WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1865.

AFTERNOON EDITION.

THE WILMINGTON HERALD, DAILY AND WEEKLY. THOMAS M. COOK & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS. TROMAS M. COOK.

THE DAILY HERALD

Is printed every morning (Sunday's excepted.)-Terms \$10 per year; \$5 for six months; \$1 per CAUSE OF HER DETENTION. THE WEEKLY HERALD

\$1 50 for six months; \$1 00 for three months \$0 50 per month. The Sunday Morning Herald,

A mammoth family and literary newspaper, is &c. printed every Sunday morning. Price ten cents

JOB WORK Neatly and promptly executed.

Wilmington Post Office. OFFICE HOURS 9 A. M. TO 5, P. M.

Mails Close. NORTHERN, EASTERN AND WESTERN, Daily (except Saturday) at 3 P. M. NEW YORK AND EASTERN, By Steamer Wednesday and Saturdays SOUTHERN,

Daily at 6 P. M. WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE & RUTHERFORD R. R. Tuesdays and Saturdays at 6 A. M. Mails Arrive.

NORTHERN, Every morning except Monday, New York, Every Tuesday by Steamer, SOUTHERN, Daily at 3 P. M.

## RAILROADS.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER AND SUP'T, ?

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 10, 1865. THE undersigned having returned from a long absence in providing a supply of rolling stock and materials, hopes with the means obtained to be able to remove, promptly, all freight now on

The patrons of the road are requested to make their wants known to the undersigned, if there has been any unusual delay.

Two additional freight trains have been this day seed on the road, and will be permanently em-. ployed there. S. L. FREMONT, Supt. and Eng.

November 13 Wilmington and Manchester Railroad

OFFICE GEN. SUPT. WIL. & MAN. R. R., Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 11th, 1865. THE following trains are run on the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad, with following

Leave Wilmington daily at 6.00 A. M. Kingsville . " Arrive at Wilmington daily at 3.05 P. M. Kingsville

At Florence these trains connect each way with trains on the North Eastern Railroad daily for Charleston. At Kingsville they connect each way with trains on the South Carolina Railroad daily for Columbia and Augusta. In going to Columbia passengers stage from Hopkins' Turnout on South Carolina Railroad to Columbia, a distance of twelve miles. In going to Augusta they stage from Orangeburg, in South Carolina to Johnston's Turnout, on South Carolina Railroad, a distance

At Florence these trains connect with the Cheraw and Darlington Railroad, which road runs up to Cheraw Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and down from Cheraw to Florence every Monday, Wednesday and Friday. There is daily stage con-nection from Sumter, S. C., to Camden, S. C., connecting with these trains. The steamer connecting with these trains arrives and departs from the W. & W. R. R. wharf. The freight office of the Company is, for the present, on Water street, at the wharf formerly used by steamer North Carolina, running to Fayetteville. The office of the President, General Superintendent and Treasurer, for the present, is on the southeast corner of Water and Chesnut streets, up stairs. HENRY M. DRANE,

Nov. 13th

Wil., Char. and Rutherford Railroad. FFICE WIL., CHAR. & RUTH. R. R. Co., LAURINBURG, N. C., Oct. 18, 1865. N ADJOURNED MEETING of the Stock-A holders of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Rail Road Company will be held at Lincolnton, N. C., on Thursday, January 18th, 1866. WM. H. ALLEN, Secretary. Oct. 26th.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad. OFFICE W. & W. R. R. Cc., WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 4, 1865. THE thirtieth annual meeting of the Stockhol-L ders of the Wilmington and Weldon railroad company will be held in Wilmington on Wednesday the 22d inst.

J. W. THOMPSON, Sec'y. Goldsboro' News, Tarboro' Southerner, Raleigh Standard and Sentinel, copy.

OFFICE WIL., CHAR. & RUTH. R. R. Co., 7 LAURINBURG, Oct. 18th, 1865.

