

A NEW WAY TO RAISE REVENUE—IS IT PRACTICABLE?

When Gen. Henry A. Wise was Governor of Virginia, he proposed a financial scheme to raise revenue for the State, which was somewhat novel in its character, and does not seem to have attracted much attention at the time. Before the war, as now, millions of dollars were annually sent from Virginia to the Northern Life and Fire Insurance Companies in payment of the premiums on policies in these Companies.

Gov. Wise proposed that the State lease the exclusive privilege of insuring, to a single Company or a combination of Companies.

On account of the distressed financial condition of Virginia, some of the papers of the State have revived Gov. Wise's scheme, and the question has given rise to an interesting discussion.

It is asserted that the gross receipts of insurance in Virginia reach annually to the amount of twelve millions of dollars. One half of this amount is believed to be net profit.

Those who favor the proposition contend that the State should share equally in this profit, and this would give her a new source of revenue, amounting to three millions of dollars.

We have no data at hand by which we can estimate what amount of money is annually sent out of North Carolina to pay for insurance. If Virginia pays twelve millions, we presume our State pays at least two thirds of that sum, eight millions. According to this estimate, the insurance men receive an annual profit of four millions of dollars from North Carolina.

If the policy suggested by the Richmond *Whig* be adopted in this State, to wit: that an equal division be made of the net profits with the Insurance Company or Companies with which the lease is made, then North Carolina would receive two millions of revenue from this source.

In the present depleted condition of the State's finances, this sum would be a great help. This would enable us to pay the current expenses of the State Government, relieve the University and other State property now under mortgage, protect the State's interests in the railroads, make better provision for our charitable institutions, which are now crying piteously for help, revive the common school system, which has become inefficient and almost useless, and at the same time lift from the shoulders of the people the heavy burden of taxation which keeps them depressed and impoverished.

It is probable that the estimate that Insurance Companies reap a profit of one half of their gross receipts is too high. Competition in insurance as in all kinds of business, diminishes the net gains and makes the profits comparatively small.

But if we make the profit of the Insurance Companies one half of that claimed by some of our Virginia contemporaries, then if the gross receipts from this State amount to eight millions of dollars, and the actual profit of the Companies be only two millions of dollars, North Carolina would still reap a revenue of one million, by leasing the privilege of insuring for one-half the profits.

We do not know this plan for raising revenue will prove feasible, but the necessity of relieving the State from her pecuniary embarrassments, and the importance of diminishing the present exorbitant taxation, should direct attention to every proposition intended to restore the public credit and remove public burdens.

THE REPEAL OF THE USURY LAW.

We have before stated that General Dix, in his inaugural message to the New York Legislature, advocates the repeal of the usury law and the removal of all restrictions on the price of money.

His position is endorsed by the *New York Journal of Commerce*, which is regarded as the ablest commercial newspaper in the United States, and is considered the organ of leading business circles in New York.

From a recent editorial in that paper, we clip the following on the repeal of usury laws:

THE REPEAL OF USURY LAWS.—Messrs. W. C. & Co., a respectable Pearl street firm, writes us in reference to the petition for the abolition of the usury law, signifying their own assent to it, but asking what are the objections to a repeal of the law. If the point of the inquiry is as to reasonable objections to the repeal of the law, or what may fairly be said on the other side, we answer that there is nothing to be urged. No plausible objection to the repeal of the usury law, or pretence of argument in favor of such a restriction, has been made for years. If our correspondent means only to ask what are the motives that have prevented the repeal, we answer:

1. There is a notion in the minds of some well-meaning but uneducated and superstitious people that the taking of more than seven per cent interest is prohibited in the Bible where "usury" is denounced. The truth is, of course, that the Israelite was prohibited from taking any interest for a loan from a brother Jew, but expressly allowed to take it from all others. Where usury is denounced, it is the taking of usury or interest at all, and one per cent, as much usury in the Bible sense as ten per cent.

