The Weekly Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.
Editor and Proprietor.

Friday, - - Oct. 6, 1905

PROTECTION AND THE SOUTH.

The Washington Post gives us the following:

"During the last fiscal year the United States exported, in round numbers, merchandise to the value of $1,500,000,000. Of this stupendous sum the South, with less than a third of the population and less than a tenth of the wealth of the country, supplied merchandise to the value of $614,000,000, or more than 40 per cent. of our entire exports. Cotton, in the raw state, was exported to the value of $379,965,014. This represented more than one-half the entire cotton crop.

"Suppose our manufacturers had to find foreign markets for one-half of their products? They have a protected home market for 92 per cent. of all their turn out, and the 8 per cent. they send abroad is 'dumped' and sold for what it will fetch.

"The late President McKinley appointed Mr. John A. Kasson, an accomplished diplomat, one of the ablest thinkers upon the subject of political economy in the country, and a protectionist of the most consistent record, to negotiate certain reciprocity treaties with foreign States. Mr. Kasson negotiated a treaty with France that would have been of immense advantage to the South, more than doubling her exports of cottonseed oil, as it would, and helping to swell the right side of the 'balance of trade' by at least $20,000,000; but it seems that France under the new arrangement would have been permitted to send us cotton stockings at a lower rate than is nominated in the Dingley schedules, and somebody who is making cotton stockings in New England ordered the knife put to the throat of this Kasson treaty, and its throat was accordingly and promptly cut.

"Thus in order to afford New England opportunity to make an additional $100,000 or so on cotton stockings the foreign market for cotton seed oil is curtailed $20,000,000 per annum. The Republican party was never in favor of reciprocity after an election, however, vociferous it yelled for it before the vote was cast."

The Republican party has even quit talking reciprocity as a vote getter. It now stands for "let well enough alone" and seems to fool the people pretty well with that slogan.

The policy of the Republican party has been to build a wall around the home trade by its high protective tariff, but lately the American people are awakening to the importance of getting a share of the foreign trade. The Republican party expects to get it without any reciprocal relations with the foreign countries which our manufactures wish to exploit, but it does seem that American manufacturers might have enough influence to secure reciprocity when it is clearly to their advantage to do so. The cotton oil trade with France is one instance where it would be an advantage to a big industry and if we look around we would find other industries that would be equally benefitted by the give and take principle of trade.

OLD TIME FOOLERS.

The old line Republican organization of Philadelphia, "the machine," which is responsible for the rottenness in the Quaker City, is out with a full ticket to fight the reform nominations. The machine nominations have been made on the promise of "accomplishing reform within the party."

The reeking old organization's promises are on a line with the pretences of the national Republican party which fools tariff reform Republicans by telling them that the tariff should be reformed in the house of its friends. When the G. O. P. sweeps the deck with a landslide it holds on to the high tariff with renewed grip and its answer to the tariff reform Republicans is that the country gave them an overwhelming vote of confidence with the understanding that they would "let well enough alone."

At the Ohio State Republican convention several days ago, Vice President Fairbanks, Senator Foraker, and other leaders announced that as the country was prosperous and doing well, there was no need to talk about reducing the tariff. As a matter of course the highly protected interests are prosperous and under the circumstances they are bound to be prosperous when the Republican party makes all the people pay high tariff taxes for the benefit of the few people. It is the masses of the people who want relief from the exorbitant cost of living in comparison with their earnings. They will, however, never get that relief out of the Republican party.

As an instance of how the Republican party makes the consumers pay the taxes, it proposes to relieve the deficit in the treasury by putting a tax on coffee. The Republican "statesmen" are bestowing a great deal of serious attention on the problem presented by the growing deficit in national revenues. That problem must be met in two ways—either by more taxes or curtailment of expenditures. These are the alternatives, but it is never hard to tell which alternative the Republican party will snap up. It always falls back on the already overtaxed people instead of relieving them. It is already making our clothing come high, making our grub come high, making the necessaries of life come high, and now it contemplates a further increase of household expenses by taxing coffee. The G. O. P., not satisfied with already pinching our "bread basket," is making a pass at our guzzle.

An Iowa girl sued a man for breach of promise and her complaint alleges that he often told her how delicious her kisses were. The jury gave the girl a verdict for $1,000, and the man gladly paid it, gallantly declaring that the sweet kisses he got were worth that much apiece. Just as we have said—the price is what a man is able to pay.

