BRAZIL BUSPICIOUS.

Some time ago it was announced that a syndicate of Americans and Englishmen had obtained from the Government of Bolivia concession of an immense tract of land with great rubber forests, which the syndicate proposed to work. Much of the land in the grant is fertile, and part of the scheme was to colonize it, and raise products of commercial value. The syndicate was also given the right to administer the civil law within the concession, which borders on Brazil.

Within the past few days reports have come of strained relations between Brazil and Bolivia, strained enough to lead to apprehensions of war growing out of a demand by Brazil that the concessions to thi syndicate be cancelled. The reason assigned for this is that Brazil has become suspicious that this is simply the forerunner of a scheme by which this country may secure a foothold and enter upon the extensive acquisition of territory in South America, and therefore it feels alarmed because the territory in which this venture is to be made is on her border. strange that they do.

Of course there is no more foundation for these fears than there is for fears that the Germans are planning to extend empire over Brazil because the Germans have secured concessions in that country and have established some numerous and flourishing colonies there.

Senator Lodge, in speeches delivered a year or so ago, commented upon these concessions and colonies and urged that as an argument for a great navy, which might become necessary to enforce the Monroe Doctrine, according to the modern idea, and prevent these colonizing schemes, which were being backed by the home governments as a means of establishing territorial dominion in the South American countries. Mr. Lodge was quite warm and emphatic in his expression of ernment when confronted by the emergency which he anticipated and foresaw in the not distant future. The sum and substance of his speeches was that no foreign Government was to be permitted to gain even indirectly territory in those countries, and that if there was any landgrabbing to be done it must be done by this country.

-Neither Brazil nor any of the other South American countries seem to fear European aggression, although they know that some of these colonizing schemes have the moral and material support of the countries from which the colonies come, and it may seem somewhat remarkable that they should exhibit alarm when Americans do what Europeans have been doing for some years, and quite extensively, without causing any alarm, but on the contrary meeting with the full approval of the governments and welcome by the people.

But it is not strange now, in view of the grandiloquent expansion speeches made by leading Republicans in Congress and out, their boasts about this country having become a great world power, whose destiny is to dominate the seas, even if it has to fight the navies of the world to do it. They have also read speeches of representative Republicans in which it was declared that the mission of this country was to carry its civilization and liberty around the world and plant it in those lands which have not been favored with these blessings. They have also read speeches in which it was declared that the American flag must eventually float over this hemisphere from the arctic to the antarctic ocean and take in all the out-

lying islands. That was expansion jingoism rampant, of course, but the unsophistocated people South of us do not know us well enough to know whether to take these speeches literally, or only as ebullitions of inflated Americanism, and to many of them they doubtless sound as an expression of a purpose formed and hence they regard with suspicion every movement of Americans to gain s

foothold in their territory. It will be remembered that just after the war with Spain, this Government sent a vessel to make a tour of the Orinoco river and its tributaries, and to take soundings to ascertain the kind of navigation they afford, and the probabilities of extending our commerce in that region by means of these rivers. This movement, aroused more or less suspicion which the commanders of that expedition had some difficulty in allaying. They didn't like the soundings the vessel was making because they thought the object might be to learn what character of war vessel might be used in these streams. We do not believe the expedition was fully

pers declaring, "The Yankees will | Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

soon be the actual owners of many regions in South America."

In noting this some of the Repubcan papers express surprise that these people should be so easily alarmed, and with so little foundstion. They attribute much of it to the formenting of Europeans who are interested in keeping Americans out of those countries. and therefore do all they can to misrepresent America, and make these Governments and people regard American movements with suspicion.

But they didn't need any prodding of that kind, for they have been suspicious of the Americans ever since the war with Spain if not before it, and, strange as it may seem, sympathized with Spain in that war. The course which this Government has pursued towards Cuba, in forcing her to accept the Platt amendment which virtually gives this country practical dominion over Cuba, ift should desire and seek a pretext to exercise, it gave reasonable ground to fear it. There is further and even stronger ground for this suspicion in the war we have been waging in the Philippines to establish our supremacy there after our virtual disclaimers to the contrary when the war began with Spain. These fears may be groundless, and are, for we have all the grabbing business we will care to handle for some time, but they think they have grounds for them and it is not

If that was all it would not make so much difference, but the result will be that it will put obstacles in the way of American enterprise and trade in that part of the world, which ought to be one of the most inviting fields for both.

NO ARBITRATION.

