FRIDAY. - - NOVEMBER 8, 1901

A POLICY OF INACTION. ? Among the questions that will come up before Congress will be the currency question and tariff revision, and the Republican leaders are going to try to dodge both. The principal matter is the currency, which, according to Secretary Gage and the bankers, is to retire the greenbacks-\$346,000,000 in round numbers-and replace them with bank notes, if replaced at all They wouldn't, if they decided to retire them, dare refuse to replace them with some other kind of notes, and these would, as a matter of course, be national bank notes. This would be just to the hand of the bankers who would then have control of all the paper currency, which would practically mean control of the bulk of the currency, for it is these with the silver certificates which constitute the bulk of that, the gold certificates being used but little in ordinary business transac-

The bankers, with Secretary Gage in the lead, view this question from their standpoint and do not give a thought to the politics there is in it, while the politicians view it mainly from the standpoint of politics, and therefore the bankers will not find it so easy to marshal them against the greenback. How difficult this may be is foreshadowed in the following which we clip from a letter of the Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, who says:

There probably never was a time in the history of the Republican party when, possessing an easy majority in both houses of Congress and the control of the executive branch of the Government, there was so general a disposition to believe that the interests of the party could best be served by doing nothing. That is emphatically the conviction of the party leaders in the Senate, and the men who have most influence in the House are confidently reckoned on to second the Beneath the confident expressions in regard to the unbroken unity of the party that have fallen from members of Congress lately visiting the White House, there an uneasy feeling that subjects likely to breed party discord are becoming unpleasantly prominent in public discussion.

'Among these it may be as well to recognize the fact that the currency question does not figure. So far as can be discovered, the programme outlined by Secretary Gage finds surprisingly little support in his own party. The 'blood-stained greenback' has not lost its power as a figure of Republican rhetoric, and there is a general disposition to assume that, in definitely making the gold standard the law of the land, and providing for the convertibility of all forms of our currency, the representatives of the party have done as much as can possibly be expectected of them. They have no intention of giving to the other side the opportunity of taunting the party with subservience to the banking interests, and no argument touching the essential unsoundness of any system of Government paper money will weigh against the fact that there is no general or imperative public demand for relieving the treasury of the function of a bank issue. Congress has always lagged behind the public sentiment of the country in regard to the reform of the currency, and it will require a good deal more than the approval of a bankers' convention, or the support of a few chambers of commerce, to convince Congress that there is any present necessity for moving in the direction indicated by the Secretarg of the Treasury.'

In discussing Secretary Gage's speech before the Bankers' meeting some time ago, and the action of the bankers in endorsing the remarks on the desirability of retiring the greenbacks, we expressed the opinion that it would be a very difficult undertaking to persuade Congress to tackle the greenback however much it might commit itself to the gold standard and trample on silver. They might, perhaps, find some Republican Congressmen from the rock-ribbed Republican States of the East and Center who might be willing to do that, but they would find very few from the West who would. When it comes to making a choice, and a choice became necessary, the average Congressman would, as between the bankers and the voters, play in with the voters every time, and the voters don't want the greenbacks retired. They have never asked for it and no political platform of any party has ever declared for it.

Ignoring the "blood-stained" rhetoric and all that kind of thing, the Congressman who is asked to help freeze the greenback out can very it doing its business right along as ener's "bag" game. good money, performing all the functions of money and the equal of gold all over the land? Do not the people prefer it to metallic money, gold or silver? All this beand why do you want to freeze it callings. out? There is no danger of its becoming an "endless chain," because and forbidding re-issuing them unless in exchange for gold. When you did that you took a twist on the "endless chain." Why, then, when the greenbacks are doing full duty as money in every sense, and there is no danger of their being used to raid the Treasury and draw out gold, should we make war on it and deprive the people of some of the best currency they ever had, currency which the Government may acts directly on the blood and mucous surface of the system. Send for testimentals, free. never be called upon to redeem and which costs it nothing but the expense

of printing? It is a non-interestbearing note, redeemable at the option of the Government, and in any kind of "lawful money," which meant either silver or gold, until the Republicans in Congress made war on silver and declared for the gold standard. The only security or pledge behind this money is the credit of the Government and the faith of the people in that Govern ment. The greenback is the Government's note, based on its credit, and it is the people's money, which is honored on every counter in the land and in every business transac-

No wonder, then, that the average Congressman, even if there were no politics in the case, could not be persuaded to turn against a currency of that kind, which the people have used for nearly forty years, and never disowned, although the money-lenders, who found it in their way, have made repeated attempts to discredit it and retire it from circulation. The leaders of own. the Republican party are already confronted by a perplexing problem of tariff revision, for which they will endeavor to substitute reciprocity, have no idea of taking the chances of incurring popular opposition by fighting the greenback at the behest they have dollars which may be useful in campaigns, have not votes enough to decide elections. It is pretty safe to say that when it comes to facing the greenback the policy they will pursue will be the policy of

SOME DISCRETION.