SCHEDULE: Up Train, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Down Train, Monday, Friday and Wednesday Leave. Wilmington · 8.00 A. M. Sand Hill .... 7.00 A. M Riverside....9.00 " Laurinburg. -- 8.10 North West . . 9.40 Shoe Heel ... 8.33 Marlville.  $\cdots$  10.21 Red Banks... . 8.53 Moss Neck....9.25 Rosindale · · · 11.08 Brown Marsh11.38 " Lumberton....10.02 Bladenboro' · 12.10 P. M. Bladenboro'...10.56 Lumberton...1.08 Brown Marsh11.27 Rosindale.... 11.57 Moss Neck...1.40

Arrive at Arrive at Wilmington. . . 3.00 Sand Hill.....4.00 " No goods will be taken by the above Train, ex cept at the option of the company, and then double the usual rates will be charged.

Red Banks... . . 2.10 " Shoe Heel ... 2.30 "

Laurinburg....3.04

Marlville ... 12.41 P. M.

North West. . . 1.24

Riverside.....2.00

by sunset on Monday evening.

Meals furnished on board the Boat connecting

with the Trains. Breakfast on day of departure from Wilmington, and Dinner on day of arrival at WM. H. ALLEN,

Master of Transportation. Oct. 26th.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad.
WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. Co. ? WILMINGTON, Aug. 29, 1865.
PASSENGER TRAINS SCHEDULE. ROM this date Trains on this Road will run

Leave Wilmington at 4 00 P. M. Arrive at Weldon at 8 00 A. M. Leave Weldon at 2 00 P. M. Arrive at Weldon at 2 00 P. M.

Arrive at Wilmington at 5 40 A. M.

Connecting at Weldon both ways with trains to and from Petersburg, by Gaston Ferry, and on direct to Norfolk and Washington; connects at Goldsboro' with trains to Raleigh and Newbern.

There is a sublimity of purpose about the ment. There is a sublimity of purpose about the lumbia, Atlanta, Savannah, Montgomery, &c.
S. L. FREMONT,
Aug. 30, 1865—154.

Eng. & Sup't.

THREE O'CLOCK P. M.

STEAMER TWILIGHT.

Is printed every Saturday. Terms \$2 50 per year; She is ashore off New Inlet bar.

Arrival of her Passengers and Mails.

We are indebted to Lieutenant J. B. Pierson, of the United States revenue cutter, Northerner, for the particulars of the grounding of the steamor Twilight:

The steamer Twilight, Capt. Spicer, bound from New York to this port with merchandize and passengers, and consigned to Harriss & Howell, of this city, went ashore at New Inlet bar, directly abreast of Fort Fisher, at four o'clock on the morning of the 14th inst. The revenue cutter Northerner, Capt. Henriques, went to her assistance early in the morning but was unable to render her any aid until high water in the afternoon, at 3.30 P. M., gave her a hawser, and after several attempts failed to put her afloat. Five o'clock in the afternoon, took off her passengers, mails, baggage and other valuables and ship pa-

pers, and brought them to this city.

The Twilight was said to be laying very easy at last accounts, and the agents here have procured vessels to go down and make another attempt to get her afloat. It is stated that she lies about the wreck of the blockade running steamer Con-

dor, foundered during the blockade of the port. The following named passengers come on board Mrs Morton and servant. Mrs Burns. Miss Gervis. 8 Salling, wife and five children. Mrs Riley. Geo W Kirk.

Miss Kellam. Miss Pomeroy. Mr Whipple. Mrs Williams W Mirover. Mr Corburn. Dr W W Hall Miss M A Bail.

At a meeting of the passengers of the steamer Twilight, held on board the revenue cutter Northerner, the following resolutions were adopted Resolved-That we hereby tender our sincere thanks to Captain Spicer, the officers and crew of the steamer Twilight, for their kindness and attention during the voyage from New York, and, while regretting the accident off Ne v Inlet, we feel satsfled that it arose from no negligence either on the part of the captain, his officers or crew.

