

TROUBLE WITH THE MORMONS.

President Grant says the issue with the Mormons cannot be avoided. Orders have been sent out to remove United States troops from most of the Southern States, and send them to points where they are more needed.

It is alleged that under the Mormon statute for summoning jurors, it is impossible for the United States Court to obtain an impartial jury, and that criminal trials in that Court are mere farces.

Under an Act of Congress, the manner of summoning juries in the Federal Courts must conform to the local laws.

In North Carolina, Federal juries are picked by the Marshal, instead of being chosen by lot, as our State laws require.

It trouble should ensue in Utah, one of the chief causes will be on account of the action of the Utah Legislature, in passing a law providing for the summoning juries in such a manner as to protect the Mormons from criminal prosecutions in the Federal Courts.

NORTH CAROLINA PRESS ASSOCIATION.

We notice that several of our State exchanges are agitating the formation of a State Press Association.

The proposition was started, we believe, by the Wilmington Journal, and seemed to meet with general approval by our brethren of the press.

Such an Association, if properly conducted, will be of great service to the newspapers of the State.

In many of the Northern and several of the Southern States such Associations exist, and afford pleasant and profitable re-unions at their annual press celebrations.

The Goldsboro Messenger thinks Goldsboro is the most suitable place for the meeting of the Association, if it should be determined to hold one.

We think that Raleigh would be the most acceptable place at which to hold the preliminary meeting for organization, on account of its central position, but we are willing to leave that matter to the decision of our cotemporaries.

After the first meeting, the choice of the place for future meetings should be left to a vote of the members.

We would be glad to hear the views of our cotemporaries on the questions of the proper time and place for a Convention to organize the Association.

POSTPONEMENT OF THE AMNESTY BILL.

The Amnesty Bill, which had been made the special order for twelve o'clock yesterday in the House, was postponed until next Tuesday.

In the meantime, we hope those Republicans who have raised such a useless cry over the fancied enormities of the measure, will consider the bill in a more reasonable light, and let reason, common sense, justice and charity guide their course, instead of passion, prejudice and party malignity.

We would prefer that the Bill be passed by both parties, because such action would have greater moral effect and because the bill is non-partisan in its character. But if the Republicans will not vote for it, then the Conservatives should not be deterred from their duty by the false clamor which has been raised by opponents of the Bill.

CENSUS-TAKERS TO BE PAID.

The persons who were appointed in the South to take the census of 1860, have never been paid by the Government. The war of the rebellion intervening before a settlement of their dues by the Federal Government, their claims have remained unpaid to the present time.

Recently a Bill on the subject was introduced in Congress by Gen. Young, of Georgia, and passed the House on the 20th of January, ult. The following is a copy:

"AN ACT, TO AUTHORIZE THE PAYMENT OF THE CENSUS TAKERS OF EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby directed to pay to the census-takers of eighteen hundred and sixty, or their assigns, the sums set to their credit, now in the Treasury of the United States, any provision existing in laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

Passed the House of Representatives January 20, 1873. EDWARD McPHERSON, Clerk." The Bill is now pending in the Senate, and from a letter received from Hon. Sion H. Rogers, to whom we are indebted for a copy of the Bill, we learn there is every reason to hope that it will also pass the Senate.

TOO SEVERE.

We copy below an article from the Hillsboro Recorder, making the amendments honorable to several Senators for omitting their names from the list of those who advocated the Amnesty Bill.

That is right, but we think the Recorder is too severe on the members of our party in the Senate who did not vote for the bill. We cannot brand as "traitors to the party or as the enemies of the public peace," the Conservatives of the Senate who do not approve of the Amnesty Bill. Because they differ with us on this measure, we will not denounce them, pro hac vice, as untrue to the Conservative party. We think the bill is right and proper, and are heartily in favor of its passage. We have done all we could to induce our friends in the Legislature to support it, but if they are conscientiously opposed to its principles, if they think it is wrong and impolitic, we will not attempt to read them out of the party, nor do we think that denunciation of them will change their views on the subject.

