

S. ONE & UZZELL, PROPRIETORS. FAYETTEVILLE STREET, OVER W. C. STONACH & CO'S STORE. CASH - INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

THE DAILY NEWS will be delivered to subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week, payable to the carrier weekly. Mailed at \$7 per annum; \$3.50 for six months; \$2 for three months. THE WEEKLY NEWS at \$2 per annum.

MORNING EDITION. The Raleigh Daily News.

TUESDAY, MAY 20, 1873. LOCAL MATTER.

E. C. WOODSON, City Editor. POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

RALEIGH POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENT. Office hours from 8 1/2 a. m. to 8 p. m., during the week (except on public holidays) as being distributed.

Western - New Orleans, La., Augusta, Ga., Columbia, S. C., Charlotte, S. C., Greensboro, S. C., Chapel Hill, Hillsboro, etc., due at 7:30 a. m. Close at 9 p. m.

Northern - New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Washington, Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, Weldon, etc., due at 8:30 a. m. Close at 9 1/2 p. m.

Miscellaneous - Eagle Rock, Monday and Thursday, due 11 1/2 a. m., close 1 p. m. Roxboro, every Wednesday, due 11 1/2 a. m., close 1 p. m. Lechburg, every Wednesday, due 11 1/2 a. m., close 1 p. m. Averasboro, close 1 p. m. Thursdays, due 6 p. m. Fridays, Office hours for Registered Letters and Money Order Departments, from 8 1/2 a. m. to 5 30 p. m.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER. - The thermometer yesterday stood as follows at Branson's Book Store:

Table with 2 columns: Time and Temperature. At 9 a. m. 75, At 12 m. 68, At 3 p. m. 73, At 6 p. m. 70.

LOCAL BRIEFS. See the advertisement of a plaster wanted.

A meeting of the Carpenters' Union is called to meet to-night at the usual place.

A number of gentlemen of this city will indulge in a barbecue at Milburne today. We return thanks for an invitation to attend.

Alfred Sykes, of Opelika, Ala., formerly of Biaden county, this State, has applied to Gov. Caldwell for a certificate of his services as a soldier in the war of 1812, in order to get his pension.

The Hook and Ladder have accepted the invitation of the Rescue Steam Fire Company to parade to-day in honor of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence. The Company will meet at Fireman's Hall at 3 p. m. to-day.

ARGUMENT OF ED GRAHAM HAYWOOD IN THE CASE OF BLOUNT vs. WINDLEY. - We return our thanks to the author, Col. E. G. Haywood, for a pamphlet of one hundred and twenty-nine pages, containing his argument for the Plaintiff in the case of Blount vs. Windley, in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, at January Term, 1873.

We have not had time to examine the argument, but have heard it spoken of as one of Col. Haywood's ablest efforts at the bar. The author enjoys the reputation of being one of the most learned and profound lawyers in the State.

We have one criticism to make of his pamphlet, and that is: It is printed by Turnbull Brothers in Baltimore. We have printing offices in our city that can do the same job as neatly in every respect as the one before us, and we believe as cheaply - perhaps at a less price.

The work had been executed in Raleigh, the learned author would have had the advantage of attending to his proof-sheets more closely, and would not have been under the necessity of making the twenty-four corrections of typographical errors with his pencil.

SANITARY. - We respectfully urge upon our Board of City Commissioners the necessity of inaugurating prompt sanitary measures. In many portions of the city the streets and back-yards are in a very filthy condition. If matters are not remedied before the hot weather comes on we may expect a good deal of sickness in our midst. We hope our authorities will attend to this at once in this matter. We appeal to them by every consideration of humanity to take prompt and vigorous measures, and to enforce our appeal we append the following tender and touching lines, copied from the incubations of a Missouri poetess in the St. Louis Democrat:

"Go see what I have seen, Go feel what I have felt, Go out at early dawn, And smell what I have smelt."

