

PROPRIETORS. FAYETTEVILLE STREET, W. C. STROUCH & CO.'S STORE.

THE DAILY NEWS will be delivered to subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

\$100,000.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE VUE DE L'EAU CO.

Having, for reasons already given to the public, deemed it inexpedient to postpone the GRAND GIFT CONCERT.

ON THURSDAY, FEB. 20, 1873.

100,000 DOLLARS.

Will be distributed by lot to the holders of 100,000 Greenbacks of \$1,000 each.

20,000 Greenbacks of \$500 each, 20,000 Greenbacks of \$200 each, 20,000 Greenbacks of \$100 each.

20,000 Greenbacks of \$50 each, 20,000 Greenbacks of \$20 each, 20,000 Greenbacks of \$10 each.

20,000 Greenbacks of \$5 each, 20,000 Greenbacks of \$2 each, 20,000 Greenbacks of \$1 each.

The distribution of Gifts will take place immediately after the concert, on the vast stage of the Opera House, and in full view of the audience.

For further particulars and for tickets, apply to the undersigned, who are authorized to appoint agents for the sale of tickets.

Wm. Lamb, R. J. Neely, M. Parks, W. D. Croner, W. H. White, W. Reed, G. W. Gentry, N. Burruss, E. C. Lindsey, J. W. Watson.

Bank of Portsmouth, Bank of Norfolk, Bank of Suffolk, Bank of Albemarle, Bank of Currituck, Bank of Dare, Bank of Beaufort, Bank of Wayne, Bank of Jones, Bank of Lenoir, Bank of Franklin, Bank of Johnston, Bank of Edgecombe, Bank of Wayne, Bank of Jones, Bank of Lenoir, Bank of Franklin, Bank of Johnston, Bank of Edgecombe.

Bankers and Financial Agents.

NORFOLK, VA.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE ADJUSTABLE SPRING BED BOTTOM.

Of which we are the SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS FOR NORTH CAROLINA.

IS THE PERFECTION OF Comfort, Durability & Cleanliness.

We manufacture these Beds of all sizes, with every kind of style of Bedstead, and will manufacture them expressly for and deliver them at.

HOTELS AND PRIVATE FAMILIES Without Extra Charge.

allowing sufficient use to assure satisfaction, before payment is required.

All our goods are made in the most thorough manner, of the very best materials, and are warranted for ten years.

We have purchased the right in this patent for the entire State, and will sell our rights on reasonable terms.

We shall be ready in a few days to manufacture them in any quantity.

Dr. Blackhall, at the Yarrowhouse, who has them in use, can tell about the Beds.

Persons in Raleigh or vicinity desiring a Spring Bed to try, will send length of one of the sides across bedstead to

JONES & ELLIS, Manufacturers, Hillsboro St., Raleigh, N. C.

REMOVED. Having disposed of my Store on Fayetteville street, I have opened at

No. 13 Hargett Street,

THE DAILY NEWS.

VOL. 1. RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 6, 1873. NO. 260.

MORNING EDITION.

The Raleigh Daily News.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1873.

Special Notices inserted in the Local Column will be charged Fifteen Cents per line.

All parties ordering the News will please send the money for the time the paper is wanted.

LOCAL MATTER.

E. C. WOODSON, City Editor.

For latest news by telegraph, see Fourth Page.

Correspondents will please write on one side of the paper.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

No amusements in the city this week. Where are all the show folks.

Patton's Gymnasium proves to be a great attraction, and many are the participants in this healthy exercise.

The tickets to the Vue de L'eau Gift Concert are still being sold at Bradley's, \$5.00 for \$5 is a great attraction.

Received at Miller & Nelson's this day another lot of six year old Apple Brand, direct from Nash county.

Senators Price, Waring, Chamberlain, King and Seymour are still detained from their seats by sickness.

A nuisance in the shape of a bank of coal lies immediately in front of the Business Office of the Daily News. The Mailing Clerk should have it removed.

Col. David Settle, the member in the House from Rockingham, has recovered sufficiently from his recent attack, to be able to travel to his home. We wish him a speedy recovery and an early return to his post.

The fourth page of the Sentinel, which being transported from the stone to the press Wednesday night, fell to the ground and piled. This is a calamity that we know well how to appreciate, and sympathize accordingly.

