

For White Supremacy.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor: CHARLES B. AYCOCK, of Wayne.

Lieutenant-Governor: WILFRED D. TURNER, of Iredell.

Secretary of State: J. BRYAN GRIMES, of Pitt.

Treasurer: BENJAMIN R. LACY, of Wake.

Auditor: B. F. DIXON, of Cleveland.

Attorney-General: ROBERT D. GILMER, of Haywood.

Commissioner of Labor and Printing: H. B. VARNER, of Davidson.

Corporation Commissioners: FRANKLIN M'WELL, of New Hanover.

SAMUEL L. ROGERS, of Macon.

Superintendent Public Instruction: THOMAS F. TOON, of Robeson.

Commissioner of Agriculture: SAMUEL L. PATTERSON, of Caldwell.

For Judge of the Tenth District: W. B. COUNTELL, of Watauga.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

For Senator, 16th District: GEORGE L. MORTON.

House of Representatives: GEORGE ROUNTREE.

MARTIN S. WILLARD.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

For Sheriff: FRANK H. STEDMAN.

Register of Deeds: WM. H. BIDDLE.

Treasurer: H. McCL. GREEN.

Corner: WM. F. STOKES.

Surveyor: JOSEPH H. MCGEE.

Constable—Wilmington Township: WILLIAM SHEEHAN, Sr.

AS A GEORGIA NEGRO SEES IT.

The race question is not a burning question in Georgia, but it is a question, question enough to have become a subject of discussion by negroes as well as whites.

Some of these negroes take a very sensible view of it and advise the negroes to voluntarily withdraw from politics altogether, and thus remove a cause of agitation which does the negro more harm than good, however it may be decided.

One of these is Prof. Wright, who showed that he was sincere by doing what he advised, that is by voluntarily retiring from politics.

In doing so he gave his reasons, which are embraced in the following which, with accompanying remarks, we clip from the Atlanta Constitution:

"The declaration of Professor R. R. Wright, one of the most distinguished colored men of Georgia, of his retirement from politics is a most important from the reasons which he gives for that action.

"Professor Wright clearly recognizes the fact that his race was invested with the suffrage from no friendly motive on the part of those who did it, and that the interest of the colored people in politics is made subservient to the wishes and purposes of the worst element of the Republican party. In this way the colored people have become estranged from those who had a personal interest in them, among whom they must always live, and from whom they must necessarily receive all the help which neighborhood can give.

With his people thus at war with their own surroundings, doing the bidding of unscrupulous strangers, Professor Wright sees no ahead but turmoil and demoralization, until a better state of things can be established. He tells but the simple truth when he declares that the colored race, as a whole, has not been benefited by politics to a degree commensurate with the energy, time and money spent in the fascinating game. The colored man, says he, has become a political man of politics life without being benefited by the best."

If Professor Wright ended his statement at this point, he might be regarded simply as an iconoclast who could help to tear down but not to build up. He proceeds, however, in his argument, and goes on to outline a method of improvement which does not mean that the negro is to cease from being an active factor within the limitations made possible by his capabilities. They have a great deal to learn, and by devoting themselves to this arduous task they can create a condition which will enable them to "hold their own" in the political arena. A fair, honest and intelligent convention or exercise their right at the ballot box without being very largely influenced by prejudice or whims.

It is doubtful if ever the colored man has been to the vote of an honest, conscientious, self-respecting colored man facing all the difficulties of the colored man, and who was not recruited, if given time, without danger to state and with benefit to the people who are exercising self-restraint!"

"There is no doubt but Professor Wright speaks correctly when he says that should the negro 'for a time voluntarily abstain from the attempt to participate in the political management of affairs there could be brought about a better state of feeling among the races. I feel that such a venture would be worth more to the colored people than all that politics could do for them in the next twenty years. What we want is a peaceful and harmonious relation between the two races and for my part I am willing to do anything that an honorable man would do to bring about this happy consummation. The white and black people must understand each other. They must live in peace. As yoke-fellows they must develop this great Southland. Let the colored people who are the weaker people, therefore, for the time being yield all that they can to bring about this happy result."

"This is a happy as well as a conservative view of the situation. It is one which includes more of statesmanship than the Republican party can exercise in its desire to wrangle with the question. It is one which leaves the settlement of the whole affair to the principals most interested, and the best proof that they can settle it satisfactorily is to be found in the fact that the most prosperous negroes are those who live in communities where no question of race rivalry exists."