[From the Hillsboro Recorder.] THE AMNESTY BILL. In our article last week we appear to have done injustice to several gentlemen whose services were as conspicuous in the successful issue of the debate as those whose names were omitted. We beg to be acquitted of intentional injustice, or partial discrimination, for we recognize with gratitude the services of those whom we did not mention in connection with the bill. Col. Allen, the introducer of the bill labored ably and faithfully for its passage, and had the active and able cooperation of Senators Murphy, Waring, Fleming, Welch, Merrimon, Morehead, and Worth, and others whose names we can not now recall. We named the gentlemen specified in the former article simply because they occurred to us at the time of the writing as the most prominent, and we do not abate a jot of our appreciation of their merits, while we disclaim the idea of giving undue and unjust prominence.

In this connection, we will state that we wrote the article under the sanguine belief that the bill would encounter only radical opposition in the House. We still entertain that belief, for we cannot understand how a Democrat can reconcile it to his conscience, or to his understanding to oppose it. The bill is an appeal for peace. The upturned eyes and the uplifted arms of thousands are directed to the Legislature for relief from oppression which makes life a burden and freedom a mockery. No member of the Conservative party who is deaf to these appeals, who sides with the radical party, who denies this measure of relief, can ever hope to lift up his head again. He deserves to be, as will most assuredly happen, execrated as a traitor and branded as an enemy to the peace and happiness of his race and his State. We hope our friends will remember this, for we express the opinions and feelings of the people; at least of the Democratic-Conservative party.

RETURN OF OAKES AMES.

The public is anticipating more startling developments, now that Oakes Ames has returned to Washington City after a brief visit to his home in Massachusetts.

Ames went in search of his memorandum book, to refresh his memory in regard to the Credit Mobilier transactions, and the Poland Committee of investigation has been comparatively idle during his absence.

The Washington Star, referring to Ames' return, says: "It has been confidently predicted that Oakes Ames would not be forthcoming with that memorandum book during this session, but would manage to be killed on the way until the fourth of March, and the expiration of his term of the present Congress. But Oakes is as inevitable as death, and he is here promptly at the end of his ten days' absence; and, what is yet more to the purpose, he certainly brings with him that Pandora's box of mischief, that fatal memorandum book. Rumor has it, too, that he comes back with memory wonderfully refreshed and invigorated by a perusal of the mystic pages of that manuscript volume. He is now in rummaging around amongst his loose papers at North Easton, has found some supplementary aids, to memory in the shape of letters and receipts from parties for whom he held Credit Mobilier stock as trustee, and altogether, it is probable that never before was such a portentous mass of 200 pages avoirdupois dumped into Washington as Mr. Oakes Ames, with his memorandum book and accompanying documents,"

MORE NORTH CAROLINIANS RELIEVED.

We learn that a private telegram was received by a gentleman in this city yesterday from Senator Ransom, that the United States Senate had passed the Bill removing the political disabilities of Hon. Burton Craige, Hon. W. N. H. Smith and Capt. Samuel A. Ashe, of this State.

A Trip to Cobb's Island and a Description of Duck Hunting—Fine Sport—Price of Ducks in New York.

[Correspondence Daily News.] NEAR OXFORD, N. C., Feb. 11, 1873. Thinking that a description of a trip to Cobb's Island, on the eastern shore of Virginia, would prove interesting to the many readers of your most excellent and justly popular journal, I have concluded to send you an imperfect sketch of a visit I paid to that renowned place, accompanied by two friends, on a duck hunting expedition. I took the cars at Henderson, equipped with an ordinary size No. 12 bird gun and such other accessories as I thought suitable for shooting wild ducks and other game that I might chance to encounter on the waters and tributaries of the Chesapeake. Our party left Norfolk at 6 o'clock A. M., on a beautiful little steamer, named N. P. Banks, for Cherrystone, in Northampton county, Va., about sixty miles from Norfolk. The trip across the bay was a most pleasant one, and the pleasure was heightened by the entertaining and genial Captain of the steamer who left no stone unturned in his efforts to contribute to our comfort. The dinner prepared for us on board was very sumptuous, and our appetites being "whetted to a keen relish," we performed exploits quite equal to those of Jack Spratt and his wife, yet owing to the inexhaustible resources of the Commissariat of Gen. N. P. Banks, (it will be remembered Gen. N. P. Banks, after whom the boat is named, was called Stonewall Jackson's Commissary) we found it impossible to imitate Jack Spratt and his wife in "sweeping the platter clean."

