winesses for Prosecution Testify-An Expert Who Lost His Notes of Former Trial--Letters in Evidence.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, October 22.-Dr. E Syles Potter was the first witness at oday's session of the Molineux trial. Winess admitted he was present as an arpert for the prosecution and had regired up this time \$1,960. Asked by wmer Governor Black if these facts anything to do with the loss of his soles, since the last trial and his ina-soles, since the last trial and his ina-soles, since the last trial and his inais Rogers and Cornish, Dr. Potter he could not account for the loss

After Police Captain George Mc-gusky had identified exhibits of handriting and told of his submitting hem to experts, Joseph K. Koch, the per of the letter-box place, said that n June, 1898, he received a letter gred Roland B. Molineux, asking he cost of a private letter-box. He at a circular containing his rules d terms to Molineux in Newark. aler, a young man came to his place business and hired a letter-box. he man gave him the name of H.

Cornish who was standing in ody of the court room, stood up. box?" asked Mr. Osborne. "It is

"Did this defendant hire a letter ox from you?" ex-Governor Black Charles D. Allen, a chemist in the color house of H. Constant & Co,

se of the laboratory.
"Did you write this letter?" asked r Osborne, showing witness a paper ad envelope. "I did. I wrote it and igned it and mailed it at Mr. Molieux's request. My initials appear inder his name." The letter was offered in evidence

tier Mr. Osborne had explained that was the letter Koch received asking or the magazine "Studio" and to which he replied by enclosing his circular, giving among other things the terms for private letter-boxes. Ex-Governor Black objected to the dmission of the letter and Justice

Lambert reserved his decison. William J. Kinsley, the handwriting expert, identified some of Molineux's writing and declared that the soalled Harpster letter, written to Fred. terns & Co., in Detroit, was written the same hand. Mr. Osborne offered the letter in

vidence, and ex Governor Black obcted on the grounds that it is incometent under the ruling of the Court Appeals, and that it tends to conect and accuse the defendant of a rime other than for which he is rial. Justice Lambert overruled the bjection, and the letter was read to Kinsley testified that in his opinion

Molineux wrote this and also three thers, giving the address 1260 Broadway, signed "H. Cornish" and asking or samples of patent medicines. All were admitted in evidence demits the objection of counsel.

Among the letters identified by Kinsley were several of the so-called Barnett letters. Justice Lambert adnitted them as standard of handwrit-Rudolph Heilers testified that at the

request of Molineux he wrote to Fredrick Stearns & Co., of Detroit a sking out Harpster. "Did Molineux say to you," "Harpr is the same low down vile kind as raish ?" "Yes sir." The trial will be resumed to-morrow

THE IRISH NATIONALISTS.

scitement in House of Commons Created by O'Brien Questioning the Premier Regarding Roosevelt's Letter.

By Cable to the Morning Star. LONDON, Oct. 22. - William O'Brien mated a great deal of excitement mong his fellow Nationalists in the ouse of Commons to-day by quesnaing Premier Balfour regarding resident Roosevelt's letter to the conention of the United Irish League at oton, Mass. Mr. O'Brien asked the memier if he had observed that Mr. posevelt sent a letter, and whether in new of future friendly relations beween the United States and Great Britain he could make any announcement that this country was not indisoled to learn wisdom regarding Irish Mairs from the head of a great and friendly nation. The Speaker compily ruled the question out of orer, to the evident chagrin of the Naonalists, whose excitement then acreased as Mr. O'Brien continued to ress his point. He urged that this leter of the President was an internationfact of the first importance to the fuire of Great Britain and that it would lot be a friendly thing to the head of a freat nation that his letter should be treated as if the House of Commons as disposed to avenge an insult to the chief secretary for Ireland and his re-

The Speaker mai. sined his ruling, and Mr. O'Brien tried to move an adour ment of the House to discuss the natter, but the Speaker ruled that it was not a matter of definite imporance Thus foiled, Mr. O'Brien said he hoped it would be noted in America hat American as well as Irish opposiion was gagged.

There was another lively though atile discussion in the House of Comnons to-day on the subject of grantng a day for a debate on the state of reland. It only led to a great deal of traw splitting, allegations of disourtesy and a considerable increase the ill-feeling prevailing. The Libtral leader, Sir Henry Campbell Banerman, again supported Patrick

Brien's request for a day.

Mr. Balfour explained that he could bly give a day at Sir Henry's request the understanding that the motion look the form of a vote of censure on he government, and that it was sup-

Liberal leader, however, distaimed any such intention. He re-lused to identify himself with the Naunlists' order. m O'Brien exclaiming:

The discussion concluded with Wil-Il we are not given a day we will

William Hooper Young, who is acused of the murder of Mrs. Anna ulitzer, was arraigned before Judge owing yesterday to plead to the inment of murder in the first degree. on the advice of his counsel, William 8. Short, the prisoner did not plead and Judge Cowing ordered that a plea of not guilty be entered.