The country is becoming interested in the coal strike because some of the industries are already seriously affected by the high price and scarcity of coal, in which respect the condition will, of course, become worse, the longer the strike is protracted. If in the meeting which is to be held on the 17th of July the anthracite strikers succeed in getting the bituminous coal miners to join them the condition will be inesopinion as to the duty of this gov- timably worse, for that will cut off the supplies of soft coal, which in many cases had been brought into service when the hard coal could not be obtained.

Both the striking miners and the coal operators know the injury inflicted by this condition of affairs, and the miners show a desire to arbitrate, while the operators, on the contrary, are obstinate and unyielding. One of these, H. M. Olyphant President of the Delaware and Hudson railroad, one of the coal roads, is quoted as saying:

"If Mitchell proposes to call out the bituminous miners and paralyze the entire industries of the country he will find that he has taken upon his shoulders a job bigger than he is able to

There will be no arbitration, that is We will operate our mines again with the men that are on strike They will be only too glad to come back and no strike leader will b able to keep them out."

There will be no arbitration, he says. They will hold out, because the miners can't hold out, and the mines will be operated by the men who will break away from the Union and "be glad," as he expresses it, to return to work; which means that when the strikers are starved out they will be compelled to return to work to get something to eat. In the meantime coal will become scarcer. the price higher and higher and the coal consumers and others will foot

President Mitchell, of the Miners' Union, in a published answer to the operators, makes a defence of the strikers, the gist of which is summed up in the following from the Baltimore Sun:

Average earnings of miners a year. ess than \$300 each. Work more hazardous and cost of iving greater than in other important ndustry. Since 10 per cent. increase in wages

cost of living has increased 30 to 40 per Railroad presidents claimed selling price would have to be increased 10 cents a ton to grant miners' demand, but have since the strike raised the

price \$1 a ton. Coal-mining railroads charge very high rates for hauling coal in order that the books of the coal department will show no profits, crediting all profits to the freight department.

Miners are required to produce 3,740 to 3,190 pounds to get pay for a In an average year 437 miners are killed, 484 fatally wounded and 1,256 others injured—eight times the casual-ties recorded in the Cuban campaign

in the war with Spain. In behalf of the Miners' Union he proposes to submit their case to a beard of arbitration, and to abide for the present by any decision that board may make. But the mine operators declare there will be no arbitration.

A cargo of 5,000 tons of sugar was received at Philadelphia a few days ago from Egypt, which was produced on land which a few years ago was a barren waste, but was reclaimed and made fertile by irriga-

Deafness Cannot be Cured carried out as originally contemplated, although the vessel covered thousands of miles of streams where few if any steamers had ever been before.

This new scheme in which Americans are figuring has aroused suspicion again and has become a topic of warm discussion in the press of Brazil, one of the Rio Jeniero papers declaring, "The Yankees will

Be Published Without Money!

* * * * * * * * * * * * *

Are you indebted to THE WEEKLY STAR? If so. when you receive a bill for your subscription send

us the amount you owe. Remember that a newspaper bill is as much enitled to your consideration as is a bill for gro-******

MORE PROOF OF PROGRESS.

There is abundant evidence of the material and industrial progress of the South, but the following figures, condensed from the last report of the U. S. Comptroller of the Currency by the Atlanta Journal, show the progress that has been made financially:

The report of the Comptroller of the Currency, issued only a few days ago, shows that there were at that time 742 national banking institutions in the South, an increase of 104 in the last year. The increase in the previous year was even larger, going to 107.

In the Spring of 1900 there were only 531 national banks in the South

and now there are 742. No such increase of the number o its banks has occurred in any other section in the last two years. The increase of deposits has been even more remarkable and furnishes better

proof of the growth of wealth in this In the southern section of the coun try the deposit fund at the end of April of 1900 was \$187,646,000. On April 30th, 1901, it had increased \$229.

325,000 and it is now \$241,001,000. These figures include only deposit n national banks and it must be remembered that there are in the South many private banks which do a large amount of business and carry a heavy total of deposits.

If we go back to 1897, the year when he general financial improvement began, the advance of the South will be more impressively exhibited. In 1877 the bank deposits in south

ern banks amounted to \$111,952,743. The increase of these deposits in the last five years has been without a parallel in any other large sections of the country, having reached 120 per cent Georgia makes a specially fine showing for this period. Her national bank deposits have increased more than \$8,500,000 since 1897, or 130 per cent. South Carolina's \$2,500,000 or 60 per cent; North Carolina's \$3,800,000, or 7 per cent; Alabama's, \$8,700,000, or 145 per cent; Mississippl's, \$3,000,000, or

40 per cent. The amendment of the national bank law which authorizes the establishment of national banks of the \$25,000 class has been of immense benefit to

this section. The consequent increase of the num ber of banks in the towns and smaller cities has been a great help to business and has drawn a great amount of money from idle hoards into active circula

Much less money is now called into the great financial centers at the beginning of the season for moving the Southern crops than was formerly called for. Those centers are not called upon to supply so much money to the South for these regular transactions, because the South has more money of her own and is using her own resources more liberally. The excellent condition of Southern banks generally was indicated at the Savannah convention by the authevtic statement that they have to their credit in New York larger relative balances than they have shown at any corresponding season in ten years.

