THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PEL, } Editors.
SEATON GALES. }

Friday Evening, Nov. 23, 1866.

Our Western Counties.

The great impediment to the rapid increase of wealth in our Western counties is their inaccessibility to market. The Eastern and middle counties of the State, annually import hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of nessaries and luxuries from the North, which our own Western counties could supply in the greatest abundance, equal in quality and at a much cheaper rate, if they had quick and reasonably cheap transportation. Railroads are the only possible means which can be furnished them for this purpose.

Butter, cheese, beef, tallow, hides, honey, apples, Irish potatoes, onions, cabbages, chesnuts, flour and a variety of other articles are now produced in very great abundance. A little attention to the culture and manufacture of these articles, will enable our people in the West, to produce and keep them in as good style and preservation as they are now produced at the North. It is, therefore, of the highest importance, that railroad facilities should be afforded them as soon as possible.

But railroad transportation is not all. It is important if they have railroads, in order for them to compete with others in the markets, that the roads should so regulate their tariffs of freights, as that the cost of transportation shall not entirely put a stop to production.

It appears to us that many of our railroad managers do not sufficiently discriminate between the *value* and weight of articles. The *weight* of articles, of course, must as a general principle regulate the price of freight, but besides this general principle, regard should be had always, we think, to the *value* of the article. For instance, the charge on 100 lbs. of cotton, at present price, ought not to be less, indeed, ought to be much greater than on 100 lbs. of onions, potatoes or apples; otherwise, the culture of these necessary articles would be discouraged and prevented.

A commission house in this city called our attention to the following fact which illustrates our position: A gentleman in Catawba county having raised a large quantity of fine onions, forwarded fifteen bushels of this article to a commission house in this city to sell for him.—On their arrival, the railroad freight bill was presented and paid. The 15 bushels of onions will hardly bring more than $1,50 per bushel, or $22,50 for the whole. Now on these 15 bushels of onions, the freight from Newton, Catawba county to Salisbury, was only $1,90.—This we call a moderate charge. But the freight from Salisbury to Raleigh was $5,08!—We beg leave to ask the proper officers of the N. C. R. R. if this latter charge is not an error. If not, we can hardly hope to get any more onions from Catawba.

The Bertie Meeting.

We take pleasure to-day in laying before our readers, the proceedings of a meeting held recently in the County of Bertie, by the citizens generally, in order to invite agriculturalists from abroad to settle among them. The sentiments expressed by that meeting are similar to those of the people of every portion of the State. We have uttered this opinion time and again, and we are glad that the people make similar utterances throughout the State. No man, white or black, is liable to suffer in North Carolina for his political sentiments, or for his past course as a citizen in reference to the late war. Men holding adverse sentiments to the great majority of our people, who on set purpose labor to foment discord, and excite partizan feelings among us, are not so much esteemed we admit; but any quiet, ingenuous good citizen, no matter what his opinions, or where he came from, who pursues a respectable vocation, shares in the good feelings and courtesies of our people.

We repeat what we have often said, that Northern men pursuing an honest vocation, among us, are as safe in any portion of this State as in the North. Our laws protect all alike, and where men prove themselves to be worthy, good citizens, they are respected.

The Legislature.

To-day the standing committees of the Senate and some of those of the House were announced. Quite a number of bills were introduced in both Houses. The election of Comptroller has been kept off by the Senate, but we presume will be disposed of in a few days.

We are obliged to Col. Cowan, of the House, for the resolution ordering hereafter the printing of the Governor's message and Treasurer's report before the meeting of the General Assembly. This was a good move. We beg leave to suggest, that the same reason exists for the publication of the Comptroller's report, the report of the Insane Asylum and the Institution of the Deaf, Dumb and the Blind, and indeed, all the regular reports which are to be submitted to the General Assembly, before the session commences.

Scarcely any thing would tend to facilitate legislation so much as this. All these important papers being ready and printed before the session begins, the committees could immediately begin their investigation as soon as appointed. Whereas, the printing of reports after the session opens, which make from 5 to 700 pages, and much of it rule and figure work, necessarily consumes much time and delays action. We hope the necessary action will be taken upon this subject.

Consolidation.

