FAIDAY, - - APRIL 4, 1902 COTTON IN WEST AFRICA.

For some time the German Colonial Society, of Berlin, has been making systematic efforts to grow cotton in the German colony in West Africa. It had been grown in a small way by the natives, a coarse kind of cotton, which answered their needs but hadn't much commercial value. The fact that coarse cotton could be produced there encouraged the belief that finer qualities might be produced, provided the right seed were planted by men who understand the cultivation and know how to handle the plant. After some failures with native and other cotton growers can, so long German labor, agents of the society | will he be master of the situation, came to this country and through and the way for him to do that is to Booker T. Washington secured the study the art of producing cotton at services of three negro graduates of the lowest possible cost and lower his institution at Tuskegee, and than his competitors even with their another negro from Tennessee, all cheap labor can do it. To do that he of whom had the advantage of prac- must produce more cotton on less tical training in the cultivation, growing, etc., of cotton, and were competent to handle the business from the planting to the shipping.

These four men left New York a year or so ago with a sufficient supply of necessary tools and implements, a cotton gin, engine and everything needed to try the experiment from beginning to finish. They began under considerable difficulties, but succeeded in raising a small crop, some of which has been received at Bremen, where it grades at about "American middling." The report made by Calloway, the superintendent, shows what has been accomplished and gives ground for the belief that more can be accomplished and that cotton culture may be established in the Togoland region as a permanent industry.

After describing the experiments with various kinds of seeds and the results with each, and what they had to contend against in the country, he has come to the conclusion that by planting late in the Summer so as to avoid the excessive rains, and by crossing American with native cotton a variety adapted to that section can be secured and the industry established. The conclusion of the report show some of the drawbacks they had to encounter and also the grounds for hope in eventual success. It says:

"One hundred acres of land in all were cultivated. Up to the end of December twenty-three bales of cotton were in readiness to ship. Thirteen of three were from native seed, nine from American seed and one from Egyptian se-d. The natives grow cotton as a secondary product with yams. There is sufficient good cotton land. The expedition intends to distribute good cotton seed to the natives. In native cotton the proportion between seed and list was 1,800 pounds of seed cotton to a bale of 500 pounds. The crop from American seed showed the same priportion as in America, i. e., 1,500 pounds of seed coston to the bale.

'The native must be taught to culti-

vate more cotton on the same ground with the same labor. If possible, they must be furnished with drought animals. Although it was known that no animal could resist the climate, twenty horses and twenty oxen were brought from the interior. The Tsetse fly soon began its fatal work, and by september all the animals were dead Experiments should be continued with native horses. After our animals died labor for everything, and natives drew the bales of cotton to the coast in lumber wagons. Portable engines could be introduced to furnish power for ginning and baling, and a railway should be built from the coast in-land. Our experience has given us every reason to believe that in a few years it will be possible to export many thousand bales of cotton from the colony of Togo. This will not have any effect on the markets of the world, but it will be of advantage to Germany and especially to the two and a half millions of natives of the

"Under present conditions the coe of a 500-pound bale of cotton delivered at Bremen, including ginning, pressing and moving to the coast by native labor, shipping expenses, sundries, in-surance, etc., is 255 marks (about \$63). If crossing native with American seed makes it possible to get a bale from 1 500 pounds of seed cotton and the introduction of steam power for ginning baling and hauling lowers the cost to equivalent exp-ns-s in America, it an suld be possible to produce a bale of couon of the same quality to be laid down in Bremen for 190 marks

This colony is about the size of South Carolina and the soil of most of it is said to be suitable for the growth of cotton. The are about 2,500,000 natives in the colony. If cotton can be successfully grown there the probabilities are that it can be grown on a much larger area in the same latitude, and that if a suitable seed can be matured by crossing, the industry may in time assume considerable proportions. But as it is necessary to train a semi-savage race, not over fond of work, and endowed with a low grade of intelligence, even for negroes, it will be a long time before cotton enough can be shipped from Togoland to materially affect the price of cotton in European markets.

But the persistence the Germans show in their efforts to produce cotton in their own territory, shows that they are very much in earnest and will not abandon it while there is any hope of success. It was suggested some time ago that inducements in the way of farms and other encouragements be offered to colonies of Southern negroes to emigrate and locate in that region, which wouldn't be a bad idea and might considerably hasten the development of the industry in that section provided they got the right kind of emigrants, who understood the business and were willing to work.

