VOL. XXXVI.

erect the monument.

arouse the city pride and patriotism

of our people. It is not large sub-

scriptions that the ladies desire, but

ROOSEVELT. THE PRESIDENT.

out three years or more of the second

term of President McKinley, is now

President of the great American Re-

public by his own right. Having

been overwhelmingly elected by the

people, he was Saturday inaugurat-

ed into the lofty office of President

with all the pomp and circumstance

with which a free people could honor

him. The magnificent inaugural

ceremonies at Washington Satur-

day were not those of beaurocratic

or monarchic conception, but it was

the tribute of a free people who as-

sembled by the thousands from the

North and the South and the East

and the West to induct their Presi-

dent into office and wish him god-

The Republican party elected Mr.

Roosevelt President, but the people

inaugurated him without regard to

section or party. We have no doubt

that Mr. Roosevelt feels that he

takes the reins of government as the

President of all the people, and

without regard to party the people

of the United States will wish him a

successful, peaceful, wise and states-

manlike administration. We know

that the people of the South will be

satisfied if President Roosevelt car-

ries out faithfully the lofty ideals of

our Democratic-Republican form of

The STAR this week publishes

the President's inaugural address. It

breathes the spirit of a thorough

Americanism and the people can

judge of the heart of their President

tude to the Giver of Good, who has

blessed us with the conditions which

have enabled us to achieve so large a

measure of well being and success."

Further on he expresses the senti-

ment of "a fixed determination to

show that under a free government

The President lavs stress upon

the responsibilities which our great-

ness as a nation has laid upon us,

ciple of self-government. We hope

that he will not violate the principle

well as for our sister American re-

publics by considering that our re-

sponsibilities lie in interfering with

their self-government. We say this

because in his address the President

said: "Never before have men tried

so vast and formidable an experi-

ment as that of administering the

affairs of a continent under the forms

of a democratic republic." Does this

mean that the President conceives

that it is a part of his duty to ad-

minister the affairs of other Amer-

ican nations on this continent? Let

him remember that he was elected

President of the United States of

America and not of the continent.

Some member of the North Caro-

lina General Assembly introduced a

bill to make it unlawful and punish-

able to steal a bride. Appears as if

the bridegroom would be able to see

Then we will wish him well.

and several times alludes to the prin-

government.

So mote it be.

apeed.

President Roosevelt, who served

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

MONUMENT TO HARNETT AND AND HOOPER.

At the request of the North Carolina Society of the Colonial Dames of America THE STAR is pleased to publish the following:

"There is no greater duty devolving upon faithful States than to preserve the memory of their noble dead."

To this duty the North Carolina Society of Colonial Dames has pledged itself. It has been active in the preservation of he norabl names, well nigh forgotten, and of brave deeds unrecorded.

Its purpose now is the erection of a monument which shall perpetuate the memory of the heroes and patriots of the Colonial and Revolutionary period. who, as soldiers and statesmen, laid the foundation of the liberty and independence of their country.

One of our able jurists has said with truta: 'North Carolina has always known how to make his tory? she has seldom troubled herself to write it."

The women of this generation, composing the Society of Colonial from the fact that at the inception Dames, are striving to preserve and of his remarks he expresses "gratiachievements of this historic pasta past which ante-dates the history of any of the thirteen Colonies - the first white settlement in North America, on Roanoke Island, opened the door of Colonization to Jamestown and Plymouth Rock.

I quick succession through the years which followed, came the a mighty people can thrive best, Stamp Act, the first open resistance alike as regards the things of the to British authority, leading up to body and the things of the soul." the first Declaration of Independance, and the battles of Moore's Creek Bridge and Guilford Court

In order that a more active and far reaching interest may be inspired, the Society takes this method of informing not only its members in this, and in non-Colonial States, but all North Carolinians, of its efforts of self-government for ourselves as to immortalize the names of the men whose courage and fidelity to duty made possible this great commonwealth. "It is a glorious thing to be well descended, but the glory belongs to our ancestors."

On this monument will be inscribed the names of Harnett, Hooper and others. It will be erected in Wilmington, where the Society was organized and chartered, and where one-half the required amount has been given by the local Society.

