my Telegraph to the Merning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 11 .- An Impeal decree, dated 3rd day of sixth oon, was received by telegraph toby Minister Wu from the Taotai Shanghai, transmitted on July 1st om the Treasurer of the Chih Li pronce, who received it by special couer on June 30th from the Board of Var. who in turn received it from the rivy Council in Pekin. The decree as follows: "The circumstances which led to the

ommencement of fighting between e Chinese and foreigners were of ich a complex, confusing and unortunate character as to be entirely nexpected. Our diplomatic repreentatives abroad, owing to their disance from the scene of action, have ad no means of knowing the true tate of things, and accordingly canot lay the views of the government efore the ministers of foreign affairs If the respective powers to which they re accredited. Now we take this opportunity of going fully into the mater for the information of our repreentatives aforesaid.

"In the first place, there arose in the provinces of Chih Li and Shantung a and of rebellious subjects, who had seen in the habit of practicing boxing nd fencing in their respective vil ages, and at the same time clothing heir doings with spiritualistic and trange rites. The local authorities ailed to take due notice of them at the ine. Accordingly the infection spread with astonishing rapidity. Within the pace of a month it seemed to make its ppearance everywhere and finally ven reached the capital itself. Every one looked upon the movement as supernatural and strange and many oined it. Then there were lawless and treacherous persons who sounded he cry of

"Down with Christianity." About the middle of the fifth moon

hese persons began to create disturbinces without warning. Churches were ourned and converts were killed. The whole city was in a ferment. A situation was created, which be brought under control. At first, he foreign powers requested that oreign troops be allowed to enter the capital for the protection of the legations. The imperial government, having in view the comparative ur gency of the occasion, granted the re quest as an extraordinary mark of courtesy, beyond, the requirements of international intercourse. Over five hundred foreign troops were sent to Pekin. This shows clearly how much care China exercised in the m distenance of friendly relations with other countries. The legations at the do with the people. But from the time foreign troops entered the city the guards did not devote themselves exclusively to the protection of their respective legations. They sometimes fired their guns on top o the city walls and sometimes patrolled the streets every where. There were repeated reports of persons being hit by stray bullets. Moreover, they strolled about the city without restraint and even attempted to enter the Tung Hua gate (the eastern gate of the palace grounds). They only desisted when admittance was posi tively forbidden. On this account both the soldiers and the people were pro voked to resentment and voiced their indignation with one accord. Lawless persons then took advantage of the situation to do mischief, and became bolder than ever in burning, and killed Christian converts.

Powers Resisted. The powers thereupon attempted to reinforce the foreign troops, but the reinforcements encountered resistance and defeat at the hands of the insurgents on the way and have not yet been able to proceed. The insurgents of the two provinces of Chil Li and Shantung had by this time effected a complete union, and could not be separated. The imperial government was by no means reluctant to issue orders for the entire suppression of this insurgent element But as the trouble was so near at hand, there was a great fear that due protection might not be assured to the legationists if the anarchists should be driven to extremities, thus bringing on a national calamity. There also was a fear that uprisings might occur in the provinces of Chih Li and Shantung at the same time, with the result that both foreign missionaries and Chinese converts in the two provinces might fall victims to popular fury. It was, therefore, absolutely necessary to consider the matter from every point

Poreign Ministers.

As a measure of precaution, it was finally decided to request the foreign. ministers to retire temporarily to Tien Tsin for safety. It was while the discussion of this proposition was in progress that the German minister Baron von Ketteler was assassinated by a riotous mob, one morning, while on his way to the Tsung Li Yamen. On the previous day the German minister had written a letter appointing a time for calling at the Tsung Li Yamen. But the Yamen, fearing he might be molested on the way, did not consent to the appointment as suggested by the minister. Since this occurrence the anarchists assumed a more bold and threatening attitude and consequently it was deemed wise to carry out the project of sending the diplo matic corps to Tien Tsin under an escort. Moreover, orders were issued to the troops detailed for the protection of the legations, to keep strict watch and take greater precaution

against any emergency. Forts Attacked.

"To our surprise, on the 20th of the fifth moon (June 16th) foreign (naval) officers called upon Lo Jung Kwang, the general commanding, and de-manded his surrender of the forts, notifying him that, failing to receive compliance, they would at 2 o'clock next day begin to take the forts by force. Lo Jung Kwang being bound by the duties of his office to hold the forts, how could he yield to the demand?

