human intercourse as to be capable of returning at least a polite reply to a polite inquiry. Further than that, it would be almost impossible for me without a breach of parliamentary rule to express myself upon that particular subject. "I asked the gentleman from Ohio a question which he did not answer or

would not answer, or in his usua lawyer like, politician style desired to evade. That question has not been answered yet. The gentleman said on this floor that the President of the United States had not changed his mind upon the Porto Rican question. Remember, I did not charge that he had. What I charged was that he had permitted others to change his mind for him, which in my opinion was not a thing of which any man could at any time be proud. But in charity to the President and in charity to many of the members of this House, I asked the geutleman when he denied that the President had changed his mind, that he permit me to ask a question and he yielded. asked him whether the President had not in a public message an-nounced that he was in favor of free trade between Porto Rico and the balance of the United States, and also whether various members of this House had not risen one after another to say that the President had told them in private conversation subsequently that he was at the time of the conversation in favor of the bill which passed the House. There was nothing rude in that inquiry; there was nothing personal in it; there was nothing discourteous in it; there was nothing unprecedented in it; there was nothing in it that could have stirred up wrath in the breast of any man except one who felt as if he had to break up the convention in a row in order to keep from arriving at an elec-

and there the matter ended. Mr. Kitchen's amendment was lost. May 3rd was set aside for the consideration of the Free Homes bill. The conference report of the Urgent Deficiency bill was agreed to. At 5:25 P. M. the house adjourned.

[Democratic applause.]

tention of affronting Mr. Williams

Mr. Grosvenor disclaimed any in-

TOTAL NET RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, April 16.-The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1899: Galveston, 1,651,337 bales; New Orleans, 1,703,830; Mobile, 193,924; Savannah, 1,035,077; Charleston, 251,248; Wilmington, 273,878; Norfolk, 364,663; Baltimore, 81,367; New York, 93,617; Boston, 97,387; Newport News, 15,027; Philadelphia, 44,469; Brunswick, 90,437; Port Arthur and Sabine Pass, 53,-437; Port Arthur and Sabine Pass, 53,-190; Pensacola, 115,233. Total, 6,063, 575 bales.

NIGHT SWEATS, loss of appetite, weak and impoverished blood, colds, la grippe and general weakness are frequent results of malaria. ROBERTS' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC eliminates the malaria, purifies your blood, restores your appetite and tones up your liver. 25c. per bottle. Insist on having Ros. \$500,000 for the Navy Department. ERTS'. No other "as good." R. R. was defeated. A point of order against | Bellamy.

THE POPULISTS' STATE CONVENTION

Ex-Congressman Harry Skinner Made a Very Sensational Address.

DENOUNCED SENATOR BUTLER

Cy Thompson Made a Speech-The Platform--Delegates to National Convention Instructed for W. J. Bryan. A Poll State Ticket.

[Special Star Telegram.]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 18.-Ex-Congressman Harry Skinner furnished the sensation for the Fopulist State Convention here to day. When the platform was presented he opposed it and offered a minority report. "I don't believe in playing politics," "We won't have it," (voice in the gallery). "Dishonesty and fraud practiced by Senator Butler is as mean as that practiced by Simmons." (Cheers from the audience and hisses from the stage.) "Do you want Mr. Bryan as President?" ("Yes," "No," "Yes.") "Bryan has in his heart the truest populism. If you wish him, then go about it in the right way and nominate as electors at large Dan Hugh McLean and Lee S. Overman." (Hisses from Dr. Thompson and others on the stage.) "You will do it if you are true in your advocacy of Bryan and don't want to continue playing politics". ("We won't do it!" from Sen ator Butler and Chairman Thompson.) "You can hiss: I don't care anything about it. What I want to say to Dr. Thompson and to Marion Butler is, that if they are honest in their advocacy of Bryan they will do it." ("We do not!" from a voice on the stage.)

Then Col. Skinner began discussing the question. He turned hot shot into the camp of the State and the national chairmen, and he received enough apapplause to encourage him to go on. After he concluded his remarks, Cy Thompson came forward. He made a short speech in favor of the platform as it was first submitted, and said: "If Harry Skinner has a grievance against Marion Butler it is unmanly for him to come here to this convention and make come here for it."