Homicide Near Cameron.

A correspondent of the STAR, writing yesterday from Jonesboro, tells of homicide that occurred last Saturday evening near Cameron, N. C. Capt. D. N. Black, well known in old C. F. & Y. V. railway circles, killed one of his neighbors and dangerously wounded another, named Pearce. There had been bad blood between the principal combatants for some time, and last Saturday they met and had a fight with knives in which Black got the best of it. Young Pearce took a hammerless shot gun from a wagon and not understanding its operations, he struck Black with it and threw it down. Black then held the older Pearce down with his knee, picked up the gun and shot young Pearce, who was fieeing, the contents of both barrels taking effect in the young man's back, killing him instantly. Black is cut almost to pieces and will probably

Playing Havoc with Cotton Plant. At the Produce Exchange yesterday cotton men were interested in an exhibit of the terrible destruction being wrought upon the cotton plant in Robeson county by the pest commonly known as "lice." The stalk on display was taken from a field in Robeson yesterday morning and brought to the city at noon. The top of the plant was literally covered with the insects and the gentleman who brought it to the city says there is much complaint of the pest in the section which he visited. The presence of the insects is due to the cool days and nights which the weather man has been giving us lately. In other respects the cotton crop is reported

An Excursion From Marion.

An excursion train of five coaches, which arrived yesterday morning over the Seaboard Air Line from Marion, S. C., via Lumberton, brought about 250 visitors to the city and beaches. The excursion was in charge of Mr. D. C. Sinclair, of Lumberton, and returned at 7:30 o'clock last night.

Not Wanted at Clarkton. A negro arrested in Augusta, Ga. Saturday and thought to have been Will McCall who killed a young white man named Memory at a saw mill near Clarkton some months ago, turns out to be Morris Butler, an es-caped convict from a gang at Bam-

Permanent Grounds to Be Established at "Hammocks" by Commerce Chamber.

THE STANDING COMMITTEES.

Appointed at Special Meeting of the Executive Board Yesterday Afternoon Popular Subscription to Improve Delightful Spot on Beach.

Standing committees for the ensuing fiscal year were appointed by the Executive Committe of the Chamber of Commerce at a special called meeting yesterday afternoon in the Exchange rooms on Water street.

Another important feature of the

meeting was a decision to establish at the "Hammocks" on Wrightsville beach, a permanent encampment iground for State troops, who may be attracted here in the future. The coming of the Fifth Georgia Regiment to the "Hammocks," July 17th-27th, brought the desirability of such grounds to the attention of the Chamber and it was at once decided to call for popular subscriptions to a fund for placing the grounds at once in permanent condition. The amount needed according to a conservative estimate is \$700 and no trouble is anticipated in gathering that sum from persons either directly or indirectly benefitted by the coming of large bodies of soldiers

to the city and beaches. Mr. A. B. Skelding, general superintendent of the Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co., which will contribute liberally to the fund, appeared before the committee yesterday and explained details of the plans to improve the property. The result was the appointment of a committee to solicit the funds needed as follows: W. E. Worth (chairman), Gabriel Holmes, A. P. Adrian, F, E. Hashagen, Sol Bear and A. B. Skelding. It is understood that the committee will begin work at once.

Present at the meeting yesterday were Vice President H. W. Malloy, presiding, Mr. James Kyle, secretary, Mr. J. A Arringdale, Mr. S. P. Mc Nair, Mr. L B. Rogers and Mr. G. J Boney. The standing committees of the Chamber were named as follows: Arbitration-Wm Calder, J C Stevenson, C W Worth, D L Gore, Geo

R French. Banks and Currency-Jno 8 Armstrong, H C McQueen, C P Bolles, Jr, J W Norwood, Hugh McRae. Legislation-Jno A Arrindale, H M Emerson, D McEachern, W H Chadbourn, G H Smith.