The oysters were, without doubt, the best flavored we have ever had the pleasure of eating. Arriving at Cherrystone, about two o'clock P. M., we had to travel then about five miles by back to a landing on one of the tributaries of Broad Bay, some eight miles from Cobb's Island. We had to travel the last eight miles in a small sail boat. It so happened the wind and tide were both against us. It was snowing, and the snow was angrily striking us in the face. The trip of the last eight miles was anything but poetical. I do not exaggerate when we say it was awful. Your correspondent more than once said to himself mentally that if he escaped the danger that then menaced him, he would be "a good boy" for the future. Alas! how frequently are our good resolutions as fleeting as the snow flakes that fell on our faces for the last eight miles of our voyage. We landed at the Island about four o'clock, P. M., almost benumbed, for the weather was excessively cold. The Messrs. Cobb, the proprietors of the Hotel, had a good blazing fire in their office room, which with a slight adjustment in a liquid form soon warmed the inner man, as well as the outer man, and we entered into an agreeable conversation about the Island, etc. The entire Island is the property of the Messrs. Cobb. The first house was built on the Island at a stake where the old man, some 40 years ago, fastened his boat. The Island was then very small. It has increased in size by the drifting of sand till it is about seven miles one way and two or three the other. It is a most beautiful place of resort in the summer months for pleasure-seekers, especially those who are fond of surf bathing, fishing and other sea-shore amusements. The eldest of the Messrs. Cobb, who is the father of the proprietors and who is about seventy years old, says he has killed more wild ducks and geese than any man in the State of Virginia. His accounts of his achievements seemed really incredible at first blush, yet we do not doubt their accuracy. But I fear my letter is getting tediously long, and I will proceed to say something about duck hunting, as that is one of my chief reasons for sending you this communication. The first day after landing, we had to stay in doors on account of the snow storm. The second day after our arrival was sufficiently pleasant, and accordingly, with three guides, one large boat and three small ones, we started for the "ducking grounds," about three miles from the island. The large boats towed the small boats to the blinds, which are skillfully made on the sand bars by cedar brush while the tide is down. The brush is stuck in the sand some eight or ten feet square so as to admit two small boats inside. The blinds of course have to be approached by the large boats while the tide is up. The guides place decoys near the blinds which attract the ducks passing in sight of them. When the ducks approach you have an opportunity to try your skill on the wing. If you kill one the guide goes out after it, while you load your gun to await another opportunity. When the wind and tide are favorable they come to the decoy faster than you can shoot. They sometimes come in flocks of 500 and over more. One of the guides said he had known as many as fifty killed at one round. Those that come in very large flocks are called Brant, a beautiful specimen of duck, something larger than muscovy ducks that we raise in our yards, yet not quite so large as our geese. We were not fortunate in having a large flock to come to our blind.

