

THE SENTINEL

W. E. PLETT, Editor. SEATON GILES, Proprietor. Wednesday Evening, Jan. 23, 1867.

The Legislature.

A quorum appeared in both Houses this morning and both bodies proceeded to business in the right spirit.

The Congress.

Our telegraphic friends and the friends of Constitutional liberty in the House are not as impatient as they have been supposed to be.

Nothing is so much needed now on the part of the friends of the Constitution and the government, as earnestness and determination.

The same determined spirit which influences the Conservatives and Democrats of the Congress, must be diffused through the whole country.

Credit of the State.

The resolutions of Mr. Cowan, of New Haven, offered previously to the recess, look earnestly and properly to sustaining and improving the credit of the State.

The Memorials.

The memorials in circulation in this State, gotten up under the auspices of Mr. Holden, we learn are presented to white and colored, for signatures, upon various pleas.

Radical Sense for Ome.

The Union Register, at Greensboro, though it is intensely Radical, has an air of sincerity not common in its ranks.

The Future.

The Intelligence thus graphically describes the consequences which must follow the policy of the Radicals.

The course of the majority in Congress, in endeavoring to discover the Union, for whose preservation millions of treasure and hundreds of thousands of lives were freely given.

This is the picture that the unerring fingers of fate are painting in effable colors upon our whole horizon.

Members of the Legislature who desire the Daily Sentinel, during the session, will please leave notices at our office.

Mr. Holden and Mr. Calhoun. The following is a translation of a letter written by Mr. Holden to Mr. Calhoun, was Mr. Holden's tribute to his memory.

By the way, we wonder if Mr. Thaddeus Stevens, or Mr. Wade, or Mr. Sumner, are fond of poetry!

JOHN C. CALHOUN

BY W. W. HOLDEN.

Editor of the Standard.

The voyage on the Southern main.

Which brings him to that long sought shrine.

The various tribes, in field, by flood.

Walk in its light when they are come.

And had it in its high alone.

Best reflex of the absent one.

In all their dour wanderings.

From day to day, through midnight's reign.

It guides them all the morning's wings.

Shout straight over the earth again.

What if that cross the front should look.

And daily sink in night's obscure.

Not a state for you and I.

Or share as we would in the same.

Star of the South, was this with thee.

As round the path, from plain to sea.

The glory of thy greatness borne.

Millions were drawn to thee, and found.

By kind high accents, millions bled.

In tears of blood, for you and I.

A ray in that time waned or failed.

Fall as that sign which hangs on Heaven.

From the earth it shines upon.

Pure as the snow, to all who dream.

West thou, Columbia's honored name!

No night's embrace for thee, nor part.

But such as mortal hand hath wrought.

Their latest still in hand, in aid.

That breathe or speak, or live in thought.

Star of the South, thy beams are here.

Here is the heart that weeps thy loss.

Though hidden, thou art still a sphere.

Strive, refined from earthly dross.

Reveal, and intensely clear.

BALTIMORE, April 6, 1863.

The following, from the Constitutional Union, is pretty severe.

The Union is considered to be the Executive organ, but whether the following should be regarded as significant, we cannot say.

THE BLOODY TREASON OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The New York Herald of the 15th instant, has two articles on the subject of the impeachment of the President, which for malignity and falsification of history, have no parallel in journalism.

The bitter and unrelenting enmity to the Constitution and our form of Government fired the brain which held and wicked enough to say to the world, that what it calls the "impeachment" of the President tender him liable to impeachment.

The transparent design of these articles is to move the minds of the weak kered Jacobin-Republicans up to their work.

Let them take this advice, proceed in their wicked designs, and some morning, in other places, and in a new condition, they will realize the bitter consequences.

Indeed, as the Herald says, "the struggle is still going on." "The great Union movement of the war will run its course," but not as the Herald applies it, to utterly destroy the government, but to save it, and if necessary its strong and iron hand will be invoked to stay the course and prevent the consummation of Radical treason.

The Great Oath of the President will not be forgotten in the people, who are an him, with their five hundred thousand majority of the entire population, North and South, will not forget him. The Herald cries out for congressmen. Nothing would please it so much as to see him as I sincerely rampant. Let those who would take its advice beware.

UPON WHOM AN OATH IS CALLED.

Events have already brought the government to the very verge of another revolution.

If the Radical majority in Congress pursues its treasonable course much longer, the Government, in order to maintain itself will have to arm its supporters.

At the call of the President, all his friends North and South, and the Army and the Navy will respond. In such a contest the issue cannot be doubtful.

Congressmen, may be valiant fighters on the floor of Congress, but when they come to lead their cohorts into the field it will be another thing.

