FRIDAY, - - SEPTEMBER 11, 1903.

## DIVERSIFICATION.

There is no necessity for farmers in this State who prefer to cultivate two or three straight crops, rather than "farm" in the strict sense of the term, to restrict their choice cotton or tobacco, or both, with or without corn and oats. There another staple crop easily within their range.

Petersburg, Va., says the Manu facturers' Reserd, is in the belt in which the main peanut crop of the coast is raised, and from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 bushels are marketed annually in that city. They are then cleaned, shelled, packed and shipped to all parts of the world, making a very handsome addition to the business of the city. And it is a very good business for the farmers of the district who grow the nuts. "A sale of 50,000 bushels at 90 cents a bushel has just been made, and the crop in the hands of the merchants and manufacturers of the city is smaller than for many years.

It is not made clear by the terms of the report whether 90 cents s bushel is the price paid to the farm ers, or is the price after the nuts have been cleaned, assorted, etc. for the market; but even if the farmers of the district get only 40 or 50 cents a bushel for the product as it leaves their farms, it is seen that the crop adds considerably to their income-something between \$800,000 and \$1,500,000 a year. At 90 cents a bushel, of course, these figures would be doubled.

The domestic and foreign con sumption of these nuts is steadily increasing year by year, and they are being grown extensively in State west of Virginia and North Caro lina to supply the demand. It is fact, we believe, that the crop can be grown as successfully and economically in this State as in any part of the country. We have seen many luxuriant "patches" of it in Carolina and Georgia; but have no record of the yield per acre, in any case, for purposes of comparison. It is known, however, from the reports made of experiments with the "Spanish" variety a few years ago, that that variety yields enormously. and it may be assumed that the larger kind, usually cultivated for the market, would do as well on the same ground, and as well as the same kind in Virginia with the same attention that is given to it there.

Some of our farmers, in Colleton and other counties, who have been so greatly "discouraged" by their experience with low-priced tobacco this year, might find it to their ad vantage to give peanuts as fair a trial next year. The crop can be cultivated with far less trouble, labor and expense than is required by tobacco; indeed, with less than is required by corn, we believe. It does not call for any part of the skill, persistent care and scientific treatment that must be employed in harvesting and curing tobacco but is simply ploughed out of the ground and gathered and dried like hay, to be "picked" at leisure afterwards-and if the price of the nuts should not warrant picking them from the vines, the crop as if grows on the land, or after it has been harvested, has no superior as a food for hogs and cattle. It is well worth cultivating for that use alone; none more so. It is also as good a "grass-killer" as cow peas, and like cow peas, we believe, improves the land where they are

grown. In these conditions it is evident that no farmer can possibly lose anything on the crop even if he does not market the nuts. And if he can both use the vines as winter forage, and sell even twenty or thirty bushels of pounds, and 6 feet 4 inches in nuts per acre at 40 to 50 cents a bushel, the crop should certainly great weight broke through the yield him a fair profit in money besides. What more could be required of it? Neither cotton nor tobacco always does so much .-Charleston News and Courier.

## CONCERNING COTTON.

We publish to-day a letter from Col. Alfred Aldrich, in which he takes issue, not with us, but with the general impression that exists that those farmers who rush their cotton to market early in the Fall do better than those who wait for higher prices than cotton then brings. Col. Aldrich contends that such is only the case when the price of cotton is high at the beginning of the ed orders and swam out, but was as 5,501, about 400 more than last year. baskets. H. E. NEWBURY, Sec. season, as happens to be the case at mad as a hornet because his plans The books will probably go this week present, and that it is manifestly foolish to continue to rush cotton to market after the price begins to fall, in which opinion, at first thought, everybody is likely to agree with him. But on second thought the reflection must occur to every thinking man that every planter's cotton is not ready at the opening of the season, and later on, when the great body of the crop is ready for market, the majority of the farmers cannot hold it back, for they must pay their fertilizer bills and other debts, and then the comparatively few who can and do hold their cotton back for two or three months find that the market has been so depressed by the rush of cotton that

had to be sold that they wish they had sold before, and unless they can hold out to Spring, are obliged to sell at a sacrifice.

