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THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1868.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET:

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

FOR CONGRESS,

HON. SION H. ROGERS, OF WAKE.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:

HON. JAMES W. OSBORNE, OF MECKLENBURG.
JOSEPH J. DAVIS, OF FRANKLIN.

DISTRICTS.

1st—THOMAS J. JARVIS, OF TYRRELL.
2nd—JNO. HUGHES, OF CRAVEN
3rd—JAS. C. DOBBIN, OF CUMBERLAND.
4th—WHARTON J. GREEN, OF WARREN.
5th—M. S. ROBINS, OF RANDOLPH.
6th—W. M. ROBBINS, OF ROWAN.
7th—L. M. McAFEE, OF CLEAVELAND.

THE RADICAL ORGAN'S ADVICE TO RADICAL CANVASSERS.

Here is the advice given by the Raleigh *Standard* to the canvassers of its party in North Carolina. Here is the PEACE to which we are invited by the election of GRANT and COLFAX. Here are the necessities requiring Holden's six thousand DETAILED MILITIA. MEN OF NORTH CAROLINA, read this well to your mothers, your wives and your daughters, and learn the purposes of the cowardly adventurers who are now governing your State. Says the *Standard*:

"DUE WHEREVER ELSE YOU WORE, DON'T FORGET TO WORK AMONG THE WOMEN. THE CONFED. BRASS SOCIETY MAY HAVE TAUGHT A YEAR IN IT HADN'T DONE FOR THEM. OUR GOOD REBEL WOMAN IS WORTH A DOZEN REBEL MEN. GO AFTER THE WOMEN THEN. THEY WILL MAKE THEIR HUSBANDS SHOUT FOR GRANT AND COLFAX UNTIL THEY ARE HOARSE, IF YOU WILL MANAGE TO REPLACE SOME OF THE DIAMOND RINGS AND LACES FRANK BLAIR STOLE FROM THEM WHEN HE WAS HERE. AND DON'T HESITATE TO THROW YOUR ARMS AROUND THEIR NECKS NOW AND THEN, WHEN THEIR HUSBANDS ARE NOT AROUND, AND GIVE THEM A GOOD——! THEY ALL LIKE IT, AND THE YANKEES TOO ARE THE BETTER IT TAKES. OUR EXPERIENCE WITH FEMALE NATURE IS, THAT WITH ALL THEIR SINS, THEY HAVE A VAST AMOUNT OF HUMAN NATURE, AND ONLY WANT TO HAVE IT APPRECIATED TO BE THE MOST LOVING CREATURES IMAGINABLE. SCALAWAGS AND CARPET-BAGGERS! DON'T FAIL, THEREFORE, AS YOU CANVASS THE STATE, TO LOOK AFTER THE WOMEN. YOU ARE ALL GOOD LOOKING AND THEY KNOW IT, BUT WITH NATIVE MODESTY, LIKE NEW ENGLAND GIRLS, THEY LIKE TO BE APPROACHED FIRST—DON'T BE AFRAID OF THEIR EYES—THEY GLARE LIKE YOUNG LEOPARDS BY DAY LIGHT, BUT UNDER THE MOON NO BLUE DEATH STRICKEN FAWN IS HALF SO TENDER OR HALF SO DEEP. DON'T READ JUDGE PEARSON'S LETTER TO THEM, BUT GIVE THEM BYRON AND SHELLEY IN VOLUMES AND YOU WILL HAVE THEM IN YOUR ARMS, IF NOT, IN YOUR PANTS, IN LESS THAN A WEEK."

LETTERS OF JUDGE PEARSON AND MR. BOYDEN—THE CRY OF WAR.

To the People of North Carolina:

FELLOW CITIZENS.—The Presidential canvass, now in progress, is of the highest importance. None have ever been more so.—The issues involved are not simply whether Mr. Seymour or Gen. Grant shall be our next President, or whether this or that party shall govern the Federal Republic and administer the government in accordance with the Federal Constitution. But the real question is *this:* Whether we shall have a free Republic or not—whether we shall have a Constitution or not—whether we shall have a government of co-equal States united under a government for the general welfare, under a written Constitution, or whether these States shall be obliterated and all the powers of the government consolidated at Washington, to be wielded by one or a number of despots.—The issue is a fearful one, and no patriot, no friend of peace, of liberty and of right, can be indifferent to it.