All who wish to share in this memorial will please send to Mrs. Kate deRosset Meares, President of the North Carolina Society of Colonial Dames, Wilmington, North Caro-

The above appeal of the Colonial Dames comes from the Wilmington Dames and while it should appeal directly to the people of Wilmington and the Cape Fear region, it is equally addressed to the people of North Carolina. It is to the State's heroes and statesmen that it is proposed to erect a monument and not | that nobody gets away with his bride. to the eminent men of a mere sec- If the bill aims at making it unlawtion of the State. Harnett and ful to steal a girl, no man who ever Hooper belonged to North Carolina served a sentence for it will be rein common and their achievements garded as a jail bird. and reputation are the glory of the State. Hence it is quite appropriate for the people from the sea to the mountains to aid the ladies in their noble purp se.

Wilmington is specially concerned in this monumental movement from the fact that it is proposed to erect the monument in our city. The appeal of the Colonial Dames to our people should, therefore, meet with generous response, and the effort of this patriotic society call forth hearty co-operation. Our town is singularly conspicuous in the ab-ence of all monumental work. Charlotte, Greensboro, Raleigh have each their commemorative shafts. Shall our own city, so rich in Colonial history, leave its past unrecegnized and forgotten?

A little more than a century has well nigh covered with obscurity the illustrious names and deeds of the men who struggled in the wil- in small checks are the style in derness and left us to inherit "the

promised land." A few short months will see the completion of this monument, which will be not only a pride and ornament to Wilmington, but an objeet lesson, teaching us that "the or not about Dr. Osler's joke about remembrance of a nation's glory in chloroforming back numbers 60 the past stimulates to national years old. greatness in the future; and that successive generations are awakened to noble endeavor by the contemplation of the heroic deeds of their

forefathers " The efforts of the ladies should rope.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1905.

ating \$7,500 for holding five teachers' COURTS OF FIFTH DISTRICT. institutes of one month each, was finally stricken out. The bill passed final reading, 88 to 27. During the

a great many small ones, as it is the Little of Interest in Either idea to make it a popular movement. Branch of the General Ashile generous subscriptions will be gladly received, small ones will carry sembly Last Week. out the idea that the people should

A SNEAK BILL ATTEMPTED

Effort Made to Repeal Watts' Act Prompt ly Thwarted-No More Bills Without Unanimous Consent-Judicial Districts-Other Notes.

[Special Star Telegram.] RALEIGE, N. C., March 3.-The House of Representatives to-night, after three hours' discussion, killed the bill that had passed the Senate for the establishment of a Bureau of Immigration and the appointment of a Commissioner of Immigration. The vote Was 70 to 30.

The House adopted a resolution this afternoon to the effect that no bills be introduced in future except by unani-mous consent. The Winborne bill to divide the Biate into two judicial circuits, the Eastern circuit consisting of the first eight districts and the Western of the remaining eight, passed, and it is understood that there will be no trouble about its passing the Senate. Under the operation of the bill judges will be required to ride only the districts in the circuit in which they reside instead of riding the whole State, as the present law requires.

A bill passed to repair the chamber at a cost of \$2,000. The Senate Judiciary Committee had a lengthy discussion this afternoon of the McNinch divorce bill and it passed finally, by a vote in which the chairman had to break a tie deciding to report it favorably. Mason of Gaston, offered a substitute that all divorce laws since 1883 be repealed, saying that while he was not neartily in favor of his own subst!tute even, he preferred it to the Mc-Ninch bill and contended that the crusade against divorce was all wrong and there ought to be divorce for abandonment, but in deference to sentiment to the contrary, he offered his substitute. He and Vann, Eller, Burton and some others of the seven who opposed favorable report of the McNinch bill, gave notice of their intention to fight it on the floor of the

The House tonight tabled the Empie bill to allow justices of the peace fees discourtesy of tabling the bill. It in certain cases. It came up with an | tabled the bill to authorize the Govcommittee. Representative Boney was asked to explain the bill and he answered that he knew nothing about t.. The motion to table quickly folowed and it was carried unanimously. There was an attempt to-night to eneak a bill through the House to

great number of local bills were being reeled off that one came up to "Repeal Chapter 233, Acts of 1903," by Campbell, of Alexander. Out of an abund ance of precaution, as Speaker Guion expressed it, Biggs, of Durhum, was asked to look up that Chapter and it was found to be the Watts act. Of course the bill lost no time in getting tabled. Campbell is a Republican.

The Morning Sessions.