Dr. Thompson brought an enthusiastic outburst from the convention, and then moved the adoption of the platform by acclamation. It was adopted. The convention then went into the nomination of candidates.

authority, that Col. Skinner will favor the amendment and support the Democratic candidates.

The platform was submitted. It reaffirms the national platform of 1896, condemns the extravagnce of the Democratic Legislature of 1898. Charges hat the Legislature was careless and rregular in its legislation; condemns the constitutional amendment, and declares the grandfather clause is unconstitutional, and that its enaction was infamous. Says that the amendment disfranchises the peaceable negro and lets the most obnoxious element vote. Declares that it does not settle the negro question and will not relieve the people of the troublesome negro. The poor white man's son will be in chains and without rights. Though the evils are stated, the platform states that the amendment is not to be a party question, and its constitutionality must be settled by each individual for himself, when he shall vote. The platform declares in favor of an amendment that will eliminate the entire negro vote for three generations. It declares the new election law the most infamous ever offered in any

State in the Union. [By Associated Press.] RALEIGH, N. C., April 18 .- The Populist State Convention to day nominated the following ticket: For Governor-Cyrus Thompson, of

Inslow county. Lieutenant Governor-A. C. Shuford, of Catawba. Secretary of State-J. B. Schulken, Treasurer-W. H. Worth, of Guil-

Auditor-H. W. Ayer. of Wake. Attorney General-H. F. Sewell, of Moore.

State Superintendent of Education -N. C. English, of Randolph. Corporation Commissioners—A. S. Peace of Granville and J. T. Paschal of Chatham. Commissioner of Agriculture-J.

W. Mewborn, of Lenoir. Commissioner of Labor-J. Y. Hamrick, of Cleveland. Judge Tenth District-L. L. Witherspoon, of Catawba. Electors at Large—R. B. Davis of New Hanover and Wm. D. Merrill of

The convention instructs its delegates to the national convention to vote for William J. Bryan for Presi-No reference is made in the platform

to national issues other than to reaffirm the platform adopted by the party at St. Louis in 1896. The convention was this morning, by invitation, addressed by Congress man Southerland, of Nebraska. He urged the Populists to the hearty and undivided support of Bryan, and predicted his election this Fall. No refer-