It has been said that the area adapted to cotton growing in that part of Africa is quite as large as the cotton belt of the South. Whether this be so or not we know that there is a wide area of South America where cotton can be grown, and also a great area in Southern Siberia. enough in all to meet the world's prospective demands for cotton. The efforts being made to establish the cultivation in other countries should convince the American cotton grower that he will not always be the master of the cotton growing industry.

But he will be master of it fo some time to come, and may be master of it for many years to come, if he plan wisely and do not follow his cotton furrows blindly, and see only the cotton plant. As long as he can supply the mills of the world with cotton cheaper than land, and produce something else on the land released from cotton, so that cotton may to some extent become s side crop, on which the grower will not be solely dependent. In his report Superintendent Calloway says "the natives must be taught to produce more than one bale of cotton on five acres." It might pertinently be said that the Southern cotton grower, who has been at the busi ness much longer, and under much more favoring conditions than those African natives, must be taught to produce more than one bale of cotton on three acres, which is about the average for this country. He must be taught to produce at least one bale to the acre, and to feel that when he doesn't do that his labor is wasted. When he does that, or something near it, and diversifies his farming, so as not to be entirely dependent upon the cotton crop, he

A PROTECTED "INFANT."

can defy the competition of the world

in cotton growing.

A statement by the managers of the United States Steel Trust shows that its net profits for the first year of its existence netted the sum of \$111,067,195, which is something over eleven per cent. on the gross capital-including solid and liquid stock-invested. Its prospects for the current year promise even more, for it is so crowded with orders that it has been compelled to import steel rails from Germany to fill orders already on its books, and it has been decided to spend \$50,-000,000, in addition to the capital already invested, for the enlargement and equipment of plants to enable it to turn out more work to meet the demands upon it.

This is a matter on which no only the Steel Trust is to be congratulated, the country also, for it shows the prosperity of an industry which is one of the basic industries of the country and an index of the prosperity of other industries.

Every one is glad to know that the

Steel Trust is prospering, but there is another side to this question of profits. The Steel Trust is a large exporter of its manufactures and competes with the steel manufacturers of the world. When it is contended that if it can compete with these foreign manufacturers and undersell them, it does not need the tariff protection it now receives, its spokesmen answer that it makes but little money on its exported goods, some of which it actually sells below cost. If this be so then those enormous profits reported must come out of the American purchasers of its manufactures, and the question might be asked if the Trust should not be content with less profit out of the American people, who are compelled by the practically prohibitory tariff to trade with it? Why should the American people be taxed to enable the Trust to compete with the manufacturers of other countries, and sell its goods to foreigners at a very small profit, and some times at a loss, and to reimburse the Trust for its small profits and losses? Doesn't this look like "riding a free horse to death," and demanding extortionate tribute from the American people who can't help themselves? That is

A Hoboken, N. J., woman wants divorce because her husband, who earns \$8 a week, brutally refused to give her the money to buy a \$4.69 Easter bonnet which had been marked down from \$4.70.

about the size of it, and that is what

this "infant" is doing.

The probabilities are that it was the round cotton bale that blocked Senator Jones's way for another term in the Senate. They have been playing the round bale against him for some time.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to toe good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Gure, man ifactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the bood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buylog Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuing It is taken internally. and made in Toledo Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free Bold by Druggists, price 75c, per bestle. CURRENT COMMENT

- The United States will now purchase, at the modest price of the friars in the Philippines. This privilege is one of the things Spain sold us for \$20,000,000. The rest of the \$20,000,000 went for Spain's sovereignty, which didn't exist. - Norfolk Landmark, Dem.

- Germany has plainly with drawn from the opposition to the the projects of Russia in Manchu-ria. This was tolerably certain when Germany adopted in Shantung a policy of exclusion closely similar to that of Russia in Manchuria. The last declaration from Berlin emphasizes this position. The Triple Alliance will take no share in the quarrel opening between the two dual altiances, England and Japan on one side and Russia and France on the

other. - Philadelphia Press, Rep. - Having consented to the loss of Commissioner Evans, the President must understand that double work will be imposed on him if he holds firm to his first determination. To keep fraud out of the pension list is too great a task for any but a truly great man. To make the list honored and honorable, was too hard a task for Cleveland, stout-headed though he was and is. The schemers have succeeded in getting rid of Evans. Will they convince the President they can get rid of him should he prove too "strenuous?"-Jocksonville Times-Union, Dem.