Col. Aldrich, however, thinks he sees a remedy for this evil, other than the old-fashioned and common sense one of not planting more cotton than you can grow without going in debt. He maintains that the present high price of cotton is due, not to the fact that the cotton mills have not enough stock on hand to run their mills, but to the work of the speculators in cornering the market and preventing the mills from supplying themselves except at a greatly enhanced price. We conless we do not understand this reasoning, for if the mills had been well supplied with cotton for the season, the corner would not have raised the price, for there would

have been no market for the cotton in the hands of the speculators. So, of course, there were two things necessary to produce the present high price of cotton-the smallness of the stock in comparison with the needs of the mills, and a speculator, or organization of speculators strong enough (i. e., having money enough) and smart enough to get control of the supply. So much for Col. Aldrich's opinion that the present high price of

cotton is the work of the specula-

tors and not the result of the scarcity of the staple. Now, as to Col. Aldrich's fine scheme for keeping the price of cotton steady at figures which would allow a reasonable profit to both farmers and manufacturers. He says that if the bulls on the Cotton Exchange in New York would buy October cotton at present prices and send circulars to leading farmers throughout the South to hold back as much of their cotton as they can and the leading farmers followed their advice, cotton would sell as well in October as it does now, and the same thing might be repeated for November, and so on for the rest of the season; and that either Rockefeller. Carnegie or scheme, and what one of those could do, a combination of capitalists could accomplish. Well, suppose they could. What would they for? Just to help lions of it. By buying cotton in the

first instance very low and forcing the price up, up, up, making money on every transaction, until they closed out. Where is there any room for such transactions where cotton is kept steadily at one price? Col. Aldrich has a great deal to say about "fool" farmers, and he does

not seem to have a much better opin-

ion of the speculators. Col. Aldrich has not in so many words, it is true, said anything about keeping cotton at one price, but that is just what his scheme, if amount to. There is, of course, a true measure of the price of any raw material, and that is a price that permits a reasonable profit for producers and manufacturers, and the only way that can be obtained is by free competition, without the intervention of tariffs, or of combines or trusts, whether they be of speculators, manufacturers or planters themselves. - Charleston News and

An unmarried woman in Rowan county the other day applied the lash to a man, a cousin of hers, on the public highway, the ill feeling existing between them having emanated from a law suit now pending in the courts over an estate to which both claim to be heirs. Is this a sample of the New Woman?

Probably the largest man in the world died in Ohio the other day. "Big Joe" Grimes is his name. He was 34 years of age, weighed 754 height. While riding in a cab his bottom and one of his legs was gashed, the wound refusing to heal.

Mr. Henry L. Dohlman, of Kokomo, Ind., charges his wife, who erating a marriage trust, he being the eighteenth man she has married States. Blessed Tony!

A man was prevented from comwere interfered with.

Rome, N. Y., experienced her first snow storm of the season last Saturday. "Good old Summer time" still lingers with us down this way, however.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollar Beward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truar, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholetale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

## TAX RATE REDUCED

Commissioners Made Voluntary Reduction of 15 Per Cent. for County Purposes.

THE BOARD MET YESTERDAY

City Books Sompleted Yesterday Show Material Increase in Values-The Schools of New Hanover Will Have Ample Punds-Notes.

At a special meeting of the County Commissioners yesterday afternoon something of an agreeable surprise was sprung upon the public by the adoption of a resolution reducing by 15 per cent, all real and personal property and poll tax levied for county pur poses for the current fiscal year and directing the sheriff to make such deductions upon the tax books as turned over to him Monday for collection. The preamble and order taking the commendable action referred to, were unanimously adopted as follows:

"WHEREAS: The amount of taxes to be collected on basis of the total tax levy of 384 cents as made June 1st will be in excess of the financial needs of the county,

"It is hereby ordered that the Sheriff of the county deduct from the county taxes as computed under the above levy 15 per cent, of the amount of taxes charged against each tax payer for county purposes.

"It is further ordered that the clerk of this Board add the foregoing order as an amendment to the order heretofore made by him directing the sheriff of this county to collect the taxes charged upon tax books for 1903 and urned over to said sheriff by this Board."