In his speech Wednesday in defence of Admiral Schley, Mr. Parker addressing the court said. "The court will agree with me, think, in my statement that a commander-in-chief is vested with some discretion: that he is entitled to exercise it, and that it is his duty to

There ought to be no question as to that anywhere. A commanderin-chief is presumed to be competent, and to be a man of good judgment, capable of deciding in emergencies what to do. Being on the ground, or on the water, as in the know better about the situation and what to do than those at a distance who must depend on others for their information. Admiral Schley exercised his discretion, and accomplished what he was sent for, namely, the cornering and destruction of the Spanish fleet. It is alleged that in doing this in his own way, with the best lights before him, when important information had been withheld by the Navy Department, by Admiral Sampson and by subordinates who were sent out to gather information that would be of service to him in the work assigned to him he violated orders. If that violation was of a character worthy of notice, why did not the Navy Department, or his superior in command-Admiral Sampson-call him to account? Assuming that he did, in the exercise of his discretion, violate orders, which he denies, his superiors were derelict in condoning the offence by their silence, and in not calling him to account for it.

The presiding judges doubtless saw the point of Mr. Parker's statement, especially Admiral Dewey, who in a crucial hour didn't hesitate to exercise that discretion, when he took the risk of involving us with another power by cutting the Manila cable, which made it impossible for the war managers at Washington. to interfere with his plans. He exercised his discretion several times afterwards in calling meddlesome German commanders to taw.

Dewey knew what he was doing, and so did Schley; Dewey did what he started in to do, and so did Schley, but there was no one to claim the honor that Dewey had won, while there was some one to claim the honor that Schley had won. There was no Sampson with his faction at Manila, but there was at Santiago.

Gen. Botha has responded to Kitchener's proclamation warning the Boers to lay down their arms at the peril of being shot or banished by issuing a counter proclamation declaring Kitchener and his soldiers outlaws and ordering every Boer in the two Republics or in Cape Colony plausibly ask: Why? What's the to shoot every armed Englishman on matter with the greenback? Isn't sight. He proposes to play Kitch-

The Technological School of Atlanta, which has 500 scholars enrolled, turned out seventeen graduates a few days ago, bright fellows, ing so, what's the matter with it, well equipped for their adopted

The receipts of the New York you have guarded against that by City post office for October were instructing the Treasury to lock up over the \$1,000,000 mark. The every one presented for redemption lively political campaign helped that business.

> STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, 88. FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toisdo, County and State atoresaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDBED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH OURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.
>
> Elsworn to before me and subscribed in my
> presence, this 5th day of December, A. D. 1896. A. W. GLEASON,

> > F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

TURSDAY'S ELECTIONS.

There is nothing in Tuesday's elections which calls for special 1emark, as they resulted about as anticipated by people who give any attention to political movements, with the exception, perhaps, of New York city, which the Democratic managers claimed they would carry, which they didn't. That wasn't a revolt, however, against the Democratic party, but against Tammany rule, which was charged with all sorts of short comings and they will not discredit, and hence it | malpractices, in which there was, doubtless, a good deal of truth. They result may, perhaps, be a good thing for New York, for while it is a rebuke to the defeated it is a warning to the victorious.

With the exception of Maryland. which has been carried by the Democrats, the other States in the North are Republican States, and although it was an off year, and the vote light the Republicans held their own, and in Ohio, according to their claims, more than held their

The inference from this is that the Republicans are so firmly entrenched on the other side of the line that it will take something more potent than anything that has vet happened to dislodge them, and that unless they make some great blunder of the money-lenders, who although to arouse popular opposition they can count pretty confidently on solid North at the next Presidential election. They may squabble but they have a habit of getting together when it comes to voting.

MORE BENEVOLENT ASSIMILA TION.

