

THE SENTINEL

Telegraphic News

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Parson's Kansas, June 27.—Important changes have taken place in Indian Territory. All the agents of civilized Indians have been relieved excepting J. B. Jones, agent of the Cherokees, and a central agency has been established at Fort Gibson.

The Cherokees, Choctaws, Creeks, Seminoles, Chickasaws and other civilized Indians, will be under agent Jones. This is regarded as an experiment on a small scale to familiarize Indians with self government under future territorial organization.

LIQUOR BILL VETOED.

BOSTON, June 27.—Lieutenant Governor Talbot sent to the House of Representatives a message vetoing the Liquor bill. A discussion ensued on the question of passing it over the veto.

THE GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS.

LONDON, June 27.—The Pall Mall Gazette has information that the Czar, as a punishment to his nephew, the Grand Duke Nicholas, son of Grand Duke Constantine, for the theft of his mother's diamonds, has banished him to Caucasus for life, and deprived him of the Cross of St. George, which was bestowed upon him for his achievements in the Kiva campaign.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Col. Benton, of Kentucky, now Secretary of the Treasury, has refused to accept a pair of horses and a carriage which a friend wished to present him for the use of his wife, who is regarded as the most lady like and handsomest woman out of Kentucky.

BANK STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Loans have increased 2 1/4 of a million; specie deposits increased one million; deposits increased five three eighths of a million; reserves decreased nearly one half of a million.

SUICIDE.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Thomas C. Winters, actor and professional stage manager, suicided.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Perhaps one of the most important measures passed by Congress for many years, is Congressman Morey's bill authorizing the President to appoint a commission of engineers, composed of three army and civil engineers to report at the next session of Congress through the President, a plan for the permanent reclamation and redemption of the alluvial basin of the Mississippi.

The Board will probably consist of the following officers of the army: Gen. G. K. Warren, United States Engineer; Gen. H. L. Abbott, United States Major; W. H. U. Beanyard, U. S. Engineer.

The requirements of the military service may require a change of the army engineers, but the appointment of the civil engineers is fixed.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The net receipts at all the United States ports for the week is 12,426; same week last year, 16,888; total date, 3,702,494; same date last year, 3,481,803. Exports for the week, 15,411; same week last year, 24,909; total date, 1,914,737; same date last year, 2,445,088.

ANTI-MONOPOLIST CONVENTION.

MASSACHUSETTS, June 25.—The anti-monopolist convention organized. Resolutions, after considerable debate were adopted, declaring in favor of a new and independent reform party, arraigning the present national administration for interfering with the local affairs of States, for its extravagance and corruption, and for its miserable financial policy.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Cotton easy, sales 716 bales at 17 3/4. Futures closed steady, sales 18,000 as follows: July 17-19; August 17 11-12 1/2; September 17 3-8 1/2; October 17 1 1/2-1 3/4. Southern four shade finer, common to fair extra \$6.85-11.00. Wheat firm at 75-81 1-2. Coffee quiet and firm. Lard firmer at 11 1-2. Coffee active and a quarter advanced. Turpentine 56 3/4-1 3/4. Money 2 1/2-3. Sterling dull. Gold quiet at 111 1/4. Governments steady. States quiet and a little better.

GOV. KEMPER'S LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

We publish to-day the letter of the Governor of Virginia to the President, at the outrage and indignity offered to the State of Virginia and her people. The letter might, with propriety, have come sooner, and it would lose nothing of its dignity if a little more of resentment had been mixed in the composition.

"The eagerness with which demagogues of the reconstructed States seize an opportunity to invite the Federal troops into the midst of the helpless people seems almost like a barbarous longing for the shedding of the blood of enemies against whom the highest feeling they can entertain is that of hatred. Two Virginia representatives in Congress, yesterday urged the President to send soldiers into Petersburg for the alleged protection of officials there, who were said to be endangered by popular will. The remainder of the Virginia Congressional delegation, with the exception of one member, opposed this gratuitous insult to free citizens who had committed no violence."

GOV. KEMPER'S LETTER.

The following is a copy of the letter from Gov. James L. Kemper to President Grant in relation to the extraordinary instructions recently transmitted to Petersburg by the Attorney General of the United States:

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,) GOVERNOR'S OFFICE,) Richmond, June 17th, 1874.)

