Editor and Proprietor.

FRIDAY, - - DECEMBER 6, 1901 THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE. People who expected to find some

thing sensational, something of the Rooseveltian strenuosity type, will be disappointed because, while it is void of ambiguity and sufficiently forceful, it is so conservative as to show that the President realized importance that would naturally attach to his utterances and therefore weighed well his words before he put them into phrases, on paper, and gave them to the printer.

The message begins with a happily conceived and phrased tribute to his assassinated predecessor, coupled with a vigorous denuncia tion of anarchists and anarchism, and a recommendation for stringent measures to debar from our shores these foes of law and order and the passage of a law giving the United States courts jurisdiction in all cases where attempts are made on the life of a President or of his legal successor, in the event of the death or disability of the President. What he says as to excluding anarchists and those of anarchistic principles or proclivities when known will be generally approved.

He next discusses at some length the prevailing prosperity, the rapid accumulation of targe wealth resulting in the organization of great industrial combinations, creating complex problems that must be handled with the greatest care and caution. While admitting that these combinations have aroused much antagonism, much of which, he says, is unfounded, he also admits that there have been abuses growing out of this accumulation of wealth, but, as usual with the defenders of Republican policies, he denies that "the rich have grown richer and the poor poorer." He expatiates on the grand achievements of the "captains of industry" in the development of the country deprecates and counsels, against any measures that in the effort to restrain combinations of monopolistic tendencies, might be so ill advised or sweeping as to d more harm than good, and endanger the interests of all. He is so exceedingly conservative on this point that it is evident that he does not favor any attempt to tackle the trusts in earnest, if that were contemplated. The only remedy suggested, which he regards as the basis of other reme dies for the combine evil complained of, is "publicity" which might prevent stock-watering and that is about all. As an anti-trust remedy it would be about as effective as a Chinese fire cracker would in blowing up a mountain or a cotton twine in holding a locomotive.

Referring to what are commonly called trusts he contends that while chartered in one State they do business in many and that holding the right to thus do business by virtue of public franchises they are under obligations to the public, and, there fore, the State and Federal government should both have supervisory jurisdiction over them, as the latter has over our national banks, the former to regulate them within its borders, the latter from an inter state standpoint. That is right.

> As our foreign commerce is now becoming such an important factor in our national life he recommends the establishment of a Department of Commerce whose special charge it would be to plan for the expansion of our commerce, the securing of more markets abroad, and keeping a close watch on the industrial situation in the interest of all-capitalist, employer and wage earner.

> He expresses much interest in the wage workers, whose welfare is second only to the farming interests. for if these two are well off all will be well off. He therefore recommends that no effort be spared to promote their prosperity, and as one step towards this favors the immediate re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion act, and the strengthening of it where necessary to make its enforcement entirely effective.

> He favors the eight-hour labor for Government employes and in the interest of labor at large the adopt ion of legislation in connection with Inter State Commerce Laws, to aid the States in the effort to do away with contract convict labor in competition with labor outside of the penal institutions. He believes in brotherhoods of labor as conducive to the good of the laborer when discreetly and wisely managed, with a due regard to the relations that exist between the employer and the

employed. As a means to more effectively keep out the objectionable and dangerous classes of immigrants he recommends more stringent immigrant laws, a more thorough inspection system abroad. and a more rigid inspection system at our immigrant ports. We should exclude, he says, not only all persons known to be anarchists or members of anarchist others. societies, but all persons of low moral tendency or of unsavory reputation.

He rather stretches it when he says "There is general acquiescence in our present tariff system as a national policy." Taking this for granted a continuance of this policy, tinued prosperity, and therefore he army beyond its present size at this kartells. - Savannah News, Dem.

doesn't even hint at revision of any kind, but favors "reciprocity as the "reciprocity."

He asks "the attention of the Senate to the reciprocity treaties laid before it" by his predecessor, but he doesn't take any further nterest in them than this mere men-

Without saying subsidy he commits himself to the ship subsidy business on general principles, callng attention to the discreditable showing made by what there is of an American merchant marine. dilates on the great value of a merchant marine as a commerce, builder, etc , and intimates that as other commercial nations with which we must compete have subsidized ships we must do likewise if we expect to have a merchant marine to cope with them and therefore recommends that "our Government should take such action as will remedy these inequalities," which means vote sub-

He congratulates the country on the establishment of the gold standard, which he thinks is permanently fixed, speaks of the good done by the Interstate Commerce Act and believes it should be so broadened as to give the commission more power to guard the interests of shippers and the public.

