THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PEELE, } Editors.
SEATON GALES. }

Thursday Evening, Aug. 23, 1866.

FOR THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, AS IT IS, AND THE UNION AS IT WAS.
No Further Amendments.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JONATHAN WORTH,
OF RANDOLPH.

To the Editor of the New York Tribune:

SIR:—Please allow me space to say that the special dispatch from Washington, which appeared in the *Tribune* of the 14th inst., does great injustice to my impressions of the state of affairs in North Carolina.

I did not "report" that "the reconstructed openly and defiantly insult Union officers in the streets." I saw no disposition on the part of any respectable person in Raleigh to act discourteously toward Union officers; for myself, I have to acknowledge many acts of the most obliging kindness.

It is my belief, too, that the freed people of all classes are as kindly treated in central North Carolina as they are in any portion of the late slave States.

With reference to the Union people who once had slaves before the war, no truthful account can be otherwise than gloomy. Immediately after the collapse of the rebellion, men of all parties in the South supposed that the government of the United States would give its confidence and extend the fullest protection to the men who adhered to the Union during the war. This expectation was so reasonable that the rebels could not object to it, and the Union men, encouraged by it, commenced the organization of a party in North Carolina.

The election of the rebel candidate, Gov. Worth, over Gov. Holden and his administration, supported, as it has been, by the Washington authorities, destroyed these hopes and this party. The consequence is that a few Union men have consented to become the tail of the rebel kite, and have gone to Philadelphia to witness the reconciliation of those who were never enemies. They, like the Northern Union men who have gone to the same place on the same errand, will be heard of as Union men no more. Those who have declined the alliance with rebels are disheartened, and have not the courage to adopt the only course now open to them, affiliation with the Union party of the Northern States and the extension of the ballot to all. When they do this they will commence an organization for success.

JOHN M. PALMER.

ZANESVILLE, OHIO, Aug. 15, 1866.

We publish the above letter, to show that we were right in denying that Gen. Palmer authorized the publication of the dispatch, upon which we commented several days ago. We thank him for the prompt denial of the derogatory statements in regard to our people. But we take back the declaration that he is not a Radical. The last two paragraphs of his letter demonstrate that he has been ploughing with Mr. Holden's heifer, and has been misled, either by him or some one else.

There was no visible attempt at organizing a Union party in North Carolina, after the cessation of hostilities, politically offensive as Mr. Holden had made himself to the people of North Carolina, before, during, and after the war, until he was made Provisional Governor, still, when he announced, in his first proclamation, that he would forget the past, that he should know no party, and had no enemies to punish or friends to reward, and fully endorsed the *loyalty* of our people, our citizens universally resolved to pursue the same policy towards *him*. At that time, and after, he declared that there was but one party in the State; that our people were all for the Union. But when the people found that he had forgotten his pledges, was manifesting a purpose to secure his own political ends, and was dispensing his favors with a partial hand, they abandoned him. When they determined to elect Mr. Worth, instead of Mr. Holden, it was because they believed Mr. Worth more consistent, more loyal, more sound, *as a Union man*, than Mr. Holden. It is a want of confidence in Mr. Holden, and not opposition to the Union, that has guided the people ever since. No man in North Carolina has been objected to *because* he was and had been a consistent Union man; and we challenge every Radical in the land to disprove the assertion. Men have been objected to in this State, and are still objected to, *because* they are Holdenites, because they sanction his course and would promote him politically. That has been until recently the sole platform, which has divided our people. *Now*, the issue is broader. Three-fourths, if not nine-tenths, of our people, are opposed to Radicalism, as well as Holdenism. They are all for the Union; but the great body of our people are for such a Union as President Johnson and the Philadelphia Convention propose, while the Holdenites and Radicals are for such a Union as the Radicals offer the South.

A Good Movement.