To His Excellency U. S. Grant, President of the United States: Sir, With respectful deference I invoke your attention to the instructions very recently delivered by the Attorney General of the United States to the Marshal of the Eastern District of Virginia in relation to alleged disorders in Petersburg. I cannot suppose that those instructions were issued either with your approval or your cognizance. They appear to have been dispatched directly from the Department of Justice to an inferior officer of a Federal District Court in Virginia, but without communication with any of the authorities of this State; and in directing that officer to resist the alleged disorders they assure him that upon his requisition a military force of the United States would be forwarded to his assistance. They assume that disorders existed in Petersburg, although no breach of the peace or disturbance whatever had in fact occurred or been attempted or threatened, or was likely to arise in that city.

They completely ignore the existence of this Commonwealth and its constituted authorities; or, at the least, they assume that the Government of Virginia is unable or unwilling to maintain the peace within the just jurisdiction of the State. They imply that a Federal department may exercise immediate and discretionary control within this State over vital interests which are distinctively local and domestic. They empower a subordinate ministerial agent of the General Government at its discretion to subject a peaceful community, together with all its authorities, to the domination of an armed Federal force.

Such instructions, if carried into execution, wrest from the people the right of self-government and convert the State itself into a province or a military division of a central and virtually imperial power. They erect the dominion of the Federal sword in time of peace over the civil authority of the State. It was but a few days before the date of these instructions that other wrongs were inflicted by Federal authority upon citizens of Petersburg. Certain judges of a local election were charged with rejecting legal voters—an offence at all times cognizable and punishable by the State tribunals by virtue of State laws, due evidence of the offence being shown either on the complaint of any person aggrieved or without such complaint. These causes were not permitted to be heard by a State court, nor yet by the appointed Federal authority located for such investigations at Petersburg, the residence of all the parties and their witnesses, but the accused were forced under arrest to Richmond and were tried by a United States commissioner, who, although as is confidently believed, no probable cause was shown, held the parties for indictment and trial in a Federal court, and in doing so he announced the monstrous doctrine that in such case it devolved upon the accused to prove their own innocence.

If it be claimed that the exercise of such arbitrary and despotic powers in time of peace is permitted by the letter of the Federal statute commonly known as the enforcement act, a statute which sprang from the exigencies and passions resulting from war, and the provisions of which are abhorrent to all the traditions of free government and to the principles of all its founders, let it suffice to answer that the violent remedies sought to be provided by that act were never intended to be employed within a State except to repress actual and serious infractions of law and order, and then only in case the authorities of the State should fail efficiently to meet the emergency.

Desiring to cultivate peaceful, beneficial, and cordial relations with the common government and with each of its departments, cheerfully yielding to that government the full measure of its delegated authorities, I oppose with all the constitutional means at my command these acts of invasion of the rights of the States and the liberties of the people. I affirm the inalienable right of this Commonwealth to self-government, its authority to rule its internal and municipal affairs in accordance with supreme organic law, and without undue restraint or hindrance from any power whatever.

THE PRISONER.

At 12:30 o'clock the prisoner, Samuel W. McDonald, was brought out of the cell which he had occupied since the hour of his arrest, and, in charge of Detective Mitchell and Pontier, he was conveyed to the city jail to await the action of the grand jury, having been committed by the coroner, W. F. McKewen, Esq., clerk of the Criminal court, was present at the station with a bench warrant for the arrest of McDonald, issued by the Criminal court on the oath of Officer Cross, on the charge of willful murder, with a malice against Sheriff Albert, which would have been brought into requisition had the coroner's jury failed to find a verdict against him in order that he might be held until the grand jury had investigated the case.

At the station house, he was met through the station house, he walked with a light, carefree step, his face was free from any troubled expression; he shook hands with a friend cordially, and seemed entirely careless about the position in which he had been placed.

He carried no arms, and was holding a book which he had been reading; he was dressed in a plain, neat suit of clothing, and was very clean and well groomed. He accepted his confinement and imprisonment as a necessary consequence of a night's debauch, and it apparently worried him no more than a common inconvenience. He built young men, faithfully attending with graceful manners, marked by great self-possession. He came into a large fortune about three years ago and has been thus squandering it ever since though quite a handsome fortune, it is stated, he has now nearly expended.