The STAR is sure that the reduction by the Commissioners will be heartily appreciated by the public. Chairman McEachern and members of the Board weighed the matter carefully and found that the reduction could be made without impairing the efficiency of any department of the public work and naturally they felt inclined to relieve the burden upon all citizens as much as possible. The amount levied Gould could alone finance the for county purposes was 384 cents on the \$100 valuation of real and personal property in the county and was distributed among the several funds as follows: General fund, 234c.; Hospital, 7c.; Court House bonds, 4c , and road bonds 4c. The reduction of 15 cotton planters? Hardly! What per cent. brings the rate to 32.87 cents did the bull clique raise the price on the \$100 valuation instead of 384c. of cotton for this time? To make as before. The poll tax levied for money, and they have made it; mil- county purposes was \$1.16 and that, too, is reduced by 15 per cent. Of course, the State and school tax remains unchanged at 43c. on real and personal property, making the total rate on those subjects 75.87. The total poll tax will be \$2.28. The school tax will not be diminished and by the arrangements with the Commissioners as to the liquor tax, etc., it may be

lack of funds. The reduction of 15 per cent. in the taxes for county purposes means that \$6.814.17 will remain in the pockets of individuals this year and the Commissioners are satisfied that it could be carried out, would the reduced rate will furnish ample tures of \$43,540 for the current fiscal

stated that neither the city nor the

country institutions will suffer for

Before the reduction was made by the Commissioners \$193 had been paid to the sheriff at the original rate. Those tax payers will receive back \$13.66, as

result of the reduction Chairman McEachern and Mesars. Alexander and Robertson were the members in attendance upon yester day's meeting of the Commissioners. The only other business transacted was an order that a duplicate be issued to Piner & Buck for warrant No. 807 of date Aug. 6th, 1903, the original warrant having been lost, and that John Robinson, colored, of Federal Point township, be allowed \$2 per month on outdoor poor list.

The City Tax Books, Capt. A. L. DeRosset Monday completed a computation of the city tax books which show a big increase in valuation as will be seen from the following comparative table for the past

three fiscal years: ..9,349,766 8,124,240 8,418,483

There are still about \$150,000 in valuations to be sent down by the Corporation Commission to be added to the 1903 figures above. The tax rate, however, has been reduced this year and there will be only a slight increase is now suing for divorce, with op- in the revenue to be derived by the city. The amount upon the valuation shown above will be \$140,246.49 and in as many years. He says she has \$11,378.94 on polls, making a total of four divorced husbands in Indiana, \$151,625.43, against \$145,045.62 shown relay. eight in Ohio and five in other by the books in 1903 and \$147,314.76 in 1901. The number of polls this year is 1,973 whites and 1,132 colored, making a total of 3,105, yielding a revenue of \$11,378.94 against a total mitting suicide in Chicago river the number of 2,788 yielding a revenue of other day by a policeman covering \$11,103.84 in 1902 and a total number him with a revolver and declaring of 2,926 polls in 1901. The total numhim with a revolver and declaring of 2,926 polls in 1901. The total num-him under arrest. The fellow obey- ber of names on the books this year is and are requested not to forget their

> The Richmond Dispatch says: They are going to try Jett in Kentucky for another murder. If they convict him they can't hang him until he serves out his life term in the penitentiary, and then he will not mind the choking.

Treasurer for collection.

It is said that 75,000 sandwiches and 500 kegs of beer were used at one of the Bill Devery pienics in New York.

The race question seems to be settled in Elwood, Ind., as no negroes are allowed in that town.

LINE OF THROUGH STEAMERS

Charlotte Shippers' Association May Advantage Itself of Water Transportation from New York Via Wilmington.

The Charlotte Observer of yesterday, in reporting a meeting of the Corporation Commission to hear the complaint of certain shippers of that be here on next Tuesday's steamer. city against the railroads for discrimination in freight rates to that point.