We learn that quite a number of our colored population, who are disposed to work and make an honest living, are leaving the middle section of the State, where the lands are poor and unproductive, and are settling on the rich lands in the Eastern Counties, to be employed as laborers, where their labor will pay well. We are glad to record this movement. It is an indication of good sense and of an unwillingness to remain idle or unprofitably employed. We repeat, what we have often said, that all that the whites of the South require to revive their former interest in and attachment to the colored race, is the manifestation of a disposition to return to regular, systematic labor, and to aid in developing the resources of the country, in order to its speedy recuperation. If the South ever recuperates, it must be by hard work. Our colored people are inured to work, and the exhibition of the disposition to go at it in good earnest will revive the hopes of our despondling people. Such a course will bind the whites to them with bands of steel. Our people are anxious to employ them, and will more than pay them for their labor.

Charles Sumner, one evening last week, was serenaded by a colored band. The senator did not put in an appearance.

THE RADICAL organ in this city admonishes the "Unionists of the North and West," not to conclude, if there are but few or no delegates from North Carolina in the Jack Hamilton Sneak Convention, (or "Loyalist" Convention, as it calls it,) in September, that, therefore, "the *real* Union feeling among our people has died out." If this is not tantamount to an unequivocal endorsement of this movement, language is without significance. Sanction of the objects of the Convention is, of course, an approval of the address under which it is proposed to be convened. We have that address before us, and make the following elegant extracts to show the wholesale libels upon the President and his own people to which Mr. Holden has thus committed himself:

"We relied confidently on the sense of justice and gratitude of the loyal citizens of the United States, through their Senators and Representatives in Congress, to guard, in the most effectual manner, our future peace and security against the *malevolence, vindictiveness, hate and disloyalty of the late rebels*. This confidence we believe has not been misplaced. We relied, too, as we had a right to rely, on the earnest and efficient co-operation of the Executive of the Nation, placed in power by the great Union party of the country because of his supposed devotion to the Government, and his abhorrence of treason, and desire to see "*intelligent, conscious traitors*" punished and made disreputable. We confidently expected his hearty co-operation with the political department of the Government in providing such governments, in the States lately in rebellion, as would protect the country from conspirators, in official positions, against its peace; and secure to loyal citizens life, liberty and property, together with the inestimable privilege of impressing upon the minds of others his conscientious convictions of truth, by speech, or through the medium of the press. We also had reason to hope that the freedman, as well as the loyal white man, in the South, would find ample protection for all his rights as an *American citizen*, by actual military force if necessary, until equal laws and corrected public sentiment would place them on a firm and enduring basis. In these hopes, predicated on the oft repeated declarations of the President, we have been grievously disappointed—cruelly deceived."

* * * * * * *

"They have proved faithless to every pledge and obligation however sacred, both before and since the rebellion. The most solemn oaths are used by them as a mere cloak for treachery; and magnanimity and mercy, on the part of an outraged government and its friends, are impudently and insultingly derided the moment they are relieved from dread of punishment.—No history furnishes an example of such incorrigible guilt and shameless mendacity."

"One other step and they will have placed themselves forever without the pale of forgiveness. The *fiat* has gone forth. The people of the United States have resolved that this *shall be a government of freedom and equal rights for all*; and woe to those who shall hereafter resist this solemn judgment."

It this latter clause does not mean that it is the purpose of the Convention to force negro suffrage, and *negro equality*, upon the South, it means nothing. And yet Mr. Holden, and the Washington and Henderson county *squads*, endorse the movement! Let the people mark this and remember it!

THE *Standard* very plainly intimated, the other day, that if the people re-elected Gov. Worth, (as they certainly intend to do,) it would amount to nothing; that the Radicals would unfrock him and remand the State back to military or provisional rule. We have no doubt if the Radicals *can* do so they *will*, and we have no doubt that the *Standard* desires it and is pledged to the Radicals to do all it can to promote it. It is so full of malice against its own people, because they would not elect the Editor, that it will do all it can to put them under military despotism. Of course they will love Mr. Holden the more for it.