Both branches of the General Assembly were engaged this morning with a large number of local bills and those of no special importance. The Senate passed the general appropriation bill as it came from the House; also passed the special act, giving the Morganton hospital \$10,000 additional. The House passed the geological survey bill, carrying an appropriation of \$10,000; also \$10,000 for fire precautions at the State institutions. The House passed the bill to protect theatre goers, by forbidding the increase of the price of tickets after they go on sale. The general school bill was discussed in the House for a greater portion of the morning, but it finally went over until 11 o'clock to-morrow. A message was read in both houses from Governor Glenn, advising against the abolition of the geological survey and submitting letters from Washington giving in detail the co-operation by the national government. The omnibus bill appointing justices of the peace passed the Senate and went to the House. The oyster bill was amended in the Senate so the tax will remain the same as now. Senator Scales. in behalf of the pages and the shorers in the Senate, presented to Sergeant-at-Arms L. Brown Pegram a handsome gold watch. The Woodard bucket shop bill was made the special order for to-morrow. In the House a resolution by Mr. Winborne was carried to the effect that from now until adjournment all speeches on bills be limited to five minutes and to not more than two on a side. A large number of purely local bills passed in an avalanche, though none of interest

construed so as to apply to any per-

son, firm, corporation or his or their

agent engaged in the business of

manufacturing or wholesale merchan-

dising, in the purchase or sale of the

necessary commodities required in the

Bill appropriating \$10,000 additional

The McNinch divorce bill came back

to the House after amendment by the

Senate, or rather after the adoption of a

substitute in the Senate, going back to

the Code of 1883, and requiring that the

husband be guilty of repeated viola-

tions of the seventh commandment,

and on motion of McNinch the House

concurred in the amendment. An

divorce where either party contracts a

venerial disease, was adopted so a con-

ference committee will be necessary

Monday before the bill can be ratified.

OTHER PROCEEDINGS

was consumed with a discussion of

the school bill, which was read sec-

tion by section and explained by Mr.

to the State Hospital at Morganton

ordinary course of their business."

passed after a long wrangle.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 4.-In the A Boston woman has invented House this afternoon the bill to apmachine which automatically propriate \$30,000 to the A. & M. colthrashes her husband when he is lege for erecting a heating, light and backed up to it. It is a safe wager power plant was defeated. The Senate that the old man would rather be amendment to the Woodard bucketmachine whipped than undergo the shop bill was concurred in and the bill oid method at the hands of his irate was ordered enrolled for ratification. Senator Eller's amendment is accepted by Mr. Woodard, the author of the bill, and adds to Section 7 the fol-

If the Senators and Representatives are susceptible of criticism, they will think it is a shame to take the mileage money after having ridden to and from Washington on

New Orleans had a \$5,000,000 fire last Sunday morning. We are prepared to believe that Atlanta thinks it a burning shame that she can't keep up with the procession.

A fashion magazine says fabrics women's dress goods. Easter hats, smendment by Dr. Morphew to allow however, will continue to call for large checks.

If you want to know how old an editor is watch whether he gets mad

Murphy, the author. An amendment by Power, reducing the amount for teachers' institutes from \$7,500 to Governor Vardaman, of Mississip-\$5,000 and taking that amount from pi, has prevented so many lynchings the University appropriation, was lost. An amendment by Biggs, makthat even his critics ought to be ing the bolding of county teachers' willing to give him a little more institutes optional with the counties, New act Regulating Time and Length of

morning session a beautiful silver service was presented to Speaker Guion, through Mr. Eringhause, o Pasquotank, and Mr. Murphy, of Rowan. The Speaker gracefully acknowledged the present, paying his respects to the minority members of the House, saying only party lines divided them and that he held them in the same high esteem he did the majority. Mr. Grant, in behalf of the

tion of respect and esteem for the Speaker. Upon motion of Mr. Biggs, the majority by a rising vote thanked the minority for their tribute to the Speaker, and the resolution was ordered on the journal. Mr. Murphy, of Rowan, sent for ward and had placed on the journal a vigorous protest against the Ward bill. The following gentlemen also concurred in the protest: Pitt, Stokes, Turner, Lockhart, Woodard, of Wil-

son, Hasten, Chesson, Warburton, Humphries, Harrison, Murphy, Alley, Koonce, Siedge and Hall. Among bills passed final reading in the House were: To appoint magis-trates in Cumberland; to incorporate town of Godwin; to appropriate \$100 to each county holding an agricultural

Among bills which passed the Senate were: To amend charter of Rose Hill; to authorize Harnett to work convicts on roads; to change limits of Lumberton; to incorporate Southport and Northwestern railroad; to regulate stock law in Bladen; to incorporate Richlands, to issue bonds to settle South Dakota class of bonds; to establish police and fire commission in Charlotte; to include peanuts in law as to selling cotton at night; relative to challenges in capital cases (tabled by vote of 19 to 10.)

