CUBAN SCANDAL

IN THE SENATE.

SENATOR BACON'S SPEECH.

Stupendous Frauds by U. S. Officials. Extravagent Expenditures - Funds Misappropriated-The Duty of Congress in the Matter.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WASHINGTON, May 16 .- Discussion of the administration of affairs in Cuba by agents of the United States occupied the attention of the Senate during the greater part of to day's ses-

Senator Bacon, Georgia, called up his resolution directing the Committee on Relations with Cuba to make an investigation of the conduct of financial affairs of the island and address ed the Senate at length upon it. He maintained it was the duty of Congress to make the investigation called for by the resolution because it was due the people of this country to know how affairs in the island were being conducted; and since the disclosures of the past few days had been made with respect to the misappropriation of funds in the postal service, the obligation upon Congress to make an investigation was doubly heavy. He re-viewed the situation as recently pre sented in newspaper and official re-ports from the island, and urged that the honor of the country depended upon its being able to clear away the fraud and corruption which, it was charged, had been discovered. He maintained that the government of the United States had no authority in Cuba and demanded to know how soon it proposed to redeem its pledge and leave the government of the island to its inhabitants.

A House bill repealing the provision of the law allowing merchandise passing through the United States from any foreign country to be transported free of duty so far as the Mexican free zone is concerned was passed. A resolution offered by Senator Lodge calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for information in regard to the influx of Japanese laborers into the country and whether there has been any violation of the contract labor law was adopted. The Bacon resolution was then called up.

National Honor Impugned.

In speaking to the resolution, Senator Bacon submitted the proposition that there could be no more mandatory duty than that which rests upon the United States that every dollar collected in Cuba should be applied to the people of Cuba. The United States was a self-constituted agent in Cuban There were, he said, the still higher

obligations of national honor to investigate. Perhaps at no time had any people constituted themselves the agent for a trust such as that we have imposed upon ourselves in Cuba. In the degree of honor with which this duty was performed would the country be adjudged by the world.

It was, he said, a plain duty of Congress to see to it that every dollar collected in Cuba should be honestly handled and rigidly accounted for; a task difficult, however, because of the system of absolutism in vogue in our administration in Cuba. "But," he declared, "we are not urged alone by the voice of duty. The facts urge the investigation to be made.

"There has been in Cuba the most exorbitant and extravagant expenditure of money."
"If," he said, "we had before us

only the naked fact that the receipts on the island during a single year were more than \$16,000,000 and the expenditures more than \$14,000,000. we would be bound to investigate the subject to see that this vast sum had been properly and prudently han-dled."

The Clark Case.

At this point Senator Chandler, chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, called up the resolution declaring that Mr. Clark, of Montana, was not entitled to a seat in the Senate and asked that it be postponed until Saturday next at 1 o'clock in order that the committee may consider what action shall be taken. The request was agreed to. Senator Bacon discussed at length

the allowances made to the various officers in Cuba by direction of the then Secretary of War, General Alger. He inquired why such allowances were not made to General Lee and General Wilson. He read the order of General Alger making an allowance of \$7,500 per year, in addition to his salary, to General Brooke. "What is there," Senator Bacon inquired, "in the office of the governorgeneral of Cuba which requires him to exercise functions of greater dignity than a general commanding an army in the field; to give him vice-regal authority?"

Funds Misappropriated.

Senator Bacon declared that one of the prominent officials in Cuba had used the Cuban funds with which to purchase personal apparel and that there were well founded rumors that there had been the most extravagant expenditure of Cuban funds for fitting up luxurious quarters for officers and furnishing those office-holders car-riages and liveried servants.

"Still further," said he, "within the past week the fact has been disclosed a fact that brings the blush of shame to the cheek of every American citi-zen—that trusted officials in Cuba have misapproprinted large amounts be-longing to the people of Cuba. Nobody knows how large these amounts are. At first it was stated they were \$30,000: next it was said they would amount to \$75,000; and now it is intimated the amounts may aggregate \$400,000. At first one man only was involved in the difficulty. Now there are many—so many that it is intimated it may amount to a conspiracy.

power conferred upon him by that or-der was so great, said Mr. Bacon, that it had resulted in a disgraceful and mortifying condition of affairs.