Two newspaper men in Georgia want to be governor, and now comes John Temple Graves, editor of the Atlanta News, who thinks he is about the size for Bacon's senatorial toga. Georgia used to have Toombs in the Senate but we are not sufficiently informed to state whether Graves will stand the ghost of a show.

Kansas is always coming forward with strange things. Some body named Joe Satterthwait, of Douglas, Kas., who is conducting a civic righteousness campaign in his town, got wrought up the other day, and gave vent to this epigram: "If there is no hell, a vast amount of raw material is going to waste."

It is now rumored that Miss Alice Roosevelt is to marry Congressman Nick Longworth, of Ohio, who is said to have jumped with her into a bathing tank on board the steamer. Well jumping into the sea of matrimony is different.

If a lady were to meet a well plucked ostrich shivering in a blizzard she couldn't help thinking that her plumes were all the more to be prized because they were secured at such a great sacrifice to the poor ostrich.

Says the Washington Post: "Revelations of crookedness and corruption do not help much, unless followed by prosecutions." That's no joke, although it did appear in the Post's hilarity column.

Col. William J. Bryan, having sailed from San Francisco, is now well on his way to the Philippines. Too late! Secretary Taft has been there ahead of him and fixed the Ladrone vote.

The Boston Herald asks: "Why not tell the truth?" Because the law gives us the right to refuse to incriminate ourselves.

DOING THEIR DUTY.

Scores of Wilmington Readers are Learning the Duty of the Kidneys.

To filter the blood is the kidneys' duty.

When they fail to do this the kidneys are sick.

Backache and many kidney ills follows:

Urinary trouble, diabetes.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure them all

Policeman R. E. Smith, who lives with his family at 213 Boundry street. Goldsboro, N. C., says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and have been very well pleased with them. They did me so much good that we decided to try them on our little boy who seemed to be suffering from a weakness of the kidneys. He could not hold his urine and we have had to lift him out of bed several times a night or he would pass it in his sleep. Since giving him the pills we have been entirely relieved of this annoyance. My trouble was with my back. I always had a pain right across the small of it, and the secretions were dark colored and heavy with sediment. Since I used the pills my back is much stronger and does not ache at all and the urine has been cleared up to a natural condition. I certainly advise all sufferers from kidney troubles to try them."

Plenty more proof like this from Wilmington people. Call at R. R. Bellamy's drug store and ask what customers report.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—DOAN'S—and take no other. **

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Conviction Follows Trial

When buying loose coffee or anything your grocer happens to have in his bin, **how do you know what you are getting?** Some queer stories about coffee that is sold in bulk, could be told, if the people who handle it (grocers), cared to speak out.

Could any amount of mere talk have persuaded millions of housekeepers to use

Lion Coffee,

the leader of all package coffees for over a quarter of a century, if they had not found it superior to all other brands in

Purity, Strength, Flavor and Uniformity?

This popular success of LION COFFEE can be due only to inherent merit. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity.

If the verdict of MILLIONS OF HOUSEKEEPERS does not convince you of the merits of LION COFFEE, it costs you but a trifle to buy a package. It is the easiest way to convince yourself, and to make you a PERMANENT PURCHASER.

LION COFFEE is sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages, and reaches you as pure and clean as when it left our factory.

Lion-head on every package.

Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

NO ERROR IN CASE OF DEWEY

Supreme Court Holds That Newbern Defaulting Cashier Must Serve. Other Opinions Yesterday.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 3.—The Supreme Court finds no error in the trial and conviction of T. W. Dewey, of Newbern, defaulting cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank. The court holds that the refusal of the bill of particulars is not appealable unless it were possible for a gross abuse to result. Even if the appeal lay, it could not be taken except by entering exception and appeal from the final judgment. There is less excuse for an appeal in this case since the bill of particulars was allowed by subsequent judge before trial, it is held. When the judge is requested to put instruction in writing the statue only requires a written charge as to the law applicable to the facts of the case. It does not make it an error if the evidence is orally recited on general remarks made as to the general duty of the jury.