THE NIGHT BESSION. The House was in session to-night until 11:30 and did considerable busi ness. At the last minute Morphew's amendment to the Senate substitute for the McNinch divorce bill was withdrawn so that the bill could be ratified. This was an urgent insisience of the advocates of stringent divorce laws, as it was not believed there : would be a quorum present Monday to act.

The House passed the bill to appro priate \$5,000 for a school of technology at Spray, N. C. and tabled the Senate bill to pay solicitors salaries of \$2,500. It also referred the Senate bill to appropriate \$50,000 for the Jamestown Exposition, this being done rather than to do Virginia the notate a new code. The House passed the bill to establish a State Normal at Elizabeth City. This was done out of couriesy to Ehringhause, the introducer, as there is no chance of its pass ing the Senate. The House ratified 312 bills just before adjournment, the repeal the Watts act. It was while a | bill to authorize New Hanover commissioners to issue \$50,000 road bonds being among the number.

> During the afternoon session of the Senate, may bills passed, among them: To incorporate Rocky Point; to pre-vent usury in New Hanover; to regulate fishing in the Cape Fear river; tn repeal the law relating to shell fish in Brunswick. Some time was spent to committee of the whole considering the Revende Act. An amendment was adopted providing that incomes listed be kept a secret and that newspapers be figed \$50 for publishing such lists. The tax on theatres was changed from \$200 to \$150 in towns of less than 10,-000 inhabitants. Section 52 was amended so that slot machines are prohibited except where the returns are fixed and certain. The Machinery and Revenue acts both passed final reading. The Winbourne bill to divide the State in two judicial circuits, as passed by the House, was tabled.

> > LOCAL BOTS

- Early last night a sneak thief entered the rear of Mr. Roger Kingsbury's residence, No. 218 South Second street, and stole from the refrigerator two fine shad and a quantity | The News says of Dr. Bellamy: of other provisions stored there fo Sunday. Only a short time ago Mr Kingsbury's residence was burglarized, a pair of trousers having been taken to the back porch and the pockets

- Mr. L. B Pearce, No. 7 South Fourth street, is suffering with a severe attack of tvy poisoning. A few days ago he was in the woods and had occasion to cut down a tree to which a vine was clinging. In handling the yine he was severely poisoned about the hands and face, but is not in danger. He is being attended by Dr.

- J. F. Cartwright, the young white man charged a few days ago with the larceny of \$25 from the trunk of Conductor J. T. Rodgers. of the street car company, was given trial in Justice Fowler's court yesterday, but the evidence was insufficient and the defendant was discharged. Herber. McCammy Esq. appeared for the deferdant and George L lowing: "That this act shall not be Peachan E.q., for the prosecutor.

- The Fayetteville Observer of yesterday afternoon announces the sudden death of Mr. R. H. Ledbetter, a highly esteemed citizen of Fayetteville, and the father of Mr. Landon Jones, formerly of this city, Mr. Ledbetter was on his way from the residence of his son, Mr. Carl Ledbetter, to the steam laundry, when he was saized with violent iliness on the street. On reaching the laundry building, he was utterly prostrated, and passed away about 7 o'clock.

- A bill is now before the Maine Legislature providing for a \$5,000 monument to the Maine dead burled bury, N. C From a dozen different regiments in that State, there were The morning session of the House men, and it is said that nearly all of the 150 of the District of Columbia Cavalry were Maine men. A great number of these died at Salisbury, was adopted. Section 15, appropri- beauty of the cemetery.

Terms Received Yesterday-The Arrangement.

Copies of the bill to fix and regulate the time for holding the Superior Courts for the Fifth Judicial District, as it passed both branches of the General Assembly on Thursday, were received in the city Saturday. It changes minority, then sent forward a resoluthe entire scheme of terms and while it is not exactly what the Wilmington bar desired, it is considered an improvement over the old schedule. New Hanover is given 13 instead of 12 weeks of court a year and the criminal and civil terms are divided, four terms, two of two weeks, and two of one week being given to criminal cases and four terms, three of two weeks and one of one week being set apart for the trial of civil suits. The terms for the several counties in the district reduced to calendar dates are as follows:

New Hanover-Oriminal, April 3rd, of week; July 24th, two weeks; September 25th, one week; January 23, two weeks. Civil—April 10th, two weeks; May 29th, two weeks; October 2ad, two weeks; December 4th, one

Pender-Jan. 14th, one week; March 27th, one week; Sept. 11th, two Daplin-Feb. 20th, two weeks; Aug. 28th, two weeks; Nov. 20th, two weeks.