Interrupting Senator Bacon, Senator Hale, Maine, asserted that the orfrom death, says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in Consumption. I had der creating Major Rathbone's office was of "a character of power such as was given to Roman pro-consuls. There is nothing like it in this government. It is a power unrestrained, un-New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me. I would not be without it even if it cost \$5.00 a bottle. Hundreds have used it on my recommendation and all say it never

Senator Bacon said he had understood that the majority of the Committee on Relations with Cuba did not desire an investigation of Cuban affairs startled at the magnitude of the work and were afraid it might take the balance of the year. If those Senators were not willing, said Senator Bacon,

gally. He inquired by what law or right we had introduced our postal system in the island, and by what law a governor general of Cuba had been appointed. In the Philippines and in

Porto Rico, we had exercised the

power because they were conquered territory; but Cuba was not con-

ator Platt, Connecticut, expressing a

Bills were passed granting \$100 monthly pension to the widow of General Lawton; to facilitate the

coasting trade between the United

States and Porto Rico and Hawaii.

Seventy-seven pension bills were

House of Representatives.

Cross No progress was made with the Alaskan Code bill owning to the

inability of the two sides to agree as to

the time to be allowed for general debate. The conference report on the general appropriation bill was rejected,

after an extended debate, mainly over

appropriations for sectarian institu-

It was agreed that the minority of

the Judiciary Committee should have

until Monday to file their views upon the Anti-Trust bill and resolutions re-

ported yesterday. The agreement was reached without difficulty.

The House then went into Commit-

tee of the Whole for the consideration

of the Alaskan Code bill. The Demo-

crats desired three hours' debate with

general leave to print, and declined to

allow the first reading of the bill to be

dispensed with in order to have a lever

to force acquiescence in their request.

The bill contains 600 pages and its

reading would require several days.

The clerk entered upon the reading, while the leaders tried to adjust their differences. All negotiations, how-ever, failed, and on demand of the

regular order, the call of committees, the House resumed consideration of the

Red Cross bill, and after a motion by

Mr. Kleberg, Texas, to recommit had been lost, the bill was passed. The Naval Appropriation bill was sent to

The House then, at 4.25 P. M., ad-

BAPTIST CONVENTION.

A Negro Missionary Creates a Sensation.

New Orleans Selected as the Next

Place of Meeting.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., May 14 .- An-

other Booker Washington appeared at

the last moments of the Southern Bap-

tist Convention this evening. He was

Rev. Charles S. Morris, a young man

of brown skin and with eloquence that

thrilled the big assemblage. He is a missionary among the blacks of Af-

rica and had been granted a few min-

utes to make a plea for missionary

work in the dark continent. It re-

mained 'or the negro to stir the great

gathering to tumultuous enthusiasm,

when, with splendid eloquence, he

told his hearers that Carey was not the

first modern missionary, but that the

pioneers were the goodly women who

took charge of slaves when they land-

ed in old Virginia and clothed and fed

It was some time before President

Northen could obtain silence after

the negro's speech. The crowd, however, could not be restrained

and broke forth into fresh ap-

plause. Crowds pressed forward

and strnggled to get near enough to

throw money on the platform. Several

hundred dollars in silver and notes

were thrown at Morris' feet. He asked

the audience not to give money to him,

but to turn it over to the treasurer

and have it used to send messengers

colored people to co-operation in the

ing of money was so spontaneous that

even after the eloquent black orator

had refused it, it was flung at his feet. Rev. W. M. Vines, of Asheville,

N. C., submitted the report on frontier work and Rev. T. S. Potts, of Mem-

phis, presented the report on cities, while Rev. J. E. White, of North

Carolina, made a report of the work in

the mountain regions. The report on

the enlargement of home mission work

recommended that \$150,000 be raised

The committee to select the place and

time of holding the next convention

recommended Asheville, N. C., but the

delegates selected New Orleans and the

Friday before the second Sunday of

NIGHT SWEATS, loss of appetite, weak and impoverished blood, colds,

la grippe and general weakness are frequent results of malaria. ROBERTS' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC eliminates the

malaria, purifies your blood, restores

your appetite and tones up your liver.

