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MORNING EDITION.

The Raleigh Daily News.

SUNDAY, JUNE 1, 1873.

LOCAL MATTER.

E. C. WOODSON, City Editor.

As the enforcement of the Cash system will cause us to strike from our list the names of many of our subscribers...

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June 1, 1873.

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

RALEIGH POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

Office hours from 8 1/2 a. m. to 8 p. m., during the week (except on Sundays)...

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER.

The thermometer yesterday stood as follows at Branson's Book Store:

At 9 a. m. 69 At 12 m. 67 At 3 p. m. 67 At 6 p. m. 67

LOCAL BRIEFS.

Go to church to-day.

Business brisk and lively yesterday.

Turtle soup at Harrison's to-morrow.

Hon. Daniel R. Goodloe in the city.

Judge Brooks arrived in the city yesterday.

The Mayor's court yesterday was devoid of interest.

The Supreme and Federal Courts commence to-morrow morning.

It is a mistake that the cauliflower cannot be raised in our climate.

Capt. Bozier, one of our most successful hucksters, sent us yesterday a lot of this excellent vegetable that would compare favorably with any raised in "old England."

We saw yesterday a specimen of bread in the shape of the most delicious rolls we ever tasted upon, that was compounded and cooked by a little girl ten years of age.

The new Gas Company, of which Messrs. Brewster, Thien & Co. are the general agents for the State, organized regularly yesterday.

Every town, village, church and factory can now be supplied with the purest article of gas at a cost much less than kerosene oil, and equally as safe as the old tallow candle.

PARTICULARS OF THE DROWNING OF THE EDITOR OF THE ROBESONIAN.

We gave a special telegram yesterday morning announcing the accidental drowning on Thursday evening of the Rev. W. S. Darnall, editor of the Lumberton Robesonian.

The Fayetteville Eagle of yesterday morning contains the following additional particulars of the unfortunate affair:

"Late Thursday evening he went to a place on the bank of Lumber river just below the railroad bridge to bathe, where there was a retired shallow place much used for bathing.

It seems he had been in the water and returned to the dry bank, and his track showed he again went into the water, but by mistake got on the edge or precipice of the bottom of the shallow cove, and fell into the current of the river where the water was ten or fifteen feet deep.

No one was with him and he must have drownded very soon as he could not swim. His body had not been found up to noon yesterday.

"All his clothes, towel, soap, watch, pocket-book, &c., were found on the bank where his tracks led down into the water. His absence attracted no special attention, and he had often gone before bathing at the same place, and not till early the next morning was he missed.

Search at once began with the sad results as above. Mr. McDiamid was some 35 or 40 years old, and leaves several small children. His wife died two months ago with heart disease. He was a native of Cumberland county, born and raised some thirteen miles west of Fayetteville at the Robeson place. He was married in Alabama, where he lived a few years. In 1869 he started the Robesonian, and the paper was becoming quite popular and successful.

He was for several years a Baptist minister, a strong writer, active thinker, and an earnest and honest man. His sad death casts gloom over Lumberton, where he was much esteemed, and his friends are full of grief for his many friends wherever he was known."

THE DAILY NEWS.

VOL. II.

RALEIGH, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1873.

NO. 84.

COLORED LODGES OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

We publish the following letters by request:

Messrs. Editors:—The Queen of the South Lodge of Good Templars, with the co-operation of the fire department, held a very large and enthusiastic meeting, in Metropolitan Hall, last evening 28th inst., for the purpose of arousing our people, more fully, to that all important subject which is now eliciting the attention of nearly every body in our country...

RALEIGH, N. C. May 28th, 1873.

MR. CHAS. N. HUNTER, W. C. Queen South Lodge of Good Templars:

Sir:—Yours yesterday, inviting me to attend the Temperance Lodges to be assembled in Metropolitan Hall to-night, has been received. I regret my inability to be with you on this occasion, but I respectfully ask leave to avail myself of the opportunity which is thus presented to me, to say a few words on the subject of Temperance.