Our cotemporary the Wilmington *Journal* has a long leader in opposition to the proposition to consolidate the N. C., Atlantic and Western Extension Railroads. It intimates that the question will be considered at the proposed meeting of the stockholders of the N. C. Railroad, soon to meet in this city. We had heard no mention of that as one of the objects of the meeting, yet the subject may be considered.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

FRIDAY MORNING, Nov. 23.

The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock A. M.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. Speed, Senator from Johnston, until Tuesday next.

The Speaker announced the following Committees:

The Senate branch of the Committee on the proposed Constitutional amendment, are Messrs. Leach, McLean, Covington, Clark and Jones.

Committee on Propositions and Grievances.—Messrs. Cunningham, Kelley, Covington, Harris of Franklin, Jones, Brown and Willey.

Committee on Claims.—Messrs. Gash, Johnson, Bullock, Coward, Perebee, McRae and Edwards.

Committee on Privileges and Elections—Messrs. Battle, Etheridge, Spencer, Harris, of Rutherford, Hand, Perkins and Snead.

Committee on the Judiciary.—Messrs. Wilson, Leach, McCorkle, Moore, Brown, Avery and Robins.

Committee on Internal Improvements.—Messrs. Avery, Hall, Wiggins, Speed, Koonce, McLean and Love.

Committee on Education and the Literary Fund.—Messrs. Hall, Edwards, Thornton, Williams, Hill, Lloyd and Mathews.

Committee on Banks and Currency.—Messrs. Cowles, Berry, Marshall, Adams, Mathew, Perebee and Paschall.

Committee on Corporations.—Messrs. Clark, Moore, Paschall, Johnson, Kelly, Thompson, Respass.

Committee on Military Affairs.—Messrs. Leach, Battle, Richardson, Bullock, Love, Williams and Kelley.

Committee on Agriculture.—Messrs. Covington, Barnes, Clark, Thornton, Perkins, Richardson and Koonce.

JOINT COMMITTEES—SENATE BRANCH.

Finance.—Messrs. Hall, Wiggins, Covington, McLean, Berry, Gash, Adams and Etheridge.

Public Buildings and Grounds.—Messrs. Thornton and Barnes.

Cherokee Lands and Western Turnpike.—Messrs. Gash, Love and McCorkle.

Swamp Lands.—Messrs. Koonce, Spencer and Coward.

Library.—Messrs. Clark, Outlaw and Cunningham.

Insane Asylum.—Messrs. Speed, Wilson and Berry.

Deaf and Dumb Asylum.—Messrs. Hall, Harris, of Rutherford and Robins.

Mr. Speed introduced a resolution to prevent fraud upon the revenue, on his motion it was referred to the committee on Finance.

A message was received from the House transmitting a resolution requiring the Secretary of State to furnish each member of this General Assembly with copies of the ordinances and resolutions passed by the last State Convention at its second session. On motion of Mr. Leach, it was laid on the table. Also a message proposing to raise a joint select committee to make necessary arrangements for opening the election returns and counting the vote for Governor. Concurred in.

A message was received from the House proposing to raise a joint select Committe to whom shall be referred so much of the Governor's message as relates to a Penitentiary. Concurred in. Also a message proposing to go forthwith into the election of Comptroller of the State. On motion of Mr. Wilson it was rejected.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Wilson and Avery Committee on Enrolled Bills for the week.

A message was received from the House transmitting the joint rules for the government of both Houses. These rules created some discussion, were slightly amended and adopted. Also a message proposing to print the rules in sufficient number to allow a copy for each member of the General Assembly. On motion of Mr. Wilson, it was laid on the table. Also, a message transmitting a communication from the Governor, inclosing a report from Jacob Siler agent of the Cherokee land recommending its reference to the Committee on Cherokee land. The reference was made, and on motion of Mr. Wilson the accompanying documents were ordered to be printed. Also a message transmitting a communication from the Governor enclosing a correspondence from the Agent of the Bureau in this State, relative to providing for the destitute of the State, and recommend that a Joint Select Committee be raised to consider the matter, which was concurred in.

On motion of Mr. Wilson the Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock to-morrow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, November 23rd, 1866.

The House was called to order at eleven o'clock A. M.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following committees were announced.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs. McKay, Dargan, Davis, Kenan, Morehead, Perry of Carteret, Richardson, Everett, Logan, Whitfield, Jordan, Durham, and Peebles.

