

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates: For Daily, per year, \$10 00...

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent as by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

THE PEOPLE must be trusted with their Government, and if trusted, my opinion is that they will act in good faith, and restore their former constitutional relations with all the States composing the Union...

The Weekly Sentinel. The Weekly Sentinel will be issued about the 9th of January. Our friends will please send in their orders for it at once.

The semi-weekly we design issuing as soon as our list will justify it. In the mean time those who order the semi-weekly will be supplied with the Daily or Weekly as they prefer, until the semi-weekly is issued.

To Our Friends. The time of many of our subscribers will expire on the 1st of January next. Many of these have not paid us up yet. We need the money much, but the great scarcity of money and the uncertainty of the mail lead us to change our purpose to begin the cash system promptly on the 1st of January, and to rely upon the promptness and fidelity of our patrons to pay as soon as possible.

Those who do not pay up or let us hear from them by the 8th of January, will be stricken from our list, and their bills will be forwarded soon after.

Those who desire the Daily, Semi-Weekly or Weekly will please order them at once. If not convenient or safe to send the cash, it can be sent by the members to the Legislature on the 1st Monday in February. In the meantime we shall be obliged to those who owe us for advertising or the paper to send as the cash.

Gov. Worth enters upon his Duties.

His Excellency, Gov. Worth arrived in the city on Wednesday night, and on yesterday morning after consultation with Gen. Holden, at once entered upon the duties of his office. We append the correspondence between Hon. W. H. Seward, Secretary of State, and Gov. Worth.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, December 23, 1865. To His Excellency the Governor of the State of North Carolina, Raleigh, North Carolina.

Sir: By the direction of the President, I have the honor to transmit to you a copy of a communication which has been addressed to His Excellency, W. W. Holden, late Provisional Governor of North Carolina, whereby he has been relieved of the trust heretofore reposed in him, and directed to deliver in your Excellency's possession the papers and property relating to that trust.

I have the honor to tender you the co-operation of the Government of the United States, whenever it may be found necessary in effecting the early restoration and the permanent prosperity and welfare of the State over which you have been called to preside.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, your most obedient servant.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

DISPATCH OF GOV. WORTH TO MR. SEWARD, STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 28, 1865.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State, Washington City, D. C.

Sir: In pursuance of your dispatch of the 14th inst., communicating to me a copy of a communication addressed by order of the President to W. W. Holden, Provisional Governor, whereby he is relieved of the trust heretofore reposed in him, I have this day entered upon my duties as Civil Governor of the State, having been previously duly qualified before both branches of the General Assembly.

I desire, through you, to assure the President my earnest desire to co-operate with him in all measures tending to the complete restoration of harmonious relations between North Carolina and the United States.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, your obedient servant.

JONATHAN WORTH.

Holden and go in, and Worth and stay out." Since the announcement of the President's program to Gov. Holden intimating his wish to confine in office, several of our newspapers in the State have twitted us about our unchristian course, and the delay we had occasioned in the restoration of the Union by the voice of Mr. Worth's claims. We were not prepared to reply then, nor will we now twit them more. We knew then that the election of Mr. Worth could do neither the State nor any one any harm, and we think so still. We only wish at the head of this article, the text upon which they preached on such nonsense, as a simple reminder and as a warning to them in the future.

Opinion of Judge Trigg. We have placed on our first page, a recent opinion of Judge Trigg, U. S. District Judge of this State, because of its intrinsic merit and especially because his arguments have a bearing upon questions which may arise in the Courts in this State. Our loyal friends will be edited and printed. Judge Trigg is soon to try the first case of treason which has occurred in this country since the trial of Aaron Burr. It is the case of Confederate Agent in Tennessee. We are confident that should such a head has charge of

The Test Oath.

The feelings which prompted the passage of the "test oath" by Congress, however justifiable at the time, ought certainly to have expired when the war ended. The circumstances were extraordinary and the condition of the country immensely threatening, both as to the hostile attitude of the South and the temper of "many" at the North, who felt at least some sympathy for the Southern people. If any state of things would justify the passage of an unconstitutional law, to save the country from peril, perhaps the existing state of affairs at that time, may be pleaded in favor of the passage of this act. Not only was the South in revolt, but there were many persons at the North, whose bitter hostility to the party in power, might very justly have created doubt and uneasiness as to their fidelity, who without this check might have aspired to office and have been sources of danger even at home.