There has been less political friction between the whites and the negroes in Georgia than in any other Southern State where the negroes are a factor in politics, the reason of which probably is that the negroes are more divided in that than they are in other States, a considerable number of them voting the Democratic ticket, which obviates the objection to negro solidarity under bad leadership. This, too, was, perhaps, the reason why the proposition to call a convention to restrict suffrage was voted down by the last Legislature of that State. With the negroes divided and the ability of the white people to control them, the necessity for restricting the franchise was not as apparent or urgent as in those States where the negroes form their numbers and solidity could exercise a dominating influence in politics.

And yet with the demand for restricted suffrage only in its incipiency, and defeated in the first trial this Georgia negro, believes it the part of wisdom for the negroes to retire, as he has done, from politics and leave the government of the State to her white citizens. On this head no better advice was ever given to the negroes by white man or black man, for it would remove the negro from temptation in a field where he has nothing to gain, remove the cause of so much friction between him and the white man, with whom he must necessarily come into daily contact, and leave him free to pursue the even tenor of his own way without selfish importuning on one side or molestation on the other.

Thus freed the negro would get from under the counsels of those who assume leadership for selfish purposes, and come into accord with the better element of white people, to whom he could then without hesitation look for advice when needed and for assistance when that was needed, thus in a measure, at least, restoring the kindly relations that existed between the white man and the negro of the South before the latter fell under the baneful leadership of incoming adventurers and mercenary place-seekers, who got all they could out of the negro without giving in return anything but bad advice or split-head whiskey.

There are negroes who understand this, the number of whom is increasing every year, and some of the best arguments in favor of the negro getting out of politics are being advanced by these observant, thoughtful negroes, none of whom have been able to discover where the negroes as a race have profited by politics, but all of them have seen where they have lost much by having been made the cat's-paws of selfish, unprincipled and designing men, who had schemes of their own to work and used the negro voters as tools to do it.

"BENEVOLENT ASSIMILATION."

The champions of expansion are provoked that any of the yellow people in the Philippines shouldn't jump at the chance to be absorbed by this country, or rather hitched on as an annex, and thus enjoy the delights of the "benevolent assimilation," that we offer them. They may have some confused ideas as to what this benevolent assimilation really means, but it isn't to be expected that rude, untutored "semi-savages," should catch on to all these things at once, or strange that they should be slow to learn when we have been doing so much to teach them by shooting down those who happened to get in the way of our guns, burning their towns, seizing their valuables and destroying their household and other destructive property. They do not seem to realize that while we have a lot of soldiers over there to prevent them from doing violence to each other, it is necessary for these soldiers to have some exercise to keep them from being sick and that they must have some amusement to prevent them from becoming homesick. If they realized all this they could more easily reconcile it with the benevolent assimilation of which they have heard so much.

Some time before Gen. Otis left Manila he organized another branch of "assimilators" known as the Macabebes, who are stalwart savages and have a robust antipathy to the Tagalos. In addition to this they are they thrifty enough to be on the make. They profess loyalty to the American flag and show a disposition

to jump on the Tagalos when they get a chance.

Taking advantage of this Gen. Otis took them in, and as an inducement to industry and activity gave them \$30 a piece for every gun they captured from the Tagalos. When business is dull and the guns don't come in fast enough, here is the way they stimulate it, as told in a letter of an officer writing from Tarlac, under date of April 25, who says:

"We have a company of Macabebes scouts here who are armed with white troops, and if they cannot get any guns voluntarily they proceed to give the fellows the water cure; this they do on them, and a sudden press in their mouths to keep them open, then proceed to fill them with water until they can hold no more. Then they get on them, and a sudden press on the stomach and chest forces the water out again. I guess it must cause excruciating agony, as they nearly always disclose where guns are hidden. I wonder how we would feel, were we used in such a manner. The soldiers who look on think it a huge joke."

This may be a "huge joke" to our soldiers, and there may be fun in it for the frolicsome Macabebes, especially when it brings forth that a sequestered \$30 gun; but what a story it tells of the brutal demoralization of our soldiers who can view such savagery and think it "a big joke," and of the callous-heartedness of the officers who permit such barbarity under the flag they carry, the honor of which is in their keeping. As so frequently illustrated this "benevolent assimilation" is a grand thing.

RUMORS OF DISCORD.

