

PROPRIETORS. FAYETTEVILLE STREET, OVER W. C. STROUMER & CO.'S STORE. CASH-INVARIABLELY IN ADVANCE.

THE DAILY NEWS will be delivered to subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week, payable to the carrier weekly. Mailed at \$7 per annum, \$2 for six months; \$2 for three months. THE WEEKLY NEWS at \$2 per annum.

INSURANCE. THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Annual Income, Nearly \$10,000,000.00!!

This Company has steadily pursued two great practical ends:

FIRST. To place its policies beyond the power of adverse contingencies.

SECOND. To reduce the actual outlay of its members for their policies to the lowest possible rate.

To accomplish this, it allows him to retain from 20 to 30 per cent. of the first premium as a permanent credit or loan, and to retain from 10 to 15 per cent. of the subsequent premiums actually proved to be surplus; so that at no time does the premium paid from him a higher actual cost to the member than the actual cost to the company.

THE CHARLOTTE OBSERVER copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

THE DAILY NEWS.

VOL. 11.

RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 18, 1873.

NO. 45.

MORNING EDITION.

The Raleigh Daily News.

FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1873.

LOCAL MATTER.

E. C. WOODSON, City Editor.

Correspondents will please write on one side of the paper.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

The first roses of Spring are blooming.

Rev. Dr. Pritchard, of this city, is in Wilmington assisting at a protracted meeting in the First Baptist church of that city.

In consequence of the argument of the injunction case concerning the gauge of the N. C. R. R., there was no Superior Court yesterday.

See notice in another column of house and lot and two tracts of land for sale, located just outside of Raleigh. Apply to W. G. King, Esq.

The Good Templars of Durham are to have a picnic on the 1st of next month, and have invited Rev. A. W. Mangum, of this city, to deliver an address upon the occasion.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

HIGH-HANDED CONDUCT OF A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE.—The Spirit of the South, a Republican paper published in Rockingham, Richmond county, deals rather sharply with our U. S. Detective Berry, whose headquarters are in this city, for misconduct in that county.

The Charlotte Observer copies the greater portion of the recent letter of our correspondent "Veta," in which the writer speaks of that city, and in another portion of the Observer asks: "Who is 'Veta,' the correspondent of the Raleigh News, who writes so pleasantly about Charlotte?"

Echo answers, who?

AN IMPORTANT COMMUNICATION FROM TREASURER JENKINS.—The subjoined communication to the public from Treasurer Jenkins will be found of interest to many persons throughout the State:

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Raleigh, April 16th, 1873.

The following opinion is published in reply to such persons as have asked my construction of the law in respect to the taxation of stocks, bonds, solvent credits, money, &c., and for the information of corporations and stockholders therein, and all others interested:

Section 1, Class 1, of the Act to raise revenue, ratified the 3rd day of March, 1873, provides that "there shall be an ad valorem tax of twenty cents for the general fund on every one hundred dollars value of real and personal property in the State, subject to exemptions made by law, including moneys, credits, bonds, stocks, &c."

are also taxable under sections 2, 3 and 4, imposing taxes for special purposes. In my opinion the stocks in banks, whether National Banks, or Banking Institutions established under the laws of this State, and in all other corporations or associations of the nature of joint stock companies, are taxable.

This construction of the law, so far as it affects National Bank stock especially, is consistent with the following provision of the Act of Congress, approved June 3rd, 1864:

Provided, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent all the shares in any of the said Associations, held by any person or body corporate, from being included in the valuation of the personal property of such person or corporation in the assessment of taxes imposed by or under State authority at the place where such bank is located, and not elsewhere, but not at a greater rate than is assessed upon other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens, of such State. Provided further, That the tax so imposed upon the shares of any State upon the shares of any of the associations authorized by this Act, shall not exceed the rate imposed upon the shares in any of the States where such association is located.

Also with the following Act approved February 10, 1868:

An Act in relation to taxing shares in National Banks. It is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the words "place where the Bank is located," in section forty-one of the Act to provide a national currency, approved June 3rd, 1864, shall be construed and held to mean, the State in which the Bank is located; and the Legislature of each State may determine and direct the manner and place of taxing all the shares of National Banks located within said State, subject to the restriction that the taxation shall not be at a greater rate than is assessed upon any other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens of such State.