NY & Chicago Quotations - M J Corbett, L B Rogers, R H Pickett, J Crow, R W Price, H L Vollers. Insurance-M S Willard, Wm Gil christ, J A Springer, Walker Taylor, Van B Metts. Health and Sanitation-W R Kenan C C Covington, Alex P Adrian, A H

Public Entertainment-M W Jacobi, J H Watters, F E Hashagen, T D Meares, T CJames, Jno R Turrentine, Membership-Walker Taylor, Roger

Moore, Gabriel Homes. Sam Bear, Jr., P. Pearsall, W E Perdew. Agriculture and Immigration—S McNair, JT King, BF Keith, Jno K Williams, Chas J Mitchell, Peter Mc-Queen, Thos F Bagley.

Harbor Shipping and Commerce—W E Worth, B F Hall, H W Malloy. Jas Sprunt, SF Craig, JH Brown T D Meares. Tonnage and Pilotage-H G Smallbones, J W Brooks, T D Love, R A Parsley, R N Sweet. Quotations of Cotton-D L Gore, Wm Calder, D M Williams, TD Love,

C W Worth, J F McNair. Public Utilities-G J Boney, Oldham, W B Cooper, W W Blair, W Foster, P Q Moore, J H Brown. Industrial and Business Enterprises -Marcus Jacobi, W E Worth, J Hal Boatwright, C C Chadbourn, W H

Advertising-LB Rogers, Sam Bear, Jr., Sol. Bear, M F H Gouverneur, TH Wright, John Creasy.
Transportation and Tariff—J A
Taylor, CW Worth, RA Parsley.
Information and Statistics—WH Sprunt, WR Barksdale, CH King. B Solomon, J W Craig, John Frank. Quotations on Naval Stores—C H Robinson, J T Rankin, H K Nash, M J Heyer, C W Worth, D L Gore,

Finance and Grievances-W H Cooper, I M Bear, E C Holt, M J Heyer, JK Corbett, L Bleuthenthal. Railway Poetal Telegraph and Express Services-Geo R French, John Frank, H M Emerson, T S McManus, E M Gregg.

Mr. H. C. Bridger Dead. Mr. H. C. Bridger, secretary and treasurer of the Bridger Company and a well known merchant and saw mill man of Bladenboro, died yesterday of typhoid fever. A telegram to Messrs. Stone, Rourk & Co. yesterday morning conveyed the sad news to friends and relatives here. Mr. Bridger leaves three children, all seriously ill with typhoid fever, which is said to be almost epidemic in that section.

Col. Wrenn Goes Out. Savannah News 25th: 1'From letters received from Col. Wrenn by friends in this city the inference is drawn that he will not be one of the officials of the new railroad system formed by the combination of the Atlantic Coast Line and the Plant System. Wrenn did not say in his letters that he would not be with the new system, but he intimated that he would not return to Savannah."

Married in Atlanta.

Miss Josie Furpless, of Wilmington, and Mr. Albert Miller, of Atlanta, were married in the latter city Tueslay night. The news will be received with much rinterest by hundreds of friends here. Miss Furpless was visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. S. Sumlin of Atlanta, where the ceremony was performed.

Committed for Larceny.

Albert Gause, colored, was sent over to jail for the Superior Court by the Mayor yesterday on a charge of the larceny of a knife, rule and umbrella from one of the engine rooms by the Angola Lumber Co. Bond was fixed

You Know What You Are Taking When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply fron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay, Price, 50c.

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Corn

removes from the soil large quantities of

Potash The fertilizer ap plied, must furnish enough Potash, or the land will lose its producing power.

Read carefully our books on crops—sent free. GERMAN KALI WORKS 93 Nassau St., New York.

BAND OF SHOPLIFTERS RAIDED BY THE POLICE.

Lonymons Letter Judiciously Used by Chief Purlong Led to Arrest of Colored Woman-Goods Recovered

Based upon information in an nonymous letter dropped in dry goods store on North Front street, Tuesday morning, the police vesterday captured a band of colored female shop-lifters and recovered dry goods, millinery, etc. to the value of about \$100. The light-fingered females are Priscilla Bishop, Tenth between Dock and Orange streets; Maude Cowan, Sixth between Chessnut and Mulberry; Elsie Lovett, Seventh beween Orange and Ann, and Carrie White, a resident of Wilson's alley between Ann and Nun and Seventh and Eighth streets. Goods in wholesale quantities were recovered at each of the houses and the women were locked up for preliminary trial by the Mayor to-day.

The anonymous letter found in the store stated that Priscilla Bishop had been systemtically robbing the place, as well as the stores of the Polvogt Co. and J. H. Rehder. The letter is supposed, from the writing, to be that of some other colored female. It was at once turned over to Chief of Police Furlong, and under his orders the Bishop woman was arrested by Policemen I. F. Huggins and J. B. Newkirk late Tuesday night at her home. Yesterday when questioned by Chief Furlong, the woman said she had not taken the goods found in her house and implicated the three other women Police Sergeant C. S. Burnett and Hall Officers H. W. Howell and D. H. ReVille then went to the several other houses, arrested the women and recovered a number of goods at each place.

