

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Lists names and their respective contributions or amounts.

soñeme is honest (which it is not) it is from the nature of things impracticable, because it discriminates against some nations, and these the most liberally disposed, and is against the comity which should exist between friendly, progressive nations. But if it were practicable there is not enough in it to justify the spending of much thought or time on it, or offering it as a substitute for tariff reform, which is the only effective way to meet the problem that now confronts our statesmen, to treat all nations impartially and equally, and leave no ground for any to complain. It is tariff reduction and not reciprocity fakes that the American people are demanding.

HOW IT KEPT ITS PLEDGE.

Ex-Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, is one of the very few Republican statesmen who, out of the large number who professed to be bimetallists, has adhered to his professions. They are all gold monometallists now. The question as to who was the author of the phrase "we pledge ourselves to promote" in the financial plank of the platform of 1896 has been in doubt, several statesmen claiming the credit for the conception of that grand fraud. Mr. Chandler was so anxious to know that he offered a reward of \$100 to the author, when there was no longer doubt as to who he was. It seems that Senator Foraker made the discovery by finding the original draft of the resolution, which contained the phrase interlined in pencil, in the handwriting of Senator Lodge. Therefore he sent the Senator his check for \$100, accompanied by the following remarks:

"By reason of the premises you should without hesitancy accept the \$100 as rightfully your money. All wise men know that McKinley and Hobart would not have been elected if the platform had not, while declaring opposition to the free coinage of silver except as the result of an international agreement, also declared that the Republican party favored such an international agreement if it could be secured. If McKinley and Hobart had been elected in 1896, they would not have been re-elected in 1900. Therefore, those six words were of priceless value, and I trust that when all the facts are known my humble offering of \$100 will be supplemented by such generous donations, not only from many members of the Republican party, but as well from Democrats who have so much to be said in prospect of the election of Mr. Bryan, as to adequately recognize the sagacity and courage which led you not merely to conceive, but to actually insert into the platform of 1896 concerning bimetallism the words 'which we pledge ourselves to promote.'"

That "immaculate" declaration twice made by Mr. McKinley President and the fidelity with which the pledge has been fulfilled the world knows. We publish this as coming from a Republican statesman because it shows the fraud perpetrated on the people, which is in keeping, however, with the record of the Republican platform makers, who never regard pledges when there is a reason, or to may be to their interest, to ignore them. Bad faith is one of their characteristics.

Some time ago a man in Texas forged papers and got a fellow who was in for a life sentence pardoned out of the penitentiary. He got \$10,000 for the job. But when the forgery was discovered the judge turned the tables on him by ordering his arrest, trying him and sentencing him to serve out the unexpired term of the pardoned convict. Appeal was taken to the Supreme Court, but it sustained the legality of the sentence.

Bees do not always show discriminating judgment in establishing their plants. Mrs. Senator Carter has taken several hundred pounds of honey from the joists in her house in Washington, which the bees utilized for a hive, when they might just as well have deposited their sweets in some poor person's house, who would have fully appreciated them and welcomed them away, as Mrs. Carter is doing.

It is said that Gen. Ballington Booth, commander-in-chief of the Volunteers of America, an organization similar to the Salvation Army, has bought a tract of land, between 15,000 and 20,000 acres, in the cotton section of Georgia upon which he proposes to locate a colony to help people in cities who can't make a living. He will erect a large cotton factory upon it.

And now comes a Nebraska woman who declares that she, too, has never been kissed. This corroborates the assertion that we have heretofore made that there are some mighty ugly women out there.

The Augusta Chronicle ventures the remark that "Senator McLaurin seems to have a hazy idea of party fealty." He has no more idea of party fealty than a June bug has of geometry.

FLEXIBLE SANDSTONE.

