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#### CHICKENS COME HOME TO ROOST

The Roosevelt administration has all along been denying reports of serious friction with the new Republic of Panama which was born a year ago last November while United States marines were standing godfather. The Washington government would have us believe that everything was getting along swimmingly. Events of the past few days, however, show to the con-

The fact is that as soon as Roosevelt got his Panama ducks in a row last Winter he appointed a commisnon to take charge of the canal mone, govern the same and make the arrangements for and supervise the ultimate digging of the canal. The commission acted as if the Panama Republic had relinquished all sovereignty over the canal strip and put us in complete control. Acting upon that assumption, Roosevelt's commission established new ports in order to circumvent tablished postoffices throughout the canal zone, and actually taxed for the benefit of the United States even the lands of the natives and | the realm of tragedy. other holders within the zone.

The Panama government was un-

der the impression that her hastily maked through treaty with us only guaranted us the canal rights and lef: the absolute sovereignty of the canal zone to Panama. Naturally, therefore, the Panamanos saw at once that the construction which the Rossevelt administration put upon the treaty, would pauperize the litthe Republic. The new ports establisted by the United States would destroy the business of the Panama ports, for while the United States would be collecting duties Panama's ports would have little or none to collect. The Panama government also contended that the establishment of postoffices by the United States would likewise deprive her of revenues from that sources, and the taking of the taxes from the people living in the zone would make pretby much a clean sweep of all that the canal zone was supposed to hold for Panama.

These, and other things, of course, have brought on contentions between the Panama Republic and the all-powerful canal commission. The contentions have reached the acute stage, and we have no doubt that the events of the past few days will cut quite a figure in our presidential campaign. It lugs in the Panama coupe of the administration last November, and already several Democratic campaigners have taken sevantage of the opportunity to show up the hypocricy with which the administration acted in this

Every man who is in the possesdon of all his faculties will have to agree that the Washington Post sizes up the matter correctly in this editorial comment on the recent de-

So it appears at last that, not with standing the vehement denials by the administration through its repsentatives, there has been very erious friction between our government and that of Panama. It apears, moreover, that the misunder tanding must have reached a Particularly acute stage to call for the appointment of a mission to the thmus headed by the Secretary of war, and including committees of both Houses of Congress. Rumors e this effect were rife only a few eeks ago. High officials of the Pansma government openly declared that the new republic had been mised by false promises, and although heae statements were promptly and emphatically challenged in Washagton, their authors did not retract Ir in any way modify them. Now, here is no further attempt to disguise the existence of a bitter clash, and one may readily imagine its importance by considering the nature of the remedy the President has applied. It is only too evident that the situation is critical, indeed. For our part, we have always thought that the establishment of there public of Panama was much too sudden to be legitimate, and far too fruitful of coincidences to leave the United States free of the men. was most uupleasantly significant that our forces were on hand when

under orders to permit no "inter-ference" by Colombia. No one can explain, upon any theory involving our innocence in the premises, the facts that the alleged "revolution" occurred on the night of November 3, 1903, and that the new republic was "recognized" on the 6th, at a time when the government was represented by a self-appointed junta, composed of three persons, and when there was not the slightest visible evidence of popular support or even popular knowledge of the pretended upheaval. The patriot fathers, in fact, were so poverty stricken in the matter of material that the junta, pressed for time, had to send to Washington as Panama's diplomatic representative a gentleman who was neither a native nor a citizen—in a word, M. Bunan-Varilla, a worthy French gentleman, whose only in-terest in the affair lay with the sale of the French company's rights, pro-perties, junk, prospects, &c., to the United States.

Just here, we fancy, the core of

Panama's discontent will be discoy. ered, for M. Bunau-Varilla, hasten ing fondly to Washington—he reached here within ten days after the "revolution"—and finding a "treaty" already cut and dried, so expedited the formalities that the document was solemnly signed only two or three hours before the arrival of a genuine Panama committee which had been hurrled hither to see to its proper and satisfactory formulation. This, in fact, is the genesis of the Panama complaint. Mesars. Boyd. Amador, and Arosemena were duly authorized to look after the interests of their fellow citizens, but M. Bunau-Varilla saw to it that a treaty which met the views of the United States government and the French company was finally executed before they could get here to interpose protest or offer a suggestion. It will transpire, we think, that this treaty constitutes the grievance of real moment. Dr. Morales and Senor Obaldia both insist that it is not what the Panamanos had been promised er led to expect, and it is quite plain that the ill feeling springs from M. Bunau-Varilla's lightning-