Work of improvement is going on in Capitol square. The General Assembly should feel grateful to the present Keeper of the Capitol for the good care and excellent management displayed by him in adorning, beautifying and preserving their property.

Is there no means by which the cook shops can be removed from the market house? The odor of red herrings and fried meat is particularly disagreeable to the men who are necessarily compelled to go there, and the idle crowd of loungers who are attracted there to wrangle with the cooks drive off the ladies.

If he did not have but one arm, Dan, the Assistant Doorkeeper, ejected from the House yesterday an objectionable character that happened to stray where he had no business. The man, though not drunk, looked as if he wanted a drink, and a cross-eyed man being in the chair, was not able to see the difference. Hence, the necessity of Carter's action.

The latest begging dodge is that of a worthless scamp, with long black hair, dirty face, non-expressive countenance and cat-eyed, to pass himself off for a wild Ganamoie Indian, and asking alms of our citizens on the street yesterday. He could not speak a word of English. However, he applied to the Mayor for help, and was told by that functionary that he was no Indian, but an impostor, a swindler, a drunken loafer, thereupon he forgot his assumed native tongue and discoursed English with great rapidity.

FILE.—The dwelling and contents of Dr. H. J. Menninger, on Newbern Avenue, narrowly escaped destruction by fire yesterday morning, though an alarm was given outside of the immediate neighborhood.

While a servant was engaged in cleaning up the chamber the bed clothing caught fire and the room was soon enveloped in flames. Through the exertions of Dr. Menninger and lady, with the aid of all the servants on the lot, the fire was extinguished.

All the furniture in the room, several fine dresses of Mrs. Menninger's, and other clothing, six pet canary birds and two mocking birds with their cages, were burned.

But for the water tank in the room the house would have undoubtedly been burned to the ground. Just here we would call the attention of all persons now building or contemplating the importance, and we may say the necessity, of incorporating in their dwellings the necessary water arrangements. Dr. Menninger has certainly been well repaid in his extra investment, to say nothing of the convenience afforded.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.—E. B. Drake, Esq., editor of the Statesville American, is in the city.

Jno. T. White, of the wholesale liquor house of Elliott & White, Norfolk, is looking after the interests of his house in this city.

Paul Cameron, Esq., of Hillsboro, is registered at the Yarrowhouse Hotel.

Hon. Z. B. Vance passed through the city yesterday.

T. B. Kingsbury, Esq., formerly of the Sentinel, was in the city yesterday.

"C. O. D."—See notice elsewhere of L. G. Grady, of Halifax, N. C., repairer and dealer in watches jewelry, &c., &c. Work entrusted to his care will be faithfully executed, as several years of acquaintance with him will justify us in saying.

(1) Pure and mellow. (2) Century Whisky!

LEGISLATIVE.—For the past two or three working days the proceedings of the House of Representatives have been devoid of any general public interest.

Yesterday the resolution paying James McQueen, of Robeson county, for killing Boss Strong, one of the gang of outlaws recently infesting that county, the amount of the reward, five thousand dollars, (\$5,000), offered by the last General Assembly for his death or capture, created some debate. All of the opposition to the measure came from a squad of republicans, some of whom are on the record as having voted last year in favor of offering the reward. Their piety suddenly grew into the ascendant, and their tender consciences were horrified at the idea of paying what they styled "blood money." We give below this precious "piety," together with the names of its "pietist" signers. We hope Brother Blythe will see to it that they suddenly acquired righteousness is kept up to an orthodox standard. Here is the protest:

"We enter our protest upon the Journal against the passage of this resolution to pay for the killing of Boss Strong. We are utterly opposed to all such measures.

"It is a backward step in civilization to pay blood-money for what is, at least, a moral murder. We have governmental machinery adequate, if put vigorously in force, to arrest an offender against the peace and order of the State, and reward for that which it is the duty of the law officers, is to offer immunity to them for a neglect of their duty, and when that reward is paid for the shooting down of a human being, hunted like a dog, however criminal such a person may be, is to encourage in the human breast a feeling hostile to the holy principles of the Christian religion and destructive of all moral advancement.