"The shippers complained that they were forced to pay higher rates than were granted to their competitors in other points, and that the rates be tween Charlotte and various points were not equitable. Comparisons were made of the rate

on freight between Charlotte and Wi mington, Norfolk, Lynchburg and ichmond. Figures were given to show that the railroads charge higher rates per mile between Wilmington and Charlotte than between Charlotte and either of the other points men "A petition, asking that the rate be equalized and lowered, was filed with the commissioner. The clerk

will immediately serve this petition

on the railroads and ask for an an

swer within the next ten days. I

the petition is not granted, a day will be set for a hearing, which will prob ably be held in Charlotte. "If the Charlotte shippers succeed in having the rates between this city and Wilmington lowered, it is quite probable that a line of through steamers will be established between the latter place and New York. This would result in not only giving Charlotte business men more favorable freight rates, but would improve the

NAVIGATION OF THE GAPE FEAR.

service greatly."

Preliminary Survey Will be Commence

Very Soon by Captain Burbank Capt. S. F. Burbank, who is tempo rarily in charge of the U. S. Engineering Department of the Wilmington District, is in Fayetteville for the pur pose of inaugurating a survey of the Cape Fear river between that city and Wilmington, with the ultimate view of making the stream navigable all the year round by means of the sys tem of locks and dams so often spoken of in connection with the project.

Capt. Burbank will at once begin the construction of a large house boat at Fayetteville, and it will be used by himself and assistants in making preliminary survey of the river and locating the locks and dams. There will be three locks and each will cost \$450,000. The amount of money available for the preliminary work is

THE LOCAL MARKETS AND SHIPPING

Cotton Receipts Continue Light-Schooner Arrived and Another Sailed.

Schooner "Lillian Woodruff," hence for Port-au-Prince with cargo of lumber, passed out at Southport yester-

Schooner "Victor C. Records. Capt. Griffith, arrived yesterday from Philadelphia with cargo of fertilizer material, which is being discharged at the Carolina Central wharves. Cotton receipts yesterday were 368

bales, most of which came over the W., C. & A. railroad from the South. The market remains steady at 111c. for middling. Tar advanced yesterday to \$1.75 per barrel on the local market. The Champion Compress be gan operations in a small way yesterfunds to meet the estimated expendiday. Since Sept. 1st the receipts have been only a little more than 800 bales.

Parallel With New Hanover Gase. Fayettteville Observer: "The Couny Commissioners and Cross Creek Stock Law Fence Commissioners were on Monday served with a temporary injunction restraining them from levying a special tax for the maintenance of the present fence and the extension of the said fence, to include a larger territory in 71st. The injunction was issued at the instance of Messrs. D. N McLean and J. R. Carter, who allege that the levy will be unconstitutiona in that the act enlarging the fence law territory was not read in the Legislature on three consecutive days and the yea and nay vote recorded; and further, that the levy is unconstitution, in that the people affected did not vote on the matter; and further, that it is contrary to the Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution. The matter will be heard before Judge H.

R. Bryan, at Lumberton, on the 18th.'

Improved Telegraph Service. It is said that the visit of the Wesern Union officials to Wilmington last week will result in improving the company's service in this city. It has been decided to string a new copper wire from New York to Wilmington, and also to put up a direct copper wire from Wilmington to Atlanta. The latter service will be in operation at an early date. The copper wire from New York has already been built as far as Richmond and it will be brought on without delay. New York and Atlanta are the largest relay offices in the United States and with direct wire to both places Wilmington can reach nearly every city of importance in the country either direct or with one

REUNION OF VETERANS:

There will be a reunion of Co. B. First N. C. Battalion, Heavy Artillery, at Magnolia, N. C., Thursday, September 17th. All surviving members are earnestly requested to be present. The

into the hands of the City Clerk and Three Fire Alarms Yesterday. The fire laddies have had several

runs for their money during the past few days. Early yesterday afternoon they had a call way over the railroad and at 7:35 o'clock last night they responded to a false alarm from Water and Chesnut. About 11 o'clock last night a small blaze in some lathes back of the furniture store of G. D. Phares & Co., on Market street, called the department out in response to an alarm from Water and Market streets.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Aldruggists refund the money if it fails to cure E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

CASTORIA The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Improved Device That Will Save the City Lots of Money.