I have observed, for some time, with regret and satisfaction, the movements in progress among the colored race to promote temperance, or which is better, abstinence from ardent spirits. I am rejoiced to see many of your leading men advancing to the front in this movement. There is no evil under the sun so great as that of intemperance. It pervades, afflicts, and ultimately destroys, body and soul, hundreds of thousands of our people. It is everywhere, in all circles, from the humble hut to the marble palace, holding its poor victims in its deadly coils, consigning all of them to last poverty and want—some of them to jails and penitentiaries, some of them to the gallows; disturbing the peace of families, breaking the hearts of mothers and sisters, entailing ignorance and vice and wretchedness on thousands of children, and sapping all the foundations of moral integrity among those whom its influence reaches. Even the moderate use of ardent spirits, if this moderate use did not almost always lead to habitual drunkenness, should be carefully avoided, for the reason that it renders a man unfit for business, public or private. No man, though he may appear at the time to be sober, can put himself under the influence of ardent spirits without feeling that his judgment is either perverted or beclouded. But moderate drinking, as I have intimated, almost always leads to confirmed drunkenness. The moderate drinker of to-day may not, two years or five years hence, be an habitual drunkard, but he will be ultimately, unless something shall occur that shall cause him to abstain, and then, oh my friends! when the vice shall have been fully confirmed in him and upon him—when he thirsts, not for the Water of Life, but for whisky—when his steps totter and his hands shake—when the demon, and not the angel of his early days of innocence looks forth fiercely from his bloodshot eyes—when friends forsake him, and last, and most covetous and murder are in his heart, and he shambles from bar to bar begging for food, or waiting to be treated; credit gone, character gone, good name gone; poor wife whose poverty and sufferings are illuminated by the love she still bears to him, and who feels she could die for him if she could only thereby save him; when these things be, and they are occurring daily in every neighborhood, how it should animate us, with a new and heavenly inspiration, to work, work in this cause, until the fallen ones shall have been rescued from the pit over which they are hanging, and until all our people, of both races, and both sexes, and all classes, shall have been roused to the duty of preventing so inexpressible an evil. The only sure preventive is total abstinence. The Good Templars are life-long total abstainers. They occupy no middle ground. He who preys when his integrity is at stake, is already lost. He who plays familiarly with the rat tlesnake will be fatally bitten. The intemperate with ardent spirits, whether in his own house, or at the festal board, or in a quiet, pleasant restaurant, will surely fall. To drink at all is to recognize and to entertain as a friend that which is wholly evil. Temperance, in its true significance, is more difficult than abstinence. Let us, then, labor to rescue those who have fallen, and, above all, to prevent drunkenness by cutting off the demand for ardent spirits. It is not necessary or advisable that we denounce or assail those who make and sell ardent spirits. This article will be furnished as long as the demand exists. If the fire burns, shall we go into it? If the fire burns, shall we go into it? We cannot devote the responsibility for our own acts on the shoulders of others. Long, long ago,

Eye was not excused when she laid the blame for her sin on the serpent.

We must begin at the root of the evil by drying up or cutting off the demand for ardent spirits, and this can be done, as I think, most efficiently and successfully, by total abstinence. Hence my gratification at the existence of the Good Templars, and the remarkable success which has thus far attended their efforts.

There are about ninety thousand colored men in this State over the age of eighteen. It may be fairly estimated that twenty thousand of these expend daily each ten cents for ardent spirits. Twenty thousand multiplied by ten cents gives two thousand dollars. Thus, ten cents expended by ten men each would be one hundred dollars; ten cents expended by one hundred men each would be one hundred dollars; ten cents expended by one thousand men each would be one thousand dollars; ten cents expended by ten thousand men each would be ten thousand dollars. There are three hundred and sixty-five days in a year. Multiply these days by the above sum, two thousand, and we have the enormous sum of seven hundred and thirty thousand dollars wasted by the colored men of this State who drink, every year, for ardent spirits alone! Only think of it, more than seven hundred thousand dollars per annum thrown away for that which kills both body and soul! This amount of money would build one hundred churches at a cost of \$2,000 each, and would then leave more than a half a million of dollars to educate the colored children of the State! And what moral does this teach! It is, abstinence and be prosperous and happy; build your churches and educate your children by what you might save in saving yourselves; or drink, drink, and be lost physically, mentally, morally and spiritually. There is no room to escape this conclusion. I appeal to every colored man, woman and child in the State to espouse the cause of total abstinence. From your Lodges, or Societies, my friends, and go to work in this good cause systematically. Arm yourselves with an iron will so that no obstruction shall stand you, or tempt you aside from your purpose. Almighty God, who loves and pities you, and who has been your God so long in this Christian land, will help you abundantly, if you will only help yourselves. Succor the unhappy drunkard. Go down into the ditch for him. Put him on his feet. Treat him kindly, and help him to lead a new life. And above all, keep those sober who are sober now, by prevailing on them never to taste ardent spirits or anything that has a tendency even to intoxicate; and guard with unceasing vigilance, and earnest prayer the rising generation of your race against this awful curse. These words are addressed to you by one, who has always been your friend, who is the same friend to you he was at first, and who will never desert you so long as you are true to yourselves.