THE VISIT OF MISS BACON. - Miss Bacon, of Hartford, Connecticut, the daughter of the distinguished Doctor Bacon, of that State, is at present in this city, stopping at the National Hotel, with a view to establishing a large free graded high school in this city, for white children, to be supported by her own funds, the Peabody donation, and by the public revenue. She was called yesterday by many of our best citizens, and visited the public schools, the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum, and other places, accompanied by Professor Melver, General Gorman and Governor Holden. She expressed herself as highly pleased with all that she saw and heard. Miss Bacon is accompanied by her brother, who is an amiable and intelligent gentleman.

SUDDEN DEATH. - B. Frank Bartholow, Esq., for several years past a traveling agent for the wholesale liquor house of Geo. B. Thomas & Co., Baltimore, died suddenly with an apoplectic fit at Henderson, on Sunday morning. His friends in Baltimore were immediately telegraphed to, several of whom arrived in Henderson yesterday.

Mr. Bartholow was well known in this city, where he commanded a large trade, and was universally popular with our merchants. His remains will be taken home to-day for interment.

THE DAILY NEWS.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1873. NO. 773.

THE SUPREME COURT OF N. C. - On the first Monday in June, this tribunal convenes in this city. As usual the two first days will be devoted to the examination of applicants for license. Appeals will be called in the following order: First week, First and Second Districts.

Second week, Fourth and Fifth Districts. Third week, Third and Seventh Districts. Fourth week, Eighth and Ninth Districts. Fifth week, Tenth and Eleventh Districts. Sixth week, Twelfth and Sixth Districts.

At the request of a number of legal gentlemen, we reproduce in this connection, the rules adopted by this Court the last January term: 1st. The counsel for the appellant shall have the right to address the court for not over two hours, which shall include both his opening argument and reply. The time may be divided between them at his discretion.

2nd. The counsel for the appellee shall be allowed not over one hour. 3rd. The time occupied in reading so much of the record as may be necessary, shall not be counted under the above rules. 4th. The time for argument allowed above may be extended by the Court in proper cases, provided the extension be allowed before the argument begins.

5th. Any number of counsel will be heard on either side within the limits of time above prescribed, but it is required, that, when several counsel speak, each shall confine himself to a distinct part or parts of the argument so as to avoid tedious repetition. 6th. Every appellant, at the time of setting the case, or if there be no case within ten days after the appeal, shall file in the Clerk's office, his exceptions to the judgment or proceedings, briefly stated and numbered.

7th. No case will be heard until there shall be put in the margin of the record brief references to such parts of the text as it is necessary to consider for a decision of the case. 8th. The costs of copies of unnecessary and irrelevant testimony or of other irrelevant matter, not needed to explain the exceptions, shall in all cases be charged to the appellant, unless it appears expressly that they were sent up by the appellee, in which case the costs shall be taxed on him.

9th. In every case the appellant before the hearing, shall file with the Clerk, one or more written or printed briefs, in which shall be set forth the exceptions taken below. Under each shall be briefly stated so much of the pleadings, case agreed, or other findings of facts, as will make it intelligible. Also of several acts if Assembly are relied on, a citation of them by date and chapter. Also the authorities in law principally relied. This, however, shall not forbid the citation of others on the oral argument. If a statement of the record or any part of it, be necessary to an understanding of the case, shall be made briefly, and the page of the record containing it referred to. 10th. If the above brief shall be printed, eight copies shall be delivered to the clerk, viz: one for each of the Justices, one for the Clerk to file with the record, one for the reporter, and one for the opposite counsel.

THE EDITORIAL EXCURSION TO BEAUFORT. - As heretofore stated in the NEWS, E. R. Stanley, Esq., President of the A. & N. C. R. R., gave an invitation to the Press Association, which adjourned in Goldsboro on Thursday last, to visit the sea coast. The invitation was duly accepted, and at 4 o'clock of the same evening Capt. Lottin, the clever and wholesoled conductor of the train, bowed his horn, and soon the Press gang of the State were rapidly speeding away to the sea shore. As we did not take notes, (and what editor that had been doing any work at home could, under the circumstances?) we cannot give the names of the party on board, but a jollier set of editors never mingled together. All were bent on pleasure and recreation; business and its many cares were left at home, and every man "making up his mind to take things as they came" and to enjoy the few hours of respite as best they could.

