THE SENTINEL.

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr., Editor.
T. B. KINGSBURY, Associate Editor.

SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1872.

THE NATION'S CANDIDATES.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

"In this faith, and with the distinct understanding that, if elected, I SHALL BE THE PRESIDENT, NOT OF A PARTY, BUT OF THE WHOLE PEOPLE, I accept your nomination, *in the confident trust that the masses of our countrymen, North and South,* ARE EAGER TO CLASP HANDS ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM WHICH HAS TOO LONG DIVIDED THEM, forgetting that they have been enemies in the joyful consciousness that they are and must henceforth remain friends."—*Horace Greeley in his letter of acceptance.*

"WE WANT A PRESIDENT WITHOUT A PARTY; A GOVERNMENT WITHOUT CORRUPTION; A CURRENCY WITHOUT PRICE; AND A JUDICIARY WITHOUT POLITICS."—*B. Gratz Brown.*

STATE DEMOCRATIC-CONSERVATIVE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
AUGUSTUS S. MERRIMON,
Of Buncombe.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR:
JOHN HUGHES,
Of Craven.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
JOHN A. WOMACK,
Of Chatham.

FOR AUDITOR:
COLLETT LEVENTHORPE,
Of Caldwell.

FOR TREASURER
JOHN W. GRAHAM,
Of Orange.

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
NEREUS MENDENHALL,
Of Guilford.

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC WORKS:
JOSEPH H. SEPARK,
Of Wake.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL.
WILLIAM M. SHIPP,
Of Mecklenburg.

Tickets, Tickets, Tickets.

We are prepared to supply orders for tickets at short notice and at low rates. Send on your orders.

WHAT THEY HAVE DONE.

Figures you know do not lie. Let us see what Grant's carpet bag army have done for the South. The ten Southern States that have been specially pillaged show this result:

The total debt in the ten States before the war was	$76,415,300
The total debt in these ten States under the carpet-bag rule is	$291,626,015
The increase of the debt is	$215,210,715.

The army of carpet-baggers assisted by our degenerate scalawags have actually created an increase of the debt in ten States of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN MILLIONS TWO HUNDRED AND TEN THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN DOLLARS.

For all this waste, all this pillage the States have nothing to show. Is not such an outrage upon a depressed and ruined people well calculated to make true Southern people love mightily the Grant Administration? Does not such wholesale robbery and thieving excite profound admiration and gratitude in the breast of every genuine Southron and make him overweeningly anxious to vote for Grant?

Surely a people who have been thus wronged, thus pillaged and despoiled and impoverished will rise up and put the seal of their eternal condemnation upon the scoundrels and villains. We pity the man—absolutely pity the man who can prefer such a robber as Grant to such an honest man as Greeley. Even poor blasphemous Delano said Greeley was honest. Think of these things fellow-countrymen and vote for the party of Reform, Retrenchment and Reconciliation.

OUR DEBT.

The Public Debt, according to the report of the Treasurer of the State, on the 1st October, 1869, amounted to the stupendous sum of $29,900,045. The interest accruing since up to October 1st, 1872, will amount to $3,282,008.10.

The total back interest due amounts to more than EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS. What will you do with it? How can you pay it? How much real and personal property is there in the State?

Official statements say $125,000,000. To pay then the *interest due now* will require a tax of *six dollars and eighty-five cents* for every hundred dollars worth of property. Can you stand that? Answer tax payers! What then will you do? The present Constitution requires the *interest* to be paid promptly by adequate taxation. Will you retain that feature or have it changed. Be careful then how you vote on next Thursday. You cannot possibly pay the interest on the debt. We repeat, then, be careful how you vote.

WATCH THE BALLOT BOX.

We again earnestly urge our friends to watch every vote—to challenge every voter not known—to scrutinize every strange negro who presents himself at the polls. If we are not very careful, very watchful, thousands of negroes will vote fraudulently. If we are beaten it will be by stuffing the ballots and by illegal votes. The New York *Tribune* says, and let our people heed it:

"The assault which is to be made upon the purity of the ballot box in North Carolina, will be one which in energy and shamelessness has never been surpassed."

ETERNAL VIGILANCE.