ON FINANCE.

Messrs. Harper, Patton, Latham of Washington, Cowan, Lutterloh, Guess, Lowe and Holderby.

ON INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

Messrs. Cowan, Clark of Halifax, Lutterloh, Umsted, Houston, Horton, of Wilkes, Patton, Bryson, Logan, Chadwick and Ford.

Mr. Cowan presented a petition from Jno. A. Taylor of New Hanover county—owner of the "Great Causeway Ferries," over Cape Fear and Brunswick Rivers, praying that the State taxes on these Ferries be reduced, by being imposed hereafter, on the *nett* instead of the *gross* receipts. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Stevenson introduced a resolution to raise a joint select committee, to report a memorial to the Congress of the United States, praying that body to call a Convention of the States of the Union, to take into consideration the present Constitution of the United States, and if need be, amend the same. Rejected.

Mr. Kenan introduced a resolution to raise a joint committee to make arrangements for counting the votes for Governor cast at the recent election. Adopted.

Mr. Carson, a resolution of instruction to the Judiciary Committee, that they report a bill making provision, by a board of valuation, or otherwise, that property sold under execution shall bring a fair value in the currency of the United States. Adopted.

By Mr. McNair, a resolution requiring the Secretary of State to furnish members of this Assembly with copies of the ordinances and resolutions of the late Convention. Adopted.

By Mr. Hutchison, a resolution to raise a joint committee on so much of the Governor's message as relates to the establishment of a State Penitentiary. Adopted.

Mr. Ross introduced a memorial from Rufus H. Jones, of Wake County, executor of Alfred Jones, deceased, relative to lost bonds. Referred.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. McRae, a bill to incorporate the South Union Manufacturing Company, of Richmond County.

By Mr. Bowe, a bill in relation to Public Roads. (Proposes to enact that all males between the ages of fifteen and fifty-five years shall be required to work the roads.)

By Mr. Clark, a bill for the relief of the people.

By Mr. Richardson, a bill to incorporate the Bladen Manufacturing Company.

By Mr. Moore, of Chatham, a bill for the relief of the people of Chatham County.

By Mr. Granberry, a bill to amend an act to improve the law of evidence, passed at the session of 1866.

By Mr. Blair, a bill to repeal so much of an act passed at the last session of the General Assembly, as requires persons over forty five years of age to work on the public roads.

By Mr. Rogers, a bill to enact that horses or mules which were captured by the Federal or Confederate armies, and now in the possession of any citizen of this State, shall not be molested or taken by any person whatsoever.

By Mr. Crawford, of Macon, a bill to repeal an act, entitled an act to provide hands to work on public roads, and to re-enact section 40th of chapter 101 of the Revised Code.

By Mr. Durham, a bill to exempt from taxation the polls and property of disabled soldiers, and the property of widows in certain cases.

By Mr. Scott, a bill to establish a homestead freehold.

By Mr. Waugh, a bill to provide more effectually for the punishment of horse stealing.

The Speaker announced the following as the House branch of the Joint Committee on the Constitutional amendment, viz: Messrs. Perry, of Carteret, Davis, of Franklin, Morehead, Kenan, Wilson, of Forsyth, Russ, Waugh and Hodnett.

A message was received from His Excellency, Gov. Worth, enclosing communications from Col. Bumford and Gen. Howard, U. S. army, with reference to the issue of government rations to indigent whites and blacks;

Sent to the Senate, with a proposal to refer it to a joint committee.

Also a message from His Excellency, transmitting the financial report of Jacob Siler, agent of the State for the sale of Cherokee lands. Referred to the committee on Cherokee lands and Western Turnpikes.

On motion of Mr. Crawford, of Rowan, a message was sent to the Senate proposing that the two Houses proceed to elect the Comptroller.

The Senate, by message, refused to concur, and the House adjourned until eleven o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 20, 1866.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—One of those periodical simoons which sweep over nations, seems to have burst in its full fury upon the Northern section of this Union. France has had its Mississippi scheme, its revolution of '92; England its South Sea bubble; Germany its secret societies and Materialism, and the events of the passing year have shown, that the great North American Republic is not exempt from the national epidemics of the old world, which for a time overcome all principles and precedents, and leave right and wrong involved in inextricable confusion.