But, if these things are to happen, why is it he is so anxious to run opposition to Gov. Worth? Does he want to make tools of Gen. Dockery, Capt. Settle and Mr. Dick, or others, simply to beat Gov. Worth, when Mr. Holden may be made Provisional Governor again?—That looks like it. One thing is certain, if Gov. Worth has opposition, whoever runs will be under the auspices of Mr. Holden. Mr. Holden will chiefly be concerned in getting him out, no matter who he is, and the *Standard* will support him. We shall therefore brand any man, who may run, as a Holdenite, and we will make it stick to him like "the shirt of Nessus." The poor man that Mr. Holden rides will exclaim, "O! wretched man that I am, who shall deliver me from the body of this death."

But if the Radicals are certainly to succeed and will restore military rule, as Mr. Holden avers, why so anxious to run a candidate against Mr. Worth? Why so anxious to punish his friends?

WHILE THE ADDRESS of the National Convention contains no allusion to the iniquitous Test Oath, in so many words, the whole tenor of it is absolutely conclusive that the unanimous sense of the Convention was in favor of its immediate repeal. The Declaration of Principles demands the prompt admission into Congress of "loyal" representatives. The Address, which is merely an elaboration of the resolutions, asserts the "loyalty" of the South in the most emphatic terms. The President endorses the entire proceedings and designates them a second Declaration of Independence, and a second Proclamation of Emancipation from the shackles with which so large a portion of the people are bound.

Here is what the Address says:

"We do not hesitate to affirm, that there is no section of the country where the Constitution and laws of the United States find a more prompt and entire obedience than in those States, and among those people who were lately in arms against them."

* * * * * * *

"The concurrent testimony of those best acquainted with the condition of society and the state of public sentiment in the South—including that of its representatives in this Convention—establishes the fact that the great mass of the Southern people accept with as full and sincere submission *as do the people of the other States*, the re-established supremacy of the national authority, and are prepared in the most *loyal* spirit, and with a zeal quickened alike by their interest and their pride, to co-operate with other States and sections in whatever may be necessary to defend the rights, maintain the honor and promote the welfare of our common country."

Radical Meeting in Washington.

The *Standard* publishes the proceedings of a Radical meeting, which professes to have met at Germanton, Washington Co., N. C. We are pretty well acquainted with the localities in Washington county, but we had not before heard of a cross road or locality called Germanton. There is a place called Germanton in Hyde, but none that we are aware of in Washington county. Moreover, this is the first instance we have known of a county meeting appointing delegates for that county and for an adjoining one at the same time, to say nothing of appointing one for the State of Maryland. This little meeting of "loyalists" or traitors to the Constitution of the United States fully endorse the platform of the Radicals. The following are the delegates appointed. We put them on the record:

"The following gentlemen were appointed delegates to the Philadelphia Convention the 3d. September: J. W. Wynne, M. C. McNamara, E. H. Willis, J. J. Rea, H. R. Furnies, Samuel P. Woodley, Jno. B. Chesson, Jr., Alexander M. Phelps, J. A. Melson. And the following gentlemen were appointed from Beaufort county: U. H. Ritch and W. M. Cherry; and M. Bowen, of Maryland, formerly of this County."

THE SIGNS of the times are encouraging and auspicious. The action of the late great Convention has had a tremendous effect upon popular sentiment at the North. The friends of Constitutional Union are buoyant, hopeful, active, while dismay and consternation are everywhere visible in the Radical camp.

The people of the East and the West, the Centre and the South, will take up the movement which the Convention so wisely prepared for them; for in its triumph at the elections lies the only hope of the peace, unity and prosperity of the country in the future. If it fail, the Union will have failed; republican liberty, regulated by law, will have failed; and either despotism, like that of the old dynasties of continental Europe, or disintegration, like that which distracts the Southern half of our own continent, will ensue,—the former bringing grinding oppression, and the latter commercial ruin, wars of races and sections, and universal chaos.

THE SOLDIERS.—The *Standard*, in alluding to the proposed Convention of the Union soldiers and sailors at Cleveland, on the 17th September, says:

"These soldiers are honest, but verdant."

Then they have one characteristic, which shifting politicians and demagogues have not. If *they* were *honest*, the people could forgive their verdancy. But these soldiers are not half as verdant or wicked as those who think the American people are ready to leave the management of the government longer to the Radicals. *They* would destroy every vestige of a Republican government, by blotting out all the *reserved* rights of the States and the liberties of the people.