Resolved-That we also tender our thanks to Captain John A. Henriques, his officers and crew, for their humane and energetic efforts made in rescuing us from the steamer Twilight, on the evening of the 14th instant, whilst on the shoal off New Inlet, near Fort Fisher.

Resolved-That our thanks are also due Captain John A. Henriques and his officers for their gencrefreshments and accomodations whilst aboard

Resolved-That in the assistance offered by Captain Henriques and his officers we recognize the hand of a merciful God, and to whom we commend Captain Henriques, his officers and crew to his providential keeping. Resolved-That these resolutions be published in

the New York, Philadelphia and Wilmington F. A. BYRNES, Philadelphia, JOHN REILLY, Philadelphia, GEORGE WISTAR KIRK, Philadelphia, B. REILLY, Wilmington, N. C., STERLING SALLING, N. C., WM. I. MYROVER, N. C.
Dr. WM. H. HALL, Wilmington, N. C.,
J. D. HUDSON, Acting Master and Pilot,
THADDEUS BALDWIN, New York, HARDY PERRY, Fayetteville, N. C., J. A. COEURN, Hollis, N. H., PAUL WHIPPLE, New Boston, N. H., ALBERT P. BALL, Canada East., SADISLAUS WICK, Hungary.

ON BOARD REVENUE CUTTER NORTHERNER, Nov. 15.

of the French government not to continue the occupation of Mexico beyond what is absolutely necessary, and thereby to remove all causes of dispute with the United States, is more decided than ever. The intention has been strengthened by different acts on the part of the Mexican cabinet, and more especially by the reception which the financial mission of M. Langlais met with. It is even said that the speech from the throne Wil., Char. and Rutherford Railroad. at the next meeting of the French chambers will announce the immediate and entire evacuation of Mexico by the French troops. But is certain O'N AND AFTER MONDAY, the 22nd instant, that if France should withdraw her support of Mexico or should even indicate the time and the support of Mexico or should even indicate the time and the support of Mexico or should even indicate the time and the support of the support o Mexico, or should even indicate the time when she would cease to protect by her soldiers, the work of France would be compromised. The Emperor Maximilian is perfectly well aware, and,

The French Occupation of Mexico-Prog-

nostications.

The Independence Belge says: "The intention

whether spontaneously or for the purpose of influencing the resolutions of his ally, he has already intimated his determination to renounce the throne if any kind of September convention should be imposed on him. However strong, therefore, may be the desire of France to get rid of the burden of an expedition which, up to the present time, has brought with it more embarrassgiving effect to her intention."

ed the Emperor Maximilian an annual contin- that republic, so far as we have had intercourse gent of two thousand men, in order to enable with it, have been eminently just and cordially Ost Duche Post says:

"If such a resolution should be come to, it A Freight Train will be run, making two trips each week, leaving Sand Hill Monday and Thursday, Wilmington Wednesday and Saturday. Up freights by this Train must be delivered at the warehouse by 11½ o'clock A. M., on Friday, and danger of a war with America. Though Austria might not fear on her own account the eventuality of such a war, she would have to bear the responsibility of the failure of the Mexican expedition, and what could Austria gain from France in return for such service? Perhaps to see employed against her in Italy those same French troops whom her interference might be the means

of bringing back from Mexico." King Victor Emanuel has formerly received the representative of Maximilian. The latter, in his address, said that the Emperor, animated by sentiments of affection for the King of Italy, regretted having waited so long before forming diplomatic relations with the court of Italy, and de-

pathy of all christendom.

Suicide of the Hon. Preston King.

Emphatic Recognition of the Juares Government in Mexico.

General John A. Logan Appointed Minister to the Republic.

Suicide of Preston King.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14. Hon. Preston King, collector of the port of New York, committed suicide yesterday by jumping from a ferry boat. Cause temporary The Interview Between the

General Logan Appointed Minister to the Republic of Mexico. WASHINGTON, November 14.

