TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

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" " " six months	1 00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1868

THE NEW CONSTITUTION—ITS CONSTRUCTION.

We ask the North Carolina public to bear in mind the constructions which we put upon the new Constitution, during the canvass. We have shown that the essential and predominant feature of the new Constitution is, *the perfect and complete equality of the negro with the white man, in North Carolina, in all respects.* Wendell Phillips, and the most fanatical negrophilists of New England could not express their peculiar views more fully than they are laid down by the Mongrel Convention, in the new Constitution.

We have repeatedly shown that the General Assembly was inhibited, by the new Constitution, from passing any law which made the slightest distinction between the blacks and whites in North Carolina, in the matter of jurors or of officers, or in the public schools, or in the militia, or in the matter of marriage, or guardians or apprenticeships.

But we beg the public not to forget, that these constructions have been denied by most of the Radical writers and speakers during the canvass. The white people have been assured that the General Assembly would provide for separate schools for blacks and whites, for separate companies in the militia for blacks and whites, &c. Under the new Constitution we believe such laws would be unconstitutional. We shall, of course, not object, if the General Assembly choose to make the distinction, nor would we object, if it determines to act in those matters as it is required to do by the Constitution. Many of the white people have been reckless enough to vote for the Constitution, bad as it is, and perhaps it is the best to give them their fill of the negro in the start.

An intelligent Republican informs us, that *he* had no idea that any member of the Convention really believed in negro equality, to the extent that he would be willing to see whites and blacks put in the same schools, &c., until some short time ago, when he met with J. R. French, the Radical Congressman elect from the first District. In expressing to Mr. F. his convictions that the Convention intended no such thing, the gentleman was surprised to hear from French, that they *intended* nothing else—that they were determined to break down the *prejudice of color among the "rebels,"* and that they *did* mean to put whites and blacks in the same schools, &c., as the best means of destroying that prejudice! Our only surprise is that the gentleman named should have asked French that question. His appearance is quite enough to convince any one, that he has no prejudice against color himself.

It is understood, we learn, that Pilgrim Ashley, the Superintendent of Public Instruction elect, entertains the same views—that it is a favorite idea with him to put the white and black children of the State in the same schools, &c. Such an idea was denounced severely during the canvass by the Radical speakers. If such a practice obtains in this State, how much headway do the advocates of immigration suppose they will make in North Carolina?—When will the hey day of prosperity come to our down-trodden State, over which the Radicals gloat so much!

"PIGMIES WILL BE *pigmies* still, though perched on pyramids," is an old and a true saying. *Small* men, when elevated to official altitudes far above their unassisted moral or intellectual capacity to reach unto, are, as a matter of course, the more apt to display their deformity or their littleness. The celebrated mannikin, Tom Thumb, when he exhibits his diminutive person, is always hoisted upon a high table, that the public may the more readily see his puny proportions. On account of his conspicuous position, it is the more plainly seen that he is a dwarf—and a *very* small one at that.

The Radical Tom Thumbs and pigmies in North Carolina, who have mounted upon the back of the negro and climbed into high places, will now be in position to illustrate all that has been said of their insignificance and unfitness. Tourgee, Watts, Jones, Starbuck, Russell and Cannon on the bench will be burlesques on the Judiciary. The ermine will set on them about as gracefully as the armor of Richard Coeur de Lion would on a modern Chinese warrior. The misfortune about the matter is that the *office*, when filled by such men, is apt to lose its hold upon the popular respect, and to depreciate in that popular estimation which is one of the strongest safeguards of its sanctity and efficiency.

The same remarks might be applied to most of the members of Congress elect, but that, under Radical rule, the position has become the synonym of mediocrity or venality, and North Carolina's contribution to the "stock in trade" can hardly affect the concern one way or the other!

ALAMANCE.—This County, officially, gives 15 majority against the Constitution. W. J. Murray, Conservative candidate for Sheriff, has a majority of 157. Dr. Moore beats scallawag Ray, for the House of Representatives, 39. In fact, the entire Conservative ticket, except the Superior Court Clerk and one Commissioner, is elected.—The full white vote was not polled by over 300.

JOHNSTON.—The official majority against the Constitution is 708.

"WE ARE GOING HOME."