Referring to this affair, the Era of this city says:

"Mr. Detective Berry may be a very energetic officer, but the above shows him to have been totally unfit to lead and govern an expedition of the character of that he lately conducted through Robeson and Richmond counties. He not only appears to have failed to suppress the insubordination of the men of his expedition, but his conduct, at the outset, is reported to have been such as would naturally lead to what the Spirit of the South details as occurring at Laurinburg.

"On the march of the expedition, a short distance out, the Republican reports that Mr. Berry halted for the night, and on leaving in the morning attempted to evade payment of the trifling sum of five dollars for supplies furnished by a poor woman of limited means, telling her to "charge it to the United States Government," but was finally prevailed on to pay the sum by a Sergeant and some others of the expedition.

"Such conduct as this is unbecoming an officer or agent of the government, and it is time that Republicans of North Carolina demanded the removal of such officers and agents from the State. The time has come when the services of such men can be dispensed with, and the Republican party must insist upon gentlemanly deportment in those officers and agents sent out on government duty among our people; and the Republicans of North Carolina demand it."

GAME COCKS.—Those beautiful chickens, sent to Dr. Blacknall on yesterday, created quite a sensation on the street. In color, size and symmetry of form, they were perfect. Well they might be, as they come from the poultry yard of Mr. Gid Arrington, of Nash county, who has no equal as a chicken man. His cocks have fought from New York to Mexico, and none have betrayed the confidence of their owner. He is shipping them every day to different parts of the world—and has on hand several hundred of the same sort.

CAPT. HOPKINS' LECTURE IN RALEIGH.—Our citizens may expect to have a most interesting lecture on the evening of the first of May, from Capt. James Barron Hope, the able editor of the Norfolk Virginian, as all arrangements have been made for his delivering his lecture upon "The Press and the Printer's Devil" here at that time. Capt. Hope is one of the most polished gentlemen in the South.

REGISTRATION.—Yesterday the registration in the various Wards resulted as follows:

Middle Ward.—Whites 6; colored 1. Western Ward.—Whites 4; colored 1. Eastern Ward.—Whites 10; colored 5.

D. A. JENKINS, State Treasurer.

(2) A pure stimulant, Century Whiskey!

MEETING OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION IN THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE APRIL 16TH.—Pursuant to Section 9, Article IX, of the Constitution of North Carolina, which provides that "the Board of Education shall have full power to legislate and make all needful rules and regulations in relation to free public schools, and the educational fund of the State," the Board of Education met April 16th, present: His Excellency, Tod R. Caldwell, Governor, D. A. Jenkins, Treasurer, W. H. Howerton, Secretary of State, John Kelly, Auditor, and Alexander Melver, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and unanimously adopted the following rules and regulations in relation to public schools:

1. The school districts of the several counties shall be laid off as nearly equal in form, as the situation of the several localities will permit. Natural boundaries, as mountains, large water courses, swamps, and unoccupied lands, shall be adopted as the boundaries of adjacent school districts. The convenience of each neighborhood must be consulted.

2. Each school district shall contain an area equal to a square of from four to seven miles square, and the school houses shall be as near the centre of the school population of the district as may be practicable.

3. It shall be the duty of School Committees to lay off school districts within their respective townships, in accordance with the foregoing regulations, and sections 19 and 20 of the school law, on or before the second Saturday in June, 1873, and record the boundaries and designation of each district in the book of School Records of the township and report the same to the Register of Deeds. If a school district is to be laid off so that it will lie in two or more townships, the School Committee of the several townships interested shall agree upon the boundary; or if they fail to agree, they shall report the facts to the County Board of Education, and the latter shall establish the district.

The electors of the several School Districts shall, on the fourth Saturday in June in each year, elect three residents of the district to be styled "District Trustees," whose term of office shall begin on the first day of July following and continue one year and until others are chosen. The white electors shall elect "District Trustees," and the colored electors shall elect "District Trustees" for colored children.