Of course, it is a mere incident in one sense, for the whole performance was so grotesque and so devoid of every quality of legitimacy it — The Treasury receipts for would be unreasonable to expect a October are about \$2,000,000 less the ports controlled by Panama, es. | single dignified feature at any stage of the transaction. To compress the obvious comment into an aphorism, the episode would make a comic | ington Post. opera if it could be rescued from

The STAR's telegraphic dispatches yesterday brought news of a reported conflict between United States marines and about two hundred armed men, either Colombians or Panamanos, who disapprove of the course of the government of the little Republic. A skirmish in which several were killed, is reported.

That the Washington government anticipates trouble, it is only necessary to refer to the fact that additional marines have been ordered to Panama by the War Department at Washington. It is stated that they go to "relieve" the marines already there, but most likely they go to reinforce those there. At any rate they are needed in Panama and will be rushed out at once. A press dispatch from Panama says:

"The news from Washington that Secretary of War Taft is to come to the isthmus next month, accompa nied by Minister Obaldia and Wil liam Nelson Cromwell, counsel of the Panama Canal Company, to arrange the matters in controversy between the United States govern-ment and Panama, and the declarations of President Roosevelt on the subject are received with satisfaction in all circles. President Amador is in receipt of messages of congratulation from all parts of the republic.'

"Is fiction declining?" asks magazine. No, it is simply reclining on the heaving bosom of the Republicans who are using it to make the country believe that Roosevelt's corporosity is going to encumber the Presidential chain four years

A Philadelphian is suing for a di vorce from his wife because she cooks the biscuit so hard that he broke off a front tooth. Her lawyers may as well tell her that she will run up against a snag if she attempts to put up any defence.

Ever since those Panama revolutionists "rose up as one man," we have been wondering why the United forces which landed didn't give them a chance to have more than a one night stand for their

Some time since a Big Injun out West sent Roosevelt a necklace of bear claws. There isn't enough of them, however, to enable him to scratch out from under the Parker | consolidation is made, presuming landslide on the 8th of November.

A New Jersey postmaster laments that when thieves broke into the office they stole his umbrella. He needn't worry. President Parker will pick a dry day when he turns him out of office.

A cablegram from St. Petersburg says: "Gen. Kuropatkin is confident." Same thing with us Parker

If the truth were known, Roosehe so called declaration of indepenvelt is banking more on Cortelyou dence was proclaimed—on hand and than he is on his spellbinders.

For terseness, we are committed to Grover Cleveland. Littauer, the New York Republican congress; man, when prosecuted by the government in the glove case, pleaded the statute of limitations. Mr. Cleveland, in writing to Littauer's Democratic opponent, says: "The statute of limitations never runs against political dishonesty or the

betrayal of a public trust when the offender, to secure a vindication, offers himself for the suffrages of the people."

Jacob Riis, one of Roosevelt's bootlicks, says in his blography of the President that he is "the many-sided man." Jakey meant to leoked at Roosevelt the same way when he wrote: "You can quote Roosevelt on every side of every political question that has arisen in this country since he was five years

If the Hon. Henry G. Davis can handle a whilwind campaign over a 1,300 mile course, like he did in West Virginia, Republicans would take to the low grounds if he should go after them with a tornado.

Some papers are lamenting the apathy of the voters during the campaign. 'Taint apathy. It is settled conviction that Roosevelt must take his clothes and go.

#### CURRENT COMMENT.

- The voters will probably de monstrate in a few weeks that a boss and a big slush fund do not constitute a majority. - Washington

-- "Civilization," says Judge Parker, "is a growth, not a dis-How does this compare giuse." with the altitudinous Rooseveltian platitudes?-Philadelphia Record.

than the expenditures. It is not a deficit, however, but just an overdraft, until after election.-Wash--- As commander-in-chief of

the army, Mr. Roosevelt may find it difficuit to deal with that white soldier who took a negress as his wife as easily as did General Grant and the surgeon general - Baltimore - The Cabinet meeting on Tues-

day considered at some length a plan for adjusting the differences which between the United State and the Panama republic. - Washington Post. - "Withdrawal of the United

States postoffices from the cana zone" is one of Panama's demands Panama should learn that no matter how the Constitution may loiter, the postoffice always follows the flag .-Washington Post.