We find in some of our State exchanges the following clipped from the Boston Youth's Companion: "A recent reference in the Companion to the flexible sandstone which comes from the Punjab prompts a New Hampshire reader to call attention to some specimens of this mineralogical curiosity which he possesses, but which came from the vicinity of Charlotte, N. C., instead of from India. One is a slab nearly two feet long, an inch thick and four inches wide, and like the specimens described in the Companion, bends under its own weight, and when supported only at the ends, sags perceptibly in the center."

The slab which this gentleman has did not come from the vicinity of Charlotte, but from Stokes county, the only county in North Carolina or, as far as known, in the United States, where that kind of stone is found, and there it is found in only one locality. For a long time the location of the deposit was kept a secret known only to old Jack Chamberlain, a unique specimen of humanity, who made what little change he had use for by selling to people who came his way pieces of this stone, one or two inches wide and six or eight inches long, catching rattlesnakes for people who fancied that kind of pets and guiding people through the hills up there.

The discovery of this deposit was made by a Mr. Dewey, a cousin of Admiral Dewey, who before the war spent several years in that section exploring for minerals. When war became imminent he left for home, but before going showed Jack this deposit, and told him he could make some money by selling specimens as curiosities, but pledged him to secrecy and Jack kept the pledge until he became satisfied that Mr. Dewey was not coming back. Several years ago the property fell into the hands of a citizen of High Point who has taken out a good deal of the stone and sent it to towns in the State for sale. It was probably one of these slabs that the gentleman referred to in the Youth's Companion has. For a stone it is a rare curiosity, for it will not only bend and rattle when shaken, but it will stretch. The quarry from which it is taken is not far from Danbury.

CURRENT COMMENT.

New Orleans' health reports show that the past five months the city has had a death rate 20 per cent. less than a like length of time in the year preceding, due, it is claimed, to greater attention paid to cleaning the city and to inspection of the milk supply.—Mobile Register, Dem.

By accepting the Platt amendment, it is officially observed in Washington, "the Cubans have demonstrated their good faith in the United States." A counter demonstration in this country appears to be in order.—Charleston News and Courier, Dem.

We do not observe any demur on the part of very high tariff organs consequent upon the refusal of President McKinley to be a candidate for a third term. Mr. McKinley seems disposed to be a Moslem to his party, having led it into the prophet's wilderness far enough to see the error of his ways, he now seeks to lead it out. But there are zealots who want to stay in the wilderness indefinitely.—Philadelphia Record, Dem.

The new Holland submarine boat Fulton carries five torpedoes, and if she can do one-half what is said of her, she would be a very fierce and an attack on an enemy's fleet. It is claimed she can travel fifty miles under water in about seven hours, and 3,500 miles on the surface without renewing her gasoline or other stores. Submarine boats are not new, but none have yet rendered any service in time of war.—Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.

REMARKABLY FAST RUN.

Forty-eight Miles in Forty-six Minutes is Record Made by Engineer Farmer.

A very remarkably fast run, with a regular scheduled passenger train, was made one night last week by Engineer Farmer, on the Coast Line between this place and Charleston. It was the best ever made over that division by a regular scheduled passenger train. The run was on train No. 35, the dusk-bound West Indian fast mail, leaving Florence at 2:50 o'clock A. M. The run from Florence to Lane's, a distance of forty-eight miles, was made in forty-eight minutes. At Lane's a stop of five minutes for water and station was made. From Lane's to Ashley Junction, a distance of forty-two miles, the run was made in fifty-two minutes, which included a stop for the drawbridge at Santee River of two minutes, a stop at Ten-mile Hill for water, three minutes, and a slow-down for Meade's Crossing, which cut off at least one minute of running time, thus bringing the actual running time down from Lane's to Ashley Junction, forty-eight minutes, in forty six minutes. From the junction into Charleston it required fifteen minutes, as the company will not allow trains to run it less time. The actual running time between Florence and Ashley Junction was, therefore, made, ninety-six and eight miles, in ninety-four minutes. It must be remembered, however, this train pulled five of the heaviest cars used for the system and cannot be pitied against the "Pristina flyer" record made by Engineer Corrie in 1895, as that train only carried four cars, none of them being compared to size of those pulled by Engineer Farmer.