"On the day named they actually first fired upon the forts, which responded and kept up a fighting all day, and then surrendered. Thus the conflict of forces began, but certainly the initiative did not come from our side. side. Even supposing that China were not conscious of her true condition, how could she take such a step as to engage in war with all the powers simultaneously; and how could she,

relying upon the support of an anarch-stic populace, go into war with all the powers? Our position in this matter ought to be clearly understood by all the powers. The above is a statement of the wrongs we have suffered, and how China was driven to the unfortu nate position from which she could not

"Our several ministers will make known accurately and in detail the contents of this decree and the policy of China to the ministers of foreign affairs in their respective countries and assure them that the military authorities are still enjoined to afford protection to the legations as hitherto. to the utmost of their power. As for the anarchists, they will be severely dealt with as circumstances permit. "The several ministers will continue

in the discharge of the duties of their office as hitherto, without hesitation and without doubt. This telegraphic decree is to be transmitted for their information. Repeat this."

Ulves Satisfaction in Washington.

The document gave great satisfac-tion here as it showed that assuming there was some foundation for the first reports that the imperial government had encouraged the Boxers and even participated in the attacks upon the legations, an effort is about to be made to retrieve the mistake. The note is said to have originated with the privy council and, at the State de partment, this body is declared to be identical with the Tsung Li Yamen, being the power next to the throne and the one which deals exclusively with foreign powers. The curious means of forwarding the note are supposed to have been resorted to because what amounts to martial law in civilized countries is now in force in Pekin and Shan Tung, so that the Tsung Li Yamen would naturally confide the message to the War Board, now in supreme control, to secure its transmission to Shanghai. The announced purpose of the Chinese government to protect the foreign ministers is gratfying to the officials here, for they have all along been more or less doubtful of the authenticity of the several dispatches which have emanated from Shanghai, respecting the relations between Prince Ching and the

It is said that the note does not call for answer from the State Department at this stage, and will not materially affect the military programme laid down by our government. Such forces as we can land in China will be pushed forward with rapidity to Pekin.

The only consideration that would induce the administration to relax that programme at any point would be the re opening of communication with Minister Conger and his release from any sort of duress or restraint. Possibly, now that the Tsung Li Yamen is communicating with the outer world, it will permit the foreign ministers in Pekin, if they are alive, to do the same. Our government probably will suggest to the Tsung Li Yamen through Minister Wu here, that this

Much will depend upon the re-

CONDITION OF COTTON.

Very Much Below the Average Except in North Carolina -- In Some States Considerable Areas Abandoned.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The monthly report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture will show the average condition of cotton on July 1st to have been 75.8, as compared with 82.5 last month; 87.8 on July 1, 1899; 91.2 at the corresponding date in 1898; and a ten year average of 87.9. The condition in the principal States is reported as follows: North Carolina, 89: South Carolina.

79; Georgia, 74; Florida, Texas, Ar-

kansas, 78; Alabama, 70; Mississippi, 64; Lousiana, 81; Tennessee, 76; Oklahoma, 82; Indian Territory, 96, While there was some improvement during June in North Carolina, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territory; amounting to 3, 7, 7, and 12 points respectively, there was a decline of 6 points in South Carolina, 7 in Lousiana, 10 in Tennessee, 13 in Arkansas, 15 in Georgia, 17 in Alabama and 21 in Mississippi. With the exception of North Carolina where the average condition on July 1 was two points above the mean of the July averages in that State for the last ten years, and Indian Territory, where the figures available for comparison cover only three years, the condition throughout the entire cotton belt compares unfavorably with the ten year averages, Louisiana being 7, South Carolina and Texas 10, Arkansas 11, Tennessee 12, Georgia 13, Alabama 18, and Mississippi 24 points below their respective ten year averages. Not only was the condition on July 1 for the cotton region as a whole the lowest July condition on record, but in Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi, was the lowest in the entire period thirty-four years for which records are available, while in Tennessee it was the lowest with one exception and in South Carolina, Texas and Arkansas, the lowest with two exceptions in the same period of thirty four years. Excessive rains drowning out the crop and followed by an extraordinary growth of grass and weeds are reported from almost every State and the gravity of the situation is greatly increased by the general scarcity of labor. In South Carolina, Georgia, Alabams, Louisiana and Texas considerable areas will have to be abandoned.

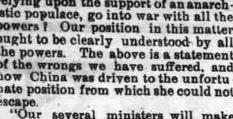
Weather Bureau's Report.