But all these sources of alarm have subsided and passed away. Men's views have materially changed and all hostility to the government is at an end. The plea for the continuance of a law, clearly violative of the Constitution, and so long as it remains in force, directly in antagonism with the purposes of the government to restore the Union, can no longer be urged. Its operation and effects must continue to be adverse to the great purposes of the constitution, and destructive to its ends and aims, and hence an offense and a barrier so long as it exists.

There is however one view of the case, which is not dwelt upon, but which we observe has been strongly pressed recently by Mr. Reverdy Johnson before the Supreme Court of the United States. The constitution of the United States cannot be justly or correctly construed, so that the powers claimed by any department of the Government, will certainly bring it in conflict with another co-ordinate branch. The constitution certainly designs to preserve in harmony the three elements or departments of the government. But the enforcement of the "test oath" directly comes in conflict with the high and solemn prerogative of the President, in pardoning offenders. This power granted by the Constitution, is an immense one, yet it is necessary that it be lodged somewhere, and no hands in this government are more fit than those of the President. It is an absolute power vested in him alone, and cannot be exercised by or divided with any other.

The pardon of the President, in the sense of forgiveness for crime or offense, justifies or absolves the offender from all prior guilt—makes him a new man and fully restores him to the favor and confidence of the government. If it fall short of effecting all this for the offender, it fails to meet the ends and aims of the constitution. But if Congress, another branch of the government, can affix such terms of admission to its members as are embraced in the "test oath," it is plain that Congress can change, modify or render null this power of the President, and in effect nullify the Constitution itself. When once the President has granted a full pardon to any offender against the laws of the United States, we do not assume too much when we affirm, that there remains no power in any department of the government to cancel or make null that pardon, or deprive the pardoned person of its benefits. Nor can it be the province of any branch of the government to go behind the pardon, to inflict punishment upon the offender. But the enforcement of the "test oath" against the Southern members of Congress does go behind the pardon of the President to punish them, and in making their former conduct for which they have been pardoned, a disability to their serving in the Congress, neutralizes and nullifies the pardoning power of the President and by consequence, the Constitution itself.

Council of State.

Gov. Worth has called the Council of State together to consult upon public affairs.

THE SEABOARD & ROANOKE RAILROAD will be completed to Murfrees to-day, which will form the connection to Weldon. The cars will commence running to the Roanoke river on Monday. The Weldon bridge not being yet completed, the connection with Weldon will be by means of the ferry across the river. The office in charge of this road are entitled to due credit for pushing the work to its present completion. We are not informed as to the extent of the unfinished work on the Weldon bridge.

Serious Disturbance in Alexandria.

By passenger from Alexandria, Va., we learn that on Christmas day there was heavy fighting in the streets between the whites and negroes, in which several negroes were killed, one account says three, another says fourteen. Two white men were wounded, though, we believe, not very severely. The difficulty, as we learn, originated as follows: A negro armed with a Spencer rifle, paraded the streets in the morning, in a manner which was understood by the whites as a bravado and defiance. Many of the young men were extremely excited by this circumstance, and some others connected with it, and about 3 o'clock the fighting commenced, and from that time until night, the streets resounded with the explosions of fire arms. We do not know the numbers engaged on either side; but the blacks, as will always be the case, fared the worse in the encounter which they had done so much to provoke. We hear that one of the negro chaplains was torn down during the rioting, and perhaps there was some other damage to property. The military was called out, and restored quiet to the city. Several arrests were made.

We have given the above as reported by several reliable gentlemen; but must advise further information before we can present a more exact account of an affair which in any view is much to be regretted.—Richmond Sentinel.

PERSONAL.—John Slidell is still living quietly in Paris. His family goes very little into society. Mr. Mason is in London, Jacob Thompson and J. P. Benjamin are also there, and John O. Breckinridge is shortly expected from Canada with his family. Major House, formerly agent for the purchase of arms for the Confederacy, is in Paris, as is also Judge Rust, of Louisiana.—Mrs. Gwin and her daughter are now residing in London.

Commodore Tatnall and Gen. McLane are living in Savannah.

The members of Congress from this State have all returned home.

Washington News and Gossip.

Washington dates of the 23rd, brings the following items:

The Southern Delegation. The Southern delegations, Senators and all, having decided to go home and wait the action of Congress, called to-day upon the President and notified him of their intention. They expect to return and be admitted by the 4th of next March.

The President's First Reception. The first reception will be given by the President on New Year's day, but no others will be given until after the recess of Congress, and the reception rooms can be newly furnished. It is not probable that there will be any levee held until February a month, at least, being required to place the Executive mansion in a respectable condition.