You Know What You Are Taking hen you take Grove's Tasteless Chill because the formula is plainly tes form. No cure, no pay, Price,

DAVID B. HILL IN

TAMMANY HALL. cation of the Democratic

GROVER CLEVELAND'S LETTER THEIR PLACES WERE FILLED.

State Ticket.

Hill Spoke at Length on the Trusts and Revision of the Tariff-A Banquet Pollowed at Manhattan Club to Democratic Candidates.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, October 22.-For the first time in ten years, David Bennett Hill, former Governor and former United States Senator from the State of New York, spoke to-night in Tammany Hall. The occasion was the ratification of the Democratic State ticket.

Former President Grover Cleveland sent a letter expressing his regret that a prior engagement prevented his atending the meeting. Others who spoke were Charles N. Bulger, candidate for Lieutenant Governor; John B. Stanchfield and Martin

Prior to the meeting there was a pa-rade, reviewed at the Manhattan Club by Bird S. Coler and other candidates on the Democratic State ticket. Mr. Coler had been tendered a reception at the club, where he made a speech after dining with Mr. Hill and other mem-

At the Tammany Hall gathering Congressman McOlemen read ex-President Cleveland's letter, which was received with much enthusiasm and loud cheering. It was as follows: 'Cleveland's Letter. "To Charles F. Murphy, Esq.-My

Dear Sir:-I regret that my engagements will not permit an acceptance of your invitation to attend the Democratic meeting to be held in Tammany Hall on the 22d instant.

"It is most gratifying to learn from the terms of your note that the De-mocracy of the city of New York fully appreciate how vitally the underlying principles of our party are involved in the pending canvass, and also to know of the determination that they shall not be forgotten in its campaign

"The great Democratic organization of the city of New York is so important a factor in controlling the result of party endeavor in the broadest fields that no campaign in which it engages can be considered sufficiently local to free it from the responsibility of its in-

fluence upon party prospects every-where and at all times. "This responsibility has been well met in the present campaign by the selection of trustworthy candidates, sensible efforts to secure harmonious Democratic action.

"I sincerely hope that, as a result, the Democracy of the city of New York will again demonstrate its invincibility at home; that Democratic good government and economical administration will be restored to the people of the State and that Democratic hope and confidence will be rerived and stimulated far beyond the limits of the city and State. "Hoping that your meeting will be abundantly successful and most use-

ful in the cause, I am,

"Yours, very truly, "GROVER CLEVELAND." Mr. Hill, who reached the hall prior to the reading of Mr. Cleveland's let-ter, was received with great applause. r, Hill's Speech.

"I make no apology for my appearance here to night," said Mr Hill, "be-cause none is needed. You will recall what I said at the opening of the Tilden Club in this city some months ago, when I declared that in this campaign I should know no friends or enemies except the friends and enemies of the Democratic party. Regardless of past differences, which never related to party policy. I extend the right hand of fellowship to every Democrat in this grand old organization or in any other organization loyally supporting Democratic candidates and

Referring to the tariff on coal, Mr. Hill charged Senator Platt with dodging the vote in Congress on the question of imposing a tariff on anthracite President Roosevelt, he said, had declined to express an opinion as to whether the existing tariff should be removed.

"The people," said Mr. Hill, "are waiting for him to act. The selection of arbitrators to adjust a labor strike is a mere temporary relief, but the question whether there shall be hereafter a tariff tax upon anthracite coal is a permanent and lasting question." Mr. Hill spoke at considerable

length on the questions of trusts and revision of the tariff and bitterly arraigned Republican extravagance in After Mr. Coler and his associates on the ticket had reviewed the parade

from the balcony of the Manhattan Club, a banquet was served, at which Justice Truax presided, and during which the following letter from ex-President Cleveland was read: "Hon John Truax, President Man-

hattan Club. - My Dear Sir:-I wish it was possible for me to attend to-morrow evening the reception to be given by the Manhattan Club to the Democratic candidates for State officers in the canvass now pending.

"Though no longer a citizen of New York, I cannot lose my interest in her welfare, nor forget the honors which her Democracy has conferred on me. "It is gratifying to know that the Manhattan Club, as of old, is ready to give its encouragement and aid to those who stand in the present campaign as representatives of a united party and leaders in the Democratic protest against neglect of the people's

"Hoping that the result will demonstrate that the political sentiment of the people of the State of New York is still in favor of safe and conservative Democracy and is prepared to support its candidates, I am

"Yours, very truly, 'GROVER CLEVELAND."