- If the people vote right the wild boar's head with a glass eye will come down from the White House wall and the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution will be hung up in its stead .-Houston Chronicle.

- The white wives of the Fort Mott (N. J.) garrison must wait until after election to learn whether the negro wife of a white soldier is their social equal, probably on the ground that the voting may change the complexion of the situation .-Baltimore Sun.

- Elihu Root declares that the country cannot tell what policies the Democrats, if victorious, will adopt, but he fails to add that the action of the Republicans will governed only by Mr. Roosevelt's sweet will, and that the big trusts are assured and satisfied what that "will" is with regard to them .-Philadelphia Record.

- The following from the Cleveland Plaindealer might be studied to advantage by the bishops having jurisdiction over "marrying parsons" in some of the Tennessee and Carolina towns bordering on this old Commonwealth: "And while the general conference is at it why can't they say a thing or two about the marrying parson who unites runaway couples of tender age, instead of sending them back to their toys, and all for a paltry fee?" Richmond Times Dispatch.

.- The Presbyterian Synod o South Carolina has voted in favor of the removal of the Theological Seminary to Atlanta and its consolidation with Clarksville University into B Presbyterian college. As to the latter institution the question as to courts, and every legal effort will be made to prevent it. Should those efforts succeed the Atlanta plan would fail. without considering other conditions which might bring about the same result. Atlanta subscribed on paper \$250,000, payable in a year. If the time limit does not interfere we imagine the church will want to see the cash before the that finally legal obstacles to moving Clarksville University are

#### come. - Columbia Record. Mr. Bala's Enterprise.

Charlotte Chronicle: "Several days ago the Chronicle stated that another cotton mill would be built in Greensboro, to be equipped with 10,000 or 15,000 spindles. It has been learned since that the promoter of this new enterprise is Mr. A. L. Bain, a well known and practical mill man, who has made his home in Greenshore since giving up his home in Greensboro since giving up the superintendency of the Delgado Mills in Wilmington."

- Big Brother: Now, Willie, you be greedy. - Harper's Bazar.

# YOUNG TAKES APPEAL

Judge Moore in Superior Court Imposes Heavy Penalty in Both Cases.

DAMAGE SUIT ON TRIAL.

Graham Murray vs. City of Wilmington Being Heard Yesterday-Negro Sentenced to One Year Under Conviction at Last Term.

In the Superior Court Saturday morning, before taking up any other matter, Judge Moore rendered his decision in the contempt rule against P. W. be complimentary, of course, but Young, finding the defendant guilty DeWitt Warner, another writer, and imposing a penalty of \$50 and costs. Judge Moore also imposed a sentence of 30 days upon the same defendant in the case of assault and battery in which Young was found guilty earlier in the week. The circumstances surrounding both cases are already too familiar to the public. From the judgment of the court in each case defendant's counsel took an appeal to the Supreme Court and gave bond for his appearance at the April, 1905, term of the lower court by which time the questions will have been finally passed upon. Judge Moore in announcing his decision in the cases yesterday said that he had thoroughly examined the authorities cited by both sides and was of the opinion that the defendant is guilty. He then dictated the following entry for the Clerk's docket:

"State vs. Paul W. Young, A. & B Appeal from Mayor. It is adjudged that that the defendant, Paul W. Young be imprisoned in the common iall of New Hanover county for the term of 30 days and that he be assign ed to the Commissioners of said county to be worked on the public roads of said county, according to law during the term of his imprisonment. Motion by defendant for new trial on account of errors alleged to have occurred during the trial and to be assigned in statement of case on appeal. Motion denied and defendant excepts and in pen court appeals to the Supreme Court. Notice of appeal waived. Undertaking on appeal fixed at \$35. Undertaking for appearance of defendant at the next April term fixed at \$250. This amount is deposited in money in lieu of bond. By consent 30 days allowed for statement of case on appeal and Solicitor allowed 30 days thereafter to file counter statement of case on appeal."