25c. per bottle. Insist on having RoB-

ERTS'. No other "as good." R. R.

steady. Spirits turpentine steady.

platform endorsing the McKinley administration and favoring legisla-

A Life And Death Fight,

Mr. W. A. Hines, of Manchester, Ia.

writing of his almost miraculous escape

frequent hemorrhages and coughed

night and day. All my doctors said I must die. Then I began to use Dr. King's

tion to control trusts.

Rosin quiet; sales — barrels.

for home missions.

next May as the time.

mission work in Africa. The outpour-

throughout the South to arouse the

them and gave them the gospel.

conference.

journed.

the American National Red

desire to speak thereon.

also passed.

porate

AS TO MAFEKING.

cials were not there in the exercise of the war power nor in possession of conquered territory. They were there simply under an avowal by Congress in the declaration of war that the United States would pacify the island and then leave it to the control of its own people. Money spent that was unnecessary for the pacification of the island had been expended illegally. He inquired by what law or Boer Official Bulletin Reports British Relief Column Defeated With Great Loss.

GEN. BULLER'S OPERATIONS.

Lord Roberts Still at Kroonstad-Boer Forces Abandoned Glencoe-Gen. French's Cavalry Fight at the Crossing of Zand River.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

quered territory.

The resolution was then made subject to the call of any Senator; Senject to the call of any Senator; LONDON, May 17, 3.30 A. M.—The British relief column fought the Boers at Kraai Pan, thirty-two miles south of Mafeking, on Saturday, according to a telegram received Wednesday night at Lorenzo Marques from Molopo, one hundred miles north of Mafeking.

This intelligence is accepted here The conference report on the District of Columbia Appropriation bill was agreed to without debate.

At 5.15 P. M. the Senate adjourned. with some reserve, because it is diffi-cult to understand how the news could have been so quickly put on the wire from a place 132 miles from the scene of the engagement. The House accomplished little to day beside passing the Senate bill to incor-The British public is keenly expec-

tant of the announcement that Mafeking has been relieved. News of its succor is awaited with more anxiety than has been felt regarding any other event of the war.

Douglass Story, the Daily Mail's correspondent at Pretoria, wires: "The Boer government is holding back some big news. Feverish activity prevails here. President Kruger is working day and night. The latest Boer official bulletin is that the relief column has been defeated with great

Lord Roberts continues passive at Kroonstad. His cavalry is stretching like a semi-circular screen many miles

in length, with overlapping flanks.

The railway will probably be completed to day. The Kroonstad censor permits the passage of long dispatches dealing with incidents prior to the occupation.

General French's cavalry had one lively fight after crossing the Zand river. A mixed squadron, composed of the Scots Greys, the Inniskillings, Carbineers and Australian Horse, took a kopje and dismounted. The Boers suddenly fired from a concealed position, killing many horses and stamped-ing the rest. The Boers then advanced in overwhelming numbers and drove the squadron, capturing some. The Boers robbed the dead and looted the saddles. Finally a brigade of cavalry drove them off. Farther north the Hussars charged

the Boers, killing and wounding many straggles with sabres and pistols. Lord Roberts' infantry marched 142 miles in seven days. General French marched thirty miles in one day. The Boers, when retiring, dragged thirtytwo guns through Kroonstad.

General Buller is moving toward New Castle. He appears to be using 25,000 men against 5,000 or 6,000. His operations will almost certainly result in his forcing the Boers back on his way into the Transvaal, possibly in time to co-operate with Lord Roberts' advance, although General Buller is now 252 miles from Johannesburg, or twenty-five days' march.

A Dane who was captured by the South African Horse says that there are five hundred Frenchmen with the Boers who are opposing General Bul-ler, together with many Germans and other foreigners.

Boers Abandon Biggarsberg.

LONDON, May 16.—The War Office has posted the following dispatch from General Buller, dated Dundee, May 16: "We occupied Glencoe yesterday.