Judge Searle, more than two years ago, in the first Convention after the surrender, rejoiced at the prospect of "going home," and the chorus was taken up lustily, by those who anticipated an early restoration. The train seemed at one time in a fair way to reach the "old mansion." But the conductors—such as Holden, Brownlow, Hamilton A., were incompetent and turbulent. The second have managed as Brownlow did afterwards, if the passengers had been as quiescent and as ductile as a flock of sheep, to reach the mansion. But the conductors were determined, unless they could carry the train through on their own hook, and reap the rewards of office and profit, to run off the track. They did so, and hence the infirmity.

We believe that it is capable of demonstration, that the defeat of restoration, under President Johnson's policy, is due solely to the desire for office, the false clamors and misrepresentations of the so-called northern loyalists, and their effect upon the Northern Radical mind. The Southern people, after the surrender, were intended to throw any impediment in the way of an early adjustment of our difficulties with the government. If the Southern people did not do all that was demanded of them, it was because they were not told what to do, specifically. They were not only ready to do so, but all, that was required of them. No exception was to be taken. No equivocation was to be made. No reservation was to be thought of. Nothing was to be left to implication. All the facts were unequivocal and unmistakable.

But we are about to make the attempt at "going home," the second time. The so-called "bolt" men have now the train their own way. The conductors are of their own choosing. They are morally, socially, politically and intellectually, of a piece. White spirits and black now mingle and mix, and we suggest that the conductors and engineers of the train be permitted to direct the machine. We have no confidence in their success, no hope for wise, intelligent and prudent management of affairs. But it will perhaps be best to stand aloof and let them manage the machine, to their hearts content. Conservatives should simply act the part of "brakesmen." If the machine is likely to run off the track, as we are sure it will, it will be time enough, we hope, to put on the "brakes," before the destruction is complete. Our counsel, therefore, to every Conservative is, to be calm, patriotic, obedient to law and the proper duties of citizenship, but to maintain FIRMLY his principles and seek a *closer organization and union with true men* around him, for the maintenance of his liberty, his rights and the general weal of the State!

FEMALE LEAGUES.—We published, some days ago, an article, copied from the Wilson *Plaindealer*, charging upon W. W. Holden, the President of the Union Leagues in North Carolina, that, for the purpose of still further consolidating the negro vote in his behalf and influencing the wavering and disaffected males of that race, he had either organized the negro women into seperate Leagues or sanctioned their admission into those already instituted. We learn that this charge has not been denied, and we have good reason to believe that it is well founded, and that the great majority of the blacks, of both sexes, are connected with this secret political association. The result is that instead of a family, who employs a negro woman as a domestic, and no man who employs a negro laborer, knows but that he is maintaining a secret spy upon all his actions and conversation. It is a duty which every person owes to himself or herself, before employing a servant, to ascertain, if possible, whether that servant is a member of one of these secret and dangerous Associations. If so, it is a sufficient reason for refusing to employ, or for discharging, if already employed. The manner in which these Leagues have been consolidated in the interests of one designing and desperate man is full of portentous meaning. It bodes no good to the interests of good government or social security. The lessons taught in these clandestine conclaves are doubtless such as menace the public peace, for their evil fruits are cropping out daily in every direction.

GEN. HANCOCK'S PROSPECTS.—R. H. Glass, Esq., writes to his paper from Washington as follows:

"We had the pleasure to day of interesting interviews with several leading gentlemen, sojourning in this city—one of them from the Northwest—and were impressed with the conviction that Gen. Hancock, of Pennsylvania, will most probably be selected as the Democratic candidate for the next Presidency, and Hon. D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana, be chosen for the Vice Presidency. The current runs in that direction here very strongly, and we think wisely; for we must select as our standard-bearers the strongest and most available candidates regardless of all personal or political considerations."

He also mentions that some intelligent men in Washington think the President will be acquitted. Also, that upon "spoons" being mentioned at the theatre, a cry of "Butler!" resounded through the house.

The Cleveland *Leader* declares that "it has authority for saying that Mr. Chase would not take, nor for an instant consider a nomination from the Democratic party for any office whatever."