THE Williamston *Expositor* calls upon Gov. Worth to interpose in behalf of a young man by the name of Blow, from Pitt County, who was arrested by the military authorities for a battery upon a freedman, while under civil bonds, and subsequent to Gen. Robertson's late order. The attention of the Governor having been previously called to the same matter, he at once addressed Gen. Robertson on the subject. He has been assured that the arrest was an error, for which the Commanding General expresses his regret. Mr. Blow is no longer in military custody.

General Custar Denounces Forney.

Everybody in the South knows General Custar by reputation. In a letter which he published in the Washington *Republican* and *Intelligencer* yesterday, he thus speaks of Forney:

"Prominent in this misrepresentation and willful preversion of truth is the organ controlled and edited by yourself, and were it not for the official position which you hold, I would not deem myself justified in referring to you or anything emanating from you.

"I will not refer to the seditious and inflammatory epithets you applied to that (Philadelphia) Convention, of which I am proud to have been a member, but will only class them with your insidious and wicked harangues pronounced in the city of Philadelphia during the sitting of the Convention, in which you endeavored to stir the passions of what you supposed a mob to deeds of violence and blood. Neither will I occupy time in exposing your baseness in characterizing those gallant soldiers of the Union who took part in the Convention as being influenced by any but the highest, noblest, and most patriotic impulses which govern the human will.—Much less were they, as you insinuate, tinctured with disloyalty. Such unwarranted, unjust, unprovoked assertions come from you with bad grace, when directed against those who, during the entire war, have freely and unselfishly periled their lives to restore, defend, and perpetuate the principles of a constitutional government which you are laboring to destroy. What have you done or accomplished to justify you in maligning and traducing those whose patriotism has undergone the test of battle and is beyond impeachment?"

Stop Thief!

The plan of the light-fingered gentry, in shouting "stop thief!" when running from officers of justice, was a very ingenious one when new, but has long since become stale and unprofitable. It is, therefore, quite useless for the Radicals to attempt to blind the country any further by their insane and distorted versions of their New Orleans stupid but bloody experiment at revolution and wholesale massacre.—That irresistable policeman, public sentiment, has already overtaken and collared the villainous offender. Radicalism, turned his dark lantern upon him, rifled the contents of his pocket, and found so many proofs of guilt upon him that all the rascal's shouting and protestations can now be of no avail.

Why, only look at the following murderous list of weapons and false instruments, and tell us if any fellow caught with such upon his could mean anything but mischief, and was not rightly pounced upon. BOUTWELL'S speech in the house of Representatives, foreshadowing and inviting the riot; N. P. BANKS' ditto; the revolutionary meetings and harangues in New Orleans by DOSTIE, HAHN & Co.; the arming and parading of insolent and mutinous negroes through the principal streets of the city; the simultaneous gathering of similar bodies of armed Africans in various other large cities of the South; and, though last, not least dangerous, the incendiary teachings of a Radical Congress and a Radical press during the last half year of horrible miracle.—*New York World.*

GENERAL NEWS.

A PRUSSIAN SENTINEL.—A story is told of a Prussian sentinel stationed on the steeple at Troppau, and left behind there when his company retreated. The citizens attempted to take him prisoner, but the Prussian easily defended with his bayonet the narrow winding stair by which alone access could be gained to the steeple. They then decided on reducing him by famine, but the Prussian, having with him a good supply of cartridges, announced that unless he was regularly and well fed, he would shoot every one who passed in the streets around the church. The good soldier thus contrived to maintain his position for two days, when Troppau was re-occupied by the Prussians and he was relieved.

"Perley," in his despatch from Philadelphia to the Boston *Journal*, speaking of the visit paid by the delegates from South Carolina to the Massachusetts delegation, says:

"Then General Custer came in, and was introduced to Gen. McGowan of the Confederate army. After cordially shaking hands Custer said: "General—We have been looking at each other often during the war through field glasses and amid the smoke of battle. If we can now shake hands, these civilians who have stayed at their homes in safety surely could."