Our civil and military authorities in the Philippines have adopted the policy of terrorizing to make the yellow people over there who object to American rule be good and behave themselves. Manila dispatches published yesterday inform us that the treason act framed by the commission was adopted, and this is followed up by the announcement that Gen. Smith had deported the wife of the Filipino Gen. Lukban, and that a lieutenant in command of scouts, who had some brushes with the insurgents, had killed a lot of them and burned 125 houses. That's an illustration of the becase of Admiral Schley, he ought to nevolent assimilation that is being put in practice over there. Shooting men who are in arms is war, but burning houses, when nothing is to be accomplished by that save terrorizing the inhabitants, which is doubtless the object, is vandalic barbarism, for which there is no defence or palliation. It is worse than savagery, because it is done by men acting under authority of a civilized Government. We condemned less savagery by Weyler in Cuba, and by Kitchener in South Africa, the former of whom our war managers for the Philippines have surpassed and the latter of whom they seem to be imitating.

A MARRIAGE IN BRUNSWICK.

Miss Bessie C. Bellamy Vesterday Became Bride of Mr. Paul Venters, of Onslow.

Yesterday morning at 10 o'clock a Groverly," the country home in Brunswick, of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Bellamy, their daughter, Miss Bessie C. Bellamy, was quietly married in a pretty wedceremony, performed Mr. Browning, to Mr. S. Venters, a prosperous young Paul planter and business man of Onslow

The house was tastefully decorated for the event, and the wedding scene was a beautiful one. The bride was attractively gowned in gray taffeta silk, with velvet and all overlace trimmings. She carried a large bouquet of white chrysanthemums. The groom wore conventional black. and was accompanied for the ceremony by Messrs. Usher Sandlin and Wm. Sanders. Many beautiful presents were received.

The bride and groom will reside in the future at Richlands, Onslow

Baried At Leland, N. C.

Mr. James S. Williams, of Leland, Brunswick county, was killed last Monday in the yards of the Southern Railway in Columbia, S. C., where he was employed in repairing a freight car. He was under the car when a shifting engine coupled on to a string of cars and Mr. Williams was run over before he could get from under the car. Both legs were cut off midway between the knees and hips, and Mr. Williams died before reaching the hospital. Congaree Lodge of Odd Fellows, of which deceased was a member, prepared the remains for burial, and sent two representatives to Leland with the body for burial. The remains were also accompanied home by Mr. Luther J. Williams, a brother

brothers and three sisters.

Thrown From A Buggy. A transfer wagon of the S. P. Cowan Livery Company ran into a buggy in which Mr. S. H. Fishblate was driving down Market street yesterday morning and the genial exmayor was thrown violently to the street, head foremost. He received a severe bruise over the left eye and his nose was also injured to some extent. The buggy was broken.

of the deceased. The young man is

survived by his father, mother, two

- Mr. T. L. Ruth, of Spray, N. C., was in the city yesterday to look after the publication of a book of which he is author and copyright. It is entitled "My Own Life as an Outcast Husband" and has for its foundation a suit now pending in Chatham Superior Court which is entitled "Ruth against Ruth."

lions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrheea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

THE COUNCIL HANGING

Governor Aycock Replies to Suggestion of His Responsibility for Negro's Death.

PARDON, NOT COMMUTATION.

That Should Have Been Asked If Prisoner Was Not Guilty-Supreme Court Decisions--Proclamation for Thanksgiving.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 5 .- Governor Avcock to-day issued a statement in reply to Father Marion, the Catholic priest, who officiated at Louis Council's execution in Favetteville and dramatically declared the negro's innocence despite the Governor's warrant to the contrary. Governor Aycock says he is in no wise responsible for the execution of Council. The jury found him guilty, the judge sentenced him to death. He granted several respites for complete investigation. Continuing, the Governor said: "I sent for Mrs. West to visit me, and cross-examined her in the presence of the council of State: sent Judge Womack, a conservative, careful man, to Fayetteville to investigate the crime and the facts; have exhausted every means to ascertain Council's guilt or innocence, and am today firmly convinced of his guilt. I know good citizens doubt his guilt. but under the constitution I am bound to act under my convictions, not theirs.

"I regret the remarks of Father Marion, as no doubt he does now. It was unfortunate that he suggested I was responsible for the death of an innocent man. If Council was innocent the jury should have said so. Father Marion and those closest the prisoner should have asked pardon and not commutation to life imprisonment, as they did. If Father Marion was certain of Council's innocence, as he declared at the execution, he was derelict in his duty not to ask for pardon: for to imprison a man for life, for an offence he did not commit, is little less grave than his execution.

