TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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" " six months	2.50
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" " six months	1.50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES,
EDITORS.

THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1867.

A MOVEMENT IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.

The time for the beginning of the registration, in this State, will doubtless be deferred by Gen. Sickles, to a later period than that heretofore announced. Reconstruction we regard as a fixed fact. But it must be effected according to the will and purpose of Congress, or not at all. It must be done in a manner, too, to suit the Republican or Radical party, or not at all. Gen. Sickles will enforce the law in accordance with the will of Congress and will allow no obstruction to its execution. The material interests, nay, the very lives, of the people in the two States, depend much upon reconstruction being effected in as short a time as possible. Our present situation is wearing out and exhausting the enterprise of our people. The incertitude as to the future is paralysing every business operation in the State. It is worse than military rule, or high taxes, or short crops.

Believing, therefore, that speedy reconstruction is essential to the material, present and future, interests of the people, and satisfied that the Congressional programme *will* be carried out fully, maugre all opposition, we regard it as one of the highest duties of all citizens, white and colored, who are eligible, to *register* and to *vote* for delegates to a State Convention. We cannot conceive that any good reason can exist, why any citizen of the State, who is not disfranchised, should *refuse or neglect to register and vote.*

Every voter in the State should register, and, if backward or indifferent, he should be taught his duty and urged to perform it.—How shall this be done? We can conceive of no better method than the one just adopted in Rowan County, at a meeting held at Salisbury on Saturday last. We copy the following proceedings from the *Old North State*:

"In pursuance of a previous notice, on Saturday, the 6th of July, a goodly number of the citizens of Rowan County, both white and colored, assembled at the Court House to consider the importance of registering, and to have an explanation of the rules to be applied to those who propose to register.

The meeting was organized by the appointment of John K. Graham, Esq., as Chairman, and Obadiah Woods and Lewis Hanes, Esqs., Secretaries.

The object of the meeting was briefly explained by Major Robbins, after which the audience was addressed by Messrs. Luke Blackmer, W. H. Bailey and F. E. Shober, Col A. C. Jones and Dr. J. W. Jones.

It was then declared to be the sense of the meeting, that the Chairman appoint one or more gentlemen to address the people of the county at each of the Sheriff's Tax-Gatherings, when the following gentlemen were appointed, viz: Gheen's Bridge, July 17th, Luke Blackmer, Esq.; Gillespie's, July 18th, Dr. J. G. Ramsay; Mt. Ulla, July 19th, F. E. Shober, Esq.; McConnaughey's July 20th, Col. H. C. Jones; Atwell's, July 24th, J. E. Kerr, Esq.; Litaker's, July 25th, Dr. I. W. Jones; Hartman's, July 26th, Major M. W. Robbins; Harkie's, July 27th, Dr. I. W. Hall; Hatters' Shop, July 31st, W. H. Bailey, Esq.; Morgan's, August 1st, Obadiah Woodson, Esq.; Gold Hill, August 2d, M. L. Holmes, Esq.; Miller's, August 3d, James M. McCorkle, Esq.

On motion, the papers of the town were requested to publish the proceedings, when the meeting adjourned.

JOHN K. GRAHAM, Ch'm'n.
OBADIAH WOODSON, }
LEWIS HANES } Secretaries.

Now, we fully endorse the objects of that meeting, and the plans adopted. We insist upon it, that the *conservative* people of the State, (by whom we mean all of those who are in favor of a *full registration of every white vote*, as well as *every colored* voter, in the State,) should call at once a meeting in every County, and that similar plans shall be adopted everywhere to effect *general registration.*

Nor is it all improper that any gentleman who feels an interest in the welfare of his country, whether disfranchised or not, should take part in promoting reconstruction, to the extent of addressing the people on the subject of registration. Indeed, it is a subject of such absorbing interest, that every man who can give the people light, should do so on all occasions.

"NONSENSE."—The most remarkable criticism that we have seen on Helper's late book is from the *Republican*, an intensely Radical paper published in Chicago. The Editor, in referring to those portions in which the author essays to demonstrate that all objects of horror or disgust are represented under sable similitudes, joins issue with Helper and defends the *black* at the expense of his own ostensible color. He says:

"Mr. Helper does not stop to note that death is never described as mounted on a black horse, but always on a white one; that no regions of the earth are so hopelessly given over to sterility and death as the polar regions, and snow-covered mountain peaks ever-clothed in white; that ghosts usually dress in white; and that very weak men, when made obnoxious to loathing, some very base thing, as Mr. Helper, after writing a book recommending the extermination of the black race, usually turn very white. On the other hand, we are told that "white is a thing of life, health, and beauty." Sometimes yes, and sometimes no. A corpse is whiter than the same person would be living, yet few will contend that it contains more life, health and beauty. Very many serpents' eggs are white, yet they would hardly be cited as expressive of innocence or purity, compared with those of the dove and robin, which are dark."