We have thought, that no people in this great Republic better love the doctrines and principles of the Federal Constitution,—venerate more the principles of civil liberty—than the people of North Carolina. You were never enemies to the Federal Constitution, rightly administered. You were never enemies to the Federal Union, as it was formed by its founders. You are not now. You, therefore, cannot be indifferent, when both are menaced, and when both are tottering to their fall. If at any time in the past our devotion to them has been shaken, let us, in the name of God, return to our *first love*, and seek to preserve them in their pristine character, for ourselves and our children.

Recently, you have been addressed by two venerable gentlemen, Hon. Richmond M. Pearson and Hon. Nat. Boyden, in two earnest letters on the issues of the campaign. Their positions and character in the past, if their reasoning did not, have secured your respectful consideration. They both *claim* to be Conservatives. It is to be regretted that both the matter of their letters, and the medium through which they addressed you, invalidate that claim. If a man is known by the company he keeps, it is passing strange that they should claim to be Conservatives, while urging upon you to vote for *Grant and Colfax*, especially through the medium of the N. C. *Standard*, W. W. Holden's organ. It is but a short time since either of those venerable gentlemen would touch the *Standard*, or its head, with a forty-foot pole. Even now they seem very chary of them, lest the Conservatives should say to them, "Do you follow after or affiliate with Holden?" O, it was a bitter pill, yet they have swallowed it.

The letters, though two, are one—one in temper, in topics and in zeal for their new friends. Our space forbids the re-publication of them here. Let us analyse them, in order that "your pure minds may be stirred up by way of remembrance."

1. They both profess to be much alarmed and from the same cause. They snuff *war*, though the battle is in the distance.

2. They conclude that we shall have war, because of certain declarations of General Blair, in a letter of his before his nomination for the Vice Presidency; because the National Democratic Convention declares the reconstruction acts unconstitutional, revolutionary and void; and because the unconstitutional and revolutionary carpet bag, negro State governments in the South will never quietly submit to the restoration of the Federal Constitution and *their* consequent destruction.

3. For the reason, therefore, that they believe that the election of Seymour and Blair will certainly bring about the restoration of the Federal Constitution and the full functions of the government, and inasmuch as the carpet bag, unconstitutional negro State governments will not quietly submit to the government of the United States under the Constitution, and inasmuch as they believe that the election of Grant and Colfax will inevitably and imperatively fix said governments upon the Southern States and *compel* peace, even by the sword, *therefore* they will vote for Grant and Colfax, and they urge you to do the same!!

Read the letters again, if you have them, and see if we have not given you their substance in a nut-shell. We cannot draw from them an additional idea to those found in the foregoing analysis.

Fellow citizens, does it not strike you as very strange, that Judge Pearson and Mr. Boyden could address to you two long letters at the present crisis, and two very earnest and political letters withal, and yet never once raise their voice in behalf of the Federal Constitution, and of the Federal Union under that Constitution? What ever gave either of them any political significance in North Carolina, but their own devotion to the Constitution and the Union in the past? Have they *lost* their *first love*? Have they forgotten our noble Constitution in the midst of the storm and tempest which have raged around it, or have they ceased to venerate and love it? If so, the Conservatives of North Carolina cannot do otherwise, how much soever it may *pain* them, than to class them among the Holdenites!

But both these gentlemen insist upon it, that war is inevitable, if Seymour and Blair are elected. War is a dreadful thing. No Conservative man, woman or child, desires any such thing as war. Not one of them intends to provoke a war or have a war on any terms. For that reason, they will vote for Seymour and Blair. *They* lead the party of the Constitution and the Union. That is the *peace* party. If the Constitution and the Union are restored and carried out, there cannot be any war. Did not Judge Pearson and Mr. Boyden tell you so in 1860-61? Did they not say that if the Constitution were observed and the Union sustained, there could be no war? Did not war come *because* the Constitution was violated? Could it ever have come but for that? Certainly not. How is it that these venerable gentlemen are so changed? We tell you that the party which supports the Constitution and the Union, that desires them restored and put in full force as the fathers of the Republic intended, *is the peace party*—that the observance of the Constitution must bring peace, and nothing else will. Judge Pearson and Mr. Boyden do not talk as they did in 1860-61. They now tell you, that although they do not approve of the reconstruction acts, that although they do not believe in the doctrines of the Radical party, that although the Constitution has been disregarded by Congress, because of the emergency, and that although that body has done "*extra constitutional*" things and things "outside of the Constitution," yet it will never do to restore the Constitution—it will never do for the government to correct its own bad work and go back to the Constitution, as they think it certainly would do if the Democrats are put in power again, because, say they, if Grant and Colfax are not elected, these unconstitutional, carpet-bag Southern State governments would not stand it—that the negroes would never submit to it, and we should have war!!