The election shall be held at such place in the District as the School Committee of the township may designate, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. The School Committee of the township in which the district lies shall give notice in writing at three or more public places in each district of the election at least ten days before the same, and shall appoint two suitable residents of the district to conduct the election. The said conductors of the election shall give to the School Committee a certificate in writing of the number of votes received by each person, and the School Committee shall declare the three persons receiving the highest number of votes for "District Trustees" for the District.

It shall be the duty of the "District Trustees" to have supervision of the school, school house and school property of the district for which they are elected, to obtain funds by voluntary subscription to pay half the cost of the building, repairing and furnishing school houses, to determine the time at which the public school shall be taught, to recommend a teacher who will be acceptable to the people of the District, and to obtain by voluntary subscription such assistance as will supplement the public school fund so that the teacher for such time as the people of the district may desire to continue the public school each year, and report to the School Committee the school census of the district.

6. The School Committee shall, in no case, give an order on the County Treasurer in payment of a teacher's wages for more than seventy-five cents a month for each pupil to a teacher of a first grade school, nor more than a dollar a month for each pupil to a teacher of a second grade school, nor more than a dollar and twenty-five cents a month for each pupil to a teacher of a first grade school, counting the number of pupils, in every case, by their average attendance.

THE HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY.—As has been heretofore announced, the Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, of this city, will celebrate their fifth anniversary to-day by a parade, barbecue and target practice. The two latter will take place at Mordecai's Grove. The Company will meet at 1:30 p. m. and at 2:30 p. m. will receive their honorary members and invited guests in front of the Metropolitan Hall, and escort them to the grove. In the target shooting the first prize will be a beautiful schrom, presented by Chief Engineer Clawson. The second, an elegant set of silver spoons presented by that veteran friend of the Company, Jas. C. Palmer. The third prize will be a handsome medal.

The honorary members of the Company and invited guests are requested to meet at the Mayor's office at 2:30 o'clock, p. m. this afternoon.

HABES CORPUS.—W. D. Stanley, of Johnston county, held for a bill of cost, was brought before Judge Alberson yesterday morning, and was discharged by order of the Court.

Allan Smith, a soldier of the war of 1812, formerly of Craven county, this State, but now of Glasgow, Kentucky, has written to the Governor for a certificate of his services, with a view of obtaining the pension allowed by Congress.

CITY WATER WORKS.—We cheerfully give space to the following communication upon the necessity and practicability of having City Water Works. It is from the pen of one who knows whereof he speaks:

Messrs. Editors.—The water question is one in which all our citizens are much interested. I observed in your paper of the 28th of March, that the water question was again agitated. Let the cry go forth and the alarm be sounded until we have water. You also mention the complete water works of our worthy and enterprising citizen, Col. R. S. Tucker, which reflect great credit on him for the way and manner he has constructed them about his premises to the great comfort of his family, besides protection from fire. I observe also that you call attention to the stream owned by Col. Tucker as a suitable place to obtain water to supply the city. I have often examined this stream "Till I view to the same purpose, but have doubted that there would be a sufficient quantity to supply the city. There might be enough for the fire department, unless we should have one of those terrible conflagrations which have visited many of our cities within the last year—and then it would not do, and besides the citizens would require large quantities of water for other purposes. Another expense attending the raising of the water from Col. Tucker's location, would be the cost of a steam engine and pumping machinery, and constant attendance with engineer and other expenses. So much for Col. Tucker's location.

I will now call your attention to another location, which affords much more water and is located sufficiently high, in my opinion, to flow over the top of the Capitol without the use of engine or pump, which would be of great saving to the Water Company. The location above referred to is Camp Mangum spring, situated about three miles west of the city, together with another stream a few hundred yards below, which combined, would supply the city years to come. Taking the line of the North Carolina Railroad at seventy feet to the mile, up to a right angle with the spring, and we have 210 feet above the station at this city. Deduct 100 feet for a difference of elevation of spring and station, and we have 110 feet which will throw water over the top of the Capitol. At any rate we will have water over every part of the city, which can be used for fires in all the lower parts without an engine, and every merchant on our principal streets could have it on every floor of their houses, and with about 50 feet of hose could resist most any ordinary fire. The reservoir could be constructed at a small cost, to hold several millions of gallons of water ready for any emergency. It is also very pure water and will answer very well for drinking purposes.