All this is consistent, and we rather like it, on that account. A mistake has evidently been made in giving the Editor of the *Republican* a white skin. This defect of nature should be remedied, as far as possible, by giving his epidermis copious coats of his own printer's ink.

THE REGISTER *vs.* ULTRA-RADICALISM.

The *Register*, of this City, has a lengthy article in which it seeks to impress upon all our people the necessity of co-operating with the Republican party. We neither agree with its premises nor its conclusions, but there is *in obiter dictum*, in the course of its essay, which is both proper within itself and indicative of good judgment and much moderation nor the part of the paper in question. It says: "Nothing is more certain than that a victory achieved by indiscriminate denunciation of classes will come to a speedy end when military government ceases in the South."

This remark implies two things: First, that the presence of the military is regarded by some as necessary to the success of a *party* organization, which (the inference is) could not otherwise stand upon its own merits; and, secondly, that the military are presumed to be disposed to connive at this "indiscriminate denunciation of classes,"—which latter *proposition*, for the sake of the character of those who compose the army, we are loth to acknowledge.

But, letting inferences alone, the counsel of the *Register* establishes one thing which we have always believed, viz: That the genuine, consistent, all-the-time Unionists of the State are influenced by none of the vindictive and proscriptive passions and feelings that mark the latter-day saints,—the Radical *ephemera* that have been hatched from the secession grub. The man who involves his neighbor in a difficulty, and then cowardly deserts him to bear the brunt, is very apt to cherish an animosity towards his victim, *because* he feels the meanness of his own conduct and sees in his dupe the object which caused its development. So, the men who educated the people of North Carolina to believe in secession, are now the most bitter and malevolent towards those whom they first seduced and then betrayed. Perfectly conscious that they have lost the respect and confidence of the mass of the white people of the State, and that, having so grossly deceived them once, they have no chance of ever emerging again from obscurity through their assistance, they have turned upon them with demoniac hate and seek to array the blacks "indiscriminately" against them. There is about as much confidence to be placed in the sincerity of their new born zeal for the enfranchisement, education and elevation of the blacks, as in their "loyalty."

With these fledgelings, every man in the State, who does not bow the knee to the Radical Baal, is a "traitor," fit for confiscation or death. We are pleased, we repeat, to see that the *Register* repudiates such a baseness. In this it exhibits enlightenment, as well as justice. It cannot fail to appreciate the fact that the class thus denounced constitutes the bulk of the intelligence and moral worth of the State,—that it embraces the men who have given tone to North Carolina in the past, and who, alone, can give it character hereafter,—and that a party organization, divested of such elements, though it may prevail, for a while, by the brute force of numbers, will be powerful only for fleeting mischief and cannot stand the test of time. Hence it realizes the necessity of conciliating rather than repelling such. This is the truest wisdom.—If "Republican" principles cannot stand the ordeal of intelligent and dispassionate criticism, they will never stand at all. No one objects to the fair, candid and free presentation of them at all times. Such investigations we court.

REGISTRATION IN VIRGINIA.—The last Richmond *Enquirer* says that, to some extent, it is encouraged by the returns from the interior of the State, to hope that the difference between the number registered of whites and blacks respectively will not be so great as at first apprehended. It seems that when the officers are first opened the negroes rush forward in multitudes and register, while the whites wait a day or two and then register. From this it has happened in several sections that while the first reports have been very unfavorable to the whites, later intelligence has greatly improved their chances.

GENERAL SICKLES AND GENERAL AMNESTY.

We publish an important telegraphic rumor from Washington, with reference to a letter said to have been written to Senator Trumbull, by Gen. Sickles, on the subject of general amnesty. If the statement be correct, it is a strong evidence of our District Commander's discernment.