The time is past for discussing the statistics of the State. We have in many articles during the progress of the campaign exposed the unblushing rascality of the officeholders of North Carolina, during the last four years. So frequent and thorough have been the exposures made by the conservative press, and so animated, vigorous and successful has been the canvass that the large mass of the white people understand the sins of commission, and omission too, of the radical party who have been in the ascendant.

We do not expect to trouble our readers between now and the election with any more elaborate statistical discussions. The arguments have been made, and the time for earnest persuasion and exhortation is at hand.

We have again to say to the freemen of North Carolina—WATCH. We have told you of radical schemes. We have told you of the corruption fund, of the arresting of citizens under the kuklux law, of the indictment of hundreds for the violation of the revenue laws, of the threats hanging over the unfortunates if they do not support Caldwell, Grant and company, and on the other hand, of the promises of speedy pardon, or of the quashing of all indictments against them if they vote for the radical rulers.

We have told of Boutwell's speech, and the meaning of it—that Grant and his party mean trouble and oppression. It is now for you to say what you will do—how you will act. Whether you will vote like men who love their country and hate corruption, or like slaves who bow the neck willingly to the yoke of oppression and meekly support your wrong-doers and enemies.

It is perfectly apparent that this election is to be carried by fraud and corruption if that be possible. The great Administration "Ring" is bent on victory. It is not careful *how* this is done, *so it be done.* They mean to carry it *per fas aut nefas*—by fowl means if no other will answer. Pool the Bread and Butter Brigade that is allotted to North Carolina, are busily at work, by night and by day. Formerly it required $5,000 to pay the expenses of the Marshal's office, but Carrow has drawn $223,000. Every body knows for what vile purposes this quarter of a million of dollars was drawn—to intimidate and corrupt voters. That is as true as truth itself.

A fair, *honest* election in North Carolina would result in the overwhelming defeat of the radical party. Grant is therefore filling the State with spies and informers, is flooding it with greenbacks, is using the strong arm of the government to awe and deter voters from exercising their franchise, and is importing hundreds of negroes—perhaps thousands, into the State to help carry the election. Only wholesale fraud can beat us—nothing else can do it.

As a sign of the times, and to confirm what we have written, we copy the following from the Washington *Patriot:*

A noted Southern radical politician was yesterday heard detailing the plan by which they hope to carry North Carolina in the coming election. Acknowledging the overwhelming majority that would be cast against them if an honest election was held, he said it was proposed to appoint large numbers of deputy sheriffs, and furnish them with warrants, signed in blank, to be filled up as occasion required. Armed with these warrants, the deputies were to arrest such persons, and in such numbers, as would intimidate legitimate voters, and leave the control of the polls in their own hands, so that they could arrange things to suit themselves and insure the success of the radical ticket. A knowledge of this scheme is doubtless what emboldens certain radicals to wager that the State will—in spite of the known large majority against them—go for the radicals at the coming election.

We again beg and warn our people to be vigilant, to be firm, to be active, to be determined. If so, victory is ours.

OUR POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

MECKLENBURG.—A good report will be sent out from this county on 1st day of August.

The Greensboro' *Patriot* encouragingly says:

Within the last few days we have seen gentlemen from Stokes, Forsythe, Randolph, Rockingham and Alamance, and they all give most cheering accounts from their respective counties. The people are thoroughly aroused.

BLADEN.—There will be a Conservative gain in this county it is thought.

THE 8TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—The news is very favorable. Ashe will certainly beat that prince of demagogues, O. H. Dockery, son of the man who built his house "with these yaller hands."

SAMPSON.—A correspondent of the Wilmington *Star*, writing from this county, predicts the election of Dr. C. T. Murphy, the Conservative candidate for the Senate, by a majority ranging from 300 to 400.

CASWELL.—We learn that the Conservatives have strong hopes of carrying the county. An active canvass is progressing and great enthusiasm prevails.

HARNETT.—From a private letter from a prominent gentleman of Fayetteville who has just returned from this county, we are permitted to copy the following good news:

I am happy to inform you that our people there are alive to the importance of the fight now on hand and the greatest harmony prevails. Col. S. has withdrawn some time since and is doing all he can for us. We will carry the county by 250 to 300 majority.

CUMBERLAND.—The same gentleman says of this county:

We will carry this county by 50 to 100 majority.

CALDWELL.—A correspondent writes us from Lenoir, July 23: "Caldwell will give a good account of herself on the day of election."

