The Semi-Weekly Sentinel.

VOL. 5. RALEIGH N. C., SATURAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1870. NO. 28

THE SENTINEL.

ATROCITY OF GOV. HOLDEN'S CONDUCT.

...Governor Holden is unanimous among the intelligent, conservative men, without regard to ... But the masses of the people while have a general idea that it is bad, no conception of its atrocity. Look ...stance at the enormous swindles and ...ns perpetrated upon the State by the ...," in which he must have been an ...participator and beneficiary, or he ...are collided with them. It is per...manifest, if he had cared a fig for the ...ry condition of the State or people, ...d have defeated at a word, the penit...y swindle, the Railroad swindles ...r heavy expenditures on State ac...which he has encouraged. If he had ...n a party to the State bond swin...ld to order the Public Treasurer ...the bonds in large amounts, and ...prevented the wholesale swin...field & Co.

...is a very general opinion that ...has profited personally by these ..., but however this may be, it is ...to every man of intelligence, that W. ...n is justly chargable for the enor...s debt created by the last Legis...for the present enormous expen...public money and the consequent ...

...not more, came from Tennessee, as well as the officers of Col. Kirk's regiment. Were these State militia? Many both in Kirk's and Clarke's regiment Were under 21 years of age. Were these troops were called militia until recently. They were regular troops and a regular army, and to give them, with Kirk, Clark and Burgen, a proper field to operate, in Alamance and Caswell were declared to be in insurrection, when there was not a man in either county armed against the government or against any one else with gun or bludgeon. These Counties at the time of the proclamation were in a state of profound peace. The inhabitants were astonished to hear they were in insurrection.

The military commenced their violent outrages—the best citizens were arrested without warrant—many of them beaten by the soldiers with pistols at their heads, and threatened with pistols at their heads, to force them to confess crimes they knew nothing of. Appeals to the State judiciary, except to Judge Mitchell were made in vain. Their appeal to the U. S. Judiciary Holden resisted. The Public Treasurer and the paymaster of the Treasury were enjoined by Judge Mitchell on application of a tax payer, not to pay out any monies to the unlawful State Troops. Holden determined not to be headed off, in defiance of law, in defiance of the Judiciary, he removes the paymaster from office, forces him to pay ...

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...sons, by the peaceful ... of the law of the land, from the ...riate, though contemptable, wrath of ... thus vindicating the right of ... liberty, to even the meanest citizen ... securing it for all time. But we must ... delay longer telling about our day of ...ing in Camden, especially set apart.

Thursday, the 25th August, we had a Barbecue. A large stand was erected under the grand old oak that stands on the Court House grounds. By 10 o'clock A. M., two thousand white people four or five hundred of whom were ladies; and large numbers of colored people were on the ground. Mr. J. P. Wheelbee of Elizabeth City, a young member of the bar was the first to speak. That he is a young man of great promise was well attested on that occasion. Col L. D. Starke of Norfolk, Va., was next introduced. His was a brilliant and effective effort. Not a ... was dispensed by eloquence, for it was ... out that vast throng. Marked attention was paid Capt. Jarvis, as he told some of the mean things he saw and heard when a member of the *infamous* Legislature of 1868-'69, and all done by Radicals. Among the many things the Capt. said to prove the utter depth of degradation to which the Legislature was hurled, in comparison with other Legislatures in better days, stated that he had not seen a white lady in the Commons gallery during the session of '69. (Speed jokes Jarvis.) The ladies present felt proud of their sex; were eulogistic of the ladies who were at Raleigh during the session of 1868-'69, and smiled sweetly and approvingly on Capt. Jarvis. Mr. Burwell Baxter of Currituck, made the last ...

...unscrupulous and full of devices of evil may continue to evade the consequences of his defeat, I can hardly imagine. He will bear watching. I have ... say here say, that he ought to be ... I think so too, if under the ... done the enemy. Such ... should be so punished, that ... may be an object of universal exec... till Executive history shall be forgotten.

In any event, I trust the ... of the Conservative party will make a wise use of their success, and make it permanent."

[From the Shreveport Bulletin.]

A TEXAN'S DREAM.