We invite attention to the excellent article, on our first page, from the New York *Tribune*, in reference to secret political organizations, and more especially that known as the "Grand Army of the Republic,"—an association highly commended by certain Southern Radicals, who never were in any army. We are pleased to see that the *Register*, of this City, republishes the same article, —all evidence that its own views, on this subject, are in accord with those of the *Tribune*.

At New Orleans the excitement against Mexico is very great and the proposition to undertake a filibustering expedition against that Republic is said to meet with the unanimous approval of both Federal and Confederates.

A placard denouncing the execution of Maximilian and the letter of Escobedo has been posted in the streets of New York. The placard calls for an indignation meeting of the citizens.

A circular has been issued from the Freedmen's Bureau of Tennessee, instructing the negroes to vote for whom they please, and assuring them that if they should be driven from their crops or denied employment in consequence, the Bureau will make provision for them.

The negroes colonized at New Smyrna, Florida, by certain philanthropic Radicals, are represented to be in a destitute condition. They complain that in almost every particular they have been deceived and disappointed.

A Mobile contemporary half predicts that Mayor Horton's "gray hairs will be," at some future time, "covered with the bloom of shame and despair." Then let him dye!

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

HOT SPRINGS, BATH COUNTY, VA., July 5th, 1867.

Dear Sentinel:—After a most sumptuous dinner, I sit down to finish my narrative, already spun out to an amazing length, (the dinner was likewise, I may add, and I hope these communications may prove somewhat as entertaining.)

My arrival I announced in my last. After duly registering boldly, "Raleigh, N. C." (though I did not put "correspondent of the *Sentinel*,") and resting awhile, we were summoned to inspect the premises. One of the Proprietors, Mr. Tardy, of Richmond, Dr. J. E. Williams, the resident Physician, Col. McClung, Manager, and Mr. Edward Fisher, his assistant, were on the inspecting staff.—But before we examine the baths and cottages and grounds, the appearance of the Hotel itself deserves a note. It is a large wooden building, parts built at different times, with two hundred feet front. The first story is high from the ground, ascended by steps, the full height of a story, insomuch that the ground floor, at the lower or west side, is of itself a story, and that part of the front presents three stories. Along the whole front of the first floor, is an elegant portico, furnishing a splendid promenade, and ample quarters for the reign of the blind god. The second story has likewise porches, not extending full length, but affording delightful exercise for invalids, and a fine loafing place (if with respect I may say so) for the ladies who watch the arrival of the stage. From a distance, the clean, white walls of the Hotel, with its double porches (and at one point treble,) and cool promenades, present an aspect inviting and home-like. It seems to be a place to the new-comer, of comfort and rest.

Passing to the lower lawn, which spreads out like a lake of green, we reach the Baths. The descent from the Hotel is perhaps fifty feet to this lawn, and the slope is gracefully terraced and robed with thick greensward. "Turpentine" paths coil their folds in the shaded mead, and tempt to listless saunttering. But the Baths themselves claim our attention, and deserve it. *Nelson* and *Simon* are ready to show you all the points, and to descant on the excellencies of the waters.—We see, first, the gentlemen's "hot spout," then the ladies' "hot spout," each 104 degrees Fahrenheit; then the gentlemen's Sulphur and the ladies' Sulphur, each 102 degrees. Then we pass to the "Boiler," where there are three pools for gentlemen, and three for ladies, with "sweat rooms." These waters are 107 and 110 degrees Fahrenheit, and the rooms adjacent are for those who have to undergo a course of blanketing and, I may say, *sweating*, for everybody else does. After this, we are shown the ladies' pleasure bath, the "New Schlangebad," temperature 86 degrees, and the gentlemen's large swimming bath, 78 deg. Besides these, there are other baths not in use, and abundant water, hot and cold, free-stone and I don't know what, all around.

I have thus been rather explicit, as I desired to be correct, even if it did entail a *temporary* (?) dullness to my letter. I say, *temporary*, for I know when you read further, as I expatiate, you will agree that the term was appropriate. I have tried almost all these baths, and, though it makes one a little warm to think about the Boiler, I may truthfully say I never saw or never enjoyed such baths before. Many of them are large enough to swim in; in all, the temperature is pleasant, and the effects delightful.—From the water escape vases, which keep the water in a troubled state, and cause the most agreeable titillation. One, lolling in its clear and health-giving embrace, is tempted to throw all care away and repose in absolute luxury. The gay colored awning, and the aroma of roses, are all that is needed to give the voluptuousness of Turkish baths. Nor can Oriental poet dream of higher animal pleasure, or Oriental taste secure greater comfort.