The Weather Bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions shows the week has been generally favorable for giving cotton much needed cultivation, and an improvement in the condition of this crop is reported from the greater part of the cotton belt, being most decided in the eastern portions. Too rapid growth is, however, reported from the central districts and some lowland fields have been aban-doned in Tennessee and Louisiana. In Texas the crop has made rapid growth except in the western portion, where rain is needed, and is generally well cultivated except in some parts of Eastern Texas.

- Fayetteville Observer: Uncle Sany Williams, an aged negro, well known to many of our people, was found in his corn patch Saturday evening dead, bent over his hoe, just as if he was in the act of turning over another sod. The old man had not returned to long scarch, discovered him late in the afternoon bent over his hoe, with a fierce sun pouring down on him. She at first thought he was asleep, and tried to arouse kim, but she soon saw that it was a sleep from which there is no swaking. The good old man's back was literally baked to a crisp, indicating that he had been dead for many hours.

LOOK! A STITCH IN TIME Saves nine. Hughes' Tonic new improved, taste pleasant, taken in early Spring and Fall prevents Chills, Dengue and Malarial Fevers. Acts on the liver, tones up the system. Better than Quinine. Guaranteed, try it. At Druggists. 50c and \$1.00 bottles.







You can keep a girl then. No fire to build in the morning. No wood to chop. No coal to carry. No ashes to worry about. No soot on pans. It makes play of housework. The

Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove

is doing more to make housekeeping easy than any other stove in existence. Absolutely safe. Burns ordinary kerosene oil. Bakes, broils, boils, roasts, toasts-does anything that any other stove will do, and many things that most stoves can't do. Sold wherever stoves are sold. If your dealer does not have it, write to

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

six hours, and was fought with great

determination by both sides. The

Chinese were eventually able to use

the effective guns of the fort abutting

on the city walls near the Taotai's Yamen, the allied troops suffering

heavily from lack of heavy guns and

"The Japanese commander sent an

urgent appeal to hurry reinforcements,

as the allies were in imminent danger

ADVICES FROM REMEY.

Reports Arrival of Ninth Infantry at Tien

Tsin-The Oregon.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 11.-The follow-

ing cablegram has been received at the

Navy Department from Admiral

"Che Foo, July 10.—Secretary

Navy, Washington-Arrived yester-

day, two battalions of the Ninth in-

fantry and one battalion of marines,

Colonel Meade. Landed to-day to pro-

ceed to Tien Tsin. Allied forces at

Tien Tsin engaged in maintaining

their defences. Ordered Solace here

to take sick and wounded to Yoko-

hama hospital. Oregon will proceed soon to dock at Kure, towed by a char-

tered steamer and convoyed by the

Nashville. Just learned from Admi-

ral Seymour at Tien Tsin that for-

Prevented a Tragedy.

Timely information given Mrs.

George Long, of New Straitsville,

Ohio, prevented a dreadful tragedy

and saved two lives A frightful

cough had long kept her awake every

night. She had tried many remedies

and doctors but steadily grew worse

until urged to try Dr. King's New Dis-

covery. One bottle wholly cured her.

and she writes this marvelous medicine

also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack

of Pneumonia. Such cures are positive

proof of the matchless merit of this

grand remedy for curing all throat.

chest and lung troubles. Only 50c. and and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

Trial bottles 10c at R R. BELLAMY'S

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

Wholesale Prices generally. In making usuall orders higher prices have to be charged

8140

7%0

636

2 16 Jute..... Standard.....

Burlaps WESTERN SMOKED

WESTERN SMOKED—
HAMS § D
Sides § D
Shoulders § D
Sides § D
Shoulders § D
SH SALTED—
Sides § D
SHOULDERS § D
SHOULDERS § D
SHRELS—Spirits Turpentine—
Second-hand, each

New New York, each.....

North Carolina W B.....

OMESTICS—

PLOUR-W D-

COW Peas...

Mackerel, No. 1, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel... \$2 00

Mackerel, No. 1, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ half-bbl. \$11 00

Mackerel, No. 2, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel... \$16 00

Mackerel, No. 2, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel... \$18 00

Mackerel, No. 3, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel... \$13 00

Mullets, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel... \$7 00

N. C. Roe Herring, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ keg... \$3 00

Choice
Straight
First Patent
GLUE—9 B
GRAIN—8 bushei—

City Mess.....

ROPE, % b.
SALT, % sack, Alum.
Liverpool
American.
On 125 % Sacks.
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M.

Cypress Saps SUGAR, # B—Standard Gran'd Standard A. White Extra C. Extra C, Golden.

Common.....