CAPT. ROYALL'S APPOINTMENT.

Meets With Great Pavor in Charleston, Where He is Well Known.

Speaking of the appointment of Capt. W. N. Royall as General Superintendent of the First Division of the Atlantic Coast Line with headquarters at Wilmington, the Charleston News

and Courier of yesterday says: "The news of Mr. Royall's appointment as general superintendent of the irst division was particularly gratifying to his many friends in Charleston when the fact became known yester-

"For the past ten years Mr. Royall has been superintendent of the Atlansic Coast Line at Charleston, having been promoted from the position o assistant superintendent. Before be ng made assistant superintendent he positions he displayed such splendid business ability that his value was recognized by the head officials of the cempany. He entered the service of the company thirty years ago, learned every stage of the work and got to the top because he had the grit and abilty. In all important transactions he was alert, conscientious and painstaking and few railroad men hereabout have ever had a more popular following. Having been advanced through many of the departments he was familiar with the many duties which make railroad work a difficult undertaking and he was always prepared to render just such service as was required of him.

PRETTY WEDDING SERVICE.

Miss Bertha E. Dudley, Attractive Young Lady of Wilmington, Became Bride of Mr. Brows, of Mobile.

In an unusually pretty ceremony performed last night at the home of the bride, Second and Castle streets, Miss Bertha E. Dudley, the attractive young daughter of Mrs. Capitola B. Dudley and a popular young lady of Wilmington, was married to Mr. J Harrelson Broun, of Mobile, Ala., a superintendent of construction for the Southern Bell Telephone and Tele-

graph Co. The ceremony was performed at 9 o'clock by Rev. Jno. H. Hall, the bride's pastor, and the parlors of the home were tastefully decorated with smilax, bamboo, ferns and cut plants. The lighting effect was brilliant and the entire scene a beautiful one.

The bride was costamed in an exquisite gown of white organdie trimmed with Duchesse Isce and she carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and maiden hair ferns.

The maid of honor was Miss Lena Jarman, of Jacksonville, a cousin of the bride. She wore a becoming gown also of white organdie trimmed with Duchesse lace and ribbons. She carried an exquisite bouquet of bride's roses and carnations. After the ceremony a delightful re-

ception followed, to which hundreds of friends of the popular young people were present. Many handsome and costly wedding gifts were received by

Mr. and Mrs. Bronn will remain in the city until Friday, when they leave for their future home at Albany, Ga. Food Changed to Poison.

Putrefying food in the 'intestines produces effects like those of arsenic, but Dr. King's New Life Pilis expel the poisons from clogged bowels gent-Bears the

PATTERSON ENDORSED:

B LLAMY SECOND CHOICE.

Pobeson County Convention Held Yester day at Lumberton-Clark for Chief Justice-- Division on Associates.

[Special Star Telegram.] LUMBERTON, N. C., June 25.-One of the largest Democratic conventions ever held in Robeson county met here to-day. The delegations from the various townships were among the most representative and influential citizens of the county. The convention was called to order exactly at 12 o'clock by County Chairman G B McLeod, Col. N A. McLean was made permanent

chairman Judge Walter Clark received the unanimous vote of the convention for Chief Justice. For Associate Justice, ockhart received 61; Walker, 211; Brown, 23; Counor, 4. Gilbert B Pat lerson received the unanimous endorsement of the convention for Congress. A canvass of the delegation shows an overwhelming sentiment for Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy as second choice.

THE NEWS FROM RALEIGH

Masonic Grand Lodge Temple--State Liquor Dealers' Association in Session

Special Star Telegram. RALEIGH, N. C., June 25.-Grand Master Clark announced to-day the seven Masons who, with himself and Grand Secretary Drewry, will constitute the special committee authorized to select the location and proceed to build the \$100,000 temple for the Grand Lodge. They are: W. R. Cox, Edgecombe; John W. Cotton, Tarboro; Julian S. Carr, Durham; John S. Cunningham, Person; A. J. Harris, Charlotte; S H Smith, Winston; R. J. Nobles, Selma The contest for the emple will be between Raleigh, Greensboro and Charlotte. The selection will be made some time in Au-

The North Carolina Liquor Dealers' Association, in annual session here, today elected officers for the next year as ollows: President, E.A. Lackey, Hamet; First Vice President, S. T. Smith, Raleigh; Second Vice President, J. G. Patterson, Durham; Secretary, John Smith, Raleigh; Treasurer, Ed V. Denton. Raleigh. In the annual adlress of retiring President O'Donnell, of Asheville, he declared that county and municipal governments repose high trust in them and it is their duty to strive to correct the evil of excessive drink. He would abhor the business as leprosy if, as is charged, it caused drunkenness, bankruptcy and dis-

A WEDDING AT WALLACE.