The largest number that came near our blind amounted to seven, and we killed six of them, leaving "only one" to tell the tale of their disaster. For the most part we only had the pleasure of shooting at one duck at a time. The kind we killed were principally those known under the appellation of the Black Duck. In point of value in the northern market the Black Duck ranks next to the Bryant Duck. The latter sells for from one dollar to three dollars per pair, and the Black Duck brings almost the same price. Both kinds are esteemed choice for table use. And of the great variety of ducks that are attracted to the decoys, the two sorts we have named are most highly prized. One of the Messrs. Cobb and myself occupied a blind together, and succeeded in killing fifty six the first day. Before the shooting commenced he laughed at the small size of my gun. He used a No. 8 gun weighing about twenty pounds. At the close of the shooting I had killed about 4 times as

many as he had. Thereupon he complimented my dexterity in high terms, saying that I did the best shooting that had ever been done on the Island. It is but doing him justice, however, to state that he gave me every advantage that I could have desired. When the wind and tide are unfavorable, the ducks are not attracted by the decoys, and the sport of course is not so good, as very few ducks come within range. When the weather is favorable, the sport is delightful beyond all powers of description. It is considered luck to have three good days out of six. The Messrs. Cobb kill ducks as a matter of commerce, no doubt thereby realizing a large income, as they sell them at high prices in the New York market. Mr. Nathan Cobb goes out in a small sloop every Monday morning, and does not return until the following Saturday. I will close by saying we were charmed with our trip, save one exception, and that was, the expense we incurred, which caused the luxury of our sport to be of short duration. Board at the Hotel was two dollars and fifty cents per day, but besides this, we had to pay five dollars per day for the boats and guide, and also half of the game we killed. The Hotel is well kept, and the Messrs. Cobb impressed us most favorably. We shall for many years to come retain a vivid and agreeable recollection of the exquisite sport of which we have endeavored to give you readers only a faint picture. With my best wishes for your success and prosperity, permit me to subscribe myself,

Most faithfully yours, CHARLES R. LEWIS.

FRESH ARRIVALS, At MOSELEY'S Confectionery. ORANGES, APPLES & LEMONS, Just to hand at MOSELEY'S. CANNED GOODS, Every variety for family use. Also a fine assortment of Jellies, at MOSELEY'S. FRESH CRACKERS, Egg, Cream, Soda, Butter, Family, No. 1, London and others, at MOSELEY'S. FINE SEGARS AND CHOICE Chewing Tobacco at MOSELEY'S. COME AND SEE WHAT I HAVN'T got. You will be waiting at my store, at Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, feb 12-14

I AM CONSTANTLY RECEIVING CONSIGNMENTS OF Corn, Meal, Hay, Fodder, Shucks, White and Mixed Beans, White and Stock Peas, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Turnips, Chickens, Eggs, Mutton Butcher, and everything usually sold on COMMISSION.

Mr Miller is constantly selling and offering for sale very eligible building lots in different parts of Raleigh. Also plantations, large and small, wood and timbered lands, &c., &c., in any quantity in different parts of the State and at prices correspondent with the times. He solicits calls from buyers as well as from sellers. Now is the time to buy in North Carolina. feb 1-14

ROAST AND GRIND COFFEE daily, where you can rely upon getting PURE AND FRESH ROASTED OR GROUND COFFEE OF ALL KINDS. Please send for sample. feb 12-14

LORCH BROS & MILLS, NEWBERY, J. C. Having just completed our new Brick Warehouse and Wharf, we are prepared to handle Cotton, Rice, Peas, Oats, &c., &c. with a great advantage. A large stock of CORN constantly on hand. feb 11-2nd

LOST Yesterday morning between the Fayetteville Street Capitol gate and the Postoffice \$10.75. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. Jan 28-14

HORSES, HORSES, HORSES. \$115, One black mare, 6 years old, 13 hands high, sound. \$120, One sorrel mare, 4 years old, 15 hands high, sound. \$100, One bay horse, 9 years old, 14 hands high, sound. \$100, One bay horse, 8 years old, 14 hands high, one eye. G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

10,000 LBS. BULK SIDES 2,500 Lbs. Lard in kegs and blbls. At 25¢. Reams of Wrapping Paper, at Wholesale Grocers. Jan 28-14

NOTICE Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the General Assembly at its present session for an act incorporating the "RALEIGH CLUB." Jan 14-14

NOTICE Notice is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of North Carolina, for a charter to incorporate a Fire Insurance Company. Jan 14-14