Mrs. F. Polk, widow of the late lamented Bishop Leonidas Polk, intends in future to devote herself to the cause of female education at Columbia, Tenn., and associate herself with the Rev. Dr. Beckett, as Vice Principal of the Columbia Female Institute. Her daughter, Miss Susan Polk, will be similarly employed.

It was generally remarked that Mr. Stanton was not present on Saturday, when the President delivered his speech in reply to Mr. Johnson. But his absence was taken as coroborative of the well-settled understanding that he does not heartily support the President and his restoration policy.

A firm in Chicago advertises a grand gift distribution, there being, among other prizes, 40 pianos, 20 melodeons, 400 gold and silver watches, 1,000 sets of spoons, and other portable ware, and places Maj. Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, Lowell, Mass., at the head of its list of references.

We see it stated, we know not on what authority, that an organization of Southerners has purchased a plot of ground near Gettysburg, in which to bury the Confederate dead who fell in the battle at that place.

The gavel used by the presiding officer of the Philadelphia Convention was made of oak plank from the frigate Constitution—"Old Ironsides."

The survivors of Ashby's brigade have made arrangements for the removal of the remains of General Turner Ashby, and Captain Richard Ashby, his brother, from their present place of burial to the Stonewall Cemetery, at Winchester.

The New York *Daily News* has commenced the publication of a cheap edition intended for general circulation during the pending canvass. It will be in addition to its regular issues.

For six weeks not a drop of rain has fallen on the city of Chattanooga, and during all the time the thermometer has ranged, during the middle of the day, from 93 to 102 degrees.

Virginia is recovering from the state of collapse since Terry departed.

Basil Duke is writing a history of the life of John H. Morgan.

The San Antonio (Texas) *Ledger* says murder is epidemic there.

Over eighty woollen and calico mills are at present being built in Georgia.

A lad in New Haven died of 41 green pears. His friends called it cholera.

A suit of law has been brought in Harrisburg for an alleged balance due of five cents.

Senator Chandler's income is the largest in Detroit—$61,147. He voted for an increase of pay.

Sumner is at the White Mountains. He is trying to get the word "white" stricken out by the New Hampshire Legislature. So they say.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis has arrived in Canada on a visit to her children.

Facts vs. Theories.

"Give me a place to rest my lever on," says Archimedes, "and I will move the world." "Give me pure and unadulterated drugs," says Medicus, of the olden time, "and I will cure disease."

In one sense, both of these learned pundits were the veriest charlatans. They knew there was no place to rest their lever on, either to move the world or cure disease. Mechanism was in a backward state, and the medical profession was but another name for sorcery, and all the adjuncts of magic filters and charms of the "evil eye" &c.

But these latter days have borne unto us something more than even superstition and its crew ever dreamt of in their maddest philosophy. In these days of practical science, what was theory of yesterday is fact to day, and all the old time notions become as bubbles in the sun, and burst and break with every breath we draw.

Let Archimedes shoulder his lever and we will find a resting place for it to move the world. Let mine ancient Medicus pant and toil no more for the drugs he sorely needs, for we have them at our hand, ever ready to serve them at his beck.

Refined in the laboratory of Dr. Maggiel, the finest materials known in the medical profession are obtainable by any one. His Bilious, Dyspeptic and Diarrhea Pills stand unrivalled, and his Salve operates with magical effect upon burns, scalds, and all sores and ulcers of the skin.