The Streets and Wharves Committee of the city has closed a contract for one of the celebrated street sweepers, manufactured by Chas. Hyraes, of New York city, and the machine will The list price of the sweeper is \$450, but the committee succeeded in getting it as a first order at \$325. It has an iron frame, four wheels and two 8-feet brooms of bamboo and rattan. The parts of the machine are guaranteed for one and two years and the committee figures that it will more than pay for itself in one year. Upon its arrival the streets will be swept three nights per week instead of two.

Alderman Sweeney who saw some of the new machines in operation in New York city this Summer, says the steel frame will accommodate ten men and upon the first trip of the Wilmington machine he hopes to take the Board of Aldermen for a ride. Alderman W. H. Yopp, another member of the committee, has christened the machine "Nancy Hanks."

CHARLEY OWENS NEEDS ATTENTION.

Amusing Request to County for Pay for Pulling Him Out of the River.

"Charley Owens" needs a guardian; at least this Charley Owens, of whom we are about to speak, needs somebody to care for him. Application has been made to the county commissioners for some relief, but in the light of all circumstances the commissioners can't see why they are under any particular obligations to look after "Charley." At the regular monthly meeting of the Board, Tuesday, the following formal request was handed in, and is printed here as near true to copy as the science of typography will permit:

aug the 3d 1908 Wilmington N C to the hon Board of County Cosche mers I do ask you to Pay me for Taking charley Owen out of the River as I have had to do sevel Times after which I thought it time to ask for something for my services. Dr Mc-Millon knows This to be True also Preton comings Dr Bell and Washington king. You respt

Prosperous Fayetteville.

The mail carrier delivery service etteville Nov. 1st. The Observer of yesterday afternoon says that Postoffice Inspector F. N. Davis, who is there making arrangements for the inauguration of the system, deems it necessary to find enlarged quarters for the postoffice at once. Remarking upon that evidence of prosperity the Observer concludes: "All this brings forcibly to mind the growing necessity for a Federal building for this city, and prospective developments are fast approaching the point where Fayetteville will be able to demand such a building, to-wit: The rapid growth of the city; the brilliant immediate future by the canalization of the Cape Fear between here and Wilmington, and the transmission here by January 1st of three thousand electric horse-power from Buckhorn."

Wants a Location and Partner. Secretary Kyle, of the Chamber of Commerce, has a letter from a gentleman in Peidmont North Carolina who contemplates removing to Wilmington in the early Spring and desires to correspond with parties who may be interested in going into a corporation to sell and manufacture furniture, deal in musical instruments, sewing machines, etc. upon a large scale. He suggests the formation of a stock company of about \$10,000 capital and says he is well posted upon the possibilities of a small manufacturing plant along the lines mentioned. Further information may be had by applying to Secretary Kyle at the Chamber of

Testimonial to Lipton.

Mayor Springer has received a letter from Secretary Clifford Wayne Hartridge, of New York, asking him to become a member of a National Committee recently organized with Gen. Jos. Wheeler as chairman and the Western National Bank, of New York, as treasurer, for the purpose of raising by popular subscription a fund to be used for the purpose of presenting to Sir Thomas Lipton a silver service as a testimonial of the esteem in which he is held by the American people. The idea is to have each city in the United States participate in this testimonial and Mayor Springer is asked to receive and forward any amounts that that may be offered.

Capt. A. D. Brown, one of Wilmington's leading and most enterprising dry goods merchants, yesterday moved from his temporary stand on store on Front street. The front is one of the pretiest in the city and the interior, filled with an entirely new stock of goods, presents a scene beautiful to behold. Capt. Brown is to be congratulated upon "getting home again" after the recent fire and upon finding such a beautiful place in which to locate when he returned.

Fire Engine Overturned.

While responding to the alarm of fire from Nutt and Brunswick streets night before last, the big engine at Fourth and Princess street station was overturned at Second and Brunswick. The big steamer remained in the ditch until yesterday. The damage to the engine by the accident will not exceed \$5. Chief Schnibben was on the ap- Catawba farmers are doing that paratus at the time but escaped injury, very thing. with others of the department.