Associate Justice Hoke filed a dissenting opinion on the ground that the trial judge committed error in submitting the oral remarks to the jury when he had been asked to put the charge in writing. Dewey is under $40,000 bond and the sentence is to six years in the penitentiary.

Other opinions of interest are: Kirkman vs. Holland, Craven, affirmed; Peacock vs. Barnes, no error; Darden vs. Timberlake, Wilson, decided in favor of plaintiff in both cases; State vs. Lucas, Sampson, no error; Weeks vs. Wilkins, Sampson, reversed; Hawks vs Hall, Sampson, affirmed; Stone vs Steamship Company, New Hanover, no error; Donlan vs. Trust Company, New Hanover, decided in favor of the plaintiff in both appeals; Porter vs. Armstrong, Pender, modified and affirmed; King vs Hobbs, Sampson, affirmed; Outlaw vs. Garner, from Duplin, no error; Farley vs. Farley, Sampson, per curian, affirmed; Sikes vs. Power Company, New Hanover, per curiam, affirmed; Cable Company vs. Smith, Harnett, dismissed for failure to print record.

At a big mass meeting tonight under the auspices of the State W. C. T. U., Rev. W. C. Massee denounced the dispensary as an evil that must be cast out and the faces of Christian forces must be set for prohibition. Miss O'Daniel pronounced the dispensary a far greater evil than open saloons. The convention adjourns tomorrow.

(By Associated Press.)

Charlotte, N. C., Oct. 3.—A special from Raleigh to The Observer says: "The State Supreme Court, Chief Justice Walter Clark and Associate Justice Hoke dissenting, to-day handed down an opinion denying the motion of counsel for a new trial for Thomas W. Dewey, defaulting cashier of the Merchants' and Farmers' Bank, of Newbern. Dewey was recently sentenced to six years imprisonment in the State penitentiary. The motion for a new trial was based on the failure of the presiding judge to reduce his entire charge to writing. Dewey was charged with the embezzlement of about $130,000 belonging to the bank."

ENTERPRISE AT CERRO GORDO.

Williamson-Brown Land and Lumber Co., a Great Industry.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Cerro Gordo, N. C., Oct. 2.—Located here is the large lumber plant of the Williamson-Brown Land and Lumber Co., one of the largest, most complete, and up-to-date mills in this State. The machinery is all driven by two mammoth Atlas engines, one 65 and the other 150 horse-power. The lumber is carried directly from large band saws by endless chains to the dry-houses, and from there to cars standing on side tracks where a force of hands are kept busy loading it on the cars. All strips and other waste lumber are thrown into a giant hopper and ground up and the pulp carried by machinery and emptied into the fire boxes of the two immense boilers for fuel. Nothing is wasted. Near the mill the company have a good, comfortable hotel, for the convenience of the employes. They also carry on a large mercantile business. Besides this company, other prominent merchants are Messrs. E. D. Williamson, Lee Williamson, P. E. Williams, S. V. Stanley, H. D. Kellihan and others.

—A dispatch from Goldsboro on Tuesday says: Froney Hadley, a dusky damsel, was bound over to court in the sum of $200 this morning on a charge of robbing Sidney Lewis, a young farmer who came to town Saturday and tanked up on mean liquor. She persuaded Lewis to take a walk with her Saturday night and while they were strolling she ran her hand into his pocket and took his money, which was found on her person when she was locked up. Froney is a tough character as well as a peculiar one. She dresses as a man and is a scrapper. Only a short time ago she held up a farmer from the country and robbed him of the proceeds of a bale of cotton, for which she got several months on the roads.

ALMOST A SERIOUS WRECK

Enclosed City Car Came Very Near Plunging Down Steep Incline on Red Cross Street.

Three or four passengers were slightly hurt and half a dozen others were badly frightened and shaken up as the result of a wreck of a street car last night about 8 o'clock at Front and Red Cross streets. The injured are Mrs. H. F. Otten and Miss Lizzie Otten, the first named suffering severely from nervous shock, and bruises and the latter with a badly sprained wrist and hand; Conductor J. W. Bryan, in charge of the car, who was thrown against the motor box, and his knee sprained, and Mr. Chas Bray, a clerk in Mr. R. F. Hamme's store, who was thrown and suffered a badly sprained ankle. Injuries to others consisted of merely scratches and bruises.