These venerable gentlemen are *alarmed*. Let us see if there be any good cause for it, arising from the principles or policy, or temper or language, of the Democrats and Conservatives. So far as the Conservatives and Democrats of North Carolina are concerned, they have avowed their determination to obey the laws and the Constitution of the State, how much soever they may believe them unconstitutional, revolutionary, and, therefore, legally void, so long as they are in existence. They have declared their purpose to use only legitimate means to effect their removal, and that their appeal shall be made to the ballot box. However off-nsive or unjust and subversive of right they regard universal negro suffrage, negro juries and negro office holding, as results of Congressional reconstruction, and no matter how offensive the administration of the State government may be to them, they have avowed the determination of seeking redress only through the ballot-box. We defy Judge Pearson and Mr. Boyden to show that the Conservatives and Democrats of North Carolina have, by word or deed, put forth, as a party measure, the *nullification* of the State Constitution or laws or the use of violence in any form to effect that object. They cannot show it.—There is no foundation for the silly idea that the Conservatives and Democrats desire war or design to provoke it.

Nor do these venerable gentlemen find any countenance to this idea in the National Democratic platform, in the *letters of acceptance* of Mr. Seymour or of Gen. Blair, or in the resolutions and speeches of Democrats and Conservatives generally. The idea of bringing on a war for the purpose of overturning the carpet bag, scallawag and negro State governments of the South, is no part of the Democratic policy! None of them have avowed anything like it, and none of them mean anything like it. Why, then, should they be alarmed at the prospect of war? We have shown that the present Democratic party is the party of the Constitution and the Union, and *is therefore the peace party*. If there be no danger of the Democrats making war, whence the danger? Why General Grant, in his letter of acceptance, echoed by saying, "Let us have peace!" Are those words ominous? Do they mean war? There is the difficulty. They know Gen Grant and they think they know the Radical party, and that they mean the *peace of the sword*, and hence their alarm!

Whence must war come? Why, as Mr Boyden would say, "that man Blair said in his letter before his nomination: 'There is but one way to restore the Government and the Constitution, and that is for the President elect to declare these acts null and void, compel the army to undo its usurpations at the South, disperse the carpet-bag State governments, allow the white people to reorganize their own governments, and elect Senators and Representatives,' and the Democratic Convention nominated him for Vice President, and, of *course*, endorses his views." There is not a particle of evidence that the National Democratic Convention endorsed Gen. Blair's first letter. If the Convention had fully embraced his plan of settling the matter, such was the anxiety of the Convention to select a Western man and a popular man with the army and the war men, it is almost certain that Gen. Blair would have been named first on the ticket. The selection of that eminent civilian and statesman, and highly conservative Democrat, Horatio Seymour, is proof positive that the party had no plan marked out, other than such an one as the Constitution, experience and a wise forecaste would really suggest, *after the restoration of the Constitution has been effected*. What concerned the National Democratic Convention at New York, first and foremost, was the laying down such fundamental principles as would, if endorsed by the people, first make the road to the resuscitation and restoration of the Constitution and the National government easy and certain. What the Convention was most concerned about was to ascertain, *first*, whether the people of the United States were willing to make a struggle against the Congress, in restoring and maintaining the Federal Constitution and the Federal Government, or whether they would yield to the spirit of usurpation and revolution, and allow both to be swept away! That was the first point and the chief point to be determined by the Convention. If the people shall determine that the Federal Constitution and the Federal Government *shall be restored and maintained*—if they shall determine, by the election of Seymour and Blair, that they shall have a Constitution and a free Government,—then it will be time enough to proceed to correct the usurpations and revolutionary mismanagement of the government in the past!—So far from the National Democratic Convention endorsing either the previously expressed opinions of Mr. Seymour or Gen. Blair, that body laiddown, *first, its own platform*, and then nominated them, requiring *them* to come to *its platform*. The Convention and its supporters are only responsible for the doctrines of its platform, and not for the personal views of any particular individual.