DISGRACEFUL CONDUCT.—A man by the name of T. S. Johnson, a harness-maker by trade, said to be from Surry or Stokes, left this place by rail last Wednesday, leaving his wife in a dying condition—she only living a few hours after he left. She was kindly cared for and decently buried by the neighbors. The degraded wretch who would thus leave a fond wife, deserves a felon's cell.—*Greensboro' Patriot.*

BLASPHEMOUS DELANO.

We did not hear this fugleman of Grant's. We heard of him—something of his antecedents, especially that part of his career that centres in Washington. He is evidently a gay Lothario—quite a Count Grammont in his way. We are fully prepared to believe what we have heard of him after listening to the statements of gentlemen who heard portions of his vulgar, undignified, blasphemous harangue in Raleigh.

We heard two or three days ago that this radical disciple had uttered such coarse, unseemly language, and a rumor reached us to the effect that he had indulged in some shocking blasphemy, but we were unwilling to credit the account as we thought the Secretary, if destitute of moral character, still retained that reverence for the name of the Son of God that distinguishes even the most rollicking men about town.

On Thursday we obtained the following from two well known ministers of the gospel who are of the highest christain character. They were present at Delano's speech until they were constrained to leave from the awful blasphemy of the speaker. They agree that this was his language. Said Delano—

"There may be some democrats present who are repentant and I like to preach to sinners. You HAVE HEARD OF THE FELLOW WHO said, I came not to call the righteous but sinners to repentance."

Doubtless he saw how offensive this language was to some in the audience, for horror must have been visible in their faces, for he quickly added "Of course I say this playfully."

Now that sort of "playfulness" may do for *his* latitude and the society *he* mingles in, but it will only provoke an uncomfortable repugnance in *this* latitude. Go home Delano, thou irreverent and blasphemous mountebank and hide thy face in shame.

WAKE COUNTY CANVASS.

The most gratifying news comes to us from many parts of the county where our candidates are speaking, that we have good hope of electing a part, if not all, of our ticket. Our candidates have made excellent impressions and we trust our people will render a good report on 1st of August. We are glad to learn that Billy Smith's popularity is not as great as his "blowing" propensities and he has no reason to suppose.

We understand that our old school mate Richard Badger, is much annoyed by his "Ariel" speech, in which he said the negro had no soul and no nose in his nose. One irate darky at one of the precincts, swore out "in meeting" that he *did* say it, and used in connection some ugly "cuss words." Well, it is unfortunate for a politician that he has such a thing as a record. They are distressing things to have. Billy Smith has a record, for instance, and a damaging one it is.

INDICT! INDICT! INDICT!

It is very certain that large numbers of negroes are being imported from neighboring States. A gentleman informs us that all along the canal from Norfork he saw large numbers of negroes coming towards North Carolina and none going towards Norfolk. Strange and suspicious darkies have already appeared in Wake and are beginning to register in scores. In this Congressional District hundreds of negro men will be brought in from other Districts, and Billy Smith may even attempt to repeat his old game *of voting two hundred women in men's clothes.*

We beg our friends to scrutinize every voter. Whenever a negro votes fraudulently see to it that *he is indicted.* Let every mother's son of them be carried into the Courts.

USURPATION.

To suspend a plain statute law by the Governor of the State, is a plain act of despotism—he thereby makes himself a despot and usurper, and if he does it once he may do it a thousand times, and he will do it when he feels strength enough to accomplish his purpose. The people cannot afford to allow this to be done, if they intend to be free and preserve free government.

Then let them remember that Governor Caldwell deliberately *suspended seven statutes,* and that too, to serve partizan purposes and gratify his malignity, and disappoint the popular will! The records at the Capitol show this.

COL. A. M. WADDELL ON JOHN POOL.