The recent elections have spoken to the world in a manner not to be misunderstood, and should the spirit of those elections and the principles they enunciate be taken as the settled policy of the people, we might well despair of republican institutions. True, however, to the Republican faith of our ancestors, we cannot but believe that the *mass* of the people mean well. They may be mistaken, they may be deceived, they may be misled by designing and unprincipled leaders; but sooner or later, the popular mind will discover the truth, and the great popular heart will throb in unison to the true principles of liberty and right. For the present, however, the will of the predominating section, and with that the policy of the Government, has been unmistakably settled. The only resource then for the South, is to develop her resources, encourage immigration and bide her time. Even should the Constitutional amendment be unlawfully adopted by excluding the vote of the "ten," by the next census, perhaps, it will cease to be injurious, and act *against* the States now most zealous in its adoption. The South owns more than one-half of the now settled territory; the climate is genial and the soil fertile. The wave of immigration will soon set in, and the little New England States just now so noisy, may find themselves shorn of those State rights which they are so willing now to ignore. They are treading on dangerous ground, for precedents in politics, as in law, are terrible things.

It is *on dit* that an agreement with the Juarez government has been made by which the States of Sonora, Chihuahua and Lower California are to be turned over to the United States for annexation. It is said that the mission of Gen. Sherman is for the purpose of settling preliminaries and merely precedes an army of occupation. Certain it is, that unusual movements of troops have lately taken place in that direction. Should these rumors prove true, it indicates that the President has adopted a policy, perhaps the only one, which will restore his popularity in the Northern States. The Northern mind over stimulated by the war and particularly its successful termination, is active, morbidly active, and must have something to feed upon. Any thing tending to the aggrandizement of the Republic is emphatically *popular*. Annexation of the Northern States of Mexico, while it would bring popularity to the administration, by turning public attention from issues on which it has already dwelt too long, would probably ensure the speedy admission of the excluded States. Viewed in this light, the measure would be a fine stroke of policy, but the ultimate effect of this vast increase of Territory, on the destinies of the Republic, is a question for the mature deliberation of the statesman and for time, which at last settles all questions from the minutest to the greatest.—The acquisition would indeed give us a shorter and more practicable route than any we now possess, to the Pacific. The shriek of the steam whistle which annihilates time and space may be allowed to compensate, in some degree, for the argument of those, if any, who may feel disposed to imitate the now annexationists of Polks administration.

The Capital has lately been enlivened by the presence of Parepa, the celebrated songtress, who is said to rival, if not surpass, Jenny Lind in her achievements.

Preparations are being made, at the Capitol, for the reception of the fortieth Congress, which is probably destined to be a memorable one in history, and whose first move on the board will be anxiously looked for by the whole American people. C.

REMARKABLE DEATH OF AN AGED COUPLE.—Sylvanus Hartshorn, Esq., one of the oldest, best known and most esteemed citizens of Norfolk, whose residence was on Bermuda street, was taken ill on yesterday morning, and without any alarming premonitory symptoms of dissolution, died in a fit of apoplexy.

His aged consort, with whom a few months ago he celebrated his golden wedding, overcome by the great calamity, was taken ill, and died within two hours of her husband, the victim of a nervous shock. Their souls are again united in stronger than matrimonial ties, in the realms of the blessed.—*Norfolk Virginian of 20th.*

For the Sentinel.

"That glorious old patriot" (Brownlow.)—*Standard.*

"So far as Governors Hamilton and Brownlow are concerned, we esteem them the equals of Governors Sharkey and Perry in purity, integrity and patriotism."—*Standard, Nov. 17th, 1866.*

"We are quite content with *our record*"—(Quere—in '61-2 and 3?)—*Holden.*

In 1844, Wm. G. Brownlow, not then a Governor, was in the city of Raleigh; and, provoked by what he then saw in the *Standard*, published a letter in which he showed his estimation of its editor in tolerably energetic language.—After calling him various hard names—such as "that prince of hypocrites," "the notorious apostate of the *Standard*"—and characterising his paper as "the *putrified* sheet through the columns of which *Billy Holden* lies weekly." He thus closes his loving epistle:

"But who is *Billy Holden* that he should apply the epithets of "rowdy," "blackguard," &c., to honest and decent men? He is a third rate County Court Lawyer, who some short time ago wrote and spoke the high praises of Mr. Clay, Gov. Morehead and the Whig party generally; with a view to induce the Whigs to give him employment that he might avoid *starvation*. He is that same little wavering, breathing *putrified* monument of his own shame and disgrace, who was repulsed by the proprietor of the *Star* office, upon his application to become a *partner* in the concern!