It is hard to tell from the confused and contradictory reports from China what is the actual condition of affairs in that empire, but making all allowances for sensations, exaggerations and contradictions the situation is serious enough, and much more so than the governments which are now engaged in suppressing the Boxer uprising thought it would be. They at first were under the impression that all that was necessary to quell the uprising was a display of a few soldiers with guns but when they found these handfuls of men confronted not by a mob of Boxers but by organized armies of imperial troops, drilled by foreign officers and equipped with modern arms and big guns they discovered the mistake and found that instead of a mere Boxer racket they were confronted by actual war.

That is the situation now, but a still more serious and alarming feature of it is the reported discord between the so-called allied powers. The disposition in Washington seems to be to discredit this or at least minimize it, but we have already had too many indications that there is ground and good ground for these rumors. One of the questions now discussed by the organs of these respective powers is "who is responsible for the Boxer uprising?" which means which one of the allied powers is responsible for it. It has been charged that the seizure of Kao Chow by the Germans and that the subsequent arrogant, arbitrary and despotic conduct of German officials generated the antagonism against the Germans first, and later against all foreigners. Others, especially Germans, some English, and many Japanese, say the trouble was fomented and encouraged by Russian agents to give a pretext for the invasion of China and the occupation of more Chinese territory.

All this, with more that might be cited, gives ground for the belief that while the allied governments are apparently working in accord, there is anything but real accord between them, and that some of them at least, if not all, are planning to turn this trouble to their own advantage, and there is little doubt that they will if they can. This is really the serious feature of this unfortunate upheaval in this immense, dense hive of humanity.

STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS

Will Meet Next Monday to Fix the Size of Ticket and Select Paper.

[Special Star Telegram.]

RALIGH, N. C., June 27.—The State Board of Elections met here today. Senator Franks (Rep.) of Swain county, resigned and F. Freeman (Rep.) of Henderson county, was chosen to succeed him; Franks being allowed to name his successor. No other business was transacted. The Board will meet again next Monday to fix the size of the ticket and select the paper.

Peachtree Creek Battle.

Col. R. F. Maddock, of Atlanta, Ga., chairman of the committee on invitation to the Atlanta battlefield reunion, has requested Col. W. J. Woodward to send him the names of all the veterans residing in this locality who were in the battle of Peachtree Creek July 20th, 1864, in order that he may send them invitations to the reunion, which will be the thirty-sixth anniversary, and will be held on the battlefield July 20th. A rate of one-fare for the round trip has been secured for the occasion. By sending names to Col. Woodward he will report them at once and secure invitations.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. It is a disease of the urinary system, and is caused by a germ which enters the system through the urethra, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the system a new and healthy nature in doing its work. The proprietors have no more to say in this matter, but they offer One Hundred Dollars for every case that can be cured. Send for list of powers. F. J. GENEVY & CO., Toledo, O., Sold by Druggists. Hold your Pills are the best.

THE BLOODY FIFTH.

Hon. W. H. Kitchin Spoke to Large Gathering of Voters Last Night.

WHITE SUPREMACY CAMPAIGN

Hon. Joe D. Bellamy Spoke to Robesonians Last Week and Enjoyed His Trip Through the County—Pender County Democrats.

Hon. W. H. Kitchin spoke to a large crowd of Fifth Ward voters last night from an improvised stand at the corner of Seventh and Castle streets, and it goes without saying that with his logical and forcible way of presenting facts and the great confidence and esteem in which he is held by North Carolinians everywhere, much good was accomplished for white supremacy and the constitutional amendment, of which he is one of the ablest exponents in the State.

Mr. Kitchin was introduced by Iredell Messers, Esq., and he spoke for an hour and a half in that plain, unflattering, unvarnished way which never fails to convince and entertain searchers for the truth. His references were pleasing to Wilmington in general and to the Fifth Ward in particular, and each onslaught upon the rapidly falling ranks of the enemy was greeted with the most fervent applause. His arraignment of the negro race, its inferiority and lack of achievements was straight from the shoulder, but ten fold more were his denunciations of those 50,000 "degenerate sons of Adam, spoliators and traitors to their race," who led 120,000 black men into a political sea which meant their ultimate destruction unless the remedy came in the adoption of the amendment in August and their elimination from politics. Excellent music for the occasion was furnished by the Second Regiment Band. On the stand with the speaker were leaders in local politics and Col. John L. Cantwell and Dr. W. W. Harris, comrades of Capt. Kitchin in the late war. Mr. Kitchin paid his respects to ex-President Cleveland in a way that was far from complimentary.