Remember the 9th of July is the day for the stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad to meet in Hillsboro. Let the stock holders attend in person. Where they cannot, let them give proxy to a man who will trust or vote for Billy Smith, whose dishonesty is proven by his own oath. The stockholders will accept the charter in whole and not in part, as they did at the last meeting. If they follow the advice of Billy and the ring, they will accept anything to get out a few millions of bonds. Go to the meeting and mind who gets your proxies.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Dr. Hanson, the Republican denounced yesterday by Dr. Gleason last winter, is still in the race for the Legislature. Dr. Hanson from the Belair Market. Her grief was intense, and she was literally kept by the tidings of the fatal accident from the corner of Eighteenth and Main streets, Richmond. Last night the mother telegraphed that the remains be sent to Richmond, but it is thought that her request will not be complied with as the body had been buried in Greenmont with a view to its being buried there with his family.

POSTMASTER GENERAL.

The new Postmaster General, Eugene Hale, is a young man from Maine. He was born at Turner, Oxford county, June 9th, 1836. He was first known in Maine as county attorney of Hancock county. Subsequently he was known as a member of Congress from his State.

THE BALTIMORE MURDER.

THE KILLING OF BERRY AMOS OF RICHMOND.

FROM THE GAZETTE WE GATHER THE FOLLOWING INTERESTING MATTERS RELATING TO THE MORNING AFTER THE MURDER.

STRAINED.

FROM THE HOUSE OF JOHN PRICE about one mile north of Raleigh on Tuesday evening last, a large horse; heavy tail and mane, tall legs, was taken to the stables of John W. Price, a well known man in the neighborhood. The horse, which was a bay color, was found to be in a state of high fever, and it was thought that the animal was suffering from some form of disease. The horse was kept in the stable until it died, and the carcass was buried in a shallow grave. The death of the horse was a great loss to the owner, and it was thought that the animal might have been valuable for some purpose.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.

DR. JOHNSON, YOUNG MEN, curable Power, Palpitation, of the Heart, Cerebral, Nervous Irritability, Management of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Excessive Consumption, &c.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, nervous and irritable, having a singular appearance about the eyes, and such symptoms of Consumption.

When the mind is clear, the individual enjoys of pleasure that he has labored the pains of the painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread, of discovery deters from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone benefit him. He falls into the hands of ignorant and unskillful pretenders, who, incapable of curing, rich his pecuniary substance, keep him trifling month after month, or year, and at last leave him with a health so much over the galling disappointment, or, by the use of that deadly poison, Mercury, he contracts the constitutional taint of this horrid disease to make their offering, such as returns.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured of this establishment within the last twenty years, and the numerous important surgical operations performed, are the best evidence of its success. The following are some of the operations performed, which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a man of honor and as a true patriot, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

PEERLESS STEAM WASHER AND BLEACHER.

That Steam Washers are better than others is generally conceded. The Peerless is the best of Steam Washers and is readily admitted by every one who sees it and tries it with others. Its construction is such as to rush the largest quantity of water through the clothing in the shortest time, and to compell all the water to go where it is desired, and prevent its going anywhere else. It has no plunging valves to make the water flow by its own force to flow at intervals, but causes it to flow steadily, pouring sixteen streams on the whole surface of the clothing. Then the water has not to descend to the centre or outside of the tub, but gets back to its starting point, but goes straight down from where it falls, washing all parts of the clothing now made of cotton, flannel, &c. It rushes through the clothing many times per minute and cleans them in 15 to 30 minutes! The rest of the machine may be saved very soon in difference in wear of the clothes. It may be varied very soon in the difference of labor required.

BOOK TRADE.

PHILADELPHIA, June 26th.—A meeting of the Philadelphia Book Trade Association was held to-day at noon, the object of which was to enter a protest against the enactment of the reciprocity of a treaty with Canada by the Senate. Under this treaty Canadian merchants, dealing in any manufactured article, can import them from England or any other country, and after handling them, can ship them to this country duty free. A series of resolutions were adopted expressing alarm at Canada under the provisions of the treaty becoming a great centre port for the reception of goods from all parts of the world to be legally smuggled into the United States, and stating that the treaty inaugurates free trade, and involves the necessity of collecting the entire revenue of the Government from the excise duties. The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

JOHN ARMSTRONG BOOKBINDER.

Blank Book Manufacturer. OVER SEAS BOOKSTORE. RALEIGH, N. C.

WANTED.

By any one lady in position as teacher of the English branches in a school or family of religion etc. References given. Address, MISS W. OXFORD

STONEWALL FERTILIZER.

Highly Concentrated. HAS ALWAYS BEEN MANUFACTURED ON THE BASIS OF A GUARANTEED ANALYSIS. WILL NOW BE MADE TO ALL LAIRS IN REGARD TO FERTILIZERS WITH THE SAME GUARANTEED ANALYSIS. S. C. FLANNAGAN & CO., Charlotteville, Va.