In the contempt rule the entry i merely made that the defendant is attached for contempt and finad \$80, whereupon an appeal is taken, the bond, etc, being covered in the other case. Col. Waddell and Herbert Mc-Clammy, Esqs., counsel for the defendant, appeal to the Supreme Court in the contempt rule on the ground that their client is not guilty, because the common law that would have possibly sustained the prosecution has been repealed by statute, and there being no statutory grounds in cases of this particular kind, the defendant is not a subject of contempt. (2) Even though he were guilty of contempt, this kind of contempt would have been applicable to civil cases and not to criminal cases, another reason being that the defendant purged himself of contempt by his affidavit and he is the sole trier of what was in his

mind as to the matter. In the appeal in the assault and battery case, defendant's counsel contend that there is no express authority under the statute giving the Superior Court the power to put a defendant that the statute under the New Hanover Road Law gives the court the authority to put a defendant in jail and authorizes the Board of County Commisssioners to work him on the roads, provided, the Board of County Commissioners makes application to the court for persons convicted for the purpose of using them on the road, and their being no express application at this or previous terms, the judgment in that event would be void. Defendant's counsel also took an appeal upon the exceptions during the trial as to the admissibility of certain evidence and also upon the exception as to the qualification of a juror.

The cases raise some fine and farreaching points of law that both sides are onxious to have passed upon by the Supreme Court.

## Routine Proceedings.

Court met as usual at 9:30 o'clock Saturday morning and the sheriff returned the talesmen ordered summoned for the day with the exception of its removal has been taken into the B. B. Humphrey, T. M. Turrentine, J. H. Hancock, Chas. H. Schulken, Wm. T. Shepard, Wm. G. Hill, S. A. Rogers and J. K. Westbrook, who were not found. Mesers. A. B. Guyton, J. H. Burriss and Eugene Poezolt were excused by the court.

Jackson Brown, the negro found not guilty of perjury after court took a recess Friday, but who had been found guity of an assault with a deadly weapon at the last term served pending trial of the perjury case, was sentenced by Judge Moore yesterday to one year on the roads.

#### givil Docket Reached. The civil docket having been reach ed, the following cases were continued by consent: John Brown vs. Mrs. Elizabeth Vollers; Murchison National Bank vs. Dunn Oil Mills Co., C. T.

Pope et al., A. E. Alderman et al., W. F. Pearson et al., and A. H. Slocomb VR. C. C. R. R. Co.

Iredell Meares, Esq., leading counsel for the defendant, a motion was lodged for a continuation and same was granted upon affidavit of Mr. Meares that one of his most important witnesses, Superintendent C. M. Cooke, Jr., was absent. Mr. Cooke arrived in the city during the early afternoon, but the case had been con

tinued in the meantime. The Oreech suit having been continued, that of Graham Murray, by his next friend and father. R. M. Murray. against the City of Wilmington and Dr. C. T. Harper, city superintendent of health, was called. The case is one in which the plaintiff asks \$5,000 damages for his alleged wrongful removal and quarantine by the superintendent of health, the child's health having been permanently injured by the said wrongful removal. The alleged wrongful act on the part of the city health department occurred when the boy was only six years old, on or about July 8th, 1901, while he was suffering with diphtheria. The plaintiff is represented by ex-Judge E. K. Bryan and L. V. Grady, Esq., while City At torney Wm. J. Bellamy appears for both defendants and Herbert McClammy, Esq., appears for Dr. Harper. At the outset yesterday Oity Attorney Bellamy lodged a motion to dismiss on the ground that the city is not liable for the acts of its officers or agents when exercising governmental functions, relying upon the Supreme Court decision in the case of McIlhenny vs. City of Wilming tor, which went up from this county in 1899. Judge Moore said he would reserve his decision upon the motion until after the plaintiff had introduced

his testimony. The trial was then entered upon, the following jury having been empanell ed: J. W. M. Ahrens, E. H. Bowdoin, Daniel H. Penton, C. M. Murrin, Z E. Melton, W. E. Beaton, W. D. Rhodes, I. J. Bear, I. J. Sternberger, R. C. Ocrell, Melvin Horne and R. A. Burnett. The evidence in the case is being taken in shorthand by Miss Stella Shrier, court stenographer, and an appeal will likely be taken to the Supreme Court in any event. The plaintiff yesterday introduced R. M. Murray, father of the child; Dr. L. H. Loye, the attending physician at the time of the alleged wrongful removal of the patient; Dr. T. S. Burbank, as a medical expert, and Mrs. R. M. Murray, mother of the plaintiff. Mrs. Murray had completed her testimony when court adjourned at 5:30 o'clock until 9:30 A. M. tomorrow. The defendant will also introduce expert medical testimony by Drs. Geo. G. Thomas, W. J. H. Bellamy and perhaps others. It is expected that the case will be completed o-morrow in time for a calling of the Penny damage suit, which if not reached some time Monday, will have to go over to the next term under the rule of the bar.