- Some very observant man said, some time ago, that there were only two persons alive who had the world-view; one was the Pope of Rome and the other Cecil Rhodes Early in his career, Mr. Rhodes said: "Having read the histories of other countries, I saw that expansion was everything, and that the earth's surface being limited, the great object of present humanity should be to take as much of the world as it possibly could." That is the true spirit of empire. It was the key-note of Mr. Rhodes' life. It inspired the policy of "grab" that made him famous. It is the policy that has made England great. - Savannah News, Dem.

OUR RIVERS AND HARBOR.

Chamber of Commerce Committee Return Thanks to Congressman Bellamy for His Untiring Efforts.

The following letter to Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, Congressman from this district, has been forwarded and will be read with interest here: WILMINGTON, N C., March 29, 1909.

resentatives. Washington D C: DEAR SIR: -At a meeting of the spe-Cial Committee composed of Messra M. W. Jacobi, H. G. Smallbones, W. E. Worth and the undersigned, appointed by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of obtaining increased facilities for this port through a larger appropriation by Congress than has been proposed by Mr. Burton's committee of the House your speeches in our behalf, pub lished in the Congressional Record. were read and discussed with Captain E W. VanC Lucas, who was present by invitation, and it was unanimously resolved that the thanks of this com mittee be sent to you through the chairman, for your notiring efforts which, although unavailing in this instance, will likely prove to be of service in a final arrangement before

the Senate committee. I have much pleasure, personally, n conveying to you this expression o the confidence of our commercial community, and of their gratefulness to you for services which you have so willingly rendered for the benefit of the only deep water port in North

JAMES SPRUNT, Chairman.

INSURANCE RATE KEDUCED

Successful Effort by the Carolina Company in Ten Cent Increase.

In response to efforts of the Carolina Insurance Company, the following letter has been received from the secretary of the Southeastern Tariff Associa-

"ATLANTA, GA., March 28, 1902. Mr.M.S. Willard Secretary Carolina Insurance Company, Wilmington,

"DEAR SIR: - Your favor of the 25th is duly at hand and contents noted. It would appear somewhat inexpedient to get out a new town tariff for Wilmington so closely upon the one recently issued in order to take out the 10 cents additional charge on mercantile stocks. We will notify Mr. S. M. Boatwright. the secretary of the Board, however, that the agents are authorized to omit the charge of 10 cents hereafter wher ever it has been included in the printed rate. We think that the end can be accomplished just as well without the publication of a new town tariff at this ime. Yours truly.

CHAS C. FLEMMING, Secretary.

Death of Mr. John Worth.

Favetteville Observer Stat: "Mr. John M Worth died at Morganton on Saturday evening, aged nearly 55 years, and his remains will be brought to his former home by the eastbound train from Greensboro this afternoon. Mr Worth was for a long time in the service of the Steamboat Company on the Cape Fear river, under his father, the late Joseph A Worth, and endeared himself to our people by his attractive qualities in his personal and social intercourse. He married M ss Josephine Bryan, who survives him with three children, Mr. Addison Worth, now residing at Washington City in the service of the Southern Railway, Miss Georgia Worth and Mr. John M. Worth, Jr., a musician of distinction in New York. The funeral took place from the Presbyterian church this af-

Harbor Master's Report,

The monthly report for March of Capt. Elgar D. Williams, harbor master shows arrivals, of 20 vessels of 18,204 tons. Of the number, 18 were American and 2 foreign vessels. The American craft consisted of 10 steamships, 13,052 tons; one barque, 577 tors; one barge 1,600 tons, and 6 schooners 2.089 tons, total tonnage, 17,318. The foreign vessels were one steamship, 750 tons, and one schooner 184 tons; total tonnage 18,404.

- Subscribers who receive bills for subscriptions due the STAR are reminded that it is not fair to expect a publisher to supply them with news for nothing. Many, however, seem to think otherwise. As soon as a bill is received a prompt remittance should

DEFIED UNCLE SAM

Capt. Nielsen, of Libelled Ship, Assaulted Marshal's Deputy Yesterday Morning.