We Are Using Swedes Iron.

The best brands of American and Swedes Iron, and English Extra Refined Cast Steel used in the manufacture of AXES AND EDGED TOOLS. We offer the very best AXE that can be manufactured by skilled workmen and very superior materials, and trust that we will receive the support of the trade. Orders filled immediately. JULIUS LEWIS & CO., ON THE BREAKFAST LUNCHEON, DINNERS AND SUPPER TABLE, LOCAL AND PERISHABLE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE IS INDISPENSABLE. JOHN DUNCAN'S BONS, New York, Agents for the United States.

READ READ! READ GREAT DISCOVERY.

Great Discovery. "BRADLEY'S PATENT ENAMEL PAINT" FROM PURE WHITE LEAD LINSEED OILING MIXED READY FOR USE. Sold by the Gallon etc.—One Gallon covers 20 Square Yards of Wall.

READ THE FOLLOWING TESTAMONY FROM PROF. W. G. SIMMONS, WAKE FOREST, N. C. Mr. C. P. KNIGHT—Dear Sir: We have for several months been using your PATENT ENAMEL PAINT, on our "College Building," and we were pleased to find that it was applied by me having an experience in such work, yet we have not found any other paint so good and so durable. It is superior to any other pigment offered in the market. Very Respectfully, W. G. SIMMONS.

Mr. C. P. KNIGHT—Dear Sir: The paint came safely to hand as ordered. We kept five gallons each, and three buckets one gallon each. As practice is lack, I did not use much of it. It is now generally conceded that for "Enamel" like hardness and beauty and harmony of color there is not a handsomer job in the place. It saves fifty-five dollars by the use of paint, and is as good as any other paint. It should be generally adopted in all public and private buildings. I have never doubted in such stock as testimonials. I had no forty by the great adaptability of your Enamel Paint to the wants of our people in all cases of material, in beauty of color, and the fact of its being ready mixed, that I give you full permission, if it is desirable, to make what use you think proper of this testimonial. Very respectfully and truly, J. S. BULLOCK, Wake Forest, N. C. Mr. C. P. KNIGHT—Dear Sir: It affords me much pleasure to say that the Bradley Patent Enamel Paint far exceeds any expectations in economy, durability, and beauty of color. I have used it on my house (Maine House) with the Bradley Patent Enamel Paint, and I was well pleased with it. I determined to paint the front of the "Hotel," and I am not at all sorry to give the perfect satisfaction. In conclusion I will say, if this testimonial will be of any advantage to you, you are at liberty to use it. Yours most respectfully, ISAIAH ALBERTSON, Main House, 121 1/2 Cor. Fayette and St. Paul Sts., Baltimore, Md.

The following letter is strong and valuable:

Mr. C. P. Knight, Esq., Agent Bradley's Patent Enamel Paint—Dear Sir: The paint we received from you will be cheerfully endorsed as the best of any kind we have seen in the way of painting. It is everything desired, drying promptly and with a hard gloss, which we think would resist the action of all kinds of weather. This is our experience, and we can recommend it with certainty, and intend to use it on all occasions where we desire a good job of work. Very respectfully, sign and Franco Painters, EMMERT & QUARTLEY, 276 W. Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md. C. P. KNIGHT, SOLE GENERAL AGENTS, 93 W. Lombard St., Baltimore, Md.

TAKEN UP.

On the 17th instant a small spotted mare with white hind feet and a small white spot in the forehead, and apparently about six or seven years old. The owner will please prove property, pay charges and take her away. W. H. MORGAN. At Oberlin 2 miles west of Raleigh, N. C. Feb 14 1874.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT?

"Averil Chemical Paint" is the best. JULIUS LEWIS & CO., Sole Agents. We refer to descriptive circular and card colors. CONGRESSIONAL, JUDICIAL, AND SENATORIAL CONVENTIONS. A Democratic-Conservative Convention for the first Congressional District of North Carolina will be held in Edenton on Thursday, the 28th day of May, 1874, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent the District in the 44th Congress of the United States. At the same time and place Conventions will be held to nominate candidates for Judge and Solicitor of the first Judicial District, and candidates for the Senate in the first Senatorial District. The Counties in the District are requested to hold their primary meetings and appoint delegates to attend these Conventions. W. F. MARTIN, Chmn of Cong. Ex. Committee, H. R. BAXTER, Chmn of Judicial Committee, H. A. OLLIAM, Chmn of Sen Committee. may 6-24.