Investigated Cutting Affair. Mayor Springer in the police court yesterday investigated the cutting affair which occurred in the vicinity of Eighth and Castle streets almost simultaneously with the shooting of a negro in front of the Marine Hospital one night about three weeks ago, John Odom and Mark Johnson, both white, having been the victims of the cutting. Johnson was in a dangerous condition for ten days or more after the affair and was not until yesterday able to be at the trial. On the night of the cutting Odom and Johnson were both drinking and said that John Mitchell assaulted them. Later Johnson implicated a negro named Dave White and both of the colored men were promptly arrested. At the trial yesterday neither of the men would on the roads for simple assault, but swear that either of the negroes cut them, consequently both were dis-

## Instruction in Nursing.

Miss Lawranson, a graduate of the Washington Training School, Washington City, has been engaged by the Chapel of the Good Shepherd as an instructive visiting nurse. Her duties are to give instructions in nursing the sick who de not wish to go to the hospitals. This is the first work of this kind that has ever been attempted here. She has been in the city but two weeks, and the physicians speak in the highest terms of her capability. Her visits are not confined to members of the Chapel, but she will respond to any physician's call when request is made through the Chapel. No charge is made for these visits. Miss Lawranson is prepared to answer any questions regarding the ventilation of the sick room, the preparing of food and the administering of medicines.

## Thief Shot at Southport.

The many friends of Miss Kate Stewart will read the following with interest: "There was considerable commotion on last Saturday night in the vicinity of the swamp garden belonging to Miss Kate Stewart, occasioned by the explosion of a gun in the face of some uninvited callers who were making liberal drafts upon her grape vines. From the violent lung exercise and the hasty flight of the marauders, who were identified as beme white and of familiar ligures, and who left a bloody handkerchief be-hind, we conclude that the smell of gunpowder is exceedingly distasteful to their olfactory nerves, and a wonderful argument that they are very much needed at home."

Winston's &ppointment Cancelled. The appointment of Hon. Francis D. Winston to speak in Wilmington on the night of Nov. 2nd has been dropped

from the list given by Chairman Simmons to the candidate for Lieutenant Counsel for plaintiff were fully con- Governor. He wil!, however, speak fident of an immediate trial of the at Walisce on that day and pass duties, was deputy revenue collector for the Tullahoma district. He hauthrough Wilmington at night on his died large sums of money, and an exmust give me the larger half of the Mortie L. Orerch suit for damages through Wilmington at night on his apple, because mama says we musn't against the Williams of to ton Mills, way to fill several appointments in aminer is now going over the governbut upon the arrivel from Raleigh of Robeson county.

## BILL IN EQUITY IS FILED.

Bondholder of Southern Saw Mill and Lumber Co., at Kingsdale, N. C., Asks for Removal of Receiver.

Messrs. Iredell Meares, of Wilmington, and R. E. Lee, of Lumberton, attorneys for Robert L. Forrest, of Philadelphia, in behalf of himself and others coming in and making themselves parties, have filed a bill in equity in the Circuit Court of the Uni ted States, in this city, against the Southern Saw Mill and Lumber Co. of Kingsdale, Robeson county, N. C. W. J. Edwards, receiver, The Union Trust Company and W. J. Edwards, asking the court (1) that a receiver may be immediately appointed for said company and that W. J. Edwards be removed and required to deliver over all properties, books and accounts which he may now have in his possession to said receiver. (2) For the appointment of a special master. (8) For an injunction, and such other orders as the complainants may be entitled to. (4) For an accounting by W. J. Edwards, receiver, and (5) for costs and such other relief as the complainant may be entitled to. The defendants are required to answer on the "return day" here the first Monday in December. The Southern Saw Mill and Lumber

Co. is situated on the line of the Carolina Northern Railroad, extending from Lumberton to Marlon, S. C., and its affairs have been in the hands of Beceiver W. J. Edwards since Jan. 1908. Robert L. Forrest, the "orator" or plaintiff in the present bill of equity is the owner of \$34,000 of the \$150,000 bonds issued by the company in June 1901 and holds in trust about \$20,500 of bonds held by other persons. He is dissatisfied with the present receivrs hip and prays the court for a removal of the present receiver and the appointment of another receiver and special master, an accounting by Mr. Edwards, etc., as indicated above. The bill filed by Mr. Meares and Mr. Lee, solicitors for the complainant, covers 22 printed pages and recites at length the career of the saw-mill company and makes many allegations as to the inefficiency of the present re ceivership. The litigation following the bill promises to be extended.