Let your motto be: "No dram shops, no drink of any kind that will intoxicate, or tend to intoxication. We will save ourselves by saving our hard earnings to obtain homes for our families, and build churches and to educate our children." Do this, my friends, and God will preserve you, and bless you, and make you prosperous and happy.

Respectfully and truly, W. W. HOLDEN.

THE LATE ROMANTIC MARRIAGE IN HILLSBORO.

We published a short time since an account of a romantic marriage between a South Carolina planter and a girl of some thirteen summers, residing in Hillsboro, N. C. Many of our exchanges thought it was a joke, but the Hillsboro Recorder has since declared to be a fact, and a correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer, writing from Hillsboro under date of the 25th of May, gives the full particulars of the affair. Says the correspondent: "Three years ago John Taylor moved his family here from Milton. Mr. Taylor was a saddler, and a hard-working man. His business got dull here, and he went off to work and send money home, and his little boy Tom, about thirteen, ran off South and went to the plantation of a Spartanburg, S. C., planter named Cooper. Mr. Taylor has continued absent, and his worthy wife, with her little daughters, has been eking out an honest and hard-earned living. The oldest of these little girls was Hattie, a small girl in short frocks, apparently about thirteen years old. But she was pretty, with eyes as black as a sloe in fall time. It seems the boy Tom had a photograph of little Hattie along with him, and one day exhibited it to the planter. The latter fell in love with the picture, and a correspondence ensued between the grown man and the little girl. On Sunday morning of last week Mr. Cooper, from Spartanburg, S. C., registered at the Orange Hotel. He was an intelligent, good-looking man, with side whiskers, and his "get up" was a business suit, well and fashionably made. He stayed all day. No one knew his errand. The next evening he ordered a hack to call that night in time for the up train, at Mrs. Taylor's. The driver asked who he should call for, and the reply was, "none of your business, you are too inquisitive." That night Magistrate Lynch married the two, and it is said here that the Squire, performing the ceremony, asked, "Will you take this little girl to be your wife?" However this may be, her age was put down in the license at 15 years; but they took the train that night with another wedding couple from this place (Mr. James Webb and bride), and the youthful bride was in a plain and neat calico, her dress just touching her boot tops. Mr. Cooper looked to be about forty. Miss Hattie was a nice little lady, and the many friends of the worthy mother are glad to believe her daughter has married a good and excellent man."

Bishop Atkinson will confer the rite of confirmation at St. Augustine's Episcopal Church on Wednesday evening next.

Semi-Centennial of the Baptists of Virginia—More About Dr. Curry's Address—Amount Raised—How the Whole \$300,000 will be Realized—North Carolina Delegation—Incidents, &c.

THIRD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

[BY OUR OWN REPORTER.]

RICHMOND, May 30th, 1873.

DEAR NEWS:—My report of yesterday's proceedings was abruptly terminated by a call to business. I resume the account to-day. The Dispatch and Enquirer both have issued double sheets to-day to give prominence to an occasion, which has created quite a sensation in this city. The Enquirer leads its account of eleven columns, by a wood-cut of Richmond College, and says: "Never perhaps in the history of any denomination has such a convocation been witnessed as that which gathered in the tabernacle on the College grounds yesterday morning. In the shadow of the stately building that fifty years ago would have been a Utopia to the Baptists, there had been a vast canvass structure erected, and within it had assembled a congregation such as will seldom be seen again." I omitted to state that during his address, Dr. Curry exhibited to the audience an imported brick from the foundation of old Urbana jail, the scene of the imprisonment of Waller and others, and the lock and key which fastened the door of the jail which confined Joseph Ireland and many other Baptist preachers.