He commends the work of the Agricultural Department which has done much to develop agriculture and promote the interests of the farmer, and is doing a great work in its efforts for forest persevation and for the restoration of denuded forests. The forests he calls "our natural reservoirs."

In connection with this he recommends "a water storage system" in the arid regions for the reclamation of the so-called arid lands, which may thus be made fertile and

He speaks of the progress made in Cuba, Porto Rico and Hawaii united country. under wise American guidance. Referring to Hawaii he does not main, giving many an opportunity to become land owners and the tillers of their own farms.

as it never did before, and he be lieves we should show a friendly interest in Cuba by materially reducing the tariff on Cuban imports to facilitate commercial intercourse between that island and this country, and thus benefit ourselves and help Cuba, our protege, along in her efforts to build herself up. Speaking of the Philippines he

says "we have a larger problem there," but a problem which he thinks can be successfully worked out in time, with patience, perseverance and pluck, and worked out to the advantage of all parties interested. The irreconcilables must be dealt with firmly, vigorously and with a hand strong enough to smite if smiting be necessary, while the peaceably and well disposed should be considerately and kindly treated with a view to ultimate self-rule. which should come when they have so far advanced as to become competent for self-rule. Too much haste in granting self-rule, he thinks, would do more harm than good by entrusting to inexperienced hands responsibilities too weighty, with danger of consequent failure

and disaster. He wants a Pacific cable and wants t without any unnecessary delay. If we can't make satisfactory arrangements with some private company, then the Government should proceed to construct one on its own ac-

He commends an Isthmian canal as an enterprise of inestimable importance and value to the American people. He believes it should be begun and completed as rapidly as practicable, and therefore he congratulates the Congress that with the abrogation of the Bulwer-Clayton treaty and the substitution of an-

He follows this with some remarks on the Monroe Doctrine, which he defines as simply a declaration in the interest of peace and harmony, and, if properly construed, a preventive of possible entanglements between this and other countries having business intercourse with the countries South of us. There is nothing in that doctrine, he asserts, by virtue of which we claim any special rights in those countries not enjoyed by other countries, nor anything to prevent other countries, in case of misunderstanding and mistreatment, from asserting their rights and demanding satisfaction, the limit being drawn only on the acquisition of territory forcibly or by concession, or by Governmental colonization, neither of which this Government could permit without annulling that doctrine, to which we must rigidly adhere, with a due consideration for

Coupled with this he makes a enough to assert, and defend our rights and protect our interests where these interests may be threat-

Believing that the navy must be

rank and file, and to this end he declares that positions and promotions hand maiden of protection"—a bogus in the army should come from capacity and merit and not from favoritism. As an incentive to the continued service of the trained and efficient soldier, he thinks it might be well to increase the pay of the soldier who re-enlists to correspond with the increased value of the vet-

> eran soldier. He believes in the merit system in making Government appointments and in civil service rules, in fact as well as in name, and would like to see the merit system extended.

He pays his respects to the Indian, the red ward of the nation, by expressing the opinion that the time has arrived when the tribal system can be abandoned and the Indian go on his individuality as other people do, in other words, having the property they own and are entitled to, they should look out for themselves without the paternal care of the government.

He devotes short paragraphs to commending the St. Louis and Charleston Expositions, to the Pan-American Convention in Mexico, the work of the Postal Department what we have accomplished in China, favors making the Census office a permanent government bureau, and concludes with a reference to the death of Queen Victoria and the Empress Dowager of Germany, with devout thanks to the Almighty that we are at peace with the nations of mankind, with the firm intention that our policy shall be such as to continue unbroken these international relations of mutual respect and good will.