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment s prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and \$1.00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Sheppard, Jr.

- Raleigh News and Observer: An old woman, named Baker, was killed by the train near Marshall, Madison county, Tuesday morning. She was walking on the track, and supposedly didn't hear the train. A party of twelve railroad men from Michigan are in Newbern investigating the situation in regard to the railroad from Newbern to Pamlico county. - An incendiary set fire to the gin house on the farm of Col. Bryan Grimes, at Grimesland, Pitt county, Tuesday night. Bloodhounds were secured from Greenville and they tracked the incendiary, coming and going finted on every bottle, showing that it to the water, where the trail was lost. timply iron and quinine in a taste-less form. No cure, no pay, Price, teen bales of cotton were lost. Total satuth \$3,000 with no insurance.

RESUMING WORK AT COAL MINES.

The Occasion Was the Ratifi- Hundreds Were Turned Away When They Applied at the Collieries.

Company Officials Maintain They Will Not Discriminate--President Mitchell Preparing the Case for Presentation to the Commission.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WILKESBARRE, PA., Oct. 22.-Thousands of men began work to-day repairing the mines and placing the collieries in condition for the general resumption of coal mining, which will take place throughout the anthracite region to-morrow. Those men who are directly engaged in cutting and handling coal will not, under the decision of the convention, return to the mines until to-morrow. While there were thousands of men who were able to again begin earning their daily bread to-morrow, there were hundreds who were disappointed when they applied to the superintendents of the collieries where they were formerly employed. They were principally steam men, engineers, firemen and pump-runners, who struck on June 2d for an eight hour day and also to help the miners win their battle. These men wanted their old places back, but in many instances the company officials refused to discharge those who stood by them during the strike. There were many in the Wyoming valley, however, who were fortunate enough to find employment. The company officials maintain they will not discriminate against union or non-union men and that work will be given all men when there are vacancies.

Although the strike is over the path of the non-union workmen is still a thorny one. They are disliked by the unionists, and it is expected the relations between them will not be improv ed when they get into the mines to gether. Reports were received here to day that scores of the non-union men have given up their positions and

are leaving the region.

President Mitchell to-day began the work of preparing the miners side of the case for presentation to the arbitration commission. He will be the leading representative of the workmen before the tribunal, and will gather around him such experts in anthracite mining as will be necessary to properly present his case to the commission. He said to day he did not know when he would make his first appearance before the commission.

Rapid progress is being made by all the coal companies in the anthracite ragion toward a general resumption of coal mining. The suspension officially ends at 7 o'clock to morrow morning, but the quantity of coal that will be mined this week will not be great. It is not believed twenty-five per cent. of the normal production will be reached until sometime next week. There are a number of mines that will not be in condition for operation for several months and there are others that will not be ready for the men under two or three weeks. The day was devoted to a general inspection at most collieries to see what is needed in the way of repairs before the

men can cut coal. The troops in this region have not yet received orders to leave for home and none is expected now until after the collieries get well started. There has been no trouble in this region beyond a few fights, the result of pay day among non-union men.

THE DANISH WEST INDIES.

Landsthing Pailed to Ratify the Treaty for the Cession of the Islands to the United States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star COPENHAGEN, Oct. 22.—The Landsthing to day rejected the second reading of the bill providing for the ratification of the treaty between Denmark and the United States in regard to the cession of the Danish West Indies to the latter country. The vote stood 32 to 32-a tie. The announcement caused the greatest excitement in the house

and demonstrations on the part of the The predominant sentiment through out Denmark is undoubtedly pro-sale and the rejection of the treaty is attributed chiefly to a domestic political effort to embarrass the government and bring about the resignation of the ministry. The question of the sale of the islands may not remain dead for any length of time. The inability of the Rigsdag to agree on a policy for bettering the conditions of the islands is expected to be a factor in again forc-

ing the sale question to an issue. The cabinet held a meeting immediately after the rejection of the bill and the ministers unanimously agreed that the action of the Landsthing did not necsssitate their resignation.

