

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

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OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

(Correspondence of the Richmond Examiner) Execution of the Civil Rights Bill in the Southern States—No Southerner will Accept the Office of Spy or Informer—The Military to Enforce the Bill—The Radical View of its Effect—Financial Crash—The Passage of the Bill in the House, etc.

WASHINGTON, April 10.

The instructions to the United States Judges in the States where the Civil Rights bill is to be executed will be issued, under the President's directions, by the Attorney-General. We shall soon see these instructions after the House shall pass the bill by a two-thirds vote, as they certainly will do. The President will, at least, see that suitable men are selected for office under the law—that is, respectable citizens of the States where the law is to be executed. But no respectable Southern citizen will accept the office of paid spy and informer and prosecutor. Any man who will accept an office under the law has already been declared in the Senate, by Mr. Cowan, to be a thief. The army of commissioners who are to execute this law cannot be raised in the South. If they are detailed from the North they must have military support.

The law will give rise to dangerous and exciting conflicts, and that is just what the Radicals desire. They pretend that the South is still in insurrection. They would be glad to prescribe it to give some proof of the allegation. Some of the Republicans say that the law will not be applicable in Georgia, and that other States will conform their legislation to it. But this is improbable. Cases will soon arise under this law which will bring test questions of its constitutionality before the United States Supreme Court. Congress has no right to declare who shall be citizens. This question will come before the United States Supreme Court, and, if decided on its merits, the law will fall through. The Radicals must then resort to a constitutional amendment, which they can only obtain, if at all, by denying to the eleven Southern states the right of voting upon it unless they ratify it. This dodge was to have been tried if the veto had been sustained.

A very remarkable warning has been given to the Republican party by a Radical Senator, General Lane, of Kansas, to wit, that if they did not restore this Union, the Democratic party would rise again, and do it. Republicans are afraid of such victories as they recently obtained in Congress. The masses of the people desire restoration, and will have it. They may still hope that the Republican leaders with whom they acted, in support of the move, will do it; but if they fail in their duty this year, except this session, there will be an uprising in favor of peace and Union, as great as that which occurred in 1861, against disunion and rebellion.

A few symptoms of an impending financial crash occur daily. The New York Tribune says we shall have more of them before midsummer. Financial blunders, if they occur, will be attributed to the proper source—political associations, growing out of the factious position of Congress.

The House has passed the Civil Rights bill by a vote of one hundred and twenty-two to forty-one—more than two-thirds majority. The conservative vote was thus increased from the original vote on the first passage of the bill by three votes. The negative vote was thirty-eight. We gain three votes. At the same rate of gain, should it continue, it will take forty years to change the relative vote of the two parties in Congress. This time corresponds with the number of years passed by the Israelites in their march to the promised land. Probably our "Moses" may have the good fortune to see it. KAPPA.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Senate.—Mr. Trumbull offered a resolution instructing the Secretary of State to present to the Secretary of State the bill to protect all persons in their civil rights, and to furnish the means for their vindication, together with the signatures of the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House, attesting that the act was passed by a two-thirds vote of both Houses, etc.

Mr. McDonald protested that the bill had not received a two-thirds vote, because the States were not fully represented in the Senate.

The resolution was adopted.

A resolution was passed granting the use of the Senate chamber to Mrs. M. C. Walling, to deliver a lecture on the condition of the South, on the evening of the 17th instant.

House.—Mr. Mouton, from the Committee of Naval Affairs, reported resolutions authorizing Admiral Foote and Commodore Radford, United States Navy, to receive decorations from the King of Italy, which were adopted.

Mr. Raymond, from the Committee of Foreign Affairs, made a preliminary report on the subject of a resolution requesting the Secretary of the Navy to send an armed vessel to protect American fishing interests in Canada waters.

The report was in the nature of a resolution requesting information from the President, as to what steps have been taken for the protection of our fishing interests in that quarter, and whether any legislation is necessary to secure that protection. The resolution was adopted. The House rejected by three majority the bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy.

Fears of an inundation of the Mississippi.—The people of Vicksburg are very much alarmed at the high water which now prevails in the Mississippi. The planters are in the greatest alarm, as there is every indication of the river breaking the levee and overflowing the country.

Cleaning of Negro Tenements.—The work of cleaning and purifying the negro tenements of the District of Columbia is being rapidly proceeded with, under the direction of Capt. W. F. Springer, superintendent of Freedmen for the District.

Outrageous Murder by a Negro.—A drunken negro at Murfreesboro', Tennessee, ran against a little girl the other day, and, angered because she was in his way, deliberately drew a revolver and blew out her brains. He is in custody and will be hanged.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I.

RALEIGH, FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1866.

NO. 208.

SPRING GOODS KELLOGG WHEELER & CO. Spring And Summer. DRESS GOODS.

Ladies Trimmed Hats. Bonnets, Shawls, Balmorals, White Goods, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, Insertings, Edgings, Laces &c. &c.

— ALSO —

Boots, Shoes and Hats, JEANS, TWEEDS AND SATINETTS, Sugar, Coffee and Tea.

Bourbon Whiskey, French Brandy and Holland Gin.

Raleigh N. C.

March 29-1874

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HARDWARE STORE.

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Farmers', Millers,

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Housekeepers Tools, AND OTHER

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and can furnish at short notice, any kind of

Machinery or Castings,

Agents for

R. Hoe & Co.'s Circular Saws,

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Evans & Watson's Fire

and Burglar Proof Safe,

which we sell as manufactured pieces.

We invite particular attention to our stock and feel confident that our facilities and experience will enable us to offer superior inducements to purchasers.

Jan. 30, 1874.

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CLOTHING,

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CAPS,

SHIRTS,

COLLARS,

CRAVATS, AND

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING

GOODS.

These Goods were purchased at low rates for CASH, and will be sold at prices which will enable us to live and not out profit.

We have fine French Cloths and Cassimeres call at

FARRIS & LACK'S.

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FARRIS & LACK'S.

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FARRIS & LACK'S.

We say nothing of our STYLE and TASTE, we prefer that our work should speak for us and not we should speak for our work. We refer, for any consideration, to our families and experience which we have in the trade.

We do not say we have more goods than any one, and that we will not buy any more, and are receiving nearly all our goods, and are receiving nearly all our orders, as there is no room for more.

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It is a large and well arranged house, sufficient to accommodate a family, with garden and out houses attached.

The premises will be shown and terms be made known by Dr. J. W. ADAMS.

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