2. There is a wide spread feeling among land-owners and others who may be borrowers in the agricultural

districts that the repeal of the usury law would either raise the average rate of interest, or if not, would attract capital to the financial centres and make it more difficult to secure loans on bond and mortgage. It is clear to every intelligent observer familiar with the course of monetary affairs that the effect would be the very reverse of this; but, like the English farmers' prejudice in favor of the corn laws, the feeling is deeply rooted that the truth can only be established in their minds by actual experiment.

3. There are mulish people who believe that it will be easier for poor men to borrow at some rate if the law is repealed, and, that if there is no such latitude of discrimination their own chances will be better, and they oppose the repeal from selfish considerations. Thus sums up the opposition as far as it is developed.

A proposition having been made in the Virginia Legislature to reduce the rate of interest in that State from twelve to six per cent, the *Norfolk Virginian*, in an editorial on the subject, comments as follows:

THE RATE OF INTEREST.—We have entered our protest against the reduction of the rate of interest in this State to the preposterous maximum suggested, and trust that the Assembly will let "well enough alone." The *Raleigh News*, in noticing the movement in this State, expresses the hope that the "North Carolina Legislature, when it assembles will adopt the Virginia Rate of twelve per cent, on special contract—allowing the legal rate to remain as at present, six per cent, where no special agreement is made.

If we judge from the tone of the press of this State, we think the people are anxious that the rate on special contracts for money be increased, while the legal rate remain as at present, when there is no agreement as to price. In other words, our sister State has discovered her mistake, and is about to repair it, admonished by the experience of the past few years, during which we know the fact that large sums have been sent by citizens of North Carolina into this State for investment. Indeed, so great has been the flow of money towards Virginia from the quarter indicated that some weeks ago the *News* told us that people in Carolina had come to Virginia cities to borrow money from their own State. But if we adopt the insane idea of a six per cent maximum, these sums will at once be withdrawn. Not only these moneys, but all others will be collected, and in place of relief to our people we shall see the advertising columns of our papers running over with trustee's sales, and the ruin of our farmers will be inevitable. Let us pause while it is yet time, and in place of denunciations of "money changers" and "bloated bond-holders," let us have a fair and candid argument on this great question.

PROFITS OF THE CREDIT MOBILIER.

Hon. James Brooks is a member of Congress from New York. He is one of the Directors in the Union Pacific Railroad Company. He did not have any shares in the Credit Mobilier stock in his own name, but he presented his son-in-law, Mr. Neilson, with one hundred and fifty shares of the same. For this, Mr. Brooks paid fifteen thousand dollars, being one hundred dollars per share. At that time, however, the shares were worth two hundred dollars in market. But Mr. Brooks was a member of Congress, and of course purchased on accommodating terms.

At the end of one year, Mr. Neilson's one hundred and fifty shares, for which he paid fifteen thousand dollars, had increased in value to one hundred and nine thousand dollars. Besides the stock itself, which was worth thirty thousand in open market, Mr. Neilson received \$30,000 in dividends, \$50,000 worth of Pacific stock and \$20,000 in first mortgage bonds—making his little investment of fifteen thousand worth one hundred and nine thousand in twelve months.

But Mr. Brooks did not receive this profit himself. Oh! no! not he! He was a member of Congress and a Director of the Union Pacific, and therefore it was not right that he should receive any advantage from this investment. But his dutiful son-in-law, Mr. Neilson, made a good thing of it. Mr. Brooks gave him one hundred and fifty shares, and it proved to a very profitable investment!

Who, after this exhibit, will accuse Mr. Brooks of receiving bribes? for his votes in favor of the Union Pacific scheme?

BEN BUTLER IMPLICATED.

In the House of Congress on Wednesday, Mr. Farnsworth, of Illinois, introduced a resolution, instructing the Committee of Investigation in the Credit Mobilier fraud, to inquire whether any fees were paid to any member of the House as attorney for the Company, and also if any sums of money have been paid by the Credit Mobilier or Union Pacific Companies, to assist in the election of any member of Congress.

This resolution is considered a blow at Ben Butler, who is charged, by rumor, with having received large fees for his services in behalf of the Credit Mobilier.