"The law of this State against the crime for which Council was executed will always be enforced; and the law against lynching likewise will be enforced. There is no occasion for the execution of law by people in mobs. The people are strong enough in their organized capacity to punish crime and I shall not be deterred by adverse criticism from letting the law take its course when I believe the prisoner guilty."

Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court to-day handed down the following opinions of interest in Eastern North Carolina, viz: Knight vs. Hatfield, from Moore, affirmed; Rayner vs. Railroad, from Cumberland, affirmed; McDougald vs. Lumberton, from Robeson, error: Carter vs. Lumber Co., from New Hanover, error; Carter vs. Railroad, from Columbus, affirmed.

Thanksgiving Day

Governor Aycock to-night issued a proclamation designating Thursday, Nov. 28th, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer and urging the people to assemble on that day and thank God for manifold mercies, and ask protection and guidance in the future, and give to the needy, and especially widows and orphans. The preamble says: "In this year, when the nation was startled by the death of its President at the hands of an assassin, He has given us strength to continue our form of government without friction or danger and thereby made incumbent upon us ever to turn towards Him in the hours of trial, and those who turn to Him always find strength. It is needful, therefore, and proper that we set aside at least one day in the year in which to express gratitude to Him for past favors and invoke His aid for the future.'

ISTHMIAN CANAL PROJECT.

The Panama Company Offers to Sell Ou to the United States Government. Terms Not Disclosed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 6.-Presi dent Hutin, of the Panama Canal Company, finally has submitted to Admiral Walker, the head of the isthmian canal commission, a proposition on behalf of his company for the acqui sition of all its rights by the United States government. The Panams company has been restrained up to this moment from submitting a direct proposition owing to a clause in the concession which it holds from the government of Colombia, which prescribes forfeiture of the concession as a penalty for the making of an effort by the company to transfer its

rights to another government. The company's agents, therefore have been obliged to act with extreme caution in making overtures, but in some way the Colombian government has been induced to wink at this technical violation of the concessions. Its terms are not yet disclosed, and it is probable that they will be withheld until the isthmian canal commission publishes its report. It is understood. however, that they are considerably more favorable to this government than were the figures made to the President three years ago.

It Circles the Globe. The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve as the best in the world extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Pile cure. 25 cents a box at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

- Customer-"See here, waiter, found a button in this salad." Waiter—"Yes, sir; that's part of the dressing."—Philadelphia Record.

For Over Pitty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children THE COTTON CROP CONDITION

Neill's Estimate Not Countenanced by New York Correspondent-His Failures in Years Past as Estimator

[Special Star Telegram.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 6 .- The advance in the cotten market which resulted from a general acceptance by consumers of the idea that the crop would be a comparatively small one. has been interrupted and to some extent effaced by a series of crop estimates emenating from English authorities, which have again led the European spinner into a belief that he has the Southern cotton planter at his mercy and can buy his necessary supply of cotton this year at his own price. Mr. Buston, of Liverpool; Mr. Landauer, of Liverpool, and lastly Mr. Henry Neill, an Englisman resi dent in New Orleans, have during the past two weeks published estimates of the crop ranging from 10.750,007 to 11,250,000, the last being Mr. Neill's estimate made public to day. In this connection, it is interesting to refer to the previous estimates made by Mr. Neill. Two years ago, he estimated the crop at 11,000. pales. It turned out to be about 9.400,000. Last year he estimated it at first at 9,750,000 and later at 9,650,000. It turned out to be 10,500,000. Many are of the opinion that his record for correctness will not be improved by the estimate made public to-day. I do not recall at the moment Mr. Neill's estimate further back than the years mentioned, but it would no doubt be interesting also to make a comparison between his figures and those of the actual outturn during the entire period he has been before the public as a crop estimator. His opinion and those of other gentlemen referred to are, as far can be learned, simply the expression of limited personal observation. They do not profess to be at least ; tabulated result of any exhaustive investigation. As against them, the government report of condition of the third of October was the lowest, with one exception, on record, and the New York Journal of Commerce, which this year has been most painstaking its investigations, published some 939 replies inquiry as to the size which, after allowing about 8 per cent. for excessive per simism on the part of the observers indicate a crop of 9,600,000 bales. As far as I can see, there is nothing either

in the ascertained facts of the situation or the crop movement up to date. to justify a belief in a large crop, and as has been previously the case, the Southern producers of cotton are not ikely to be stampeded into selling by big crop estimates made by those

whose interest is obviously on the side THEODORE H. PRICE. ONE OF HERRMANN'S TRICKS