#### TILLMAN WANTS TO PREACH.

Slayer of Gonzales Said to Have Admitted Making Application to Conference. [Special to Charlotte Observer.]

ROANOKE, VA., Oct. 19 .- Rev. C. P. Currie, a native of South Caroitna, now a resident of Missouri, where he is a local Methodist preacher, and who is in this city assisting Rev. J. C. Brown, a Western evangelist, in a revival at Greene Memorial M. E. church, has received a letter from ex-Lieutenant Governor James H. Tillman, of South Carolina, the slayer of Editor N. G. Gonzales, stating that he has made application to join the Methodist Conference and expects to enter the ministry of that church. Mr. Currie is a relative of Tillman.

## DARING HOLD-UP.

#### Paymaster With \$2,000 to Pay Employes field Up by Highwaymen. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—A daring holdup was attempted to-day in Astoria, Long Island. Samuel Durham, paymaster for the Astoria Light, Heat and Power Company, on his way to Riker's Beach with \$2,000 to pay off the men employed there, was stopped by three highwaymen. The driver of the cab, Leroy Williams, was fired at by the robbers and dangerously wounded in the head and right arm. As soon as the attack began Durham jumped out of the cab and while he shouted for help boldly attacked the highwaymen, who on seeing other men approaching fled.

## DYNAMITE BOMB.

#### Attempt Upon Life of Spanish Minister of Agriculture at Barcelona. By Cable to the Morning Star.

BARCELONA, Oct, 20. - What is be lieved to have been an attempt upon the life of Minister of Agriculture and Commerce Salazar, occurred to-day. A dynamite bomb was exploded in the street while crowds were welcoming the minister who had come here to preside at a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce. No one was injured, but the buildings in the vicinity of the scene of the explosion were damaged and the crowds were thrown into a panic. Several arrests were made.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

#### The Issue Still Unsettled in the Episcopal General Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star BOSTON, MASS., Oct. 22.-At the close of the fifteenth day of the Episcopal General Convention, the House of Bishops and the House of Deputies were still at variance on the question of marriage and divorce. The issue will be taken before the latter body next week for the third time during the convention, the bishops having declined to accept without amendment the compromise measure adopted by the deputies on Thursday.

DEPAULTING GASHIER

Lost About \$35,000 in Chicago Bucket Shops and Gave Himself Up. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TULLAHOMA, TENN., Oct. 22.—Allen Parker, defaulting cashier of the First National Bank, gave himself up today. He says he lost about \$35,000 of the bank's money in Chicago bucket

Parker, in addition to his banking

# A SAFE MAJORITY FOR JUDGE PARKER

Votes Enough to Win and Seventeen to Spare.

borough Organization and a Still Hunt. Independent Vote of the Country is With Democratic Candidate. Harmony Everywhere.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Oct. 20 .- The Brooklyn Eagle, Democratic, in a lengthy review of the political situation, says: "That Parker will have 256 electoral votes in the electoral college is the real belief of the Democratic managers-a belief which is more than a

hope-indeed a conviction. This fact is asserted advisedly, though its putlication will excite their anger. Whether wisely or contrary, the Democratic policy throughout the whole campaign has been that of s still hunt. The campaign has been conducted upon the lines which Samuel J. Tilden, nearly thirty years ago, pursued with such astonishing success. Confidence has been withheld from everybody, even with the committee headquarters, while the work of thorough organization has been persistently followed. No claims have been made. There has been, indeed, no attempt to arouse the local workers by promises of success and the blare of brass bands. On the contrary, it has been impressed upon them that the road to success lay through constant work in organiza-

"Proceeding upon the assumption that the independent vote of the country was with the Democratic candidate—an assumption in which they were justified by the plain manifestations—they have hammered at the building up of the organization that eight years of continuous defeat had laid on the ground, and have sought the last vote in each minor civil division they believed they were enti-"These policies, though the mana-

gers are yet maintaining silence, it is their belief, based on the proofs of re turns, have been attended with a success that has more than justified their labors and expenditures.