Mrs. William Dickey, who is well known to picnic parties visiting the Great Falls of the Potomac, where she resided, has eloped with an old lover named George Jackson. Mr. Dickey, who is twenty years the senior of his spouse, takes the matter very philosophically, and says he "don't care much about the wife, but he would like to have the hundred dollars she took with her."

A runaway team carried John Farley, his wife and two children upon the ice in Marianne river, Jefferson county, Mo., a few days ago, and the icegiving way, Mrs. Farley, the children and the horses were drowned.

A Strange Meeting.

In the *New York Dispatch* of a recent date is an incident growing out of the late war under the above heading, and the journal referred to relates how, on an evening or two previous, a good looking man, a laborer, about thirty years of age, took the cars at Centre street depot, Newark, for New York. There was but one vacant seat in the car elegantly dressed lady, the man sat down, and after his fair companion had removed her veil he was surprised to recognize in her his wife, whom he had not seen for more than twelve years. The lady threw her arms around his neck and kissed him tenderly, and mutual explanations followed.

It seems that they had been married just before the breaking out of the war, at the home of the lady in Missouri. Her father was the owner of a large tract of land, but had only a little money. He joined the rebel cause, and the daughter also warmly adhered to the opinions of her father. Her husband, however, was a decided Union man. She abused him violently on account of his principles, and told him if he sided with the "Bloody Yankees" he might leave his place, and she never wished to see his face again. He took her at her word and the same night left her and joined Fremont's army as a private. He was several times taken prisoner, and as often escaped to our lines. He pressed on with Sherman to the sea, and at the conclusion of his term of enlistment landed at New York, and by this means, at the end of the war, found his way to Newark, where he has since worked quietly in a factory.

His wife's father was killed at Vicksburg, and she was left possessor of his uncultivated farms. She supported herself by working in a millinery establishment in St. Louis till after the close of the war. Her land rose in value, and she sold it for a good price, and realized about \$5,000. With this sum she started a millinery of her own in St. Louis, and succeeded splendidly. She is reputed to worth \$40,000 or \$50,000. She was on her way to New York to buy goods when she met the man whom she had supposed long ago dead. Remorseful for driving him away, she had refused all offers of marriage. The joyous meeting caused the husband to forgive the wife's error, and a present of a new suit of clothes, a diamond ring, and a splendid gold watch, when they arrived at New York, served materially to increase his respect and affection for his long-lost wife. They are now stopping at a fashionable hotel, joyous over the accident that united them.

The scarcity of fuel continues in Virginia City, Nevada, and is selling at \$20 per cord. The Gould and Curry mining company were compelled to stop their incising machinery, being able only to make enough to run the pumps and keep the mine free from water. The scarcity of fuel is due to the inability of the railroad to bring forward the adequate supply.

Charles Wenham, an Englishman, of Copenhagen, was found under the ice in a small creek, near Great Bend, twelve miles from Watertown, N. Y., last Thursday night. Saturday morning Charles Sutherland, of Copenhagen, was arrested for the crime. While the officers were taking him to Carthage he swallowed strychnine and died.

In the Credit Mobilier investigation it has come out that Thomas C. Durant gave \$10,000 to help Harton in his election to the U. S. Senate from Iowa. Mr. G. S. Bushnell, one of the Union Pacific Directors, testified that he performed a like service for J. M. Thagge, ex-Senator from Nevada.

The celebrated Corsican brigand Suezoni, who was killed last month in a fight with gendarmes, was the ablest of the brigands of that island. He had four times been sentenced to death, yet his favor among the people and his daring courage baffled the attempts of the gendarmes to catch him for five years.

Hong Tuong and Hong Chung, her lover (Chinese), agreed to commit suicide in San Francisco at the same time. A quantity of arsenic was procured and divided between them, taking a dose. Hong Tuong died, but the physicians saved Hong Chung's life.

SEARCHED.

A HEIFER, red and white, with red spots on the side, and white face, has been in the car, and near two years old, has been staying upon premises for some months past, and this is to give notice to the owner that the said heifer must be claimed, at once, or ownership will be forfeited under law.

BROMO-CHLORALUM

THE BEST DISINFECTANT.

JUST RECEIVED

75 lbs new Sack Flour, 50 boxes Cream Cheese, 50 kegs Leaf Lard.