HE HAD TO BE LOCKED UP.

Broke Up the Vesset's Paralture and Destroved Official Records-Now is a Pitiable Condition at the Police Station-Alcoholism

Crazed by drink and naturally frensied because his ve-sel had been taken charge of by United States authorities, Capt. Harber Nielsen, of the libelled schooger Nellie Floyd, yesterday morning made so much trouble for officer W. J. Orr, who was in charge of the vessel, that he had to be arrested and confined in the station house to prevent his doing further bodily injury to his supposed enemies, the

Capt. Nielsen is suffering from severe alcoholism and is being treated in the city prison by Dr. O. T. Harper, city superintendent of health, who advises that he be sent as early as pos sible to the Memorial hospital for treatment. He is very violent, and soon after he was placed in a cell at the station yesterday, he began to tear up everything in sight and the handcuffs had to be placed again upon him to prevent him from doing himself injury. Even handicapped by the brace. lets on his wrists, he tore all the clothing from his person and his condition

s indeed a pitable one. As soon as he has sufficiently recovered, he will be brought before U. S. Commissioner S. P. Collier and given a preliminary hearing as to resisting an officer and destroying official records, those charges having been preferred against him soon after the arrest by Deputy Marshal C. O. Knox The penalty for these offences is very severe, ranging from \$300 fine and one year in the penitentiary to \$3,000 fine and two years in the peni-

tentiary. Capt. Nielsen has been drinking heavily since his boat came into port from New York three weeks ago. When the vessel was libelled last week he came aboard one night and ran the officer ashore, but Deputy Marshal Knox secured a squad of marines from the cutter Algonquin and persuaded him into obedience of the officer in charge. All went well until the vessel was moved up to the Custom House for another boat at The Coal, Cemen and Supply Co's, wharf. Tuesday night about 8:30 o'clock he came aboard and demanded of Watchman Orr the papers by authority of which he held the vessel. The captain was disposed then to make himself obstreperous, but Mr. On finally persuaded him to go to his cabin and go to sleep. Early yesterday morning when he awoke, he came on deck and again assaulted the watch man, striking him over the head, drawing a revolver and attempting to put Mr. Orr overboard. He floally got the officer to the gang way, being a man of powerful physique, and pushed him ashore. Then the captain went in his cabin, smashed a clock and did other injury to the vessel. Mr. Orr went back on the vessel, but no sooner had the frenzied man seen him than he again set upon him, threw him down and dragged him ashore. The captain by his powerful strength then pulled the officer along to Water and Princess streets and compelled him to enter W. H. Lamb's saloon. Coming from there, the captain went back with the officer aboard the vessel and a third time assaulted him, threw him down and took the papers from him. Mr. Orr then came ashore communicated with Deputy Marshal Knox, who with Policeman Leon George went aboard, handcuffed the captain after a desperate struggle and brought him ashore. The police patrol wagon was called out and the belligerent sailor, with the aid of

four policemen, was at length landed in the station house. Before the captain was arrested he went into his room and completely wrecked everything there, including the ship's papers and official documents. He was engaged in this wholesale destruction when Deputy Marshal Knox compelled him, at pistol point, to allow Policeman George to put the handcuffs on him. Captain Nielsen is a naturalized Swede and lives in New York. He has a wife and one child, and until

his "jamboree" on this trip has always been regarded as a clever gen-

"MORE LIKE HYENAS THAN MEN

That's What Mayor Told Colored Undertakers Who Quarrelled Over Body.

In the municipal court yesterday Mayor Waddell took occasion to administer a sharp reproof to the colored undertakers, Bryant and Rivera, who engaged in a wrangle as to which should bury a dead man Monday night, the particulars of which were given in these columns yesterday. "The row was disgraceful," said the Mayor to both defendant Bryant and complainant Rivera; "your conduct was more like byenss than civilized men. I decline to go further in this matter and will dismiss the whole aff-ir." Brooke G. Empie, E.q., appeared for Rivers, and Bevant was represent

You Know What You Are Taking When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay, Price, 50c

ed by C. D. Weeks, Esq.