In fact, we think MAGGIEL'S Pills and salve are the wonder of this century, and we are happy in the thought that many others of our brethren of the craft agree with us. We would earnestly counsel that all families provide themselves with Dr. Maggiel's Preparations at once, and keep them ready at hand, so as to use them at the most opportune time and as occasion serves.—*Valley Sentinel.*

The Raleigh *Standard* says the Editor of the Petersburg *Index* ought to be executed for treason. The *Index* thinks a mad dog killed in Raleigh, a few days ago, bit Holden. We think it more likely he bit himself. We have an idea of going to Raleigh soon just to investigate the disease that afflicts our secession friend of the *Standard*,—he's all wrong, somehow; if a man simply whistles "Dixie," he cries out "treason! hang him!" It's thought that Joe Turner "tricked him," someway or somehow.—*Danville (Va.) Times.*

MASSACHUSETTS.—The Boston *Commercial* says: "We understand that the committee appointed by the Faneuil Hall Convention contemplate to call a mass ratification meeting to be held in Faneuil Hall on or about the 28th of August, at which it is expected Senator Doolittle, Hon. Montgomery Blair, and ex-Governor Parsons, of Alabama, will be the prominent speakers."

DIED,

In Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 19th, Mrs. MALINDA B. CUTT, relict of the late Rev. John C. Colt, of Cheraw, S. C.

On Thursday, 16th, of August, in Cumberland Co., BENJAMIN SOUTHERN, infant son of Wright and Annie V. Hooke, aged 14 months and 15 days.

In Cumberland County, on the 8th. inst., Mrs. MARGARET JANE, wife of Maj. Neill A. McDugald, in her 43d. year.

In the City of St. Louis, Missouri, at the Columbia House, on the 20th. inst., of Asiatic cholera, Mrs. AMANDA C. JOHNSON, wife of C. L. Johnson, and third daughter of the late Frank King, of this City. She was a member of the Baptist Church.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD CO.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 23rd, 1866.

THE attention of shippers is called to the

Great Through Freight Air Line,

which is now in full and successful operation from New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore, to Columbia, S. C., via S. & U. R. R., R. & G. R. R., N. C. R. R., and C. & S. C. R. R., carrying freights North and South with greater dispatch and lower rates than any other route.

Attention is particularly called to advertisement of C. B. Allen, freight agent of this road.

W. G. LEWIS, Gen. Supt.
Aug. 23-1f R. & G. R. R. CO.
Standard and Progress copy till forbid.

Copartnership Notice.

MR. F. M. HYMAN having withdrawn from the firm of DANCY, HYMAN & CO., we have this day admitted Col. JOSEPH H. HYMAN, of Tarboro', N. C., as a partner in our house, and will continue the Commission business in the City of New York under the name and style of the old firm.

Having secured the services of R. W. Hyman, Esq., who has had many years experience in the business, we feel assured that we can do as well for our friends in the sale of Southern produce and purchase of general merchandize as any other house, and hope to receive the liberal patronage extended to the old firm.

JOHN S. DANCY,
JOHN H. HYMAN.

New York, Aug. 23-1w

JOHN S. DANCY, of Tarboro, N. C. JOHN H. HYMAN, of Southland Neck, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,
Late of Tarboro, N. C.
DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 80, Cedar St.,
NEW YORK.
Aug. 23-1f

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND.

THE Fifty-ninth Annual Session of the SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, in the University of Maryland, will commence on the 15th. OF OCTOBER, 1866, and will end on 1st. OF MARCH, 1867.

FACULTY OF PHYSIC.

NATHAN R. SMITH, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
WM. E. A. AIKIN, M.D., LL.D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
G. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics, and of Diseases of Women and Children.
RICHARD McSHERRY, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Medicine.
CHRISTOPHER JOHNSTON, M. D., Professor of General, Descriptive, and Surgical Anatomy.
SAMUEL C. CHEW, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
FRANK DONALDSON, M. D., Professor of Physiology, Hygiene, and General Pathology.
JAMES H. BUTLER, M. D., Demonstrator, and Adjunct to the Professor of Anatomy.

The fees for the full course are $105.00. For Matriculation, $5.00. For Practical Anatomy, $10.00.

THE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL,
commonly known as the Infirmary, is attached to the College, and is under the charge of the Professors, who give in its wards Clinical instructions in Medicine and Surgery to the students throughout the entire year, without any additional charge. During the past year several other large Hospitals and Dispensaries have been opened to students, wherein Adjuncts to the various Professors, and other medical gentlemen, give *general and special* Clinical instruction. Arrangements have also been made by these gentlemen for the private or office tuition of students, so that the facilities for obtaining a thorough practical education in Baltimore are greater now than at any past period.