It is gratifying and perhaps significant that, in view af attempts on the other side of the line to renew sectional agitation, he makes no reference whatever to the South, the only allusion of this kind being where he expresses gratification a the thoroughly restored union and

The shipyards on the lakes are favor large landed ownerships, but full of work, and it is said they subdivision of land as is done by this have within the past few months Government with the public do- made contracts for vessels carrying an aggregate of 3,000,000 tonnage. equivalent to sixty 5,000-ton steamers. The money expended will Porto Rico, he says, is prospering amount to \$60,000,000.

> It is said that the use of cocaine s becoming so general among the negroes in some sections of the South, especially in prohibition counties, that many of them are becoming useless as plantation workers. They use it as a substitute for other booze stuff.

> Last Sunday was "Buller Sunday" in London. They had large processions of workmen who cheered for Buller, and one of them carried a life-size bust of Buller. The police made a raid on the procession and in the melee the bust was

President Roosevelt is quoted as saying that he has had more gratuitous advice within the past month than any man in the world, and "most of it has been bad." Considering the sources that most of this advice came from there is no doubt of that.

A Manual dispatch says General Chaffee wants to have Aguinaldo sent to America, as he suspects him of plotting and carrying on secret correspondence with enemies of this

#### CURRENT COMMENT.

- General Kitchener is capturing 100 Boers a week. As there are said to be 10,000 in the field two more years will be required to complete the job. - Atlanta Journal,

- A Westerner who knows what he is talking about is advising young men in the overcrowded East to "go South." There's a great opportunity in the South for quick. active, energetic young men with some capital and ability enough to other, there is now no treaty obstacle know how to use it properly. The South is no place, however, for young men who don't know how to work. We don't need any young men for street corner adornment.-

Chattanooga Times, Ind. - Because angel heads are carved on the capitals and bases of the columns of a pulpit imported for a Brooklyn church, the customs appraisers have admitted those parts of the pulpit free of duty as "works of art," while the pillars they adorn must pay duty as he work of artisans. Hereafter, of course, careful church authorities will have angel heads carved on all pulpit columns ordered from abroad. Meanwhile they can enjoy studying the remarkable vaga-ries of a high protective tariff law and the men who interpret it.—

New York Herald, Ind. - The German sugar refiners have not formed a trust; oh, no; far from it. A trust is a thing to be shunned, in any language. They have entered into a "community of interest" agreement to control home production and regulate prices, but but thatis merely a "kartell" and not a "trust," according to Privy Councillor Goldberger. This moves plea for a strong navy, strong the Boston Traveller to suggest that the American combinations of capital may find it convenient to adopt the German word. There is something dignified and high sounding about "kartell" that "trust" lacks. It is possible that those who now our main arm for defence he doesn't against the trusts would be as meek he says, is requisite for our con- think it necessary to increase our as lambs in the contemplation of

Methodists of Eastern Half of the State Are in Session at Fayetteville.

REV. T. J. GATTIS' NAME.

Nothing Against Him Except Law Suit Complications-Abridged Report of Proceedings from the Payetteville Observer.

From the Fayetteville Observer's excellent report of the N. C Methodist Conference at Fayetteville yesterday, the STAR condenses the following:

The 65th meeting of the North Carolina Conference M. E. Church, South. convened in annual session this morning at 9:30 at the Hay Street Methodist church, Bishop Hargrove presiding. The religious exercises were conducted by the Bishop who read a part of the 20th chapter of Matthew and led in a fervent prayer. The conference joined heartily in singing the hymn:

"And are we yet alive And see each other's face." Rev. W. L. Cunninghim, the sectorary of the last conference, called the roll and a large number of preachers and lay delegates answered to their

names. Rev. W. L. Cunninghim was elected secretary, and Revs. N. H. D Wilson and Y. T. Simmons were elected assistant and recording secretaries, respectively. The hour of meeting was fixed at 9:40 A. M. and adjournment at 1 P. M.

A Committee on the Sabbath Observance and one to look into the matter of the liquor traffic were ordered by the conference Rev. J. H. Hall asked that Messrs.

Bumpass, Tuttle and Cole be appointed a committee to consider the interest of Fifth Street Church, Wilmington. The committee as above mentioned was ordered.