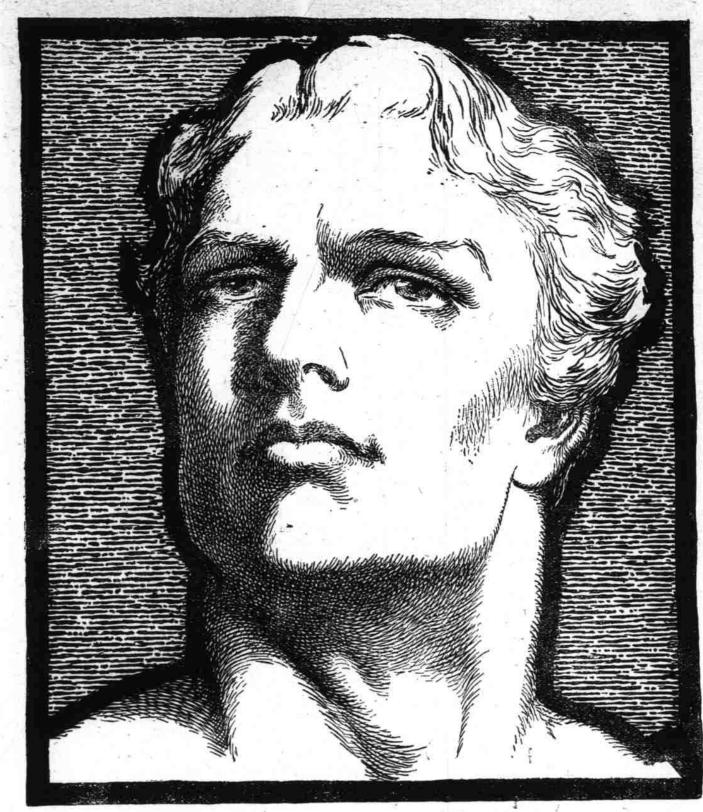
ence was made in his speech to State

Our Greatest Specialist. For twenty years Dr. J. Newton Hathaway has so successfully treated chronic diseases that he is acknow-ledged to day to stand at the head of his profession in this line sive method of treatment for Varicocle and Stricture without the aid of knife or cautory cures in 90 per cent. of all cases. In the treatment of Loss of Vital Forces, Nervous Disorder, Kidney and Urinary Complaints, Paralysis, Blood Poisoning, Rheumatism, Catarrh and Diseases peculiar to women, he is equally successful. Cases pronounced hopeless by other physicians, readily yield to his treatment. Write him to day fully about your case. He makes no charge for consultation or advice,

either at his office of by mail. J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., 221 South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.



PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND



REV. FRED PFEIFFER, SEDALIA, MO., Writes:

"My nervous system was entirely broken down by overwork. I could not eat not the charges. Let him go and settle sleep. For four months I was in the hospital, but without any decided benefit. At last, these differences, man to man, and not | I purchased a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and soon felt its wonderful curative effects. Four bottles of the Compound restored me to health and strength; I am now ambitious to work, have a good appetite, and sleep well."

There is no strength and ambition to work when the nerves and body Crude are weak or diseased. Paine's Celery Compound sustains the strength It is stated to-night, though not on of the nerves and of the stomach, liver and kidneys.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

A Conflict Seems to Be Inevitable-Japan Commands the Situation. By Cable to the Morning Star.

YOKOHAMA, March 31, VIA SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.-If the quick and steady dispatch of telegrams from Korea mean aught of a really serious nature, the inference would be that Japan and Russia are on the verge of war. Outwardly, however, there is absolute calm. The present opinion of the community seems to be that as the conflict is inevitable, the sooner it occurs the better it will be for Japan. The latter, with her great fleet, far superior to that of her enemy in those waters, would make short work of Russia's naval force, and command the situation for the time at least, with all the advantages which an added prestige would

Russia demands a concession of territory near Masampo, or as an alternative, the island Kotoku. Either would be a standing menace to Japan, and one of the hardest of diplomatic fights is now on Seoul. It is deemed many to be significant that the hereabouts and movements of a Japanese fleet of sixty vessels are veiled in the greatest secrecy. That they will be within easy striking distance of the "scene of war" may easily be surmised.

TELEGRAPHERS' STRIKE.

Gaining Ground in the Charlotte Division. Mt. Airy Men Quit Work.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 18 .- Vice President Dolphin, of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, says to-night:

The Southern Railway telgraphers' strike is gaining ground in this district. At 5 o'clock this afternoon all the men on the Mount Airy division, sixteen in number, closed their offices and walked out, leaving but one man. At 12 o'clock to-day all agents and operators on the Northern Alabama railway locked their offices and went on strike. This makes a total of about fifty eight men who have joined the

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

strikers within the past twenty-four

A Complete Victory for Democrats in the City of New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., April 17 .- The annual election of city and town offiers was held to-day, and resulted in a complete victory for the Democratic 51 bales; Charleston, firm at 9%c, net candidates. No mayoralty candidate was voted for. The Democratic majorities range from 2,000 to 2,300, and are the greatest in years. The Demo-crats have control of both branches of the common council, with a majority of 15 councilmen and 6 aldermen.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

The Safe Blown Open and \$650 in Stamps and Money Taken.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. RALEIGH, N. C., April 18.-The postoffice at Chapel Hill, N. C., was burglarized early this morning. The safe was blown open and wrecked and damage done to other property about the room by the explosion. About one hundred and fifty dollars in cash and five hundred dollars in stamps were taken.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intensely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in ten days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles it's the best salve in the world, Cure guaranteed, Only 25c. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. † | ports on the Red Sea.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 18 .- After opening steady at unchanged prices to an advance of five points on covering, the cotton market turned weak but was variable, more or less throughout the session and closed slightly above last night. The early improvement followed unsatisfactory weather and crop accounts; those from sections east of Texas were particularly unfayorable. Later, however, the market gave way in the absence of outside support; selling pressure was for a time quite heavy. From the opening there was a decline of four to ten points, liquidation and sellfor short accounts being quite active. The public cables were about as expected. In the afternoon the market took a higher level on indications of smaller receipts and renewed interest on the part of Wall street in the way of buying, chiefly directed towards the new crop positions. Selling of August by street parties was detected later, but a spurt of covering near the close carried prices above the opening and the close was quiet and steady at a net ad-