After Mr. Kitchin's speech there were calls for ex-Mayor Fishblade, and he responded in a short but very enthusiastic address.

A correspondent of the STAR writing from Point Caswell says that the primaries were held there Saturday. Delegates were appointed to the Pender county convention at Burgaw July 2nd and upon motion of Capt. R. F. Paddison resolutions endorsing Dr. E. Porter for the State Senate and R. G. Grady, Esq., for the Legislature, were unanimously adopted.

Hon. John D. Bellamy returned Sunday at noon from a trip through Robeson county, where he made several speeches, political and otherwise. At Lumberton Thursday night he addressed a large crowd in the court house and on Friday he drove over to New Hope Chapel, near Pates, where at noon he delivered the annual address of the Cross Normal School. There was a very large gathering of people—more than the chapel could hold—and Mr. Bellamy's address was most interesting and of great effect, he having during his term in Congress proved himself a substantial friend of the hitherto neglected race. There were in addition to the address a big basket picnic and very creditable exercises by the school under the direction of Prof. Henderson, the principal. Mr. Bellamy spoke chiefly of educational matters and incidentally spoke of the Constitutional Amendment, not as a party question but a measure affecting civilization. Mr. Bellamy yesterday said that he believed the Croatan people would support the Amendment unanimously.

Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock he spoke on the political issues at White Pond, a large number of ladies being in the gathering to which he spoke. A revival service was in progress there, but the church authorities kindly gave way to Mr. Bellamy and he addressed a very large crowd. The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Barnes, of South Carolina, who spoke for nearly of the great question before the people of North Carolina. Saturday night he spoke to another large crowd in the new tobacco warehouse at Union City (Ashpole). Mr. Bellamy says the Democrats he found at Union City "are the best and truest on earth." He spoke with great pleasure of his trip through Robeson.

Capt. Kitchin spoke to a good audience of county voters at Whiskey Creek bridge in Masonboro township Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Those who heard the speech pronounced it the best of those delivered in the county. The crowd gathered not only from Masonboro, but from adjoining townships. Capt. Kitchin was accompanied by the following gentlemen from Wilmington to the speaking: Messrs. E. F. Johnson, E. McL. Green, Frank H. Stedman, Percy Putnam, Brooke G. Empe, Esq., and Capt. E. G. Farnelle. Speeches were also made by Messrs. Stedman and Green. A White Supremacy Club of thirty-eight members was organized by Mr. Empe, the county organizer, and Masonboro gives promise of voting solidly for the franchise measure. Mr. Charles W. Bishop was elected president, Mr. B. S. Montford vice president, and Mr. D. J. Ferguson secretary and treasurer of the club.

R. G. Grady, Esq., of Burgaw, who is prominently spoken of for the

NO crop can grow without Potash.

Every blade of Grass, every grain of Corn, all Fruits and Vegetables must have it. If enough is supplied you can count on a full crop—if too little, the growth will be "scrubby."

Send for our books telling all about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops. They cost you nothing.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 27 Nassau St., New York.

Legislature from Pender county, was in the city yesterday and says his people are O. K. for the Amendment.

Hon. R. D. Gilmer, candidate for Attorney General, will speak in his county at Shaken July 4th, and at Atkinson July 5th. Hon. Charles R. Thomas, Congressman from the Third district, will speak at South Washington July 9th, and at Dry Run July 10th. Hon. C. B. Aycock, "our next Governor," will speak at Burgaw July 27th and Mr. Grady says the Democrats of Pender will give him a royal welcome. There will be a big barbecue and picnic and everybody is invited.

The white people of the new county of Scotland are arranging for a big basket picnic and ratification meeting at Laurel Hill church on July 4th. Mr. Frank B. Gibson, chairman of the committee of arrangements, concludes invitations to the event with this unique and patriotic phrase: "You and your entire family, sons and daughters, are cordially invited to attend. Good speakers, fine music, fair women and brave men will be the order of the day. God save the State." Mr. R. D. Phillips will be chief marshal of the occasion.

CAMPAIGN JOTTINGS.

Fifth Ward Meeting Last Night—Second Ward To-night—Registration Today—Speaking at Wallace.