LARGE STOCK BOOTS, SHOES and Staple Dry Goods. 50 Klis Pure Leaf Lard. 25 Boxes extra Cream Cheese. 50 Biscuits Lotion Yarn. Also large lot of Saddles, Collars and Harness and everything usually kept in a first class store. M. A. PARKER. Jan 5-14

CLAIMS OF CENSUS TAKERS AND MAIL CONTRACTORS. Congress will most probably pass, at its present session, a law to pay Census Takers in the Southern States for 1869, and Mail Contractors up to April, 1871. The undersigned will give prompt attention to claims of this kind. Charges moderate. W. W. HOLDEN. Raleigh, Feb. 10, 1873. feb 11-31

THE WEEB SEWING MACHINE Why is the Weeb Sewing Machine bound to be the best? Because it is the best in the world. Jan 15-14

MISCELLANEOUS. R. B. ANDREWS & CO., CLOTHIERS, Respectfully asks the attention of PARENTS & GUARDIANS to their large and well assorted STOCK OF BOYS' & YOUTH'S CLOTHING received this day.

Boys and Youth's Overcoats, Youth's and Boy's Tailors, Boy's and Youth's School Suits, Youth's and Boy's Dress Suits, Overcoats and Business Suits For extra large men. Just received at R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S, Raleigh, N. C.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY. The partnership that has for the last year existed between Messrs. KINGSLAND & MILLER having expired, the business will be continued as heretofore, under the RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK, BY ANDREW MILLER, who will endeavor to conduct it in a satisfactory manner and to the best advantage of depositors of lots and tracts of lands for sale. His commissions will be heretofore, five per cent on actual sales.

NO SALES NO CHARGE. Mr Miller is constantly selling and offering for sale very eligible building lots in different parts of Raleigh. Also plantations, large and small, wood and timbered lands, &c., &c., in any quantity in different parts of the State and at prices correspondent with the times. He solicits calls from buyers as well as from sellers. Now is the time to buy in North Carolina. feb 1-14

CENTURY WHISKEY! Persons in delicate health, often find it difficult to obtain a Pure Stimulant when prescribed by their Physicians, and it is for Druggists and other first-class trade that the CENTURY WHISKEY is particularly designed. It is differently prepared from ANY WHISKEY IN MARKET, and is driving many old brands out of market, because the "principle upon which it is made is superior." The almost universal testimony of those who have used the CENTURY WHISKIES is, that there is an entire absence of Head-ache and other disagreeable after-effects so often experienced in the use of other brands. This is a direct consequence of the Purity of the Century Whiskies, and the impurity of many other brands. They are ABSOLUTELY PURE; four prominent chemists certify to this fact, viz: Prof. SILLIMAN, State Chemist of Connecticut. Prof. C. U. SHEPARD, Jr., State Chemist of South Carolina. Prof. W. C. TILDEN, Washington, D. C. Prof. JOHN DARBY, New York.

All of whom agree in pronouncing it "without fault," and "free from any deleterious substance whatever." For sale by first-class dealers everywhere. feb 6-3m.

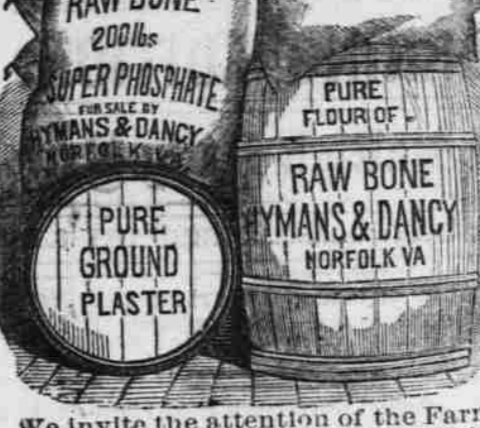
VIRGINIA HOGS FOR SALE SHEP WANTED I have just returned with another lot of choice, well-fattened, corn-fed VIRGINIA Hogs, averaging about 150 pounds. Persons wishing a superior article of Pork for family consumption should call at once and examine this lot at Crawford's store or Yerby's stall in the city market. This will be the last lot of hogs I will bring this season, in consequence of the high price of corn and the advance of pork in the Northern markets. Housekeepers and merchants should make a note of this. 1,000 SHEEP WANTED. I will pay the highest cash prices for 1,000 good North Carolina Weather Sheep. Any one having sheep for sale, or wishing to contract to supply them, will address me at once. W. M. T. SMITH. Raleigh, N. C. feb 11-31