vance of one to three points. NEW YORK, April 18.-Cotton quiet; middling uplands 9%c. Futures closed quiet and steady: April 9.47, May 9.47, June 9.43, July 9.43, August 9.24, September 8.43, October 8.15, November 7.98, December 7.98, January 7.98, February 8.01, March 8.05. Spot cotton closed quiet; middling

uplands 9%c; middling gulf 10%c; sales 562 bales. Net receipts 274 bales; gross receipts 274 bales; stock 116,508 bales. Total to-day-Net receipts 8,755 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,035 bales: exports to France 5,340 bales;

stock 498,934 bales. Consolidated-Net receipts 31,750 bales; exports to Great Britain 35,936 bales; exports to France 9,534 bales; exports to the Continent 55,033 bales. Total since September 1st.—Net re-ceipts 6,108,551 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,984,796 bales; exports to France 665,341 bales; exports to the

Continent 2,327,263 bales. April 18-Galveston, steady at 97-16, net receipts 325 bales; Norfolk, firm at 91/c, net receipts 63 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9%c, net receipts - bales; Boston, quiet at 9%c, net receipts 793 bales; Wilmington, steady at 9½c, net receipts 2 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 10 %c, net receipts 32 bales; Savannah, quiet at 9 7-16, net receipts 1,380 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 9 %, net re-ceipts 5,525 bales; Mobile, nominal at 5-16c, net receipts 258 bales: Memphis. steady at 91/sc, net receipts 233 bales; Augusta, quiet at 9%c, net receipts receipts 103 bales.

Chronic Nasal Catarrh poiso ns every breath that is drawn into the lungs. There is procurable from any druggist the remedy for the cure of this trouble. A small quantity of Ely's Cream Balm placed into the nostrils spreads over an inflamed and angry surface, relieving immediately the painful inflammation, cleanses, heals and cures. A cold in the head vanishes immediately. Sold by drugsts or will be mailed for 50 cer Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New

For Uver Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrheea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

The bubonic plague is reported to have made its appearance at several

cask spirits turpentine, 131 bbls rosin, 89 bbls tar, 16 bbls crude tur-

New City, each

BUTTER— North Carolina & D......

COFFEE—# D—

Sheeting, 4-4, 9 yard..... Yarns, 9 bunch of 5 bs EGGS—9 dozen..... FISH—

Low grade
Choice
Straight
First Patent
GLUE—\$ b.
GRAIN—\$ bushel—
Corn, from store, bgs—White
Car-load, in bgs—White...
Oats, from store
Oats, Rust Proof.
Cow Peas.

Clover Hay.
Rice Straw.
Eastern.
Western.
North River.
HOOP IRON, # D.

Barbadoes, in hegshead....
Barbadoes, in hegshead....
Porto Rico, in hogsheads....
Porto Bico, in barrels.....
Sugar House, in hogsheads.
Sugar House, in barrels....

Byrup, in barrels....
NAILS, \$ keg, Cut, 60d basis...
City Marrel—

Liverpool
American
On 125 % Sacks.
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M.....

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chart Hillthing

Standard A..... White Extra C...

.................

...... 10 0

DOMESTICS

FLOUR-W D-

HAY \$ 100 lbs

Laguyra.....

8H—

Mackerel, No. 1, \$\mathbf{9}\$ barrel... 22 00

Mackerel, No. 1, \$\mathbf{9}\$ half-bbl. 11 00

Mackerel, No. 2, \$\mathbf{9}\$ barrel... 16 00

Mackerel, No. 3, \$\mathbf{9}\$ barrel... 13 00

Mackerel, No. 3, \$\mathbf{9}\$ barrel... 13 00

Mullets, \$\mathbf{9}\$ barrel... 3 75

Mullets, \$\mathbf{9}\$ pork barrel....