He is that vainglorious little creature, who, to gain notoriety, and at the same time make his bread and meat, wrote to the Hon. Wm. A. Graham, while a Senator in Congress, asking him to aid him in buying out the Star office, with a view to his starting a more efficient Whig press in Raleigh, and one that would handle the Locofoco's as they deserved to be handled! And last, though not least, he is the same depraved little political *mendicant*, who, making known *his price* to the Locofocos at Raleigh, has been bought and paid for, soul and body,—receipts in due form having passed between the "high contracting parties." In this contemptible little *renegade* is all want of principle brought to a *focus*. And if any responsible Whig or Democrat has ever known him to look an honest man in the face since his connexion with the Locofoco party and can state it appear, why, I will make a public acknowledgement to the man. He has the worst countenance of any man I saw in Raleigh. And if his countenance be a true index to his heart I would as soon suspect him of *taking things without leave*, as any man I have met with since I left Tennessee.

As it regards the self-styled Democratic party, both in North Carolina and elsewhere, I consider the mass of the common people as honest, as virtuous, and as patriotic, as those of any other party, and have so expressed myself on all occasions. But the *leaders* of that party, by whom I mean the Editors, orators and wire-workers, I regard as the most *unmitigated* association of villains now living, from Van Buren *down even to Billy Holden.*"

WILLIAM G. BROWNLOW.
Editor of the Jonesboro' Whig.

RALEIGH, April 18th. 1864.

"I would not curse a dog so"—quoth mine uncle Toby. But Uncle Toby was wrong. This is not cursing, it is only a pleasant exhibition of those amenities which characterise gentlemen born to be great. It is only enacting the part of the impulsive Emerald Islander, who "Meets with his friend, and *for love* knocks him down."

Some people might suppose that this mode of salutation is a little eccentric. By no means. It is usual among cultivated gentlemen, who boast and have always boasted their "social position." They even take liberties with each other which are denied to the baser sort. These seeming curses are blessings in disguise. That "glorious old patriot," and that other one whom *he* delights to honor, now sleep together. Indeed, there are three delicious X. P. G's in the same family bed, lying spoon-fashion, congratulating each other that they have a "fixed place in history"—and that "it will always be known that *Provisional Governors* existed at one time in our system of Government, and who those Governors were." History will certainly remember Holden, Jack Hamilton and Brownlow. Each shall be called Governor "always"—and longer too. They have "as fixed a place in history as any." Sancho Panza shall never overshadow *them*—nor that other Governor, Beelzebub (so-called) who rules over a hotter region than San Salvador.—Some Governors there be who have attained a bad eminence, but they shall be all known in history.

The question so long debated, in what school our accomplished X. P. G. studied the graces, is now at rest. He has evidently drawn his polished shafts from the quiver of "that glorious old patriot." His knightly bearing towards his adversaries could have been acquired in no other school, and taught by no other master.—Both, master and man, are statesmen of refined sensibilities and gentlemanly mien. Both are brave, and were never known to run from danger. Both are models of gratitude and know experimentally, nothing of the "viper's tooth" or thankless child. Both are true as steel to their friends, who have given them brandy, or done other favors—and to the States who have given them birth and nurture. Both are scrupulously truthful, and never mistake coarse vituperation for argument. Both are aware that a good cause scorns to admit falsehood in its support—that like beauty, it

"Needs not the foreign aid of (*such*) ornament,
But is, when unadorned, adorned the most."