"I dreamed," said he, "that the day of judgment had come, and contrary to all the teachings of my youth, it appeared that mankind were not to be judged individually, ... soon as the name of England sounded the immortal Burke rose from his grave, and declared that he had lived and died in England, that he knew her people to be loyal alike to God and their country; and on his recommendation England passed into the celestial city.

The next government called to account was the United States of America, and when the name of America sounded Mount Vernon trembled as the immortal Washington arose from his grave and prayed that his Government should not be tried as England had been, as a consolidated despotism, but as free, sovereign and independent States.

The first State called to account was old Virginia, and as soon as the name of Virginia sounded the immortal Henry arose to his feet, and declared he had lived and died ...

...twenty seven muscles, two hundred and fifty seven of which are in pairs. Of these no less than one hundred are constantly used in the simple act of breathing.

The first code of written laws possessed by the Athenians were prepared by Draco, a man of stern and rigid character. These ... punished all crimes with death; and ... account of their sanguinary character, ... said to have been written in blood.

There are thirty six thousand seeds in the capsula of a tobacco plant; and Ray, the celebrated botanist, counted in the head of a poppy thirty five thousand seeds. It has been calculated by many naturalists that the elm-tree produces thirty five thousand seeds.

If the feathery gills of a small perch could be unfolded and spread out, they would nearly cover a square yard. This will not ... if so put a web, that it is computed to be equal to four square feet.

In the human skeleton there are two hundred and fifty two separate bones. Hard working people sometimes have an extra number, which are formed near the joints of the thumb, over fingers and toes.—They are useful to increasing the power wherever they grow.

The aorta, or principal artery of the whale measures about a foot in diameter.—The quantity of blood thrown into it at each pulsation has been estimated at from ten to fifteen gallons; the rush of this fluid is quite audible to the harpooners when about to strike at the animal.

When rabbits, squirrels and various other gnawing animals, are fed on salt meats, their teeth often grow so long and so crooked as to prevent them from taking food, and instances have occurred in which, to ...

...JILLER.

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A NEW DISCOVERY!!

PHALON'S

"VITALIA;"

OR,

Salvation for the Hair.

CLEAR AS WATER!

WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!

OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is rapid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and cloudless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia ☜ is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications, according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.

Dec. 21 1867. 3jnr

JUDGE BOND AND THE BURGIN CASE.

We alluded very briefly, yesterday, to the case of George B. Burgin, brought before Judge Bond on Wednesday, on a writ of *habeas corpus*. The grounds alleged in the petition for the writ were want of jurisdiction in the case on the part of Judge Brooks, by whom he was examined and committed, for want of bail, and the informality and illegality of the proceedings in the case.

The petition for a discharge, on the above grounds, was urged by Messrs. Badger and Bailey who evidently labored under great difficulty for want of facts and logical arguments, and, (we say it in no disparagement to them, for even the best lawyers must make a poor showing in a bad case,) they certainly felt sensibly the difficulties under which they labored.

Judge Battle, Judge Merrimon and Kemp P. Battle, Esq., acted as counsel for the Marshal, and the two first named entered fully into the argument, and we have no hesitation in saying that, had we been a juryman, and the case before us for a verdict, we should not have hesitated a moment in finding, on the law and testimony, that Judge Brooks had jurisdiction, that the proceedings were in legal form, answering all the requirements of the law on the subject; that the answer to the writ was full and sufficient, and that the prisoner was properly and legally held to answer for the cruelties and barbarities practiced by him on the prisoners in his charge. These facts were not only clearly established by quotations from legal authorities, but by arguments and deductions, eloquently and logically drawn.

As stated yesterday, Judge Bond, at the conclusion of the argument, stated that he would take the papers with him, give the subject mature consideration and return his decision to the Marshal in due time.

Judge Bond during his short stay here, made a more favorable impression than we anticipated, and we learn that, before leaving, he expressed high gratification at the kindly feeling manifested toward himself, as well as at the peaceful temper of our people, notwithstanding the exciting scenes through which we have so recently passed. We think that certain parties in this State have been somewhat disappointed in Judge Bond.

THE INJUNCTION.