Signed, R. C. Badger, Wake; J. W. Bowman, Mitchell; E. C. Copeland, Wayne; Eli Whelan, Rutherford; J. W. Paschall, Warren; James Blythe, Henderson; W. P. Bryant, Halifax; A. C. Bryan, Wilkes; William McLaurin, New Hanover; Samuel Corson, Beaufort; N. B. Hampton, Polk.

DANBURY OR "SORRYTOWN"—That's the question.—Mr. Mitchell, Representative from Stokes county, on yesterday offered a petition to the House, signed by 66 citizens of said county, asking the Legislature to change the name of Danbury, the county seat of said county, to the name of Sauraton, usually pronounced "Sorrytown." He also presented a counter petition signed by some 250 voters, asking that the name be not changed.

Mr. Mitchell explained the petitions, and stated that the cause of this application was supposed to be the result of one of the vagaries of Judge Cloud, who wants to perpetuate the name of the original owners of that soil—the tribe of Saura Indians, for whom the majestic Sauraton Mountain is named. Danbury is situated at the base of said mountain, and on the right bank of that beautiful and romantic river, the Car, and in two miles of the celebrated Piedmont Springs. This proposition is upon a par with the resolution lately introduced in the Legislature endorsing Grant's Indian policy. Lo, the poor whites! The Radicals prefer any other color.

SUPREME COURT.—This tribunal met yesterday morning at the usual hour. All of the Judges present. The following cases were taken up and argued:

Mary Davis vs. Justus Davis, Wilkes, R. F. Armfield for plaintiff and G. N. Folk for defendant.

R. J. McDowell vs. Alexander Clark, Ex'r, Iredeed. W. P. Caldwell for plaintiff and R. F. Armfield for defendant.

S. C. Waugh vs. George Blevins, Ashe. J. W. Todd and G. M. Folk for plaintiff and S. T. Rivett, D. N. Furches and T. L. Hargrove for defendant.

A. C. Sutland vs. Elizabeth Stout, Ashe. G. N. Folk and J. W. Todd for plaintiff and S. T. Rivett, T. L. Hargrove and D. M. Furches for the defendant.

The Court adjourned to meet at the usual hour this morning.

To-day appeals from the 11th District will be taken up.

TEMPERANCE ANNOUNCEMENTS.—Edward Carswell, Esq., the Canadian Temperance humorist, will address the people of North Carolina at the following places and times:

Raleigh, Monday, February 10th; Goldsboro, Wednesday, " 12th; Wilson, Thursday, " 13th; Tarboro, Friday, " 14th; Kinston, Monday, " 17th; Newbern, Tuesday, " 18th; Magnolia, Wednesday, " 19th; Wilmington, Friday, " 21st.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—New style of Spring hats just received at C. D. Heatt & Co's. They have also their entire Spring stock of boots and shoes.

The Wesleyan Academy for young men and boys, advertised in to days News, has opened under the most favorable auspices. See notice of Mr. Trawick, the Principal.

L. Branson, the Bookseller and Stationer, is receiving a full stock of goods in his line. Those in need of books, periodicals, &c., will do well to read Mr. Branson's advertisement.

THE INSTITUTE QUARTERLY.—We have received the first number of an excellent eight page journal, published in Wilson, N. C., by Prof. Sylvester Hassel, bearing the above title. The journal is devoted to literature, education, science and morality. Should the Quarterly continue as it has begun (and we have reason to believe it will) it will soon take its stand with the literary journals of the South. We wish it every success.

"CENTURY WHISKY."—We invite especial attention to the notice elsewhere of this whisky, which is for sale by all dealers. Much merit is claimed, and justly so, for this brand, and parties desiring a good article have only to give it a trial.

A WRECK OF HUMANITY.—Our Reporter at Greensboro says, there is an old woman, Nancy Jenkins by name, who lives about five miles from that place, a perfect wreck of humanity—a mere shadow. She lives alone in a secluded spot, and eats scarcely anything at all, which is the cause of her bony state. She has a yellow calico dress which she has had and been wearing often and on for the last twenty years, which is good yet. She comes to town once a month, and sometimes oftener, with a straw broom or two and some other trinkets, which she trades for coffee, sugar and other articles, and returns to her dreary abode, where she keeps herself very closely confined. She visits scarcely any, and never receives visitors. Her greatest desire is for coffee. She is a fortune-teller, and will tell any body's fortune for a cup of coffee, and after the coffee is drunk up, she eats the grounds, and licks out the cup and saucer.