"The Eagle has been placed in pos session of the inner facts upon which the Democratic belief in 256 votes for Parker in the electoral college is based, and here sets them forth whether it pleases the leaders or not. "As a matter of fact, more than 256 votes are hoped for. Wisconsin, it is

wagon. held, is quite likely to cast its electoral vote for Parker, and there are even hopes of the State of Washington. Here is the list counted on by the Democratic managers: New Jersey 12, New York 39, Connecticut 7, Dalaware 8, Maryland 8, West Virginia 7 indiana 15, Montana 8, Colorado 5, Idaho 3, Wyoming 3; total 105.

"One hundred and fifty-one votes of the Southern States are conceded by the Republicans to Parker. Add these to 105 and the result is 256, a majority of 17 for Parker in the col-

The Democratic claim, the Eagle says, is that New Jersey will go Damo cratic by 17,000. The independent vote in the State, they claim, is known to be 90 per cent. for Parker. As to New York State, the claim is that Parker will carry it by 30,000 plurality and 60,000 for Herrick, although there are enthusiasts who claim the State for Herrick by 100,000.

"With the exception of two counties," the Eagle says, "the State from a Democratic standpoint is in excellent shape. These counties are Onondaga and West Chester. In the one 9,000 plurality for Roosevelt, and in the ther 2,500 is conceded. The condition n these counties is due wholly to local Democratic divisions Elsewhere everything is harmour. The gold Democrats are in line and enthusiastic everywhere else. What there was of silver alienation has passed away and is nowhere troubling. Old leaders like Smith M. Weed in Clinton, and A. Maxwell in Genesee, who have no been active in twelve years, are at work. The drift of independents is markedly toward Parker. The Democrats have the best organization they

have had in twelve years." The secret figures of the stage managers are 85,000 plurality for Roosevelt above the Harlem river and 115,000 plurality for Parker below it, making the plurality of 30,000 for Parker. An that at least this is not rainbow chasing. The gold Democrats are in line to a man, as is also the great preponderance of the independent vote.

The other States in the table claimed for Parker are West Virginia by 7,-500, Connecticut by 6,000, Deleware by 1,500, Maryland by 14,000, Indians by 15,000, Colorado, Montana, Idaho and Wyoming, with 14 electoral votes, are all claimed to be for Parker by small but safe pluralities.

## IN WEST VIRGINIA.

#### Wm. J. Bryan Addressed a Large Political Meeting at Sharlestown.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHARLESTOWN, W. VA., Oct 22 .-An ovation was tendered William J. Bryan here to-night. Many people came on special trains from all parts of the Kanawha and adjoining counties, making one of the largest politica meetings ever held in this city. Bryan was escorted to the speakers' stand by the Cornwell Club, an organization of 500 young men arrayed in white uniforms. He spoke for nearly two hours and in the course of his address touched nearly every issue of the na-Colonel to-night for Wheeling.

- Winston Salem-Sentinel: There can be no question of the fact that the Republicans of Forsyth county are making a desperate effort to elect at least one or two of their candidates at the approaching election Realizing that there is no hope for their ticket as a whole, they are concentrating their efforts with a view to putting their strongest candidates in office and are making a frantic attempt to gain votes for those of their men who are known especially as "good fellows." It is needless to

say that such a scheme will not suc-

# splendid prices: \$45, 25, 23\frac{1}{2} 15, 16\frac{1}{2}, 10\frac{1}{4}, 13\frac{1}{4}, 12, 10\frac{1}{2} and 7.30. good deal when the Republicans declare the Democrats unfit to rule the country, when the truth is, not enough white men have voted the

Democratic Managers Estimate

THE PLAN OF THE CAMPAIGN.

-The surveyor of construction of the Etowah cotton mills has arrived at Greensboro from South Carolina, and is busy collecting a force of workmen to begin at once the construction of the mill building. The Thomas Lumber Co., of Greensboro, on Friday morning signed a

contract to furnish 1,197,000 feet of lumber, to be delivered, two car loads a day, until all is furnished. The brick have already been made. The contractors agree to have the mill building complete by February 1st, 1905, and are to be paid the sum of \$250,000. The equipment of the mill and construction of the necessary residences for employes, will take another quarter of a million dollars. - On Friday the Hon. R. B. Glenn made a strong campaign speech to 400 citizens at Jacksonville, Onslow county. As the speaker,

with his strong and convincing power, explained fully the tariff question, proving the Republicans responsible for the superfluous high tax on the necessaries of life, while it was low on luxuries, he was greeted by loud and frequent applause. His description of the kind of pro-tection he believed in was that while treating capital fairly he would see to it as governor that the smallest industry and humblest citizen should have protection. He also spoke strongly on the other issues: On Friday night he made a powerful speech at Kinston. - Oxford Ledger: There has

SPIRITS TURPENTANE.