The Cabinet Changes. Among the candidates in political circles there is one that Senator Doolittle of Wisconsin, will probably take the place of Secretary Harlan in the Cabinet in a very short time. Mr. Harlan's intention to retire is well known.

Pardon Business Full. The issuing of pardons has almost entirely ceased. About a dozen requisitions were made to-day for North Carolina cases—all of the twenty thousand dollar class.

Internal Revenue Decision on Warehouse Receipts. The law in reference to stamping receipts for warehouses has been heretofore construed so as to require these receipts to bear stamps according to the value of goods involved. Thus, the greater the value of goods on the receipt the higher would be the denomination of the stamp to be used. The Commissioner has just decided that no receipt for warehouse goods requires a stamp of a higher denomination than twenty-five cents.

The New Bankrupt Bill. The bill, which in all its provisions is similar to that of the last session, has been introduced, read a second time, and referred to a Select Committee. The suggestions made by Edwin James have been adopted by the committee, and little doubt is entertained but that it will be a law this session. It provides a system of voluntary and compulsory bankruptcy, and is clear and simple in its details, relieving the honest and punishing the fraudulent debtor.

Minister Campbell—His Instructions. The instructions of our new Minister to Mexico, who is ordered to take to his post, and to remain near President Juarez, are of a decided character, that the Imperial party will not be long in ascertaining the policy of the United States Government.

Authorization of Another National Bank. The Mechanics National Bank of New York City, with a capital of \$600,000, was authorized to-day.

Increasing Inflation of the Currency. The official statement of the Treasury to-day shows the National Bank circulation to be \$233,725,000. An increase of upward of \$4,000,000 has been issued during the present week.

Romantic Affair in Brooklyn—A Double Murder Attempted. New York, December 25.—In Brooklyn, about 9 o'clock, on Saturday evening, several pistol shots in rapid succession, followed by the scream of a female, were heard to proceed from the neighborhood of Clinton street, between West 4th and 5th streets, and almost immediately in front of the Catholic Asylum. Owing to the fact of there being but few persons abroad in the vicinity, however, only two gentlemen, Mr. Hugh Allen and Mr. Tell, were sufficiently started to inquire into the matter of the disturbance. These gentlemen indeed, were near enough to witness some part of the melancholy affair. Mr. Tell seeing a man rushing wildly down the street, at once started off in pursuit, while Mr. Allen attended to the unfortunate victim, Miss Francis M. Dayton, whom he found stretched senseless upon the sidewalk. Assistance was forthwith procured, and the young lady conveyed to the hospital. Meanwhile the murderer, whose name is W. H. Russ, followed by Mr. Tell, ran rapidly down Atlantic street, where he succeeded in eluding his pursuer, who supposed he had crossed the street towards the river, and on reaching the dock jumped overboard with the intention of drowning himself. At low tide, however, the water is very shallow at this part, and he was unable to accomplish his purpose. Extricated himself from the mud, he succeeded in again reaching the shore. Had he succeeded any other part of the shore, he would have found the water sufficiently deep. On regaining the land, according to the statement which he has since made, he shot himself twice, with the intention of ending his existence.

In this he also failed, and returned up Atlantic street, all muddy and wet, and his clothes frozen stiff. He was here seen by Officer Powers, of the 40th Precinct, who took him into custody. On reaching the station-house, he was so benumbed that he could scarcely speak. After sitting for awhile before the stove, however, he made the following statement:

I loved the young woman Miss Dayton. She pretended, once, to love me, but she only made believe, and at length deceived me. I was made the victim of her enchantments—was her dupe. I spent money for her comfort and welfare, she promising to become my wife, and to settle down here, where we might be happy. I finally found out that she had been cheating me, and we were separated. But I was not happy without her. The quarrel was made up, and we became friends again. It was only recently that I learned that she was still filled with only ingratitude—there is nothing against the character of Francis Dayton. It was all from her ingratitude. She would at one time consent to a union, and as quickly negative that assent. We had been talking together of this when I did the act, which I intended should end both our lives at one time and the same moment.

It is not known exactly what is the state of his victim, she is not suffering greatly, but is in a critical condition.

Hon. A. H. Stephens.—A letter from Millidgeville to the Macon Journal says "that distinguished Georgian, Hon. A. H. Stephens, is here, to aid, by his wisdom and prudent counsel, this legislative body to replace Georgia upon the sisterhood, and elevate her to her original position. His very presence is like the blast from Roderick's horn—a thousand men." His health is bad, and he looks more like a dead man than a live one."