The real armies and great soldiers of the Republic will be found fighting under the FLAG! We advise the opposition of the determined and fixed fact that ANDREW JOHNSON will serve out his CONSTITUTIONAL term of office.

SOMETHING OF A HURRICANE.—On Sunday last the people of this city experienced, quite a windy season; but we are informed by a gentleman just from the scene, that along the upper portion of Brunswick county, and adjoining the Bladen line, for a short period the wind reached such a height and blew with such much severity as to be likened to something of a hurricane.

Trees, houses and even houses were torn down in the maddening course. Our informant states that the country over which this gale passed exhibits a scene of destruction, seldom observed, in this portion of the country.

Miles of fence have been demolished as to leave scarcely a panel standing to mark the spot where it once stood.

Great trees succumbed to the fury of the gale, and in some places, for a short while, clouds with branches in every direction. Negro houses were demolished and as great as the terror which prevailed that the occupants those still standing, uttered their last adieus.

The gale was of but short duration, otherwise the result must have been far worse.—Wilmington Journal.

A Relief.—There is now in the possession of the Wilmington Library Association, an old volume entitled "Office of a North Carolina Justice of the Peace," printed by James Davis, in November, N. C., in the year 1774, and presented to the Association by Griffith J. McGehee, Esq., in view of the war.

This antique looking volume is the first book ever published in North Carolina, and is nearly printed in the old style letter, on what must have been considered excellent paper, for a book of that date.

Mr. Latham, of Craven, a bill to incorporate the New Bern Memorial Association.

Mr. Perry, of Carteret, a bill to consolidate the Atlantic, N. C. and Western N. C. Railroad Companies.

A communication from the Public Treasurer, presented by the Speaker, was sent to the Senate with a proposition to print.

Mr. Holberry, announcing the death, during recess, of Ulysses Hand, Senator from Rockingham, said:

Mr. Speaker.—Since our adjournment on the 24th ultimo, an all-wise Providence has seen fit to remove from our midst another member of this Legislature. Ulysses Hand, Esq., my colleague in the Senate, departed this life at his residence in the County of Rockingham, on Sunday, the 6th day of the present month.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE

SENATE.

Wednesday Morning, Jan. 23.

The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock, A. M.

On motion of Mr. Jones, of Wake, a message was sent to the House informing it of the organization of this body. Subsequently a message was received from the House informing the Senate of their readiness to proceed to business.

A message was received from the House proposing to raise a joint select committee to wait on the Governor, concerning him. Also a message transmitting a resolution, authorizing the committee who was appointed to investigate the affairs of the North Carolina Railroad, to administer oaths when they may deem it necessary.—concluded in.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Thornton, of Guilford, concerning the town of Warrington, authorizing the Sheriff to hold an election of Commissioners. Referred to the committee on Corporations.

By the same, a bill authorizing the Justices of the County Court of Warren to sell town property. Referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Berry, a bill making provision for the payment of State bonds now due, and the interest on the debt of the State. Ordered to be printed and referred to the committee on Finance.

Mr. Love, a bill to incorporate the American Mining and Manufacturing Company. Referred to the committee on Corporations.

By the same, a bill to incorporate the Pigeon River Mining and Manufacturing Company in the county of Haywood. The same reference made.

By the same, a bill to incorporate the Waynesville Baptist College in the county of Haywood. Referred to the committee on Education.

On motion of Mr. Cash, the rules were suspended and the bill to incorporate the Hoover Hill Mining Company, which was transmitted from the House, was read three times, and passed.

Mr. Love from the Joint committee to wait on His Excellency, the Governor, reported that the committee had performed its duty and that His Excellency had no additional communication to make to his messages at the opening session.

Mr. Mathews introduced the following Resolution:

Resolved, That the Senate has learned with regret of the death of Ulysses Hand, Esq., late Senator from the county of Rockingham.

Resolved, That in his death the State has lost a citizen of the noblest impulses, and his country one of its most charitable men.

Resolved, That in respect to his memory, the Senate do now adjourn, and that a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the family of deceased.

Messrs. Brown and Covington made suitable remarks, and on motion of Mr. Berry, the resolutions were adopted and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Wednesday, Jan. 23rd, 1867.

The House met pursuant to adjournment, the Speaker in the Chair.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

A quorum being present, on motion of Mr. Waugh, the Senate was notified of the readiness of the House to proceed to the transaction of public business.

A similar message was received from the Senate.

Mr. B. M. Collins, commoner elect from Warren county, appeared and was qualified.

On motion of Mr. Waugh, a message was sent to the Senate proposing to raise a joint committee to wait on the Governor, and receive any communication he may wish to make.

Mr. Merrill presented a memorial from citizens of Onslow county, praying that citizens of other counties be prohibited from fishing in the waters of New River in said county. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Hutchison, the Revenue Bill was made the special order for Tuesday next.