We would be pleased to write up many amusing incidents that occurred on the trip to Beaufort, but our space forbids. Not only that, but Mannford, of the Magnolia Monitor, is too clever; Mann, of the Wilmington Post, too large; Spelman, of the Seaside, too near, to tell the good things on them especially. Arriving at Newbern we received a valuable reinforcement of steam power, (Nason of the Republic-Courier brought it on board two demijohns.)

The heat became too great in the boiler, and at the wharf at Beaufort, Manning, of the Roanoke News, was sent out to reconnoitre for water. He found it, at the farther end of the gang plank from shore, about four feet deep, measuring from the head towards the heels. His beaver floated on the water like a thing of life but he recovered it in very good order. Luckily he had a dry suit in his valise.

At the Ocean House, Beaufort, the party were hospitably received by that prince of landlords, Street, whose reputation as a hotelier is known by all visitors to the sea coast. A good supper was in waiting and all partook. After breakfast next morning, Capt. Stephen Turner, an "old tar" that is noted at all times for being "cool, calm and deliberate," invited the entire party to his boats, the "Robert E. Lee," "Ella," "Gertrude" and the "City of Beaufort" for an excursion on the Bay to Port Macon, down to the banks, and out on the ocean.

In our boat the "Ella" (we chose this on account of the name) was a jovial party of six, not counting Charlotte, (Geo. W.) who was on that occasion good for two. He was the engineer, and brought his own steam aboard. Messrs. Lambeth & Son, the wholesale produce merchants and fish dealers, sent us also some supplies in this line. They were good (so Hannaford and Nason said), on motion of Biggs, of the Tarboro Southerner, the thanks of the party were returned to Messrs. Geo. W. Lambeth & Son.

The party, after visiting several points of interest in the bay, landed at Fort Macon where a full inspection of the defences were made. As a matter of course everything was in "apple pie" order, the officers clever, obliging and accommodating, our reception courteous and kind and all left satisfied. While at Fort Macon we were taken in charge by Mr. E. O. Nee, who is fitting up a Club House and Restaurant for the accommodation of Summer visitors. He gave us a taste of his quality and we can recommend his house to all whose pleasure it will be this Summer to visit Fort Macon.

The afternoon we spent fishing on the Banks, and had only "tolerable good luck." Biggs, of the Southerner, is not a success as a fisherman. Manning, of the Weldon News, would never make a lortune at it and as for us, we would rather try our hand at something else. We sincerely regret that our fishing frolic prevented us from spending Friday night in Newbern, where a majority of the Press were entertained by the hospitable citizens of this ancient burg. Saturday morning we overtook the party and all had a safe return to Goldsboro, where a general breaking up occurred.

MECHANICS AND LABORERS STRIKE. THE TEN HOUR SYSTEM DEMAND. EMPLOYERS "CANT SEE IT." All Building Operations Suspended. MECHANICS MEETING CALLED FOR TO-NIGHT. All Quiet On the Lines at Midnight.

At an early hour yesterday morning, the streets were lined with looting bands of colored mechanics and laborers, a scene somewhat unusual for Monday morning, and as a consequence much curiosity was manifested by reporters, especially, as to the cause. It was soon ascertained that

A GENERAL STRIKE of the mechanics and laboring men of both colors was at hand. As a matter of course some little excitement was created on the streets and at the various workshops, brick yards, quarries, &c., and the excitement was still greater. An attempt to

proved unavailing as to their expectations. They only spoke of the all day system as unjust and would not again go to work unless the employers would agree to a strict ten hour rule. Employers showed no signs of effecting even a compromise till about 11 o'clock when a colored man by the name of Bishop, a boss cellar digger, who employed about twenty hands, gave in, called his hands together and agreed to their demand for the

We visited other points, and found no work going on. The largest shops in the city, Messrs. Betts, Allen & Co., T. H. Briggs & Co., D. L. Royter, the Tupper Manufacturing Company and others, are at a stand-still. All of the above named proprietors have positively

REFUSED TO ACCEDE TO THE DEMAND of the strikers, and as they are men of means and have already received encouragement from parties with whom they have time contracts with, it is reasonable to suppose their strike will be a general strike in our city. We learn that Mr. Tupper has already sent on North for a sufficient number of workmen to carry on his work, rather than to succumb to the demand of his laborers.