CAN HAVE A PRESIDENT, BUT NOT CONGRESSMEN.—The Radicals or malignant majority in Congress, do not consider the Southern, or late Confederate States as entitled to be represented in that body. At the same time they recognize a citizen of those States as President of the United States and Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy. They can have a President, but no members of Congress. Here is a nice distinction.—Civ. Enquirer.

TELEGRAPHIC.

By the American Telegraph Company.

Foreign Items.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27. Advice from London to the 14th state that the report that Stephens, the Fenian, was safe in Paris is confirmed. Donivan was convicted of Fenianism and sentenced to perpetual servitude during life.

The London Observer says: that Napoleon is apprehensive that Maximilian will abandon the Mexican throne and has prevailed upon his Mexican minister at Paris, to proceed to Mexico and endeavor to dissuade him.

Gen. Grant—Pardons, Etc. WASHINGTON, Dec. 27. It has been stated that Gen. Grant is about to visit the Rio Grande. This is not true, as he will not extend his visit beyond New Orleans for the first time since the surrender of Gen. Lee's army.

No pardon warrants issued by the Attorney General to-day. Very few applications are now presented. The President is energetically engaged in disposing of all cases before him. Gen. Talgar has been received by the President as minister from Columbia.

From Kentucky. WASHINGTON, Dec. 28. Dispatch from Louisville, Ky., state that a tornado last night in the vicinity of Pulaski, caused much damage to bridges over the Chattahoochee. Seven miles of the South Atlanta Railroad have been carried away. Considerable disturbance a Clarksville, Ky., occurred on Christmas day between the whites and blacks.

Mrs. Clay. FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 28. Mrs. C. C. Clay has arrived here from Washington, for the purpose of visiting her husband.

New York Market. December 28. Cotton has advanced one cent—sales three thousand bales. Naval stores dull. Gold 145 3/4.

Interesting from Mexico—Reported Revolt. A dispatched from New Orleans, Dec. 22, says: The Times' Mexican correspondent says the Liberal General Diaz is carrying all before him, and the whole State of Oaxaca is in arms against the Imperialists. The Liberals are masters of the whole coast between Vera Cruz and Tuxtepec, and south of Vera Cruz. Forging parties of Austrians have met several defeats.

Marshal Bazaine writes to Mejia that the Northern frontier is under the double protection of the Emperor of Mexico and the Emperor of the French.

Another, dated San Francisco, Dec. 23, says: Advice from Mexico state that a revolution against Maximilian has taken place, and that General Lopez and his officers had been driven from power.

The New York Herald's Brownsville correspondence, of December 7th, says: All well informed people in Mexico think there are now not over 15,000 troops in the country. The Liberals had evacuated Monterey in consequence of the return of the French troops from Saitille. The Liberal army was engaged near Camargo on the 1st of December. A large amount of money and goods were taken from the merchants and other citizens there, and many Liberal troops were deserting on account of a lack of clothing and other necessities.

Some further correspondence has occurred between General Weitzel and Mejia. Weitzel alleges that Mejia has, on mere suspicion, imprisoned innocent American citizens, and informs him, by direction of Gen. Sheridan, that if such outrages are repeated no apologies for them will be accepted, and that Mejia will not be permitted to commit acts against the United States which are no accidents, and that the government will not accept his personal apologies for bad faith. General Mejia claims that the persons imprisoned were found in arms against the Imperial cause. The Imperial troops are reported to have robbed the citizens of Saitille of large sums by forced loans.

MARRIED.

In Wilson County, on the 13th inst., by Rev. Joe Wheeler, ZENO H. GREENE, Esq., of Wilmington, and Miss FANNIE E. EXUM of Wilson Co., N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT. A COMFORTABLE OFFICE OPPOSITE THE Bank of the State. Apply to JOHN C. WINDER. Dec. 29-115-16 pd.

FOR RENT. TWO DESIRABLE ROOMS IN MY DWELLING house. Raleigh, Dec. 29, 115, 2: pd. J. KISSY.

HENRY R. BRYAN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, NEWBERNE, N. C. Dec. 29-115-3m.

For Sale. 8 OR 10 SETS WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS for Horse or Mule. Also, Reins, and Horse Coats. BAKER, COWPER & CO. Raleigh, December 29 115 4t.