SPRING & SUMMER ANNOUNCEMENT.

H. B. Andrews & Co. (CLOTHING AND GENTS FURNISHING.) Would respectfully call the attention of their numerous patrons and the public generally to their Stock of Spring and Summer Clothing, for Men and Boys, the most of which has been manufactured by our New York Partners, since the decline in Goods which enables us to sell much lower than heretofore. Call and examine our stock and they will not care to look elsewhere before purchasing. April 22nd, 1874. A large and attractive Stock of Gents Furnishing Goods. Constantly on hand. H. B. ANDREWS & CO., Next door to Foy's Barber Hall, April 22nd, 1874. All the latest Novelties in Hats just received at H. B. ANDREWS & CO., Clothing and Gents Furnishers, 27 Fayetteville St.

RECOLLECT.

In reference to the BOLLE'S HANDED COTTON HOE, that 'tis the only HOE made of Solid Cast Steel—Not Rolled Steel. We sold in 1873, 696 dozen of these Hoers. We Warrant every HOE perfect in Stock, Temper and Finish. Hardware Houses of ap 17-4 JULIUS LEWIS & CO.

THE WATT FLOW.

Constantly receiving supplies direct from the manufacturers of the celebrated Watt's Farming Best Friend. JAMES M. TOWLES, sey 22-1/2 Agt. for the Manufacturers.

DIXIE FLOW! DIX FLOW!

Is now without a rival, it cuts a deeper and wider furrow—its mechanical arrangement for short-cut is more simple and efficient than any other plow on the market. self sharpening reversible points, the greatest self improvement of the age. Ask Rev. J. W. J. Crowder and Col. J. W. Watson, who they think of this plow. Call and examine it or send your orders to R. F. JONES & Co., dec 16-17 Agents. PETTY & JONES

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FOOD CORN, MEAL, FEAR, FINE FEED. Bold Oats, Forster, Hays, Shubbs, & Co. OBERLIN, N. C. West of N. C. Freight Depot Warehouse. Orders dropped in Postoffice promptly filled. W. A. GATTEY, Supt. Wholesale Grocers AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE STREET Opposite Metropolitan Hall, RALEIGH, N. C. B. P. WILLIAMSON, W. G. UPCHURCH, J. J. THOMAS, sent 8-17.

NEW GOODS. I have just received my entire Stock of Spring and Summer Goods, bought at the lowest price reached this Spring; and am able to offer you also the seasonably as cheap as any one in this or any other market. KEEP DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS, BOOTS, AND SHOES AND HATS, NEW AND FRESH. Look at the Lowest prices and sold for a small profit, thereby enabling my customers and public to supply their wants at much lower prices than elsewhere. Thankful for past favors I hope to merit a continuance of the same by close attention to business. J. D. NEWBOM, ap 15-34n

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOLS. HILLSBORO' N. C. The Mission Nash & Miss Knocks will receive the scholars of their school on Friday Feb. 8, 1874. Circulars forwarded on application. dec 15-17

DEALERS IN BUILDERS AND HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE. PRATT'S ASTHALL OIL, BOLLER'S COITIN HORNS, AVERIL'S CHEMICAL PAINT, FARM, CHURCH AND PLANTATION BELLS, THE ALLIANCE SHEEP STOVE, ORANGEVILLE & BLASTING POWERS. Farmer Building, Raleigh, N. C. ap 10-17

PETTY & JONES.

Jobbers and Retailer of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, And Hats, No. 20 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C. Having just received a varied assortment of solid, striped and figured Japanese silks, from 35 to 75 cent. Figured Linen Lawns at 20. Solid and figured Fancy Lawns at very low prices. Grass Cloth and India Berber Stockings at prices which defy competition. Call's Spool Cotton, white and colored. Several cases Latest Patterns and Styles Calicoes at 7 1/2 to 10. 3-4 unbleached shirting at 5, 4-4 Unbleached shirting 9 to 12 1/2. Bleached Shirting at 6 to 8, 4-4 Bleached Shirting at 9 to 12 1/2. Those with our already large and handsome stock of goods make a splendid assortment, and having had the advantage in purchasing at the lowest prices of the Season, we offer our goods at as equal quality can be bought in the State. All wishing to buy either to sell or for personal use will save money by examining our goods and prices.

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