Both, being high-bred and chivalrous gentlemen, "*sans peur et sans reproche*," practice high courtesy to all adversaries, personal and political; secure themselves from contempt, they scorn to speak contemptuously of others who are less endowed with pre-eminent merits.—Having never sinned themselves, though they might cast stones at the frail ones, they forbear, and say gently, "go thy way and sin no more." Both are kind and conciliatory in their manners to an extreme—as X. P. G's of historic renown should always be. Having never been *vipers* in the bosom, nor snakes in the grass, they never talk about "scourging" their old friends and neighbors "with scorpions." They never talk about "biding their time," with an ominous, exultant shake of the head. They never "thank God that a day of reckoning is at hand," when their own kith and kin are to be made to bite the dust at *their* feet, and there shall be none to deliver. In fine, they twain are emphatically *par nobile fratrum*, loving "Arcades Ambo"—Siamese twins, held together in sympathetic union by that portion of their bodies where the loaves and fishes go, after they are swallowed. X

PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.—In the Presbyterian General Assembly now in session in Memphis, on the 19th, the discussion of the relation of baptised children to discipline in the church was concluded, and the canon, as reported by the commissioners, was adopted. An important report, on beneficiary education, was presented by the chairman of the commitee appointed by the last general assembly. Carson's discipline, as far as chapter 9th, was adopted, with slight modifications.

Tribute of Respect.

At a meeting of Alamance Lodge, No. 123, held in its Hall in Graham Nov. 17th. A. D. 1866—A. L. 5866, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, it has pleased the Supreme architect to remove from labor in our midst to refreshment in heaven our beloved Brother, SIDNEY ANDERSON, who died Nov. 14th. 1866, therefore:

Resolved, 1st. That though we mourn deeply the loss of our dear brother, yet we are satisfied that our *loss*, though to us irreparable, has been to him eternal gain.

Resolved, 2nd. That this Lodge has lost a worthy member, his family a kind protector, and the community an upright and useful citizen.

Resolved, 3rd. That we tender to the family and friends of the deceased our sincere and heartfelt sympathy for their great loss, and would commend them to the care of Him who smites us for our eternal good.

Resolved, 4th. That we wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days; and that this preamble and resolutions be sent to the Raleigh *Sentinel* for publication, and that the Secretary furnish the family of our departed brother with a copy of the same.

W. S. LONG, }
W. A. ALBRIGHT, } Committee.
JOHN K. RUFFIN, }

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE

THE Brick Store and lot, on Fayetteville St., in Raleigh belonging to the N. C. Publishing Company. Sealed proposals will be received until the 12th. of December, for the purchase of the same. The Company reserves the right, to reject, any or all of said bids.

W. H. CUNINGGIM,
Nov 23-2w Agent.

Notice.

THE Trustees of Greensboro Female College are requested to meet in Greensboro in the basement of the Methodist Church on the 12th. of December next. A punctual attendance is earnestly desired.

J. E. WILLIAMSON,
Nov 23-4t President.

WANTED!

A FOREMAN—who is a good printer and *proof reader*, to take charge of the Office of the Advocate Publishing Company.

W. H. CUNINGGIM,
Nov 23-1w Agent.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.,

NOVEMBER, 21, 1866.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE BANK OF CLARENDON AT FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

AT the Fall Term 1866 of the Court of Equity for Cumberland county, in the State of North Carolina, the undersigned was appointed Commissioner of the Bank of Clarendon at Fayetteville, pursuant to the provisions of the Statute ratified March 12th, 1866, entitled "an act to enable the Banks of the State to close their business."

Public Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the Bank of Clarendon at Fayetteville, to prefer and establish their demands against said Bank, by the first day of June, A. D. 1866.

JNO. W. SANFORD,
Nov 23-1w54 Commissioner.

A NEW PAPER.

WE the undersigned propose to publish a new paper in Warrenton, N. C. to commence January the 1st. 1867.

The paper will be devoted to Literature, Agriculture, County, State, General and Miscellaneous News, Independent in Politics and Religion.

REV. J. B. SOLOMON and others, Editors.
J. H. BENNETT, Publisher & Proprietor.
Warrenton, N. C.
Nov 23-4t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

$400 REWARD!

A PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of North Carolina:

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me, that JAMES K. MORROW, late of the County of Cherokee, in said State, stands charged with the murder of Harlan A. Boone, of said County and State, and that the said Morrow is a fugitive from justice:

Now, therefore, in order that the said Morrow may be arrested and brought to trial, for said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this my Proclamation, offering the reward of FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Cherokee County.

In witness whereof, His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed.

Done at the City of Raleigh, this 22d. day of November A. D. 1866.

JONATHAN WORTH.