Revs. P. H. Wisner, D. D., secretary of Church Extension; J. J. Tigert, D. D., Book Editor and W. L. Lambeth, Mission Secretary, were introduced to

Rev. John R Brooks, of the Western North Carolina Conference, was introduced to the conference. Rev. Dr T. N Ivey, editor of the Raleigh Christian Advocate, was permitted, at the suggestion of Dr. Gibbs. to make his report as editor of the church organ. The report was a most excellent showing and indicated that the outlook for this periodical was promising. The report was referred to the proper committee.

Doctor Tigert, the Book Editor, addressed the conference on the necessity of a wide circulation of the best iterature for the good of the church. He made a plea for the best of books and periodicals and declared that the Methodist Church had made it postible for its constituency to which is good.

It was ordered that the matter of Fifth Street church, Wilmington, be made special order for 11 o'clock tomorrow. Statistical secretaries were announced as follows: W. F. Craven, W. C. Merritt, E. W. Fox and R. H.

When the name of T. J Gattis was called Presiding Elder Gibbs said: "There is nothing against brother Gattis except complications involved in his law suit against Dr. Kilgo and others, which suit is still pending in the courts. With this explanation and in accordance with the action of this conference one and two years ago, I suggest that his character pass for

Several substitutes were offered, but the conference adopted Dr. Gibbs's suggestion, and the name of Mr. Gattis goes over for the present. The characters of M. C. Thomas, J. H. Page, W. S. Davis were passed and referred for the superannuated relation. The characters of G. S. Oglesby and B. B. Holder were also passed. They go on the effective list The names of M. C. Hunt and Solomon Pool, preachers who have died,

were referred to the Committee on Rev. J. J. Tigert, preached this afternoon at 4 o'clock, and Rev. W. H. Pegram read a paper to night before The Conference Historical Society, in which a history of Trinity College

was given. The meeting at Hay street church Tuesday night was under the auspices of the Historical Society of the Conference. The religious exercises were by Rev. A. D. Betts, one of the oldest members of the conference and in perfect health spiritually and physically, carrying with him at all-times the spirit of rejoicing.

Rev. N. H. D. Wilson announced that at the last conference preparation for this night's services had been advised that it gave him pleasure to introduce Mr. James M. Lamb, of Fayetteville, who read a most interesting Sketch of the History of Methodism in Fayetteville," from 1808 to 1901. The Observer reporter is informed that the sketch will be given that paper to be published in full

### Gattis-Kilgo Case.

The jury in the Gattis-Ki go case at Oxford Saturday midnight brought in a verdict awarding plaintiff \$15,000 against Dr. Kilgo and B. N. Duke, W. R. Odell being adjudged free from malice in his connection with the controversy. All the issues with the Odell exception were answered yes. The defendants appealed. Bond to stay execution in the amount of twenty thousand dollars was fixed by the judge. Two jurors were in favor of a verdict for \$50,000, one for \$35,000, one for \$25,000, one for \$20,000, four for \$15,000, one for \$10,000, one for \$1.00 and one for five cents. The average was \$20,800, and the \$15,000 verdict was taken as a compromise. The delay on the third count was that the jury stood ten to two and finally the two agreed.

Baptista in Winston. Clerical and lay delegates representing the 160,000 Baptists of North Carolina are attending the annual State convention of the denomination which commenced its sessions at Winston yesterday with Dr. R. M. Marsh, of Oxford, presiding. Special interest attaches to the present meeting, as efforts will be made to complete the \$100,000 twentieth century fund for the benefit of the Female University of Raleigh and Wake Forest College.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best phy ictans in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F.J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

## doesn't deem it wise to attempt any sweeping revision of the tariff, which might endanger this stability. He efficiency and value of officers and

To cure nervous prestration is

# **PAINE'S** COMPOUND.

Nervous prostration kills more people in America every week than all the infectious diseases kill in a year.—Statistician of London Medical Journal. Nervous prostration, taken in time, is absolutely, permanently cured by Paine's celery compound. There are thousands of physicians' statements to this effect. It is the only prepared remedy used in such cases in the hospitals.