But it is evident Gen. Blair, himself, intended no war and expects none. In his letter of acceptance, speaking of a change in the State governments forced upon us, he says: "The appeal to the peaceful ballot to attain this end, is not war, is not revolution." Again, in another letter still more recent, he says: "I am for that policy which alone can give peace to the country." Gen. Blair is for following the Constitution and conserving the will of the people. Is there any war in that?

But now, for the sake of argument, we put the question directly to these venerable gentlemen, suppose the people in the next election should decide that the powers of the government had been usurped by the 39th and 40th Congresses, and that their reconstruction acts were unconstitutional and void; and suppose the Supreme Court of the United States were also to make the same decision, and the Executive were to assume the full functions of his office, and Congress, under the moral force of the popular will, convinced that that will must prevail, were to yield to it; and suppose the Executive, in obedience to that will, should proceed to undo what Congress has done, in so far as to *guarantee* to the people of the several States the right to form such Republican governments, in accordance with the Federal Constitution, as they might choose pronouncing the State governments now in existence *provisional*, until valid constitutional governments were formed in them,—would there *necessarily be war* or cause of war? We think not. But Judge Pearson and Mr. Boyden contend that the negroes would not submit to it, and the State governments in existence would not submit to it! Would the government of the United States be guilty of *nullification*, or would its supporters be *nullifiers*, if, in the exercise of its constitutional powers, it were to restore to the Southern States constitutional and valid Republican governments, in the place of the revolutionary and unconstitutional ones forced upon them by the Congress, at the point of the bayonet? They would hardly say so. Yet these venerable men argue that the people of the Southern States had better submit to these carpet-bag negro governments, unconstitutional and illegitimate as they are, because, if an attempt were made to change them by force, war would ensue! In such a case, *who would make the war and against whom would it be directed?* Why, of course, the carpet-bag governments and negroes would make the war against the government of the United States! Who then would be the rebels? Who then would be the nullifiers? Would these venerable men join the rebels and thus put themselves in the category of the hated "secessionists" and "Democrats?" Alas! we fear their old hatred of Democracy and secession has driven them from the Constitution into the arms of Radicalism,—a labyrinth of darkness, danger, despotism and ruin, from which there is no escape.

WHAT DO THE "CARPET-BAGGERS" CARE?

What do the "carpet-baggers" care for the increased debt of the State? What do the scalawag officers care for the payment of the public debt? Nothing, simply nothing! They pay no tax! They are irresponsible! They can laugh at and mock at your calamity! They are not dependent on the tax payers for their votes, nor for the offices they fill and disgrace. 70,000 *negro votes* placed them in office! These negroes pay no taxes! *They do not care!* They, too, laugh and mock at the calamity of the tax payers of the State! Only think of it North Carolinians! The public debt has been increased *ten millions of dollars* in less than six months! You did not want this increased debt; you did not make it or assent to it! Who put The "carpet bagger" and negroes! They don't care! They laugh at you! They pay no taxes! *They* spend *your money!*

THE MOUNTAINS.

The last Ashville *News* fairly glistens with good news from the West. Durham and McAfee, Col. Cooke, Dr. Love, and others are working nobly. Gen. Clingman is doing gallant service, so far as his health will permit. Mass Meetings and Barbecues are all the rage. Withdrawals from the Leagues are taking place daily. Pool's visit was a confessed and most inglorious failure. He was received with the cold shoulder everywhere by the white men of the West. He has been in this city, since his return, looking crest-fallen and dejected. *Pitch on the 27th!*

For the Sentinel.

THE WOMAN INSULTERS.