At 8 o'clock last evening the ringing of the County bell announced a GENERAL MEETING AT THE COURT HOUSE which was largely attended, both colors participating, though a large majority were colored.

The committee returned and reported the following resolution: Resolved, That we, the mechanics of Raleigh, think that ten hours per day is a sufficient length of time for men to work, and are determined to work no longer during the summer or fall months, and as for wages, let each man make his terms with his employer. Adopted. Gen. Willie D. Jones was called out, and in a speech on labor, advocated the ten hour system of labor faithfully performed. He knew nothing of the differences now existing between the laborer, mechanic and the contractor, and did not propose to say anything to interfere.

An attempt was made to adjourn when the same man Spencer took the floor and made a terrible speech against Henry Keith, T. H. Briggs, Weir & Hamil and other Contractors. He thought it was now time that the laboring men proceed to impeach Mr. Briggs who for a long time has occupied the position of President of the Raleigh Mechanics. Mr. Keith replied to the severe strictures of the man Spencer on Mr. Briggs and other contractors who are known as high toned gentlemen in the community. In his speech Mr. Keith was frequently interrupted by hisses from the colored side of the house, and cries of ten hours! &c. &c.

As will be seen by advertisement under the head of our Special City Items, a meeting of the Mechanics is called at the Court House to-night. So far, but little excitement, other than that which would necessarily occur by the cessation of work and the general looting of the laborers, has occurred. At the latest moment before we go to press the opposing parties remain steadfast in their determination, but the general impression is the laborers, with a large number of the colored mechanics, are unable to stand the siege. We learn that three of Betts, Allen & Co.'s colored laborers applied last evening to be reinstated from the fact that rations were scarce at home.

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS. - Under the requirements of the State revenue law, the Board of County Commissioners held a meeting in this city yesterday to hear and determine complaints in regard to the tax lists. Messrs. R. W. Wynne, H. C. Jones, Wm. Jinks and Samuel Rayner, Commissioners, were present. No complaints were brought before the Board.

Messrs. G. W. Wilder, Drury Partin and B. B. Saunders were appointed a Committee to let out the contract for the building or repairing of the bridge across Crabtree Creek, near the farm of Major Manly. In this connection it may be proper to say, that the Sheriff has not yet settled for the county taxes for 1872. Wynne, has instituted suit on the bond, though the notices have not yet been served. The full amount of taxes due is some \$7,000, including State and County capitation tax for 1872.

The Board will be in session to-day and to-morrow to hear questions arising from the tax lists. How to Do It. - Do it? Do what? Why help the orphans. One gentleman gave, the other day, enough calico to make each girl (25) a dress. Another gentleman and lady, a day or two afterwards, gave enough cloth to make each boy (25) a suit of clothes. Another gave enough domestics to make all an undergarment. The Howe Machine Company presented the institution one of their best sewing machines. Who will give shoes? Who will give straw hats? Who will give a large bell? Speak up, ladies and gentlemen of North Carolina!

PEREGRINE. - This is the name of a correspondent "Down on Sapponi, Nash county," N. C., who sends us a story, good in its way, but we don't like the way, and it is therefore respectfully declined. "Peregrine" seems to have some capacity for telling a good yarn and should be ever stumple on one which can be related in more refined language than the one sent us, we would be pleased to look over and consider if there is point enough in it for publication, (we never saw the point in the one rejected,) and besides, we object to it on fundamental principles.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. SUNDAY NIGHT'S TELEGRAMS. The Civil Service Board. WASHINGTON, May 18. - The Advisory Board of the Civil Service will meet in Washington on Wednesday next, and remain in session several days. All of the members will be present, with the exception of Mr. Cattell, who is now in Europe. The newly appointed members of the Board are Norman Eaton, of New York city, in place of George Williams Curtis resigned, and Samuel Shellabarger, of Ohio, in place of Joseph Medill resigned; and the other members are Alexander G. Cattell, of New Jersey, Dawson A. Walker, of Georgia, E. Bellcott, of the Treasury Department, Joseph H. Blackfan, of the Post Office Department, and David C. Fox, formerly of the Interior Department and now Pension Agent. The last meeting of the Board took place 24th of February. Owing to protracted illness and subsequent resignation of the Chairman, Curtis, and the delay consequent on the appointment and issuing of commissions to the two newly appointed members, the meeting of the Board has unavoidably been postponed till next Wednesday. As the Board will be a working one, strong confidence is expressed that its deliberations will result in an improved efficiency to the civil service.