N. C. Roe Herring, \$\mathbf{9}\$ keg... 3 00

Second-hand, each...... New New York, each......

ICKS— Wilmington W M...... 6 75 @ 7 00 Northern 9 00 @ 14 00

Market quiet on a basis of 91/2c per WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT. Good ordinary 8 7-16 " Low middling..... 9 1-16 " " The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted Middling..... 9½ Good middling..... 9% Same day last year middling firm The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. Receipts-2 bales; same day last rear, 102. COUNTRY PRODUCE. BAGGING—
2 D Jute...
Standard...
Burlaps
WESTERN SMOKKD— PEANUTS - North Carolina

Prime, 70 cents; extra prime, 75 cts. per oushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77 1/2 @80c. Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN-Firm; 53 to 531/2 cents per bushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85 cents; upland 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel. N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, SHINGLES-Per thousand, five

inch, hearts and saps, \$2.25 to \$3.25; six inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven inch, TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to \$9.00 per M.

STAR OFFICE, April 6. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- Market steady at 46 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 451/2 cents per gallon for country casks. ROSIN-Nothing doing.

TAR-Market firm at \$1.20 per bbl f 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Market quiet [at \$1.85 per barrel for hard \$3.15 for dip and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year .-Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm at 95c; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.35@

RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine..... Rosin Tar.....

Market quiet on a basis of 91/2c per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary 7 1-16 cts # lb Good ordinary 8 7-16 " Low middling..... 9 1-16 " " Middling..... 91/2 Good middling.... 97/8

Same day last year middling firm Receipts-9 bales; same day last rear, 73. COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS - North Carolina Prime 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77% @ 80c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c.
CORN—Firm: 53 to 531/2 cents per ushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85c; upland, 50@60c. Quota-

tions on a basis of 45 pounds to the

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; SHINGLES-Per thousand, fivench hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch. \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, \$5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to 6.00 per M STAR OFFICE, April 17. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.-Market steady at 46 cents per gallon for ma-chine made casks and 45% cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN-Nothing doing. TAR.-Market firm at \$1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.
CRUDE TUBPENTINE .- Very quiet at \$1.85 per barrel for hard, \$3.15 for dip, and — for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.-Spirits turpentine steady at 40@39%c: rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm at 95c; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.35@

RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine...... Receipts same day last year. -32 casks spirits turpentine, 199 bbls.

rosin, 149 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude tur-

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

gallon for country casks.

good strained.

bbl of 280 lbs.

turpentine.

year, 18.

the bushel

\$5.50 to 6.50.

9.00 per M.

STAR OFFICE, April 12.

TAR-Market firm at \$1,20 per

bbl of 280 fbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at \$2.00 per barrel for hard, \$3.25 for dip, and — for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—

Spirits turpentine firm at 42@41½c; rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm at 95c; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.35@

RECEIPTS.

Crude turpentine. 17
Receipts, same day last year.—11
casks spirits turpentine, 725 bbls
rosin, 233 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 9%c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary 7 1-16 cts & lb Good ordinary 8 7-16 ".

Low middling..... 9 1-16 " "

Middling...... 916 " "
Good middling 976 " "
Same day last year middling firm

Receipts-76 bales; same day last

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77½ @80c.

Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime,

55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm, 531/4 to 55 cents per

bushel for white.
ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-

water) 85 cents; upland, 50@60 cents. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to

the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch,

TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market

ROSIN-Nothing doing. TAR-Market firm at \$1.20 per

bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market

quiet at \$2.00 per barrel for hard, \$3.25 for dip and — for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.

Spirits turpentine firm at 41 1/2 @42c;

rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm at 95c; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.35@

BECEIPTS.

Receipts same day last year.-21

COTTON.

44 44

Tar....

Holiday-No quotations.

nominal. Nothing doing.

STAR OFFICE, April 13.

STAR OFFICE, April 14.