10 0

AIN—# bushel—
Corn,from store, bgs—White
Car-load, in bgs—White...
Oats, from store
Oats, Bust Proof.....

Northern Factory..... Dairy Cream....

BRICKS— Wilmington ♥ M....... 6 75 Ø 7 00 Northern 9 00 Ø 14 06

"REMEY."

eigners there are hard pressed.

[Signed]

drug store.

cavalry.

Remey:

of a general defeat."

THE SITUATION MOST OMINOUS.

Perilous Condition of the Allied Forces in the Chinese City of Tien Tsin.

THE EUROPEANS IN PEKIN.

No Word from That Place Since Sir Robt. Hart's Last Message, Eighteen Days Ago, Declaring That the Situation Was Desperate.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 12, 3:30 A. M.-The Chinese situation again bears a most ominous aspect. Eighteen days ago Sir Robert Hart dispatched his last message, declaring that the situation was desperate, and since then no word has come from the Europeans in Pekin.

According to the Daily Mail's Shanghai correspondent, Li Hung Chang has received an imperial decree ordering his immediate departure for Pekin, presumably to break the news of the Pekin tragedy to the European lowers, and in his usual role of nego tiator with Europe in difficult matters, to endeavor to act as meditator and to avert the vengeance of the

To add to the grimness of this suggestion, all advices from Tien Tsin confirm the reports of the perilous conditions of the allied forces and belie the optimist Chinese runners. Unless reinforcements speedily reach Tien Tsin another disaster may be expected.

The Daily Mail's Tien Tsin corre spondent, telegraphing on July 5th, says: "The situation is about as bad as it can well be. I only trust that we shall not soon want relieving ourselves. A forward movement is impossible. From 30,000 to 40,000 troops are wanted and there are only 10,000 here. The foreign troops are working well together, but it is inconvenient that there is no supreme commander. In some quarters the feeling is, 'Let us rescue Pekin and then clear out in

favor of Russia.' Other Tien Tsin correpondents say that no advance is possible until September 1st and that explanations are being asked by the papers here of the tardy action of Japan in sending troops, since it is known that she was ready and willing to send them and that Russia raised no objection to her doing so. It is hinted that a difficulty arose as to the manner in which Japan was to be recouped for her heavy outlay. Rumors are current that Japan

demanded the cession of a Chinese The Russian papers report that the Boxers are ravaging Manchuria and having damaged sixty miles of the ra-lway, threatening Telin and Kirwin, while Port Arthur and Neu Chwang are said to be endangered. Russia, therefore, has notified the powers of her intention to dispatch a large military force to Manchuzia. All kinds of stories come from Shanghai, which it is impossible to verify. It is stated that the Boxers have murdered the Chancellor of the Pekin University and sixty of the members of his family and retainers. A confidential officer of General Yung Lu, disguised as a Boxer, is reported to have crept into Prince Tuan's tent while the prince was sleeping, with the intention of stabbing him. He was captured by the sentries, so the story goes, and decapitated on the spot. His head was sent, with Prince Tuan's compliments, to Yung Lu, as a warning to him to beware.

The French consul at Shanghai has news that the Chinese prefect at Moukden himself murdered the Catholic Bishop Guillon. Besides Bishop Guillon, Fathers Crunoet, Corbel, Borguois and Veuillenot, two sisters of the French mission and numerous native Christians were massacred. From Canton comes a report of large desertions from a German-Chinese regiment at Kiao Chou, and of a sanguinary riot' between German troops and Boxers, many of the latter

being killed. Both at Shanghai and Canton apprehension exists that these evidences of a widespread native rebellion indicate the necessity for immediate measures on the part of the powers. It is stated that Germany intends to send to China 10,000 to 15,000 men

well equipped with guns.

More Fighting at Tien Tsin. BERLIN, July 11 .- The German conul at Tien Tsin cables that the foreign settlements were continually bombarded by the Chinese from July 5th to the On July 6th 2,000 Boxers attacked the French settlement and were routed by the Russians. The British and Japanese forces on July 7th bombarded the Chinese batteries. Toward roof of the German consulate and caused an outbreak of fire, which was extinguished after slight damage had been done. On July 6th the Peiping sailed for Taku with the German wounded. River communication between Tien Tsin and Taku has been safe since the Chinese fort midway between the two towns was captured. The railroad from Tong Ku has been repaired to within three miles of Tien Tsin. Nearly all the families of foreigners left Tien Tsin July 4th.