After the baths, one must rest, (I have no doubt you would like to, but I have not finished yet,) as to most persons the hot baths are enervating for a while. And the rooms and dormitories are certainly well equipped with new clean furniture for the indulgence.

In keeping with the other appointments, the fare is just the very thing, and the only complaint I have heard uttered, is from a committee of gentlemen, who waited upon the Manager with the charge, that the abundant and elegant tables would retard the healing effects of the baths! Delicious venison, fresh from the mountain sides, with that *sine qua non* of good eating, freshest and richest butter and cream, meats invariety, bread well cooked, and all well served, every deliecsy of the season, with soups, entrees, side dishes, roasts, vegetables and dessert, ice in abundance and on all occasions,—every thing that enters into the idea of a good dining room, such as Col. McClung would be satisfied with, all this we find here.

The great charm and beauty to me is the scenery that surrounds the Springs. The grounds themselves are tastefully arranged; snug white cottages embowered in trees of deepest foliage, lending an air of civilization and comfort, fountains of sparkling water, and the rich green grass, such as only grows in mountain lands, all present a beautiful picture. To the left of the hotel, some hundred yards or so, is the handsomest building on the premises, a large brick ball-room, two stories high, crowning a beautiful knoll. The building in an architectural point, to my eye, at least, is not high enough for its breadth of front. But its situation is commanding, and it is, in itself, a very pretty house. Here, (you know the quotation) "trip it with light fantastic" all the pleasure-seekers, and, you know the other quotation, too, "chase the weary hours with flying feet." Perhaps a change of adjectives would be better.

But these are the designs of man. The works of God—the monuments of His power—stand as sentinels to guard these Pools of Siloam. To the right of the hotel, and far behind, stretches away a magnificent chain, the straightest consecutive range I ever saw, the same mountain we crossed the moonlight night, of which I wrote you, and called, even here, the Warm Springs Mountain. Far up its shaggy sides fields of grain wave in the breeze. Higher up, beyond the reach of cultivation, the mountain fir and pine, the hardy denizens of another clime, are seen, their deep green interspersed by the hoar face of some gray and solemn rock. In front sleeps a narrow valley, down which go rode, coming from the "Warm." To the left, on either side of the ball-room, rise two elevated peaks, not dignified by a name, though worthy, (what's in a name?) covered with smiling fields of rye, (won't they cause many a "smile"?) until the steep sides forbid. The summits are surmounted by huge gray boulders, and the dark mountain growth. In the gap between, just to the left of the ball-room, opens a vista of surpassing beauty. Far in the distance, like billows of ocean, are the blue hills of the Alleghany. What a picture of eternal repose! A rapid, clear stream, gurgling over pebbly bottoms for a while, through a meadow, (the only place in this hilly region, where we can possibly take a game of Base Ball,) but afterwards, as the dells grows narrower, forcing its way through deep gorges, tumbling in merry cascades, growing larger and swifter, breaks into another valley beyond a broader limpid stream.

Don't you wish you could see it all? The place grows on me—as the saying is—and if I tarry longer, I may become an enthusiast. I have tarried long enough for you already, so good-bye.

It is yet early in the season, though over seventy-five have registered here, and perhaps sixty sojourn with us to-day. Music, beauty, pleasure make the hours fly fast indeed.

L.

MARRIED,

On the 19th. ult., by Elder P. D. Gold, at Clarksville, Halifax county, N. C., Dr. JOSEPH COTTON and Miss NANNIE PAUL.

On the 27th. by the same, at the residence of James Parker, Esq., of Halifax county, N. C., Mr. JOHN GODWIN and Miss ANN PARKER.

Near Magnolia, N. C., on the morning of the 25th. ult. by Rev. W. M. Kennedy WILLIAM R. ELMORE, Esq., of Sumter, S. C., to Miss SILLIE K., daughter of Thos. B. Heath.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

Miss FRANCES A. HAYWOOD WILL REOPEN HER School, on Monday, July 22nd. 1867, at the residence of Miss E. E. Haywood, East of the State Bank.

July 11-1w*

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE next Term will commence Aug. 14.

Tuition,	$20 to 30 per. Session.
Board,	$12 per month.
Washing	75cts. to $1.00 per month.

Payment in currency in advance.

July 11-287-4t C. CRAVEN.

WANTED.