The Transvaalers have now evacuated Biggarsberg. The Free Staters on the Drakensberg are much reduced in numbers. The Carolina, Lydenberg and Pretoria commandoes trekked north from Hlatikul on the 13th and 14th of May. Eleven guns were en-trained at Glencoe. The last train with ambulance left there at dawn. May 15th. This result has been largely produced by the action of the Fifth division, which during the last few days has done a great deal of very hard work, marching, mountain climbing and road-making." Not much of a Victory.

LONDON, May 16.—The occupation of Glencoe was merely a logical sequel of General Buller's advance and the Boers retiring movement. As usual the Boers are reported to be flying precipitately; but also as usual, the accounts add that their transport and guns were removed in safety, which in itself is a contradiction of any statement that the Boers were panic stricken.

The prolongation of Mafeking siege only intensifies Great Britain's anxiety to hear of its relief. About 1,100 more troops have arrived at Beira, Portuguese East Africa. The Governor at Beira, Senor Norrelles,

in the course of a speech at a dinner of the Yeomanry said: "Friends as we have always been of England, we could never have realized the magnificent unity of the Anglo Saxon race without such an object lesson, Realizing this, Portugal not only congratulates her ancient, ally but rejoices with it as the strengthening of a friend is the strengthening of ourselves. Apparently Lord Roberts is still waiting at Kroonstad, preparatory to making a swift movement on the Vaal

Not All Roses.

BELLAMY. General Rundle is sweeping through the northeast of the Free State. The Boers are dissolving before him, and NAVAL STORES MARKETS. some are surrendering. Their main By Telegraph to the Morning Star. force is assembled between Ficksburg NEW YORK, May 16.-Rosin was and Winburg; but it is without close

organization.

CHARLESTON, May 16.—Spirits tur-To-day's instalment of the war pentine steady at 47 %c; sales - casks. story is therefore, seemingly, fa narrative of British successes, but, with the Boers preparing for a last desperate SAVANNAH, May 16.—Spirits turfling farther in the interior, and with pentine firm at 49c; sales 518 casks; Boer guerilla parties looting houses receipts 1,998 casks; exports 102 casks. Rosin firm; sales 9,937 barrels; receipts and stores in the northwest section of Cape Colony, it is not all roses for the 3,614 barrels; (exports 786 barrels British. The Upington district is the The closing quotations were: A, B, C, D, \$1 15; E, \$1 20; F, \$1 25; G, \$1 30; H, \$1 40; I, \$1 50; K, \$1 60; M, \$1 75; N, \$2 00, W G, \$2 20, W W, \$2 40. locality where the guerilla tactics of the Boers are just now most in evi-

FOR OVER PIRTY YEARS MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take

no other. CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND



STRONG IN NERVE AND MUSCLE.

Nerve force; vigorous, regular action of the stomach, the liver and the kidneys clean, nourishing blood in quick circulation give to youth health and sturdy growth.

Paine's Celery Compound is a wholesome and potent medicine that will strengthen and increase nerve energy, cleanse and enrichen the life blood of the growing body.

F. L. SKILLIN, 37 BURNSIDE AVE., WEST SOMERVILLE, MASS., WRITES: "We always have Paine's Celery Compound in the house and use it for the children when they are run down or have any kind of nervous trouble. It builds them up, regulates the bowels, gives an appetite, and makes them strong. I am now giving it to our little boy five years old, and it is doing him a great deal of good.

CUBAN POSTAL FRAUDS.

Admitting Certain Irregularities-

By Cable to the Morning Star. HAVANA, May 16.—Postmaster E. P Thompson, of Havana, local office, has signed a sworn statement in which he says that September 16th last, being in need of money he took from the money order funds \$435, giving his memorandum as a receipt for the same. When the inspections were held Mr. Thompson ordered a clerk in charge of the money order department to place remittances received that day which would not have to be accounted for until the next day, sufficient to cover the amount of his receipt which was then withdrawn until after the inspection. This was kept up until April 7th, when the special agents unexpectedly discovered the receipt, which Mr. Thompson then

paid. He also admits that Charles F. Neely, late financial agent of posts at Havana, endorsed a bill for \$350, which Thompson had discounted by the North American Trust Company. Thompson admits other irregularities in connection with his department. NEW YORK, May 16.—Edward Jones, of this city, Las been appointed special assistant United States attornev general in the matter of the proceedings against Charles W. Neely and other officials and employes of the

United States government in Cuba. In speaking of the Neely case to-day, United States District Attorney Burnet said that the hearing set for to-morrow before Commissioner Shields would most likely be adjourned for a week and the extradition nearing in Albany postponed for a day

Thompson in a Bad Box. It is asserted by lawyers that on Mr.