N. C. STATE GUARD.

The Annual Encampment of the Troops to be Held This Year at Wrightsville.

BY ORDER OF GOV. AYCOCK.

Seaside Park, or Latimer's Grove, Selected—An Ideal Spot—Troops Will Go Into Camp by Regiments, for Ten Days Each.

At last the question of where the encampment of the North Carolina State Guard will be held this year has been settled, and Wrightsville has been recommended as the "garden spot," and this recommendation of the committee will, of course, be approved by the Governor. The following special telegram was received by the State last night from its Raleigh correspondent: RALEIGH, N. C., June 15.—The committee appointed by the Governor to examine sites for the proposed encampment this Summer met this afternoon and agreed upon a report, the substance of it being as follows: They recommended Latimer Grove, at Wrightsville, as most suitable and available. The encampment will be by regiments. They recommended that the Second regiment go into camp from July 10th to 19th; the Third regiment, from July 20th to 30th; the First regiment, from July 31st to August 10th. Governor Aycock will issue an order in accordance with the recommendation of the committee. The committee adopted a resolution thanking Mrs. Poisson for so kindly and generously tendering the property for use by the State Guard. Of course the encampment will mean a big thing for Wilmington, both socially and financially, and will bring hundreds of visitors to the city. The soldier boys will find the site selected at Wrightsville an ideal camp ground, and will also find plenty of gay features at the beach. Then, again, they will get an opportunity of seeing some good fast base ball, as follows: The Second regiment will have an opportunity to witness games at Wilmington with Norfolk July 11th, 12th and 13th; with Newport News July 15th, 16th and 17th, and with Raleigh July 18th and 19th. The Third regiment games with Raleigh July 20th and Newport News July 23rd and 30th. The First regiment, games with Newport News July 31st, and Richmond August 1st, 2d and 3d.

SNEED COMPANY CHARTERED.

Incorporation Papers Received and Filed With the Clerk of the Superior Court Yesterday.

The State has chartered the Sneed Company, of this city, which, as set forth in the papers of incorporation, will carry on in Wilmington a whole sale and retail furniture business, including the manufacture of such articles as may be deemed necessary to aid and assist in the conducting of a crockery and general merchandise business. The papers of incorporation were filed at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court yesterday. The capital authorized is \$7,000, representing seventy shares, at the face value of \$100 per share, and is held by Mr. I. E. Sneed, Emmett H. Sneed, A. C. Sneed and C. D. Phares, all of this city. The lease of life under the company is thirty years.

WILMINGTON CAPITAL INTERESTED.

In Proposed Railway Line From Wadesboro to Winston—Ample Capital.

An important corporation was chartered yesterday in the office of the Secretary of State. It is the Winston & Wadesboro Railroad Company, and the road is to extend from Wadesboro to Winston, a distance of ninety miles, passing through the counties of Anson, Stanley, Montgomery, Davidson and Forsyth. The capital stock is to be \$500,000, with liberty to increase to one million dollars. Of \$15,000 has been subscribed. The incorporators are well known business men of North and South Carolina, and among them are such men as Thomas Wilson, of Cadot, of Charleston; E. Huger, R. G. Rheit, E. H. Pringle, F. Q. O'Neill, Francis J. Pelzer, Frank E. Taylor, Samuel Lapham, Jas. S. Murdoch, A. P. Cramer, R. Maxwell Anderson, W. B. Wilson, R. M. Wallace, E. W. Wynne, Wm. M. Bird, Henry F. Welch, C. Wulbert and Geo. H. McFelt, of Charleston; Wm. Calder, Jno. S. Armstrong and Jas. H. Chadbourne, of Wilmington; John McSwain, of Timmonsville; Jno. J. Loughery, of Sumter; S. C. P. A. Wilcox, and F. L. Wilcox, of Florence, S. C. These names represent men who control a great deal of capital, and it looks as if the road could be built.