HAVANA, Cuba, Nov. 17 .- Mrs. Lola Montalvo.

who was Miss Barton's assistant, and is now nurse of the Succoring Hospital in Guanabacca and wife of Mr. R. J. Montalvo, Warden of the City Prison in Havana, has made this statement:

"Paine's celery compound has been used at the Guanabacoa Hospital as nany as five years with great success. Many women were scarcely able to move; there were others with a very weak nervous system A hundred instances could be given of our patients who have been completely cured by using this wonderful Paine's celery compound. One bottle cured a Miss Agus tina Aguero, who had heart disease. She was old and her age was against her Other medicines had failed. May the Lord bless those individuals who brought t before the market and public.'

FATAL FIRE NEAR BEAUFORT

Woman and Child Killed-Another Child Ex pected to Die-Husband and Father in a Serious Condition.

[Special Star Telegram.] BEAUFORT, N. C., December 2 .- At Dedar Island, forty miles east of Beaufort, Saturday night, Mr. James Daniels, who was sleeping up-stairs in his house, was aroused by stifling fumes of smoke. He rushed down stairs, aroused his wife, carried her and one child from the burning dwelling. He returned for another child, and his wife realizing that there were two children asleep in the house, in her frenzy rushed back into the burning building, and when neighbors arrived on the scene they found Mrs. Daniels and one child burned to a crisp, another child expected to die momentarily, and Mr. Daniels injured, and his mental condition such that it is impossible to get particulars from him. His condition is considered very serious. The cause of the fire is unknown.

PROM GREAT LAKES TO SEABOARD

Reported Railroad Project that Would Much Benefit City of Wilmington.

The reported railroad project, that the Seaboard Air Line was planning to arrange a combination of roads, designing to provide a short line from the Great Lakes to the Atlantic seaboard, and that the acquisition of the Virginia & Southwestern road was a part of the plan, is of especial significance to Wilmington, the proposed

A correspondent writing from Asherille to the Raleigh Post says that the proposed trunk line would extend from the coal fields about Johnson City, Tenn., either through Asheville or Marion, reaching the coast in this city. The correspondent says:

"It is stated on good authority that Mr. Carter, former president of the Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Co., has negotiated for or purchased a large amount of coast frontage at or near Wilmington, to be used for coal and mineral wharves Should this trunk ine be formed it will penetrate one of the richest mineral, coal, and timber districts in the country, the product of which can be rushed via a short route to the Atlantic seaboard and ther

cargoed for foreign markets. 'Instead of passing as do other railroad lines, up and down the two great valleys or slopes on either side of the Appalachian range of mountains, this ine, if matured, would plough directly across all of them, wineing through rorges and defiles, connecting the Ohio Valley with the Carolina coast.

THEY ROBBED A STORE.

Prightened Negroes Ran Off and Left the Booty Stolen.

Between midnight and one o'clock resterday morning the grocery store of Mr. W. J. Reaves, Second and Castle streets, was broken into from the rear by thieves and about \$50 worth of merchandise stolen. The goods were subsequently recovered by reason of the opportune appearance on the scene about the time they were being carried off of Motorman Wm. Jones, of the Street Railway, who was returning home about the hour stated. Mr. Jones came upon the three men as they were hurrying off with all they could carry in sacks. On Second between Church and Castle streets they stopped for a moment as if to rest, and discovering the presence of Mr. Jones as he opened his gate to go to his home, they became fright ened and ran off, leaving the goods upon the ground.

The case was reported to Constable Wm. Sheehan, who recognized the goods and restored them to the store. The thieves have not been captured.

Sewerage Contractor Arrested.

Chief of Police Furlong yesterday about noon caused the arrest of Super intendent E. F. Kitson, of the sewer age contracting firm, who is charged ith allowing his men to make excavations on both sides of the street at Fifth and Walnut in violation of the special ordinance restraining the work. passed at the October meeting of the Aldermen. The excavations were for man holes at the corner indicated. The hearing will be before Mayor pro tem. VonGlahn at 11 o'clock this morning.

Harbor Master's Report.

The harbor master's report for the month of November shows arrivals of 24 vessels at the port of Wilmington-21 American, 3 foreign. The American vessels were nine steamships, 11,-849 tons; one barque, 575 tons; one brig, 196 tons; one barge, 1,600 tons; nine schooners, 2,663 tons. Total, 6,833 tons. The three foreign vessels were steamships of 5,450 tons, making total tonnage of all vessels, 12,282.

SPLENDID CLYDE LINE STEAMER.