Notice. THE NEXT SESSION OF THE NORTH CAROLINA Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will commence on Monday, January 1st, 1866. Parents and friends of pupils will please send them in promptly. For terms of admission, &c., apply to me at Raleigh, N. C. W. J. PALMER, Principal. Dec. 29, 115, 1m.

TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C. THE NEXT SESSION WILL COMMENCE ON the 11th of January, and close on the second Thursday in June. The College has been reorganized, reformed, and is every way placed in a proper condition. An prospectus will be \$15 00 per month in advance. All expenses to be paid in advance. A daily book will run from the College in High Falls on the N. C. Railroad. For further information, address the undersigned. B. OLAVSEN, Pres't. Dec. 29, 115, 1m.

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MISS MATTIE NIXON DESIGNS OPENING

a School on the 1st day of January next, at the residence of her mother, one door below Cooke's Hotel. In addition to the English branches, will be taught, if desired, French, and also the Piano. Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 29-115 2t.

To the Public.

ON THE 1ST JANUARY MY CONNECTION with the house of Messrs. Bart & Lewis ceased by mutual consent. Their business here will be continued by Mr. Jesse Brown, who is too well known in this community to require any commendation at my hands. I should do violence to my feelings, were I to close this card without returning profound thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country, for their liberal patronage and many kind offices during my residence here.

I am especially grateful to the gentlemen of the Press of the City for the many favorable notices of our business. Soliciting a continuance of patronage for my successor, I am very respectfully, D. T. CARRAWAY. 44 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, Dec. 29, 1865.

WASHINGTON DISTRICT—1st Round. Rosnoke Circuit, January 27 and 28. Tarboro " February 3 and 4. Wilmington " February 10 and 11. Washington " February 17 and 18. Mattamuskeet " February 24 and 25. Neuse " March 3 and 4. Nashville " March 10 and 11. Warren " March 17 and 18. Henderson " March 24 and 25. Granville " April 1.

The District Stewards will please meet me at Littleton Depot, E. & G. Road, on Friday, Jan. 20th. L. L. HENDREN, P. E. Dec. 29-115-1w.

FIRST ROUND OF QUARTERLY MEETINGS FOR GREENSBORO DISTRICT, N. C. CONF. Greensboro Station, Dec. 30 and 31. Trinity at Trinity College, Jan 6 and 7. Davidson, at Ebenezer, Jan 13 and 14. Westworth, at Mt. Carmel, Jan 20 and 21. High Point & Co. Shops at Jan 27 and 28. Forsyth, at Kernersville, Feb 3 and 4. Stokes, at Germantown, Feb 10 and 11. Madison, at Madison, Feb 17 and 18. Leesburg, at Leesburg, Feb 24 and 25. Yadonville, at Yadonville, March 3 and 4. Guilford, at Barren's Chapel, March 10 and 11. A full attendance of the official Board is earnestly desired at each Quarterly Conference. R. S. MORAN, P. E. Dec. 29-115-1w.

DISSOLUTION. OFFICE OF NORTH STATE IRON & BRASS WORKS, Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 27, 1865. THE FIRM OF SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO. IS dissolved from this date. B. P. Williamson, Raleigh, N. C., is appointed sole Agent to close up the business. SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO. Dec. 23th, 1865, 115, 21/2w.

OFFICE OF NORTH STATE IRON & BRASS WORKS, Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 27, 1865. HAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENT to close up the business of Shay, Williamson & Co., I hereby notify all creditors to present their claims, and all debtors to the firm to come forward and settle. All the personal effects of the firm will be sold for cash at Auction, Thursday, January 20th, 1866, at the office of this Company in Raleigh. B. P. WILLIAMSON, Agent. Dec. 23, 115, 12 1/2w.

MORE GOODS AT 44 Fayetteville Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

IN ADDITION TO OUR LARGE STOCK OF HARDWARE AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, we have received another lot of BUGGY MATERIAL. Rims, Spokes, Hubs, Kammelled Cloth, Dash and Collar Leather, Bands, Clips, Shafts, &c.

Also Rogers & Brother's Celebrated "heavy plated on Spoons and Forks. Writ, Brother & Co.'s make of Umbrellas. Dred Screws, Redwood Joints, Tub, Buckets, Trays, Walters, Door Mats, Foot Scrapers, Brooms, Brushes, Spittoons. A new Washing Machine, Well Buckets, Wheels and Rope. Conductors, Panshes, Bell Cord for Nail Road Cars, Couplings, &c. Paints, Varnishes and Oils, Kerosene Oil, Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks. Cooking Stoves of the best pattern. Pocket and Table Cutlery in great variety—and Irons, Shovels and Tongs, Pots, Ovens, Splitters, Kettles, &c. D. T. CARRAWAY, With HART & LEWIS. 50-5m.