A Lady qualified to teach OIL PAINTING, and other ornamental branches, can obtain a situation, by applying immediately to

J. R. GRIFFITH,
Lenoir, Caldwell Co.,
July 11-287-eod2w N. C.

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL.
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

NEWS PAPER FOR SALE!

A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, SITUATED in one of the very wealthiest sections of Eastern North Carolina, at the terminus of four Railroads, and having a fine advertising patronage and good subscription list, is offered for sale on reasonable terms,—the proprietors wishing to engage in other business.

For further particulars, apply at

July 11-287-1m THIS OFFICE.

TO MILLERS.

I need a Practical Miller at once, and will pay a liberal price for one that can conduct the business of a Manufacturing Mill.

Early application is desired

Apply to me at Ridgeway, N. C., Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road.

July 11-287-eod3w W. F. COLLINS.

SMUT MACHINES!

"McMANNEN'S *Celebrated Smut and, Screening Machine*,"—the best in the world.

We are Agents for the sale of the above, and will furnish the same at manufacturer's prices.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 11-287-4t Raleigh, N. C.
Standard and Progress copy.

FARM VALLEY ACADEMY,

LENOIR COUNTY, N. C.

The second session of this institution will commence on the 23d. July inst.

It is a school for both sexes, and every attention will be paid to the improvement of the students.

TERMS: In the English department per session $15.00.

Latin and higher branches of English per session $20.00.

C. C. LOVEJOY.

Kinston, July 11-287-1w*

DAVENPORT FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE SUMMER AND FALL TERM OF THIS Institution opens the 3rd. of July 1867, with a full corps of experienced teachers.

Board $11.00 per month.

Tuition the same as in other Institutions of like grade.

For Catalogue address,

J. R. GRIFFITH,
July 11-287-eod2w Lenoir, Caldwell Co. N. C.

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,

WARREN COUNTY, N. C

The 5th. Session of this School will commence July 18th. and continue 20 weeks.

TUITION: Classics $25; Elementary Branches $20.

BOARD, including every thing except lights and towels, $75.

No deduction made except in case of protracted sickness. Location healthy. Neighborhood pleasant. Pupils will be met at Littleton Depot, if requested.

Address,
JOHN GRAHAM, Principal; or
Rev. C. M. COOK,
July 11-287-2w* Littleton, N. C.

COMMISSIONERS OF CLAIMS.

This Commission will be open for the reception of Claims, until the 22nd. inst.—after which date their labors will be confined to the specific adjustment of the claims that will have been at that time presented.

JAS. C. HARPER, Ch'n.
July 11-287-4t
Progress, Standard and Register copy til day.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MECHANICS' Tools and supplies, General Hardware, Guano, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Paint Oil, Belting &c., &c.

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LARD.

50 Kits Sweet White Lard, for family use, just received.

FULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 10-286-4t Wholesale Grocers.

TO FARMERS.

H. L. Emory & Son's Cotton Gins,
Eagle, " "
Brown, Clemmons & Co's. Georgia Cotton Gins
Daniel Pratts' reliable " "
Ingersoll's Cotton Press,
H. L. Emory & Son's Railway Horse Powers,
Hutchinson's Patent Cider and Wine Mill,
Beully's Cider and Wine Mill,
All kinds Leather and Gum Belting,
Plantation Bells,
Union and Doty's Washing machines,
Collins' Cast Steel Plows,
Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.,

We are agents for the sale of all the above, and propose to sell at manufacturer's prices and warrant all we sell.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

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A. T. Mial, Wake Co.
D. Hinton, " "
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Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co.
Col. J. M. Bell, Warren, Co.
Raleigh, N. C. July 10-286-4t
STANDARD AND PROGRESS COPY

BRASS PAD LOCKS, FOR DOG COLLARS.

J. BROWN.
June 29-271-tf With HART & LEWIS.

Henderson Collegiate Institute,

HENDERSON, N. C.

THE third session of this Institution will begin on the 15th. July 1867.

Terms per session of twenty weeks (half in advance, the balance on 1st. October:)

Primary Department. (Currency)	$20.00
Higher English	$25.00
Classical	30.00
Incidental Expenses	1.00

Board, including washing, fuel, lights &c., per month $12.50.

For Circular, address,

FRED. A. FETTER, A. M.
June 26-271-3awlm Principal.

MASON'S PATENT

FRUIT JARS, 1 and 2 quarts,
For Sale by the single one, or dozen.