Sampson-Feb. 6th, two weeks, May 1st, two weeks; Aug. 7th, two weeks; Oct. 23rd, two weeks. Lenoir-Jan. 2nd, one week; March 13th, two weeks; May 22nd, one week; June 12th, two weeks; Aug. 21st, one week; Nov. 6th, two weeks; Dec. 11th,

two weeks. Onslow-March 6th, one week; Jan. b, one week; July 17th, one week; Oct. 16th, one week. Provided that the commissioners of the county may, in their discretion, and before drawing a jury, abolish the January and July terms or either of them, by giving the judge notice in writing that in their opinion the said terms are not necessary for the county.

The sections of the act as passed,

relating to the returning of civil processes and other machinery of the courts under the new arrangement are

sa follows: "Sec. 2. That Chapter 533 of the Public Laws of 1903, be and the same ere hereby repealed, and all terms of the said courts within said districts, established under the said laws, are civil or criminal original mense or final, returnable under the present laws to any Superior Court after the turnable to the first term of the Su perior Courts as established by this act, except that no criminal process shall be returnable to any term designated in this act for the trial of civil cases alone.

Sec. S. Civil processes may be returnable to and pleadings filed at all of the courts herein designated, motions in civil actions may be heard upon one notice at such criminal tarme and triale in civil actions. which do not require a jury, may be neard at such criminal terms by con-

"Sec. 4. That no grand juries shall be drawn for the terms of court herein designated as being for the trial of civil cases exclusively, and the solicitor shall not be required to attend nor entitled to his certificate for a tendance upon any exclusively civil terms unless there are cases on the civil docket in which he officially ap-

DR. JNO. D. BELLAMY DEAD.

Prominent Physician, of Enfield, This State, Passed Away Sunday Moraleg.

The Roanoke News, of Weldon, this week contains a notice of the death of Dr. Jno. D. Bellamy, one of the most prominent citizens of Enfield, which occurred at his elegant country home Sunday morning after a brief illness. Dr. Bellamy Was, perhaps, the old

est resident of the town, and for some time he had been in feeble health. He was honored and esteemed by every one who knew him, and in every relation of life he was true and scrupulously exact in his dealings with his fellewman. Dr. Bellamy was a man of energy and enterprise and was owner of Bellamy's factory a few miles west of Enfield. He equipped this factory and began the manufacture of cotton yarns in the year of 1875, and for several years the factory did quite a nice business. Dr. Bellamy owned a splendid farm in Edgecombe county and also possessed quite a valuable estate to Halifax county. He leaves one son, Mr. Spier Bellamy, and a granddaughter, Miss Badlebell McGwigan. Dr. Bellamy's wife died some years ago.

The funeral services took place Monday morning at 11 o'clock from his late residence, and were conducted Rev. C. H. Whitaker, of the Methodist Protestant church, and the interment was to the family square at Whitaker's chapel, six miles east of

GITY DIRECTORY FOR 1905-06.

till Directory Company Has Solicitors Here

for New Edition for Wilmington. Solicitors and canvassers arrived in the city Friday evening to begin work immediately gathering data for the 1905-1906 edition of the Wilmington Directory, published by the Hill Directory Company, of Richmond, Va. Mr. E. H. Miller is in charge of the work and he is assisted by Messrs. David M. Frankel and A. E. Miller. This week others will arrive and the work will be well under way by the 15th. The new directory will be of the same substantial and complete character of the "books" previously issued by the company, which is a member of the Association of the American Directory in the Federal cemetery at Salis. Publishers. The typographical appearance will not be materially changed and the binding will be of the usual high class.

- "I think," said the prison visdelphia Press.

THEDOUBLETRAGEDY

Victims Prepared for Burial Yesterday After Coroner's Inquest During Morning.

HOUSE ORDERED CLOSED.

Mayor Issued Peremptory Notice to Gussie Grier-Young Smith's Uncle Arrives and Remains Will be Sent to Michigan-His Character.