Beast Butler and Judge Bingham, two of the "managers" in the impeachment business, walked into the Senate, we see it stated, arm-in-arm. A short time ago, during a heated debate in the House, Bingham branded Butler as a thief, and the Beast retorted by calling Bingham a murderer.—They both spoke the truth.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—Gen. Grant has received a dispatch from Gen. Canby announcing that the total vote in South Carolina, so far as reported, is 85,843, giving a majority for the Constitution of 48,161. Three districts have not been heard from, and the returns from six districts are incomplete.

The Democratic gain in Chicago since last year, as indicated by the glorious Democratic victory achieved there Wednesday, is nearly 5,000. Well done Chicago.

The prudent Greeley acknowledges, in the *Tribune*, under his own signature, that "when one sets out to act like a fool, it is difficult to forecast the limits of his folly."

STATE ITEMS.

—The following is the county ticket elect in Carteret, viz: House of Representatives, J. Henry Davis; Superior Court Clerk, James Romley; Register, Rev. Jno. Romley; County Treasurer, Joel H. Davis; Surveyor, John Leffers; Coroner, John L. Guthrie; County Commissioners, Eli W. Sanders, Rufus W. Bell, Benj. L. Pers, and Dr. Samuel Leffers and Alfred H. Chadwick, all Conservatives.

—A friend, writing us from Newbern, says that the most unheard of frauds were committed in Craven. He adds: "It is thought that, in this county alone, we have been defrauded to the extent of several hundred votes. It is said that Conservative votes have been actually taken out of the boxes and Radical votes put in, or that, in counting them, they have counted the former as Radical. Negroes under 21 years of age have voted, even when their age was proven, at the time they offered the ballots, by the registrar's own sworn. The polls holders carried the boxes home with them at night, on Monday, at one precinct, a small box with no box on his head, standing in the crowd. We are in a deplorable condition here, if the Constitution is adopted. That noted scallawag, Rodman, is here."

—The Protestant Episcopal Convention of the Diocese of North Carolina assembles in Tarboro', on Wednesday, the 6th of May, and will continue its deliberations until the following Monday. The ceremony of consecrating Calvary Church will take place on Sunday, the 10th—the sermon to be delivered by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Atkinson.

—Two notorious criminals have made their escape from Stanly jail and are now at large. One was confined for murder and the other for rape.

On Saturday last, says the Wilmington *Journal*, while "two ladies were passing along Water street, one of them was rudely brushed against by a burly, impudent negro, who came swaggering along, taking the inner edge of the walk, and carrying out that his way should be cleared. A gentleman, a family connection of the lady's, who happened to be standing near and witnessed this sight, promptly rushed upon the negro, and, seizing him by the collar, with a few well directed and effective blows brought him to his senses. This insolence would probably have been more severely chastised, had not some friends of the gentleman near at hand caused him to desist."

—The Henderson *Index* warns the people against one Thomas J. Hancock, lately an employee in that office. It says:

"We have been informed that one Thos. J. Hancock, who was lately an employee of this office, is representing himself as still connected with the *Index*, and endeavoring to make contracts as an Agent of this paper. We warn all against him,—he has not been connected with the office since the 1st of March. We understand that he has been to Raleigh endeavoring to make some purchases, in the way of type and presses for us, stating that it was our intention to commence the publication of a Tri Weekly. Our friends nor the public must allow themselves to be imposed upon by him."

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the North Western N. C. Railroad, some days since, the following gentlemen were elected officers of the Company:

H. W. FRIES, *President*.

R. L. PATTERSON, *Secretary and Treasurer*.

Directors—E. Belo, E. A. Vogler, J. F. Shafter, J. G. Lash, D. H. Starbuck, H. Gray, M. Masten, Joseph Masten, P. A. Wilson.

—A correspondent of the Statesville *American*, writing from Wilkes county, says:

"The election was opened here to-day, and the Judges left the box and went out of the house trying to get men to vote the way they said—all of them were out at one time and the box left along. Two colored men desired to vote the Conservative ticket, and were refused; two more handed their tickets; one of the Judges took them and laid them aside and took up two Radical tickets and put them in the box."

The correspondent narrates other instances of outrage, and furnishes names to substantiate the charges. This is only one instance, no doubt of many, of the grossest frauds on the part of the Radicals to carry the Constitution, in Wilkes and elsewhere.

—Daddy Rowles is beaten upwards of 2,000 votes. He and "Curcy" can retire to "de archives of gravity."