J. BROWN.
Raleigh, June 12-260-tf With HART & LEWIS.

WM. H. CROW, GEN'L AGENT

OF THE ÆTNA LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

FOR THE

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA AND VIRginia, South of the James: Takes pleasure in presenting the following official

ADDRESS TO THE

MEMBERS.

July 1st. Assetts $6,000,000,00.

There are at present about 700 gentlemen and ladies, citizens of North Carolina, who are members of the Ætna Life Insurance Company. Since I have been Agent in this State I have paid out to lawful representatives of deceased members $25,000, and $5,000 more will be paid in a few days to the representatives of the late Col. Jno. H. Sanders, of Johnston Co., N. C.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE

Ætna Life Insurance Co.

HARTFORD, CONN.

MARCH, 1867.

We call especial attention to the success of the Ætna Life Insurance Company during the year 1866. We also have the satisfaction to state that the income during the months of January and February of this year has been double that of corresponding months of last year, while losses and expenses have been proportionally less. We hope to maintain this ratio of increase during the balance of this year, which will give your Company SEVEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS ANNUAL REVENUE.—We appeal to such policy-holder to add his influence, and use every effort for the continued success of the Company, as upon this, and a wise and economical management, depend the amount of dividends to be returned to him.

The Officers and Agents of the Company have done, and are doing, everything in their power to make the ÆTNA THE GREATEST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY IN AMERICA. This we can and will do if you will give us your influence. You can do this by resolving to get some of your friends to insure in the Ætna, and if you cannot fully post them up, send their names to the Agent and he will take pleasure in calling upon them. By so doing, you can put your influence to practical use.

THE DIVIDEND FOR 1867 IS FIFTY PER CENT.

UNEXAMPLED SUCCESS OF THE ÆTNA LIFE,

STOCK COMPANY.

YEAR.	POLICIES ISSUED.	AMOUNTS.
1861	582	$75,539,67
1862	804	94,878,07
1863	1,822	199,954,40
1864	4,577	980,776,52
1865	8,815	1,866,813,61
1866	14,032	3,401,833,86

At the same ratio of increase for balance of this year as up to March 1st, the business of 1867 will be, Policies 32,000. Receipts $7,000,000.00.

This rapid and unexampled progress has been attained in the face of the most energetic competition ever experienced. A few rival Companies and agents are making great efforts, by printed circulars (some of them anonymous) and otherwise, to disparage the Ætna Life Insurance Co., and check its progress. Its management is assailed, its plan of operations falsified, and the press employed to prejudice the public mind, destroy confidence, and retard the Company's rapidly increasing business.

These rivals profess great interest in behalf of the insuring public. Their conduct would be more in keeping with motives so unselfish and honorable, did they confine their remarks to the discussion of *principles*, rather than descend to the use of incorrect statements and abusive and slanderous attacks upon this Company. The false cloak so often used is too thin to hide their real motive, and the intended injury can do us no harm. The *success of the Ætna Life*, which is the real cause of this jealousy and bad temper, has been honorably obtained, and without assailing other institutions. *The names of rival Companies are not found in its circulars, nor a word to the prejudice of any particular Company.*—Could we think any other course honorable, the past has been too successful to warrant a change in this regard, and enables us to advise *others* to depend entirely upon their own merits rather than try to build upon assumed faults of others.

Lest silence should be construed against us, we take this occasion, in our annual circular to Policyholders, to say that, in our opinion, *their money and ours* are not for newspaper or other controversy, and while our Patrons and Friends may not expect us to publish special answers to attacks that may be made upon the Company, the officers and agents are ever ready and willing to give full and satisfactory information. In so doing, the *merits* of the Ætna Life are sufficient, and we have no occasion in return to assail others, nor *their* errors as our shield, or endevor to interfere with the relations existing between *other* Companies and *their* policy-holders.

Some rivals state that the Ætna pays a large amount of dividend to its Stockholders, in face of the reports of the Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts to the contrary (which can be seen at our office.)

The force of this statement of our rivals is also destroyed by the fact that very few Companies have so low ratio of expenses and disbursements to income as the Ætna, (excluding dividends to Policy-holders,) and when we consider, in connection with this, that

1st. Over one-half of the Ætna's business for 1866 was new business;

2d. That the Ætna increased its business in a greater ratio than any other Company;

3d. That the principal expense in *life insurance* is upon new business;

It is evident that no Company can pay better dividends to Policy-holders, and few will ever, probably, equal the Ætna.