Messrs. Editors:—I live a long ways in the back woods, and, consequently, did not see the extract from the *Standard*, which appeared in the *Sentinel* of the 21st, and was reinserted on the 22nd, until to-day. I declare, most confidently, that I have never heard nor read so unprincipled, low and vile an insult to any class of females in all my life. The man who wrote it, and all concerned, who sanctioned or aided its publication, deserve to be tarred and feathered and drummed out of every decent community, and any civil officer, executive or what not, who will make a paper containing such vile and filthy stuff leveled against the virtuous females of the State, in which he lives, his organ, and allow it to be published on his premises, virtually endorses the slander, and deserves the contempt of every one having the least pretension to honor and decency. From my knowledge of some of the "ring," (and I have been behind the scenes in my day,) I can imagine, and I have no doubt very correctly, with what gleefulness the *Standard* coterie, with many high State officials among them, gloated over the sudden flash of virtuous indignation that the article alluded to aroused in the community. O, you! the filthy, slanderous sheet, and the low bred leaders of the party, had tried, and tried in vain, to irritate the respectable portion of the people of the State to angry wrangling and resentment of their insults and oppressions; but *now* they had touched the right key; *now* they had galled them to the quick, and they rejoiced and were glad, just as the inhabitants of the lower regions grin with joy when they see their hellish efforts effective in the destruction of virtue or piety.

Now, Messrs. Editors, I have read your remarks on this extract, and I approve them as far they go, but I suggest the carrying of the matter a little further than merely the throwing the dirty paper out of door. Let all decent people, and especially the ladies, resolve that not only the *Standard* shall not come into their houses, but that they will hold no social intercourse with any one who supports it in any way; that they will trade with no merchant or shop-keeper who advertises in it, nor attend any sale, auction or place of amusement, the handbills advertising which shall be printed at the establisment, if they know it. If there are any decent men engaged at the establishment, in any capacity whatever, self-respect demands that they leave it, and if they are dependent on their salaries for their daily bread, *begging* would be a much more decent and respectable method of making a living than getting it in such a place.

What does the *Standard* advise? Why, that the nomadic fellows that swarm over the State in the capacity of office seekers—that Jim Harris, Galloway, and other *negroes*, who go through the country as stump speakers and electioneerers,—shall go to your house, reader, or to mine, *when we may be absent*, and insult our wives, daughters, and sisters by presenting them presents of trinkets, and then to throw their arms around their necks, and go as much farther as a brilish or demoralized nature may dictate. *This* is what the *Standard* advises Jim Harris and Galloway and Hayes and Carey and the rest of the leading negroes, black and white, to do, and then adds the galling insult, that our loved and lovely females "will like it," and, still more deeply galling, that they will submit to such treatment *at night*, if they seem a little coy by day-light.

The store house of malice and maligulty has no more damnable, no more bitter, no more humiliating shafts of insult to level as to the virtue, the honor, the pride, and every thing else held dear and sacred by our oppressed people than is let loose from the bow of this assassin.

But don't tear down the office; don't offer them personal violence, *if you can help it*, when you meet them; don't even threaten them with any of these things, for that is what they are trying to provoke. But you have a right, people of Raleigh, and of the whole State, to give them the *just rebuke* I have suggested; and in due time they will sink down to their own place, wrapped in the mantle of infamy, and the waves of oblivion will shut them out forever from the sight of angels and decent men.

BEAR SWAMP.

THE PROSPECTS.—We wish to assure our readers that all the battles, without exception, that have been joined against the enemy, *whether in State, county, city, or town, up to the present hour*, have shown such gains as to be indicative of the most excellent results in the October elections. Mr. Greeley, of the *Tribune*, has himself, in view of them, expressly stated to his friends that they must do better hereafter if they are to succeed.—*Nat. Intel.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dissolution.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between C. F. & W. C. STRONACH, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

C. F. STRONACH.
Sept 29th, 1868. W. C. STRONACH.

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING qualified as the Administrator, with Will annexed, of the late Reuben H. Freeman, I give notice to all persons indebted to the deceased to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the deceased to present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

JOHN T. GATLIN, Adm'r.
Sept. 29th, 1868. 30-4w

NEW ARRIVALS

FALL GOODS

AT

L. E. HEARTT'S.

D[illegible]
SHAWLS, SKIRTS,
[illegible]
LOCKS AND BUTTONS,
TOWELING,

GENTS AND BOYS'

BOOTS AND SHOES.

LADIES' BOOTS AND GAITERS,
GIRLS' AND BOYS'

HATS,

AND

NOTIONS

IN GREAT VARIETY,

All of which we will sell as cheap as they can be purchased in the City.