> mous Magician. "The late Alexander Herrmann always went fixed for an impromptu exhibition." said a theatrical press agent who was once associated with the famous magician, "and in the early part of his career he would go to extraordinary pains to 'lay his fences' long in advance for startling effects. In that way he was frequently able to do things that seemed next door to supernatural, and the result was no end of valuable advertising. In later years, when he became celebrated and systematic booming was no longer necessary, the old man, as we used to call him, would often refer to these exploits

A Bit of "Mind Rending" by the Fa-

and laugh heartily over the mystification they had occasioned "On one occasion, to give you an illus tration of his patience and forethought, he was in a popular bar in Pittsburg and chanced to notice a bankbook lying on a desk behind the cigar counter. The cover bore a printed number, which was in plain sight, and when he got outside Herrmann quietly made a memorandum of it in his notebook, together with the address of the place. There was not more than one chance in a hundred that the information would ever be of any service to him, and he simply filed it away, so to speak, for possible future

reference. "Well, fully six months afterward when he was playing a return date in the city, he piloted a party of friends one day into this identical bar, and the proprietor, who was present, was called up and in troduced. All hands sat down at a table to have a bottle of wine, and, as usual Herrmann was urged to give an example of his skill. He performed several neat tricks, and, remarking that he would wind up with a little exhibition of mind reading, asked the cafe proprietor to think of some number that could afterward be verified. 'Take the number of your bankbook,' he suggested, 'if you remember what it is.' 'I don't recall it offhand, but I can easily find out,' said the barman, and going over to his safe he unlocked an inside compartment and privately inspected the book. 'All right,' he said when he returned to the table; 'I am

thinking of the number now.' "Herrmann took lim by the hand looked him in the eyes in his peculiarly impressive fashion and said, 'The num ber is 129,068.' 'That's right,' gasped the cafe proprietor in an awestruck voice He was absolutely stupefied with amaze ment, and so, for that matter, were the others in the party. The fact that the book had been locked in the safe and the apparent impossibility of Herrmann knowing anything about it in advance made the feat seem almost miraculous It is talked about in the house to thi day."-New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Thinks Florida Is All Right. The business par excellence for Flori da today is stock raising, and in no other portion of our broad country can is be carried on so successfully or se cheaply as here.

We can raise some forage crop twelve months in the year, and our new velvet bean and cassava fed together make a balanced ration that, fed to the longest horned, wild eyed, slabsided steer that ever saw the range, will in seventy days make as toothsome a sirloin as Armour sends from Kansas City. This is a fact, not a theory. The velvet bean will grow and flourish on land that won't sprout a cowpes, and cassava will yield from five to eight tons per

There is no state where so easy a living can be made or where the soil will respond more cheerfully than this when gently coaxed, concludes a correspondent in Home and Farm.

No man is fit to win who has not sat down alone to think and who has not come forth with purpose in his eye, with white cheek, set lips and clinched palms, able to say, "I am resolved."-Bulwer.

Well seasoned red hickory weighs 52.37 pounds to the cubic foot.

Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, pur gative pill has been exploded, for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bough

STATE ELECTIONS HELD TUESDAY

Democrats Carried Maryland and Held Their Own in Other States.

TAMMANY HALL DEFEATED.

Seth Low, Pusion Candidate for Mayor of Greater New York, and Other Candidates on the Fusion City Ticket Were Elected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, November 5.-Seth Low, former President of Columbia University, and four years ago the Citizens' Union candidate for the first mayor of Greater New York was elected to day the second mayor of Greater New York by plurality ranging anywhere from 30. 000 to 40,000, defeating Edward M Shepard of Brooklyn, the Democratic nominee. The campaign was an exciting one, and the vote, though somewhat less than that of the presidential election of four years ago, was the largest ever polled in a municipal contest in this country.