The entire profits on the Mutual plan, except six per cent. annually on capital, (150,000,) belong to the insured, and are divided among them every year. See page 29 of pamphlet.

The Ætna offers to the insured the following advantages over a *purely* mutual Company.

1st. The additional security of the CAPITAL.

2d. The GUARANTEE of the permanent success in the careful supervision of its business by the directors and stockholders *which their pecuniary interest will secure.*

3rd. ECONOMY in management, as the general expenses of the Company are divided between the departments.

4th. All the benefits of dividends, and

5th. None of the liabilities usual in mutual insurance.

The Ætna Life Insurance Company has over 37,000 influential Members, well pleased with the Company, and an Annual Revenue of *over Three and One-half Millions of Dollars.*

It received over *Fourteen Thousand Members* in 1866.

It has a present ratio of increase which will give an accession of *Twenty-Two Thousand Members* and *Seven Millions of Dollars Income* in 1867.

It has over *Five Millions of Dollars* safely invested at interest.

It has nearly *One Million Dollars* surplus above all liabilities including present value of all Policies.

It pays *Fifty per cent.* annual Dividend to Policy-holders, *two years sooner* on Life Table than most leading Companies.

Of the entire business done by all the Life Companies reporting to the States of Massachusetts and New York, for the year 1866,

The Ætna issued nearly *one-tenth* of the entire number of Policies.

But one Company issued as great a number of New Policies as the Ætna in 1866, and in the two years of 1865 and 1866 combined, it exceeded even that one and with *less per cent. disbursements* in losses and expenses.

The average increase was about 40 per cent. while the Ætna's was 120 per cent.

The per-centage of all disbursements for the years 1865 and 1866 combined, was less in the Ætna than in any other leading Company.

It is *just* to our Companies, in comparing the per cent. expense, to take into consideration the ratio of new business; the larger the new business the greater the ratio of expense will naturally be for that year.

The average losses in the Companies, were $13.53 to each $1,000 income. The Ætna's were only $6.73 to each $1000 income.

SYNOPSIS OF THE BUSINESS OF THE YEAR 1866.

Received for Premiums and Interest during year,	$3,356,236.70
Disbursements, Losses, Expenses and Taxes,	1,191,225.80
Increase in Assets,	$2,365,010 81
Assets, January, 1866,	2,036,822.05

Dividend, 1867—50 per cent.
Assets, Jan. 1, 1867, $4,401,833.86.
14,032 new policies were issued during the year 1866.

DIVIDENDS.

Taking into consideration the amount of dividends declared and paid to Policy-holders by the Ætna heretofore (50 per cent.), the time and manner of paying the same, the per cent. of losses and expenses to receipts, economy of management, ease in selecting lives, increase of business, and ability to make and pay future dividends to the insured, the Ætna is equalled by few and surpassed by no Company.

"A policy of Life Assurance is the cheapest and safest mode of making a certain provision for one's family. It is time our people understood and practised more generally Life Assurance."—FRANKLIN.

AT THIS DAY the above is not only true, but a Life Policy is the CHEAPEST AND SUREST WAY of making a certain provision for OLD AGE.

The Ætna makes Non-Forfeiting Endowment Policies, payable in case of death; also, payable on attaining a specified age, thus making provision for *death and old age.* The premiums may be paid in one payment, or in five or ten annual payments until the policy is due. It is a good investment, for the policy-holder will receive a dividend for every year his policy exists, which will in some cases amount to more than the premiums paid the Company.

Policies issued upon all the other approved plans.

July 2-277-1w

FAMILY GROCERS.

IRISH POTATOES.

5 Bbls. Jackson Whites, (selected for family use,) received to-day by

DOUGLAS BELL.

May 31-251-tf

BACON! BACON!!

2000 lbs. Baltimore and Virginia Sides are offered at low prices by

DOUGLAS BELL.

June 24-269-tf

WE HAVE A BEAUTIFUL ARTICLE OF fine white Meal, freshly ground.

JENKINS & PERRY.

June 21-267-tf

ALSO, a very nice lot of N. C. Hams and family sizes.

JENKINS & PERRY.

June 21-267-tf

WE also, have just received a very Superior Chewing Tobacco. The lovers of the "Weed" would do well to try some of this.

JENKINS & PERRY.