Circulars containing full information may be obtained from any member of the Faculty.

GEO. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D.,
Baltimore, Aug. 23-1t Dean.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!!

THAT LARGE STOCK OF SHOES, lately advertised, has come, consisting of

MEN'S SHOES,
BOYS' "
WOMEN'S "
CHILDREN'S"

The Largest lot ever brought to this City.

Our Col. TUCKER remains in the Northern Markets and keeps himself well posted as to quality and prices of goods.

Give us a call. We can and will sell you cheap.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Aug. 22-tf

3000 prs. of Shoes, for Men, Women and Children, will be in Store this week. Cheaper than ever.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Aug. 15-tf

"THE COTTON GIN QUESTION!"

NOTICE EXTRAORDINARY!

THE AMERICAN UNIVERSAL
COTTON GIN AND CONDENSER,
Invented and Patented by
HORACE L. EMERY,
And Manufactured by
HORACE L. EMERY & SON,
AT THEIR
Albany Agricultural Works, Albany, New York.

The public are hereby notified that in order to secure to them the Genuine Machines above mentioned, the Patentees and Manufacturers, (successors of Emery Brothers) have appointed Dunn, Plummer & Co., Petersburg, Va., as their Sole Agents, for this city and vicinity, for their sale at manufacturer's prices, with Transportation only added. As other parties are making Cotton Gins without the improvements which have given these Machines their superiority and unexampled success, and are offering them to the public with merely the same representations, this notice is to prevent their acceptance and disappointments of purchasers who desire the well established and approved Machines manufactured only by us.

THE UNIVERSAL COTTON GIN AND CONDENSER of Horace L. Emery's Patent, may be readily distinguished by their having the PICKER ROLL, and PORTER suspended midway in the hopper over the saws, for supporting and moving the COTTON ROLL and preventing all possibility of choking or bridging of Cotton in the hopper from any cause. Also their air supply openings to an air chamber over the Brush Cylinder, and the words "HORACE L. EMERY'S PATENT" and Albany Agricultural Works, in raised and stencilled letters upon different parts of the Machine.

HORACE L. EMERY & SON,
Albany Agricultural Works,
Albany, N. Y.
Aug. 13-3w

Goldsboro News, Wilson North Carolinian, Weldon State and Louisburg Eagle, copy two weeks and send bill with copy of paper to Dunn, Plummer & Co., Petersburg, Va.

FOR SALE.—No. 1 New Mackerel and N. C. cut Herrings.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Aug. 22-tf

PURE FRENCH BRANDY & SHERRY WINE.

One quarter Cask Martell's pale Brandy
One do do Hennessey do do
One do do Imperial Sherry.
One do do Pale do do
All of our own importation, and *very choice*.

For sale (by the package only) by
DUDGEON & CO.
Wilmington, Aug. 20-1w*

KEOCO MILLS,
BOON HILL, JOHNSTON COUNTY, N. C.

All kinds of PINE LUMBER, LIGHT-WOOD and post OAK posts, furnished at short notice.

Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WM. J. CLARKE,
O. D. COOKE,
Aug. 20-1aw1* Agents.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY AND CO.,
(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,
271 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Shootings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice. Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.
Aug. 20-6m

GENUINE IMPORTED SEGARS.

A very superior lot, various popular Brands.
Also, a lot of beautiful, *American made*, Havanas and American fillers. These goods are offered free from the advance of the late Tariff, which will be appreciated by the trade.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Aug. 17-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
RALEIGH, N. C.

WE have the pleasure to inform the travelling public, and our numerous friends, that, having recently assumed the management of this Hotel, we have spared no pains or expense in thoroughly renovating the premises, and supplying the House with elegant and necessary furniture entire.

We are determined to exert ourselves to furnish the neatest and most desirable accommodations to our patrons, and will make this House in all respects what a first class

METROPOLITAN HOTEL

should be.

Hoping to have the pleasure of serving the public and our former patrons, we invite all to call and give us a trial.