For over Sixty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has Mrs. Winslow's Scothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It scothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhosa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Scothing Syrup, and take no other kind. DOUBLE-DAILY TRAIN

Corn large quantities of

Potash. The fertilizer applied, must furnish enough Potash, or the

land will lose its producing power. Read carefully our books GERMAN KALI WORKS

93 Nassau St., New York.

FROM JUDGE WALTER CLARK

Response from Author of Regimental Histories to Recent Resolutions by Cape Pear Camp.

The following letter from Judge Clark in regard to the resolutions adopted by Cape Fear Camp, Confederate Veterans, on motion of Col. Waddell, has been received and will be read at the next meeting of the

"RALEIGH, N. C, March 31, 1902. Hon. A. M. Waddell:

"MY DEAR COLOSEL .- Allow me thank you, and through you, the Camp for its very kind and very complimentary resolutions. But I do not assume the credit you so kindly give me. The work has been written by members of each command, frequent ly at much expense to themselves and always with much labor and research. In your own camp are several gentlenen who have contributed much time, and expense, and engravings, as well as articles. It is to them and other comrades like them that the credit of this work is due. It is their work. It s honor enough for me if I can parlicipate by saying it is ours

"To you, however, for your kind expressions and to the Camp for their ote I am none the less a debtor. cannot assume credit which is due to my comrades. With very high regard, "WALTER CLARK."

PYTHIAN DISTRICT CONVENTION.

Wilmington and Clarkton Knights Will-Have "Great Time" on May 12th.

Since the series of monthly joint meetings, which made Pythian life so pleasant last year, has been dispensed with, the enthusiastic Knights of Wilform of district conventions, and the first of these for the new year will be held on Monday night, May 12.h.

The district comprises the four K. of P. lodges in Wilmington and the new one instituted at Clarkton last year and each of the five has been asked to name two members of a joint committee to make all arrangements for the event. Stonewall Lodge has named on the joint committee Mesars. J. D. Kelley and Jno. R. Turrentine, Jr.; Germania Lodge, Messra. F. W. Ortmann and John Haar, and Jefferson Lodge, at last night's meeting, named Messrs. C. D. Weeks and R. H Raebright. Clarendon Lodge and the Clarkton Lodge will select members of the committee later.

A meeting of the members of joint committee already appointed was held last night and organization was effected by the election of Mr. John Haar, chairman, and Mr. Jno. R. Turrentine, Jr., as secretary. An elaborate programme will be arranged and the Pythians will have a festive time in general.

A Syrian Merchant's Way.

D. Kalille, a Syrian, was arrested yesterday by Policeman George for an assault upon Ben Gay, colored. He was recognized for his appearance at the Mayor's court to-day. Gay 'alleges that he purchased a pair of shoes from the store of the Syrian near Front street market house; that after paying for the same, he found that they would not do and carried them back for an exchange. The Syrian merchant insisted on giving him an inferior pair in exchange and because he would not take them, the merchant threw them at him as he was leaving

Pires at Dunn and Benson, N. C. A special from Dunn, N. C., says that the handsome residence of Mr. James Pearsall was destroyed by fire Tuesday morning. The building was valued at \$2,000. Mr. Pearsall carried policy of \$1,000 on the property. The same afternoon Benson was vissted by a fire. Residences which were the property of Preston Woodall, J. W. Whittington and Seth Allen, valued at from \$3,500 and \$3,000, were consumed. Insurance to about onethird value of the property destroyed was carried.

Mr. A. J. Cook Again Very III. Fayetteville Observer, April 1st: "It is with extreme regret that we learn to-day of a serious relapse in the condition of Mr. A. J. Cook, who was taken ill last night at his home on Hay street. He is partially paralyzed and has lost the power of speech. This is a distinct shock to our people. who only a few days ago heard of his return from Florida, apparently so much improved in health."

Marriage to Payetteville.

Friends in the city have received the following invitation: "Mr. and Mrs. George Gannon Myrover request the honor of your presence at the marriage of their daughter, Urbana DuHadway, to Mr. David Lewis Cromartie on the evening of Wednesday, the sixteenth of April, nineteen hundred and two, at eight o'clock, at their residence on Haymount, Fayetteville. North Carolina."

good Changed to Poison.

Chamber of Commerce Will Consider Important Proposition from S. A. L. Officials.