Nancy Jenkins is a queer creature; has never been married; has no relatives and a few intimate acquaintances, occasionally she visits a neighbor, and stays all night. Living so long without eating hardly anything, she gorges her stomach, eating at a furious rate, and has to be checked and not allowed to eat all she wants. She has a whining voice, walks with a tottering step, goes bare-foot nearly all the winter and summer, she is plainly and thinly clad, wears a slouchy calico bonnet and she is nothing but skin and bones. She weighs about eighty or ninety pounds, is yellow complexioned, and her hair is short and gray, the cause of it being short is that the rats nibble it off. She sleeps on her table. Her furniture is composed of a table and broken stool, and her lonely cottage is a dreary and miserable log cabin.

THE BIBLE MEETING AT COMMON'S HALL.—The Bible meeting, advertised to take place at Common's Hall Wednesday night, was largely attended by an enthusiastic audience. The proceedings, we learn, were of quite an interesting nature. Several speeches were delivered by leading citizens, among the number U. S. Senator Merrimon. Should our space permit, we will give the proceedings, with a synopsis of the addresses, to-morrow.

DACOSTA'S EXPOSITION OF BEAUTY.—This entertainment will enliven the city on next Monday night and remain with us for three days. This "Exposition of Beauty and Art" is highly recommended, and we have no doubt it will fully come up to what is claimed for it. As there has been a dearth of amusements here for some time past, we welcome this entertainment. Tucker Hall has been engaged and reserve tickets can be secured at Branson's Bookstore. See the advertisement for admission prices.

A GOOD DRAW.—Little Ben Stanton, a clerk in the store of Nat. L. Brown, and quite a promising youth, drew the handsome set of cottage furniture, valued at \$50, at Clark's concert a few nights since.

This said that Ben had his furniture all arranged in his room in less than two hours after the lucky draw, but did not sleep a wink—sat up and looked at it all night.

MAYORS COURT.—Barney Crenshaw, with the aid and assistance of officer Farris, put in an appearance at the Mayor's court yesterday morning, charged with an assault upon Allie Crenshaw, his wife. The facts in the case being substantiated by Allie, who it seemed gave some provocation, both parties were bound over in the sum of \$100 to appear before His Honor, Judge Watts for further instruction.

NEW PAPER.—J. Abner Harrell, Esq., will commence the publication in a few days of the Tribune at Hillsboro, N. C. A personal acquaintance with Mr. Harrell justifies us in saying that the Tribune will be a strong ally in the cause of advancing the general interests of our section. We gladly commence an exchange with the Tribune from date, and ask our brethren of the press to do likewise.

GEORGE T. LEACH, Esq.—George T. Leach, Esq., the Senior member of the firm of Leach Bros. of this city, is associated with H. K. Thibber & Co., wholesale Grocers and Importers, No. 125 Chambers street, of New York. Mr. Leach is well known, not only in this section, but elsewhere over the State, as an excellent business man.

BUSTLES.—Bill Arp says: "I don't hanker after bustles, tho' they do say it makes the nicest little shell for the arm 'neath' round with his gal. That's all right, provided the jelier ain't a dancier with my gal; if he is, why he may take her and keep her that's all."

CURE FOR SMALL POX.—A correspondent from Rocky Mount, who had occasion to see the remedy tried in the recent small pox epidemic in Wash says the following is a positive and sure cure for the disease: Slice onions in halves and apply them to the body. Use chicken broth as the only diet.

AMUSEMENTS.

TUCKER HALL.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

Commencing Monday, Feb. 10th.

DACOSTA'S

EXHIBITION OF BEAUTY AND ART!

Endorsed by the Press, the Bar, Ministers, Artists, Poets, and all lovers of THE BEAUTIFUL.

ADMISSION:

Parquette, 75

Gallery, 50

Reserved Seats, 25

Tickets to be obtained at Branson's Book Store.

LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

SENATE.

FEBRUARY 5, 1873.

Senate called to order at 11 o'clock, Lieutenant Governor Brogden in the chair.

Journal of yesterday read and approved.

Mr. Cramer presented a petition from citizens of the town of Thomasville in regard to the sale of spirituous liquors in said town. Referred.