Miss Henri Mallard Became the Bride of Mr. H. H Jones, of Goldsboro. White and Green Service.

In the Presbyterian church at Wallace, N. C., last evening at 7 o'clock a pretty marriage service performed by Rev. Robt. Murphy Williams joined in matrimony Miss Mary Henri Mallard, the charming daughter of Mrs. Liston L. Mallard, and Mr. H. H. Jones, a popular young man of Goldsboro.

The maids of honor were Miss Ada Ellsworth Wallace and Miss Lula Boney, of Wallace, and they were attractively gowned in light green silk mulle over white liberty satin. The bride wore an exquisite costume of white liberty satin and pearls. Her veil was caught up with a crescent of diamonds. The best man was Mr. G. W. Dill, of Morehead City, and the ushers were Messrs. W. S. Carter, of Suffolk, Va.; L. N. Boney, of Wallace;

F. Barkley, of Rowland, and A. C. Boney, of Wallace The bridesmads, five dressed in costumes of light green, and five in white, were as follows: Misses Jennie Boney. Bettie Southerland, Fannie Cooper, Mary Graham Carr, Mary Boney, of Wallace; Misses Emma Cooper, of Kenansville; Edna Loftin, of Bowden's; Kate Middleton, of Hallsville; Edith Lorain Fulford, of Wilmington, and Ella Gertrude Williams, of Warsaw. Little Miss Ella Mallard was flower

bearer. The bride was given away by her uncle, Mr. J. D. Mallard, of Wal-The happy young couple left on the 3:08 P.M. train for Washington, D. C., and a tour of other Northern cities.

girl and Master Liston Mallard, ring

DELEGATES APPOINTED TO DISTRICT CONVENTIONS.

Those Who Will Represent New Hanover at State, Senatorial and Judicial Nominating Bodies-Full List.

Chairman H. C. McQueen, of the New Hanover County Convention. yesterday completed the appointment of committees to the State Senatorial and Judicial conventions as follows:

STATE CONVENTION.

Delegates—Geo Rountree, FH Stedman, Thos W Davis, W F Alexander, W H Bernard, N N Davis, T B Kingsbury, Marsden Bellamy, Herbert McClammy, Waiter P Gafford, H McL Green, Jesse Wilder, B G Emple, B F King, G H Smith, E K Bryan, Geo H Howell, Martin S Willard, Wm E Worth, J W Jackson.

Alternates—J A Taylor, D J McEachern, Junius Davis, J O Carr, C W Yates, Geo W Brunson, W B McKoy, Jno J Fowler, Geo W Chestnutt, W B Cooper, Gabriel Holmes, Geo L Morton, W H Shearin, D J Fergus, Dr D W Bulloch, R G Grady, Sol Bear, Martin Schnibben, J J Hopkins, P H McManus

SENATORIAL CONVENTION. Delegates—Marsden Bellamy, Jr., B F Craig, S P Cowan, M F Costin, H B Clowe, D N Chadwick, Michael Carroll, Jos H Watters, J Walter Williamson, W F Alexander, Charles Craig, J W Brooks, Geo W Bornemann, W H Yopp, J W Yates, Jno M Wright, Jas F Woolvin, Thos W Wood, Jno K Williams, R W Wallace, Geo W Westbrook, L H Skinner, J G Barrentine, J F Maunder, B R Stone, E F Johnson, P Quince Moore, J G L Geischen, W R Kenan, John Haar, A S Heide. Wm C Peterson, N F Parker, W P Oldham, Martin O'Brien, W H Northrop, Jr., Oldham, Martin O'Brien, W H Northrop, Jr., Jno L Cantwell, W Van Hardin, Daniel Quin livan, J M McGowan, C W Polvogt, W C Von Glahn, H L Vollers, C L Spencer, Geo Harriss, M G Tienken, N B Rankin, C E Taylor, Jr., R N Sweet, Jno H Sweeney, Lott M LeGwin, Wm H Lane, Samuel Blossom, A D Brown, Thos C James, Jos H Hanby, Wm A Dick, Geo D Crow, C H Robinson.