MEETING THIS AFTERNOON

If Preight Inducements Are Offered Gener Manager Barr Says the Wilmington and Hamlet Additional Service Will Be Put On-Trucking.

The Chamber of Commerce will meet in regular monthly session in its rooms in the Seaboard Air Line building this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

One of the most important matters to come before the meeting for con. sideration is a proposition from Vice President and General Manager J. M. Barr, of the S. A. L., in regard to the double-daily train service between Wilmington and Hamlet for which strenuous effort has been made by a joint committee from the trades bodies of the city for several weeks.

The committee is in receipt of a letter from Mr. Barr, since his recent visit here, in which he says that after examination and careful consideration. he is convinced that the additional passenger service asked would, if provided, impose a loss upon the company as the business between the points named could not support it. Inasmuch, however, as the commercial organisations of Wilmington are so destrous of this a dditional service, the company will provide it, provided the associations named assure them formally of the routing by their members of sufficient additional freight business via the S. A. L., to justify the company in providing and maintaining this service.

Mr. Barr says the railroad officials have already taken steps to develop the trucking industry along their lines between Wilmington and Hamiet and will provide the service necessarry therefor at the company's cost and all parties concerned have been so advised. Mr. Barr closes his letter by assuring the business community of Wilmington that it is the company's purpose to meet its wishes in every way so far as it can consistently be done.

NEGRO STOLE A TRUNK

Chief Purlong and Policeman Wood Made a Clever Capture Yesterday.

Jim Davis, a South Carolina negro mington have returned to the old was arrested yesterday by Chief of Police Furlong and Patrolman C. E. Wood upon a charge of larceny. Back of the arrest is a story of clever detective ability, which is worthy of commendation.

> Yesterday morning as Cowan's transfer was taking a trunk to the 6 o'clock south bound train for Mrs. Giles P. Newton, of Newtonsville, 8 C., who has been visiting the family of Dr. J. D. Webster, the trunk was stolen from the wagon and the transfer drivers were unable to account for its loss. During the early morning the trunk, broken open and nearly all its contents gone, was found in the rear yard of Capt. De-Leon Fillyaw's residence, 116 Grace street. Capt, Fillyaw reported the find to Chief Furlong, and coupling the two incidents together, the chief went to work on the case. In a few hours the negro Davis was spotted in East Wilmington and was subsequently arrested in front of Mr. Sol. J. Jones' residence. He had the contents of the trunk in two baskets and sacks, and was exposing the goods, consisting of hats and wearing apparel, for sale, The negro is now locked up at the station house. Mrs. Newton, not knowing of the loss of the trunk, left on the 6 o'clock train for her home.

ANNUAL MEETING LAST NIGHT

N. C. Home Building Association in Yearly

Session-Directors Chosen. The annual meeting of the North Carolina Home Building Association was held last night, Mr. R. F. Gore, presiding. Capt. Henry Savage, Maj. W. H. Bernard and Mr. I. J. Bear, committee appointed to verify proxies. reported a constitutional number of shares represented, and the meeting was declared open for the transaction

of business. Aside from the reading and receiving of the annual report of the secretary and treasurer, which showed a very sound financial condition of the Association, the election of Directors was perhaps most important. The following members of the Board were reelected and will meet in a few days to organize: C. W. Yates, W. H. Bernard. R R Bellamy, F. H Stedman, J. W. Freeman, W.J. Reaves, Henry Savage, E. S. Pigford, W. E. Worth, J. Weil. C. C. Chadbourn, A. D. Brown, I. J. Bear, M. W. Divine.

He Kept His Leg.

Twelve years ago J. W. Sullivan,

of Hartford, Conn., scratched his leg with a rusty wire. Inflammation and blood poisoning set in. For two years he suffered intensely. Then the best doctors urged amputation; "but," he writes, "I used one bottle of Electric Bitters and 11 boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg was sound and well as ever." For Eruptions, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Sores and all Blood disorders Electric Bitters has no rival on earth. Try them. R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, will guarantee satisfaction or refund the money. Only 50 cents.