Mr. Haywood to Start a Bank.

Mr. Fabius J. Haywood, Jr., who for some time prior to the consolidation in the work of rescue of the Atlantic National Bank of this city, has gone to Charlotte to organize a savings institution. Charlotte has no savings bank at present and the location is an ideal one for Mr. Haywood and his enterprise.

The Secretary of the Navy has approved plans for a ship at the Naval Academy to cost \$400,000. The building will have the dimensions of a cathedral and will be in keeping with the other fine buildings now under construction there.

CRIMINAL COURT OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

Held Its Last Session and Went Out of Existence Yesterday—The Docket Was Soon Cleared.

The Criminal Court of New Hanover county went out of existence yesterday morning and in its place in the future will be extra terms of the Superior Court. These extra terms, according to the last legislative enactment, will be held solely for the trial of criminal actions, though motions in civil actions can be heard. These extra terms will be inaugurated in all districts in the State the eighth of next month. At the term here His Honor Judge Oliver H. Allen will preside. Terms for holding of court for the trial of criminal cases will be held this year July 8th, August 12th, November 4th and 25th, and for the hearing of civil actions October 8th. Yesterday morning at 10 o'clock Judge Bryan, with all court officials in attendance, convened court and after a very short session adjourned sine die. While court was in session Mrs. Mary Williams came into court and, through her counsel, submitted in four cases of selling liquor on Sunday and without license. She also withdrew an appeal made in another case of similar character. Judge Bryan, in view of the fact that the defendant promised "good behavior," suspended judgment upon payment of costs in the former cases and reduced the fine in the latter to \$20. Solicitor Duffy is still in the city, resting on his oars, as his next court will be the inaugural one here next month.

LOCAL DOTS.

The police made sixteen arrests during the past week.

The STAR is informed that an exclusively wholesale drug house will be established in Wilmington within the next thirty days.

Mr. E. T. Wade, of this city, tells the STAR that he has a barred Plymouth Rock hen that has beaten the record; with a brood of young chicks, she laid two eggs last Tuesday.

The Dupin Express, a breezy, well edited weekly published at Faison, made its debut last week. The STAR extends a hearty welcome and a sincere wish for a long and prosperous life.

Dr. Dunlop Thompson, who recently graduated in medicine, has formed a partnership with Dr. R. G. Rozier, at Lumberton. He is a brother of Mr. Jos. E. Thompson, of the STAR staff.

A. C. L.'s New Building.

The new building of the A. C. L. on North Front street, recently completed, is now occupied by officers of the Company. President Warren G. Elliot, Treasurer James F. Post, Superintendent Jno. F. Divine and Superintendent of Motive Power R. E. Smith, have offices on the second floor. The entire third floor will be occupied by the auditing department, while the roadway department will occupy a large part of the first floor.

That Hot Ice Question.

The ice question is still hot in Wilmington, as paradoxical as this may seem. There were no new transpirations yesterday, save for many rumors relative to the establishment of a "colony" of ours may be, and the information that a prominent business man of this city stands ready to invest \$50,000 in plant. Dame Rumor says there are three movements afoot to establish plants.

Greatly Damaged Crops.

Mr. B. O. Stone returned to the city yesterday from a pleasant visit to Little River, S. C. He tells us of a severe rain and wind storm that visited that section Thursday and lasted forty-eight hours, greatly damaging the crops. Mr. Stone's father, Mr. W. H. Stone, owner of a large plantation, had his corn crop almost ruined.

A Runaway Couple.

Fayetteville Observer: A young couple who had fled from their matrimonial duties in the city to-day, got the marriage license from the register of deeds, and were married in the waiting room of the A. C. L. passenger depot at noon, by Rev. D. N. McLellan, before a large assembly of curious people. They were Mr. J. H. Bonam, age 25, of Wilmington, and Miss Mary E. Chadbourne, age 18, of Bonnettsville. They left on the train for a wedding trip north.