- Fayetteville Observer: W. A. Stewart, Esq., chairman of the Har-nett county Democratic Executive Committee, was in the city on Tuesday. He reports Harnett all right politically as well as otherwise, and would give | cision. good Democratic majority. ——Isaac Bain, the venerable sexton of St. John's Episcopal Church, was terribly gored by a bull early Tuesday morning. A great gash, six or eight inches long. was cut in his goin. He was removed to the Cochran annex of the Marsh-Highsmith hospital, where it was found necessary to perform a very serious operation which he stood very nicely, though weak from the shock. — John Gary, sentenced to serve 12 drug store. months on the county roads, at the last term of the court, for larceny from Drs. Patterson & Judd, made a bold and successful dash for liberty Mon- MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has day afternoon. The force of convicts been used for over sixty years by mil-were being brought from their work lions of mothers for their children on the Rockfish road over Massey's while teething with perfect success. hill to the jail for the night and had It soothes the child, soften the gums, reached the court house, when, under | and allays all pain; cures wind colic, the cover of the growing darkness, Gary succeeded in getting away. In some way he managed to free himself of the leg shackles. Deputy sheriffs, guards and special officers were out all night searching for him, but could find no clue to his whereabouts.

She Didn't Wear a Mask.

But her beauty was completely hid-den by sores, blotches and pimples till she used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Then they vanished, as will all Eruptions, Fever Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Carbuncles and Felons from its use. Infallible for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Scalds and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at 11 R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bough Bears the Bignature

Thousands of Women Suffer, and Many Die, Owing to False Treatment.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Never Fails to Banish Dis-

ease and Re-establish Lasting Health.

Thousands of women are kept in sickness for months and years owing to false treatment and the use of worthless medicines, and we are inclined to believe that Milton thought of this class of almost dying women when he said:-

'The angelic guards ascended, mute and sad.' The common sense treatment of to-day for weak, run-down and suffering women, is Paine's Celery Compound. This marvelous medicine is spoken of in every part of the civilized world. and men and women of all classes derive new life from its use. M. Eliza-beth Messick, Marietts, Ohio, writes about her rescue from a low condition of physical weakness; she says:-"Eight years ago I was most suc-cessfully operated on for an ovarian

tumor, weighing twenty-five pounds.
After the operation tonics and foods
were used in vain to bring back strength. In some way Paine's Celery Compound came to the rescue, and i really seemed that four doses produced a change. I was then sixteen years old, and had three years more of school work. Your compound is the only thing I have to thank for strength during the last three years at school. Now, I am eight months of each year in the South in missionary work among the freedmen. This last spring I would have had to give up, but one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound made me over again. My sister cured her eczema w.th Paine's Celery Com-pound. We recommend it to all."

DIAMOND DYES for children's clothes are most serviceable. They color jackets, coats, capes, ribbons, stockings, as well as dresses. No other dyes equal Diamond Dyes in variety of uses; they never disappoint.

Direction book and 45 dyed samples free.

DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

ARBITRATOR'S DECISION IN THE SAMOA CASE.

Enunciation of a Principle That If Accepted Would Seriously Restrict American Rights Abroad.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WASHINGTON, Oct. 22,-An intima-Oscar of Sweden, who is acting as the arbitrator of the issues between the United States, Germany and Great Britain, growing out of the rebellion of 1899, will decide that the facts presented to him in the briefs of counsel which have been pending for nearly a year, warrant him in proceeding to assess the damages sustained by foreign residents of Samoa as a result of the landing of a combined force of American and British sailors and marines, and the destruction of property incident to the ensuing fight with the rebels. By the terms of the treaty under which the thr e powers agreed to submit these claims to arbitration. the arbitrator was first to declare whether or not the Americans and British were at all liable for damages, and if so, then he was to determine the amount of that liability. He has, it is understood, concluded to decide the first question in the affirmative. The next step is to fix the amount of the damages, and this must be done by King Oscar upon the basis of the facts now to be presented by the representatives of the governments concerned. The German claims are far larger than the others, amounting to \$103,918,

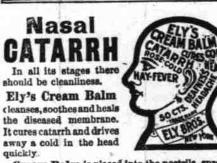
while the American claims are \$77,605 and the British only \$6,285. The Principle Objectionable.

It is not the amount of money involved in this approaching decision of the arbitrator that concerns the government of the United States, but rather the enunciation of a principle which, if accepted as a precedent would be most unpalatable and would so seriously restrict the assertion of American rights in foreign countries in case of revolution or rioting jeopardizing the lives and property of our citizens, that it would amount to the total withdrawal of protection. This can never be admitted, and so it may be positively stated that while the United States government will accept the arbitration loyally and pay any damages assessed against it, it will utterly refuse to be bound by such a principle or to recognize it as establishing a precedent. Otherwise the United States government could be held liable for enormous damages in cases where it lands troops upon the isthmus of Panama resulting in a collision with rioters or rebels, even though the government is solemnly bound by treaty to preserve free traffic across the isthmus. The United States could not land marines in any of the West Indian or Central and South American ports in any emergency without risking liability for heavy damages. These considerations will lead to the declination] to recognize the decision as a precedent and incidentally to the submission of the next similar case to The Hague Tribunal in the hope of another and different de-

Old Soldier's Experience. M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S

For over SIXLY Years

and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.



away a cold in the head Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying-does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York. For sale by J. C. Shepard.