Major General John A. Logan has been appointed minister to the republic of Mexico.

THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

Interview between Presid't Johnson and the Ministers of the Republic -- The Address and the Reply, etc.

Washington, Nov. 9. introduced to the president by the secretary of 1861, by which she was attempted to be severed. marks on the occasion :

Argentine republic to the United States, came received the account of the tragical event, and also to congratulate you upon the honor of succeeding that noble victim in the work of securing convention instructed the legislature to provide the prosperity of this great republic. Our own government was formerly, your excellency knows, all dehts contracted in aid of the rebellion to be part of the people who formerly constituted the vice-royalty of Buenos Ayres, and less by the will of statesmen than by the force of circumstances and the unfolding of events, the revolution has been completed and a federal organization corstituted. The only step which has been the result of deliberate forethought was to conform its institutions to your own, believing that be admitted unless they had qualifications not an experiment so happy in its results as yours presented by the constitution; that they would should be taken as a lesson and model, relieving us from the necessity of inventing new political combinations that are dangerous, inasmuch as right now, but that they have never been wrong. they have not the sanction of experience. So it has come to pass that in the questions which are test as suggested would be felt by our people rous hospitality in furnishing the passengers with raised by its practical workings, Story and your universally, as such a deep wrong, that it would other commentators are constituted and their put their strong devotion to the government and doctrines followed, as are the decisions of the their lively hope of perfect reconciliation to the supreme court of the United States in analagous severest trial. They can understand the bittercases in the jurisprudence of our own tri- ness of strife and the aversion to treason, but bunals. Nor will the solution which the they will be confounded at the repulsion of offerrecent war has given to disputed points here be ed friendship and avowed loyalty. The convenbarren for our government. It is well understood, tion, therefore, respectively asks congress to remoreover, that it would not be sufficient to adopt mere forms if we did not establish the republic on the basis on which it rests here, by developing the intelligence of the people there by a system of general education. To the minds of Washington, Franklin, and Lincoln is added to-day that body. of Horace Mann to be respected by our people; and to serve the purpose of improving the lessons which they have left to humanity, along with the instructions of my government, is included the study of the system of public education, which enriches and perpetuates liberty, to cause by its shall be in America synonymous with the prosper- of North Carolina. I reciprocate cordially the ous and intellectnal development of the people. conciliatory spirit in which you have addressed wards travelled through Italy, not stopping long A guarantee of the independence of the present me. The convention of North Carolina has done at any one place. governments, and a pledge of international tran- much and well towards restoring the state to her the United States; and to cultivate with its gov- mains to be done to render that restoration im-

the Argentine republic. I thank you and your it will be sufficient to say that my action must degovernment for the just tribute you have paid to pend upon events, and that Mr. Holden will be the memory of my predecessor. Believe me, again instructed to continue the exercise of his sir, that it is a source of enduring gratification to functions as provisional governor until he shall the people of the United States that they have have been expressly prohibited by order to that framed for themselves a constitution for their effect. civil government which so many of the new, enterprising and enlightened states which are growing up on this continent have thought worthy to be adopted by them as a model. The fact, however, is one which has brought with it to us a The Efforts of the President to tration of our cherished system in such a manner as to maintain, preserve and increase the confidence of mankind. The constitution is, by itself, sufficient to induce us to regard the republic on this continent with special favor and affection. I trust, therefore, that you will readily accept the ment than advantage, she will think twice before assurance that we receive you with pleasure on this occasion as the representative of the Argen-The Liberal press of Vienna are somewhat time republic. The pleasure is enhanced by the remembrance of the fact that the proceedings of France to reduce her army of occupation. The friendly. I trust your government will excuse me for expressing my regret that the Argentine republic is at the present moment encountering the evils of a foreign war. I hope its calamities may be mitigated, and that the issue will involve no detriment to the republic or the cause of re-

> Miss Matilda Heron, who has been playing believed to be substantially correct: successfully in Mobile, being called before the curtain announced that, knowing her entire unfitness for the part of Camille, being "two old, appear again in it, in Mobile or elsewhere.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

ARRIVED. Nov 15.—Schr Atlantic, Lippincott, from Philadelphia, to Alev. Parsley & Co.