In addition to the canvas for mayor, public interest largely centered in the the nomination by the Fusionists of William Travers Jerome for district attorney, and Mayor Robert A. Van Wyck, by the Democrats, for justice of the supreme court, who were voted for only in the territory contained in New York county. Returns received up to 11 P. M. indicated that Jerome had been elected by a comfortable plurality, and that Mayor Van Wyck had been defeated, the latter running behind his ticket from 15,000 to 20,

Returns also in icate the complete triumph of the Greater New York Fusion ticket, Charles Vincent Fornes, the nominee of the Citizens'Union and the Republicans for president of the Board of Aldermen, defeating Geo. Van Hoesen, the Democratic nominee. E M. Grant, for the past four years Democratic president of the borough of Brooklyn, now the Fusionist nominee for comptroller, has also defeated W. W. Ladd, Jr., Democrat. Richard Croker, at 8:45 o'clock to-

night conceded the election of Seth Low. Fusion candidate for mayor, but Mr. Croker was not willing at that time to give up the county ticket. He said he was much disappointed at the Brookiyn vote, as he had expected Mr. Shepard to make a good showing there, t being his home borough.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6, 1 A. M.-With the election of Seth Low as mayor, Charles V. Fornes as president of the board of aldermen, and Edward M. Grout as comptroller, the triumph in Greater New York appears indicate that the Fusionists have elected Jacob A. Cantor president of the Borough of Manhattan, J. Edward Swanstrom president of the Borough of Brooklyn, and George Cromwell president of the Borough of Richmond. The Democrats have elected Jos. Cassidy in Queens and Louis F. Hoffen in Bronx.

The office of sheriff of the count ticket in New York county is stil claimed by both parties, John T Oakley, Democrat, running ahead of William J. O'Brien, Fusionist. 1t may require the official count to de-

cide the result. Returns so far as received from dif ferent sections of New York State in dicate that the lower house of the State Legislature will be composed of assemblymen grouped as follows: Republicans, 84; Democrats, 45; Fusion

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 5 .- With the exception of this county, where the result is attributed to the Liquor League and Kilbourne's popularity. the Republicans have made gains on the returns received up to 9:30, at which hour the Republicans claimed a plurality in Ohio much greater than two years ago, when Nash's plurality was 49,023. This will make the Legislature surely Republican in both

RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 5. - Although in the election to-day the Democrats polled only about 75 per cent. of their vote, the result surpassed their most sanguine expectations. The negroes took little interest in the contest, and the indications are now that the Democratic majority for the State ticket will be more that 25,000.

The Democratic majority on joint ballot in the Legislature will be over whelming. On the legislative ticket the Democrats made gains in the southwest, where they feared they

RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 6 .- Returns up to 1 o'clock this morning sustain last night's dispatches that the Democrats have gained a sweeping victory, elected their State ticket by some 25,-000 majority and a big majority in the General Assembly. The Republicans made their greatest gains in the valley, where there were Democratic facional tickets.

Kentucky

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 5.—The Courierlournal claims the Democrats will have increased majorities in both houses of the next General Assembly, which will elect a successor to United States Senator Deboe

The returns from the State so far reeived by the Courier-Journal show the Democrats have gained five members of the lower house and one member of the Senate of the General As-

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.-Fully 75 per cent, of the registered vote had been cast at 1 o'clock, with indications that the Democrats had made such gains in the city and State as to insure the election of their ticket. While there is some doubt as to the result in the city, there seems to be but little in the counties, all advices indicating a Democratic victory in the doubtful districts. The Republicans are inclined to concede Democratic success in two of the three legislative districts in Baltimore city and the indications point to a ture, which means the re election of Mr. Gorman as United States Senator. Scattering returns from 15 out of 321 election districts in Baltimore city show a marked decrease in the vote of

1899 and indicate that not more than sixty per cent. of the vote has been cast. The Democrats are holding their own and have probably carried the city by about 3,000 majority. Returns at hand up to 11 o'clock show a tremendous falling off in the

vote, both in the city and the counties. and indicate that the Democrats have been victorious in both city and State, although it is impossible to give any figures because of the meagre returns. t seems highly probable that no more than 75,000 votes have been polled in Baltimore as against 110,000 cast two years ago at the municipal elections. Chairman Goldsborough, of the Republican State Central Committee, still claims to have elected his ticket and asserts that the Republicans will have a majority on joint ballot in the General Assembly, while Chairman

Vandiver, of the Democratic committee, makes a like claim for his party. At one o'clock this morning less than half the returns from the city are

in. One hundred voting precincts give Herring. Democrat, for comptroller, 11,090; Platt, Republican, 12,186. The first legislative district of Baltimore city, with 69 precincts missing, gives the leading Republican candidate 3.722 votes, while the leading Dem ocratic candidate has 3,804. The others range from 3,604 to 3,799, and the delegation is about evenly

n very slowly.

divided between the two parties as indicated by the returns now in. The second district is probably Democratic while the third is almost surely Republican. The figures from the counties come

NEWARK, November 5.-The early returns received from all points in the State indicate that Murphy, Republican, for Governor, has been elected and that the election is now simply s matter of plurality. The returns thus far received indicate that Murphy will have a larger plurality in the State than Voorhees did three years ago. The Republicans claim the State by

LI HUNG CHANG IS DEAD.