About half way down the steep incline of the track on Red Cross street, between Front and Second, the brake chain under No. 24, one of the larger of the enclosed cars used by the Consolidated Company on the city line, broke just as the car had gained the momentum of the grade and in another minute it had struck the sharp curve at the corner of Front and Red Cross streets. The speed was such that the wheels would not take the curve and the car dashed across the street, stopping on the very crest of the still steeper incline, leading down to Nutt street and the Champion Compress sheds. There were eight passengers on the car and when the brake chain broke, Motorman Rob Williams on the front of the car, shouted to Conductor Bryan to throw on the rear brakes and in the meantime sticking to his post to the very last, he threw on the reverse. The passengers realized that something was wrong when the motorman shouted and the car dashed on down the grade with the increasing momentum. They all arose in their seats and when the car struck the cobble stones, they were thrown either in the aisle or over what was immediately in front of them.

Dr. J. T. Schonwald was a passenger on the car and when Mrs. Otten fainted under the excitement and Miss Otten was injured, he assisted the ladies to the Atlantic Inn, on the corner. Later they were joined by Mr. Otten and accompanied back home. The others who were injured soon took transfer cars for their destination.

The transfer cars were used in pulling the derailed car back on the track and the wreck was soon cleared. Had the car gained a little more momentum and the men in charge failed to stick to their posts as they did, the scene of the wreck would no doubt have shifted to the foot of the steep hill on Nutt street and loss of life and serious injury would no doubt have been added to the casualties. The wreck was witnessed by several persons standing on the corner, who turned away under the fearful contemplation that the car would not stop before it dashed on down the Belgian block pavement as far as Nutt street.

NORTH CAROLINA CROPS.

Weekly Bulletin Issued by Agricultural Department at Raleigh.

Raleigh, N. C., Oct.—The weekly crop bulletin issued to-day by the Department of Agriculture for the week ended Monday, October 2nd, is as follows: "The week has been characterized by warm days and cool nights, the temperature averaging about 4 degrees above the normal; and by the absence of rainfall, the only rain reported being a trace at Asheville. Light frost occurred in Tyrell county on the morning of the 27th. The weather has been favorable for saving crops, but too dry for plowing and for sowing small grain. All growing crops need rain, and pastures are failing.

The general condition of the cotton crop remains unchanged; it is opening fast and picking is progressing rapidly, about thre-fifths of the crop having been picked; fewer reports of shedding have been received, but the crop will be very light; in general the crop will be below the average, and in places very light.

A fair crop of tobacco, of rather inferior quality, has been cut and cured. Early corn is maturing fast, and in some localities is being gathered; late corn needs rain, but has been benefited by the warm weather. A good crop of buckwheat is being harvested, and good crops of Irish potatoes and peanuts are being dug. Sweet potatoes are good; the cabbage crop is a failure; turnips are needing rain badly. Fine crops of hay, fodder, and pea-vino hay have been secured. Sorghum molasses making is under way. Over the greater portion of the State it is too dry for plowing and for sowing small grain; some wheat and oats have been sown in the central and western districts, but are needing rain badly. Apples are falling badly, and will be a light crop."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

INTERESTING SUIT

Ex-Mayor S. H. Fishblate Sues on Accident Policy For Loss of an Eye.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Case Being Hard Fought By Attorneys on Both Sides—Defence Sets Up That Injury Existed Before Issuance of Policy.

The Superior Court was engaged all day yesterday in the trial of the interesting suit brought by ex-Mayor S. H. Fishblate, of this city, against The Fidelity and Casualty Company, of New York, for the recovery of $1,700 alleged to be due the plaintiff for the loss of an eye under an accident policy carried with the defendant company, particulars of which are now pretty well known to readers of this paper. Unless there is an unexpected turn in the proceedings, it will require the greater portion, if not all, of to-day to complete the trial.