NOW READY

IMMENSE STOCK OF SEASONABLE CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS

Just received from our Manufacturing in New York, made EXPRESSLY FOR OUR RETAIL TRADE, and which will be sold at the lowest possible prices.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO., 27 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY

For JOB WORK will receive prompt attention, and will be complete withness and cheapness, at the NEWS OFFICE, Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

HORSES, HORSES, HORSES. \$115. One black mare, 6 years old, 13 hands high, sound. \$120. One sorrell mare, 4 years old, 15 hands high, sound. \$100. One bay horse, 8 years old, 14 hands high, sound. \$100. One bay horse, 8 years old, 14 hands high, one eye. G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

WHISKEY! WHISKEY! 50 barrels Corn Whiskey in half barrels. 50 barrels Rye Whiskey. Port and Sherry on draft. G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE. MRS. TAYLOR will open her new Boarding House on the 14th inst., in Frairie's new Block, Wilmington Street.

The rooms are large and pleasant, and is a very desirable place for the members of the Legislature, as it is near the Capitol. Terms of board \$20 per month. Ten or fifteen may board as wanted. Jan-10-11.

50 BOXES CANDY. 50 Boxes Cream, Farina, Soda and Lemon Crackers, PALE SOAP, Fowler & Co's Bar and Cake Soap, Dooley's Yeast Powder, Worcestershire Sauce English Chow Chow, Best Cream Cheese, Canned Hams, Breakfast Bacon, For sale by dec24-1m W. H. DODD.

BAXTER NASH & CO. Exclusively Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES AND LIQUORS. Have in store and offer for sale low to cash and prompt paying customers, a full line of Staple and Fancy Groceries.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS. Borpen's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk, Canned and cured goods of all kinds. Agents for the celebrated "Old Challenge" and "Gau's Rye Whiskies." The Aurora Indiana Gait Whiskey is now conceded by all epicureans to be the finest flavored pure whiskey made. Try it and be convinced. BAXTER, NASH & CO., Norfolk, Va.

JAMES PIRSSON & SON, Manufacturers of, and Dealers in PIANO FORTES. Cor. of Hargett and Salisbury Sts., RALEIGH, N. C.

TESTIMONIALS. WAKE FOREST COLLEGE, N. C., April 8th, 1877. MR. JAS. PIRSSON: Sir:—The Piano which I purchased from you in September, 1876, is a very superior one. It has been frequently tested by competent judges, all of whom give unequivocal testimony to its excellence. I could not ask for a better instrument.

Very Respectfully, W. G. SIMMONS. PIANOS TUNED AND REPAIRED IN THE Most Skillful Manner. PIANOS FOR RENT. Send for a Circular.

JAMES PIRSSON. E. A. PIRSSON, may 2-1f. NOTICE RALEIGH, Jan. 21th, 1878. Notice is hereby given to the subscribers to the Capital Stock of the North Carolina State Life Insurance Company, that a meeting for organization will be held at the Citizens' National Bank, Raleigh, N. C., on Friday, January 26th, 1878, at 12 o'clock.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS, W. E. ANDERSON, JOHN C. BLAKE, Commissioners. Ja 15-1d Sentinel and Era copy. WAGONS, WAGONS, WAGONS I will receive this week from RUSSELL'S VIRGINIA MANUFACTORY 4 FOUR-HORSE WAGONS, 6 TWO-HORSE WAGONS, 4 ONE-HORSE WAGONS, AND 2 CARTS

The above wagons are new, warranted as represented, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms. Those in need would do well to examine these wagons before purchasing elsewhere. W. A. S. A. LLOYD, Agent, W. A. S. A. LLOYD, MEAT AND LARD.

40 Boxes, 20,000 lbs. Bulk Sides, 10 Dozens Leaf Lard, 20 Kegs Lard, 25 Half Kegs Lard, 25 Buckets Lard. Receiving this day, bought since the decline.