Thompson's own statement he is liable o arrest for embezzlement according to the provisions of the Postal laws. which are very explicit. Much sympathy is expressed for him, however, as it is felt that nothing would ever have been heard regarding the action to which he has confessed had not the present investigation, growing out of the general postal frauds, brought the matter to light. His friends are positive that the money would have been re-paid, the memorandum receipt taken up and the incident thus closed. As the affair stands now, Mr.

Thompson's career in the postal service must necessarily cease, even if he escapes a term of imprisonment. Moreover, his action in giving orders to pos tal clerks to alter figures regarding stamps at the request of Carridon Rich, without notifying Mr. Rathbone, makes things look worse, even if he acted re-cently in the belief that everything

Four postal inspectors arrived this morning and after conference with General Wood and Mr. Rathbone, immediately began work.
Mr. Rathbone declares that there is not the slightest jealousy between the

military authorities and the postal department here, and that General Wood and himself are working in perfect harmony with reference to all steps

The local papers praise General Wood for the indefatigable manner in which he has handled the investiga-

Every development connected with the frauds, it is asserted, tends to show the far-reaching influence of Neely, mated it may amount to a conspiracy."

Major Rathbone.

The State Republican Convention of Senator Bacon then referred directly to the alleged embezzlement of postothers for delegates at large to the others for delegates at large to the funds in Cuba and read the order national convention and adopted a national convention and short of the State Republican Convention of Saves nine. Hughes' Tonic new improved, taste Saves ni for the State is Carridon Rich, who will not be placed in jail but will be closely watched, as it is felt that his testimony is absolutely indispensable.

> HAVANA, May 16.-Warrants were issued this evening for the arrest of E. P. Thompson, the Havana post-master; W. H. Reeves, deputy auditor of the island, and Edward Moya and Ge Mascaro, Cuban clerks in the department, and by 7 o'clock at ere lodged in the Vivac, the To s of Havana. This was done un the advice of the postal inspec ors, who arrived to day. It is considered now that Reeves is equally

Many Arrests Made.

guilty with Neely. WASHINGTON, May 16 .- Fourth As-

sistant Postmaster General Bristow received his final instructions to day and left at 3 o'clock for Tampa, Fla., from Postmaster Thompson's Sworn Statement | which place he will sail for Havana, reaching there early Saturday morn-

RACE TROUBLE AT FOUR OAKS

Drunken Negroes Threaten to Kill the Whites-A Fight in Which Several Were Wounded on Both Sides.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 16.-Eigh teen drunken negro railroad hands and timber cutters went to the little village of Four Oaks, threatening to kill every white man. They were armed. The crowd commenced to curse and raise a disturbance. The town policeman attempted to arrest a negro for disorderly conduct, whereupon the negroes mob bed the policeman, named Sanderlin, and beat him insensibly. His face was badly disfigured and he was bloody almost from head to foot.

Some white men attempted to aid the policeman but were knocked down or shot at. Much mischief would have been done but for the action of the white merchants and railroad employes of the town. Several negroes were wounded, but none fatally, and several white men were injured. The negroes sent word that the intend to visit the town again and kill the policeman. The whites will be ready when they come again. The action of the negroes was totally without excuse or provocation and was a complete surprise to the whites. At least fifteen to twenty people on the two sides were injured.

Glorious News Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four botles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and ace, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved,—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, salt theum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. Guaranteed.

CONTEMPTIBLE TRICKERY.