We have long regarded Col. Waddell as one of the most eloquent men in North Carolina. None of our public speakers excel him in the point and finish of his sentences. He addressed a very large audience at his home in Wilmington on Wednesday night, and sustained his really fine reputation as an able and accomplished orator. During his speech he paid his respects to the infamous Pool in the following eloquent invective:

In alluding to John Pool, he placed that worthy in the catalogue of infamy and infamous characters in a manner which we have rarely heard excelled, and it was thus: "My fellow citizens, Themistocles, when he took up arms against his native Greece, was defeated and driven into Persia. He was received by the King of that country, who presented him with three splendid cities. Subsequently, when war arose between Greece and Persia the King of the latter country, pointing out what had been done for him, appealed to him by every tie of gratitude to aid him and take up arms against his native land. Themistocles, summoning his followers around him, offered solemn sacrifices, as was the custom of the Grecians before engaging in battle, and then committed suicide. Benedict Arnold, before he betrayed his country, did her magnificent service, having made a brilliant and victorious campaign even into Canada. Even Judas Iscariot, when he betrayed his Lord and Saviour, had the good sense and decency to hang himself. But it remains to John Pool, like the degenerate son of Noah, who mocked the nakedness of his father, to expose the nakedness of his native State, from which he had received nothing but benefits, and revile her and heap insult upon her in her misery, wretchedness and degredation."

An extra term of the Superior Court of Mecklenburg, for the trial of civil cases only, will be held on Monday, the 5th of August. Judge Russell will preside.

A CHOICE EXTRACT—WHAT HOLDEN SAID.

Gov. Holden delivered an Oration in Raleigh, on 4th July, 1856. The following passage occurs. It is well done. Holden may have been then a patriot. Who can tell? Said he:

"But, fellow citizens, whatever may happen, let us cling to the institutions and to the soil of North Carolina. We celebrate to-day the 80th anniversary of the independence of the United States; but this is the 81st year of the independence of North Carolina. Let us hope that the star, which on the 20th day of May, 1775, rose midway between the ocean and the mountains, and "stood over the place" Mecklenburg, where liberty "Gladdening all heaven with its inaugural smile"—

may never go out, nor go down, or cease to dispense its benificent influences on the generations of mankind. We may deplore the over throw of other systems; *we may shed tears of sorrow and of patriotic anguish over the disastrous darkness which even now seems to be settling on the day of Massachusetts;* yet, happen what may, let us be true to ourselves, let us uphold and maintain, and augment the honor and the glory, which dating from the battle of the Alamance fought in old Orange, and from the resistance to the stamp act in the Cape Fear country, and from the great deed of Mecklenburg, have become the proud inheritance of every son of North Carolina.—

Look abroad this day, upon this large expanse of seashore, and plains, and hills, and mountains; upon the cattle, the meadows, the rivers, and sounds, and bays; upon the ships and the steamers; upon the churches, sending their spires up into the pure air above towns and cities, or nestling amid thousands of groves, still fragrant with the lingering breath of Spring; upon the ripe sheaves, gleaming upon countless acres, and the tall corn waving over innumerable furrows, giving promise of a full harvest and abundant cheer; *upon nine hundred thousand people embracing different and most opposite views, dwelling together in peace,* unmolested by pestilence or plague—with the Blessings of EDUCATION, AND NONE DARING TO MOLEST THEM—with schools open to all, "without money and without price"—with the Bible—with the RIGHT TO FREE SPEECH, OF HABEAS CORPUS, AND TRIAL BY JURY—WITH A FREE PRESS, AND AN ABLE AND UPRIGHT JUDICIARY WITH ALL LIBERTIES and blessings which national beings may enjoy—I say, if our city has not been cast in a good place in the world, history, and in pleasant places, and if we have not a State worthy of all our devotion and affection, richly entitled to our best efforts to improve her in peace, and to our blood and our treasure, if required, in the day of danger!

CAREFUL.

Since we made up our "Political Outlook" we learn from Gen. Harringer, Chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee, that he has received within twenty four hours a large number of letters from many sections of the State, filled with the most encouraging news. The correspondent of the New York *World*, Mr. Collin, who is a very cautious judge, telegraphed his paper a few days that he thought we would carry the State by some two thousand majority. He informed us yesterday, that recent intelligence in his possession had very much encouraged him.

If the vote is honestly conducted we shall beat radicalism horse, foot and dragoons, by *at least* 8,000 votes, and if a full vote is polled, by from 12,000 to 14,000. Let every man work for life. See to it that North Carolina is redeemed, North Carolina, oppressed, pillaged, and prostrate, *expects every man to do his duty.*

For the Sentinel.

THE RADICALS DON'T INDORSE LITTLEFIELD AND SWEPSON.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—When charged with swindling and robbing the State the radicals roll up the whites of their eyes, and with frowns of indignation deny that they did it. They do not indorse Littlefield and Swepson and never did. Let us see if that is so.