WILLIAMSON, UPHURCH & THOMAS. GUANO, GUANO, GUANO. 200 tons Whan's Raw Bone now in transit. Send in your orders. Jan 16-1f G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

30 BARRELS SUGAR, DIFFERENT Grades 30 Sacks Coffee, all grades. Jan 5-1f M. A. PARKER. NORTH CAROLINA JEANS, SATINETTS AND CASIMERES, Just received at PRIMROSE, PETTY & NEWSOM'S dec8-1f FRESH CRANBERRIES. Mine Meat. W. C. STRONACH. NEW BOOKS Just received, 1 "Methodist Hymns, 1 "Marty's Geographies, 1 "Initial paper, 1 "Baptist Hymns. Call soon. L. BRANSON, oct2-1f Raleigh, N. C. PRINTING PRESS AND TYPE FOR SALE. One Novelty Printing Press, Type and Compositors, complete with a considerable quantity of extra type for sale cheap. Apply at L. BRANSON'S Bookstore, Raleigh, N. C. nov 5-1f

R. B. ANDREWS & CO., CLOTHIERS, Respectfully asks the attention of PARENTS & GUARDIANS to their large and well assorted STOCK OF BOY'S & YOUTH'S CLOTHING received this day.

Boys and Youth's Overcoats, Youth's and Boy's Tailmats, Boys and Youth's School Suits, Youth's and Boy's Dress Suits, Overcoats and Business Suits For extra large men, Just received at R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S, de 1-1f Clothiers.

CHRISTMAS IS COMING. Brown's Museum Prepared for the Reception of Guests. THE LARGEST STOCK OF TOYS, FANCY GOODS, WONDERS AND CURIOSITIES EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY. The attention of the Members of the General Assembly especially desired. N. A. L. BROWN, Fayetteville Street, 2 doors South of Southern Express Office. Has in store and receiving daily, the largest and most complete stock of TOYS, CONFECTIONERIES AND FANCY GOODS, ever received in this city.

His stock of fine fancy goods of every variety, style and finish, suitable for HOLIDAY PRESENTS, is unprecedentedly large and embraces every article that can be desired. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS of every style, pattern and price, a specialty in his line. HIS AVIARY has just been replenished with a large number of imported CANARY SONGSTERS, which are in the health and condition, and the best singers ever before received by him. Also Mocking Birds and Parrots to order, which can be conveniently and safely shipped to any point. Cages and bird food always on hand. Members of the General Assembly are respectfully invited to call at the MUSEUM and examine the many curiosities on exhibition. Come One, Come All, Special inducements offered to the trade dec 17-1f CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS!!!

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO., Have added to their LARGE STOCK Many desirable articles suitable for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. Ladies Winter Dress Goods, Scarfs, Neckties, Cloth Cloaks and Coques, Gloves, Furs, &c. MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE Respectfully invited to an inspection of our Stock. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. dec14-d1f MAGNIN'S GYMNASIUM & FENCING HALL, Hargett St., Opposite Fair Ground, will be opened on the 1st day of February, 1878, under the direction of Prof. Louis Julliard, a graduate of the Military Academy of Vincennes, Paris. The Gymnasium will be fitted up with all the modern improvements. The Fencing Saloon will also be well arranged, and supplied with Foils, Swords, Masks, &c. Boxing-gloves will also be at the disposal of visitors. Prof. Julliard will always be in attendance to give instruction, both in Gymnastic exercises and Fencing. Terms of Admission, tickets good for one month, \$2.00. Single entrance 50 cents. Tickets can be had at the Hall and at the saloon. ALBERT MAGNIN, Proprietor, jan7-d1m

"PRIDE OF RALEIGH" TWIST "Ream's Roll and Fancy Bar," are now the favorite brands of North Carolina chewing Tobacco. These brands, together with several others, comprising all grades of first-class chewing tobacco, are manufactured and sold at wholesale, at G. F. Ream's Manufacturing Factory, Raleigh. Orders from all sections of the State received by solicited, which will receive strict personal attention. The Messrs. Parham are still at this Manufacturing, and will be pleased to attend to their friends and customers. sep16-1f WHITE CORN MEAT 30 Bushels White Boiled Meal just received. W. C. STRONACH. 10 BARRELS LARGE NORTHERN Potatoes. 5 Barrels Silver Skin Onions. 30 Bushels White and Yellow Turnips. W. C. STRONACH, Jan 5-1f

GUANO! GUANO! GUANO!!! BUY THE BEST SOLUBLE SEA ISLAND GUANO! State Fair Premium at Wilmington for the Largest Amount of Cotton to an Acre. GOLDSBORO, Wayne County, N. C., November 27th, 1872.