MOLASSES, MOLASSES, Just received 3 car loads Cuba and Sugar Molasses at POOL & MORING. feb 11-14

A. N. UPCHURCH, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL LIQUOR DEALER, RALEIGH, N. C., Begs leave to inform the public that he has on hand a most select and large assortment of Liquors: consisting of Nash Brandies, Holland Gins, French Brandy, Old Rye Whiskies of celebrated brands, viz: Meggibben's, Shawhan and Cabinet, Pure N. C. Corn Whiskey, noted for its medicinal properties, and Fine Wines of every description. Dealers would do well to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Liberal inducements offered to the trade. Jan 22-14

50 BBLs. FAMILY FLOUR, 25 Bbls. Soda Biscuits. At POOL & MORING'S. STORAGE FOR COTTON The best facilities for STORAGE in the city. Basement room, floored and well ventilated; opening on Martin street. 125 x 30 feet. nov 21-14

FERTILIZERS! FERTILIZERS! SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO. GUANAPE PERUVIAN. WHAN SUPER PHOSPHATE. SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO. PURE FLOUR OF BONE. FRESH GROUND PLASTER. AGRICULTURAL SALT. We invite the attention of the Farmers and Merchants of North Carolina to our stock of STANDARD FERTILIZERS, which we offer at THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.



All Fertilizers sold by us can be relied upon as being what they are represented to be. PERUVIAN GUANO sold by us is bought directly from the Agent of the Peruvian Government, and in no case from any other person; therefore parties run no risk in getting a spurious article from us. We call especial attention to the fact that we are the Manufacturer's Agents for the sale of SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO. WHAN'S RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE. both well known and popular articles in North Carolina, and have been largely used in the State for Cotton and Corn every year since the close of the war. We have in our possession testimonials attesting value which we will be pleased to furnish any one upon application. The cash price of WHAN'S PHOSPHATE is 5, and SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO \$5, at Norfolk. A limited quantity of these articles will be sold on crop time to satisfactory parties. Special rates of freight made in large quantities, and information cheerfully given. We solicit your orders. H. H. HARRIS & DANCY, 57 Water Street, Norfolk, Virginia. Jan 28-d&w1m

W. C. S T R O N A C H R. G R O C E R A N D C O M M I S S I O N M E R C H A N T. A FULL LINE OF FIRST CLASS GROCERIES AT STILL LOWER PRICES.

Mocha and Old Government Java Coffee. Canned Fruits and Vegetables. Choice Leguira and Rio Coffee. Imported Pickles and Sauces. Domestic Pickles and Sauces. Fine Syrups and Molasses. Best Grades of Butter and Cheese. Elm Grove Family Flour, our own Brand. Send for Catalogue Price List. Jan 24-14

GUANO! GUANO! GUANO! BUY THE BEST SOLUBLE SEA ISLAND GUANO! State Fair Premium at Wilmington for the Largest Amount of Cotton to an Acre. GOLDSBORO, Wayne County, N. C., November 23rd, 1872.

JOHN H. POWELL, Esq.: DEAR SIR—The Soluble Sea Island Guano purchased of you this season was used by the side of Messrs. Branch, Herbert & Co., 1st Spring, one ton of your Soluble Sea Island Guano for myself and three tons for other parties, and I find them all well pleased with it, and say it is the best Guano, and paid them better than any they ever used. The ton I used myself was put in cotton by the side of two other guanos, and I am willing to say that I should buy the Soluble Sea Island Guano in preference to any that I have used since the war. Very respectfully, T. A. GRANGER.