NEWPORT NEWS SHIPYARD.

Over Seven Hundred Men Laid Off On Account of the Strike.

Newport News, Va., June 15.—Over seven hundred men were laid off to-day by the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company. Unless the striking machinists return to work Monday, or unless enough machinists report to carry on the work which has been held up by the strike, the shipyard will close down. General Superintendent W. A. Post in an interview relative to the company's attitude, states that arbitration will not be considered as the yard has nothing to arbitrate. He expresses sorrow at being obliged to take the step which will throw nearly seven thousand men out of work, but explains that it is necessary in the face of the attitude of the strikers. Just how long the yards will remain closed, he said, will depend on the strikers.

WILLARD TAX LISTING LAW.

Action Taken by Fayetteville Chamber of Commerce—Appeal for Special Session of Legislature.

[Special Star Telegram.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., June 14.—The following important resolution has just passed the Fayetteville Chamber of Commerce: "WHEREAS, we are informed by tax list experts, and ourselves believe, that the existing Willard tax listing law is impracticable, incapable of execution, unjust, promotive of perjury and of interminable litigation, unprecedentedly inequitable, and unconstitutional in spirit if not in letter, Resolved, That the several Chambers of Commerce in North Carolina be requested to cooperate with us in an immediate appeal to the Governor to call a special session of the Legislature to amend the said act, or to take such other action as may relieve the present unfortunate situation." F. R. ROSE, Secretary.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

Alamance Gleaner: The little five-year old son of Mr. Washington Torrell, at Haw River Monday afternoon was playing with matches, it is learned, and set his clothes on fire. His clothes were burned entirely off and after three hours agonizing pain the child died.

Carthage Blade: Col. A. H. McNeill has in his office some very pretty samples of brown stone. They are of three or four shades of color and would greatly attract people who desire brown stone property or any one indeed who knows the value of fine and beautiful as well as durable stone for building material.

Tarboro Southerner: The mosquitoes are more numerous than ever known here in years—and they are very troublesome as numerous. A gentleman yesterday attempted to go squirrel hunting. He arrived at a mulberry tree, where the squirrels were, but the mosquitoes attacked him in such numbers and so viciously that his whole attention was taken up in fighting the pests.

Sanford Express: An election was held here last Monday to decide the question of issuing fifteen thousand dollars in bonds to extend and complete the Sanford water works. Out of a total registration of two hundred and twenty three the total vote for bonds was one hundred and eighty-three. Only one vote was cast against the measure. A number of our citizens who voted against bonds last year voted for them Monday.

Wadesboro Messenger-Intelligencer: Wheat is not turning out as well as hoped for some time ago. The farmers of this section are blue, and they certainly have a cause to be, for the Mr. M. E. has never known a time when the prospect of their realizing a profit on their labor was less propitious. Everything, it would seem, has conspired against them. No fog with fertilizers, of which more than usual have been used this year, were higher than last year. On the heels of this the high price of cotton caused every negro, who could procure an ox and get some one to furnish him, to go to raising the fleecy staple on his own hook. This latter condition has had a disastrous effect on the wool trade. A number of men who were used to make a good deal of little work for wages as long as he can go to the time merchant and procure supplies on the security of a crop yet to be made.

Newton Enterprise: The farmers say the nights are too cool for cotton. It is very slow in starting to grow. There will be no number of blooms in this county. The last few years the first blooms have been reported the 20th to 30th of June. The reapers are being heard on every side this week. Almost all the wheat is ripe and thousands of bushels will be harvested before Saturday night. The crop is not as good as usual on account of the unusually early weather which we had during the spring.—Dan Abernethy, a young man raised by Mr. Perry Fry near Newton returned from the Philippines last Saturday. He has been gone about two years and belonged to the 42nd regiment which reached San Francisco late in the month of April of the service. He was in several of the biggest battles of the war and saw some severe campaigning. He has had enough of the Philippines. He says that "colony" of ours may be a very good place for rich people, but a poor man has no show there. Common laborers get only 10 cents a day for their work.