Delegates—George L Peschau, John D Beilamy, Oscar Pearsall F A Montgomery, J O Carr, George D Parsiey, Junius Davis, Maraden Bellamy, Jr., Jno A Orreil, R P McClammy, W M Cumming, Thos G Pickett, Gerritt Walk-Z W Whitehead, Robert Rourk, C P Bolles, W A Johnson, Bobt M Bordeaux, Sol Bear, S P, Adams, M W Divine, H M Emerson, H O Craig O W Worth, A M Waddell, S H Fishblate, Jas M Sievenson, W E Springer, T E Sprunt, Geo L Morton, C H Alexander, Wm Gilchrist, E K Bryan, Marsden Bellamy, C H White, Thos C Lewis, B D Cronly, B C DeRosset, Walker Taylor, J Alvis Walker, Robt S Collins, S P McNair, D U Love, Wm A Wilson, Jr. C D Weeks, F W Kerchner, Jno W Atkinson, L S Belden, Benj Bell, Jno H Beery, Wm J Bellamy, J L Boatwright, Henry Martindale, Jos T Carr, B F Hall, Clayton Glies, Jas F Gause, Jno, J Fowler, S M Emple. JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought

GREATER COAST LINE

Official Circular from General Manager Giving Changes in Operating Department.

WILL BE TWO DIVISIONS.

irst Comprises All Roads North of Charleston and Second South-Mr. W. N. Royall General Superintendent First Division

An official circular issued yesterday by General Manager John R. Kenly, of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, and dated July 1st, gives details of the changes in the operating department of the road that will go into effect upon the consolidation of the Coast Line with the Plant System next Tuesday. Circulars covering new appointments and changes in the other departments are expected to follow early this week:

Circular No. 1. Commencing July 1st, 1902, the Atlantic Coast Line will be operated in

two divisions, viz: The First Division and Second Division. The First Division will comprise al of the roads north of Charleston, S. C. which prior to July 1st, 1902, consti tuted the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.

The Second Division will comprise all of the roads south of Charleston, . C, which formerly constituted the Plant System of Railways. The First Division will embrace the

following Districts, which were form-erly called Divisions; Richmond Short Cut, Charleston, Wilmington, Yadkin, Columbia, Norfolk, Florence, Augusta. The Second Division will embrace the following Districts, which were formerly called Divisions First, Second

Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth. Local Superintendents who former y had the title of "Division Superintendent" will hereafter be called "District Superintendent.

Mr. W. N. Royall has been appointed General Superintendent, and Mr. John F. Divine Assistant General Superintendent of the First Divisionoffices at Wilmington, N. C. Mr. G. M. Serpell will retain the

position of General Superintendent of

the Norfolk District-Office at Nor-

folk, Va. Mr. G. G. Lynch has been appointed Superintendent of the Charleston Disrict of the First Division-Office at Charleston, S. C. The jurisdiction of Mr. F. H. Fech tig, Purchasing Agent, and Mr. R. E.

Smith, Assistant to the General Manager, has been extended over the Second Division. All other officers, agents and employes of the First Division will retain their present positions and duties until further notice from proper au

Mr. W. B. Denham will retain the position of General Superintendent of the Second Division-Office at Savan All other officers, agents and employes of the Second Division will re-

tain their present positions and duties until further notice from proper authority. The rules and regulations, time ta oles and blank forms of the former Plant System for the government and use of the Operating Department will continue in force and effect on the

second Division until superseded or

changed by proper authority.
J. R. KENLY, General Manager.

Lugust 28.

Hussey-Newbury. Friends in Wilmington have received handsomely engraved invitations bearing the following announcement: "Dr. and Mrs. L. Hussey request the pleasure of your company at the marriage of their daughter, Carrie, to Dr. James Henry Newbury on the evening of Wednesday, July 2nd, at 6:30 o'clock, Baptist church, Warsaw, North Carolina." Dr. and Mrs. Newbury will be at home after July 15th.

CONVENTION DATES.

Democratic State, at Greensboro, on Republican State, at Greensboro, on

Second District, Congressional (Demcratic), at Tarboro, July 2nd. Second District, Judicial ratic), at Weldon, July 19th, Third District, Congressional (Dem ocratic), at Goldsboro, on July 2nd. Fourth District, Congressional (Dem ocratic), at Raleigh, July 15th.

Sixth District, Congressional (Democratic), at Fayetteville, on August Sixth District, Judicial (Democratic) at Smithfield, on July 3rd.

The commencement exercises of the Virginia Military Institute were brought to a close yesterday in Stone-wall Jackson Memorial Hall by the graduation of the class of 1902. Thirty four students out of a class of forty three received diplomas.

Don't Let Them Suffer.