Algonquin in Port Yesterday on Her Way to Charleston and Jacksonville.

The Clyde steamship Algonquin one of the finest of the splendid line of steamers operated by Messrs. Wm. P. Clyde & Co., arrived in port yesterday at 11:15 o'clock on her way from Boston to Charleston and Jack sonville. The Algonquin came by Wil mington in place of the regular trips of one of the other steamers regularly on this line, and after discharging her cargo, proceeded to her destination last evening.

She is in command of Captain I. K Chichester, an uncle of Captain W. O. Chichester, of the Oneida, and is one of the cleverest steamer masters that ever came this way. He was formerly on the Geo. W. Clyde, when she came regularly to this port.

The Algonquin was built in 1890 by Cramp, and is 2,258 net tons with displacement of 2,833 tons. Her length is 276 feet, beam 43 feet and depth of hold 19 feet. She is lighted by her own electric plant and has elegant says that many of the amounts found dining saloons and state rooms. About 100 passengers were aboard of her yesterday on their way to the Charleston Exposition and to Jacksonville.

Brunswick Citizen Dead.

News was received in the city yes terday afternoon of the death the same morning at 11 o'clock of Mr. W. J. Kelly, of Winnabow, Brunswick county, N. C. He died of an attack of hemorrhagic fever which came upon him Saturday. He was in the 38th year of his age and leaves to mourn their loss a wife and three children. Deceased was well known in Wilmington, and the news of his demise was received here with sincerest regret by many friends. The funeral will take place at 3 o'clock this afternoon with interment in the family burying ground near the family

North Carolina Rivers and Harbors

The following appropriations for river and harbor improvement in North Carolina are included in the estimates for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1902: For Black River \$2,000; For contining improvements in Cape Fear River \$206,000; Contentnea Oreek \$42,500; Fishing Creek \$4,000; Neuse River \$4,000; New River \$3,000; Northeast River \$2,000; Pomlico and Tar Rivers \$20,000; Town Creek \$1,-000; Trent River \$2,000; New River at Beaufort \$2,500; Waccamaw River \$9.500; Beaufort harbor \$1,500; Edenton Bay \$6,000

Bad South Carelina Negro.

Chief of Police Furlong yesterday took in his keeping on a warrant from Sheriff T. S. Burch, of Florence, S. C., Wm. Alston, colored, who confessed, after his arrest, to his identity as the negro wanted in Florence for a murderous assault Saturday night, Oct. 11th, upon Elliott McIntire, also colored. The negro was arrested while painting a house on Campbell between Fourth and Fifth streets, and will be returned to Florence for trial to-day. MISSING MISS CROPSEY.

Jas Wilcox, Charged With Abducting the

Girl, Held for the Grand Jury. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., Dec. 3.-The preliminary hearing in the case of James Wilcox, charged with the abduction of Nellie Cropsey, was held to day. The court house was crowded. The hearing was before Mayor Wilson and four justices, and lasted over four hours. Wilcox was held in \$1,000 bail for action by the grand jury on the charge of abduction. Bail has not been furnished and Wilcox is in custody of the sheriff. E. F. Aydelett appeared for the defendant and made an eloquent speech. The prosecution was represented by J. Heywood Sawyer, P. H. Williams and R. W. Turner. Few witnesses were examined. Among them were W. H. Cropsey, father of the missing girl, and Miss Ollie Oropsey. Divers will make an exploration of the river bottom for the body of the missing girl.

Cures Rheumatism and Catarrh after all else Falls, Costs

To cure the most desperate rheumatism or catarrh take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B) the wonder of the age. Balm (B. B. B) the wonder of the age. Cures when all else fails. It kills the poison in the blood and gives a pure, healthy blood supply, stopping all gnawing, shooting aches and pains in the bones, joints, back, and reduces all swellings. Hawking, spitting, dropping in the throat, offensive breath and catarrh, irritations of the mocus mambranes quickly disappear throat membranes quickly disappear, thus memoranes quickly disappear, thus making a perfect, permanent cure of the worst rheumatism or deep-seated catarrh. B. B. B. especially advised for old, obstinate cases. Druggists, \$1. Trial treatment free and prepaid by writing Dr. Gillam, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given.