JOHN H. POWELL, Esq.: DEAR SIR:—The Soluble Sea Island Guano purchased of you this season was used by the side of three others, and has given me more satisfaction than any of the others. The Soluble Sea Island Guano was the one used upon the acre of land upon which my son raised the cotton upon which he took his State premium for the greatest amount of cotton to an acre; and I am informed by the Chairman of the Committee that had he entered for the largest amount of cotton to the acre, premiums open to all ages, he would have also taken that premium, bearing all 150 lbs. I am better pleased with it than any other Guano I have ever used on cotton, and I shall use it in preference to others next season for my cotton crop. T. A. GRANGEL.

ALSO EIGHT PREMIUMS AT WAYNE COUNTY FAIR. The Amount of Seed Cotton made on an Acre of Upland by Mr. Granger was Three Thousand Six Hundred and Thirty-three Pounds. EDGECOMBE COUNTY, N. C., December 12th, 1872.

MESSRS. R. W. L. RAISON & Co., Baltimore: I bought of Messrs. Branch, Herbert & Co., just Spring, one ton of your Soluble Sea Island Guano for myself and three tons for other parties, and I find them all well pleased with it, and say it is the best Guano, and paid them better than any they ever used. The ton I used myself was put in cotton by the side of two other guanos, and I am willing to say that I should buy the Soluble Sea Island Guano in preference to any that I have used since the war. Very respectfully, J. R. GREEN.

W. H. AVERA, Esq.: DEAR SIR:—The ten bags Soluble Sea Island Guano more than met my expectations. I consider it equal to Peruvian for cotton. It paid me over 100 per cent. I more than doubled the crop. My neighbors who bought it are highly pleased, and will use it in preference to any other when it can be had. Hope you will keep a supply the coming Spring. Truly yours, R. HARE.

E. W. FULLER, Esq.: DEAR SIR:—I tested your Guano this year, and the result is, I will use it on my whole cotton crop next year. Yours, &c., ELLIS MALONE. HENDERSON, Granville County, N. C., November 29th, 1872.

To S. J. PARHAM: The Soluble Sea Island Guano purchased of you was used on tobacco and cotton by me by the side of Peruvian Guano, stonewall & y & * * *. I like it much better than either, and I observed a marked difference in favor of the Sea Island. Shall use it in the future. S. J. PARHAM. HENDERSON, Granville County, N. C., November 29th, 1872.

HENRY BURRELL, Esq., has stated to us that he made a test this present year's tobacco crop, using two other higher-priced guanos, but is convinced that the Soluble Sea Island Guano is the cheapest guano he has ever purchased, and shall use it again. YANCEYVILLE, Caswell County, N. C., December 6th, 1872.

Captain W. P. ROBINSON: DEAR SIR:—In reply to your inquiry as to how I liked the Sea Island Guano I got of you, I wish to say that I applied it, 200 pounds to the acre, alongside of Peruvian, Pacific Guano and Gilman's Tobacco Fertilizer in equal quantities; it stands the ground better than either of the above fertilizers. It matured better on the hill and cured better more yellow than either of the other fertilizers used. I think it is a splendid fertilizer and I expect to use it next season. Yours, respectfully, MARCELLUS MIMMS.