Mr. Fishblate is represented by Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, Messrs. Rountree & Carr and William J. Bellamy, Esq., and the insurance company is represented by Iredell Meares and Herbert McClammy, Esqs. The case is being hard fought, not a little time having been consumed yesterday morning in the selection of a jury, which was finally empanelled to try the issues joined, as follows: John G. Kuhlken, F. T. Skipper, Frank R. King, L. O. Ellis, Wm. J. Mallard, F. W. Kuhl, D. J. Fergus, Robert C. Orrell, Jno. D. Cottle, W. E. Merritt, W. VanHardin and W. A. McGowan. At 6 o'clock yesterday evening, the plaintiff had introduced several witnesses and rested its case. Counsel for the defendant intimated that when court meets this morning, they will make a motion to dismiss the case under the Hinsdale act, or, in other words, on the ground that the plaintiff has not made out its case. If the motion is not allowed, the defence will then proceed to introduce testimony a number of witnesses having been summoned. Among those for the defence are Dr. D. W. Bulluck, Dr. W. C. Galloway, U. S. Commissioner S. P. Collier, Messrs. J. H. and S. M. Boatwright, Dr. T. M. Green, Messrs. C. R. Davis and J. W. Fleet, the last two named being former employes of Mr. Fishblate.

The suit is brought in the name of Mr. Fishblate and wife and the complaint alleges that the plaintiffs are citizens and residents of the city of Wilmington and State of North Carolina and the plaintiff, Mrs. Fishblate, is the wife of her co-plaintiff, S. H. Fishblate, and is the beneficiary named in the policy; that on Jan. 25th, 1904, the defendant for the consideration and agreements named, executed and delivered to the plaintiffs a policy of insurance for the period of 12 months from that date, wherein and whereby said defendants insured the plaintiff, Solomon H. Fishblate,

"against disability or death resulting directly and independently of all other causes, from bodily injuries sustained through external, violent and accidental means, suicide, sane or insane included as follows:

1. (b) or if the loss by actual separation at or about the wrist or ankle of one hand or of one foot, or the irrecoverable loss of the sight of one eye, shall so result from other injuries within 90 days the Company will pay the assured $1,700....."

It is alleged as a cause of action that on or about February 12th, 1904, the plaintiff, S. H. Fishblate, while crossing the street near his house in the city of Wilmington, was struck in the eye accidentally by ice, slush or mud thrown up by a passing horse and vehicle, which within a short while and within the space of 90 days thereafter caused the loss of the right eye of the plaintiff, S. H. Fishblate.

It is further alleged that in due time and in strict accordance with the terms of their policy, which will be produced at the hearing of the cause gave the defendant company due and regular notice of the said accident and in due time made a demand upon the defendant for the payment of the said sum of $1,700 in accordance with the terms of said policy, but the defendant refused and still refuses to make said payment as required by said contract of insurance, wherefore, plaintiff demands judgment from defendant in the sum of $1,700 with interest from May 12th, 1904, and costs of the action.

The answer of defendant to the complaint admits the existence of the policy but it denies that the terms and conditions and warranties in the policy are set forth fully or correctly in the allegation of plaintiff. The allegations in the plaintiff's complaint as to the loss of the eye by reason of the alleged accident on Market street are denied and for a further defence, it is set up that the warranties in plaintiff's application for the insurance form a part of the contract; that plaintiff's income per week did not exceed the gross amount of weekly indemnity as alleged and that the waranty as to plaintiff's having no other accident or health policy was not in good faith. It is further set forth as the defendant is informed and believes that within seven years previous to the date of the acceptance of the policy of insurance by the plaintiff, he had suffered from an ulcerated cornea, that an operation had been performed on his eye and that he had been advised by his physicians that inflammation might arise therein at any time, and if it did, the eye would have to be removed to save the sight of the other; that the plaintiff's eyesight had been seriously affected for several years antecedent to the said acceptance by him, with the aforesaid warranties, of said policy of insurance, that the alleged accident of which plaintiff complains was not the cause, directly or indirectly, of the loss of the eye, but the cause that necessitated the removal of his eye was due to its diseased condition existing at the time he received the insurance upon the warranties heretofore set forth.

The witnesses examined yesterday were Mr. Fishblate, Mrs. Fishblate and Dr. A. H. Harriss, the last named being Mr. Fishblate's patient at the time of the accident. Col. Walker Taylor was introduced to show that ordinarily when an applicant states that he has no other insurance, reference is not had to lodge and benefit orders. It was, however, ruled that the testimony was not competent and Col. Taylor did not testify. The evidence was wanted to contradict the charge of fraud in the warranty inasmuch as Mr. Fishblate had secured payment of one $250 for the accident from the American Guild, which issued a policy. Mr. Fishblate was rigidly cross-examined as to an application for a pension from the U. S. government, which he is alleged to have made in November, 1903, on account of service in the Seventh New York Regiment around Washington, during which his health was impaired and his eyesight affected. The application, however, a copy of which has been secured by the defence, was not offered in evidence yesterday but it is understood that the document will be offered to-day.