In the first place their platform indorses Holden and all his official acts and as he officially appointed Swepson, Littlefield, A. J. Jones and Sloan who did the largest share of swindling and robbing, therefore they indirectly indorse the robbers and swindlers.

But let us see if they did not give a more direct indorsement. The radicals had an overwhelming majority in the Legislature of 1869-70, and are of course responsible for what was done.

By a reference to Senate Journal for 1869-70, we find that on the 24th January Mr. Beall of Caldwell introduced a resolution calling on Holden to remove Littlefield from the office of State printer. On the 27th that resolution was taken up, and then every effort was made to stave off a direct vote. Mr. Love, of Jackson, another Conservative, offered a substitute of wider scope than Mr. Beall's resolution, which recited their rascality in a preamble, and called on Gov. Holden to remove the whole batch of railroad swindlers with the State printer, including Swepson, Littlefield and all.

What did this honest radical majority do? Why of course they hastened to adopt the resolution and call upon the Governor to turn the rascals out neck and heels—for you remember the State had been robbed to the tune of sixteen or eighteen millions, as shown by the investigating committees, and the people were in a blaze of indignation over it. You were never more mistaken in your life. Mr. Love's substitute was rejected, every radical except four voting to reject as follows: Beaman, Bellamy, BURNS, (now candidate on radical ticket for Superintendent of Public Works,) Blythe, Colgrove, carpet-bagger, Cook, carpet-bagger, Davis, carpet-bagger and cowhided by the widow, Eppes, negro, Forkner, Galloway, negro, Hayes, carpet-bagger, Harrington, Hyman, negro, Jones, of Columbus, now under sentence to the penitentiary, Jones, of Wake, one of Holden's court martial, Martindale, carpet-bagger, Moore, of Carteret, carpet-bagger, Moore, of Yancey, Respass, Shoffner, Smith, Stephens, (chicken Stephens,) Sweet, carpet-bagger, and Welker, carpet-bagger. See Senate Journal 1869-'70, pp. 239, 240, 241, 242.

The vote was then taken on Mr. Beall's original resolution, calling on the Governor to remove Littlefield as State printer if they would not remove him and others as railroad directors; but this was also rejected by the same vote, except that Moore, of Yancey, dodged, and "cousin" Phil. Hawkins and White were added to the honest crew. If that is not indorsing frauders and backing up swindlers, then there is no distinction between vice and virtue, truth and falsehood, honesty and rascality.

Littlefield understood it as an indorsement, for he came back from his hiding place north, where he had been skulking for months, to the Capitol with all the pride and pomp of a conqueror—and even Winstead, Lassiter, and perhaps others, the par excellence honest men of the party did not hesitate to walk after this, in the lobbies of the Capitol arm in arm with the great Indorsed!

LAMAR.

(From the Wilmington Journal.)

EX-GOVERNOR HOLDEN

The Late "Martyr in Exile!"—His Orders to Kirk to Burn the town of Yanceyville and to kill the women and children in 1870!!—His Acts Endorsed by the Radical State Convention in 1872!!

We present this morning, without comment, a portion of the testimony in relation to Kirk's threats to burn the town of Yanceyville, and to kill the women and children in case any resistance was made to him, and the orders to that effect issued to him by Governor Holden.

Henry F. Brandon, the first witness, is now and was then Clerk of the Superior Court in Caswell. His character is unquestioned. Hon. John Kerr is well and widely known all over the state, not out of it. He was a member of the old Congress, was once a Judge of the Superior Court in North Carolina, and is a distinguished lawyer and statesman. The venerable Mr. Bowe is one of the most respectable gentlemen in the State, for many years a Justice of the Peace, and a consistent member of the Baptist Church.

The testimony of these gentlemen is unimpeachable. Let the people read it carefully and see what it is the Radical party so emphatically endorsed at its State Convention.

Henry F. Brandon, Clerk of the Superior Court of Caswell county, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

Q. State whether you heard any conversation between Kirk and his men with regard to the treatment of the citizens on certain occasions.

A. I did on several occasions.

Q. State anything of the kind you heard.

A. Upon his arrival when Mr. Bowe was arrested as I said just now, there was great confusion in the house and threats were made in there by Kirk and this man Banner, that if there was any resistance offered to their authority they would shoot the citizens, the last one of them and burn the town.