Dr. Burrows submitted a statement, at the close of the address, showing that about \$20,000 had been given by the churches of Virginia, and \$20,000 by others States to the Memorial Fund; that in many parts of the State the people were poor, for five successive years crops had been cut short by drought, and yet in their poverty they had done nobly for the endowment of their college, and their money freely to this great enterprise, and he did not doubt but that the whole amount would be realized before the end of the year. A collection was then taken up under the direction of Drs. Holston and Dickerson, amounting to over \$17,000. To-day it is proposed to raise the amount to \$250,000, and to apportion the remaining \$50,000 among the churches, with the confident hope that the original sum will all be collected.

Considering all the circumstances, the result accomplished seems wonderful. It has only been achieved by a spirit of wide spread enthusiasm, and prodigious efforts on the part of some forty or fifty of the leading men, ministers and laymen who have made every thing else subservient to this great work. The whole State has been stirred and people and churches have displayed a generosity which has astonished themselves. Richmond College now has an endowment of not less than \$350,000, a sum which will enable the institution to employ such teachers and such other improvements as will place it in the front rank of the Colleges of the land. But the money given is but one of the good ends attained by this great movement. It is a great thing for a people to be capable of being stirred to enthusiasm by any great movement in principle, and show the self-respect and consciousness of power, and harmony and organization attained by such an achievement are of immeasurable value. As in North Carolina we are trying to endow Davidson, Trinity and Wake Forest Colleges, I have regarded it as interesting and important to give some particulars of this great work in Virginia, that our people may see what has been done here and take courage. This morning there was a meeting of the Southern branch of the American Baptist Educational Commission, held in the study of Dr. Curry, and it was resolved to make a general movement in all the States to raise during the National Centennial of 1876, from three to five millions of dollars for the better equipment of our institutions of learning. It is a grand conception, and I doubt not that a magnificent offering will thus be made by a great denomination as a token of gratitude to Providence for the blessings which have attended their history during the past hundred years.

I omitted to state in my last that Dr. J. B. Jeter, who has been in Europe for the past eleven months, and who was sent there to look after the interests of the Italian Baptist mission, has returned. He states that the mission in Italy, generally, is a great success, and that while there have been difficulties in the city of Rome, they even have not seriously interfered with the progress of the work. Dr. Jeter is regarded as the ablest man in Virginia, and perhaps has more weight of personal influence than any Baptist minister in the South.

There are fourteen delegates from North Carolina here—Revs. L. G. Mason, C. T. Bailey, T. W. Babb, J. J. McLendon, J. M. C. Luke, J. E. Montague, R. H. Griffith and T. H. Pritchard, and Messrs. Sidney Lea, Gen. Wm. Lea, E. Barnes, C. V. Biddick, and J. L. Pleasant. I think it is greatly to be regretted that there are not fifty or a hundred of the most prominent members of the Baptist Church of North Carolina here, for it is the most interesting and inspiring meeting your correspondent has ever attended.

APPOINTMENTS.—The following are the appointments for the Rev. P. A. Strobel, District Superintendent of the American Bible Society in North Carolina: Arrittick, C. H., Sunday, June 8th, Gatesville, Thursday, June 12th. Murfreesboro, Sunday, June 15th. Jackson, (Northampton county), Tuesday, June 17th. Weldon, Thursday, June 19th. Warrenton, Sunday, June 23d. Oxford, Tuesday, June 24th.

Mr. Wyatt H. Cardwell, a gentleman of fine literary attainments, has accepted the position as local editor on the staff of the Era. We welcome Mr. Cardwell to the editorial fraternity of our city.

FIFTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THIRD DAY.

[BY OUR OWN REPORTER.]

FAYETTEVILLE, May 30.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Convention convened at 9 a. m. After the morning service, and the administration of the Holy Communion, the Clergy adjourned to the Sunday School room for the purpose of making a nomination for an Assistant Bishop of the Diocese. This body continued in session for several hours, and late in the afternoon returned to the church where the laity were in waiting, and submitted several names. As the session was held with closed doors, of course nothing at this hour (6 p. m.) is known, but it is generally understood that the names of Rev. A. A. Watson, of Wilmington and Rev. Theodore B. Lyman, of San Francisco, California, are the most prominent before the Convention. Several other names have been proposed, but the two mentioned received a majority of the votes. 10:30 P. M.—The Clergy, after thirty-four ballots, nominated the Rev. Theodore B. Lyman, D. D., of San Francisco, as Assistant Bishop, which nomination was concurred in by the laity on the first ballot.