Mr. Ford presented a petition from the Trustees of Old College, praying that the act for the establishment of an Agricultural and Mechanical College be bestowed upon said institution. Referred.

Mr. Baker, a petition praying the incorporation of the town of Rocky Mount, Edgemont county.

Mr. Byrle a petition from citizens of Hopedale county, praying an increase of the tax on Cattle.

Mr. Hinnant introduced a resolution in favor of John L. Beck, Tax Collector of Johnston county, allowing till March 1st, for the payment of taxes into the Public Treasury. This resolution passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules, having first been amended so as to extend like indulgence to the Sheriffs of Orange, Union and Brunswick, and (on motion of Mr. Everett) to the Tax Collector of Wayne.

Mr. Boyd introduced a resolution authorizing the committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the N. C. Railroad, to administer oaths in certain cases. Adopted.

Mr. Lowe presented a memorial from citizens of Davidson, praying a modification of the Stay Law, and the abolition of imprisonment for debt.

By Mr. Russ, a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill making it felony to steal the bonds, coupons, treasury notes, certificates of deposit, stamps, fractional currency, &c. of the United States. Also, that they report a bill altering the rules of evidence, so that the genuineness of a National Bank bill may be proven by the testimony of experts, without the necessity of proving hand writing of President and Cashier. Adopted.

Mr. Baker, a resolution instructing inquiry by the Committee on Agriculture, as to the expediency of a bill authorizing taxation of dogs for County purposes.

Mr. Waugh from the committee appointed to wait on His Excellency, the Governor, reported that the Governor at present had no further communication to make.

Mr. Williams, of Martin, introduced a resolution allowing mileage to officers and members of this General Assembly for the adjourned session.

Mr. Waugh moved a reference of the resolution to the committee on Propositions and Grievances. On motion of Mr. Patton, it was laid on the table.

Mr. Latham, of Craven, a bill to incorporate the New Bern Memorial Association.

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Mr. Speaker.—Since our adjournment on the 24th ultimo, an all-wise Providence has seen fit to remove from our midst another member of this Legislature. Ulysses Hand, Esq., my colleague in the Senate, departed this life at his residence in the County of Rockingham, on Sunday, the 6th day of the present month.

When I parted with him at this place, only a few weeks since, I fondly hoped, notwithstanding his delicate health, that upon the re-assembling of this body, he would have made one of our number. But here again, we have the proof of what has been so fondly said by another, that "the spider's most attenuated thread is cord—its cable compared with the tenure by which man holds his earthly existence." But while his immortal spirit has taken its flight, his memory lives and will ever live in the affection of those who were the recipients of his unbounded benevolence.

From the commencement to the close of the late civil war, Ulysses Hand was assiduously engaged in writing his history, which he did in terms more eloquent than language could portray—it was written, not in words, but in deeds more durable than brass or marble. During the late peaceful and intensely cold winter, my heart has been made almost to bleed with a sense of the number of widows and orphans in his vicinity, whom his charity had so long, and so often relieved; not were my sympathies abated when I reflected that these might not be left on earth another Hand to afford them succor.

Mr. Hand has left a son, a daughter and a long train of relatives and friends to mourn the loss of one whose kindness and generosity knew no limit.

Resolutions suitable to the occasion, have been passed in the Senate, and as a further mark of respect to the deceased, I move that this House do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock. Adjourned.

For the Sentinel.

A North Carolina Fable.—Not from Æsop.

Once there was quarreling among the bees.— They could not agree about the honey. A partition determined to leave, and chose a fine May morning for their separation. A neighbor, who had been on the watch, assailed them with such a hurly burly of tin pans and gongs, that he succeeded at last in driving them. In the confusion they lost their Queen. A mouse was installed as their Provisional Governor. The bees complained, but were threatened with lime-stone unless they kept quiet and made honey industriously for their conqueror. So they worked away for about a twelve month. They were then allowed to choose for themselves. The Prov. Gov. softly persuaded them to choose him, but they had been secretly nursing a bee of their own to rule over them. Him they greatly preferred. The choice was made, and the N. P. G. was made. His "social position" had hitherto been outside the hive, in a small brass cage on which was suspended a miniature spigot. His duty had been to watch and report. During this twelve-month he had shown him no respect; for they felt none. They buzzed by him carelessly, almost contemptuously, sometimes close by his nose. The young bachelors, like mischievous school-boys, sometimes played pranks; and in their homeward flight would suddenly halt over his head for a moment, and do something which was by no means complimentary to the powers that be.