ALMOST LYNCHING IN NEW YORK CITY

For Bigamy and Grand Larceny Frederick E. Carlton Goes to Penitentiary for 19 Years.

By Wire to The Morning Star

New York, October 2.—Frederick E. Carlton, who was convicted of three charges of bigamy and one of grand larceny in Brooklyn, was today sentenced to an aggregate of 19 years in the State prison. On the first indictment that of marrying Mary Gorman while his first wife was alive, sentence was suspended. For marrying Mary J. Smith while he had another wife living, a sentence of five years was imposed, and for bigamy in marrying Lulu Kettering, of Rochester, a sentence of four years was given. On the charge of grand larceny in drugging and robbing Henry Schwab, a machinist in the United States navy, Carlton was sentenced to ten years.

Carlton's counsel made a plea for leniency because of Carlton's ill health and said a long sentence would mean practically a life sentence.

Judge Aspinwall was most bitter in his denunciation of the prisoner's crimes and said he was convinced that the prisoner attempted murder when he robbed Schwab. Continuing Judge Aspinwall said:

"You are at heart a villian, a murderer, a swindler and a thief, and I am sorry that I cannot send you to the electric chair. Just remember that your mother was a woman, but you played with the love of women, and when you were through with them you turned them out into the world with their shame upon them. You are one of the most dangerous men in the country."

As he left the court room after this denunciation, Carlton was met by a young woman who called him by name and began to weep exclaiming:

"What the judge said was all true."

Carlton laughed in the young woman's face and passed on. When outside the building he was mobbed by a crowd of men, many of whom had once been his neighbors but who then tried to strike him. The mob numbered fully 500 and the deputies who guarded Carlton, being handcuffed to him, had great difficulty in saving him serious injury. They ran with the prisoner to a street car and in this manner escaped from the mob.

STATE "FIRE WASTE" LAW

Announced in Raleigh That It Will Materially Reduce Insurance Rates in North Carolina.

In the editorial columns of the Star this morning will be found an extensive review of the good effect already apparent from the passage of laws calculated to reduce fire waste in the State by the last Legislature. Particular reference is to what is known as the "fire waste law," which was before the Board of Aldermen at its meeting Monday night and which was referred by that body to the Ordinance Committee and the City Attorney, to ascertain if the same applies to Wilmington and what course to pursue in the event it does. It seems that the passage of the bill has had the effect to very materially reduce the rates for fire insurance in towns and cities to which the law applies and that, if such be the case, there will no longer be any question as to whether the Board of Aldermen will wish it to apply to this city. The following special was received last night from Raleigh:

"Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 3.—Insurance Commissioner J. R. Young makes official announcement of a considerable reduction just made by the insurance companies doing business in this State to apply to fire risks where the new fire waste law, passed by the last Legislature, is in force. On all mercantile buildings and hotels (and the contents thereof), with metal, slate, tile or other approved fire proof roofs, a reduction from the basis rate of 10 cents, or $1.00 on the thousand dollars and on all churches, schools, and public buildings, and on contents thereof, with metal slate, tile, on other approved fire proof roofs, a reduction from the basis rate of 5 cents or 50 cents on the thousand.

"This reduction applies to sixty-seven cities and towns of the State, including Wilmington. It is estimated that the saving in premiums by this reduction to Raleigh alone is $2,500 per year."

The matter is treated more at length in the editorial columns of the Star today.

GLENN FOR PROHIBITION.

Significant Utterances in Speech Opening W. C. T. U. Convention.

Special Star Telegram.

Raleigh, N. C., Oct., 2.—Governor Glenn in extending a welcome on behalf of the State to the twenty-third annual convention of the North Carolina Women's Christian Temperance Union declared that in his opinion the time has come when the question of prohibition should be submitted to the people throughout the State; that he is convinced from his observation on his recent trip through New England that prohibition does prohibit and he hopes to see the "accursed stuff" wiped out of the entire State. He said that as for himself he "burns the bridge behind him" and "stands squarely with the great temperance forces to drive the hideous monster of intemperance out of the State."