n regular Spring session at Mount

Wilmington Presbytery. Wilmington Presbytery convened

Olive at 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Last night Dr. Geo. C. Worth, of this city, delivered an address upon foreign missions. The following ministers and lay delegates went up on the Coast Line train yesterday morning to at-Putrefying food in the intestines produces effects like those of arsenic, but Dr. King's New Life Pills expel the poisons from the clogged bowels gently, easily but surely, curing Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Fevers and all Liver, Kidney and Bowel troubles. Only 35 cents at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. tend the session: Rev. Colin Shaw, MUSIC TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

Greensboro Chosen as Next Place of Meeting-Officers Elected at Raleigh

[Special Star Telegram.] RALEIGH, N. C., April 3.-The North Carolina Music Teachers' Association to-day selected Greensboro as place of meeting next year. The following officers were elected: President, Prof J. W. Jewdine, St Mary's School; Vice President, Prof. J. H. Craighill, Charlotte; Secretary and Treasurer, Prof. Clarence R. Brown, Greensboro.

CHOLERA IN MANILA.

One Hundred and Seventeen Cases Reported and Seventy-one Deaths.

By Cable to the Morning Star. MANILA, April 2 .- Up to noon tolay 117 cases of cholrea have been reported and 71 deaths from the disease and occurred.

ishment of the detention camp, has see having much difficulty in flod ng the whereabouts of cases of cholera. As soon as the members of a nousehold find a case they either send he sick person out of the house or fice themselves.

Major Maus, the insular heal h comnissioner, has written to the bishop.

The health board, since the estab-

bjecting to the action of the priests n informing the people that no cases of cholera have occurred; that only cases of cholorine have been discovered and that the sanitary precautions are only taken to annoy the people Major Maus has made a great number of post mortem examinations and found that they were all of the malig nant Asiatic type of cholera.

BRITISH HAD TO RETIRE.

Sharp Rear Guard Action With Boers Near Boschman's Kop.

By Cable to the Morning Star LONDON, April 2 .- Lord Kitchener, n a dispatch from Pretoria, made pub lic this evening, announces that the Second Dragoon Guards fought a sharp rear guard action, near Boschman's Kop, during the evening of March Sist. Four officers are known to have been wounded. No further details of the

casualties have been received. The column commander, Col. Law ey, detached the dragoons with the object of surprising a Boer lasger, re-ported to have been located ten miles east of Boschman's Kop. The dragoons found the Boers strongly posted and the burghers were subsequently largely reinforced, with the result that the dragoons had to retreat. The heavy firing called up Colonel Lawley and his troops, who drove off the Boers. The latter's loss is reported to

ARKANSAS PRIMARIES.

Election of James P. Clarke U. S. Senator

is Now Assured. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. LITTLE ROCK, ARK, April 2,-Auhentic returns give the revised figures on the U.S. Senatorship: For James P. Clarke, 74 members of the General Assembly; for James K. Jones, 47;

loubtful, fourteen. There are 135 members and the num per required to elect a Senator is 68 the election of Clarke is now assured Congressional district show that R. Minor Wallace defeats W. V. Tompkins for Congress, the delegated vote eing, Wallace, 41; Tompkins, 87 Unofficial estimates from the Third listrict place Congressman Hugh A. Dinsmore's majority over J. C Floyd on a popular vote at between 100 and

FROST DAMAGE.

Loss in the Fruit Growing Section of Tennessee Estimated at 50 Per Cent. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., April 2 .-Heavy frost occurred last night in this vicinity, doing some damage to fruit. Up to last night the damage by previous frosts had been from 25 to 50 per cent. in Southern Tennessee and it is feared the heavy frost last night will cause an average of 50 per cent. loss to fruit growing.

ATLANTA, GA, April 2.-Frosts were general last night in Tennessee, portions of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and North Carolina and South The damage to the fruit crop in

Georgia, if any, was slight, a strong wind prevailing throughout the night.

U. S. WARSHIPS.

The Plan of Building in Government Yard Considered.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Washington, April 2.—The plan building warships in government ards was considered by the House lommittee on Naval Affairs to-day, a arge delegation of labor representatives being present in support of it The delegation included James O'Con nell, president of the Machinists'Asso ciation, and several shipbuilding experts from Norfolk, Brooklyn and other points having government yards. Mr. O'Connell made the main presentation, urging that the government had millions invested in plants, which should be used for construction as well as repair of warships.