But now he had been rejected, his rage knew no bounds. He creaked into the hive, and scolded the whole assemblage, called them "villainous names, criticised their skill in architecture, abused their hexagonal cells, and told them that triangular ones were unassailably right, and utterly asserted that their honey had an awful bad taste. Then setting the action to the word, he thrust his nose into the central honey-comb and began to nibble. The unfortunates, live in their turn became "crazed," pitched into and stung him in every conceivable part. This brought him to his dignity, as he understood it. He held his head and swore that "the world was in spite of them, and they could not drive him away." So the bees stung and the N. P. G. swore. His head swelled and the poison worked. And so it is to this day. The bees don't care how long he stays; but while he stays he shall be stung.

Monday.—A mouse has no business in beehives. Better let the bees alone, and go a-nuzzling somewhere else.

Y. Y.

For the Sentinel.

A Corrigendum and a Call.

Messrs. Editors:—The Chicago Editor who, a short time ago, stated that when the great North Carolina first went to Washington after the Governorship he carried a carpet bag full of the Standard, is at least a little mistaken. He carried a paper bag full of the Standard. His carpet bag was filled with other things, and he carried only slips from the paper, carefully cut from the side of other explanatory articles, stating that he meant only peace with independence to the Confederacy. In his claims for peace, he never desired or spoke of a Union, until Sherman's army was in sight. Peace was to come by desertion from the army, because the Yankees, as a reasonable and economical people, would of course retreat from their army lines of their soldiers for each one of our deserters. They could only wish the relative strength of the two armies to remain. By this shrewd arrangement the two armies would melt away, until that would amount to only a handful; and that would of itself bring peace.

These slips were carefully folded and put in a leather pocket-book, which was placed in the left breast coat pocket of the owner. While returning from Washington, this pocket-book attracted the eye and the nimble fingers of a perceptive pick-pocket one morning, and has never been heard of since.

This loss has caused intense anxiety to the great North Carolinian, as these same proofs are now called for by Thaddeus Stevens, and others, to whom it was not thought proper before to submit them. The office file of the Standard having been so mutilated, it is now desirable to supply the deficiency. And that is the object of this call, viz. to procure a file of that paper for those years, to be forwarded with all speed to the Standard office, for which the highest cash price will be given—and no questions asked.

The sympathies of the public are about equally divided between the great man and the thief, for the grievous disappointment of each. By giving this statement and call an insertion, you will greatly oblige one, who is not an unmistakably loyal man. (SIGNED)

Commercial Failures.

In the New York Times of the 18th, we find some interesting and significant statistics with reference to the commercial failures at the North for the past year, as well as for the preceding years.

In 1862 the aggregate liabilities of those who failed was in round numbers, \$23,000,000. In 1863 the aggregate was \$4,000,000. In 1864 it was \$8,500,000. In 1865 it was \$17,500,000. In 1866 the aggregate was \$47,000,000. It thus appears that the aggregate of liabilities of those who failed in 1866 is nearly six times as great as in 1862, and nearly three times as great as in 1865. This is a frightful increase, and indicates that the termination of the war was but the commencement of financial troubles.

OBITUARY.

Died in Elizabeth City, N. C., on the 11th day of December, 1866, Gen. WILLIAM E. BATES, aged 42 years, 2 months and 20 days. Gen. BATES was a native of New Jersey from which county he moved, in early life, to Elizabeth City. In his youth he labored under many disadvantages, though he obtained a good practical education, at the same time, in that most excellent institution, a Printing Office. His profession he followed for many years, passing through the several grades of apprentice, journeyman and editor. In all of these positions he acted with satisfaction to his friends and credit to himself. For many years preceding his death he had held the position of Brigadier General of the first brigade of N. C. Militia—had served the people of Pasquotank as Sheriff, and as representative in the Legislature a number of years.

As a member of that body, he was active and useful. His feelings were ever warm towards all, and he had few enemies and none of friends. He was unselfish and liberal to a fault, and the recipients of his kindness will not soon forget his memory. He had been married for a considerable length of time before his death, and when it came, he was not unprepared. He left his friends, by his bequests, that he was going home to Heaven. He leaves a wife to mourn her loss, who, with Divine help, will find full consolation in the last, happy moments of her departed husband. May his great benevolence and piety be a blessing to all.

In Washington on the 20th inst., Kate wife of Mr. J. H. Cunningham, late of Greensboro.

Also, on the 20th Mr. ROBERT DUDLEY, son of the late Gen. Dudley, aged 49 years.

Also, in Green County, on the 25th, MATTIE BURGETT, daughter of W. R. BYRN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

YACHTS AND GRASS SEED CROP.

Send for a Catalogue.

REFFIN SELECT SCHOOL.

Send for a Catalogue.

NEW GOODS!

Send for a Catalogue.

N. C. MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Send for a Catalogue.

BOARDING HOUSE!

Send for a Catalogue.

FOR SALE.

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