There was no public session of the Convention to-day, the election of an Assistant Bishop being the only business done.

THE EXERCISES OF THE Wesleyan Academy, in charge of Rev. S. R. Trawick, will close its Spring term Tuesday night, May 30d, in Metropolitan Hall with declamation by a class of pupils, literary addresses by Mr. Armistead Jones and Maj. S. Gales. Exercises to commence 8 1/2 P. M. All the friends of education are respectfully invited to attend.

OUR CHURCHES TO-DAY.—Divine services will be held at the following Churches to-day, (Sunday) Strangers and others in the city are earnestly and cordially invited to attend. Gentlemen ushers will be present to conduct visitors to pews which are always free.

Edenton Street Methodist Church, Edenton street, Rev. A. W. Mangum, officiating. Services at 11 o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M.

Baptist Church, corner Salisbury and Edenton streets, Rev. T. H. Pritchard, D. D., officiating. Services at 11 o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M.

Presbyterian Church, corner Salisbury and Morgan streets, Rev. J. M. Atkinson, D. D., officiating. Services at 11 o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M.

Christ's (Episcopal) Church, Wilmington street, Rev. Dr. R. S. Mason officiating, services at 11 o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M.

St. John's (Catholic) Church, corner Morgan & Wilmington streets. Rev. J. V. McNamara, priest, officiating. High mass at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 1/2 P. M.

Person Street Methodist Church, Rev. Mr. J. A. Trimmer, officiating. Service at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 1/2 P. M.

St. Augustine (Col.) Episcopal, corner of Lone and Dawson streets, Rev. John Smedes, officiating services at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 1/2 P. M.

THE BATTLESHIP ADVANCE.—This sterling paper, which has been suspended for ten or more weeks, in order to put on a new dress, comes to us enlarged and elegantly attired. We wish it a continuance of that prosperity which has attended it in the past.

SPECIAL CITY ITEMS. PARTIES having any writing they wish to have done, such as copying, &c., can have it done by applying at the Intelligence Office. A. G. BENNETT, Proprietor, may 28-2t.

HOUSE TO RENT.—A good dwelling with four rooms, yard and garden attached, on East Hargett street. Apply to this office. W. A. GATTIS, or may 30-2t. ALFRED UCHURCH.

JOB PRINTING.—We call the attention of merchants, Clerks of Courts, Sheriffs, Lawyers, Railroad officers and Agents, and all others having orders for printing, to the facilities offered at the DAILY NEWS PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT for the prompt and faithful execution of all kinds of Job PRINTING. We can furnish at short notice Cards, Bill-Heads, Letter-Heads, Programs, Ball Tickets, Blanks, Pamphlets, Tags, Hand-Bills, Catalogues, Bills of Fare, Show-Bills, &c., Satisfaction guaranteed. THE DAILY NEWS PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, may 31-2t.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NOON DISPATCHES.

General Intelligence.

New York, May 31.—The World's London special says that General Kirkpatrick has telegraphed to Carlisle headquarters requesting Bradleigh's release.

The Spanish frigate Bragosa, 21 guns, is in harbor. George Francis Train leaves immediately for Europe. He has entered suits against nearly every body in New York for huge sums.

The passenger depot at Hoboken has been burned. A dispatch from Dayton, Ohio, says the President's father expects to die in June.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 31.—The Agricultural Congress, adjourned at Atlanta, in May next, W. H. Jackson, of Tenn., President, and Charles W. Green, Secretary.

BOSTON, May 31.—Falling walls killed five persons yesterday. CHICAGO, May 31.—An accident at the decoration frolic yesterday killed two persons.

Foreign Affairs. BARCELONA, May 31.—General Velaz has postponed the enforcement of his levy upon the youth of this province. Roving bands of Carlists continue to intercept railway trains and plunder passengers.