COMMERCIAL.

New York Market. (By Telegraph.) NEW YORK, Nov. 14.

WHEAT-Quiet. PORK-Firm, WHISKEY-Dull. NAVAL STORES.—Spirits Tarpentine \$172 1-2a1 15 ROSIN-Dull.

GOLD-147.

ACTIVITY IN THE NAVY.

More Vessels Ordered to be put in Readiness for Sea. PORTSMOUTH, Nov. 14.

The Portsmouth Chronicle learns that orders have been received to prepare the iron-clad Passaconway, now on the stocks here, for sea as soon as possible. Also that the steamers Minnesota, Marenga and Galena be fitted out for sea immediately.

BY MAIL.

RECONSTRUCTION.

North Carolina Delegation' and the President.

One Thing Lacking.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10. To-day members of the late North Carolina convention and other gentlemen of that state visited the president, when the Hon. Mr. Read, in behalf of the convention, over which he had the honor to preside, presented for his favorable consideration certain of its proceedings, saying, among other things, that the first act of the convention was to declare her undeniable connection Colonel Don Domingo F. Sarmiento was to-day with the union, and that the ordinance of May, issue in the late war was yielded. The next preme court. thing done was to prohibit slavery, and this was The letter of credence appointing the minister by a unanimous vote; and a committee of able plenipotentiary and envoy extraordinary of the lawyers was provided to prepare wholesome laws for the consideration of the legislature; and thus directed to the lamentable Abraham Lincoln, the second issue in the late war was yielded. The whose death took place about the time of my arrival here. Renewed now, in accordance with war, and being of the opinion that that state was diplomatic custom, and directed to yourself I and always had been in the union, and that our am instructed by my government to express to relations had only been disturbed, and not deyou, on placing it in your hands, the profound stroyed, respectfully asks your excellency to degrief with which the Argentine republic people clare, on the part of the authorities of the United States, as the state has done on her part, that our government relations have been reconciled. The for the payment of the state debt, but declared illegal, and prohibited the payment of the same.

Mr. Read said: "We have heard that notwithstanding the state might yield, and as she understands it, has yielded all that was involved in the war, and notwithstanding that our people are submissive, well disposed and anxious for fraternal relations, her delegation in congress would not be required to take an oath which few men in the state can take, affirming, not merely that they are The exclusion of her delegation upon any oath peal the test oath. I have thought it respectful, both to you and to congress, that this request should pass through your hands, with the hope that your excellency's magnanimity would add

After further remarks by Mr. Read, in which he spoke of the confidence reposed in him by North Carolina, the president responded as fol-

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S REMARKS.

Hon. Mr. Read-I receive from you with pleasquility and internal peace is the noble mission of proper national relation. But something yet re-Mr. Sormiento—I regret the delay that has at- so much desired by all. Without answering spe-

## TRIALS FOR TREASON.

Bring Jeff. Davis to Trial Before a Civil Court.

Efforts of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court to Thwart

Given to the President.