Q. Who said that?

A. I heard that spoken by Kirk when he arrested Bowe.

Q. He would shoot the prisoners and burn the town if there was any resistance?

A. Shoot the prisoners and the other citizens too. I heard that spoken by Kirk when he arrested Mr. Bowe.

Q. Was anything said about burning?

A. Yes, sir; he would burn up the town. I heard that repeated several times by the men. I heard him make that threat in a public speech on the Square the evening before the election.

Q. What was the subject of this harangue?

A. The subject was kuklux and rebels. He said he was a working man and came there to put down the kuklux, and he intended to stay there until the last child was grey but what he would do it. He remarked he had a court constituted and he would try them, and if they were found guilty they would swing; and if there was any resistance offered to his authority that the last one in the town would go up, and the town would go up with them. I heard that in a public speech.

Q. In this oratory did you hear what he said would do with the women and children?

A. They were classed with the others, and he would shoot them too. That was said by his men and on repeated occasions.

Q. They would shoot the prisoners and the citizens, burn down the town and kill the women and children?

A. That was the general remark. Part of it was uttered at the time he arrested Mr. Bowe. The next was more explicit when he made his speech. I heard it uttered by him almost any time. Whenever he became excited about anything he would make that remark, and not only myself but almost all the prisoners heard it.

Q. Did he say he had orders to treat the citizens of the town in that way?

A. He said that the Governor's orders were that if there was a hair of his men's heads hurt, the prisoners and men were to be shot down—the women and children to be butchered and the town burnt. He was in an excited state when he spoke.

Q. (By the Chief Justice.) Had he been drinking when he said that?

A. No, sir, I do not mean that. He was mad; he said it in a passion.

Hon. Jno. Kerr having been duly sworn testified as follows:

Q. It was a general order?

A. Yes, sir; that upon any attempt to rescue, he would destroy the women and children, burn the town and put the prisoners to death.

Q. Do you know any combinations in the county of Caswell to put down wages?

A. Oh, no, sir; I desire to make one remark about that declaration of Kirk's. The manner is perfect in my memory, and I will state how he explained himself, as I remember it, at the time he spoke of burning the town. He said, with considerable anger, that "if any attempt was made to rescue, his orders were to shoot down the prisoners," then he went on in the same connection to say, and I will burn the town down and destroy the woman and children.

Q. He did not say the other part was his orders?

A. The utterance was all in the same connection.

Wm. B. Bowe, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

Col. Kirk came up into the Court House very much excited, and called the attention of all the prisoners that he had been audibly informed that he was to be attacked by a body of men in a few minutes, and he said: "In case I am, I shall shoot the last one of you, and burn the town and destroy the women and children."

Q. Did he say anything about his orders?

A. I distinctly recollect, on one occasion that he said he had orders in case he was resisted in any way to kill the prisoners.

WON'T DENY.

The last *Era* contains the two following editorials. It will be seen that the charges made by Senator Doolittle are *not* denied. An attempt an irony is made—that is all. There is no sort of doubt as to the truth of the charge.

WAR LOSSES TO BE PAID.

Ex-Senator Doolittle told his audiences at Raleigh, Greensboro', Concord, Fayetteville, that every man who votes the republican ticket in August and November, will be paid by the National government for all losses he sustained by reason of the war. Democrats never tell anything but the truth. The payment of such losses will enrich the South many millions. We hope Mr. Doolittle is a true prophet.

KU KLUX TO BE PARDONED.

Ex Senator Doolittle told his audiences at Raleigh, Greensboro', Concord and Fayetteville, that every ku klux who votes the republican ticket in August and November will be pardoned.

This must be so. Mr. Doolittle is a truthful man, and democrats never tell anything but the truth.

The *Era* doubtless thinks it is a good card to play—not to deny the charge. It hopes that the prospect of being pardoned or being paid may demoralize some democrats and cause them to vote the radical ticket. We wonder if it sees any moral turpitude—any intimidation—any bribery and corruption in such a procedure on the part of the government? We trow not.

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R. H. May, of R. H. May & Co.
J. O. Mathewson, Tobacco, Cotton Goods and General Produce Merchant.
E. J. Dugat, of Dugat & Walton.
H. F. Carry Baker and Broker.
James A. Gray, of James A. Gray & Co.
E. L. Miller, of E. L. & H. J. Miller.
F. A. Timberlake, of Rees & Timberlake.
Thos. M. Jackson, of T. M. Jackson & Co.
C. F. Wilman, of Branch, Sons & Co.

june 25 d&w4m*

NOTICE.