GRAND STAND COLLAPSED.

Twenty-five Persons Injured at the Annual Field Day Sports of Chicago Normal Schools.

CHICAGO, June 15.—A temporary grand stand at Sixty eighth street and Stewart avenue, built for the purpose of accommodating an audience to witness the annual field day sports of the Chicago Normal schools, collapsed to-day. Twenty-five persons, mostly women and children, were injured. Several were hurt seriously, but it is thought none will die. The stand, which was five hundred feet long and seven tiers high, was crowded. The programme of the day was fairly under way when on account of the general stamping of feet in recognition of a meritorious athletic performance, the supports gave way, precipitating the spectators a short distance to the ground. Several hundred persons were buried under the timbers. The field events came to an abrupt ending and the participants joined in the work of rescue. The injured were removed to the Normal School near by, which was converted into a temporary hospital, with a score of physicians and surgeons in attendance.

BRITISH AND BOERS.

Kitchener Reports Severe Fighting With Casualties On Both Sides.

LONDON, June 15.—Lord Kitchener reports to the War Office from Pretoria as follows: "During the march from Vrede, General Elliot's column engaged De Wet near Reitz, June 6th. After severe fighting there, captured seventy-one loaded wagons, forty-five prisoners, fifty-eight rifles, ten thousand rounds of ammunition and four thousand rounds of cartridges. The Boers left seventeen killed and three wounded. Our casualties were three officers and seventeen men killed and one officer and twenty-four men wounded."

A BREAK FOR LIBERTY.

Three Convicts Escaped From the Virginia Penitentiary But Were Recaptured.

Richmond, Va., June 15.—While Governor Tyler was on a visit to the penitentiary farm to-day three convicts seized the villa of their guards and made a break for liberty. They were pursued by guards and a "trusty," H. Q. Bailey, who was serving a year for manslaughter. Bailey captured one of them and was pardoned by the Governor on the spot. The other two fugitives were captured later with the assistance of bloodhounds.

ONLY ONE BODY HAS BEEN FOUND.

After More Than Twenty-four Hours' Search in the Ferry Boat Northfield.

SIX PERSONS STILL MISSING.

Impossible to Tell How Many Persons Were Drowned—Half a Dozen Horses and Wagons Taken Out of the Sunken Boat.

By Telegram to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, June 15.—After more than twenty-four hours search for dead bodies in the Staten Island ferry boat Northfield, after her collision with the Jersey Central ferry boat Mauch Chunk on Friday evening, only one was found. How many other fatalities resulted from the accident is a mystery. Six persons are still reported to be missing. The man found was Jere V. Wright, note taker of the Oriental Bank of this city. The missing are:

General Charles G. Bartlett, 65 years old, of Hart Park, Livingston, S. I.; General Bartlett has been librarian of the Staten Island Club building. He left his office at 4:30 o'clock Friday afternoon with his sister-in-law, placed her on a car, and then went to a store in Nassau street. "Was expected home at 7 o'clock, but did not get there. Friends are positive he was on the ferry boat."

Juan Abou Benitez, 28 years old, single, of Richmond, S. I. A. G. Clarke, Brooklyn; is believed to have gone to Staten Island to keep an engagement. Has not returned home. Charles Dickinson, of Egbert avenue, West New Brighton. Imhof, commissary sergeant, U. S. A., of Governor's Island, New York. Resumed Stevens, New York. Drivers went through the ferry boat to-day but found only the body of Mr. Wright. It is impossible to tell whether other bodies were drowned, and their bodies washed out into the river. Mr. Wright's body was found floating against the ceiling of the vessel. Half a dozen horses and wagons were taken out of the sunken vessel during the night and day by wrecking crews aided by divers. The boat was partly broken up by the tide, but she will be raised to-morrow or Monday and it is said can be repaired.