-Robert Bolden, colored, charged with carrying a concealed weapon was sent to jail by Justice Fowler yes-terday in default of \$25 bond for his appearance at the next term of Superior Court.

OHIO CAMPAIGN FAIRLY OPENED.

Democrats at Akron Addressed by Tom L. Johnson, Jno H. Clarke, Henry George.

**.000 PEOPLE WERE PRESENT** 

Senator Hanna Scored by the Speakers Remedies in the Way of Controlling Trusts Suggested- Advocated Philippine Independence.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. AKRON, O., Sept. 9.—The Democrat State campaign opening meeting was held in this city to-night, ad dresses being delivered by Tom L Johnson, candidate for Governor of Ohio; John H. Clark, candidate for United States Senator, and Henry George, Jr., of New York. The attendance at the meeting was estimated

at 3,000. Mr. Johnson in his speech

"The city of Cleveland furnishes an excellent illustration of the issues of the Democratic party in this campaign. Cleveland has become known as the most completely enjoined city n Ohio. Since I have been mayor fifteen injunctions have been issued against the city in the interest of the owners of valuable special privileges like the street railroads and the gas and electric light companies. And after each injunction the Democratic pluralities have been larger than be

ore. "Senator Hanna, who is financially nterested in some of these public service corporations, with the aid of Attorney General Sheets, has been able to prevent the city from compelling the public service corporations to pay their just share of the taxes, and has so far blocked the establishment of a three cent fare on the street railroads to compete with his five cent fare

"Senator Hanna is standing for vin dication. He stands for vindication on that variety of municipal owner ship which through the ship subside proposes to pay into the pockets o Mr. Hanna's friends from ten to fifteen million dollars annually in ship subsidies. He stands as opposed to allow ing the people of Cleveland to express their will as to whether they desire an electric plant. I will be satisfied with the verdict of the voters.'

John H. Clarke referred to Senator Hanna's "stand pat" policy and said "While Senator Hanna has thus been urging this do-nothing policy, there has been worked out, unrestrained in our country, the greatest industrial revolution of modern times, which has branch of business an manufacture in the control of a form of monopoly, which all the world except Mr. Hanna agrees to call 'a trust.'

"As to the remedies in the way of controlling trusts, the first is the taking of the tariff from all articles, the manufacture and sale of which is controlled by a monopoly, and the second the limiting of the capitalization of all corporations engaged in interstate commerce strictly to the value of the property invested. Mr. Clarke favored granting imme-

liate independence to the Filipinos.

A NEGRO MURDERER.

Growd Wanted to Lynch the Man Who Was Rescued by a Police Officer After a Strugge.

CHICAGO MOB CHASES

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—Under a fire of bricks and stones, policemen last night rescued a negro murderer from a mob of would-be lynchers. Ten minutes before, John Brinkley, a colored watchmao, had shot and killed Charles McCarthy, a plasterer, almost in the presence of the latter's wife, who stood in the doorway holding her baby. Then the negro, backing into the doorway of his own quarters, held a crowd of 200 men and boys at bay until Patrolman Robert Mooney

walked up to him unarmed, and took away his weapon. Mooney took his prisoner to the Tile factory, in which Brinkley was employed, to await the patrol wagon. But as he did so, the crowd surged for ward once more with cries of him!" "lynch him; get a rope!" Brinkley turned and fled from the

office by the rear door. The mob saw the escape, and headed by Mooney streamed down an alley in pursuit The negro then ran several blocks before he was finally overtaken. The policeman having been brushed aside Brinkley was now at the mercy of the A teamster jumped down from his wagon and began lashing the negro across the face with his whip, the ictim being held the while by a lozen men and boys. A patrol wagor gether with Mr. Mooney seized th negro and succeeded in dragging him to the patrol wagon. The horses were whipped up and the rescued prisoner

the rioters was arrested The killing grew out of a quarrel in which McCarthy had accused Brinkley of stealing chickens from his premises