It has been already intimated, that the injunction, issued by Judge Mitchell enjoining the Public Treasurer, and the Paymaster from paying out any public monies whatever on account of Holden's unlawful State troops, was broken on Sunday and Monday last by the peremptory order of Gov. Holden, who removed Mr. A. D. Jenkins, son of Public Treasurer Jenkins and Paymaster or Cashier of the Treasury, and ordered him to deliver over the funds to Richard T. Berry, Mayor of New Bern, Brigadier General of State Militia, Brigade Quarter Master with the rank of Major, and Paymaster, *pro tempore* of the army of North Carolina or the State troops. Young Mr. Jenkins felt reluctantly obliged to comply with the rigorous demand of Gov. Holden, paid the money over to Berry and Berry paid off the troops and himself, in obedience to the mandate of Holden. Judge Mitchell has therefore served a rule on Gov. A. D. Jenkins, ordering him to appear before him at Charlotte or Statesville, to show cause why he shall not be attached and punished for contempt.

Holden has demanded of the Public Treasurer at sundry times to do lawless things, as in this case, he has of his son. They have both acted wrong and unworthy of their high trusts by Holden in a single instance with demands from any one, Governor or what not, to violate the law of the land. They ought to have resigned peremptorily, but in connecting to be used by Holden or any one else in unlawful con-

...duct. It is not sound doctrine that an Agent is bound to obey the principal, even if he demands a wrong and unlawful act. Nor is it true, that the Agent is guiltless in the eye of the law and that the principal must bear all the penalty. There are cases perhaps, where society might be satisfied as in this case, if Holden could be made to bear the guilt, as he ought, of Kirk's and Burgen's conduct as well as all the unlawful acts of his officers, but justice and law and the safety of society demand not only the punishment of the principal but of all the accessories to crime. In this case, however, the facts when known may somewhat palliate Mr. Jenkins' offence.

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...is a villainous set, and in attendance of the ... mild and utterly inefficient member of the order, and deserves instant extinction.

For the Sentinel.

BIG FALLS, N. C., Sept. 7, 1870.

EDITOR SENTINEL: Dear Sir, in the proceedings of the Supreme Court, as published in the SENTINEL of the 5th inst., in the case of Albert Murray, Wm. Redding and others, charged with conspiracy &c., the report says, the parties were each recognised in the sum of $2,000 to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of Alamance county, which is true; but it leaves the impression on the public that the charges were sustained by the evidence, which is not true, as there was no evidence offered to sustain the charge.

When Mr. Badger, of counsel for the prosecution suggested to the Court that he was not ready for trial for the lack of important witnesses and moved that the parties be recognized to appear again (at some indefinite time,) before the Judges to answer the charges, the counsel for the defense suggested, that, though they had not had an opportunity to confer with the parties concerned, (they having but just got to the city and being under arrest) but presumed they would have no objection to being at once bound over to answer at the next term of Alamance Superior Court, which met with my approval and also the approval of the counsel for the prosecution, and it was accordingly so done, recognizance taken and the parties released.

I well know that so far as I am concerned, they can never make the charge good except through perjured witnesses.

Respectfully,

A. MURRAY.

WILKERSON ON "RINGS."

A correspondent of the *Hearth and Home*, (by-the-way, one of the best family weeklies in this country) who writes a good deal of ungrammatical good sense, gets off the following in a recent communication, concerning "Rings":

I'm not ag'in improvements—not when they are improvements.

As I said to the Parson t'other night, who's a little riled about the taxes on his homestead, says I: "Parson, I believe in keepin' roads up and keepin' bridges up, all tidy, and in first rate order; but I don't believe," says I, "in these 'ring' fellows spendin' all the money in one place, and tryin' to make a monument for themselves, and givin' their understrappers who do the dirty work election days a fat job. «We are gettin' to be old fellows," says I, "Parson, and it don't make much odds with us; but if we don't break up these 'rings,' the young folks will have a hard time of it; you may depend on that," says I.

"I don't much believe in preachin' politics," says I, "Parson; but if you was to give a little slant off some odd Sunday," says I, "ag'inst the awful way these scalawags are runnin' up the taxes, it's my opin'on you'd hit it," says I. "There was a Judas of Galilee," says I, "if you want Scripter' upon it, who lived in the time of taxation," and was the devil's own child, and came to a bad end, as you know," says I; "it's my opinion that that Judas was a tax-gatherer or a tax assessor, or had built a bridge or a 'town-house,' or was in the 'Ring.'"