MESSRS. HARRISS & BLACKWELL: GENTS:—I used this season, on my cotton crops about 15 tons of your Soluble Sea Island Guano, testing it by the side of Guano and Vegetator, and up to the time of the heavy washing rains last of June, I was equally pleased with its action as the Guano and better pleased than with the Vegetator. G. W. BAREFOOT, by J. J. B. Circular of eight pages of Certificates at WILLIAM C. STRONACH'S, AGENT AT RALEIGH. Jan 16-1m

BLANDY'S PATENT PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND SAW MILLS. BLANDY'S PATENT PORTABLE ENGINES AND SAW-MILLS, the simplest, most easily managed and most durable in the world. Guaranteed to be able to saw from 6,000 to 15,000 feet of lumber in successful operation and giving perfect satisfaction. Blandy's Patent HEAD BLOCKS, the simplest, most accurate and most quickly operated Head Blocks in existence. PAIRM and PLANTATION ENGINES always on hand. CORN MILLS, WHEAT MILLS, and GRIST MILLS, the machinery of all kinds, and STATIONARY ENGINES of all sizes. Send for Circulars and Prices to H. & F. BLANDY, Zanesville, O., or NEWARK, Jan9-D2w&Wam

W. C. MORGAN, Traveling Agent, "Yarborough House," Raleigh, N. C. FIFTY BARRELS FLOUR, SACKS and Barrels. M. A. PARKER. Jan 5-1f

TILE TILES. 1/2 mile from the Capitol, on Newbern Avenue, an excellent Dwelling House of six rooms, four out-houses, bath, kitchen, garden, and 33 acres of land. Rent moderate. Apply to North Carolina Land Company, FISHER BUILDING, Raleigh, Jan. 16th, 1878. Jan1-1w

MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY. There will be a meeting of the Trustees of the University in the Executive Office, on Wednesday the 25th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. A full meeting is desired and requested. TODD R. CALDWELL, Governor and President of the Board of Trustees, Jan 10-1w3w

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS, for 1878, calculated by E. Craven, D. D. Send in your orders at once to PUBLISHER, L. BRANSON, Raleigh, N. C. nov 5-1f

TO STOCK RAISERS I have for sale, at my plantation, Lincoln county, N. C., five handsome bred NORTH DEVON BULLS, from two years months to two years old. Prices from \$25 to \$30 according to age and choice. Address me at Haw River P. O., Alamance county, N. C. THOS. M. HOLT, no 13-2m

THE REGULAR ANNUAL Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held on the second Tuesday of January, 1878, being the 14th day of the month, between the hours of 10 o'clock, at their banking house in this city. P. A. WILEY, Cashier. dec24-6od1m

LARGE STOCK BOOTS, SHOES and Staple Dry Goods. 30 Kils Pure Leaf Lard, 25 Boxes extra Cream Cheese, 500 Boxes Cotton Yarn. Also large lot Brides, Saddles, Collars and Harness and everything usually kept in a first class store. M. A. PARKER, Jan 5-1f

EVERYTHING USUALLY FOUND In a First-Class Drug Store. SIMPSON'S. At nov20-1f

THE MORNING STAR. DAILY EDITION: Though only five years old, has the largest daily circulation of any newspaper in the State, and a circulation in Wilmington fifty per cent. larger than that of any other paper. WEEKLY EDITION: Now condensed with the "Carolina Farmer," making one of the best FAMILY NEWS-PAPERS in the South. Circulation very large and rapidly increasing. SUBSCRIPTION PRICE: Daily Star, 1 year, \$7.00 " 3 months, 3.50 " 1 month, 1.50 Weekly Star, 1 year, 2.00 " 3 months, .75 " 1 month, .30 It may be safely asserted that no newspaper ever established in North Carolina has made such rapid progress as THE MORNING STAR. 425—Send for specimen copies. Address, W. H. BERNARD, Jan2-1f Wilmington, N. C.

DISOLUTION The Co-partnership of Creech, Morgan & Lassiter is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by C. LASSITER. E. CREECH, L. MORGAN, C. LASSITER. Smithfield, N. C., Jan 14, 1878.

COTTON TIES, COTTON TIES, 30,000 Good Cotton Ties, for sale by W. H. DODD, nov 21-1f

ANOTHER ARRIVAL. Ladies' and Gents' Arctic Gaiters, LADIES' AND GENTS' SNOW EXCLUDERS, LADIES' AND GENTS' INDIA RUBBER SHOES AND SANDALS. Ja 8-1f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. EVERYTHING USUALLY FOUND In a First-Class Drug Store. SIMPSON'S. At nov20-1f