Gov. Smith, of Montana, Denounces Appointment of Clark as Senator. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

OGDEN, UTAH, May 16.-Governo Robert B. Smith, of Montana, was in Ogden to-day, arriving from the coast en route to Helena. Relative to the appointment of Senator Clark to the United States Senate by Lieutenan Governor Spriggs, he spoke in very vigorous terms of what he termed "contemptible trickery." He said: "It is a disgrace, shame and humiliation upon the people of Montana, and the Senate should act upon the resolu tions and show him that they do no want him there, as he can take th hint no other way."

Our Greatest Specialist. For twenty years Dr. J. Newton Hathaway has so successfully treated chronic diseases that he is acknowledged to day to stand at the head of his profession in this line. His exclusive method of treatment for Varicocle and Stricture without the aid of knife or cautory cures in 90 per cent. of all cases. In the treatment of Loss of Vital Forces, Nervous Disorder, Kidney and Urinary Complaints, Paralysis, Blood Poisoning, Rheumatism, Catarrh and Diseases peculiar to women, he is equally auccessful. Cases pronounced hopeless by other physicians, readily yield to his treatment. Write him today fully about your case. He makes no charge for consultation or advice. either at his office of by mail.

For Infants and Children.

Parties arriving at Meridian, Miss., from the interior of Nesoba county, Miss., bring information of the killing of a negro named Sam Hinson, by a mob of white men several days ago. Hinson was employed on the farm of Mrs. Eliza Adams and attempted to murder her.

Admiral and Mrs. Dewey returned to Washington yesterday afternoon from their Western trip. The depot was deserted. They drove at once to Bouvier, their Summer home.

He Fooled the Surgeons.

All doctors teld Renick Hamilton, o West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World. 25 cents a box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted The following quotations represent

	Wholesale Prices generally. small orders higher prices have	to be ch	arged.	G
	BAGGING— 2 D Jute	6%0	17 73a	1
-	Standard	60	634	8
	Burlaps Western Smoked— Hams # D Sides # D Shoulders # D		a 15	
	Shoulders # b DBY SALTED—	0	8	S
	Sides % 10	734	736	\$
	BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine— Second-hand, each	0	1 40	9
	New New York, each	1 402	1 50 1 50	1
	New City, each	0	25	
	Wilmington W M	6 75 0 9 00 0	7 00 14 00	£
	BUTTER— North Carolina P D	20 🙉	25	9
	Northern	25 🚳	30	F
	Per bushel, in sacks	53 Q	55 55	
	Per bushel, in sacks Virginia Meal OOTTON TIES—\$ bundle CANDLES—\$ b-	1 25 6	1 35	l
	SpermAdamantine	18 8	25 11	8
	CHEESE—P D— Northern Factory	12 0	13	8
	Dairy Cream	13342	14	8
	COFFEE-W D-	18 0	16	i
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	Choice	9		ı
	Straight	8 85 Q	4 50	l
	GLUE—F B GRAIN—W bushel—	10%@	74.65	l
	Corn, from store, bgs—White Car-load, in bgs—White Oats, from store	50 G	58	ı
	Oats, Eust Proof	38 Q 80 Q	40	ľ
	Cow Peas	100	12-02-03	ı
	Green salted	10 @	1234	ı
	Green salted Dry flint Dry salt HAY \$ 100 bs	C	+ 100	١
	Rice Straw	40 6	50	ł
	Western North River	90 © 90 © 80 ©	1 00	ı
	POOP IRON, W D	8346	436	۱
	Northern	7 8	834	l
	LIME, W barrel	1 10 €	1 15	1
	LUMBER (city sawed) WM ft— Ship Stuff, resawed	10 00 0	20 00	1
	West India cargoes, accord-	15 00 €	16 00	١
	Bongh edge Plank West India cargoes, according to quality Dressed Flooring, seasoned, Scantling and Board, com'n	18 00	18 00 22 00 15 00	1
	Common man sessions	0 00 0	6 50	1
	Fair mill	6 50 6	8 00	1

Sap....

Sap....

Sap...

Sap...

Northern

North Carolina

WOOL per b--Unwashed...