L. E. HEARTT,
Sept. 30-tf. No. 11 Fayetteville Street.

1868. Fall Trade. 1868

READ AND REMEMBER! BIRD Tailor, Fayetteville Street.

ALSO,

A[illegible] assortment of Tweeds, Cassimeres, Salt Stands and Wire Guards, Trunks, a new Patent Corset, Hand Mirrors, &c.

J. BROWN
Raleigh, Sept. 30-tf. Wm. Watson's Corner.

JOHN ESTEN COOKE'S NEW NOVEL!

F. J. HUNTINGTON & CO.,

459 BROOME ST., NEW YORK,

Have in press to be ready in October,

MOHUN;

Or, the Last Days of Lee and his Paladins,

BY J. ESTEN COOKE,

Author of "SURRY OF EAGLE'S NEST."

Of "SURRY," of which Mohun is a Sequel, Ten Thousand copies were sold immediately sold. The new work is still more intensely interesting. Printed on fine tinted paper, and richly bound in cloth, with upward of 500 pages, it will be for the first time given a fine steel medallion head of Gen. Lee—and four beautiful illustrations in Hoppin's best style. Either books sent by mail, *post free*, on receipt of the price, $2.25. For sale by all Booksellers and Newsdealers in town and country.

Sept. 29 3t.

MORE ROOM! MORE GOODS!!

Increasing Trade Demanded a Change!

WE HAVE MADE IT!!

WE CAN NOW BE FOUND IN OUR NEW AND ELEGANT

IRON FRONT STORE!

NO. 27 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

NEXT DOOR SOUTH OF TUCKER'S HALL,

WHICH WE HAVE JUST FITTED UP TO correspond with the nature and extent of our largely increased business.

Our design is to keep a FULL, SEASONABLE and MOST ATTRACTIVE Stock of

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS.

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Prices Low, Quality and Make Unsurpassed.

Our best endeavors in the future, as in the past, shall be to please the numerous patrons of the House. Everybody is invited to call and see the new assortment of FASHIONABLE GARMENTS, now opening at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.

Sept. 29 tf

W. E. TANNER, J. OTTO EHBETS & ALEX. DELANEY.

Corner of 7th and Canal Streets.

TANNER, EHBETS & DELANEY.

Stationary and Portable Engines,
BOILERS, BRIDGE BOLTS
AND
CASTINGS, FORGINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WORK,
Iron and Wooden Trucks for Cars, Improved Tobacco and all other Kinds of Machinery built and repaired.

Aug 21-6m.

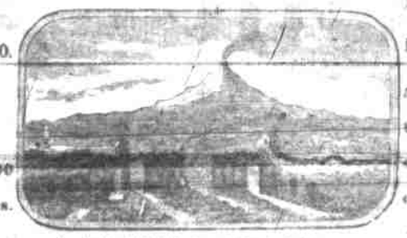
NON-FORFEITING CASH RATES

OF THE

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, $10,000,000.



DIVIDEND, Fifty per Cent.

$130 to pay every $100 of Liabilities.

57,000 Members, and constantly Increasing.

DESCRIPTION OF POLICIES.

First. Whole Life Policies.
Second. Endowment Policies, [illegible] Sixty, Fifty, and thirty-one Years.

AGES

Insurance will be granted at [illegible]

NOTICE.

A CASH LIFE POLICY OF $3,000 [illegible] Insurance Company, [illegible] issued two years ago.

$3,000.

[illegible] Sept. 30th, 1868.

Received of the Ætna Life Insurance Company, by the hands of W. H. Crow, General Agent, Three thousand dollars, in full payment of all demands on Life Policy No. [illegible] held by Lafayette Bynum. Number and Policy [illegible]

With many thanks for this prompt payment of just [illegible]

I am respectfully,
LAFAYETTE BYNUM.

Witness to the above, may be mentioned [illegible] and beneficial results of Life Insurance, and also the liberality and [illegible] which this Company deals with the members.

[illegible] than fifty years this Company [illegible] to relieve the wants of the widows and orphans of North [illegible]

Policy No. [illegible]

Being this day fully satisfied with the [illegible] of every Sterling element, all [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and