&c.,

The president has not only consulted his con-

stitutional advisers, his cabinet and the proper law officers of the government on the subject; too ugly, and too fat," and never expected to but he has also invited to this council some of the most eminent constitutional and criminal lawyers in the land. Among these may be named Chief Justice Chase, who came here from Ohio some time in August last, at the special invitation of the president, to consult on the general subject of trials for treason. Subsequently, about the first of October last, President Johnson addressed a letter to the chief-justice, informing him that it might become necessary for the government to prosecute some high crimes and misdemeanors committed against the United States within the district of Virginia, Chief Justice Chase's circuit, and inquiring whether the circuit court of the United States for that district is so far organized and in condition to exercise its functions that the chief justice or either of the associates of the supreme court would hold a term of the circuit court there during the auterm or early winter for the trial of causes. About the middle of October Chief Justice Chase replied to the president. He positively stated the trans-Mississippi department. He offered to carry them, and soon received orders from both the secretary of War and the secretary of the nation and guns that had just arrived from England. He went as far as Meridian, and had some trouble getting through Pemberton's department; went to Port Hudson, and could not account of the gunboats Hartford and Albatross. He then got a furlough to go t; Europe on account of his health. He had a furlough for four months, but was so delayed that his furlocation of the platform is the fatal trap, which was carry them, and soon received orders from both formerly barely large enough for the purpose of the nature of the nature of the nature of the secretary of War and the secretary of the nature of the nature of the nature of the purpose of the nature of the nature of the purpose of the nature of the nature of the purpose of the nature of the nature of the purpose of the nature of the nature of the purpose of the nature of the nature of the purpose of the nature of the nature of the purpose of the nature of the nature of the nature of the purpose of the nature of ernment to prosecute some high crimes and mis-

present month, only one week before the annual term of the supreme court, when all the judges are required to be present, allowing but one week for the circuit court to sit, which, in the opinion of the chief justice, would be too short a term for the transaction of any very important business. But the chief any very important business. But the chief- fer death for the southern confederacy I am satis-

cuse is not only undignified and uncalled for, but with Jefferson Davis and others, it is all a lie." it sounds too much like the copperhead harangues of the last presidential campaign against the government. It is the emanation of a mind dissatisfied with the situation, for which the president that he was ever in the house of correction in is not to blame. Chief-Justice Chase knows very well that the military cannot with safety be withdrawn from Virginia; because of that fact, in failed in business, and was arrested on the charge order to avoid soiling his ermine by contact with of false bankruptcy. He leaves no property for federal bayonets, the chief-justice proposes to let Jefferson Davis go untried. Such a position posed throughout, his statements were made in a would have been consistent with the record of Chief-Justice Chase's predecessor in fugitivestate, and delivered his credentials as minister was null and void. This was done by a vote slave law. But it reflects no credit upon the the least importance were drawn out by any diplenipotentiary and envoy extrao dinary of the nearly approaching unanimity, and thus the first present judicial head of the United States su-

EXECUTION OF WIRZ.

Man.

His Conduct on the Gellows.

Reading the Death Warrant. Scenes in the Cell and on the Scaffold.

His Last Night on Earth. Incidents.

his conduct on the gallows, &c. WIRZ' DYING STATEMENT. A short time previous to his execution, Wirz gave the following particulars concerning his

He was born in the canton of Solothurn, Switzerland, in 1822, and, when quite young, removed with his parents to Zurich, where his father carried on the tailoring business until 1834, when he took a position in the custom house, which he still held when the prisoner last heard from him. Wirz married in Switzerland a lady of aristocrato it some reflections which would avail with that by his profligate habits, run through it. Failing to agree, it was arranged that they should separate, he leaving for this country and allowing her to obtain a divorce. When growing up Wirz' father wished him to study for the pulpit, but he refused, preferring medicine, and took a course at Zurich, where he graduated. After arriving in but is satisfied that if the government knew how influence, if not by its policy, that the republic ure a copy of the proceedings of the convention duated at Cleveland, Ohio. He was for two this country he took another course, and gra- much anguish they had suffered he would not be