POLITICS and-CORNELIA By Elizabeth A. Hyde

"A man in my position," he said

pompously, "is called upon to do many disagreeable things." Cornelia subdued a laugh behind he fan. How funny he was! Cornelia had a provoking sense of humor and was always seeing jokes where none

was intended. She moved her rocker farther into the shadow and looked down on the man in the full glare of the street lamp. He had his profile turned at just the right angle, as usual. It was a handsome profile, and Cornelia was so used to it that when, on one occasion, he failed to present it directly she asked him, with one of her slow, inscrutable smiles, to do so. He did not see the sarcasm beneath her fun, and his insufferable conceit was undoubtedly flattered.

"'Disagreeable things?" she said lightly. "Why, what are they? Tell

me about them." "Well, there's choosing among clerks for promotion, for one thing, and dismissing them when you can't keep them, for another-widows and mothers who come weeping into your office and faint on your sofa and have to be taken home in cabs." "Oh, dear, how sad! Do you have to

say who is to go? It must be very

hard." "It is. There are other things that are just bores, like recommendations, for example. Hardly a day passes but some young fellow asks me for a letter to his chief or a senator or representative. Of course it's easy enough to dictate a few lines of stuff just to satisfy him, but it's a bore to have him come especially when he comes again be-

cause the letter was no good." "But aren't the letters any good? asked Cornelia in real surprise. "I thought you had such-oh, such wonderful influence now. I thought any letter of yours would get any one any thing."

The man looked up with a grim smile. "Oh, of course I can get anything I really want," he said. "I've fixed several men from my state very comfortably, but these others are just boys, Miss Cornelia, looking out for a soft snap. We men can't be bothered with

recommending kids."

"Weren't you ever a kid yourself Mr. Stokes?" was on Cornelia's lips, but she checked them in time. She was thinking of one kid in particular who like these others was looking for a soft snap. At least, he had told Cornelia. it was a soft snap because it meant \$4,500 a year to him and something more precious besides, but there Cornelia knew all about it. When "the kid" had asked her to marry him it was not because she admired his classic profile (even she could hardly call it that), and instead of blaming herself and fate she had found that life had suddenly become grander, sweeter and better worth the living. She wished she could ask this man to help him, to give him the letter the commissioner required and which she knew the boy was going to request. That hateful red tape! The commissioner had said, "Yes, undoubtedly young Beale is the man for the place, but how are we to give it to him when he seems to have no political backing at all, whereas that fellow Morris, who hasn't the sense he was born with, has the whole senate or near it?"

"The kids don't understand the tricks of the trade, you see," the man went on. "They think a letter's a letter and go off grinning, expecting to be in the cabinet in four years and president in eight. They're too soft to know that nine out of ten letters are shams and not worth the paper they're written

Cornelia felt a distinct hatred of this man who could speak so cruelly. How she detested him for saying "kids!" She wished he would go. "How do you manage with the re-

cipients of the letters?" she asked, to make conversation. "Don't they honor all from the Hon. Gilbert Stokes?" "No," he replied. "They all know the little finishing touch that makes it important. If we mean what we say and really want a fellow to get a job, we pin a visiting card to the top of the letter. If there's no card, it means no job. Simple, isn't it? When the letters go by hand, the boys think it's a little dodge to prevent forgery or some-

thing of that sort, and we never have any trouble." Cornella's throat tightened. "I-I don't see how you can do that," she said stiffly. "But-but I suppose"with a swift change of tone-"you

can't help it, of course. And how do you do it?" "It's not much of a story," he said, and it was not, but Cornelia listened with breathless interest and was glad that he wandered on from one topic to another, requiring only monosyllabic replies from her., She sat in the grateful shadow above him, her cheeks burning and her usually quiet hands furling and unfurling her fan. When he rose to go, she said good night with unwonted cordiality and watched him as he strode down the street past the merry doorstep parties out of sight. But long after the last noisy group had dispersed she still sat there thinking.

The boy came up stairs two steps at time and nearly knocked Cornelia over at the top.

"It's come, dear!" he cried, catching her in his arms to steady them both. "So you can order your trousseau at once. It's a sure thing now. That fellow Stokes has sent me a fine letter. Isn't he a brick?"

The quick color flew to Cornelia's cheeks. "Oh," she said, "you got my note? I'm so glad, dear. May I see the let-

ter?" and read it through. It was addressed to the commissioner and asked in courteous and well chosen phrases that the writer's esteemed young friend, Geoffrey Beale, be appointed to the position he sought. The letter was spotless and correct in every detail, but there was no sign of a card either on the letter or in the envelope, the latter containing only Geoffrey's letter of transmittal.