By the Governor:
WM. H. HASLEM,
Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION:—James K. Morrow, is about 6 feet high weighs about 190 lbs., auburn hair, hazel eyes, fair complexion, flat compressed mouth, sharp aqueline nose, about thirty years old, very slightly stooped shouldered, flat chested, rather prepossessing in his general bearing, but low and vulgar in his conversation, fond of liquor and very profane.

Nov 23-1m

Progress, Asheville News, and Cleaveland, Tenn., paper, copy 1 month and send bill to the Executive office.

THE MOST VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE

IN NORTH CAROLINA, FOR SALE.

IN PURSUANCE of a decree of our Court of Equity, I shall sell at public Auction on the premises, on the 1st day of January 1867, at the hour of 12 M., the property known as

GRISWOLD'S HOTEL,
In Goldsborough, N. C.

Including 175 acres of Land adjoining said town, and what is known as the "Stable Lots," on John Street, on the following terms: The purchaser will be required to advance to the Master a sum sufficient to effect an insurance as directed by the decree, and to pay the costs of the proceedings, to secure the remainder of the purchase money by bonds with security payable in six, twelve and eighteen months, with interest from date. Possession given on or before the 10th of January, and the title retained until the purchase money is paid.

W. G. MORRISEY,
Clerk and Master in Equity for Wayne County.

—ALSO—

I shall sell at the same time and place, 5-16 interest in a tract of Land in Chatham County, and in a tract of land in Moore County, being the same which were conveyed on the 9th and 16th of December 1854 by Amos Wade, to William Kornegay and others, and which are valuable on account of the coal mines which they contain. Terms, 5 per cent cash, bond with approved security for the balance payable six months after date with interest from date. Title retained until the purchase money is paid.

W. G. MORRISEY, C. M. E.
Nov. 23—4d Of Wayne County.

SUPREME COURT.

THE Winter term will commence on the second Monday in January next.

FIRST WEEK.—Monday and Tuesday will be devoted to applicants for licenses—Causes on the 1 Circuits will be called, and motions heard for certiorari &c.
SECOND WEEK.—Causes will be called II & V Cir'ts.
THIRD WEEK.— " " " IV & VI "
FOURTH WEEK.— " " " VI & VII "
FIFTH WEEK.— " " " III "
and cases on the other circuits not before argued.

By order,
E. B. FREEMAN, Clerk.
Nov 22-3tood

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS A Large lot of fine APPLES,

ALSO,

A No. 1 Lot of
Cheese,
Butter, &c.,
AT
R. K. FERRELL'S.
Nov 22-1w

For Sale or Rent.

MY PLANTATION on Shocco Creek, in Warren County, 15 miles South of Warrenton. The place contains 500 acres of splendidly Timbered Land, open Land enough to work 10 or 15 hands; has no improvements except a Gin House. Persons wishing to buy or rent will be allowed reasonable terms. Apply to

MRS. W. H. POLK.
Nov. 21-1m Warrenton, N. C.

Office N. C. Railroad Co.,

COMPANY SHOPS, Nov. 20, 1866.

THE HOLDERS of the Bonds of the North Carolina Railroad Company, are requested to furnish the President with the number of each Bond in their possession, and at the same time signify whether they are willing to renew their Bonds, or whether they will demand payment of the same when they fall due. This information is particularly desired before the 12th day of December next, to be laid before the Stockholders of the Company, who meet in Raleigh on that day.

THOMAS WEBB,
Nov. 21-112dec President.

☞ Progress, Standard, Journal and Dispatch, Wilmington; Patriot, Greensboro'; North State and Banner, Salisbury; Democrat, Charlotte, copy till 12th December.

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!

LATEST NOVELTIES

IN Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Furs, together with a full stock of Flannels and Domestic Goods, and a full assortment of Ladies, Misses and Childrens

Shoes,

to be found at

M. ROSENBAUM'S,
No. 16, Fayetteville St.
Come one and all and examine his stock.

M. ROSENBAUM,

No. 16 Fayetteville St.,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the public at large to his fine Stock of Gents ready made

CLOTHING,

WHICH HE IS NOW OFFERING

AT COST;

as he intends to change his line of business, and keep only *Ladies' Wear*.

White Skirts, Genuine English Underwear, and half Hose, and everything appertaining to a complete stock of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS constantly on hand.