"I guess likely he was, Mister Wilkerson," says the Parson.

For the Sentinel.

FROM NORTH-EASTERN CAROLINA.

The late political contest, in this section of the State, for good government, wholesome and equitable laws, upon the part of the Conservatives, as opposed to a continuance of the Holden Pool-Swepson Littlefield "ring," by the Radicals, was hot indeed.—Never before has this people been so fully aroused.

The Sunbeam comes to us, teeming with news from every part of the gallant West, to our great delight. Ye honest, brave sons of the West! Ye Conservatives and Democrats that would not be intimidated and forced from duty by Holden, Kirk—the charge bayonet—the guns and pistols brought to a ready, neither by examples made, of imprisonment in loathesome places of a number of your best citizens! We honor you and love you for your courage, and for the part you have done in rescuing the old State-Ship, dismantled and hulked as she is!

We of the East are anxious to shew you people of the West, that we are not in apathy, but that our hearts well up with yours for our deliverance on the 4th day of Aug. last, from a carpet bag and scalawag Legislature and political dominance, that our hearts run out with yours, to Josiah Turner Jr. as the great instrument to the accomplishment of the victory then; and to Judge Brooks the just Judge, who rescued Mr. Turner and those other good citi-

...amount of well served food I never saw before. Mr. ——, of Hertford, remarked that there was more to eat at the barbecue than was then contained in some counties. Our people are very poor, but the poorest parted with a large amount of the best they had, to commemorate with marked enthusiasm, the event which called them together. Mr. John Chamberlin, the Commoner elect for this county, commenced the speaking in the afternoon. His speech was short but well timed and to his entire credit. Then came the old scarred and battered, unconquerable and never dispirited war horse. He who discussed thoroughly the Holden-Pool conspiracy and the Swepson and Littlefield thefts and the carpet bag-scalawag Legislature, at every precinct in this Senatorial District, to his own great honor and the enlightenment and delight of his constituents. Dr. Speed spoke at length against his desire. The people would have him "go on!" Mr. Skinner, Senator elect, also from this District, was on the stand. The people of Camden are highly pleased with their venerable and intellectual Senators, Col. G. G. Lake, of Camden, Mr. T. G. Gilliam, of Hertford, Perquimans county, and Mr. Wm. Shaw, of Currituck, also addressed the meeting. The crowd was evidently delighted to the very end of the day's proceedings. After three cheers for Brooks and Turner the meeting adjourned.

S. E. O.

For the Sentinel.

NORTH CAROLINA DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE, NUMBER TWO.

MR. EDITOR: Allow me to assure you that the people of Virginia, not only sincerely sympathised with their brethren of "The good Old North State," in their late afflictions, to which they were subjected by an upstart and unprincipled usurper and tyrant, who, in league with a time serving and corrupt Judiciary, would have perpetuated their wrongs, but that they greatly rejoice in their present deliverance from an oppression which has scarce a parallel in the history of the world.

The *forbearance* and the *prudence* which they exhibited under the aggravated wrongs to which they are subjected, and the *determination* and *firmness* which they manifested when the proper time arrived for throwing off the galling and intolerable yoke, gave proof of the fact that they are a *wise* as well as a *brave* people.

The first of all their countrymen to declare their independence of a foreign oppressor, they have shown by their recent action not only that they will *never submit to a domestic tyrant*, but that they know the day most appropriate and the means best fitted to accomplish their Heaven born purpose.

Let me say that their Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, honorable as it was to their patriotism, is eclipsed by their demonstration of 4 h August 1870, a day which will be henceforth recognized by an admiring world as its most glorious epoch in all their history; for they

"Upon the day tyrannic fraud dared,
To rend that sanction of oppression's fate,
And like a bulwark rose'd it back and said
Here shalt the billows, based power be stay'd."

Whilst others then shall celebrate the 4th July, as the anniversary of their deliverance from *foreign misrule*, let North Carolinians keep sacred the *4th of August*, as the day of their emancipation from a *domestic tyranny* as far exceeding that from which our honored ancestors freed themselves, as the Heavens are higer than the earth!