Chinese Recapture Arsenal. LONDON, July 12.—The Express this morning publishes a dispatch from Tien Tsin, dated Friday last, via Che

Extra C, Golden. 6 5

SOAP **B - Northern. 3340 4

STAVES, **B M - W. O. barrel. 6 00 2 14 00

R. O. Hogshead. 5 00 6 5 00

TIMBER, **M feet-Shipping. 8 00 6 9 00

Common mill 4 00 6 5 00

Fair mill. 5 00 6 60

Prime mill 6 50 7 7 50

Extra mill. 8 00 6 9 00

SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed 4 25 0 5 00

**Sap 3 00 0 3 20

**Sap 3 00 0 3 20

TALLOW, **B 3 00 0 1 75

TALLOW, **B 3 00 0 3 2 10 Foo, saying: "General Ma has defeated the allied troops and reoccupied the Chinese ar-senal, after inflicting great loss upon the defenders. The engagement lasted

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, July 11 .- Flour was

irregular; spring patents were held 20c above buyers' views, but winter straights sold moderately at old prices; other grades were quiet. Wheat-Spot strong; No. 2 red 89%c. Options were strong pretty much all day on the un-expectedly bullish government report, higher cables, outside speculative buy-ing, and brisk demand from local short interests. Closed firm at 2c net advance; July closed 88c; September closed 86%c; October closed 86%c; December closed 87%c. Corn—Spot strong; No.2 51 1/2 C. Options were active and very strong to day, advancing on hot winds in Kansas and Nebraska, light country offerings, renewed big cash demand and covering. Closed firm at 1@11/sc net advance. July closed 49%c; September closed 49%c. Oats—Spot firmer; No. 2 29c; options dull but firmer with corn. Pork firm. Butter steady; creamery 17@1914; State dairy 16@18%. Freights to Liver-pool—Cotton by steam 20d. Petroleum steady. Potatoes quiet; Chili \$1 00@ 11214; Southern \$1 00@1 25. Cheese steady; large white and colored 9%c; small 9%@9%c. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 14@16c at mark; Western 10@121/c at mark. Cotton seed oil was again very firm and fairly active. with sales of prime summer yellow at 36c. Offerings are light, as oil is now in pretty strong hands at this point. Quotations: Prime crude, in barrels, 34c, nominal; prime summer yellow 37c; butter grades nominal; off summer yellow 36@36%c; prime win ter yellow 40@41c; prime meal \$25 00. Coffee-Spot Rio weak; No. 7 invoice 9c, nominal; mild quiet; Cordova 91/2 @131c. Sugar-Raw firm; fair refining 41/c; centrifugal 96 test 41/c molasses sugar 4c; refined firm.

CHICAGO, July 11 .- There was an excited wheat market to day with prices at times almost 3c over the close of Tuesday. Confirmation by the government crop report of great damage to spring wheat was the main factor of strength. September closed with an advance of 21@21c. Reports of damage from drouth caused a bulge of 11c in corn. Oats gained 1c and provisions 5@121c.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Cash quotations Flour steady. Wheat—No.2 spring 80; No.3 spring 75@75%c; No. 2 red 83%c. Corn—No. 2, 44½c. Oats—No. 2 241/20241/c; No. 2 white 27c; 3 white 261/2027c. per barrel, \$11 55@12 60. per 100 fbs, \$6 82½@6 85. Short rib sides, loose, \$6 97@7 20. Dry salted shoulders, \$6 75@7 00. Short clear sides, boxed, \$7 50@7 60. Whiskey-Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, \$1 23.

The leading futures ranged as fol lows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No.2 July 80%, 81%, 79%, 80% @80%; August 80% @81, 82, 80%, 81%@81%c; September 81@ 82, 83, 81 4 @81 4, 82 4 @82 4c. Corn

—No. 2 July 43 4 @43 4, 42 4 @44 3,
43 4; August 43 4 @43 4, 44 @44 3, 44@44%c; September 43%@43% 44%, 43%, 44%c. Oats-July 24, 24 24c; August 24%, 24%, 23%@ 23%, 24%; September 24% @24%, 24% 24%, 24%. Pork, per bbl—July \$12 55 241/8, 241/8. Pork, per bbl -, 12 55; September \$12 50, 12 75 12 50, 12 70. Lard, per 100 lbs-July _, _, \$6 821/2; September \$6 85 6 9714, 6 85, 6 9214; October \$6 9714 6 97½, 6 95, 6 97½; Short ribs, per 100 lbs—July \$7 02½, 705, 7 02½, 705; September \$6 90, 705, 6 90, 705.