The Death of the Chinese Statesman Expected to Cause a Change in the Manchurian Situation

By Cable to the morning star. PEKIN, Nov. 7 .- Li Hnng Chang died at 11 o'clock this morning. The burial clothes have already been put on. The court yard of the Yamen is filled with life size paper horses and chairs, with coolie bearers, which his friends are sending in accordance with Chinese custom, to be buried in order to carry his soul to heaven.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.-The death f Li Hung Chang will not, it is believed here, affect the execution of the undertakings imposed upon China in

A change in the Manchurian situation is expected, however, and the United States has a very considerable nterest in the outcome of that matter. Li Hung Chang is regarded here as strongly pro Russian, and it is possible that his death, and the coming nto power in China, as the director of oreign affairs, of another prince less friendly to Russia, might hasten the day when Russia must relax her hold upon Manchuria and allow the country to be opened up to the commerce of the world.

WOMAN MURDERED.

Found Dead at Atlanta-White Man Arrested Charged With Crime.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 6 .- Nora Brit. in, a young white woman, was found dead in bed at a house on South Fornearly complete. The latest returns syth street this morning. A small hole in the temple, evidently made with a sharp but rough instrument, proved that the woman had been murdered. J. J. Carroll, a news agent running between Atlanta and Brunswick, was arrested to-night charged with the crime. Carroll denies that he was implicated in the murder, but admits that last night in an argument with the woman he "put a piece of coal against her face, scratching it," that he did not injure her.

FLAVORED VINEGARS

How to Prepare These Aromatic Kitchen Adinnets The difference between palatable and unpalatable food is often enough a mere question of seasonings. Nor is the barrenness of the market or of the garden an excuse for flavorless food. When mint, for instance, is plentiful, a few cents will buy a quantity of the fresh green leaves. Put them in a glass preserving jar and fill up the jar with good cider vinegar. The mint market may then rise or fall without cutting

short your supply. Few people who enjoy a salad of to matoes know how vastly they are improved by the addition of a little thyme. This may be added in the form of the powdered leaves spread on the tomatoes and allowed to stand in the icebox for a few hours, or if fresh may be thrown into a preserving bottle. covered with vinegar and allowed to stand for a few weeks. After the aroma has been taken up by the vinegar it is best to strain it off. For the purpose of keeping the aromatic vinegar old beer bottles the kind that have attached

rubber tipped corks, are very good. It is now considered an accomplishment either for a man or woman to be able to make a good salad. The following recipe will give a flavored vinegar which will insure a good salad on short notice, even in remote mountain camps. A quart of vinegar, one dozen tarragon leaves, half a lemon peel, three heads of garlic from which the skin has been removed, half a green pepper. Let it stand for ten days and strain, using in heavy dressing in the proportion of three parts oil to one of vinegar. Equal parts of summer savory, thyme, sage and mint will give a vinegar a tablespoonful of which be added to thickened sauces to be used with roasts.

- Raleigh Post: In the Post Sunday morning the following special Weldon appeared: from Scoggin, who was here in charge of the broken-neck horse at the fair was shot in the small of the back last night near town, and it is feared that his wound may prove fatal. He came here from Petersburg but formerly lived in Warren county. There is mystery about the affair which remains to be solved." Last night it was learned that the the wounded man was dead. Further information was obtained by the Post which may throw some light on the mystery involved in the affair. A white man, a nephew of Hon. S. L. Patterson, of this city, and a colored man, were driving in a buggy through the country, and when near the Weldon fair grounds on Friday night were held up by two unknown men, one of whom caught the bridle of the horse they were driving. The white man had the reins and them the negro, who had a gun closed at hand, drew it and commenced firing. The highwaymen ran and disappeared. It is not unlikely that the special quoted above and the death of the man shot is the sequel to the at-tempted hold-up.