The undersigned having qualified as Executor on the estate of John H. Harris deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

HENRY H. HARRIS, Ex'r.

may 23 6w*d

FOR THE BEST BOOTS AND SHOES IN the City for the least money go to

apr 13 tf C. D. HEARTT & CO.

CLOSING OUT SALES.

In order to repaint, whitewash and repair our Store generally, we will Sell our Thin Summer

DRY GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

Dress Goods

AT

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & Co.

july 10 tf

FRESH GOODS! FRESH GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
CANDIES, COCOANUT CREAM, STRIPS AND PASTE.
Received this day
500 LBS. ASSORTED NUTS,
COCOANUTS,
ORANGES,
LEMONS, &c.
RAISINS, FIGS, CURRANTS AND CITRON.
Pickles and Sauces.
Copeland's imported and American Pickles, Lea & Perrins' and Heslop's Worcestershire Sauces.
Received this day a fresh supply of
PRESERVES,
JELLIES,
AND CATSUPS,
BRANDY PEACHES, &c., &c.,
SARDINES.
FRESH COVE OYSTERS,
PICKLED OYSTERS,
SALMON, &c.

CIGARS and TOBACCO!

I make a specialty of this line of goods, and ask those in pursuit of a good smoke to come and give

BRADLEY'S OWN BRAND

(clear Havana) a trial. I keep on hand the genuine brands of Durham Smoking Tobacco.

R. H. BRADLEY,
Opposite the Post Office.

Sign of the Indian Maiden

feb. 14dtfnow

VACANT LOTS BY AUCTION.

Will be sold on the premises at 11 o'clock on Wednesday the 14th inst., unless disposed of privately, lying in the Eastern Ward of the City of Raleigh and fronting on Martin Street being a part of the Colburn property cut off by the new street now being opened, containing three fourths of an acre, more or less.

The property will be divided into six lots with 26 feet front and running back 210 feet making very convenient and desirable lots for small residences.

Terms made known on day of sale and will be favorable to purchasers.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Auctioneer.

jy 6 tds.

TO PARTIES HOLDING CITY SCRIP.

Any parties holding City Warrants to the amount of $50 00 and over, can exchange them for City Bonds, drawing 8 per cent. interest, by applying to the City Treasurer, whose office will be found in Market House building, upstairs. Hours, from 10 to 12 A. M.

june 21-3t

TRINITY COLLEGE.

The Fall Term will commence August 14th and close Dec. 20th, 1872.

Special inducements are offered during the coming year.

Send for Catalogue.

B. CRAVEN.

jly 18-7t*

NOTICE.

All parties who are indebted to us will please come forward and settle their accounts on or before the 1st day of June as we shall make a change in our business on that date.

may 24-tf W. C. STRONACH & Co.

JOB WORK,

THE SENTINEL JOB OFFICE

IS VERY COMPLETE.

We are prepared to execute in

Good Style,

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING,

OUR CHARGES ARE VERY MODERATE.

We hope our friends will send in

THEIR ORDERS,

Which will be promptly attended to.

may 25-tf

RALEIGH FEMALE INSTITUTE.

REV. DR. AND MRS. LACY, Principals.

Assisted by a corps of experienced teachers.

The Fall Session will be opened on the 29th July, and continue twenty weeks.

For Circular containing particulars, apply to the Principal.

june 27 2w*

WANTED, AGENTS—$100 TO $250 PER month—everywhere, Male and Female, to introduce the genuine improved MARSHALL SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, braid, cord, quilt, and embroider in a most superior manner. Price, only $15, fully licensed and warranted for five years. We will pay $1000 for any machine, high price or low, that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the ELASTIC LOCK STITCH. Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without breaking the thread. We pay Agents $100 to $250 per month in addition to commission, from which twice that amount can be made. For circulars and terms, apply to or address,

S. MARSHALL & CO.
No. 102 NASSAU STREET,
New York.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties traveling through the country palming off worthless cast iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really cheap machine manufactured.

H. H. & Co. ap 17-3m.

NASHVILLE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NASHVILLE TENNESSEE.

Ratio of Assets to Liabilities:

270 to 100.