The coroner's jury of inquest, sum moned by Dr. C. D. Bell to investigate the circumstances of the double tragedy on MacRae street Friday night, yesterday returned a verdict of murder and suicide in accordance with the published facts of the affair in these columns yesterday morning. The remains of the victims were turned over to Undertaker J. F. Woolvin, those of the woman having been burled at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Bellevue cemetery after brief funeral services at the grave by the Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., and the body of young Smith having been embalmed for shipment to his former home near Datroit, Mich. The bodies of the man and woman

were removed from the hospital early yesterday morning to Woolvin's undertaking rooms, on Third steet, where hundreds of curious people called during the day. The jury of inquest summoned by Dr. Bell consisted of Messrs. Julius Sternberger | the county home, finding conditions (foreman), W. H. Northrop, Jr., (secretary), W. E Watson, W. L. Burk. heimer, W. H. Lamb and John Capps. They met at 10 o'clock at the City Hall and after viewing the bodies at Woolvin's, the evidence of Gussie Grier, proprietress of the house in which the shooting took place, and Mr. Learry, the friend of Smith who was in the room when the shooting took place, was heard. The vervict was merely that Stella Campbell came to her death as the result gun shot wounds inflicted at the hands of Smith and that Smith came to his death by his own hand. The Charlotte Observer: Throughout all the minority leader, with a loving evidence of Gussie Grier and Mr. Learry brought out nothing new from what was contained in the account of the tragedy yesterday morning. Mr. Learry, who had been detained as a witness merely, was discharged from further service with the thanks of the jury for his frank, open statement of the affair. Mr. L H. Woodin, an uncle of the

oung man and one of the owners of the Home Art Co., of Norfolk, by from Mr. Learry, notifying him of the tragedy. In an interview with a representative of the STAR Mr. Woodin said he was at a loss to know why s man of such sterling qualities should have committed such a rash act. He was one of the most trusted and efficient employes of the company. He had fine family connections; was an entered Apprentice of Ruth Lodge, No. 89, F. & A. M., of Norfolk, Va., to both the Spanish-American and Philippine wars. Mr. Woodin states that it seems incredible that the young man should dissipate to the extent suggested by such a rash act. Mr. Woodin said that Smith had not heretofore dissipated or, if so, it was not known to the company, which would not tolerate such conduct upon the part of its employes or agents. He also Mr. Learry, the young man's com-

The parents of young Smith were notified yesterday by Mr. Woodin and the remains will be sent home to Flint, Michigan, 60 miles from Detroit, probably on this afternoon's Seaboard train. The young man was the a beautiful young girl of 17 years.

House Ordered Closed.

Soon after the coroner's inquest yes terday the Grier woman, in whose house the unfortunate affair occurred, was summoned before the Mayor, who issued peremptory orders that the house must be closed within 15 days and certainly not later than March 21st. The Mayor stated that unless the suspended judgments in the Superior Court for seiling beer without license and conducting a disorderly bouse, the cases having been tried several terms ago. The woman protested that such unfortunate occurrences were likely to occur anywhere and that she had an investment of over \$5,000 in the ordered that a policeman be stationed at the door of the house and that no one be permitted to enter the house until the order to close is obeyed. -- Morning Star of March 5th.

- Mrs. Newed (a bride of six weeks) - And how long will you be about two thirds of the number have itor, "it would be helpful to you if away, dearest? Newed-About ten ing been imprisoned there. Mr. you would take some good motto days. Mrs. Newed-Well, I think George B. Haskell, a prisoner durant try to live up to it." "Yes," I'll learn to cook while you are abing that period, is working for the said the convict. "Now I'd like to sent. Newed-That's a good idea. bill, and thinks it will go through. select, for instance, 'we are here to-This will add very materially to the day and gone to morrow.' "—Phila-leave him with one of the neighbors. - Chicago News.

KILLING IN ROBESON. Deputy Sherift's Pistol Went Off While Engaged in Struggle With Prisoner.

[Special Star Correspondence.] LUMBERTON, N. C., March 4. Lloyd Thompson died near McDonald's, this county, to day from the effects of a pistol shot received yesterday at the hands of Deputy Sheriff J. A. Barker, who was accompanied by Messrs. Simp and Oscar Prevatt, who had a warrant from Bladen county for Hill Jones and Lloyd Thompson. Mr. Barker located the parties at their shanty near McDonald's. As soon as Mr. Barker told them he had papers for their arrest they dashed into the house and securing their pistols started for the woods, firing as they ran. Jones was soon overtaken, and when Mr. Barker was nearly in reach of Thompson, both of them fell down, when Mr. Barker's pistol accidentally discharged, the ball striking Thompson and ranging upward. Mr. Barker says that while the shooting was purely accidental, he would have been perfectly justi-fied in shooting. Thompson was armed with a Smith & Wesson pistol. It was learned that he had stolen the pistol a few days since. Coroner Rancke left this afternoon for the scene of the killing to hold

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

an inquest.