"Will you let me show it to mother. dear?" the girl asked, refolding it. "She will like to see it, of course. It is fine, isn't it?" she rattled on. "Just what you needed. It is so kind of Mr. Stokes. I will be back in a minute or two." She found her mother and read the

precious page to her: then, running noiselessly on the soft carpets, she went to her own room. Hastily selecting a visiting card from the tray on her desk, she pinned it to the letter

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

be, and it is the only way." She knelt a moment with bowed head, then went quietly down stairs. "Mother thinks it is lovely, dear," she said. "See! I have closed it for you, with all my love and best wishes

luck?" They went out together and posted it In the evening the man came again. "A queer thing happened yesterday," ne said. "You remember our talk last week about writing letters of introduction? Well, I wrote one yesterday for that young fellow Beale - you know him, I believe—and my man failed to put the card in. I want Beale to get the place. He's a really capable man. I found the card on the desk after the mail had gone out. I wrote to the commissioner at once. It will be all right, of course, but I wonder how often that

and closed the envelope. Her heart

was beating wildly, and her fluttering

dropped on her knees beside the bed.

wicked, dear God! I don't mean it to

for its success. Won't that give i

sort of thing happens." Cornelia gripped the arms of her chair tightly and stared straight ahead of her into the darkness. The man studied her face.

"That was-that is so kind of you, Mr. Stokes," she said gently. "Geoffrey-I mean Mr. Beale-will be very grateful. We have been so-so anxious for him to succeed."

The man smiled grimly. Then he said "Good night!" and went down the street slowly, as if he was not quite sure of the way.

NASAL CATARRH quickly yields to reatment by Ely's Cream Balm, which s agreeably aromatic. It is received through the nostrils, cleanses and heals the whole surface over which it diffuses itself. A remedy for Nasal Catarrh which is drying or exciting to the diseased membrane should not be used. Cream Balm is recognized as a specific. Price 50 cents at druggists of by mail. A cold in the head immedi ately disappears when Cream Balm is used. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Sta-OHIOAGO, October 22.-Cash prices Flour steady. Wheat-No.2 spring 71%: No. 3 spring 68@71c; No. 2 red 68%@ 71 %c. Corn-No. 2 56c; No. 2 yellow -Oat -No. 2 28 1/c; No. 2 white 34 % @ 36%; No.3 white 30@32%c. Mess pork, per barrel \$16 90@17 00. Lard, 106 bs, \$10 72½@10 75. Short rib sides, loose, \$11 20@11 40. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, \$9 75@10 00. Short clear sides, boxed,\$12 00@1225. Whiskey-Basis of

high wines, \$1 32.
The leading futures ranged as fol lows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No.2 October 70 % @ 70%; December 72%@72%, 72%, 72 73%c. Corn-No.2 October 56, 56, 55%, 56c; December 49% @50%, 50%, 49% 50 1/0 50 1/c; May 42 1/2 043, 43 1/4, 42 1/4 43 1 @43 1c. Oats-No.2 October, new, 31, 31%, 30%, 31%; December, new, 31%@31%, 31%@31%, 31, 31%c; May 31%, 32%, 31%, 32@32%c. Mess pork, per bbl—October \$16 90, 16 90, 16 90, 16 90; January \$15 50, 15 72%, 15 50, 15 67%; May \$14 65, 14 80, 14 65, 14 77%. Lard, per 100 lbs-October \$10 70, 10 70, 10 70, 10 70; November \$10 15, 10 25, 10 15, 10 20; January \$8 95, 9 10, 8 95, 9 05; May \$8 35, 8 45 8 35, 8 40. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—October \$11 50, 11 50 11 50, 11 50; Jan uary \$8 15, 8 27 14, 8 15, 8 27 1/2; May \$7 75, 7 82 14, 7 75, 7 80.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, Oct. 22.-Cotton quiet t 8.70c; net receipts 256 bales; gross receipts 6,491 bales: stock 40,996 bales. Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8.70e; middling gulf 8.95c;

sales 800 bales. WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The following quotations represent wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted BAGGINGandard..... Vestern Smoked-

BRICKS—
Wilmington W M....... 6 50 7 00
Northern 9 00 0 14 00 ORN MEAL— Per bushel, in sacks
Virginia Meal
OOTTON TIES—W bundle
DANDLES—W b—
Sperm
Adamantine
OOFFEE—W b— Laguyra..... Rio.... DOMESTICS— LOUR-W D-Ohoice
Straight
First Patent
3LUE—9 B
3RAIN—9 bushel— Corn, from store, bgs-White

Mixed Corn.
Oats, from store (mixed)..
Oats, Rust Proof.
Oow Peas.
IDES—
B b—
Green salted..... Green saited
Dry fiint
Dry sait

HAY \$ 100 Ds
No 1 Timothy
Bice Straw
N. C. Crop.
HOOP IRON, \$ D
OTHERSE—\$ D
Northern Factory
Dairy Cream Northern
North Carolina
LIME, \$ barrel
BOPK, \$ barrel— Rump..... Prime. BOPE, W D. SALT. W sack, Alum.....