City Mess...... 18 00 @ 18 50

Bump. 11 50 \$ 12 00 Prime 11 100 \$ 11 50 \$ 12 00 Prime 11 100 \$ 11 50 \$ 22 1 25

Prime mill
Extra mill

MOLASSES. § gallon—
Barbadoes, in hegshead....
Barbadoes, in barrels...
Porto Rico, in hogsheads...
Porto Rico, in barrels...
Sugar House, in hogsheads.
Sugar House, in barrels...
Svrup, in barrels... Sugar House, in hogsheads. 12 0 14
Sugar House, in horsheads. 14 0 14
Syrup, in barrels... 15 0 25
NAILS, \$ keg, Cut, 60d basis... 2 95 0 8 00
PORK, \$ barrel— On 125 W Sacks.

SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M....

Common.

Cypress Saps.

SUGAR, W D—Standard Gran'd SUGAR, # D—Standard Gran'd
Standard A...

White Extra C...

Extra C, Golden...

C Yellow...

SOAP, # D—Northern...

B. O. Hogshead...

TIMBER, # M feet—Shipping..

BHINGLES, N.O. Cypress sawed
M 6xM heart...

Bap...

"Bap...

"Bap... J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.,

221 South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought Signature of Chat H. Helching

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 10. Holiday-No quotations. STAR OFFICE, May 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 47 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 46½ cents per gallon for country casks.

RQSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl

of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at \$1.85 per barrel for hard, \$2.90 for dip, and —— for virgin. Quotations same day last year. Spirits turpentine quiet at 37 ½ @37c; rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm at \$1.25; crude turpentine steady at \$1.35 2 40@2.50.

RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine Tar

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77½@80c. Virginia—Prime 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm, 53 to 53½ cents ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tide-

water) 85 cents; upland, 50@60 cents. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-

inch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; sixinch, \$4.00 to \$5.00, seven-inch, \$5.50 TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to 9.00 per M. STAR OFFICE, May 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market dull at 47½ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 46% cts per gallon for country casks. BOSIN—Nothing doing. TAR-Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at \$1.85 per barrel for hard, \$2.90 for dip, and — for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.— Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm at \$1.25; crude turpentine firm at \$1.35. RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine..... 59 Rosin 67

Tar..... 129 spirits turpentine, 94 bbls rosin, 34 bbls tar, 37 bbls crude turpentine. COTTON. Good ordinary 8%

Market steady on a basis of 91/4c per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary 6 13-16 cts 18 lb Low middling...... 8 13-16 " " Middling..... 914 Good middling 938 Same day last year middling quiet

at 5 %c. Receipts-55 bales; same day last year, 1. COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS - North Carolina

Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 771/2080c. Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, sse; fancy, 60c. CORN-Firm, 531/2 to 55 cents per oushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85 cents; upland, 50@60 cents. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, fiveinch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch,

TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to 9.00 per M. STAR OFFICE, May 14. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market

firm at 47½ cents per gallon for ma-chine made casks and 47 cents per gallon for country casks. ROSIN-Nothing doing. TAR-Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at \$1.85 per barrel for hard, Quotations same day last year.

\$2.90 for dip and —— for virgin. Spirits turpentine steady at 38@371/c; osin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm a 1.25; crude turpentine firm at \$1.35, 2.40@2.50, RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine Rosin..... 194

pentine. COTTON. Market steady on a basis of 91/4 c per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary...... 6 13-16 cts. 18 lb Good ordinary 83% Low middling..... 8 13-16 " " Middling..... 91/4 Good middling..... 95% Same day last year middling quiet at 5 %c. year, 1. COUNTRY PRODUCE

PEANUTS - North Carolina Prime, 70 cents; extra prime, 75 cts. per oushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77 1/2 @80c. Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm; 53 to 531/2 cents per bushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85 cents; upland 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, \$2.25 to \$3.25; Better than Calor six inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven inch, The Old Reliable. \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to \$9.00 per M.

STAR OFFICE, May 15. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market steady at 48c per gallon for machine made casks and 47½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl

of 280 lbs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at \$1.85 per barrel for hard \$2.90 for dip and —— for virgin. Quotations same day last year.— Spirits turpentine steady at 38@37%c; rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm at \$1.25; crude turpentine firm at \$1.35, 2.40@2.50. RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine.....

Tar..... Crude turpentine.....