The captain was placed under bond of \$2,500. The Jersey Central Ferry Company has nothing to say about the accident, but the Staten Island Rapid Transit Company which owns the Northfield had an investigation and exonerated from blame all its officials and employees. The Central Rapid authorities are investigating, as are the police.

ALABAMA'S CONVENTION.

Ordinance Introduced Proposing Regulation of Woman Suffrage.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 15.—An ordinance proposing the regulation of woman's suffrage was introduced in the Constitutional Convention here to-day by Mr. Craig, of this county. The resolution, which caused considerable debate, provides that all women who are permitted to vote must be over twenty years of age; must be able to read and write; the husband must pay \$5 in taxes or must have earned \$300 the year preceding. If single, the woman must pay \$5 in taxes or have earned \$500 the year preceding. Divorced women, excepting those granted a decree on the ground of adultery, cannot vote. The far the rules and regulations were referred to the committee on suffrage and elections.

POSTER ASSASSINATION.

Situation Unchanged—Negroes Still in Jail and Heavily Guarded.

SHREVEPORT, La., June 15.—The situation here to-night with regard to the Foster assassination is unchanged. There were many reports current to-day that the negro, Prince Edwards, had been seen in several places in the last two days, but up to to-night the pursuing officers have made no arrests. The twelve negroes under arrest for complicity in the killing remain in jail, heavily guarded, and it is believed there is no danger of violence. The town is quiet and the Sheriff of Bossier Parish says he apprehends no further trouble. Governor Eads to-day offered a reward of \$50 for the capture of Edwards. This makes \$750 offered for the apprehension of the fugitive.

AN IMPROMPTU DUEL.

Between Uncle and Nephew at Swainsboro, Ga.—One Man Killed.

SWAINSBORO, GA., June 15.—John Stroud and Thomas Moxley, uncle and nephew, respectively, ate both breakfast and lunch together yesterday afternoon, as a result of which Moxley is dead. Stroud approached Moxley for circulating false stories about him. The quarrel ensued. A Mr. Anderson would not turn out to be the only fatally connected with the capsizing of the In-galls. When the Ingalls struck the side of the boat the lay with her smokestack on almost an even line with the ground, but since then sufficient water has been pumped in to right her considerably. Portions of the deck are severely crushed and it is feared that a number of her steel plates have been started. The general damage, however, is repaired and she is considerably less than at first supposed.

LABOR DISORDERS RENEWED.

Strikers Join Forces at St. Petersburg Riots Suppressed by Military.

LONDON, June 15.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg announces that the labor disorders there have been renewed. Strikers from the Baltic navy yards, the dispatch says, joined forces with the men from the Grozinskaya works and attacked the latter yesterday with such ferocity that the military were obliged to use their arms to suppress the rioters.

SCARCELY POSSIBLE TO HAVE IT ORGANIZED BEFORE FEBRUARY—WOOD'S ORDER CONCERNING MARRIAGES.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—It is now learned that when the Cuban omission was in Washington, the delegates informed Secretary Root that they did not think it would be possible to have the Cuban government organized before February first, owing to the fact that constitutional proceedings must be had under their new constitution. The opinion is expressed at the War Department that there will be little chance of effecting a change from American military control to Cuban civil control. The civil service which General Wood has organized is largely composed of Cubans, and it is believed that the new government will utilize this machinery. The War Department has received copies of an order issued by General Wood, compelling the various orders now in force governing marriages in Cuba. The order sets forth the ceremonies, requirements and formalities to be observed in both civil and religious marriages. The Cuban law contains provision for the old custom of reading the banns, though the marriage fee is limited to one dollar, United States currency. The final clause of General Wood's order repeals all sections of former Cuban laws in regard to marriage which conflict with the present order.