Common mill
Fair mill
Prime mill
Extra mill
Extra mill
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed
M 6x34 heart
Sap.
5x00,Heart

COMMERCIAL

hands could bard'y hold the letter. WILMINGTON MARKET She stood an instant undecided, then Quoted officially at the closing by the Cham "Dear God," she whispered, "don't let it be wicked-please don't let it be STAR OFFICE, October 16.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 52% c per gallon. ROSIN—Market steady at \$1.20 per parrel for strained and \$1.25 per barrel for good strained.
TAR—Market firm at \$1.40 per barrel of 280 lbs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market

firm at \$1.75 per barrel for hard, \$2.90 for dip.

Quotations same day last year—
Spirits turpentine nothing doing;
rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar steady at \$1.35; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.00

Spirits turpentine..... Orude turpentine..... Receipts same day last year—70 casks spirits turpentine, 356 barrels rosin, 168 barrels tar, 10 barrels crude turpentine. Market firm on a basis of 81/2c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary 5% Good ordinary 7% cts. % ib Low middling..... 7¾ Middling..... 8½ " "Good middling..... 8 5-16 " " Same day last year, market quiet at 81/1c for middling. Receipts—3,471 bales; same day last year, 2,849.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants] COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy, 95c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy, 90c. Spanish (new), 65@75c. CORN-Firm; 70@75c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@ 16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 10@11c. EGGS-Firm at 17@18c per dozen. CHICKENS-Firm. Grown, 80@ 85c; springs, 121/025c.
TURKEYS—Firm at 10c for live.
BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.
TALLOW—Firm at 51/061/c per

pound. SWEET POTATOES-Dull at 60c per bushel.

STAR OFFICE, October 17. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market firm at 53%c per gallon. ROSIN-Market steady at \$1.20 per barrel for strained and \$1.25 per barrel for good strained. TAR-Market firm at \$1.40 per barrel of 280 pounds. CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market firm at \$1.75 per barrel for hard, \$3.00 Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar steady at Ordinary...... 5%

\$1.35; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.00 @2.00.
 Spirits turpentine
 117

 Rosin
 430
 Tar 167 7%c for middling. rosin, 312 barrels tar, 122 barrels crude turpentine. COTTON. Market firm on a basis of 81/3c per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary 5¾ Good ordinary 71/8

Middling 8½ " "
Good middling 8 5-16 " "
Same day last year, market quiet at 8½ c for middling. Receipts-2,053 bales; same day last year, 3,693. [Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants!

Low middling 7%

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy, 95c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia-Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy, 90c. Spanish (new),

CORN-Firm, 70@75c per bushel for white. N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 15@ 16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12%c; sides, 10@11c. EGGS-Firm at 17@18c per dozen

CHICKENS-Firm. Grown, 30@ 85c; springs, 12 1/2 @25c.
TURKEYS—Firm at 10c for live.
BEESWAX—Firm at 25c. TALLOW-Firm at 51/261/c per pound. SWEET POTATOES-Dull at 60c

per bushel (Quoted officially at the closing of the Chamber of Commerce.) STAR OFFICE, October 18. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Nothing doing.
ROSIN—Market steady at \$1.20 per

barrel for strained and \$1.25 per barrel for good strained. TAR-Market firm at \$1.40 per barrel of 280 pounds.
CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market firm at \$1.75 per barrel for hard, \$3.00 Quotations same day last year-

Spirits turpentine nothing doing;

rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar steady at

\$1.35; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.00

@2.00.

 Spirit sturpentine.
 135

 Rosin
 307
 Tar..... rosin, 118 barrels tar, 95 barrels crude turpentine. Market firm on a basis of 81/3c per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary...... 5½ cts. 3 Good ordinary...... 7½ Low middling..... 71/4

Middling 83/6 " "
Good middling 8 5-16 " " Same day last year, market quiet at Ke for middling. Receipts—1,668 bales; same day las ear, 4,516. Corrected Begularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm, Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy. pounds. Virginia-Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy, 90c. Spanish (new), 65@75c. CORN-Firm; 70@75c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 15@ 16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12%c; sides, 10@11c. EGGS-Firm at 17@18c per dozen. CHICKENS-Firm. Grown, 30@ 35c; springs, 12%@25c. TURKEYS—Firm at 10c for live. BEESWAX-Firm at 25c.