RESULT OF A QUARREL

One White Man Kills Another Near Spartanburg, South Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHARLOTTE, N. C., Sept. 9.-A special to the Observer from Spartanburg. Market street to his handsome new S. C., says that Miller McKinney, a merchant of Tacapau Mills, S. C., was this afternoon shot and killed on the public road near Spartanburg by Harry Dean, aged 18 years, of Duncans, S. C. Dean surrendered, claiming that he shot in self -defence, Mc-Kinney attempting to shoot him as the result of a quarrel over a debt of \$2,50, which McKinney alleged Dean owed. Both Dean and McKinney were mem-

> - Charlotte Observer: The North Carolina farmer who has sold cotton at five cents and still lived, must feel himself indeed a lord of creation now when he can lean back, with his thumbs in the armholes of his vest, and decline offers of eleven cents for his new crop as soon as he can put it on the market. The Newton Enterprise tells that

What Is Life? In the last analysis nobody knows,

but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, pain results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle,  ANARCHY IN THE

CITY OF BEIRUT

The Government Seemingly Unwilling of Assure Safety of Residents-Timely Arrival of U. S. Warships.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BIERUT, SYRIA, Monday, September 7, via Port Said .- Vice Consul Magelssen, when he was fired at recently, was near a police booth. assailant is not yet known. The authorities are indifferent and thus far

have given no satisfaction. The Moslem section of the city, from Friday up to last night, was in a state of anarchy and thirty persons were killed, among whom, however, were no foreigners. The shops are closed the streets descried and the government is seemingly unable or unwilling to assure the safety of the resi-

The arrival of the American cruisers Brooklyn and San Francisco was most opportune. Admiral Cotton is on the alert and signal men and a guard slept at the United States consulate last night. The men on board the warships are under arms ready to disembark on a signal from the consulate. The boats of the Brooklyn and San Francisco have reconnoitred the coast below property of the American Mission, in order to select landing places in case of need. The American Mession authorities have demanded guards from the governor for the pro tection of the Mission printing office and the Mission property. An attemp to enter an American residence on Sat

urday was frustrated. The Americans here think the United States government should insist on the dismissal of the vali of Beirut, a notorious bribe-taker, and to whom all the disorders are attributed. The opinion here is that the powers should take action with a view to bringing Beirut under the jurisdiction of an autonomous Christian government for the Lebanon district.

AN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

Spectator Struck and Hurt So Badly That He Died on the Way to a Hospital. The Machine Wrecked.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. DETROIT, MICH., Sept. 9 .- While Barney Oldfield's racing automobile was running nearly sixty miles an hour at the Grosse Pointe track this afternoon in the ten-mile open event, one of the front tiers on the machine burned through and exploded, throwing the car into the fence and injuring Frank Shearar, a spectator, so terribly that he died in an ambulance en route to the hospital. The car went fifty feet through the air, and Oldfield, who from death. He received several cuts

about the body and had one rib broken. Oldfield had just time to twist his brake and head for a spot between two trees. Shearar was standing against the fence at this point and the car struck him squarely, breaking both legs in several places and fracturing his skull. He was thrown seventy-five feet and never recovered consciousness. Oldfield had presence of mind enough to throw himself backward on the flat deck of the car, which went crashing through a low tree and was completely wrecked. Shearar's brother was standing near

THE DELANO GASE.

him and had a narrow escape.

An interesting Article from the Army and

Navy Register of September. The following from the Army and be read with much interest here by the friends of Mr. Philip Delano:

"The paymaster general of the navy of leniency in the settlement of accounts of navy paymasters. "He is understood to entertain some decided notions of the severity of the action taken in the case of Delano. the officer of the corps who was recentailure to promptly keep his accounts Delano, at the worst, seems to have been careless, but he was far from being crooked, as was implied in the original charges brought against him. Paymaster General Harris believes that in exacting settlement from pay officers there should be allowed them every opportunity to adjust matters and

that there should be no unreasonable or excessive restriction placed upon them in the settlement of accounts. He has decided that when officers' accounts are to be settled, or when questions are involved, the officer most directly interested shall come to Washington and assist in the settlement. The first officer to be allowed this privlege is Paymaster H. L. Robbins. who has been on duty as pay officer. purchasing pay officer and general storekeeper at the Pensacola, Fla navy yard. He must settle these accounts as well as some prior accounts accrued while he was attached to the

HARD TO EVEN HOBBLE

A Good Example of How Far Cases Have Gone in Wilmington.