BY NEGRO HIGHWAYMEN

A Parmer of Edgefield County, S. C. Shot and Killed:

AUGUSTA, GA. April 2.-W. Jollins, a farmer of Edgefield county, South Carolina, was assassinated by negro highwaymen five miles from Augusta in Carolina, this afternoon. deorge Woods was driving with Collins and resisted a hold-up, when the negroes fired upon the men, silling Collins and slightly wounding purchasing from our druggist here. Woods. The negroes escaped

Sold everywhere in cans-all sizes, Made by Standard Off Company

THE COTTON SITUATION.

Prices Believed to Be Upon the Eve of a Sharp Advance-Supply Insufficient for the World's Requirements.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

New YORK April 2.- I believe prices to be upon the eve of a very sharp advance which will should carry cotton considerably above nincents. In New York receipts are fall ing off with an abruptness that indicates complete exhaustion. Exports of cotton to-day were for:y-two thousand bales or about four times the re-

It is becoming more and more evident that the supply of cotton is absolutely insufficient for the world's re-Quirements at present prices.
Southern mills are making eager inquiry in New York for cotton to te shipped them from here. The bears to-night seem to be really more concerned about the situation

THE ROME LYNCHING.

THEODORE H. PRICE.

Coroner's Verdict - Many Persons Viewed the Body of the Negro. By Telegraph to the Merning Star

than at any time previously this sea-

ROME, GA., April 2.- The body of Walter Allen, the negro who was lynched here last night for an alleged assault on Miss Adamson, was not taken in charge by the coroner until 9 o'clock this morning. Many persons viewed the body dangling at the top of an electric light pole, forty feet from the ground, where it was pulled early last night by a mob of four thousand. The coroner's jury render ed a verdict that the negro had mei death at the bands of a mob to them unknown. The local company of militia was called out last night, but too late to prevent the lynching.

Depreciation of Silver Causing Great Loss of Business.

By Cable to the morning star. MANILA, April 2.- The Chamber of Commerce to-night decided to cable President Roosevelt u ging Congress to take immediate action concerning the currency question, which, owing to the present depreciation of silver and the ratio of exchange of \$3.27 Mexican for one dollar gold, fixed by Complete returns from the Seventh | the United States Philippine Commission for the ensuing quarter, has caused an in monse loss of business and a great increase in the local prices of necessaries. Many articles now cost 30 per cent, more than they did

last December MURDER AND ROBBERY

An Aged Lady Killed at Her Home in

Travis County, Texas. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. AUSTIN, TEXAS. April 2 -Mrs. O. L. Levy, aged eighty years and a resident of Travis county for the past forty years, living sixteen miles west of here, on Barton Creek, was murhouse was afterwards fired, and parts of the remains were burned. The trunk and one arm of the body were horribly mutilated b fore the house

was set on fire. The house and two

outbuildings were burned.

- Statesville Landmark: A gentleman who loosed over the tax books that there were about 1 200 while men in the county, most of them Democrats, who have not paid their pill tax. - Rev. James C. Boyd died Saturday morning at 3 o'clock at his home in New Stirling neighborhood, in Shiloh township. He was near 68 years old and had been in declining health for two years, having retired from the active work of the ministry during that time. - The community generally was shocked Sunday morning when it was announced that Mr. Wm. P Turner was dead. He bad been sick and confined at home for the past two months, but his illness was

not considered serious. - Greenville Reflector: Mr. W. M. Smith, of Falkland, was here today and told us he had been examining his tobacco beds and found plants very scarce. This led him to it quire of his neighbors and also of people along the road, and the same condition was reported by them. He says if this is general, the farmers will not be able to have as large acreage in tobacco this year as intended. How are

CONVINCING PROOF of the efficacy of Eir's Cream Baim, the greatest of catarrh remedies, is certainly cheap. A generous trial size costs but 10 cts. Full size 50 cts. Sold by druggists everywhere or mailed by Ely Bros. 56 Warren Street, New York.

the plants in other sections ?

185 Mill Street, Lexington, Ky. Measrs. ELY BROS :- After giving your Cream Balm a trial I can truly say I feel very much benefitted by its use and shall continue to use it by Mrs. W. B DANIEL

from .22 to .50 loaded with either Black or Smokeless Powder always give entire satisfaction. They are made and loaded in a

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LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy. CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carbend for Circular to Williams MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

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