New Cure for Cancer.

All surface cancers are now known to be curable, by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Jas. Walters, of Duffield, Va., writes: "I had a cancer on my lip for years, that seemed incurable, till Bucklen's Arnica Salve healed it, and now it is perfectly well." Guaranteed cure for cuts and burns. 25c. at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

Over Half a Million

SATISFIED CUSTOMERS

Do you think such an enormous business could be built up and continually increased, if our goods did not have exceptional value and merit?

Do you think we could hold the trade of half a million people, if our reputation for doing exactly what we say wasn't firmly established?

Do you think U. S. Senators, Foreign Ambassadors, Bankers, Business and Professional men in every section of this country would keep on using HAYNER WHISKEY if it wasn't all right?

Do you think doctors would recommend it and hospitals use it, if it wasn't absolutely pure and unadulterated?

Just think these things over carefully and then send us a trial order. Your money back if you are not satisfied.

United States Senate, Washington, D. C.
"I have found Hayner Whiskey exceptionally fine for table and medicinal purposes."
Wm. M. Stewart.
U. S. Senator from Nevada.

HAYNER WHISKEY

4 FULL QUARTS $3.20 EXPRESS PREPAID

OUR OFFER We will send you in a plain sealed case, with no marks to show contents, FOUR FULL QUART BOTTLES OF HAYNER PRIVATE STOCK RYE FOR $3.20, and we will pay the express charges. Take it home and sample it, have your doctor test it—every bottle if you wish. Then if you don't find it just as we say and perfectly satisfactory, ship it back to us AT OUR EXPENSE and your $3.20 will be promptly refunded. How could any offer be fairer? You don't risk a cent.

Orders for Ariz., Cal., Col., Idaho, Mont., Nev., N. Mex., Ore., Utah, Wash., or Wyo., must be on the basis of **4 Quarts** for **$4.00** by **Express Prepaid** or **20 Quarts** for **$15.20**, by **Freight Prepaid.**

Write our nearest office and do it NOW.

THE HAYNER DISTILLING COMPANY

Atlanta, Ga. Dayton, O. St. Louis, Mo St. Paul, Minn.

403 DISTILLERY, TROY, O. ESTABLISHED 1866.

HORSE TRADERS FALL OUT.

Drayman and Hackman Made Interesting Scene in Bornemann's Court.

Interesting complications promise to ensue in Justice Bornemann's court at 1 o'clock this afternoon when a horse trade between Hezekiah Pollock, a negro drayman, and Alfred Lamb, a colored hackman, will form the basis for an investigation of subsequent events that almost made a "rough house" of the judge's law office yesterday. Lamb and Pollock traded horses a few days ago and Pollock claims the exchange was on approval, so to speak, and that after both had tried the animals, either was at liberty to swap back, if he chose. Pollock wanted to call the trade off after trying the horse given him by Lamb in exchange, but the latter said "Nay, Nay, Pauline." Pollock then brought Lamb into court under civil proceedure. When the two horse owners met in the justice shop, they glared at one another, the ire was at length exchanged and officers had to restrain them from going together. The judge called a halt in the proceedings and other warrants were made out for the more recent occurrences. Then each side hurried off after a lawyer, Pollock employing Wm. J. Bellamy and Lamb securing the services of Herbert McClammy. The cases were then continued until 1 o'clock this afternoon, and the judge says lively times are ahead, for he delights in nothing more than the forum of debate.

New River Steam Line.

Mr. T. J. Gore, two weeks ago bought from the owner, Capt. Ellis Sherman, the steamer Chas. M. Whitlock. She had been running on the Cape Fear river, Town Creek and Long Creek, but as soon as she changed hands she was put on the marine railway at Skinner shipyard where she has been thoroughly overhauled. Her machinery was over handled, and a lot of new machinery added consisting of steam fire apparatus, new pumps, extinguishers, etc. The cabins for passengers, for both white and colored, have been enlarged, conveniences added, many changes have taken place and both practically remodelled. The improvements make the "Whitlock" a much superior boat than she ever was and comes up to all the requirements of the government inspectors of steam craft. The steamer has been painted up as prettily as a butter-fly in May and will be quite an acceptable and creditable addition to the river fleet. Capt. W. H. Ward will be agent, and hereafter the run will be from here to Point Caswell and on Long Creek to Lillington, Pender coutny. The steamer will make her maiden trip Thursday to Long Creek. Capt. M. B. Ward will be the master, and the sailing days will be: Thursdays, 1 P. M. for Long Creek; On Tuesdays and Saturdays at 1 P. M. for Point Caswell. Her wharf will be at foot of Dock street.