Now, then, Mr. Editor, the city is allowed to borrow fifteen thousand dollars for the purpose of digging reservoirs in the ground, which would be of very little use in case of a large fire, as any one of our fire engines would use all the water in a few minutes. It seems to me that if the city, instead of throwing its money into the ground, would subscribe to a Joint Stock Company, with a capital stock of seven hundred thousand dollars, to be increased to any amount required, it would be far better, as the object would then be accomplished. It is my opinion that the water could be brought from the point suggested to the west gate of the Capitol Square for about fifty thousand dollars or less. Now then, Mr. Editor, cannot men of capital be induced to take hold of this thing and bring the water to the city. It seems to me that it would pay.

ENGINEER.

NOMINATION FOR REPUBLICAN MAYOR OF THE CITY.—At a meeting of the Republicans of the city last night at Metropolitan Hall, for the purpose of putting in nomination a candidate for Mayor, on motion, T. F. Lee, Esq., was called to the Chair, and Charles Hutner made Secretary.

Mr. Grant Busbee nominated the present incumbent, Wesley Whitaker, Esq., and Friday Jones nominated Dallas Hayward, Esq.

Mr. Wicker wanted to know if Mr. Hayward was a Republican? Friday "rose to explain" at some length, and said that "Mr. Hayward was as good a Republican as any of the gilded publicans now in the party." Then followed a cross fire of speeches between Friday (not Cruso's man) and Loge Harris, James Harris, and others, as to the merits of the two men, Friday's persistence winning for him roars of laughter.

A vote being finally reached, Dallas Hayward received four votes and Wesley Whitaker the remaining portion of the meeting. The Chair declared the latter nominated, and the nominee was proceeding to the stage to speak a piece when we left the Hall.

OXFORD ITEMS.—Our correspondent, under date of yesterday, gives us the following items of interest:

Married, in the Baptist Church at this place by Elder R. H. Marsh, on the morning of the 16th inst., Miss Mary, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of D. A. Hunt, Esq., to Samuel A. Parker, Esq., of Edgefield. The bride was beautifully attired in a handsome traveling suit, and immediately after the ceremonies was performed, the bridal party bade adieu to friends and departed on a Northern tour. May happiness and joy attend them.

Our Superior Court begins next Monday. No capital cases.

During the war, a sea Captain from Norfolk, Va., named Baily, with his family, located in Orange county. Captain Baily and his wife died and left two little helpless and dependent, but sprightly boys. These boys had no resources, and were entirely dependent. A dark future loomed up before them, until the fostering hand of masonry stretched out its protecting arm and domiciled these promising youths in the Orphan Asylum at this place. What a noble institution, and who will withhold his or her might?

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA VS. RICHMOND & DANVILLE RAIL ROAD, BUFORD et al., DIRECTORS.—Suit to obtain perpetual injunction against the widening of the gauge of the North Carolina Rail Road between Greensboro and Charlotte, from four feet eight inches and a half to five feet.

Order of injunction granted by Judge Watts, April 9th inst. The case came before Judge Alberson yesterday at Chambers, on motion of defendant to dissolve Judge Watts' order. On the ground,

First, That the State is improperly made party plaintiff.

Second, That the North Carolina Rail Road had full power to alter the gauge, and in express terms gave that power to the lessees—the Richmond & Danville Rail Road.

Third, That it is to the interest of the State that it should be done.

The grounds of the plaintiff are, that the lease is ultra vires—that it was beyond the power of the North Carolina Rail Road to make the lease; but that if the North Carolina Rail Road had the right to make the lease the lessees had no power to change the gauge of the Road.

Argued for the plaintiff by T. L. Hargrove, Attorney General, W. N. H. Smith, and J. B. Batchelor, and for the defendants by Merrimon, Badger, Judge Marshal, of Virginia, and Strong.

The plaintiff contends that the effect of change of gauge so as to conform to the gauge of Virginia and South Carolina will convert the Road into a mere thoroughfare across the State, and thereby greatly damage the citizens.