NO RESTRICTION ON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE.

DEATH LOSSES PAID IN THIRTY DAYS.

POLICIES NON-FORFEITING.

A SOUTHERN COMPANY

COMBINING

SECURITY,

INTEGRITY,

ECONOMY!

DR. C. TATE MURPHY,
GENERAL STATE AGENT,
Raleigh, N. C.

CAPTAIN THOS. BAILEY,
State Secretary.

June 24-1m

BERNARD TODD, *of Petersburg, Va. late Dunn, Todd & Co.* ED. SCHENCK, *of Baltimore.* J. A. GARY, *of Baltimore, Special Part'r*

TODD, SCHENCK & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
FOR THE SALE AND PURCHASE OF
TOBACCO, COTTON, GRAIN, FLOUR, PRODUCE,
And Merchandise of every description,
40 W. LOMBARD ST., BELOW EXCHANGE PLACE
BALTIMORE.

REFERENCES:

J. G. Williams, President State National Bank, Raleigh, N. C.
D. N. Martin & Co., Petersburg, Va.
McIlvaine & Co., " "
Wm. Fisher & Sons, Baltimore, Md.
J. W. Guest, Cashier Citizens' National Bank of Baltimore.
J. Sloan, Jr., Cashier Farmers and Merchants' National Bank, Baltimore.
W. J. Faircloth, Goldsbro', N. C.
A. J. Galloway, " "

feb 10-d6m

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY.

OXFORD, N. C.

Miss M. E. MITCHELL, - - Principal.
Mrs. E. N. GRANT, Associate "
Mrs. W. H. MORROW, Teacher of Music.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 30th of July.

Circulars with terms for board, tuition, &c., will be furnished on application.

REFERENCES:—All friends and pupils of the late Prof. E. Mitchell, of the University of North Carolina.

june 7—d&w3m

PIANO FORTES.

JAMES PIRSSON & SON respectfully inform the public, that they have just received at their stock of finer superior Piano Fortes of the GREAT UNION COMPANY OF NEW YORK, to which they invite attention. The immense resources of this company in the shape of capital, machinery and other facilities, enable them to put their Pianos at a much lower price than any other first class establishment. Persons about to purchase will find it to their advantage to call and examine their Pianos before purchasing elsewhere.

Send for circular to

JAMES PIRSSON & SON,
Cor. Hargett and Salisbury streets,
mar 5-tf Raleigh, N. C.

WM. P. GRAVES. THOS. R. MCBRAYER. WM. T. LAW.

GRAVES WAREHOUSE,

DANVILLE, VA.

FOR THE SALE OF LEAF TOBACCO.

WE Have just put an addition to our Warehouse, making it the largest and best arranged house for the business in Town. With 19 large doors and 19 sky-lights. Wagons locked up in the Warehouse at night. Dry Stalls for horses. Good rooms for drivers to cook and sleep in. Prompt attention to the interest and comfort of Planters and their teams.

oct 1-dly

GREEN PICKLES IN GLASS.

Kegs for retailing purposes.

may 9-tf W. C. STRONACH & Co.

OFFICE OF THE PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 175 BROADWAY, New York.

STEPHEN CROWELL, President.
CHAUNCEY BEDELL, Vice-President.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.
WM. R. CROWELL, Marine Secretary.

Douglas Bell, Agent Phenix Ins. Co.,

DEAR SIR:—We are happy to inform you that the Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn will pay ALL her losses in the Chicago fire out of her NET SURPLUS, over all liabilities, leaving her sound and ready for business.

Our condition on October 1st 1871, is as follows:

Cash Capital,	$1,000,000
Gross Surplus,	[illegible]
	$1,856,[illegible]
Loss, etc., adjusted but not due, Oct. 1st, 1871,	$65,[illegible]
	$1,765,[illegible]
Chicago losses will not exceed, in any event,	$350,000
And we are firmly of the opinion that the loss will not exceed	$300,000

The Phenix Insurance Company, of Brooklyn, is to-day sound and solvent, and can pay all the losses at Chicago out of its net surplus. A corps of Adjusters have been dispatched to the scene of disaster with instructions to settle all losses promptly and liberally. We congratulate our patrons and friends on our good fortune.

STEPHEN CROWELL,
nov 20-tf Pres't Phenix Ins. Co.

Jan 26, 1871.