"The Clansman" Coming.

Mr. Howard Herrick was in the city yesterday looking after the press work for "The Clansman." Mr. Herrick is well known in Wilmington. He was for years connected with various papers in this State. Recently he has been manager and press representative for many New York theatrical successes but "The Clansman" has been his greatest in the South. The production was played to $1,200 in Greensboro and $1,100 in Winston, breaking the record in both of those cities.

Don't Borrow Trouble.

It is a bad habit to borrow anything, but the worst thing you can possibly borrow, is trouble. When sick, sore, heavy, weary and worn-out by the pains and poisons of dyspepsia, billiousness, bright's disease, and similar internal disorders, don't sit down and brood over your symptoms, but fly for relief to Electric Bitters. Here you will find sure and permanent forgetfulness of all your troubles, and your body will not be burdened by a load of debt disease. At R. R. Bellamy's drug store. Price 50c. Guaranteed.

EUROPE IS STIRRED OVER NEW ALLIANCE

Germany Wants Russia and France to Join Her to Offset Anglo-Japanese Alliance.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Paris, Oct. 4.—Chancelleries here and throughout Europe are taking the keenest interest in the possible and even probable formation of a new European alliance consequent upon the termination of the war and the conclusion of a closer Anglo-Japanese alliance. This has advanced beyond discussion in the newspapers, and has already reached the stage of discreet diplomatic soundings. The various proposed re-alignments of European powers are divided into three main movements—first, British inclination toward an accord with Russia; second, a German-Japanese alliance; and third, Russo-German overtures to induce France to join the latter grouping.

Great Britain's desire for a rapproachment with Russia has brought about the distinct diplomatic suggestion that Great Britain is ready to give fuller recognition to Russia's privileged position in Southern Turkey, notably at Constantinople and along the Bosphorus. Russia's ambition in this direction has heretofore encountered strong opposition in England.

The view in French official quarters is distinctly favorable to the Anglo-Russian rapproachment. It was one of the projects of M. DelCasse, when foreign minister to have King Edward visit Emperor Nicholas as a means for furthering the reconciliation of Russia and Great Britain. Since the retirment of M. DelCasse, this project has been in abeyance, but the officials continue favorable to an Anglo-Russian entente.

Concerning the proposed German-Russian agreement strong elements in both countries favor an accord as a counterpoise to the Anglo-Japanese alliance. The Temps to-night prints an authorized interview with Prince von Buelow, the German Imperial Chancellor, openly advocating a German-Russian rapproachment.

EPEDEMIC OF DIPHTHERIA.

Classes at Normal Academy Dismissed On Accout of Outbreak.

Annapolis, Md., October 3.—The extension of leave already extended to the three upper classes of midshipmen on account of the numerous cases of diphtheria among the members of the new fourth class has been extended from one week to two and according to present orders the Naval Academy will open on October 14. However, it is anticipated that a further evtension may be granted. There are forty cases of diphtheria or diphtheric sore throats, although there have been no deaths and none anticipated. The disease has not yet showed signs of abatement and there are several new cases. Before the main body of the midshipmen are permitted to return all the academy building will be thoroughly fumigated. The members of the fourth class not affected by the disease have been quartered on the frigate Hartford.

—At Asheville on Tuesday, Sheriff Reed stated that the names of the men whom Peter Smith implicated in the murder of his step-daughter last September are Henry and Columbus Frisbee, of Macon county Smith signed a written statement that these men were guilty, and gave the names of men by whom he said it would be proved. The sheriff is inclined to think this statement false and for the purpose of enabling him to secure a commutation of his sentence, and the opinion is expressed that Smith himself was the murderer. The woman disappeared one night and the only trace of her ever found was her severed head. Smith is the white man who was hanged at Marshall on Monday for assaulting a 16-year-old white girl.

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