From Rome. ROME, May 18. - The Pope is improving. He held a grand reception. The Chamber of Deputies passed the first clause of the bill suppressing religious societies in Rome by a vote of 355 to 13. The 2nd clause, with an amendment allowing the Pope 400,000 lire annually for maintenance of the Generals of orders, was adopted by a vote of 220 to 193.

New York News. NEW YORK, May 18. - The Master Mechanics, recently in session at Baltimore, banqueted at the St. Nicholas. One hundred and fifty were present. Nearly all the roads in the United States and Canada was represented. The Peregrine, a Carlist paper, announces that Don Carlos entered Navarre on the 14th, and took command of 15,000 men, resolved to conquer or die.

A Supposed Murder. CAMDEN, MASS., May 18th. - Dr. B. Baker was found dead in his bed. It is believed that he was murdered by a woman who lived in the same house.

NOON DISPATCHES. New York Sensations - Poison - Suicides, &c. NEW YORK, May 19. - The story published in the Herald, yesterday, that three men were poisoned by arsenic, proves to be a fact. Among the sufferers was M. R. Blatchford, father of Judge Blatchford. It is thought that all will recover, though one or two of them are yet very low. It has not yet transpired who administered the poison or the motive. The butler was first charged, but he is also suffering from the poison.

Wm. Archdall O'Doherty, who figured somewhat conspicuously in the recent fight for the possession of the management of the Erie railway, died Saturday in this city. Gerret Smith has given a thousand dollars for the relief of Cubans who formerly lived in wealth or in comfortable circumstances. Two more suicides are reported in Brooklyn, making four since Thursday last. Mr. Hardwick, aged 65, took laudanum Saturday night, while laboring under a depression from unknown causes, and Peter Hippert, a young man, cut his throat with a razor yesterday, because he was charged unjustly, as he affirmed, with having robbed his employers. Both leave families.

Port Rice advises report that numerous hostile bands of Indians are roving through northern Dakota, and a strong party will have to be placed on the Northern Pacific Railroad line. Modoc News - The Same Old Story. LAVA BEDS, May 15. - It was stated that Mason's and Hasbrouck's commands had formed a junction near Captain Jack's last stronghold and would in all probability meet the Modocs in a second dispatch, dated May 16th contradicted the former. A junction had not been made, and furthermore the Modocs had escaped from the stronghold by three routes, both commands pursuing. Nothing has been heard from Conrad Mackay's Warm Spring warriors. At later accounts the Modocs were encamped on the Snow mountains twenty miles south of Sorrow Lake. Hasbrouck started in that direction on the 16th, and Mason's command remained in the lava beds. Mackay thinks that Boston Charley was killed in the last fight. It is thought Mason will find the Modocs this time. Kingsbury's command has been sent to reinforce him.

RATES OF ADVERTISING. One square, one insertion..... \$ 1 00 One square, two insertions..... 1 50 One square, three insertions..... 2 00 One square, six insertions..... 3 00 One square, one month..... 8 00 One square, three months..... 20 00 One square, six months..... 30 00 One square, one year..... 50 00 For larger advertisements, liberal contracts will be made. Ten lines a solid nonpareil constitute one square.