TALLOW-Firm at 5%@6%c per SWEET POTATOES-Dull at 60c per bushel. [Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber STAR OFFICE, October 20.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market steady at \$1.20 per barrel for strained and \$1.25 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at \$1.40 per bar-

CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market firm at \$1.75 per barrel for hard, \$3.00 Quotations same day last year— Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar steady at \$1.35; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.00

turpentine. COTTON. Market firm on a basis of 81/20 per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary..... 5% cts. 38 lb Good ordinary 71/2 Low middling 73/2 Middling..... 81/4 " "
Good middling 8 5-16 " " Same day last year, market quiet at 8 %c for middling. Receipts—4,586 bales; same day last

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy, 95c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia-Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy, 90c. Spanish (new). 65@75c. CORN—Firm; 70@75c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@ 16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12%c; sides, 10@11c. EGGS—Firm at 17@18c per dozen. CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 30@ 35c; springs, 12 % @25c.
TURKEYS—Firm at 10c for live.
BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW-Firm at 5%@6%c per pound. SWEET POTATOES-Dull at 600 [Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.]

STAR OFFICE, October 21. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Nothing ROSIN-Market steady at \$1.20 per barrelifor strained and \$1.25 per barrel for good strained TAR-Market firm at \$1.40 per bar rel of 280 pounds.
CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market firm at \$1.75 per barrel for hard, \$3.00 for dip.

Quotations same day last year— Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar steady at

RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine..... Rosin Tar turpentine.

\$1.35; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.00

Market firm on a basis of 81/4c per Good ordinary 71/4 Low middling 71/4 Middling 81/8 " " Good middling 8 5-16 " " Same day last year, market firm at Receipts—1,694 bales; same day last

[Corrected Begularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.] COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy, 95c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy, 90c. Spanish (new), CORN-Firm, 70@75c per bushel

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@ 16c per pound; shoulders, 10@121/c; sides, 10@11c.

EGGS—Firm at 17@18c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 30@

35c; springs, 12½@25c.

TURKEYS—Firm at 10c for live.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW-Firm at 51/261/sc per pound. SWEET POTATOES-Dull at 60c per bushel. [Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.]

STAR OFFICE, October 22. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Nothing ROSIN—Market steady at \$1.20 per barrel for strained and \$1.25 per barrel or good strained. TAR-Market firm at \$1.40 per barrel of 280 pounds. CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market firm at \$1.75 per barrel for hard, \$3.00 for dip. Quotations same day last year-

\$1.35; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.00 Spirits turpentine..... Rosin Tar 159 Crude turpentine..... Receipts same day last year—20 casks spirits turpentine, 36 barrels rosin, 121 barrels tar, 62 barrels crude turpentine.

Spirits turpentine nothing doing;

rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar steady at

COTTON. Market firm on a basis of 81/1c per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary....... 5% cts. 7 Good ordinary 71/8 Low middling 734 Middling 8 % " "
Good middling 8 5-16 " " Same day last year, market firm at 7% c for middling. Receipts-1,589 bales; same day last

year, 3,312. [Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.] COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy, 95c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 80c; extra orime, 85c; fancy, 90c. Spanish (new), CORN-Firm; 70@75c per bushel N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@ 16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 10@11c. EGGS—Firm at 17@18c per dozen. CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 30@

Bbc; springs, 12 1/25c.
TURKEYS—Firm at 10c for live.
BEESWAX—Firm at 25c. TALLOW-Firm at 5%@6%c per

SWEET POTATOES—Dull at 60c

per bushel. **NAVAL STORES MARKETS.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Oct. 22.-Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine steady. CHARLESTON, Oct. 22.—Spirits tur pentine and rosin unchanged. SAVARRAH, Oct. 22.—Spirits turpentine was steady at 52%c; receipts 658 casks; sales 240 casks; exports 408 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 2,606 barrels; sales 5,152 barrels; exports 2,556 barrels. Quote: A, B, O, D, \$1 82%, E, \$1 37%; F,\$1 47%; G, \$1 57%; H,\$1 75; I,\$2 00; K \$2 50; M,\$3 00; N,\$3 50; W G,\$3 75; W W,\$4 15.

A world's record was made at the Memphis trotting track yesterday in the first race, a free for all pace to wagon, with amateur drivers. "Edith W." won both heats, each being paced in 2:05 3-4.