BRANCHES OF Y. M. C. A. WORK.

Interesting Topics Discussed at the International Jubilee Convention—The Young Women's Association.

Boston, June 15.—While many branches of Y. M. C. A. work were discussed at yesterday's meeting of the International Jubilee Convention, the programme to-day involved topics more particularly bearing on the problems directly involving young men. Several well known speakers presented subjects at the forenoon session.

In presenting the subject, "The need of a more aggressive warfare against the forces which are destroying young men," Rev. Dr. J. M. Buckley, of New York, threw a strong light on many aspects of modern life suggested by the topic and emphasized the importance of individual work to prevent threatened destruction. The speaker specified as destroying forces a lack of the sense of God; an indifference to the Bible as a moral and religious authority; a loss of its divine origin, often expressed, but more frequently implied in disparaging allusions; impurity in its various forms; drink habit; gambling; and the life and the spirit of it in business life.

Following Dr. Buckley's address the convention held a brief business session. Miss Harriet Taylor, of Chicago, secretary of the American committee of Young Women's Christian Associations, was introduced. She said that the organization, now entering on its 15th year, was doing wonderfully helpful work for the young women who are to reside over American homes.

Walter C. Douglas presented the topic, "The Jubilee Fund, its importance and relation to the future of the work." Robert E. Spear, of New York city, addressed the convention on the need of an overwhelming sense of the work of our work. Mr. Spear said the code in religion was nothing but that a man who believed in Christ should carry Him into his daily life and manifest Him in thought and action.

U. S. TRANSPORT INGALLS.

So Far as Known the Accident Caused the Death of One Man and Injury of Thirty Men.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Pending investigation by the Federal authorities, John N. Robins, of the J. N. Robins Company, refuses to make a statement concerning the sinking of the United States transport Ingalls in the Erie basin yesterday. So far as known the accident caused the death of one man and the injury of more than thirty others. The greater number of those injured are in Seneca hospital, Brooklyn, where it was said to-day that there are now in a serious condition. Those in charge of the dock do not think that there are any dead in the basin, although the fear was expressed in some quarters that the workmen might have gone to the bottom when the transport turned over.

W. D. Dickey, general manager of the Robins dock, stated that after a special roll call and a searching investigation among the company's workmen, he felt safe in saying that the death of Martin Anderson would turn out to be the only fatally connected with the capsizing of the Ingalls. When the Ingalls struck the side of the dock the lay with her smokestack on almost an even line with the ground, but since then sufficient water has been pumped in to right her considerably. Portions of the deck are severely crushed and it is feared that a number of her steel plates have been started. The general damage, however, is repaired and she is considerably less than at first supposed.

AN IMPROMPTU DUEL.

Between Uncle and Nephew at Swainsboro, Ga.—One Man Killed.

SWAINSBORO, GA., June 15.—John Stroud and Thomas Moxley, uncle and nephew, respectively, ate both breakfast and lunch together yesterday afternoon, as a result of which Moxley is dead. Stroud approached Moxley for circulating false stories about him. The quarrel ensued. A Mr. Anderson would not turn out to be the only fatally connected with the capsizing of the In-galls. When the Ingalls struck the side of the boat the lay with her smokestack on almost an even line with the ground, but since then sufficient water has been pumped in to right her considerably. Portions of the deck are severely crushed and it is feared that a number of her steel plates have been started. The general damage, however, is repaired and she is considerably less than at first supposed.

LABOR DISORDERS RENEWED.

Strikers Join Forces at St. Petersburg Riots Suppressed by Military.

LONDON, June 15.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg announces that the labor disorders there have been renewed. Strikers from the Baltic navy yards, the dispatch says, joined forces with the men from the Grozinskaya works and attacked the latter yesterday with such ferocity that the military were obliged to use their arms to suppress the rioters.