Gent's and Boys Hats and Caps of all the fashionable styles.

Boots and Shoes

in great variety.

Gents fine Calf Boots at $6.00. Dont forget the place.

M. ROSENBAUM,
Nov 21-4f No. 16, Fayetteville St.

North State Iron and Brass Works.

THESE well known Iron Works are turning out all kinds of Mill Castings and wrought Mill Irons, also, every variety of one and two horse plows, and plow castings. The Stock of Farming Implements now on hand and ready for delivery is very large, and consists in part of the following, viz:

500 No. 0 Plows, (Richmond Patent.)
500 Self Sharpener do.
200 No. 14 do. (William's Patent.)
100 No. 60 do. " "
50 No. 50 do. (Allen's ")
30 No. 1 One Horse Livingston Plows.
20 No. 2 Two Horse " "

10,000 lbs., all kinds of Plow Castings, together with Sinclair & Co's. Propeller Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, of various patterns. O'Ames' Shovels and Spades, Sam'l. W. Collins & Co's., Axes, and Cast Steel plows, Nova Scotia Grindstones, &c., &c.

We are also Agents for the Sale of every description of Agricultural Implements manufactured in the United States.

All kinds of Castings, Forgings, and repairing done neatly and upon short notice.

N. B. Wanted at once 100,000 lbs., old cast scrap Iron, for which we will pay liberally in cash, or exchange Plows or Plow castings.

B. P. WILLIAMSON, & CO.
Nov 21-tf

FOR RENT.

MY PLANTATION, known as "Montmorency," between Shocco and Sulphur Springs, in Warren County, 12 miles south of Warrenton. The Plantation is in good repair and capable of working 25 hands, has on the place a large and handsome dwelling house, good out houses, Gin House, Blacksmith shop, farming utensils, &c., Provisions; which I will sell on reasonable terms. Also 8 mules, and hands on the place which can be secured by immediate application. I will either rent for money or a part of the crop. Address MRS. M. K. WILLIAMS.
Nov 21-1m. Warrenton, N. C.

BUGGY MATERIALS.

We have on hand Hickory Spokes and Felloes. Best finished Shafts, and Hubs. Which we are offering at reduced prices.

—ALSO—

Patent Leather, Enameled Muslin, Drilling and Canvass, and many other articles in this line. We invite Manufacture's to give us a call.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh, Nov 21-tf

PLATED, FANCY GOODS AND BOOKS.

JUST received at Towles' Auction and Commission Store a beautiful variety of Plated ware and Fancy Goods and Book's which will be exposed to sale for a limited time. The attention of Dealers and others are respectfully invited to examine the stock, as the Goods must be closed out.

Auction sales will commence on Wednesday evening and continue through the week.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Nov 21-2t Com. Merchant & Auctioneer.

Lost.

A Lady's gold watch and chain. The watch rather large size but flat, single case, gold face, black figures and steel hands. The second hand steel also. A water scene engraved on the back. Also a smaller engraving of the same character on the face. Handsome, curiously wrought Gold chatelain with a hook, and finished with an eagle's head, with ruby eyes, and a ring in the beak, from which to suspend trinkets. A Suitable reward will be given for the recovery of the Watch and Chain.

Apply at
Nov. 18, tf. THIS OFFICE.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

A BEAUTIFUL assortment just received and for sale low at WATSON'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.

Members of the Legislature, Visitors and citizens are invited to call at WATSON'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, and hear of something to their interest.

J. W. WATSON.
Nov 21-tf

Hotel For Rent.

OFFICE, N. C. R. R. Co.,
COMPANY SHOPS, Nov. 20th. 1866.

THE large and commodious Hotel at the Company Shops is for rent, from the first of January next. Proposals for the same may be made to the President before the 12th. day of December next.

THOMAS WEBB,
Nov 21-2aw12Dec President.
Progress and Standard copy.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD STOCK.

I WILL exchange Stock in the Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road Company for Coupons of the Old North Carolina Bonds. Apply, at the Raleigh National Bank, to

W. B. GULICK,
Raleigh, Nov 21-tf Cashier.

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE WIL. AND MAN. R. R. CO.,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 5, 1866.

THE Nineteenth Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad Company, will be held in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Wednesday, the 28th. instant.

WM. A. WALKER,
Nov 5-td Secretary.