- Durham Herald: Monday norning 'Squire D. C. Gunter and J. C. Owens tried a case in the commisioner's room before a good audience. In some features it was unique. Durham magistrates have for some time peen putting a heavy tariff on wife beating, but yesterday conditions were reversed and they had to impose a fine on the wife for whipping her husband. The warrant was against Mrs. E. D. Hicks for an affray. The evidence shows that the man was guiltless of blame, and the court thinking the husband would have to pay the fine for the wife, in sympathy for the maltreatment he had received, fined Mrs. Hicks 50 cents and costs, a total of \$5.65. — Monday morning about 9 o'clock, while Cleveland and Clarence, sons of Colonel W. B. Surls, were playing at the residence of their parents they got hold of a loaded pistol—supposed as usual, to be empty. Clarence who is about twelve years of age, says that in attempting to cock the pistol it went off. The ball went into the cheek of his fourteen year old brother, Cleveland, who is still carrying a thirty two calible leaden ball somewhere in his head.

our Greatest Specialist.

For twenty years Dr. J. Newton Hathaway has so successfully treated chronic diseases that he is acknowledged to-day to stand at the head of his profession in this line. His exclusive method of treatment for Varicocle and Stricture without the aid of knife or cautory cures in 90 per cent. of all cases. In the treatment of Loss of Vital Forces, Nervous Disorder, Kidney and Urinary Complaints, Paralysis, Blood Poisoning, Rheumatism, Catarrh and Diseases peculiar to women, he is equally successful. Cases pronounced hopeless by other physicians, readily yield to his treatment. Write him today fully about your case. He makes no charge for consultation or advice, either at his office of by mail.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., 221 South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Chart Hitches BUTLER THE BEAST.

His Infamous Attack on the White People of Wilmington-A Tissue of Lies from Beginning to End.

[Charlotte Observer Special.]

STATESVILLE, July 7 .- Senator Butler is doing dirty campaign work. His speeches are mean, vicious and incendiary. He vilifies, maligns and falsifies at will. I have reported his speeches in former years and know something of his malicious disposition. He plays on the credulity of his audience. I have heard him falsify to the detriment of others and for the time being bolster his position. But the people who once obeyed his orders have found him out. He no longer affiliates with respectable Populists, but has gone soul and body into the Republican party. All the worse for the G. O. P. Butler is a bad egg. The people of the State are talking of him like they do of rabid dogs. He sneaks into a quiet, peaceful community and tries to inflame the negroes. Hear what he said at Statesville on the 4th of July to a court house well filled with white Republicans from five or -six counties and a lot of ignorant negroes. He calls Col. Waddell a coward; Bellamy an assassin and Aycock a would-be cowardly assas-

"Butler said that Waddell was colonel of a regiment at the outbreak of the civil war and strutted around in his brass buttons and with his sword, but when the time came to go to the front, he deserted his regiment and got in a bomb-proof. while his heutenant colonel led the regiment on many a bloody field. Some one had told Waddell that he could get out of fighting by studying preaching and so he took up the study of preaching. He got a job as a clerk or commissary or something at Wilmington, and never smelled gun powder. Waddell is now going over the State and saying that he is ready to take his gun and make the white men who vote with the negroes live with the negroes. He was the man who was in trouble at Wilmington. But he didn't shoulder his gun there. He was too big a coward to do any shooting himself, but got others to shoot innocent negroes in the back.

"Charlie Aycock, the Democratic candidate for Governor, was one of the men who shouldered his gun to help shoot innocent men in the back. "Butler denounces the people who had put down the negro riots as cowards and murderers, and said they had shot innocent men in the back. tne east.

"He said he lived in the east, and he had a message to deliver from cried out, 'Deliver it! Deliver it!' 'The Democrats are going to steal wherever they can in this election. But you work day and night. They can't possibly steal half of what our majority will be. If you will take care of the west, I will take care of the east. He denounced the Democrats as ballot-box thieves, who are trying to steal the negro's birth-

"He said they ought to be in the penitentiary along with the chicken thieves. If the chicken thief goes to hell to be burned with fire and brimstone, these ballot-box thieves will go to a deeper and hotter hell. "Down in his country, in 1894 the Democrats hunted up every blind negro and made him one of the judges of election, and when a Republican or Populist handed his ballot in at the window, the judges threw the ticket down and put in a Democratic. ticket. They did his ballot this way, and winked at each other and said, 'Didn't we disfranchise Butler right?' But some men had bored an augur hole and saw them doing this, and those judges, in fear and trembling, got down on their knees on the floor and picked up those Republican and Populist ballots and put them back in the box, and it was good for

their cowardly hides and tallow that [Signed.] "W. W. TURER. "J. B. ARMFIELD, "J. A. BUTLER, "G. G. FRENCH."