Spirits turpentine.....

Rosin

Tar.....

COTTON Good ordinary..... 8 7.16 " "
Low middling.... 9 1-16 " "
Middling.... 9½ " "
Good middling... 9½ " " SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 52 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 51% cts per Same day last year middling quiet ROSIN-Market quiet at \$1.15 per bbl for strained and \$1.20 for at 6c.

> COUNTRY PRODUCE PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77%@ 80c. Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c.
> CORN—Firm; 53 to 53½ cents per bushel for white.
>
> ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 85c; upland 50@60c. Quota tions on a basis of 45 pounds to the N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 10 to

Receipts-115 bales; same day last

year, 33.

11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, fiveinch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to 9.00 per M.

STAR OFFICE, April 6. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 46c per gallon for machine made casks and 45½ cts per gallon or country casks. ROSIN-Market firm at \$1.10 per barrel for strained and \$1.15 for good strained.

TAR.—Market firm at \$1.25 per bbl of 280 lbs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE. — Very quiet at \$1.85 per barrel for hard, \$3.15 for dip and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year .-Spirits turpentine steady at 39@381/c: rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm at 95c; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.35@

RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine..... Rosin..... Tar..... Crude turpentine..... Receipts same day last year.—15 casks spirits turpentine, 231 bbls rosin, 263 bbls tar, 19 bbls crude tur-

pentine. Market steady on a basis of 91/2c per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary..... 7 1-16 cts. 78 lb Good ordinary 8 7-16 " Low middling..... 9 116 " " Middling 9½ ""Good middling 9½ "" Same day last year middling quiet

Receipts—2 bales; same day last year, 14 bales. COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77½ Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm; 53 to 53½ cents per oushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85c; upland, 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel. N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to

per pound; shoulders, 7 to sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, fiveinch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00: seven-inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to 9.00 per M.

MARINE.

ARRIVED. Nor barque Albatros, 401 tons, Ras mussen, Havana, Heide & Co. Br schooner Brothers, 125 tons, Kelley, Harbor Island, B F Keith Company. Swed barque Norden, 413 tons, Hamberg, Palma, Heide & Co.

CLEARED. Schooner Linah C Kaminski, Ray, Charleston, S C, George Harriss, Son

EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—Clyde steamship Sagi-naw—79 casks spirits, 30 bbls rosin, 415 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude, 182,601 feet lumber, 30 bbls pitch, 60 cases cotton goods, 70 pkgs merchandise, 128 bales domestic; cargo by various consignees; vessel by H G Smallbones.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

For the Week Ending Friday, April · 16th, 1900.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 16 .- The fol-

lowing is the comparative cotton

statement for the week ending April 16th, 1900: 1900. 1899. Net receipts at all U. Sports during the week 56,242 64,141 Total receipts to this date...... 6,063,575 7,719,745 126,428 40,721 Exports for week.. Total exports to 4,876,897 6,231,718 Stock in all U. S.

ports.

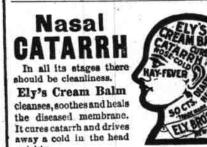
Stock at all interior 251,766 460,335 towns...... Stock in Liverpool, 646,000 1,676,000 American afloat for Great Britain ... 142,000 80,000

561,760 788,077

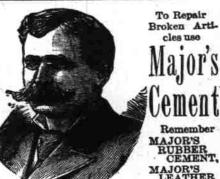
NAVAL STORES MARKETS By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, April 18.—Rosin was quiet; strained common to good

\$1 70. Spirits turpentine easy at 53@ CHARLESTON, April 18 .- Spirits turpentine was firm at 45%c; sales casks. Rosin firm; sales - barrels. Prices unchanged.

BAVANNAH, April 18.—Spirits tur-pentine firm at 47; sales 928 casks; reeipts 1,172 casks; exports 491 casks. Rosin—I and above quiet; H and be-low firm; sales 328 barrels; receipts 2,522 barrels; exports 529 barrels. Quote: E, \$1 371/2; F, \$1 40; G, \$1 45.



Cream Baim is pi over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying-does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York. mar 15 tf th sa tu



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