Often children are tortured with itching and burning eczema and other skin diseases, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve heels the raw sores, expels in flammation and leaves the skin without a scar. Clean, flagrant and cheap, there's no salve on earth as good. Try it. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store.

Rain and sweat have no effect on harness treased with Eureka Har-HARNESS Standard Oil

INDIANA SWEPT BY A DESTRUCTIVE STORM

Two Persons Killed and Fifty Injured. Bulldings Demolished and Crops

Ruined-Damage \$2,000,000.

Telegraph to the Morning But

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., June 25.-The entire north and central section of Indiana was visited to-day by one of the most disastrous storms that ever swent

over the State. The storm swept sections covering hundreds of miles, extending from Hancock county northwest through the northern portion of Marion county. Hamilton and Boone counties and doing much damage in Tippecance and adjacent counties. Madison coun-

ty also felt its fury. Hundreds of buildings were razed thousands of trees were uprooted and now blockade highways, railroads and traction lines. Crops were utterly ruined, causing a loss estimated at nearly \$2,500,000, and fifty persons were more or less injured. But two deaths have been reported with auhority; the killing of James Van Herman, who was caught in the ruins of a collapsed barn near Pendleton, and James Bailey who was jammed by

lying timbers at McCordsville. The course of the storm was south east and northwest. Its path was clear across the State. In the ruins left be hind are many factories, churches school houses and frame residences The most severe damage was done in and near Hancock county. All wire communication between the cities and towns in the devastated district is cut off. Telegraph and telephone poles are down for many miles and it will require several days to establish any wire service. Trains are running irregularly. The crew of each incoming train bring from the north and east stories of the serious damage to prop-

At Maxwell, Hancock county, the ed, all the buildings being destroyed Seven workmen were injured by be ing caught beneath the wreck. All will recover. The New Brothers flour mill and grain elevators were totally destroyed and the Friends church was olown away. One house was totally destroyed and several damaged uv having roofs and kitchens blown

At Cleveland, six miles east of Maxwell the storm broke as the funeral of Mrs. Mary Earle was being conducted. The roo of an adjoining house was blown away and a piece of timber was hurled through the side of the house of mourning. Itstruck ex-County Clerk Sample, breaking his leg. Several others were slightly injured. Outside three horses hitched to a carriage were hurled by the wind against trees and filled. The hearse was demolished and the horses harnessed to it were injured so that one of them had to be

The funeral had to be postponed. Ernest Hurst and E. Hoims were badly hurt by being blown against the side Seven houses were destroyed and the postoffice was unroofed and one side blown out.

At Wilkinson five people were seri ously injured, one perhaps fatally. This was Charles S. Sheperd, of Red Key. Four houses were destroyed and general havoc created by the wind. At Stringtown Mrs. Cicero Hamilton was seriously injured by being caught under the wreck of her house.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Mercur, a Mining Town in Utah-1.088 Nearly a Million Dollas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. SALT LAKE, UTAH., June 25 .- Mer cur, the great cyanide gold camp, and the second largest mining town in Utah, was practically wiped out of existence by fire to-day. The origin of the fire remains a mystery, beyond the fact that it began with an explosion. At least 1,000 persons are with out food and shelter. No lives were lost. A conservative estimates places

the total loss between \$800,000 and

\$1,000,000 and the insurance at \$350.

- Concord Tribune: Every one realizes that the wheat crop is very far short of an average this year. Not only is this true in Cabarrus, but all through the State the wheat is sorry. Mr. Walter Morrison was here Satur day, and when asked about the wheat said it was no good. Mr. Morrison is easily one of the first wheat farmers of Piedmont, N. C., and his wheat, he says, will make nothing scarcely. The report for corn and cotton, however,

is very encouraging.

INCHESTER from .22 to .50 loaded with either Black or Smokeless Powder always give entire satisfaction. They are made and loaded in a modern manner, by exact machinery operated by skilled experts. THEY SHOOT WHERE YOU HOLD . ALWAYS ASK FOR THEM

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy. CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Car ton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus.

Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by J. C. SHEPARD, JR., Wilmington. DR. MOFFETT'S



Cures Cholera-Infantum, Diarrhoea, Dysentery and the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age. Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child and MAKES TEETHING EASY. Cures Eruptions and Sores, Colic, Hives and Thrush. Removes and prevents Worms. TEETHINA Counteracts and Overcomes the Effects of the Summer's heat upon Teething Children, and costs only 25 cents at Druggists, or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., St. Louis, Mo. For sale by all good Druggists. R. R. BELLAMY can supply the trade with TEXTHINA at Dr. Moffett's prices.