- On Wednesday in McDowell Superior Court, Judge T. A. Mc-Neill, presiding, the grand jury made a report of the condition of so bad that the Judge sent them back to their room, with instructions to make presentment of the man in charge, and also the county commissioners.

- Raleigh Post: Several ago this writer advocated the adoption of the Australian ballot in North Carolina, but it met with am proud that I am one of you. I am little encouragement. We are glad to see the matter again revived. The Asheville Citizen has been advocating such a reform for months, and other papers are taking it up. The Kinston Free Press endorses it.

the recent troubles of the Bank of Fayetteville, the National Bank has acted the handsome part. Besides tendering to the other bank every possible service, Cashier C. J. Cooper loaned money to the temporarily pressed depositors. So far from any run on the National Bank, its des posits and business have largely increased.

- Raleigh Post: Some of our brethren of the press are still referring to those who opposed the whom Smith was employed, arrived Ward bill as "the whiskey ring" in the city vesterday from Lumber- and "the liquor influence," This tor, N. C., in response to a telegram is unfair, unjust and untrue, certainly in the case of many of its opponents. Some of them have straighter temperance records than many who espoused the bill, and drink very much less whiskey.

- The remains of Emil Gibson. who died at Asheville on Thursday, were sent to his former home in Erie, Pa. Miss Gibson was about 46 years of age, was president of the Erie Railroad Company and one of the most prominent railroad men in which Mr. Woodin also balongs. He the country. He went to Asheville had an honorable discharge from the over three months ago without his regular army, in which he served in sister, in the hope of regaining his lost health, and leased the handsome residence of Col. Charles W. Woolsey, known as the "Bungalow," where he resided until the time of his death.

- Edwin the five year old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. L Clark, died in Greensboro Friday night from injuries received by being struck by a street car at 5 o'clock that afternoon. He lived nearly three hours further said that young Smith enjoyed after the accident occurred. The the confidence of his employers and little fellow was attempting to had many friends in Norfolk, where dodge a wagon and jumped on the he had resided for some time. The re | track in the way of the approaching port that he was short in his accounts | car. The motorman and conductor is entirely erron ecur. Mr. Woodin is say they used every effort to save much distressed over the affair as is the boy's life. His left leg was horribly crushed and the right leg broken. - Raleigh Post, March 4: The Governor's message to the General

Assembly of the State geological survey sets forth clearly the importance of continuing that work without curtailment. The general gov ernment is now co-operating largely only son of an aged father and moth- with the State survey; and the reer and he leaves besides them, a sister, | sult of these joint investigations is proving of incalculable value to our people. Some day in the near future the people of North Carolina will awake to the importance of entering upon a definite policy of public improvement to find they have already entered upon it along definite lines worked out by this bureau and under its guidance. Already we are building roads at an expenditure of nearly half a million dollars per annum; and we are taking steps the house is closed in obedience to the looking to the increase in the suporder he would be compelled to pray | ply of our more important food fishes, the better protection of our forests and rivers. We are catching again the spirit of public development such as will increase and perpetuate the greatness of our State. And this we owe to our geological

Rufus E. Bass, mail clerk, was in stantly killed: George Carter, englhouse and furniture, but it was to no neer, subsequently died of his injuries, avail; the Mayor stated that the house and Howard Smith, colored fireman, S. A. L., near Saunderson, Fla., yesterday morning, caused by an open switch into which a passenger train dashed into a freight on the siding. Both engines and mail cars were demolished. The dead mail clerk was n the battle of Sau Juan hill during he Spanish American war.

J P Beipry, of Lenr, Mass., an entisted a aman on the armored cruiser West Virginia, was arrested at Newrobbing the mails of registered packages woise driver of a mail wagon at Lyno, Mass. To avoid prosecution he fled and enlisted in the navy. The post office inspectors have chased him for 30,000 miles.

NO. 19

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WASHINGTON, March 4 .- The 58th Congress came to an end at noon today. As all important legislation had been completed last night, there was liftle save formal business to be transacted during the two hours that both houses were in session. The presito the bills which had passed and these were hurried to the President. When

Apprepriations Amount to \$818,000,000

Against '\$781,000,000 Last Year-

Loving Sups Presented.

COMPLETES ITS TERM.