J. M. BLAIR,
late of the Eagle Hotel, Ashville, N. C.
Aug. 4-1m

One Thousand Dollars Reward

IS OFFERED FOR THE APPREHENSION OF THE persons who, on the night of the 9th. inst., murdered Mr. John A. Cutchin, and robbed the store of Messrs. Garrett & Cutchin, at this place. About Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars in national currency were taken, and about Ten Dollars in Specie, besides a Double Case Silver Watch and the money taken from the pockets of the murdered man.

Suspicion rests on a young m. n. who was working in the immediate vicinity, but who left the day after. He calls himself "*William Bailey*," says he has recently returned from Point Lookout; is about six feet high, slender, with dark hair, and with dark, though thin moustache; shaven immediately under the nose. He has "Sailor marks" on his arms made with ink, especially on his right arm. Says he ran away from his parents when 13 years old. Claims to have had a home in Hyde County. All persons are requested to arrest this man, or to forward to this place any information which may lead to his arrest and conviction. Address A. BRASWELL, at this place.

Whitaker's Station, Edgecombe, N. C., Aug. 14, 1866.
Aug. 18-1w

TOURNAMENT AT BUFFALO SPRINGS!

Eight Knights of Virginia, having challenged the same number from North Carolina, and the challenge having been accepted, the riding will take place on Monday Sept. 3rd, 1866.

Besides the usual prize on such occasion, the Proprietor offers, as a prize to the champion, "AN ELEGANT SADDLE."

On the same evening, there will be a

Coronation Ball,

gotten up in the most splendid style.

The Knights, entering the List, will not be charged board for self and horse for a week preceding the Tournament.

T. PAXSON.
Aug. 13-1d

NOTICE.

Especial attention is invited to our stock of ST. MARCEAUX CHAMPAGNE WINES, in quarts and pints, said by Connoisseurs to be the finest Imported.

—ALSO—

Pipes HEIDSICK, very popular; Duff Gordons pale SHERRY, warranted pure; the only strictly pure genuine MADEIRA in the Country; OLD PORT, pure and safe to administer to the feeble; St. Julian CLARET, and Otard, Dupuy & Co's. COGNAC BRANDY, genuine, of the Vintage of 1864, very superior and safe to administer at the sick bed of dearest friends.

—ALSO,—

Pure Old JAMAICA RUM and HOLLAND GIN; for Sale to the trade by.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Aug. 17-tf

NOT STOPPED!

The undersigned, having secured a copyright according to law, have not stopped, but are now manufacturing, and will continue to manufacture, the Genuine Spanish Flavored

DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO,

at Durham's, N. C. They will be pleased to receive orders from their old friends and customers, and promise to furnish a genuine article, inferior to none manufactured in this State, or any where else. All Tobacco manufactured by them will have their brand.

R. F. MORRIS & SON.
Durham's, Aug. 14-1m*

WESTERN N. C. RAILROAD,

OFFICE SECRETARY AND TREASURER,
Statesville, July 23d, 1866.

The next Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Western North Carolina Rail Road will be held in Morganton, on Thursday, the 30th. August.

R. F. SIMONTON,
Aug. 7-6t. Secretary and Treasurer.

BACON & LARD.

100 Pieces prime Virginia Bacon.
10 Kegs prime Country Lard.
Arriving to
R. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Aug. 11-tf

WANTED.—A single gentleman, competent to teach the languages, to take charge of a private school in my family.

A maimed Confederate Soldier preferred.

Reference as to character and qualification required.

Address, COL. JOHN F. SANDERS,
Smithfield, Johnston Co., N. C.
Aug. 13-1w*

CHOLERA! CHOLERA!!

REMEMBER—REMEMBER—REMEMBER.

P. P. PESCUD keeps constantly on hand the best Cholera and Diarrhœa Medicines. He has a remedy which has been used with extraordinary success for fifteen years, which every person should keep about him.

Raleigh, Aug. 18-2w

FOR SALE

WHITE CORN and FLOUR.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Aug. 8-tf