June 21-267-tf

PURE CIDER VINEGAR,

At

June 7-256-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

HERRINGS!!

10 Bbls. Cut Herring's,
5 Bbls. Gross Herrings.
10 Half Bbls. Roe Herrings, very cheap.

DOUGLAS BELL.

June 24-269-tf

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

20 Bbls. Flour, Patapsco Family,
Baltimore Extra and Fine for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL.

June 24-269-tf

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

10 Bbls. P. R. and refined Sugars,
5 Bbls. Molasses.

DOUGLAS BELL.

June 24-269-tf

SELLING OFF AT COST!!!

In consequence of the late accident and the untenable condition of my Store, I offer to the trade my entire stock at greatly reduced prices consisting in part of Choice Baltimore and Virginia Sides and Hams.

Flour of all grades,
Ten Barrels Molasses,
N. C. Herring Roe, Gross and Cut.
Coffee Rio, Laguyra and Java,
Wooden-ware and Hard-ware.

DOUGLAS BELL.

June 19-266-tf

PRIME CHEWING TOBACCO!

We have just received a very choice article of

Extra Sun Cured Chewing Tobacco,

Superior to that announced a week ago. Try it by all means.

JENKINS & PERRY.

July 2-277-tf

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!

Another lot PRIME CORN, just received, which will be sold at lowest market price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 9-285-tf Market Square.

HOES! WEEDING HOES! HILLING HOES!

Twelve Dozen "Ellwell's" WEEDING AND HILLING HOES, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, for sale at reduced price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 9-285-tf Market Square.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premiums, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in cash.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 25½ per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

P. M. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington,
or
SEATON GALES,
July 4-280-3m Agent for Raleigh.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. LACY'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

The exercises of this School will be resumed 15th. July 1867. Session of twenty weeks. Every effort will be made to give boys a thorough preparation for College or business. Terms, half in advance.

MRS. LACY'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES will be reopened on the 18th. July 1867. Session of twenty weeks. Terms as heretofore. Payment half in advance.

July 9-285-4t

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

The Fifth Session of my school will commence on Monday, 15th July, and continue to 15th Dec. 1867.

Monthly payment will be required.

JNO. T. WOMBLE.
Raleigh, July 2-277-3t*

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special departments on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Gymnastic, Equestrian Exercises, Music, Amusements, etc., all by the best authors, and profusely and artistically illustrated with costly Engravings (full size), useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, Jewelry, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife, or lady of taste, can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies 30 cents; back numbers, as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5.50; three copies, $7.50; five copies $12, and splendid premiums for clubs at $2 each with the next premiums to each subscriber.

Address
W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
No. 473 Broadway, New-York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together, $4, with the premiums for each.

mar-18-197-tf

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the Cheapest and Safest mode of making a Certain Provision for one's Family."
BENJ. FRANKLIN.

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ACCEPTED the Agency of this long and well established Life Insurance Company, are prepared to take risks on lives on as favorable terms as any sate Company in the United States.

Invest a small sum (which you would not otherwise lay aside) in a Life Policey, and you have thus made certain provision for your family in case of death.

JNO. G. WILLIAMS & CO.
Agents.

Dr. R. BURKE HATWOOD, Medical Examiner, Office hours from 12 M. to 2 P. M.

April 24-220-3m

Virginia Military Institute,

LEXINGTON, VA.

ARRANGEMENTS ARE IN PROGRESS TO accommodate 100 additional Cadets in this Institution. Its well established character for its system of discipline and course of instruction commends it to the support of those who desire a thorough and practical education.

Information will be supplied by application to the undersigned.

FRANCIS H. SMITH,
my 18-w1m&2w1&Sept. Superintendent.

DRY GOODS.

IN LUCK AGAIN!

THE VERY LATEST ARRIVALS

OF NEW GOODS!!

JUST RECEIVED A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTment of Rich

GRENADINES,
MOZAMBIQUES,
MOHAIRS,
AND POPLINS,

ALSO,
SHEER ORGANDIES
RICH JACONETTS,
PERCALES,
PEQUE,

AND

50,000 yds. of the handsomest Prints you ever saw.

These goods have been bought since the

RECENT DECLINE IN PRICE,

So that we can give you handsome goods for the price than we have been able to do since the

CLOSE OF THE WAR.

—ALSO,—

A LARGE STOCK OF BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS,

*PLAID HOMESPUN