"I, J. A. Hartness, clerk of the Superior Court, do certify that the above named gentlemen signed the above statement before me and certified that they heard Senator Butler's speech and that the foregoing statement is true and correct. [Signed] "J. A. HARTNESS.

"Clerk Superior Court. Heretofore when he has campaigned the State he has been received and cared for by Populists, but now he is in the hands of the Republicans. He is entertained in Republican homes and his crowds are composed largely of Republicans. There is no doubt as to where he stands.

The people of Caldwell county are cursing him. He made a very bitter speech there some days ago. It was like the one at Statesville. How long will Butler be allowed to make his maglignant speeches? The people of North Carolina have been patient with him. No other man has dared do what he has done. H. E. C. BRYANT.

WHEN others fail, take ROBERTS'

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It cures

chills, fevers, malaria and general bad

health. 25c. A red cross on the label

assures you of the pure, high-class material that makes ROBERTS' a success. Don't take a substitute. R. R. BELLAMY, Jos. C. SHEPARD, JR., and J. HICKS BUNTING.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, July 11.-Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine steady. CHARLESTON, July 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 4214c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales - casks. Quota-

SAVANNAH, July 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 43 %c; sales 308 casks; receipts 2,193 casks; exports 544 casks. Rosin firm; sales 591 barrels; receipts 3,357 barrels; exports 3,360 barrels. Water white \$2 65; window glass \$2 45;

For Over Fifty Years Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

N \$2 30.

no other.

has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take



ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER

AND BOWELS

CLEANSES THE SYSTEM DISPELS EFFECTUALLY,
DISPELS EFFECTUALLY,
OVERCOMES HEADACHES OF FEVERS
OVERCOMES HEADACHES OF FEVERS HABITUAL CONSTIPATION ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

BUY THE GENUINE - MAN'FD BY QUERNIA FIG SYRVPO

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 5. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 43 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 42½ cts per gallon for country casks. ROSIN-Market firm at \$1.10 per barrel for strained and \$1.15 for good strained. TAR-Market quiet at \$1.40 per

bbl of 280 fbs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quiet at \$1.60 per barrel for hard. \$2.60 for dip, and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year.— Spirits turpentine firm at 38% @38c; rosin steady at 90@95c; tar firm at \$1.30; crude turpentine firm at \$1.35. 2.00@2.10.

Spirits turpentine..... 278 Rosin 370 Tar..... 137 Crude turpentine...... 119 Receipts same day last year.—127 casks spirits turpentine, 151 bbls rosin, 38 bbls tar, 42 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON. Nothing doing. Same day last year middling steady at 5 %c. Receipts-1 bale; same day last year, 1.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS - North Carolina -Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 771/2 @80c. Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c.

CORN-Firm, 53 to 60 cents per bushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85 cents; upland, 50@60 cents. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 11 to 12c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 81/c; sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, inch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25 six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch \$5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to 10.00 per M. STAR OFFICE, July 6. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market quiet at 42% cents per gallon for ma-

chine made casks and 4214 cents per gallon for country casks. ROSIN-Market firm at \$1.1 per barrel for strained and \$1.15 for good strained. TAR-Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs. \$10.00 per M.

CRUDE TURPENTINE. - Market steady at \$1.60 per barrel for hard, \$2.60 for dip and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year.-Spirits turpentine steady at 38 1/4 @ 38 4c; rosin steady at 90@95c; tar firm at \$1.30; crude turpentine firm at \$1.35, 2.00@2.10.

RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine Crude turpentine Receipts same day last year .- 168 casks spirits turpentine, 538 bbls rosin, 43 bbls tar, 60 bbls crude turpentine.