—The Statesville *American* says that it is rumored that Kalvin J. Rowles, while in that place, a few weeks ago, opened a Registering office at the African church, and actually registered a number of negroes, so that they might vote in the late election. A freedman has declared that he registered with Rowles and that a number of negroes did the same. "We would like to know," says the *American*, "how Rowles came by this authority to register voters, black or white? Was he appointed by Gen. Canby, or did he do it by self-constituted authority? And does he keep a Registration book? No, doubt, his operations in this line were extensive, and voters made by the hundred."

TABULAR STATEMENT.

ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Average Repub'cn Vote.	Average Conserv. Vote.	For Constitution.	Against Constitution.	Republ. Gain.	Conserv. Gain.
Burke and McDowell,	1,284	430				
Polk and Rutherford,	1,422	81				
Mitchell and Yancey,	653	225				
Buncombe, Madison, Henderson and Transylvania,	2,300	695				
Jackson and Haywood,	664	513				
Cherokee, Clay, and Macon,	695	154				
Alleghany, Ashe, Surry, Yadkin and Watauga,	1,900	955				
Alexander, Caldwell, Iredell and Wilkes,	3,085	1,490				
Rowan and Davie,	1,224	1,121	[illegible] 717			1,150
Cleaveland,	670	658				
Catawba,	1,306	658	220	1,076		147
Lincoln,	773	366				
Gaston,	755	159				
Mecklenburg,	1,473	918	1,261	1,213		774
Union,	875	549				
Cabarrus,	809	483				
Stanly,	417	278				
Anson,	1,119	603				
Stokes,	529	414				
Forsythe,	882	159				
Davidson,	996	248				
Randolph,	1,177	562				
Guilford,	1,239	1,116				
Rockingham,	718	524				
Caswell,	1,113	334	1,071			800
Alamance,	789	613	761	15		196
Person,	692	788				
Orange,	1,117	1,241				
Chatham,	1,744	594				
Wake,	2,961	1,873	3,036	2,240		1,088
Granville,	2,196	864				
Warren,	1,283	572	2,257	914		1,120
Franklin,	1,309	790 maj. 519				528
Cumberland,	1,591	841 maj. 652				93
Harnett,	729	308	maj. 45			166
Moore,	632	597				
Montgomery,	479	267				
Richmond,	1,244	188 maj. 516				668
Wayne,	1,301	826 maj. 217				963
Johnston,	1,083	826				
Greene,	749	316				
Wilson,	668	585				
Nash,	708	454				
Halifax,	2,351	510				
Northampton,	1,154	651				
Edgecombe,	1,639	950				
Lenoir,	1,101	564				
Hertford,	697	341	781	781		344
Columbus,	1,165	984	maj. 181			2471
Robeson,	1,568	1,062				
Bladen,	1,112	513 maj. 599				599
New Hanover,	2,919	1,091	3,508	2,755		1,828
Duplin,	1,066	967		maj. 138		596
Sampson,	958	863				
Tyrrell and Washington,	771	466 maj. 295				
Martin,	787	570				
Beaufort,	1,091	139				
Hertford,	705	513				
Pitt,	1,430	942		maj. 901		1,000
Craven,	632	1,2	761	147	81	
Pasquotank,	851	462				
Perquimans,	1,265	678				
Camden & Currituck,	2,209	596	3,404	1,170		1,613
Carteret,	224	514				
Onslow,	899	650				
Jones,	530	384 maj. 146				72
Pender,	849	662				
Pitt,	1,428	1,059				
Hyde,	564	129				
	78,909	39,904				

For the sake of reference and comparison, we adopt the foregoing estimate prepared by the *Standard*, of this City, without having an opportunity to test its entire accuracy. It is based upon the election for delegates to the Convention, in November.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Georgia Cotton Planters.

A NEW SUPPLY of Johnson's improved patented GEORGIA PLANTERS. Send in your orders at once to facilitate your planting and secure a good stand. JAS. M. TOWLES,
April 29 tf Agent.

Flour! Flour!

EXTRA SUPERFINE AND FAMILY, in store, and sold at reduced prices.
JAS. M. TOWLES,
April 29 1w Com. Merchant and Ag't.

Wanted.