The Fifth Ward White Supremacy Club held an enthusiastic weekly meeting last night in the hook and ladder hall at corner of Fifth and Castle streets. There was a good attendance and much interest was manifested. Speeches were made at the meeting by Capt. J. M. McGowan, the president, Messrs. E. F. Johnson, H. McL. Green, Jno. M. Branch and W. B. Savage. At the meeting next Wednesday night an address will be delivered by William J. Bellamy, Esq.

Brooke G. Empe, Esq., county organizer of White Supremacy clubs, will next perfect an organization of the white men of Harnett township. Then will come the formation of clubs in Cape Fear and Federal Point townships.

The STAR has received from Mr. W. B. Brice, of Wallace, an announcement of a big picnic and speaking that will take place at East Wallace, two miles from the town of Wallace on the Chinguepin road in Duplin county, on July 6th. There will be good music, and everybody is invited. Among the probable speakers Mr. Brice gives the names of Capt. "Buck" Kitchin, Capt. W. B. Shaw and Hon. R. D. Gilmer, candidate for Attorney General, who is now canvassing in Bladen and Columbus counties.

FREE RURAL MAIL DELIVERY.

Route Has Been Established in New Hanover County—Carriers Appointed.

The efforts of Hon. John D. Bellamy to have one of the ten rural free delivery routes in North Carolina established in New Hanover county, have been successful and the STAR announces with pleasure that the service will begin July 1st. Mr. Bellamy was also successful in having a route established leading from Charlotte.

The route from Wilmington will lead out the Duplin road to Garrell's plantation; thence to the farms of Messrs. Heide, Johnson, Marley, Carr, Westbrook, Carney; thence to Sheppard's farm on Middle Sound back by a church on the old Newbern road through East Wilmington to the city.

Mr. Francis M. King, of this city, will be principal carrier, and Mr. Wm. H. Mills assistant. The route covered will be about 25 miles and Mr. Bellamy thinks the service will be permanent. Congress appropriated a million dollars for the innovation in the United States.

When others fail, take ROBERTS' CHESTNUT OIL. It cures rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, general bad health. A red cross on the label assures you of the pure, high-class material that makes ROBERTS' a success. Don't take a substitute. R. H. BELLAMY.

Endorses Amendment.

The STAR yesterday received from Mr. David S. Russell, of the Caledonia State Farm, near Tillery, N. C., a letter heartily endorsing the amendment and promising his active efforts towards its adoption. Concluding his letter, Mr. Russell says the crop prospects on the Caledonia Farm are exceptionally fine.

—Endorsement of candidates for office are never made by the STAR except as paid advertisements. A communication from a neighboring county makes a repetition of this invariable rule necessary.

Isiah West Exonerated.

Mr. Isiah West was tried in the Mayor's Court yesterday on the charge of assault with a deadly weapon upon J. P. Flynn. After examining the following witnesses, the Mayor ordered that Mr. West be discharged, the evidence showing that he was acting in self-defense: Messrs. T. E. Sprunt, Walter Rutland, J. L. Bowden, P. B. Baker and J. W. Cate.

—Several U. S. prisoners who have been confined in the county jail, were sent to the penitentiary, in Raleigh, yesterday.

ADMIRALTY CASES

Will Consume Closing Session of the United States Court To-day.

OTHER DOCKET COMPLETED.

Jurors Discharged for the Term—Judge Purnell Will Hear To-day Three Complaints Against Vessels—Matters in Bankruptcy.

Admiralty cases only remain on the docket for hearing in the United States Court to-day, and these will in all probability be disposed of and an adjournment taken for the term. Contested matters in bankruptcy and settlement of final accounts and distribution of estates, such as require decisions or orders by the judge, will also be taken up.

The petit jury was yesterday discharged for the term, all the jury cases having been disposed of. The proceedings of yesterday's session were as follows:

James Green, Richmond, retailing; continued for defendant on affidavit, bond to be filed in ten days.

Wm. Ross, Richmond, retailing; verdict guilty, thirty days in jail, \$100 fine and costs.

Wm. Jones, Robeson, intimidating witnesses; by direction of the court, not guilty.

Sampson McCaechern, Richmond, retailing; not guilty.

Frank Alford, Richmond, retailing; verdict guilty, prayer for judgment; continued by U. S. attorney, judgment nisi on present bond if new bond is not filed in ten days.

Handy Bethea, Richmond, retailing; verdict not guilty.

Sol. M. Hill, Duplin, retailing; (tried on June 23rd), judgment of court that defendant be imprisoned in the penitentiary for one year and one day and pay a fine of \$100 and costs.