THE 58TH CONGRESS

the houses in which they had originated, thus completing the formalities necessary to make them laws. Only one bill which passed both houses and was presented to the President, falled to receive his signature This bill amended the present antismoke law of the District of Colunbis, and intended to be less severe upon those who have not complied with the present law in abolishing moking chimneys.

signed by him they were returned to

The closing ceremonies in the Senate were of more than ordinary interest, because the end of Fifty-eighth Congress was merged into the special session of the Fifty ninth Congress and Vice-President Fainbanks was in ducted into office.
Other formalities in the Senate in-

cluded the usual resolution of thanks to President Pro Tem Frye and a fee! ing response by that official. In the House one legislative act was performed by the passage of a bill, but the session for the most parl was d. voted to the congratulatory ceremonies usual to the close of a Congress. Speaker Cannon was not only thanked by a unanimous vote of the House, but was presented with a loving cup by the members. Representative Williams, of Mississippi, the leader of the minority, was given a like compliment

by his associates.

The presentation during what Mr. Payne, of New York, announced would be a joint caucus, Mr. Hepburn made a facetious address and Mr. Hay, of Virginis, chairman of the regular Democratic caucus, then took the chair and spoke in a humorous vein. The occasion, he said, was the most unique in the political history of the country. He did not believe, he said, that there had ever been a joint caucus of that character before.

The presentation speech was made by Mr. Boutell who was followed by Mr. Williams, of Mississippl. Speaker Cannon, in response, said in part: "The men who compose the national House of Representatives with their warrant of attorney from a great people have no superiors. They are all equals. I more gratified to receive this gift than words will express. I receive it as a token of your respect for me as one of

When the enthusiasm had subsided Mr. Clark, of Missouri, produced a second demonstration by presenting - Fayetteville correspondence John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, the gift colleagues. His remarks were expressive of the esteem in which Mr. Williams is held. When Mr. Williams arose to respond he was accorded the same spontaneous and general applause given to the Speaker. He said in part: "I have felt at times the burden of apprehended, ever approaching failure in attending to the duties which you have laid upon me. I will, therefore, only say now that it affords me and will afford me hereafter unceasing pleasure to know that you are pleased to say that I have measurably well succeeded. The Speaker made a number of appointments, including Jones, of Virginia, as visitor to the naval academy;

> committee to attend Lewis and Clark exposition were appointed Bartlett, of Georgia; Legare, of South Carolina, and Small, of North Carolina. The House at 11:55 adjourned sine Statements were made by Senator Allison and Representative Hemenway, chairman of the appropriation committee of their respective Houses, giving the approximate amount of the

ppropriations during this session and

indicating the financial condition of

Bartlett, of Georgia to the temporary

committee on accounts; Griggs, of

Georgia, on the commission to exam-

ine into the public printing. On the

the country. Chairman Hemenway said that if here were no additional expenditures there would be a surplus at the close of the next fiscal year of \$38,542,410. 'It now looks clear beyond question,' he said amid loud Republican spplause, "that there will be no deficit. Senator Allison said the approximate amount approp was \$818,000,000 as negativet \$781,000 -000 last year. The estimated revenues for the next year wer- \$726,000,000 Mr. Allison expressed the opinion that the deficit for the fiscal year beginning next July would be no greater than that for the .rer which will end on that date.

MRS. JEPFERSON DAVIS

Widow of Confederate President Replies to General Miles.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star SAVANNAH, GA., March 4 .-- Mrs. lefferson Davis has written the folowing to the Savannah Press: "NEW YORK, March 2, 1905.

"Editor of the Savannah Press: "Sir: Whilst I still have no recolection of having written to General Miles, the letter which he quotes not only fails to support his previous statement in the slightest particulars, but, as its date shows, must have been written from the prison ship in Hampton Roads and when of necessity I wos ignorant of what was being done with Mr. Davis, who had then been only four days in the curtedy of Gen. Miles. If the letter was written, subsequent events have revealed the fact that at that moment, when an agonized wife was thanking him for his apparent courtesy in answering anxious ins quirles in regard to her imprisoned husband, and was commending him to the kind care of his cus odian, this man by his own showing was contemplating the immediate subjection of his helpless prisoner to the grossest maltreatment. If the letter be as Gen. Miles quotes it, it only serves to put in a clearer light, if possible, his continued infraction of the me at abvious rules of veracity.

Boston, Mass., March 4 The letter of Mrs. Jefferson Davis to the Savannah Press was shown to Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles a representative of the Associated Press. After reading the letter carefully General Miles said: "I will not reply to an insolent letter of that kind." Asked whether he would comment on the matter later, ke said that he would not commit himself as to any possible future action, but he added emphatically: "The letter does not deserve a reply."

Wiggs-Deacon Buncomb is fond of doing good deeds on the sly." Waggs-Yes; but he's terribly cut up it other people don't find out about it. - New Yorker.