Nothing doing. Same day last year middling quiet t 5%c. Receipts-00 bale; same 'day last year, 1.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS - North Carolina Prime, 70 cents; extra prime, 75 cts. per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77 1/2 @ 80c. Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN-Firm; 53 to 60 cents per oushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tide water) 85 cents; upland 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to

N. C. BACON-steady; hams 11 to 12c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 81/2c; SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, \$2.25 to \$3.25;

six inch. \$4.00 to 5.00; seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to \$10.00 per M. STAR OFFICE, July 7.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market quiet at 42% cents per gallon for machine made casks and 4214 cents per gallon for country casks. ROSIN-Market firm at \$1.10 per barrel for strained and \$1.15 for good strained. TAR-Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Market quiet at \$1.60 per barrel for hard \$2.60 for dip and - for virgin. Quotations same day last year. Spirits turpentine steady at 38% @ 38 4c; rosin steady at 90@95c; tar firm at \$1.30; crude turpentine firm at \$1.35, 2.00@2.10. RECEIPTS

Spirits turpentine..... 100 145 Rosin Tar..... Crude turpentine..... Receipts same day last year—184 casks spirits turpentine, 293 bbls rosin, 24 bbls tar, 12 bbls crude tur-

pentine. Nothing doing. Same day last year middling steady at 5 %c. Receipts-33 bales; same day last

year, 00. COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77½@ 80c. Virgina—Prime, 50c; extra

bushel for white.

TERMS VERY LOW. rime, p55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm: 53 to 60 cents per

47

ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85c; upland, 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11 to 12c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8½c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch. \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to

10.00 per M STAR OFFICE, July 9. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market quiet at 42½ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 42½ cents

per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at \$1.10
per barrel for strained and \$1.15 for good strained. TAR-Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Market steady at \$1.60 per barrel for hard, \$2.60 for dip, and — for Virgin. Quotations same day last year.— Spirits turpentine firm at 38 1/4 @38 1/4 c asked; rosin steady at 95c@\$1,00; tar firm at \$1.35; crude turpentine firm

at \$1.35, 2.00@2.10.

Nothing doing. Same day last year middling steady Receipts-8 bales; same day last

COTTON.

COUNTRY PRODUCE PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77%@ 80c. Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm; 53 to 60 cents per bushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85c; upland 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 11 to 12c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 81/c; SHINGLES-Per thousand, fiveinch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to \$10.00 per M.

STAR OFFICE, July 10. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Sales at 3:02 o'clock, steady at 42% c per gallon for machine made casks and 42 cents per gallon for country casks. ROSIN—Market firm at \$1.10 per bbl for strained and \$1.15 for good strained. TAR.—Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at \$1.60 per barrel for hard, \$2.60 for dip and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year.— Spirits turpentine firm at 40%@40c; rosin steady at 90@95c; tar firm at

\$1.35; crude turpentine firm at \$1.35, \$2.00@2.10. Spirits turpentine..... Rosin...... 146 Tar Crude turpentine..... Receipts same day last year.-104 casks spirits turpentine, 409 bbls rosin, 43 bbls tar, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON. Nothing doing. Same day last year middling steady Receipts-00 bales; same day last year, 00 bales.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 771/2 @80c Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN-Firm; 53 to 60 cents per bushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85c; upland, 50@60c. Quota-

tions on a basis of 45 pounds to the N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 11 to 12c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 81/c; sides, 10c. SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00: seven-inch,

TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to

\$5.50 to 6.50.

STAR OFFICE, July 11. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market closed at 43 cents per gallon for machine made casks and dull and nothing doing for country casks. ROSIN-Market firm at \$1.10 per bbl for strained and \$1.15 for good strained.

TAR—Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.-Market steady at \$1.60 per barrel for hard, \$2.60 for dip, and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year .-Spirits turpentine firm at 40 1/2 @ 40c bid; rosin steady at 90@95c; tar firm at \$1.35; crude turpentine firm at \$1.35,

Spirits turpentine 186 pentine. COTTON.

Nothing doing. Same day last year middling quiet Receipts-00 bales; same day last

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, July 11.-Cotton quiet; middling uplands 10 kc. Cotton futures market closed steady; July 10.00, August 9.62, September 8.89, October 8.50, November 8.33, December .30, January 8.30, February 8.32 March 8.35, April 8.37, May 8.39. Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 10%c; middling gulf 10%c; sales 170 bales.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the succes use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the

Littleton Pemale College

A VERY PROSPEROUS INSTITUTION WITH MODERN BUILDINGS, SPLEN-DIDLY LOCATED IN A REMARKABLY HEALTHY SECTION IN WARREN COUN TY, ON S. A. L. | ROAD BETWEEN RA-LEIGH AND WELDON, N. C. PANACEA WATER KEPT IN BUILD-ING AT ALL TIMES FOR FREE USE OF FIFTEEN OFFICERS AND TEACHERS'

For Catalogue, address.

Rev. J. M. RHODES, A. M., Pres., je 15 3m, Lattleton, N. C.