Messrs. Love, Avera, Hill, Welch, Todd and Murray submitted reports from their respective Committees.

On motion of Mr. Cunningham, the special order ordered for the consideration of the school bill, was reconsidered and the bill referred to the Committee on Education.

On the motion to refer Mr. Grandy desired to submit some remarks on this bill prepared by himself.

Mr. Cunningham was satisfied that Mr. Grandy's speech was a good one, and knew it would look well in print, he would therefore ask the Senator to hand his remarks to the reporters. Mr. Grandy yielded to the suggestion.

The motion to reconsider the vote by which the proposition for the county of Guilford was indefinitely postponed was laid on the table, on motion of Hyman, colored.

Introduction of Bills.

By Mr. McCauley, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Monroe, Union county. Referred.

By the same, a bill declaring certain acts of State officers a misdemeanor. Referred.

By Mr. Dunham a bill to incorporate the Cape Fear and Neuse River Steamboat Company. Referred.

By Mr. Merrimon, a bill to prevent the sale of spirituous liquors within one mile of Newton Academy, situated near the town of Asheville, Buncombe county. Referred.

By Mr. Cunningham, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Milton, in Person county. Referred.

Calendar.

Senate resolution relieving W. W. Holden, of the political disqualification imposed upon him by the high Court of Impachment. Referred.

On the motion of Mr. Murphy to postpone the further consideration of the resolution till Monday next, and be referred to the Judiciary Committee, Mr. Love called the previous question, and upon this motion Mr. Avera demanded the yeas and nays.

The call for the previous question was not sustained.

The motion of Mr. Murphy to refer to the Judiciary Committee, withdrawing the day named for its consideration, prevailed.

Special Order.

At 11 o'clock the Constitutional Amendments were taken up and considered.

Mr. Grandy occupied the floor in opposition, stating that he had been misrepresented in the statement, that he was opposed to Constitutional Amendments, but he was opposed to any alterations or amendments to that instrument at this time. It was not important, and the people did not demand a change.

If there were imperfections in the Constitution, he would rather stand by them than to fly to evils he knew not of, as this bill proposes. He referred to the clause in the Constitution providing how it shall be changed or amended, and argued that the eighteen bills now offered were not in accordance therewith. He was here interrupted by Mr. Morehead, of Guilford, who asked if Mr. Grandy would vote for the original bill. Mr. Grandy—no, sir. He thought the passage of the original bill was calculated to uproot the whole government of the State. To support the amendments, as they appear, he thought would be antagonistic to the law now existing, and would necessarily lead to revolution. A violation of one part was a violation of the whole, and he counselled Senators to avoid the dangerous ground they were treading.

Mr. Morehead, of Guilford, regretted to see that the Senator from Pasquotank desired to make this a question of party issue. He saw no reason for it, and while he regretted, yet as a partisan, he would prefer they would make it a party issue. He called the attention of the Senator to the Constitution to show that in offering these amendments that instrument had been complied with strictly to the letter. It had been done that the law contemplated.

These amendments could be passed by concurrent resolutions, and he would refer him to the expressed opinion of the best lawyer in the Republican party, Hon. Z. A. Phillips on the subject.

He did not believe the Senator's objections to the amendments were serious, but from the objections that have been raised by men of his party to oppose any Constitutional amendment at any time. He would say to the gentlemen that the Republican party in the East might oppose in a body the Constitutional amendments, but not so in the West. In his Senatorial District many Republicans, some of the best men in the District, and he knew their sentiments in regard to these questions, and he would again say that as a partisan measure he hoped every Republican on this floor would vote against the proposed amendments.

The amendment now under discussion is simply to strike out the clause relating to the public debt. It was discussed in the Committee room, and every Republican lawyer had expressed himself in favor of it. It was strictly legal, &c., &c.

Mr. Grandy said his book of Constitutions did not read as the Senator's from Guilford. He would ask if the last General Assembly passed eighteen bills? (Answered by Senator from Guilford, There were eighteen amendments offered.) He could not see so it. He was not here to make party capital. If his people did not like his course, and did not vote for him again, he could remain at home. It would be better for the Republican party to sink than for these constitutional amend-

ments to pass; better there should be no party than a revolution, and he thought a revolution would inevitably follow if this sacred instrument, the Constitution, was tampered with. The present Constitution was as good a one as North Carolina ever had, and the people enjoyed more rights and privileges under it than ever before, and now to change it would bring upon us another revolution.