A PARTNER, with a small cash capital to engage with the subscriber in the manufacture of WRITING INKS and PERFUMERY, for the Southern market. Address,
ALBERT MAGNIN,
April 29 1w Raleigh N. C.

Wanted!

A LARGE quantity of GREEN AND DRY HIDES, Sheep and Deer Skins.
W. A. FALCONER,
April 29 3t Fayetteville Street, Opposite Market Square.

100 BUSHELS SWEET POTATOES.
April 29 tf G T & W C STRONACH.

50 BUSHELS STOCK PEAS
April 29-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE WAR,

ITS CAUSES, CHARACTER, CONDUCT AND RESULTS.

By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

A BOOK FOR ALL SECTIONS AND ALL PARTIES.

THIS GREAT WORK PRESENTS THE ONLY complete and impartial analysis of the causes of the War yet published, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens, from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

To a public that has been surfeited with APPARENTLY SIMILAR PRODUCTIONS, we promise a change of fare, both agreeable and salutary, and an intellectual treat of the highest order. The Great American War has AT LAST found a historian worthy of its importance, and at whose hands it will receive that moderate, candid and impartial treatment which truth and justice so urgently demand.

The intense desire everywhere manifested to obtain this work, its official character and ready sale, combined with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published.

One Agent in Easton, Pa., reports 74 subscribers in three days.

One in Boston, Mass., 103 subscribers in four days.

One in Memphis, Tenn., 106 subscribers in five days.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work, with Prize medal, &c. advance sheets &c. Address
NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.
36 South Seventh St., Philadelphia, Pa.
April 29-tf

$50 Reward.

STOLEN FROM MR. near the Granville and Person line, on the night of the 24th April, one BAY MARE, 8 years old, right hind foot white above the ankle, small white star in the forehead; badly crest-fallen. Also a round ring extending on each side of her withers, where she was burnt for a fistula.

I will give $25 reward for the mare, or $50 for the mare and colt. Any information thankfully received. Address me at Oxford, N. C., care of Mr. Jas. Hunt.
April 28-tf AMOS ADCOCK.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

2,00 Sacks,
100 Bbls. N. C. Family, low for cash.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Com. Merchants.

HAMS.

Virginia and N. C. Hams, very choice.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Com. Merchants.

LIFE INSURANCE.

TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.

January 31st, 1868.

Balance per statement Jan. 31, 1867, $13,858,297 51
Deduct accrued interest not Annual statement, 776,511 00
13,081,786 51
Income from Premiums, 2,784,095 17
Income from Interest received and accrued, 1,246,191 74
4,030,286 91
17,112,073 42
Deduct, paid Medical Examinations, Salaries Stationery, Printing, Advertising, $ 171,750 90
Commissions to Agents, 737,682 26
Taxes, 88,578 85
Surplus premiums returned to assured, 636,916 00
For annuities and endowments, 227,682 25
Losses, 1,401,187 00
3,021,262 94 1,448,886 52
15,663,186 90
Increased value of Bonds and Stocks over cost, 189,499 81
Balance 31st January, 1868, $15,148,621 71

ASSETS.

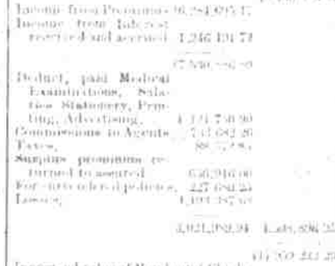
Cash deposited,	$1,357,231 18
Real Estate at Cost,	153,123 16
Loans on Bonds and Mortgage on Real Estate,	6,811,487 25
United States Securities at Market value	2,686,140 00
Bonds of the State of Connecticut,	1,018,000 00
Bonds of the Cities of Evansville and Toledo,	7,000 00
Bank and Railroad Stocks,	84,340 00
Loans on Stocks and Bonds,	130,795 00
Premium Notes,	1,612,334 82
Premiums in the hands of Agents and in transit,	267,935 75
Interest accrued,	322,691 50
	$15,148,621 71

W. S. OLMSTED, Secretary.

Interest received more than pays losses.
Dividends average over 50 per cent.
All policies non-forfeitable for a stated amount.
Assurance can be effected in all forms desired.
S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
April 2 tf Raleigh, N. C.