Wirz landed in New York in 1849, and made an effort to establish himself as a physician, but ernment the sentiment of fraternity which the inmediately practicable. An acceptance of the He then went to Connecticut where he remained stitutions established between your great repub- congressional amendment abolishing slavery several months, subsequently he worked in a faclic and our rising one is our ardent wish, and my throughout the United States by the legislature tory in Lawrence, Massachusetts, for a time, and the left Wirz requested him to call to see him of the state of North Carolina, is, inmy judgment, was soon engaged as interpreter in a factory three miles from Northampton, where germans were ters and papers for his family and friends. tended your appearance here as the minister of cifically the questions you have proposed to me, tendent of a water cure establishment in Northampton, Massachusetts. At the instance of a floor, and was strongly guarded day and night. physician, Wirz went with him to Cadiz, Ky., The only door of his room opened into a hall, where he married his present wife, Elizabeth Sa. through which a sentinel paces continually. One vills, in 1854. Cadiz not offering a good opening he went to Louisville, and was superintendent of a water cure establishment for some time. Wirz man was not left alone for single a instant. The afterwards took charge of one of Mr. Marshall's room is about fifteen feet square, with two plantations, near Natchez, and in 1857 moved his strongly barred windows looking out northward

> a company called the Madison infantry, and re-When the prisoners commenced to arrive from its appearance. first Bull Run there was no list, and Wirz commenced to make a list of them. He attracted the menced to make a list of them. He attracted the attention of Gen. Winder, and in a short time, by an order from the war department, was placed on detached service in the south, with the rank of sergeant. In May, 1862, he returned to Richlike sleeping longer, and the hour designated the guard awoke him, when he said he felt mond, and was sent out to the battle of Fair Oaks, where he acted as assistant adjutant general and aide of General Joe Johnston, and in this battle the guard on dress of the 18th V. R. C., the officer of received a wound on the right arm, from a piece the guard on duty at the time, entered his room of shell, making it necessary for a difficult sur-

> When he had completed his tour and reported, he was assigned to duty as chief of the secret police, but disliking this more than the provost lice, but disliking the marshalship, and not succeeding in being relieved nearly an hour with him, and received letters for he applied for a sick leave. He went on that Mr. Baker and himself, and affectionately took thirty days' leave to Tuscaloosa, and had it ex-tended for thirty more, but was ordered in a few days to come immediately to Richmond. They had at this time started Libby prison and Belle has been used on seven previous occasions. It is Isle. This was early in 1863. When he came to made of very heavy timber now somewhat

THE LATEST NEWS

FROM THIS MORNING'S EDI
BY TELEGRAPH.

TION.

TELEGRAPH IC.

SHOCKING AFFAIR IN NEW

THAT SHOPE THE LATEST NEWS

THAT INCHES THE SHOPE TO THE DESCRIPTION After returning from autumn or early winter. He stated that the regular term authorized by congress would commence this year on the 27th of November, the present month, only one week before the annual term of the supreme court, when all the indiges am concerned I have no hope for reprieve. These

HOMES M. COOK & CO.

MOTTORS AND PROPERTY ON

justice adds that were the facts otherwise he too fied. I never saw a man shot nor never shot one much doubts the propriety of holding circuit courts of the United States in states which have been declared by the executive and legislative departments of the propriety of holding circuit in the declared by the executive and legislative thing of that kind. Unfortunately General Windows the declared by the executive and legislative thing of that kind. departments of the national government to be in der is dead. If he was living I know he would rebellion, and therefore subjected to martial law come out and not let the innocent ones suffer. before the complete restoration of their broken I never could get Winder to set his foot on the inbefore the complete restoration of their broken relations with the nation, and the supercedure of the military by the civil administration. That he would be unwilling to hold such courts in such states within his district, which includes Virginia, until congress shall have had an opportunity to consider and act on the whole subject. The chief includes a consider the opinion that court-martial, nor the judge advocate. If I have against any one it is they who have perjurant to the president the opinion that and the president the opinion that justice expressed to the president the opinion that ed themselves. The man who gave his name as

a civil court in a district under marshal law can only act by the sanction and under the supervisional out to be a German Jew, named Schaffer, ion of the military power, and he positively asserts a deserter from a New York regiment. I went that he could not think that it becomes the justi- down into the yard to-day and there saw preparces of the supreme court to exercise jurisdiction ations being made for the scaffold, which would make most any man flinch. I had no such feel-The Republican makes the following significant comments, indicating a change of position toward the radicals. It says: "Without meaning to be disrespectful to the one in command of thirty-five thousand men has chief-justice, we sincerely think that such an ex- to be strict, but when I am accused of conspiring