Mr. Gudger said he was a friend to the bill, but opposed to war. He was satisfied with the one he had just passed through, and if the gentleman (Mr. Grandy) could show the strength of his argument, he would take pleasure in going with him; but he was not to be frightened by this old Republican dodge of the cry of war. It was the known policy of the Republican party to resort to these alarming subterfuges. He read from the Constitution to show that amendments proposed were in strict accordance with law. He was ready now and here to lay violent (7) hands on this organic law, and knew he would feel better in doing so.

Harris, col., thought the matter under discussion was one of great importance, and as he wanted to vote understandingly, moved to have the amendments printed. He would say that in this matter he did not propose to act as a partisan, but for the best interests of this country, and wanted no more elections than we could possibly get along with. If the passage of the amendments required on the amendment of Mr. Merrimon. Mr. Welch said it was merely quibbling for members to talk about printing the bill when nearly every newspaper in this State, has kept them as standing matter in their columns.

On motion of Mr. Morehead, of Guilford, the further consideration of the amendment was postponed till to-morrow.

Unfinished Business.

The consideration of the Agricultural Bill came up, and the question first required on the amendment of Mr. Merrimon. The amendment provides that the salaries of the proposed Commissioners be paid out of the fund appropriated to the Geological survey. Allowing them \$1,200 each for their services.

Mr. Merrimon said that in his remarks yesterday on this amendment he meant no reflection on the integrity or honest purpose of the State Geologist, and hoped it would not be so considered. He called the yeas and nays on the amendment.

Mr. Murphy addressed the Senate at considerable length in opposition to the amendment. Rather than reduce the appropriation for Geological purposes he would vote to increase it. He defended the Geologist against the derelictions of duty charged by some Senators, and believed and had reason to know he had discharged his difficult duties acceptably to the people. He insisted upon his trans-mountain friends withdrawing their objection to this important measure.

Mr. Love said he had been misrepresented in stating he was opposed to the State Geologist, it was the office he was after. Pending the discussion, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

At 10 A. M. Mr. Speaker Robinson called the House to order.

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Mason, of this city.

Journal of yesterday read and approved.

Messrs. Moring, Mitchell, Morrison, Shinn, of Iredeed, and McNeill, submitted reports from various Standing Committees.

Mr. Reid, of Mecklenburg, presented a memorial from certain citizens of Mecklenburg county against the proposed change in the scale of voting in the stock vote of the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Railroad.

By Mr. Turner, a bill to prevent the sale of liquor within one mile of Turnersburg church, Iredeed county. Referred.

By Mr. Dickey, a bill to regulate the salary of the Superintendent of the Insane Asylum. Referred.

By Mr. Guyther, a bill to levy a special tax in Washington county. Referred.

By Mr. Gorman, a bill to incorporate Raleigh Bucket Company No. 1. Referred.

By Mr. Rhodes, a bill to create a Mechanics' and Laborers' Lien Law. Referred.

By Mr. Anderson, of Clay, a bill to repeal chapter 39, laws of 1863 '69. Referred.

By Mr. Jones, of Tyrrell, a resolution of instruction to our Representatives in Congress. Calendar.

The Senate amnesty bill was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Bennett, its consideration was postponed until to-day week.

The bill to amend the charter of the Cape Fear Iron and Steel Works was taken up and passed its several readings.

On motion of Mr. Johns, the resolution appointing W. B. Rowe Keeper of the Capitol, with a salary of \$500 per year was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Bowman, the resolution was postponed for one week.

On motion of Mr. Heaton, the resolution in favor of J. C. McGowan was taken up and passed its several readings.

On motion of Mr. Dowman, the Senate resolution adjourning on the 17th inst., was taken up.

This matter created a debate of a character which usually attends propositions of this kind at this stage of the session.]

Williamson, colored, moved to indefinitely postpone the resolution. Lost—yeas 20, nays 81.

Another long debate ensued, during which Mr. Heaton moved to strike out "17th inst." and insert "20th inst." which motion was rejected by a vote of yeas 18, nays 65.

The resolution was adopted, after being amended by Mr. Gudger to