ALSO EIGHT PREMIUMS AT WAYNE COUNTY FAIR. The Amount of Seed Cotton made on an Acre of Upland by Mr. Granger was Three Thousand Six Hundred and Thirty-three Pounds. EDGECOMBE COUNTY, N. C., December 12th, 1872.

Messrs. R. W. L. RAISON & Co., Baltimore: I bought of Messrs. Branch, Herbert & Co., 1st Spring, one ton of your Soluble Sea Island Guano for myself and three tons for other parties, and I find them all well pleased with it, and say it is the best Guano, and paid them better than any they ever used. The ton I used myself was put in cotton by the side of two other guanos, and I am willing to say that I should buy the Soluble Sea Island Guano in preference to any that I have used since the war. Very respectfully, J. R. GREEN.

SELMA, N. C., November 12th, 1872. W. H. AVERA, Esq.: DEAR SIR—The ten bags Soluble Sea Island Guano more than met my expectations. I consider it equal to Peruvian for cotton. It paid me over 100 per cent. I more than doubled the crop. My neighbors who bought it are highly pleased, and will use it in preference to any other when it can be had. Hope you will keep a supply the coming Spring. Truly yours, R. HARRIS.

LOUISBURG, N. C., December 4th, 1872. E. W. FULLER, Esq.: I bought of your Guano this year, and the results, I will use it on my whole cotton crop next year. Yours, &c., ELLIS MALONE.

HENDERSON, Granville County, N. C., November 29th, 1872. To S. J. PARHAM: The Soluble Sea Island Guano purchased of you was used on tobacco and cotton by me by the side of Peruvian Guano, Stonehall & Co. I like it much better than either, and I observed a marked difference in favor of the Sea Island. Shall use it in the future. S. B. ROYSTER.

HENDERSON, Granville county. HENRY BURRELL, Esq., has stated to us that he made a test this present year's tobacco crop, using two other higher-priced guanos, but is convinced that the Soluble Sea Island Guano is the cheapest guano he has ever purchased, and shall use it again. YANCEYVILLE, Caswell County, N. C., December 6th, 1872.

Captain W. P. ROBINSON. DEAR SIR—In reply to your inquiry as to how I liked the Sea Island Guano I got of you, I wish to say that I applied it, 200 pounds to the acre, alongside of Peruvian, Pacific Guano and Giham's Tobacco Fertilizer in equal quantities; it stands the fourth best, but rather of the above fertilizers. It returned better on the hill and cared better and more yellow than either of the other fertilizers used. I think it is a splendid fertilizer and I expect to use it next season. Yours, respectfully, MARCELLUS DIMMS.

WILSON, N. C., January 11th, 1873. Messrs. HARRIS & BLACKWELL: GENTS—I used this season, on my cotton crops about 15 tons of your Soluble Sea Island Guano, testing it by the side of Guanape and Vegetator, and up to the time of the heavy washing rains last of June, I was equally pleased with its action as to the Guanape and better pleased than with the Vegetator. G. V. BARFOT, by J. J. B.

Circular of eight pages of Certificates at WILLIAM C. STROJACH'S, AGENT AT RALEIGH. Jan 16-4m

A LARGE STOCK OF Toilette Sets and Vases SIMPSON'S Drug Store. GUANO, GUANO, GUANO I have on hand a large lot Whann's Rawbone Phosphate. Would also call the attention of the farmers and planters to the well known Stonehall Fertilizer, which is, by analysis, the best in market. M. A. PARKER. Jan 21-14

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANAC for 1873, calculated by R. Craven, D. D. Send in your orders at once to L. BRANSON, 226 Publisher and Editor, Raleigh, N. C. nov 5-14

FIREWOOD AN BRICKS. FOR SALE Apply to NORTH CAROLINA LAND COMPANY TUCKER HALL. nov 2-14