Nothing is more dangerous, if neglected, than kidney disease. If allowed to run on, it attacks every organ and every part of the body. Here's a Wilmington case in point. in which a well known citizen points the short way out.

E. Poezolt, merchant tailer, of South Front street, residing at 315 North Sixth street, says: "My wife used Doan's Kidney Pills and in her case they proved to be an effective remedy. She suffered with her ankles and could scarcely get down stairs in the morning. We thought it was rheumatism and her ankles would be all puffed up every morn. ing so she could hardly hobble around. Since obtaining Doan's Kidney Pills at R. R. Bellamy's drug store and taking them she seems like another person. She is better in the morning, the swelling left her ankles and from the great relief she obtained we are only too glad to recommend Doan's Kidney

Pills to others." For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co... Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name-Doan's and take no substitute. sep 6 1w THE POSTAL INVESTIGATION

W. Machen and Geo. W. Beavers, Two of the Persons Indicted by the

Pederal Grand Jury.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star WASHINGTON, September 9.-One of the persons indicted yesterday by the Federal grand jury in connection with the postal investigation, is George W Beavers, formerly chief of the division of salary and allowances. It is understood that the charge is conspiracy. Another of the indictments is against August W. Machen, on a new set of

facts, involving him with Beavers. The charge is conspiracy. While the officials refuse to disclose the names of the four remaining persons who were indicted yesterday, it is said that none of them is or has been connected with the Postoffice Department, and that one is a man of some prominence. It was stated at the City Hall to day that the climax of the investigation is to come shortly when a person not connected with the department, but equally as well known as the postmaster general himself, undoubtedly will be indicted for complicity in the postoffice frauds. grand jury began hearing the evidence in this particular case and it is stated that when a report is made it will in all probability conclude the investigation in Washington.

ACCUSED OF MURDER.

Negro han Arrested in Philadelphia on Complaint of His Wife. By Telegraph to the Morning Star

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—On info mation furnished by Alice Stayton colored, Essex Stayton, her husband, was to day committed to prison, accused of murder. Mrs. Stayton visited a magistrate's office to procure a war rant for her husband's arrest on charge of assault and battery. While telling her story she declared Stayton had shot and killed Abraham Little, his brother-in-law, in March, 1902, at Grimesland, Pitt county, N. C. When Navy Register of September 5th will arraigned for a hearing Stayton was asked if he had killed Little. He said self-defence had shot him. He left the place at once and did not know whethis disposed to use a reasonable amount | er Little's wound had proved fatal. Mrs. Stayton testified that Little dird five days after the shooting. The local authorities will communicate with the

authorities of Pitt county, N. C. - A Salisbury special says: A free for all fight occurred in Providence township, this county. A woman, who is one of the wealthiest in the township, engaged in the fight and knocked a man into a

litch and beat him unmercifully. A Boy's Wlid Ride for Life.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life eight-teen miles to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonis, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and Grip proves its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free, at R. R. Bellamy's drug

PUZZLE PICTURE

PICTORIAL PUZZLE.



WHAT CONFEDERATE GENERAL IS REPRESENTED?



Diarrhoca, Dysentery, a the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age.

Aids Digestion, Regulate the Bowels, Strengthen the Child and Makes TUSKECHE, Ala., July 28, 1878.—DR. C. J. MOFFETT—My Dear Sir: Justice to you demands that I cheald give so my experience with your excellent medicine, TEETHINA. Our little girl, just thirteen menths old, hashad made trouble techning. Every remedy was exhausted in the shape of prescriptions from family physicians. It is found to continued to pass off pure blood and burning fever continued for days at a time. Her life was affected to the mother determined to try TEETHINA, and in a day or two there was a great change—new life had remove the bowels were regular, and thanks to TEETHINA. the little babe is now doing well.

Yours, etc., D. W. McIVER, Editor and Proprietor Tuskegee (Ala.) News.