Supreme Court Yesterday Decided Case Involving New Hanover Certificates for Roads.

THE NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Watanga Hall at A. & M. College to be Rebuilt-Supreme Court Cases Continued-South Dakota Versus North Carolina.

[Special Star Telegram.]

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 4.-The Supreme Court to-day handed down an opinion in the case of the Commissioners of New Hanover vs. DeRosset, from New Hanover. The ruling is that an error was committed in the trial by the lower court.

The only other case of any importance in which an opinion was rendered is that of State vs. Howard, from Guilford. This is the famous "gold brick case from Greensboro." The opinion affirms the trial by the lower court and is against the defen-

The case of Jackson vs. Corporation Commission was continued at the request of the Corporation Commission and Attorney General. This is Senator Ward's famous suit to compel the Corporation Commission to increase the railroad taxes from forty-eight million to one hundred and fifty million dollars.

The State Board of Agriculture decided to-night to rebuild Watauga Hall at the A. & M. College at once, and will decide to-morrow on plans. It is probable that it will erect two buildings, one for dormitories exclasively and the other for dining room and kitchen. It is probable that the walls of the burned building will be used for the dormitory.

J. M. Wright, marshal of the United States Surreme Court, to-day subpoenaed Governor Aycock and Attorney General Gilmer to appear in the court at Washington, March 2nd, to auswer the complaint of South Dakota in the suit recently instituted to enforce the payment of certain second mortgage bonds issued by the State in 1868 for the Western North Carolina

- Mr. M. Greenblot, of Lumbertop, who recently went into bankruptcy, was in the city yesterday. He in his schedule of liabilities as presented to the court in the bankruptcy papers were of ten year's standing. The claims against him of recent date are only about one-third of the total liabilities, the other debts having been contracted when he was in business with others.

- Mr. Henry Clemmons, of Brunswick county, and Mrs. Lillie Sasser, of this city, were quietly married at Phoenix, on the Seaboard Air Line, Tuesday afternoon, F. M. Moore, Esq., officiating.

- The Fruit Growers' Express will erect a large icing station after the holidays at Mount Olive, the centre of the trucking industry on the W. & W.

Stepped Into Live Coals.

When a child I burned my foot frightfully," writes W. H. Eads, of Jonesville, Va., "which caused hor rible leg sores for thirty years, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured me after everything else failed." Infallible for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Bruises and Piles. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Only 25c. †

A DUEL WAS POUGHT.

Outcome of the Trouble Between Queen Wilhelmina and tier ffusband. By Cable to the Morning Star.

AMSTERDAM, December 4.-In spite of official denials, investigations show there is substantial foundation for the story of a duel having been fought between Prince Henry of the Netherlands, husband of Queen Wilhelmina, and Major Van Tets, the Queen's aidede-camp. It appears that at a dinner at Het Loo, her majesty was hurt by some inattention on the part of Prince, and spoke to him sharply. Prince Henry retorted of fensively, whereupon Major Van Tets made a remark regarding the impropriety of the Prince Consort's conduct. A quarrel followed between the aide-de-camp and the Prince, who had been drinking freely, and a duel with swords was fought after dinner. Van Tets was wounded.

- Tarboro Southerner: More definite reports concerning the killing of Wm. Henry Pratt by Wm. Whitehead puts a more serious aspect upon Whitehead's fatal act of last Sunday. Willie Harriss, who witnesse homicide, says that Pratt was standing in the door when Whitehead told him to take his head out of the door, or he would shoot - out of him, at the same time pulling a pistol out of his pocket and firing. Pratt fell forward on his face. Whitehead asked him if he was hurt, to which Pratt responded ves. Pratt was struck in the neck, the ball cutting the jugular vein, and he bled to death. Mary Whitehead, the mother of the slayer, says that the two men were the best of friends, but that her son is not bright. John Harriss says he saw them Saturday night; that he came from Pinetops with them, and up to 11 o'clock when he left they were perfectly friendly. Dr. S. N. Harrell, The jury found a verdict in accordance with the facts given above and the coroner committed Whitehead to jail.

- Charlotte News: Beverly Huen, a negro lineman for the Bell Telephone Company, was shot and it is thought fatally wounded Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Jos. F. Shannon, the head lineman, did the shooting and he will claim that he acted in self-defence.