LONDON, May 31.—The new government of France proposes to abandon its commercial treaty with England. PARIS, May 31.—It is reported that the Bank of France will advance funds necessary to complete the payment of the war indemnity, and that the evacuation of the French territory by German troops will follow immediately.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 31.—Another disastrous conflagration has occurred in this city; 50 houses were destroyed before the flames were checked. LONDON, May 31.—An explosion occurred yesterday in the Colliery near Wigan, causing the instant death of six miners and the destruction of much property.

The Kansas Bomber Murders. PASKOSS, KS., May 31.—The county attorney, Ward, returned yesterday from Texas with the body of Nicholas Monin, or Marion, supposed to have been an accomplice of the Bender family, the Kansas assassins at Denison. He has made since important confessions, and promised to tell all he knew about the Benders when he reached this city, but when near Atoka, a station in the Indian Territory, he shot himself in the head with a revolver, inflicting a wound from which he died. It seems to be certain that the Benders are now in Texas, making their way to the Rio Grande river, to cross into Mexico.

It was under Bender's house, in Kansas, where a number of bodies were found. Gen. Davis and the Modocs—The Greeley Fund, &c. WASHINGTON, May 31.—The military authorities here consider the report of General Davis and his alliance with Bogus Charlie and other alleged renegade Modocs as bogus.

The following is rather a loose statement: The War Department condemns the efforts of the Interior Department to get Santana and Big Tree released. General Sherman is very plain in his denunciation of the scheme. William B. Reid acknowledges the subscriptions through him to Greeley statue fund of \$10,633.

A Depot Burned. NEW YORK, May 31.—A fire in the Delaware and Lackawanna railroad depot, at Hoboken, is still burning. When the flames were first discovered four rains ready to start were run out of the depot and saved, but four freight cars that could not be removed were burned. The flames communicated with the dock, and the firemen are endeavoring to save it. The origin of the fire is unknown, but said to be the work of an incendiary.

Holidays in England. LONDON, May 31.—The second and third of June, Whit Monday and Whit Tuesday, will be close holiday in the Liverpool cotton market. Whit Monday is also bank holiday in London, but Whit Tuesday is not.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES. New York Affairs. New York, May 31.—The Masonic Fair netted \$40,000 for the new Temple. Wall street is quiet. Most of the brokers left Thursday, to be absent till Monday. The decline in gold is attributed to the fact that checks for bonds called in are dated to-day instead of Monday. Money abundant. Transactions of Southern States \$17,000. Rev. B. T. Nevins, Rector of St. Paul Episcopal Church, Rome, is in this city and desires \$24,000, which is needed to complete the first American and first Protestant Church edifice in Rome. The Americans in Rome have already contributed \$20,000, and \$38,000 has been subscribed in this country.

The funeral of Mrs. Neilson, daughter of the late James Brooks, took place to-day from Grace Church, Rev. Dr. Potter, Aetor, officiating. There was a large attendance of relatives and friends of the family.

Gen. Davis Safe—More about the Modocs. SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—Gen. Davis has returned from his scout, on which five Modocs lead him. No results. Three other Modocs who went on an independent scout were captured yesterday. Capt. Jack's adherents are well armed. The total number of Modoc prisoners are 19 braves, 23 squaws and 30 children.

Weather Probabilities. WASHINGTON, May 31.—For the Gulf and South Atlantic States southeasterly winds, high barometer, cool, cloudy weather and occasional rain with increasing cloudiness.

RATES OF ADVERTISING. One square, one insertion, \$1.00 One square, two insertions, \$1.50 One square, three insertions, \$2.00 One square, six insertions, \$3.00 One square, one month, \$8.00 One square, three months, \$18.00 One square, six months, \$30.00 One square, a year, \$50.00 For larger advertisements, liberal contracts will be made. Each line a solid nonpareil constitute one square.

Guilt of Murder—Lynch Law Threatened—Died in Prison—The Steamer Cromwell—Release of Bradleigh.

BALTIMORE, May 31.—James Gibson, colored, indicted for killing his paragon with a hatchet, was convicted of murder in the first degree. NASHVILLE, May 31.—The negro who outraged and then crushed a widow lady's skull in Rutherford county, is in jail. If she dies, which is probable, the people will hang the negro.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Dr. Brown, sentenced for ten years for assaulting a gas collector, died in prison. The owners of the steamer Cromwell, over due at New Orleans, think her machinery out of gear, and are not apprehensive of any serious calamity. The steamer is in command of S. S. Clapp, an old experienced officer.