The American Sugar Refining Company has reduced refined sugars ten points to meet the reduction made last week by Arbuckle Brothers.



WARM WIRELETS.

An east bound Norfolk and Western reight train was wrecked near Shaws ville, Va., while going twenty-five miles an hour. Fifteen loaded coal cars were smashed and an unknown tramp was killed.

destroyed the greater portion of the business section of the place. The loss is estimated at \$49,350 with a small amount of insurance. A dispatch from Admiral Caillard. received in Paris last night, announces

Fire at Richlands, Ga., yesterday

that his squadron is still lying before the island of Mitylene. No landing has vet been effected. A heavy sea was running. The Standard Oil Company has de

clared a dividend of eight dollars per share, payable December 16, making \$48 per share for the calendar year. which is the same amount as last J. J. Allen, a prominent merchant

at Sarepta, La., was shot and wound ed by a man named Baker. Joe Sykes. brother-in-law of Allen, then shot and killed Baker. Allen's wounds are not Complete unofficial returns from every district of Greater New York

give Seth Low, Fusion candidate for Mayor, 294,992, and Edward M. Sherard, Democratic candidate, 265,128. making Low's plurality 29,864. The New York and Carribbean Steamship Company, of New York city, is incorporated with a capital of \$25,000 to operate a line of steamships between New York city, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Newport News,

New Orleans and the principal ports of Tommy Feltz, of Brooklyn, and Joe Hurst, of New York, went on before the Savannah Athletic Club last night for a 25-round mill. It lasted four rounds. Hurst was so badly outclassed and took the count so often that Referee Zeigler stopped the bout and awarded it to Feltz,

Official and unofficial returns of terday's election in Virginia do not change the figures already given, except to increase the Democratic majority on the ticket. It will probably run to 30,000. The Republicans gain two Senators and eight members of the House, but leaving both branches overwhelmingly Democratic. The police of St. Louis have in cus-

tody a man and a woman suspected of complicity in the robbery of an express car on the Great Northern Railroad, near Wagner, Mont., July 3rd last, when the safe was blown open and a consignment of unsigned notes for the National Bank of Helena. Mont., amounting to between \$50,000 and \$100,000 was stolen.

OHIO'S ELECTION

Republican Majority On Joint Bailot for U. S. Senator is Thirty-five.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star Columbus, November 6.-Late to night Chairman Dick, of the Republican State Committee, had the returns from eighty-six counties in Ohio, with only two missing, and the two missing counties were estimated from the news paper reports with the following results: Sixty-two counties have Repubican pluralities, aggregating 90,804 Twenty-six counties have Democratic pluralities aggregating 23,179, making the plurality of Nash over Kilbourne thyme leaves are to be obtained they | for governor 67,661, and approximat ing 80,000 plurality for other candi dates on the Republican State ticket. The Republicans elected sixty-eight representatives and the Democrats forty two. The State senate stands twenty one Republicans and twelve Democrats. The Republican majority on joint ballot for United States Senator is thirty-five.

PEDERAL COURT DECISION

Orders Sale of About 150,000 Acres of Land in Dare County, N. C. By Telegraph to the Morning Star

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 6.-News has just been received here that the United States Circuit Court of Appeals affirms a decision of the Federal court which orders the sale of about one hundred and fifty thousand acres of land in Dare county. This involves practically the entire county of Dare, in eastern North Carolina, except the town. The value of the property in Dare county is put at nearly a half million dollars. The land is heavily timbered and is valuable.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

Safe Cracked by Burglars and Money and Stamps Stolen By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROANOKE, VA., November 6 .- The postoffice at Princeton, W. Va., county seat of Mercer county, was robbed on Tuesday morning. The safe was cracked and between \$300 and \$350 in stamps and \$150 in money stolen. Some tools taken from a blacksmith shop were found in the postoffice, and Lewis McNutt, a colored employe of the blacksmith shop, has been arrested.

This Will Interest Many

Botanic Blood Balm (B, B, B.), the amous Southern blood purifier, quickly cures cancer, blood poison, pimples, boils, carbuncles, ulcers, eating sores, scrofula, eczema, aching bones, joints or back, rheumatism, catarrh, and all blood and skin troubles. B. B. B. heals every sore and makes the blood pure and rich. B. B. h., the finest blood purifier made. Druggists, \$1. Trial treatment free by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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