Alex. Tyner, Richmond, failure to destroy stamps; (tried on 26th) judgment one year and one day in the penitentiary and fined \$500.

James Green and Claude Dockery (surety), Richmond, sci fa; answer filed and case continued.

D. T. Thompson and Claudina Dockery (surety) sci fa; answer filed.

W. W. Goodman, Anson, operating telephone line without revenue tax; left open; judge to examine the law.

The causes in admiralty, STAR readers will remember are against the barge Carrie L. Tyler, of Charleston, brought in separate cases by Walker Newton and the Board of Navigation and Pilotage of Wilmington and that against the schooner Penobscott, of Philadelphia, brought by Capt. J. W. Harper for a salvage claim. Both vessels have given bond and will be represented at the hearings by counsel.

DEMOCRATIC AMENDMENT MEETINGS.

Itinerary of Prominent Speakers in Counties of Eastern North Carolina.

State Chairman Simmons has announced the following tour of speaking in counties adjacent to Wilmington:

Hon. Charles B. Aycock speaks as follows:

Robeson County—Lumberton, Thursday, July 13th.

Bladen—Elizabethtown, Friday, July 20th.

Columbus—Whiteville, Saturday, July 21st.

Hon. E. B. Glenn speaks as follows:

New Hanover—Wilmington, July 17th, at night.

Columbus—Whiteville, July 18th.

Robeson—Ashpole, July 19th.

Scotland—Laurinburg, July 20th.

Moore—Sanford, July 21st.

Anson—Wadesboro, July 23rd.

Hon. Franklin McNeill begins a canvass in Harnett county at Angier July 2nd, embracing Moore, Davidson, Rowan, Catawba, Lincoln and Caldwell counties, and ending at Lenoir, July 14th.

Hon. R. D. Gilmer, Democratic candidate for Attorney General, speaks as follows:

Robeson—Bennett, June 25th; Maxton, June 25th (at night); Branchville, June 26th.

Bladen—Dublin, June 27th; Abbeville, June 28th.

Columbus—Avergreen, June 29th; Fireway, June 30th; Chadbourn, June 30th (at night).

Brunswick—Valentine Smith's Store, July 2nd; Rourk's Store, July 3rd.

Duplin—Safe, July 6th; Concord Church, July 7th.

Sampson—Goldsboro, July 9th; Clinton, July 9th (at night); Roseboro, July 10th.

GILMER SPOKE AT MAXTON.

Made a Ringing Speech in Robeson Which is Highly Complimented.

[Special Star Correspondence.]

MAXTON, N. C., June 27.—Hon. R. D. Gilmer spoke here last night to a good audience. The ladies graced the occasion with their presence, and must have given inspiration to the speaker, for he made a most eloquent and convincing argument for the Amendment.

Mr. J. C. McNeill, who has intended to most all of the orators of the State since in the fifties, says it was the best speech he ever heard. Praise is on every lip and it is the conviction of every people that the next Attorney General will be no figure-head, and the thousands of dollars that have gone to special counsel in the past few years will in the future be saved to the State. The campaign progresses well. It is said that a good proportion of the Populists of Robeson will vote for the Amendment.

The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c. at R. R. BARNES' Drug Store.

Long Creek Citizen Dead.

News was received here yesterday of the death of Mr. David Sellers, a well known farmer in the Long Creek neighborhood. He died suddenly Tuesday night at the age of 75 years. Two children survive him: Mrs. W. A. Murray, of this city, and Mrs. John Wilson, of Pender county.

—Mr. B. F. Keith, of this city, has been invited to address the "National Convention" of the U. S. Monetary League, called at the request of Hon. W. J. Bryan at Kansas City July 2nd and 3rd. Mr. Keith is undecided whether he will attend but if he does go, he will speak on "Trusts."

THE MODERN BEAUTY

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with the beauty of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

A Word to private

Suffering Women.

No one but yourselves know of the suffering you go through. Why do you suffer? Isn't it necessary? Don't lose your health and beauty. Don't lose one of its speedily followed by the loss of the other. Don't feel "weak" and "worn out." Impure blood is at the bottom of all your trouble.

Johnston's Sarsaparilla

will purify your blood and bring the bloom of health back into your cheeks. Each bottle contains a quart.

Purified and Suppressed Menstruation, Irregularity, Leucorrhoea, Whites, Itchiness, Ulceration of the Uterus, Dis