A special to the World says the Carlisle has released Bradleigh. Movements of the President and His Cabinet. WASHINGTON, May 31.—The President and family resume their Long Branch residence on Thursday. Sec. Belknap has gone to West Point, and Sec. Robinson to Annapolis to award diplomas.

Bank Statement. NEW YORK, May 31.—The Bank statement shows a decrease in loans of one and seven-eighths millions; specie, decrease one and one-eighth millions; legal tenders, increase one and a half millions; deposits, increase one and five-eighths millions.

A Steamer Missing. NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—The steamship George Cromwell, some days overdue from New York, has not yet returned here. Several steamers from the Gulf came up to-day, but they bring no tidings of the missing vessel.

COMMERCIAL REPORT. New York Markets. NEW YORK, May 31.—Cotton—sales 300 bales. Uplands 19 1/2. Orleans 19 1/2. Flour dull, sales lower; common to extra, \$2.25-\$2.50; good to choice, \$2.25-\$2.50. Wheat heavy, lower. Corn heavy, lower. Clearing yellow western 63 1/2. Pork lower, new 10 1/2. Lard, 10 1/2. Navy, 10 1/2. Cotton—Net receipts 474. Gross 1,400. Sales for exports to day 300.

Foreign Markets. LONDON, May 31.—Consols opened at 91. Five 87 1/2. PARIS, May 31.—Rentes 77. LIVERPOOL, May 31.—Cotton—Cotton opened quiet; uplands 19 1/2. Orleans 19 1/2. Flour dull, receipts very light; white Southern 70 1/2; yellow Southern 62. Oats Southern 36 1/2. Rye dull, at 34 1/2. Whiskey 90 1/2.

Wilmington Markets. WILMINGTON, N. C., May 31.—Spirits turpentine lower. Molasses, 10 1/2. Sugar strained; \$25 for No. 2; \$33 1/2 for extra pale; \$32 for hard; crude turpentine quiet. \$24 for hard; \$23 for yellow and virgin. Tar lower, at \$34.00.

Baltimore Markets. BALTIMORE, May 31.—Flour unchanged. Wheat dull and nominal, no receipts. Corn dull, receipts very light; white Southern 70 1/2; yellow Southern 62. Oats Southern 36 1/2. Rye dull, at 34 1/2. Whiskey 90 1/2.

Cotton Markets. BALTIMORE, May 31.—Cotton dull; middlings 18 1/2; exports coastwise 71. BOSTON, May 31.—Cotton quiet; middling 19 1/2; net receipts 1,000 bales. NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—Demand moderate, ordinary 12 1/2; good, ordinary 16 1/2; low middling 15 1/2.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. ZACHARIAS & CO., 31 Fayetteville Street, Would call attention to their large and complete stock of DRY GOODS, consisting of DRESS GOODS in all the leading styles.

WHITE GOODS, DOMESTICS, In Bleached, Brown and Stripes. CLOTHING, OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE, TO SUIT ALL CLASSES.

HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, HOSIERY, NOTIONS, and everything kept in a Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods and Clothing House.

A trial will convince you that we can be depended on outside of the City of New York. NORTH CAROLINA, CABARRUS COUNTY, SUPERIOR COURT.

Jacob A. Fisher, et al., Plaintiffs, Against Wm. Morrison and the Concord Gold Mining Company, et al., Defendants. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Jane Morrison, Malinda Morrison and Robert Morrison are necessary parties to this action and that they reside beyond the limits of this State, and cannot be served with process, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks successively in the City of Raleigh, N. C., notifying the said defendants of the filing of the complaint in the above action, and that unless they appear at the next term of our superior Court for Cabarrus county, to be held at the Court House in Concord, on the first Monday in July next, and plead, answer or demur to the said complaint, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment granted accordingly, and that the costs of the publication be paid by the defendants.

JOHN A. CABARRUS COUNTY, J. Y. ALLISON, Atty for Plaintiffs, may 16-1w6w Concord, N. C.