A SHOCKING TRAGEDY.

A School Boy Eight Years Old Stabbed to Death by a Schoolmate Aged Eleven Years.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CINCINNATI, Dec. 4.-The shocking scene of a school boy, eight years old. stabbed to death by a school mate. aged eleven, was witnessed on the streets of Newport, Ky., at noon today. Joseph Creelman, the victim. had a quarrel in the school room with Eddie Armines, and when on their way home the quarrel was renewed. A third boy taking the part of Creelman, threw a piece of brick which struck Armines on the hand. At that mo ment Creelman ran up to him, and was stabbed. He soon fell, and in fifteen minutes was dead. The Ar-mines boy walked rapidly away, car rying the pocket-knife in his hand. He went to the fire engine house, where his uncle is captain, and threw the knife into an outhouse, but said nothing about the murder until the news of the lad's death. His uncle then promptly surrendered him to the police to whom the boy told his story of the crime.

"Creelman missed his readnig lesson and was sent to the foot of the class. The teacher made him sit at the blackboard and I laughed at him. When school was out he cursed me. started for the engine house, and Plummer threw a brick at me and Creelman ran up and grabbed me by the arms. I did not think the brick was thrown at me until it hit me on the hand. Then I stuck the knife out easy and heard his coat rip.' Both boys belong to excellent fami-

AN UNFORTUNATE AFFAIR.

Three Men Shot-One Killed-Difficulty Caused by an Alleged Gross Insult

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. RICHMOND, VA., December 3.-A spec al from Fredericksburg says that terrible tragedy was enacted in Westmoreland county last night. One man was killed and two others were seriously, if not mortally wounded. The dead man is William P. Taylor. Jr., and the wounded are J. O. Stiff

and Willie Heflin. From information now at hand it appears that Taylor being informed of an alleged gross insult offered by Her bert Marks to his cousin, Miss Rose Taylor, endeavored to have the matter amicably settled. Failing to do so, he, in company with Stiff, Heflin, George V. Thompson and a Mr. Douglass, visited the Marks house. On arriving there they found the house barricaded and when they tried to open a door, Marks suddenly began shooting from a window. Taylor was shot through the heart and died instantly. Stiff was shot through the neck and Heflin in the stomach. Marks surrendered to the authorities. All the parties to the unfortunate

affair are prominent socially. The party sought Marks to tar and feather him. He is from New York, and left for his home to-night, after being exonerated by the coroner's jury. The wounded men were taken

HAZING A CADET.

to Washington, D. C. Taylor was

from Westmoreland.

Rough Treatment of a Student at the University at Harriman, Tenn.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. KNOXVILLE, TENN, December 4 .-A special to the Journal and Tribune from Harriman, Tenn., says four mem bers of the American Temperance University entered the rooms of Cadet Lester and ordered him to dress and go with them. Upon his refusal he was bound and gagged and carried to a secluded spot in the woods near by, tied to a tree and whipped. This done they returned with him to the dormitory, placed him under a hydrant, turned on the water and left him. According to Lester's story he must have been there two hours when a student who came to get water found him half frozen and in a semi consci-

Lester will proceed against his assailants in the State courts, who it is alleged are Cadets B. A. Bryan, who lives at Georgetown Delaware; W. L. Clark, Baltimore, Md.; Amos, Atltonah, Tenn.; J. G. Bis-

ous condition.

hop, Dayton, Tenn. TRUE BILLS FOUND.

Against the Alleged Murderers of the Two Mostgomerys.

By Telegraph to the Merning Star, OXFORD, MISS., Dec. 4.-The Fed eral grand jury has found a true bill against Will Mathis, Orlando Lester, Whit Owens, Will Jackson, George Jackson and Mrs. Will Mathis for the murder of the two Montgomerys,

United States deputy marshals, on The six men have been jointly indicted for murder of the officers, but will be tried only on the charge of murdering one of the Montgomerys. This is done in order to leave the State court untrammeled in its trial of the parties for the murder and conspiracy to murder the two. The case will go

to trial the latter part of the week. You Know What You Are Taking When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a taste-less form. No cure, no pay, Price,

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