A BORDER MAN.

DANVILLE, VA., Sept. 7, 1870.

Extract from a letter written by a gentleman, resident in Central New York, to a friend in this State.

"I can hardly keep bottled up any longer the feelings we have been full of since the news of the grand political change in North Carolina. I have watched all the recent movements there with profound interest, and witnessed Holden's usurpation with an indignation is no way less than your own. No such blows against civil liberty and popular rights have ever been struck in this country as those lately struck by Governor Holden and Judge Pearson. Even the most of the people here regard the arming of troops among you as an outrage that should render him infamous forever; and they look with no more favor upon Judge Pearson's strange legal rulings and cowardly truckling and subservience. So far as I know, only a single radical paper has spoken in his defence, and that is *Harper's Weekly*. The conduct of the people of your state is universally applauded; their high spirited patience till the time of voting came, and their resolute repudiation then of the bad men who had misruled them, Gov. Holden, I judge, must be pretty thoroughly scared. How a man so

FALL TERMS OF SUPERIOR COURTS.

We give below the time for holding the Superior Courts in the different counties in the following Judicial Districts:

FIFTH DISTRICT.—Harnett county on the Second Monday in August and February.

Moore county, second Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Montgomery county, fourth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Stanly county, sixth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Union county, eighth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Anson county, tenth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Richmond county, twelfth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Cumberland county, fourteenth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

SIXTH DISTRICT.—Granville county, on the second Monday in August and February.

Warren county, second Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Franklin county, fourth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Johnston county, sixth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Wake county, eighth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Nash county, tenth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Halifax county, twelfth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Northampton county, fourteenth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.—Guilford county, on the first Monday in March and September.

Rockingham county, second Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Caswell county, fourth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Person county, sixth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Orange county, eighth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Chatham county, tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Randolph county, twelfth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Alamance county, fourteenth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

FACTS FOR THE CURIOUS.

According to Boerhave, the healthiest children are born in January, February and March.

Serpents are only shed their skins which, remarkable as it may at first appear, extend over their eyes.

The natural small pox usually carries off eight in every hundred attacked with it; but of three hundred vaccinated, only one dies.

Of one thousand infants fed by their mother's milk, not above three hundred die, but of the same number reared by wet nurses, five hundred die.

China, properly so-called, contains about three hundred and fifty millions of souls, and extends over twenty degrees of latitude and twenty of longitude, or four hundred square degrees.

The flea, locust and grasshopper jump two hundred times their own length; equal to a quarter of a mile for a man.

There are in a man five hundred and ...

...unimpaired. The same remark, says Dr. Smith, of Boston, is applicable to the blind. "I have invariably found that the incurably blind never dream of seeing or hearing.

HORACE L. EMERY'S

PATENT ENDLESS RAILWAY HORSE-POWER,

WITH OVERSHOT THRESHER AND SEPARATOR.

Manufactured by the

ALBANY AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ALBANY, N. Y.

Hamilton Street, cor. Union and Liberty Streets,

All sizes for Horse, Steam or Water Power, with or without Threshing Separators. These Threshers are made with two-covered and heavy wood cylinders, with solid iron plate concave heads and cast-steel shafts, and are fitted with Pond and Belcher pulleys and couplings.

The journals of the shafts are mounted in heavy, two-part cast-iron boxings, which are lined with Babbett metal. All machines are adjusted under a velocity of two thousand revolutions which is nearly double the speed that is ever required for practical use. The Separator cylinder is driven by a heavy iron balance band wheel, so constructed as to be adjustable to all ways or directions, to accommodate the position of the teeth or spikes to the kind, nature and condition of the grain, straw and power. It also has more rows of teeth, and of larger iron, than are used in any other make of the same class and size, many of which but are sold at one-third more price than is asked for these superior machines.

HORACE L. EMERY'S

PATENT

Universal Cotton Ginning Machinery,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

ALBANY AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ALBANY, N. Y.

Among the principal features of these Cotton Gins and Condensers, which have acquired for them their well earned and world-wide reputation, may be mentioned the following distinguishing points.