GULLET COTTON GIN!

Warranted to give entire satisfaction.



Does not cut Staple. Cotton brings from one to one-and-a-half cents more in the pound than that ginned by other gins.

Call and see it at
Apr. 16 tf G T & W C STRONACH'S.

JOHN OSLEY, JR., *Augusta, Ga.* H. E. WILSON, *N. Carolina.*

OSLEY & WILSON,

General Commission Merchants,

AND AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO.

200 Broad Street,

AUGUSTA, GA.

REFERENCES.

Hon. A. M. SCALES, Reedsburgh Co., N. C.
E. NYE HUTCHINSON & Co., Salisbury, N. C.
JOHN HUGHES, Pres. 1st Nat. Bank, Newbern, N. C.
J. A. BITTING, Yadkin Co., N. C.
S. McD. TATE, Pres. Western N. C. Railroad, Morganton, N. C.
April 24 1m

LIFE INSURANCE.

ITS IMPORTANCE AND ITS BENEFITS ARE INCALCULABLE.

A [illegible] OF [illegible] AND [illegible]

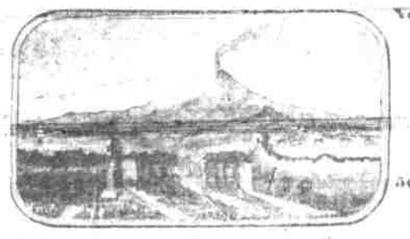
ÆTNA LIFE COMPANY.

In addition to the very large amount of

$17,485,891 71

[illegible]

ASSETS, $8,000,000



No POLICIES 48,000

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

Last per cent Dividend to now being returned to the [illegible] and the [illegible] which will be given as cash to all such here after [illegible] upon the Life plan.

The Dividend policies again [illegible] from [illegible].

The Ætna will give a policy upon which Premiums may be paid, and no more will be required, namely the party may [illegible] of life [illegible] the premium of the second [illegible] entitled to the [illegible] of the Company so long as the premiums [illegible] the premium time.

The Ætna issues Twenty Years' Endowment [illegible] the premium time.

The Ætna gives a special permit to [illegible] and [illegible] part of the [illegible] without any extra charge, and to all reports [illegible] in the Ætna are [illegible] first class Company.

W. H. MCKEE, M. D., Examining Physician. W. H. CROW, General Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Mar 24 3m

PHŒNIX MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON TESSENDEN, President. [illegible] F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, [illegible] to the following

[illegible]

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

Equitable, Mutual	$1 74
Ætna	1 71
Knickerbocker	1 42
Connecticut Mutual	1 66
Equitable, Stock	1 24
Metropolitan	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States. Its policies with a good [illegible] and taxes being almost [illegible]

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, Conn.

For further information, apply to the Traveling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Raleigh, N. C.
Jan 1 12t 3m

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS—LIFE AND ENDOWMENT.

DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no note or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year.

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent, for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., March 23 1868-3m

BOARDING HOUSE,

NEWBERN, N. C.

MRS. S. J. CARROWAY has opened a BOARDING HOUSE, for the accommodation of her friends and the public, at the Cole House, on Pollock Street, Newbern, a few steps West of the Railroad, where she is prepared to furnish excellent accommodation to ladies and gentlemen who may favor her with a call. Terms moderate.
April 3 1m

Fresh Tobacco and Salmon, Tonka Catsup, Nutmegs, &c.
April 27-tf W. H. JONES & CO.,
Auction & Com. Merchants.

A Consignment of Superior Black Writing Ink, very cheap.
April 27-tf W. H. JONES & CO.,
Auction & Com. Merchants.

ELWELL'S WEEDING HOES, Nos. 2 and 3, For sale low.
J. BROWN
Raleigh, April 24-tf With Hart & Lepis.

Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina.

THE Annual Meeting of the Board of Medical Examiners will take place in Morganton, on the 4th day of May, 1868.
By order of the President,
THOMAS F. WOOD,
April 17 4m Secretary.

Meal.

PRIME WHITE MEAL, 100 BUSHELS. For sale at $1,50 by
April 24-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NORTHERN APPLES.

Five barrels Apples, (very nice) to-day received by
April 24 DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

1,000 BUSHELS, At
April 24 tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.