Oxford Ledger: Mr. S. H. Satterwhite one of the champion obacco prowers of the Creedmoor

ction, was on the Oxford market Tuesday and sold a load of tobacco at the Banner Warehouse. He

made the boys go down in their pockets and captured the following

- Raleigh Times: It's saying a

Republican ticket any one year in

the last forty to elect a Republican President. If Mr. Roosevelt is elected this year it must be done by

the negroes in Ohio, Indians, New Jersey, West Virginia and Mary-land. If the negro vote in those States were deducted Mr. Parker

would be elected without a doubt.

nothing ever been seen in this section like the ginning outfit of the Parham Ginning Co. located in Oxford. It is a model of ingenuity and rapidity, and in every particu-lar a modern ginning plant, with pneumatic elevators, seed carriers, condensers, a revolving twin press and steam power, having a capacity loading the seed cotton the driver clucks his team a few feet further ahead and catches the load of seed, a few feet further and the finished bale drops into the wagon. A few days ago a farmer brought a load of cotton to the gin and in just 28 minutes from the time he arrived a 500 pound bale dropped into his

- Scotland Neck Commonwealth : Mr. W. L. Stallings, one of the prosperous farmers of Edgecom county, says he thinks farmers have made a mistake in paying so much for picking cotton, and that they have shown themselves too anxious for pickers. They have sent wagons to haul pickers to and from the cotton fields and have somewhat spoiled the laborers. Mr. Stallings said he had plenty of cotton to be picked and if the hands will come to the fields he will be glad to pay them for their work, but otherwise they can let it alone. Dr. K. Leggett at Hobgood is interested in farming besides attending to his large practice. He says it is next to impossible to get hands to pick cotton. A large part of his cotton crop was still untouched last week.

-Dr. J. A. McKelway has instructed his attorneys in Charlotte to bring suit for damages against The Observer Publishing Company unless ample apology is made for an article that appeared in the Charlotte Observer several days ago concerning charges preferred against McKelway. It seems that the trouble is all with the Observer's Pine-ville correspondent who, in reporting the proceedings of Mecklenburg Presbytery said "Serious charges" had been brought against Dr. Mc-Kelway, when in really they were not serious and were brought by Dr. Dubose, one of the foreign missionary secretaries who had seen fit to disagree with Dr. McKelway on account of a certain editorial published in the Presbyterian Standard of which Dr. McKelway is Editor. The correspondent used the term "serious charges" not knowing the real ministerial import of such terms Mr. J. P. Caldwell, editor of the Observer has received a message from Dr. McKelway dated New York stating that unless ample correction and retraction was made he had notified his Charlotte attorneys to bring suit for libel. As to the position the Observer will take in the matter, Mr. Caldwell says his paper will stand pat and Dr. McKelway may crack his whip.

## GEORGIA HOMISIDE.

Mayor of the Town of Lovett Shot and Killed a White Man. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DUBLIN, GA., Oct. 22 .- L. G. Barron, white, was shot and killed this afternoon at Lovett, Laurens county, Georgia, by N. A. Thompson, mayor of that town. It is said that Barron had been threatening all the year to kill Thompson and attempted to draw a pistol when he was shot by Thompson. Yesterday, it is said, Berron was at Lovett very disorderly, the killing to-day growing out of that affair Thompson was formerly connected with the Central and Wrightsville and the Tennille railroads and stands well with those who know him. Full particulars of the killing are not known.

At Augusta, Gs., last night, a drunken negro named John Job shot and killed another negro and wounded the brakeman on the outgoing Southern railway train for Columbia, S. O. The body of the dead negro was put off at Graniteville, S. C., where Job was placed under argest.

The schooner Willie Frank, Captain William L. Taylor, fro a Hampton, Va., for Bristol, R I., with a cargo of lumber, went ashore yesterday of Lit-tle Egg Harbor, N. J.