Wirz has had two children, one of which, a girl

CONDUCT OF THE CONDEMNED. Wirz, before the sentence was read to him, spent most of his time in reading; and sometimes wrote o his family and friends, although he was much troubled as to what the sentence would be, He became much more composed when his fate was announced, and since then has rested much better than formerly. He had been allowed to walk in the yard when he chose during the day, but was constantly under surveilance. Yesterday, when he saw the scaffold, he remarked with the utmost composure, "Well, you must be putting up the scaffold." Immediately after his sentence was read to him, it was proposed to place two or three in his room to help to make his time pass pleasantly and to see that he did not attempt suicide, when he remarked, "I'm not going to commit suicide, I'm not afraid to die, and will not save the government the expense of hanging me."

After the sentence was read to him he said "I'm d-d if the Yankee Eagle has not turned out to be what I expected, a d-d Turkey Bur-Our readers have already been informed by zard." He then asked that Rev. Father Boyle by telegraph of the execution of Henry Wirz, late sent for, and also Mr. Louis Schade, his counse commandant of the military prison at Anderson- and since that time these gentlemen have been ville, Ga. Of the character of the evidence on almost constant in attendance on him. Besides which he was convicted, it is unnecessary to these some ladies have called, one of them paying speak. We clip from the Washington Star of her last visit to him yesterday when she brought him some delicacies. As she was leaving he manifested emotion as he expressed his gratitude to her, and remarked to Mr. Schade, who sin present, that that was the last tear he would show in this life. A couple of ladies said to be of the family of a prominent officer, visited him also yesterday, and in reply to the question of one, whether he had hope, said, "Certainly, madam, the greatest sinner has hope, and I being innocent must surely have hope."

Wirz's wounded arm had lately became very painful, rendering it difficult for him to use it in writing, but during the past few days he has been frequently at his desk, and yesterday he wrote for Mr. Schade a short statement of his life, giving also some private memoranda.

Yesterday he received a letter from his wife, dated Cadiz, Ky., in which she used the most affectionate language, and expresses the hope that condemned to death. She also states that she intends, with her children, to go to his people in

Yesterday he walked to the hospital and had his arm dressed, and spent most of the day with Father Boyle, his spiritual adviser, to whom he gave assurance of having made his peace with God, and being ready for death. Mr. Schade

Wirz was confined in room No. 9, on the third family there and remained until the breaking out on a street north. Its furniture consists of an army bed and necessary blankets, a small, cheap In the early part of the rebellion he enlisted in wooden table, three or four wooden chairs, in various stages of dilapidation, one or two small mained with it until August, 1861, doing guard Vessels and a tin candlestick. The room is warmduty at Howard's factory prison, in Richmond.— ed by a grate, which lends a cheerful aspect to

WIRZ' LAST NIGHT ON EARTH. The prisoner retired to bed early last night, Washington, November 9.

It is known that President Johnson has expressed the greatest anxiety to bring to a legal issue the question whether treasen is a crime, and whether it can as such be punished. The and was placed on Winder's staff, and at the request of Ould was ordered to go over the south following from to days. National Intelligences is took a mouthful, and this morning, as soon as he When he had completed his tour and reported, arose he took another small drink, as also one

Isle. This was early in 1863. When he came to Richmond he was made chief of police in the provost marshal's office. He staid there two days. One day he met an officer who told him they were looking for somebody to carry arms to the trans-Mississippi department. He offered to the trans-Mississippi department. He offered to carry them and soon received orders from both

[Continued on the fourth page.]