HART & LEWIS, (Established in 1853.) MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON, COOKING STOVES, AND—AND— HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS NEWBERNE, N. C. MIDDLE STREET. Jno. KING, Jno. WHITELAW, Wm. PEAT.

MONUMENTS! MONUMENTS! THE SUBSCRIBERS, King, Whitelaw & Co., BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR OLD friends and the citizens of the State generally, that having re-opened their MARBLE AND STONE WORKS, on the burnt block, at Maunders' Old Stand, Fayetteville St., they are now prepared to furnish MONUMENTS, VAULTS, HEAD STONES, SLABS, MARBLE MANTLES, &c. Having associated with us one of the best CARVERS IN THE COUNTRY, and from the arrangements we have made, we rather carelessly that we can furnish all work in our line as cheap as it can be done in any Northern city, for proof of which, call and examine our large variety of designs and our list of prices. We are also prepared to furnish WINDOW SILLS, WINDOW CAPS, DOOR STEPS, &c., &c. And to contract for all kinds of STONE CUTTING AND STONE MASONRY. KING, WHITELOW & CO. Revere to Geo. W. Mordcaid, Esq., Rev. Dr. Meade, D. D., J. M. Beck, Esq., Briggs & Dent, M. P. Williams & Co., K. F. Battle, Esq. September 29-47-3m.

THE FIFTH SESSION WILL COMMENCE ON the 8th of January, 1866. For particulars, address the Principal. J. M. LOVEJOY. Raleigh, N. C. December 19 115-3t

WANTED. A GOOD TANNER, TO TAKE CHARGE OF A Tannery in Edgecombe County, near Tarboro, N. C. A comfortable house and sufficient land attached to the mill, and a large stock of hides. Apply immediately with references, to DR. J. W. JONES, Tarboro, N. C. December 16, 1865-161-2w. Standard please copy.

HOTEL FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFERS FOR SALE THAT well known and comfortable HOTEL, known as the HOUSE, North Main St., N. C. It is admirably located in view of the new and ample accommodation, and is especially adapted for a mercantile business. Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine the premises, or address T. L. HALL, Notarized City. Dec. 8-161-2w.

COTTON FARM! COTTON FARM!!

DO YOU WANT A FIRST RATE COTTON FARM in one mile of Raleigh, N. C. If you do, call on BAKER, COWPER & CO. Raleigh, December 21-115-6t.

JOHN M. CONWAY,

(Successor to Geo. W. Powers & Co.) Commission Merchant, Agent for the sale of COTTON YARNS, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, OSNABURGS, &c., &c. Consignments and Orders solicited. 115 Park Place, New York. Dec. 22-115-1aw 6ts.

HOUSE and Lot for Rent. IN THE EASTERN PART OF RALEIGH, TWO 1 story Dwelling, containing four large rooms, a bath, also a nice brick building with two rooms, a kitchen with three rooms, smoke house, stable, a good well of water and a garden with one lot an acre of ground—all new and pleasantly situated. Apply to P. THIEHM, Dec. 21-114-6t. Temple of Fancy.

English and Classical School. I WILL OPEN MY SCHOOL NEXT SESSION IN the School House on North Square. I propose to teach all of the English, Classical and Mathematical branches ordinarily taught at Academies. Duration—Five months from January 1st to June 1st 1866. Terms per Session—Twenty-five dollars, payments monthly. School Hours—From 8 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M. In addition to the regular studies, I will devote a short time each day to bodily exercises, or the physical development of the pupils. W. H. HARRISON. Raleigh, December 21-114-2w.

NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL AT PUBLIC Sale, for cash to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, December 27, 1865, at his residence at Lenoir Institute, N. C., the following list of property, viz: One good Family Horse, one good Mule Cow and Yearling, one Sow and Pigs, seven fine Shoats, one good Dog and Hares, one Parlor Table, one Imported Carpet, two home made beds, three superior Bedsteads, a lot of Corn and Fodder, two Beds, three Mattresses, Chairs, Tables, and other articles of Household and Kitchen Furniture. A good Heavy and Light, with all out houses complete, about four acres of Land attached, and 2000 ORFERS for Physician or Lawyer, will be sold, provided I can get their worth in cash otherwise for rent a good tenant who will take care of the premises. The residence is the most desirable one in the village. WM. M