First.—THE PICKER ROLL SUPPORTER, which is mounted nearly in a line of its saw Chamber, or hopper over the saws, around and upon which the cotton roll forms, moves and is moved during the process of ginning.

Its purpose being to support and cause all parts of the Cotton Roll to move in unison with the saws at all times and under all the varying circumstances, as changes of feeding, speed of the saws and condition of the seed cotton, absolutely preventing all breaking, bridging or clogging of the cotton roll, or choking between the ribs, and all evils of being managed by ordinary plantation hands.

Second.—The Inlet and Air-Distributing Chamber, above the brush Cylinder, for the purpose of supplying the Gin with air and facilitating the delivery of the lint from the brush Cylinder and more uniformly mixing throughout the whole length of the mote flues,—without causing air currents through the din beneath the saws.

Third.—The concave form of the heads of the brush Cylinder avoids accumulation of lint or dust around the journals and bosses, and prevents firing.

All the many thousands of these Gins in use or that have ever been built by us, have in any case while in operation—which so frequently occurs with other Gins.

Fourth.—The Lint Receiving Chamber and Gin Breast between and following rollers by which the lint is carried to the saws, is made in a single piece, or integral, which is perfectly homogeneous, so that an ounce of lint from any bale is a true index or sample of the whole bale or contains from the same crop. The sand, dust and foreign matter passes off with the currents of air, separate from the clean lint.

Fifth.—The Gin, if job, strength, temper and mode of making the teeth of the saw therein are such as to insure the greatest efficiency and durability, and will, when new, work as perfectly in ginning the dryest bale as when a hundred bales, and cannot nap or cut as a rather new Gins are liable to do.

Sixth.—The power required to drive these Gins, with the Picker Roll supporter, is lessened nearly fifty per cent, or to about one-half of what the same sized Gin requires without the said supporter—while with it, a much higher speed of the saws may be maintained with a correspondingly larger contents for the same sized Gin and amount of power, and without any detriment to the sample being caused by higher speed, enabling a fifty saw Gin, with the supporter and a given amount of power to do as much work and clean the work better than any fifty saw Gin in general use.

Seventh.—These Gins and Condensers are sold separately, or together, and the price asked for them are more reasonable and cheaper, in dollars and cents, than any others in market at any time named for them, when their efficiency, ease of operation, simplicity of management, cost of construction, durability, safety from fire and portability are considered and compared, to which should be added the advantages of the action commanding the highest price, and often an advance for its cleanness and bright appearance when sold by itself; as, the larger contents from a given amount of seed Cotton, owing to the close ginning of all the seed.

Illustrated Catalogues, Descriptive Circulars, Prices and Terms sent to all applicants by

J. R. PUREFOY, Agent

PACIFIC P. O.

July 11-1870. N. C.

SMOKING TOBACCO.

200 Lbs. "E. Puritan Cheer"

Smoking Tobacco for sale, packages

sept 2-1f LEACH BROS.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } SUPERIOR COURT.
WAKE COUNTY.

Daniel G Fowle, Plaintiff vs John R. Boylan, Defendant.

State of North Carolina: To John R. Boylan Greeting: You are hereby commanded to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court to be held for the county of Wake at the Court House in Raleigh, on the 9th Monday after the 2nd Monday of August, 1870 and answer the complaint which has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county upon the 1st day of September, 1870; and let the said John R. Boylan take notice that if he fail to answer the complaint within that term, the Plaintiff will take judgement against him for the sum of two hundred and eighty dollars with interest on two hundred dollars from the 1st day of September to the payment thereof.

Herein fail not.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, this 3rd day of Sept. 1870.

J. N. BUNTING, Clerk
of the Superior Court of Wake.

Attorney's for Plaintiff, Fowle & Badger.

sept 8-6mw4w

HORACE L. EMERY'S

Patent Endless Railway Horse-Power,

MANUFACTURED BY

ALBANY AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ALBANY, N. Y.

Hamilton Street, cor. Union and Liberty Streets,

This Power is constructed on the Reel or Forked Wheel principle, with main and counter shafts, and with their series of gears and couplings outside of the power for changing sides, speeds and forces of the band pulley, for driving the various kinds of machines, and for other