And that the N. C. R. R., had no right to make the lease—"under the power in the charter to farm out their right of transportation." That the lessees have not the right to alter the gauge, for though the Road originally could have established its gauge differently from what it now is, yet having made it four feet eight and a half inches, and the State having chartered many corporations connecting with it, with the gauge the same, under the case of State vs. Matthews, it amounts to an alteration of the charter to that extent.

The plaintiff further contends that the change of gauge, if allowed, would subvert the whole Railroad policy of the State, would separate Eastern and Western North Carolina—would make North Carolina merely a tributary artery for the benefit of other States—and would do incalculable and irreparable wrong and mischief to the whole State.

The defendants claim that the State having granted general power to the N. C. Railroad, to construct a road between Charlotte and Goldsboro, without restriction as to the gauge, any act passed in conflict therewith would be unconstitutional, and therefore void—and the Courts, where no act has been passed directly affecting the gauge of the Road, will not force a construction to that effect by implication. That it will benefit the State by building up a thorough trade between the South and Southwestern States, and the markets of the North—that all of the 150 miles of the Road and the country adjacent will be directly benefited and developed—and that the increased receipts from this source will enable the Richmond and Danville Road to greatly diminish its charges for freight and passenger fare on the whole line of the Road—that no portion of North Carolina will be injured, as no proper connection of the Western part of the State is over this line, on account of its shortness—that the other portions of the State already have communication with the North by other lines—and that this was a fight between two competing lines of Roads, and not one in which the people of the State should be made parties.

At a late hour in the night the argument in the case was closed by G. V. Strong, Esq. The Judge reserved his decision.

THE SOCIABLE.—The entertainment given by the ladies of Oak City Council will come off this evening. We advise all who wish to spend a pleasant evening to go. The Sociable will be at Temperance Hall, over Gully's store. A handsome gold ring will be given away, and all who expect to be married soon had better try their luck. Admission only 50 cents. No extra charges for anything.

THE LAWS OF THE LAST SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.—During the next week the Secretary of State will be engaged to send out the greater portion of the laws and resolutions, adopted by the late session of the General Assembly. They will be sent first to the Judges and to the members of the Legislature.

Consumers should use from one-fourth to one-half less of Doolley's than of other Yeast or Baking Powders. It is put up half weight.

See the notice elsewhere of Wm. B. Doub, concerning the claims of A. G. Lee & Co.

MARRIED.—At the Baptist church in Oxford, N. C., by Elder R. H. Marsh, on the 16th of April, 1873, Mr. SAM'L W. PARKER, of Halifax County, to Miss ANNY V. HURST, eldest daughter of D. A. Hunt, Esq.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE! ALL parties indebted to the late firm of A. G. Lee & Co., in whatsoever manner, will please come forward promptly and settle, and oblige.

WM. B. DOUB.

HOUSE AND LOT AND LAND FOR SALE.

I wish to sell my HOUSE AND LOT, situated just outside the corporation, and a fine fruit lot attached. It can be bought cheap. Also

TWO Tracts of Land, four miles southeast of Raleigh, adjoining the lands of Messrs. T. H. Briggs, W. G. Upchurch and others, containing 75 acres in one tract and 133 in the other, 40 of which are cleared, and is good cotton and corn land. It can be bought on easy terms.

Apply to W. G. KING, apr 18 1873

RATES OF ADVERTISING. One square, one insertion, \$1.00. One square, two insertions, 1.50. One square, three insertions, 2.00. One square, six insertions, 3.50. One square, one month, 8.00. One square, three months, 23.00. One square, six months, 40.00. One square, one year, 75.00. For larger advertisements, the above contracts will be made. Ten lines solid non-parcell constitute one square.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NOON DISPATCHES.

Rumor of the Death of Sir Samuel Baker and Wife—Severe Storms, &c.

LONDON, April 17.—A painful rumor comes from Alexandria, Egypt, that Sir Samuel Baker and his wife, Lady Baker, have been murdered in the interior of Africa by the natives of that country. Sir Samuel Baker, accompanied by his wife, took an extensive expedition up the Nile.

A number of severe thunder storms occurred yesterday in Wales. The crops were injured and several persons were struck by lightning and killed. The weather throughout England to-day is fair and favorable to crops.

An Old Minstrel—Snow Bond.