Receipts same day last year—134 casks spirits turpentine, 384 bbls rosin, 108 bbls tar, 41 bbls crude tur-

Good ordinary ... 8 % " "
Low middling ... 8 13-16 " "
Middling ... 9 % " "
Good middling ... 9 % " "
Same day last year middling quiet

at 5%c.

Receipts-267 bales; same day last year, 00. COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS - North Carolina -Prime 70c. Extra prime, 75c per oushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77%@ 80c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm: 53 to 53½ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85c; upland, 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel. N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch. \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, \$5.50 to 5.50

\$5.50 to 6.50 TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to 6.00 per M STAR OFFICE, May 16. SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 48% cents per gallon for machine made casks and 48 cents per

gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at \$1.85 per barrel for hard, \$2.90 for dip, and — for Virgin. Quotations same day last year .-Spirits turpentine steady at 38@37%c; rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm at \$1.25; crude turpentine firm at \$1.35

2.40@2.50. Spirits turpentine..... Rosin

Good ordinary..... 836 " " Low middling..... 8 13-16 " " Middling 9½ " "
Good middling 9½ " "
Same day last year middling quiet Receipts-299 bales; same day last

year, 00. COUNTRY PRODUCE PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77% @ 80c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm; 53 to 53½ cents per bushel for white ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tide-

water) 85c; upland 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 10 to sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES—Per thousand, fiveinch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch,

TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to

PRODUCE MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 16 .- Flour market was moderately active and rather steadier. Wheat—Spot strong; No. 2 red 80 %c. Options were fairly active and generally firm all day on complaints of too much rain in the Southwest and not enough in spring wheat States. This was supplemented by higher English cables, a jump in corn and a heavy decrease in the world's stocks for the week, Closed firm at 1/2c advance. No. 2 red May closed 70%c; July 72%c; September 73%c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 42%c. Options were strong and higher on covering, stimulated by unfavorable crop talk. a big export demand and renewed influential support at the West. Closed strong at 1/21½c net advance. May closed 42½c; July 43½c; September 43½c. Oats—Spot firm; No. 2 27½c; options inactive and nominal. Lard firm; Western steam \$7 45c; refined firm; South American \$8.25; continent \$7 60; compound 6½@6½. Pork firm; family \$14 00@14 50; short clear \$14 00 @15 00; mess \$12 25@13 00. Butter firm; Western creamery 16%@20c; State dairy 15%@19c. Cheese quiet and weak; fancy large white 10%@10%c; fancy large colored 10 4c; fancy small white 91/691/c; fancy small colored 91/691/c. Eggs dull; Southern at mark 10/6111/c; State and Pennsylvania 121/613c at mark; regular packing 11/6121/c. Tallow steady. Rice steady. Potatoes quiet; New York \$125 @1 62½; Florida \$3 00@6 50; Jersey sweets \$2 50@3 25. Cabbage quiet; Florida, per crate, \$1 50@1 75. Petro-leum easy. Freights to Liverpool— Cotton by steam 25d. Cotton seed oil was very quiet but ruled steady in the absence of selling pressure and on the strength of lard products. The closing quotations were: Prime crude, in barrels, 34 ½ c nominal; prime summer yellow 38c; off summer yellow 87%c; butter grades nominal; prime winter yellow 40@42c; prime white 40@41c; prime meal \$26 00. Coffee Spot Rio irregular; No. 7 invoice 7%c, nominal; mild quiet; Cordova 9%@13%. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3 15-16c; centrifugal 96 test

47-16c; molasses sugar 34c; refined steady. CHICAGO, May 16.—Corn was the leading deal on the Board of Trade today. Renewed support from bulls and strong cables caused a gain for the day of 11c. Wheat was strong on the unfavorable weather, closing 1@fc up. Oats closed ic higher and provisions

from 71c better in ribs to 20c. - Miss Pounder (at the piano)-"If you would all talk in the same key I could accompany you so much better."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

PALATABLE. Better than Calomel and Quinine.

EXCELLENT GENERAL TONIC A Sure Cure for CHILLS and FEVER.

It Never Fails. Just what you need at this season.

Mild Laxative. Nervous Sedative. Splendid Tonic.

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