French Programme. PARIS, May 19. - The programme of the new ministry is to organize a Republic by the enactment of conservative laws, and wholly reject Radical plans. The Financial Crisis in Vienna. VIENNA, May 18. - The indications at close of business on the Bourse yesterday, were that the worst of the crisis was over. Ministerial Appointment. WASHINGTON, May 19. - Judge Geo. Williamson, of Louisiana, has been appointed Minister to the combined Mission of the Central American States.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES. The Chronic State of Affairs in South America. PANAMA, May 19th. - Ex-President Conrossa arrived in Panama on the 5th from Costa Rica. The revolution which has slumbered since President Miro was banished has broken out. The evening following the arrival of Ex-Pres. Conrossa he convened a meeting declaring the national troops, who were placed here for the protection of foreigners, as acting treasonably to the General Government, as well as to the State, by interfering in the late revolt which deposed Miro and expressed his intention of disarming and compelling them to leave the State on to-morrow at 1:30 o'clock, p. m.

On the 7th the fighting, with shell and small shot, commenced in Plaza San Jose by the State troops advancing upon the national troops. After a desperate fight of two hours the former were repulsed. Both sides claim they attacked for safety. The fighting continued with slight intermission until 9 o'clock p. m., when Conrossa signified his desire of a Council meeting to arrange some plan for peace, but they refused to interfere. A United States steamer and the flagship Pensacola, with Rear Admiral Steadman, arrived in the bay during the afternoon, and foreigners are protected at the American Consulate by fifty men from the United States steamers Pensacola and Tuscarora, and 150 men from the ships guard the property of the Panama Railroad, which has not yet been molested.

At daybreak this morning the firing was reopened and continued with slight intermission until 10 o'clock, when a truce was agreed upon. Conrossa Arrago for the State is to arrange terms of peace with Miro. There is a rumor abroad that similar corps de deta to the late one here, had taken place in Bogota, and that President Muercillas and his Secretary were prisoners. This, however, needs confirmation. The limit question with Venezuela seems for the present to hold its place at the national forces were killed and a Colonel and Lieutenant Colonel were wounded. President Cerevera is wounded. It is impossible to give the number of killed and wounded at this time. Such of the residents who have not availed themselves of the men-of-war have fled from the city and are in ambush. President Miro, since his banishment, has issued an address to the national government calling for interference, not for the purpose of reinstating himself, but the dynasty of the State.

LATER. May 9. - Conrossa states that the negotiations have ended satisfactorily, and no trouble over. Both sides have designated Col. Juan Perviz, a former President of color, as Provisional President until General Miro can be recalled. Another account from Panama says that a half dozen men were killed in the fight. The citizens now feel secure under the protection of the United States troops. Admiral Steadman, as well as the officers in charge of the guards stationed on shore, have acted in a dignified manner. They do their duty boldly and with perfect firmness, but without offending either side. The basis of the peace talked of is the restoration of the government of President Miro. It is hard to predict how the affair may end.

FROM WASHINGTON. THE COURT OF CLAIMS AND OTHER MATTERS. WASHINGTON, May 19. - The Court of Claims to-day rendered a judgment for some \$500 in favor of retired Major General E. Long, as commutation for fuel and quarters while he was serving as a Professor of Military Science at Indian Station University, under detail from the War Department. The decision of this test case establishes the principle that retired officers assigned to such duty are entitled to receive full pay and the emoluments of their rank. The Court of Claims also to-day rendered, for cotton taken from them and sold by the United States, judgment in favor of the following named parties: Comwell, of Savannah, Georgia; H. D. Weed, of Savannah, Georgia; J. B. 494,32; Alfred L. Tyler, of Savannah, for \$88,892; Dwight Lathrop, of Savannah, for \$5,611; Carl W. Hemmens, of Savannah, for \$47,243; William W. Wilson, of Mobile, for \$0,825; Marshall Beach & Co., of Charleston, S. C., for \$24,163. The case of John and Robert M. Forbes vs. the United States was remanded to the trial docket for proof of value of steamship Meteor at the time she was seized by the United States Marshal at New York for alleged violation of the neutrality laws. The Commissioner of Patents to-day refused to extend the patent of P. S. Carhart, of Collamer, New York, for sewing machines.

Weather Probabilities. WASHINGTON, May 19. - For Tennessee, the Gulf and South Atlantic States, southwesterly to northerly winds, partly cloudy weather with occasional rain, cooler and clearing to-morrow, increasing pressure. Declines with Thanks. Judge Pierpont declines the Russian mission. CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.